

DANGER—POISON—PRECAUTIONS

POISONOUS IF SWALLOWED

Avoid contact with skin. If swallowed, vomit by drinking large quantities of water or milk. Do not induce vomiting.

POISONOUS BY SKIN CONTACT

Poisonous if touched by hands or spilled or splashed on skin, on eyes, or on clothing. Liquid soaks through clothes.

POISONOUS IF BREATHED

Inhaling vapors, spray, mist or dust may be fatal.

POISONOUS TO FISH AND WILDLIFE

This product is toxic to fish and wildlife. Birds and other wildlife in treated areas may be killed. Keep out of any body of water. Do not apply when weather conditions favor drift from treated areas. Do not apply where runoff is likely to occur.

STOP - READ LABEL BEFORE USING!

POISON

See Side Panels for Antidote & Precautions



DANGER

Keep Out of Reach of Children

ACCEPTED

APHIDICIDE 50

CONTAINS 5 POUNDS ACTIVE INGREDIENT PER GALLON

ACTIVE INGREDIENTS:

O,O-Dimethyl O-(4-chlorophenyl) Phosphorothioate 44.0%

Piperonyl Butoxide, Calcium Chloride, Phosphoric Acid 14.0%

Xylene 37.5%

INERT INGREDIENTS:

TOTAL 100.0%

Manufactured For
WOODBURY CHEMICAL COMPANY

NOT FOR HOME USE

Division of TECHNICAL CORP.
ST. JOSEPH, MO. 64502; DENVER, COLO.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

Mix the Aphicide with water by pouring a measured amount into a container of water and agitating. Avoid splashing and inhalation. Do not walk behind sprayer and do not leave nozzle open. The application should be regulated in accordance with label instructions. Dilute in sufficient water to make a spray of suitable particle size for application. APHIDICIDE forms an emulsion when diluted with water and is suitable for application with hand sprayers or power sprayers.

Crop	Pest	Amount Per Acre	Days Before Harvest
[Faded]	[Faded]	[Faded]	[Faded]
[Faded]	[Faded]	[Faded]	[Faded]
[Faded]	[Faded]	[Faded]	[Faded]
[Faded]	[Faded]	[Faded]	[Faded]

Crop	Pest	Amount Per Acre	Days Before Harvest
[Faded]	[Faded]	[Faded]	[Faded]
[Faded]	[Faded]	[Faded]	[Faded]
[Faded]	[Faded]	[Faded]	[Faded]
[Faded]	[Faded]	[Faded]	[Faded]
[Faded]	[Faded]	[Faded]	[Faded]

USE ONLY WHEN WEARING THE FOLLOWING PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT AND CLOTHING: (1) Wear water proof pants, coat, hat, rubber or rubber overshoes. (2) Wear safety goggles. Wear mask or respirator approved by the U.S. Dept. of Mines for parathion protection. (4) Wear duty natural rubber gloves.

WORK SAFETY RULES

Keep all unprotected persons and children out of treated area or where there is danger of drift. Do not rub eyes or mouth with hands. If you get in any way, STOP work and get help right away from a doctor (physician), clinic or hospital—immediately. Explain that the victim has been exposed to parathion and describe his condition. After first aid is given (see First Aid Treatment Section) and doctor cannot come, take victim to clinic or hospital. **IMPORTANT!** Before removing gloves, wash hands, arms and face with soap and water. Always wash hands, arms with soap and water before smoking, eating or drinking.

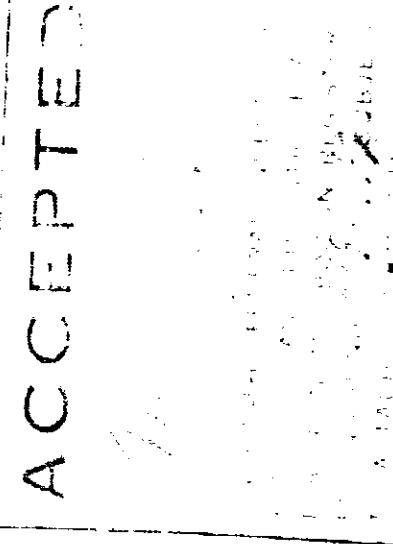
AFTER WORK, take off all work clothes at once. Shower using soap and water. Wear clean clothes when leaving job. Do not wear contaminated clothing. Wash protective clothing and equipment with soap and water after each use. Respirator should be cleaned and filter replaced according to instructions included with respirator.

READ LABEL BEFORE USING!



DANGER

Keep Out of Reach of Children



PHIDCIDE 50

CONTAINS 5 POUNDS ACTIVE INGREDIENT PER GALLON

INGREDIENTS:

Diethyl O-nitrophenyl Phosphorothioate	44.0%
(O,O-Diethyl O-nitrophenyl Phosphorothioate)	11.0%
Diethyl Phosphorothioate	37.5%
Diethyl Phosphorothioate	7.5%
TOTAL	100.0%

USE ONLY WHEN WEARING THE FOLLOWING PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT AND CLOTHING

- (1) Wear water proof pants, coat, hat, rubber boots or rubber overshoes.
- (2) Wear safety goggles.
- (3) Wear mask or respirator approved by the U.S. Bureau of Mines for parathion protection.
- (4) Wear heavy duty natural rubber gloves.

WORK SAFETY RULES

Keep all unprotected persons and children away from treated area or where there is danger of drift.

Do not rub eyes or mouth with hands. If you feel sick in any way, STOP work and get help right away. Call a doctor (physician), clinic or hospital—immediately. Explain that the victim has been exposed to parathion and describe his condition. After first aid is given (see First Aid Treatment Section) and if a doctor cannot come, take victim to clinic or hospital.

IMPORTANT! Before removing gloves, wash them with soap and water. Always wash hands, face and arms with soap and water before smoking, eating or drinking.

AFTER WORK, take off all work clothes and shoes. Shower, using soap and water. Wear only clean clothes when leaving job. Do not wear contaminated clothing. Wash protective clothing and protective equipment with soap and water after each use. Respirator should be cleaned and filter replaced according to instructions included with respirator.

EPA Reg. No. 449-442

POISON SIGNS (Symptoms)

Parathion is a very dangerous poison. It rapidly enters the body on contact with all skin surfaces and eyes. Clothing wet with this material must be removed immediately. Exposed persons must receive prompt medical treatment or they may die.

Some of the signs and symptoms of poisoning are: Headache, nausea, vomiting, cramps, weakness, blurred vision, pin point pupils, tightness in chest, labored breathing, nervousness, sweating, watering of eyes, drooling or frothing of mouth and nose, muscle spasms and coma.

FIRST AID TREATMENT

Call a doctor (physician), clinic or hospital immediately. Explain that the victim has been exposed to parathion and describe his condition.

If breathing has stopped, start artificial respiration immediately and maintain until doctor sees victim.

If swallowed and victim is awake (conscious) make him vomit quickly. Induce vomiting by sticking finger down throat or by giving soapy or strong salty water to drink. Repeat until vomit is clear. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Have victim lie down and keep quiet. See doctor immediately.

In case of contact, immediately flush eyes or skin with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes while removing contaminated clothing and shoes. See doctor immediately.

NOTE TO PHYSICIAN

Antidote: administer atropine sulfate in large doses TWO to FOUR mg. intravenously or intramuscularly as soon as cyanosis overcome. Repeat at 5 to 10 minute intervals until signs of atropinization appear. PAM (chloride) is also antidotal and may be administered in conjunction with atropine. **DO NOT GIVE MORPHINE OR TRANQUILIZERS.** Parathion is a strong cholinesterase inhibitor affecting the central and peripheral nervous systems and producing cardiac and respiratory depression. At first sign of pulmonary edema, the patient should be given supplemental oxygen and treated symptomatically. Continued absorption of the poison may occur and fatal relapses have been reported after initial improvement. **VERY CLOSE SUPERVISION OF THE PATIENT IS INDICATED FOR AT LEAST 48 HOURS.**

POST TREATED AREA

Consult your State Agricultural Extension Service or Experiment Station regarding posting treated areas.

CONTAINER DISPOSAL

See Below.

CROP USE DIRECTIONS

See Below.

NOT FOR HOME USE

Crop	Pest	Amount Per Acre	Days Before Harvest
Tomatoes	Tomato Pinworm, Fruitworm, Leaf Miner	4 1/2 pt.	4
Beans	Bean Beetle, Bean Weevil, Aphid	3 pt.	4
Peas	Pea Aphid	4 1/2 pt.	4
Spinach	Spinach Leaf Miner, Aphid	4 1/2 pt.	4
Broccoli	Broccoli Worm, Aphid	4 1/2 pt.	4
Carrots	Carrot Root Fly	4 1/2 pt.	4
Onions	Onion Fly	4 1/2 pt.	4
Garlic	Garlic Root Fly	4 1/2 pt.	4
Asparagus	Asparagus Beetle	4 1/2 pt.	4
Strawberries	Strawberry Weevil	4 1/2 pt.	4
Blueberries	Blueberry Weevil	4 1/2 pt.	4
Raspberries	Raspberry Weevil	4 1/2 pt.	4
Blackberries	Blackberry Weevil	4 1/2 pt.	4

Crop	Pest	Amount Per Acre	Days Before Harvest
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Beans	Bean Beetle, Bean Weevil, Aphid	3 pt.	4
Peas	Pea Aphid	4 1/2 pt.	4
Spinach	Spinach Leaf Miner, Aphid	4 1/2 pt.	4
Broccoli	Broccoli Worm, Aphid	4 1/2 pt.	4
Carrots	Carrot Root Fly	4 1/2 pt.	4
Onions	Onion Fly	4 1/2 pt.	4
Garlic	Garlic Root Fly	4 1/2 pt.	4
Asparagus	Asparagus Beetle	4 1/2 pt.	4

DO NOT USE, POUR, SPILL OR STORE NEAR HEAT OR OPEN FLAME

This product is highly toxic to bees. Exposure to direct treatment or residues on plants. Protective information may be obtained from your Cooperative Agricultural Extension Service.

DANGER

Vapors should not be inhaled until drifting particles and volatile residues have dissipated. Do not contaminate food or feed products. Keep away from heat and open flame, store at temperatures above 65°. To be used only by trained operators. Bury all used containers with a strong alkali solution.

CONTAINER DISPOSAL

Rinse equipment and containers with alkali and surplus of water by burying in non-contaminated away from water supplies. Do not reuse empty containers. Containers should be disposed of by perforating, crushing and burying with water.

NOTICE: Payer assumes all risk of loss and damage handling not in strict accordance with directions given herewith.

READ LABEL BEFORE USING!



DANGER

Keep Out of Reach of Children

ACCEPTED
 Aug 1, 1972
 UNDER THE FEDERAL INSECTICIDE FUNGICIDE AND RODENTICIDE ACT FOR ECONOMIC POISON REGISTER. ED UNDER NO. 449-442

USE ONLY WHEN WEARING THE FOLLOWING PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT AND CLOTHING

- (1) Wear water-proof pants, coat, hat, rubber boots or rubber overshoes.
- (2) Wear safety goggles.
- (3) Wear mask or respirator approved by the U.S. Bureau of Mines for parathion protection.
- (4) Wear heavy duty, natural rubber gloves.

WORK SAFETY RULES

Keep all unprotected persons and children away from treated area or where there is danger of drift.

Do not rub eyes or mouth with hands. If you feel sick in any way, STOP work and get help right away. Call a doctor (physician), clinic or hospital—immediately. Explain that the victim has been exposed to parathion and describe his condition. After first aid is given (see First Aid Treatment Section) and if a doctor cannot come, take victim to clinic or hospital.

IMPORTANT! Before removing gloves, wash them with soap and water. Always wash hands, face and arms with soap and water before smoking, eating or drinking.

AFTER WORK, take off all work clothes and shoes. Shower, using soap and water. Wear only clean clothes when leaving job. Do not wear contaminated clothing. Wash protective clothing and protective equipment with soap and water after each use. Respirator should be cleaned and filter replaced according to instructions included with respirator.

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NOTE TO PHYSICIAN

Antidote—administer atropine sulfate in large doses, TWO to FOUR mg. intravenously or intramuscularly as soon as cyanosis is overcome. Repeat at 5 to 10 minute intervals until signs of atropinization appear. 2-PAM chloride is also antidotal and may be administered in conjunction with atropine. DO NOT GIVE MORPHINE OR TRANQUILIZERS. Parathion is a strong cholinesterase inhibitor affecting the central and peripheral nervous systems and producing cardiac and respiratory depression. At first sign of pulmonary edema, the patient should be given supplemental oxygen and treated symptomatically. Continued absorption of the poison may occur and fatal relapses have been reported after initial improvement; VERY CLOSE SUPERVISION OF THE PATIENT IS INDICATED FOR AT LEAST 48 HOURS.

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PHIDCIDE 50

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O-Diethyl O-p-nitrophenyl Phosphorothioate)	11.0%
.....	37.5%
.....	7.5%
.....	100.0%

NOT FOR HOME USE

Crop	Pest	Amount Per Acre	Days Before Harvest	
Apricots	Green Peach Aphid, Plum Curculio, Lecanian Scale	4 1/2 pt.	14	Do not apply until danger of bee poisoning has passed.
Cherries	European Red Mite, Black Cherry Aphid	3 pt.	14	Full coverage spray.
Pears	Psylla, Aphids	4 1/2 pt.	14	Full coverage spray.
Lima, Dry, Green, or String Beans	Mexican Bean Beetle, Armyworm (up to 3rd instar)	1 1/4 pt.	21	LIMA BEAN DRY BEAN GREEN BEAN
Cabbage	Cabbage worm, Aphids, Diamond Back Moth	3/4 pt. 2 pt.	10 10	
Carrots	Aphids	1 1/2 pt.	15	Do not use treated tops for food or feed.
Celery	Aphids	3/4 pt.	21	
Peas	Aphids	3/4 pt.	10	
Peppers	Aphids	1 1/4 pt.	15	
Potatoes	Potato Aphid, Potato Flea Beetle, Serpentine Leaf Miner	1 1/4 pt.	5	

Crop	Pest	Amount Per Acre	Days Before Harvest	
Tomatoes	Aphids, Serpentine Leaf Miner	1 1/2 pt.	15	
Lupines	Lupine Aphid	3/4 pt.	15	
Barley, Oats, Wheat	Green Bug, Armyworm	2 1/4 pt.	15	Do not apply after heads begin to form.
Hay	Grasshopper, Aphid	1 1/4 pt.	15	

DO NOT USE, POUR, SPILL OR STORE NEAR HEAT OR OPEN FLAME

This product is highly toxic to bees exposed to direct treatment or residues on crops. Protective information may be obtained from your Cooperative Agricultural Extension Service.

DANGER

Vacated areas should not be re-entered until drifting insecticides and volatile residues have dissipated. Do not contaminate food or feed products. Keep away from heat and open flame, store at temperatures above 65°. To be used only by trained operators. Bury spillage; clean up areas with a strong alkali solution.

CONTAINER DISPOSAL

Rinse equipment and containers with alkali and dispose of wastes by burying in non-crop lands away from water supplies. Do not reuse empty container. Containers should be disposed of by perforating or crushing and burying with wastes.

NOTICE: Buyer assumes all risk of use and storage or handling not in strict accordance with directions given herewith.