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UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY  
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20460

APR 21 1994

COPY FOR YOUR  
INFORMATION

SHARON M. JOHNSTON  
ROUSSEL UCLAF CORP.  
95 CHESTNUT RIDGE ROAD  
MONTVALE, N.J. 07645

OFFICE OF  
PREVENTION, PESTICIDES AND  
TOXIC SUBSTANCES

SUBJECT: Label Amendment Submission of 10/20/93 in Response to PR Notice 93-7  
EPA Reg. No. 432-627  
SBP-1382/ESBIOTHRIN/P.B.O. INSECTICIDE AQ. PRESS SPRAY

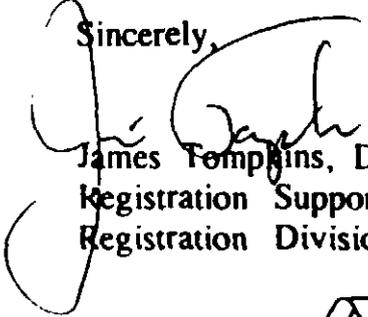
Dear Registrant:

The labeling cited above and submitted in connection with registration under the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act, as amended, successfully **REMOVES THE PRODUCT FROM THE SCOPE** of PR Notice 93-7 once the comments (if any) on the attached sheet are addressed. Other than the alterations (if any) listed on the attached sheet, no further alterations to the labeling are necessary to reflect the requirements of the Worker Protection Standard.

Since your amendment proposes to delete uses directly and/or to delete uses implicitly through the use of exclusionary statements, the Agency will publish in the Federal Register a notice of receipt of your amendment to delete uses, as required by section 6(f)(1) of FIFRA. The Agency will defer action for 90 days from the date of the Federal Register notice to give affected minor users an opportunity to try to persuade you to retain the uses(s). When the comment period has expired, the Agency will approve the amendment unless you have withdrawn it, and stamp the amended labeling "accepted." Your stamped-accepted labeling will then be sent to you.

As described in Supplement A of PR Notice 93-11 (self-verification option), you may sell and distribute product bearing the submitted labeling before you receive a copy of your stamped-accepted labeling. Note that your registration is not amended until the comment period required by section 6(f)(1) of FIFRA has expired and the Agency has approved the amendment. Therefore, you may withdraw your proposed amendment at any time during the comment period and until you receive your stamped-accepted labeling.

Sincerely,

  
James Tompkins, Deputy Chief  
Registration Support Branch  
Registration Division (7505W)



Recycled/Recyclable  
Printed with Soy/Canola Ink on paper that  
contains at least 50% recycled fiber

1484

# CROSSFIRE® APS 2

with SBP-1382®/ESBIOTHRIN®/  
PIPERONYL BUTOXIDE 0.2%+0.4%+1.6%

\* AUTHORIZED BY USDA FOR USE IN EDIBLE PRODUCT AREAS OF OFFICIAL ESTABLISHMENTS OPERATING UNDER THE MEAT, POULTRY, SHELL EGG GRADING AND EGG PRODUCTS INSPECTION PROGRAM.

\* A SYNTHETIC PYRETHROID FOR CONTROLLING THE FOLLOWING FLYING AND CRAWLING INSECTS IN AND AROUND HOUSEHOLDS, BUILDINGS, VEHICLES, BOATS, KENNELS AND STABLES.

-FLYING INSECTS: HOUSEFLIES, MOSQUITOES, GNATS (MIDGES), DEER FLIES, STABLE FLIES, FLYING MOTHS (MILLERS), FRUIT FLIES, WASPS, HORNETS, YELLOW JACKETS, BEES.

-CRAWLING INSECTS: COCKROACHES, BEDBUGS, TICKS, ANTS, CRICKETS, SILVERFISH, BOXELDER BUGS, WATERBUGS, LICE, EARWIGS, SPIDERS, SOYBUGS, CENTIPEDES, MILLIPEDES, GRAIN MITES, GRAIN INSECTS, FLEAS.

-PLANT PESTS: APHIDS, THRIPS, WHITEFLIES, LEAFHOPPERS, TWO-SPOTTED MITES, PLANT BUGS, SPITTLEBUGS, LACE BUGS, JAPANESE BEETLES, MIMOSA WEBWORM, ARMYWORMS, BUDWORMS, LEAF BEETLES, GYPSY MOTHS, TUSsock MOTHS, OAKWORMS, SAWFLIES, TENT CATERpillARS, WEEVILS, ROSE SLUGS, SPIDER MITES, RED SPIDER MITES, CUTWORMS.

## ACTIVE INGREDIENTS:

†Resmethrin(5-(phenylmethyl)-3-furanylmethyl)-2-dimethyl-3-(2-methyl-1-propenyl)cyclopropanecarboxylate ..... 0.2%w/w  
♦d/l-allethrolone d-trans chrysanthemate ..... 0.4%w/w  
\*\*\*Piperonyl Butoxide, technical..... 1.6%w/w  
INERT INGREDIENTS: ..... 97.8%w/w

100.0%w/w

♦ ESBIOTHRIN®-Registered trademark of Roussel-UCLAF, Paris, France. Min. 72% d-trans-Chrysanthemum monocarboxylic ester of d-2-allyl-4-hydroxy-3-methyl-2-cyclopenten-1-one. Max 28% Other isomers.

† Cis/trans isomers ratio: max. 50% (±) cis and min. 70% (±) trans.

† Roussel Uclaf's SBP-1382® brand of resmethrin insecticide. Roussel Uclaf Corporation, 95 Chestnut Ridge Road, Montvale, NJ 07645

Crossfire is a registered trademark of Roussel Uclaf Corporation. \*\*Equivalent to 1.28% (Butoxycarbonyl) propyl acetone) ester and 0.32% related compound.

EPA Reg. No. 432-627 EPA Est. NO.:

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN

## CAUTION

STATEMENT OF PRACTICAL TREATMENT FOR SKIN AND EYES: In case of contact, immediately flush eyes and skin with plenty of water. Get medical attention if irritation persists.

ACCEPTED  
with COMMENTS  
In EPA Labeling Panel

See Side Panel For Additional  
Precautionary Statements

Under the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act as amended, for the pesticide registered under EPA Reg. No. 432-627

NET WEIGHT:

ROUSSEL UCLAF



Roussel Uclaf Corporation  
95 Chestnut Ridge Road  
Montvale, NJ 07645

627s 051293k

BEST COPY AVAILABLE

## PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS

### Hazards To Humans & Domestic Animals

#### CAUTION

Harmful if swallowed or absorbed through skin. Avoid breathing vapors or spray mist. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Do not apply directly to food. In commercial food handling facilities, cover or remove any food and food processing equipment during application. Do not apply while food processing is underway. After space spraying in bakeries and other food processing plants, wash all equipment, benches, shelving, etc. where exposed food will be handled, thoroughly with an effective cleaning compound and rinse with potable water. In the home, all food processing surfaces and utensils should be covered during treatment, or thoroughly washed before use. Remove pets, birds and cover fish aquariums before spraying.

### Environmental Hazards

This pesticide is highly toxic to fish. Do not apply directly to water or to areas where surface water is present or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark. Drift and runoff from treated sites may be hazardous to fish in adjacent waters.

### Physical Or Chemical Hazards

Contents under pressure. Do not puncture or incinerate container. Do not use or store near heat or open flame. Exposure to temperatures above 130°F (54.5°C) may cause bursting.

## DIRECTIONS FOR USE

It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.

### STORAGE & DISPOSAL

Storage: Keep in locked storage area.  
Container Disposal: Upon emptying can (no spray dispersed with depression of nozzle) can may be disposed of with other recyclables where local law permits.

Not for use on plants being grown for sale or other commercial use, or for commercial seed production or for research purposes. For use on plants intended for aesthetic purposes or climatic modification and being grown in interior plantscapes, ornamental gardens or parks, or on golf courses or lawns and grounds.

SHAKE WELL BEFORE USING

FOR USE INDOORS AND OUTSIDE PREMISES OF HOTELS, MOTELS, HOMES, PRESCHOOLS, NURSERIES, DAY CAMPS, SEED HOUSES, FOOD HANDLING ESTABLISHMENTS, PACKAGING AND PROCESSING PLANTS, COMMERCIAL INDUSTRIAL, OFFICE, INSTITUTIONAL AND STORAGE BUILDINGS, MILK HANDLING AREAS OF MILK PLANTS, MILK STORAGE ROOMS, EGG PROCESSING PLANTS, SUPERMARKETS, RESTAURANTS, BOTTLING PLANTS, CANNERIES, FLOUR AND FEED MILLS, BAKERIES, BOATS, SHIP CABINS AND HOSPITALS.

IN HOSPITALS: PATIENTS SHOULD BE REMOVED PRIOR TO TREATMENT. VENTILATE ROOMS FOR 2 HOURS BEFORE RETURNING PATIENTS. ALSO FOR USE IN CAMPERS, MOBILE HOMES, BUSES, AUTOMOBILES, TRUCKS, BOXCARS AND SHIP CARGO HOLDS. ALSO FOR USE IN DOG KENNELS AND HORSE STABLES. IN HORSE STABLES: NOT FOR APPLICATION IF HORSES WILL BE USED FOR FOOD. DO NOT SPRAY DOG AND HORSE FOOD OR FEED ITEMS.

Do not use this product on or on electrical equipment due to the possibility of shock hazard.

Shake well before using. Remove protective cap. Aim spray opening away from person. Push button to spray.

**INDOORS:** For use in households, commercial and institutional buildings, campers, mobile homes, vehicles and boats, as listed above.

**TO KILL FLYING INSECTS:** *House Flies, Mosquitoes, Gnats (midges), Deer Flies, Stable Flies, Flying Moths (millers), Fruit Flies:* Close all doors and windows. Point nozzle upward. Direct spray mist to all parts of the room, especially windows and other light sources which attract these insects. Fill the room with mist, then leave the treated area. Keep the room closed for at least 15 minutes. Ventilate the room when treatment is completed.

**TO KILL WASPS, HORNETS, YELLOW JACKETS, BEES:** Applications should be made in late evening when insects are at rest. Spray liberally into hiding and breeding places, especially under attic rafters, contacting as many insects as possible. Repeat as necessary.

**TO KILL CRAWLING INSECTS:** *Fleas, Cockroaches (waterbugs), Crickets, Silverfish, Boxelder Bugs, Earwigs, Spiders, Sowbugs, Centipedes, Millipedes, Grain Mites And Grain Insects (adults And Accessible Stages Of Confused Flour Beetles, Red Flour Beetles, Saw-toothed Grain Beetles, Shiny Spider Beetles, Carpet Beetles, Grain Weevils, Angoumois Grain Moths, Indian Meal Moths):* Spray thoroughly into hiding places such as cracks, crevices, moist areas, openings around pipes and sinks, under refrigerators, baseboards, storage areas and other insect harborage areas. Spray directly on insects where possible. Repeat as necessary.

**GRAIN INSECTS:** For control of the insect pests listed above, remove and destroy infested grain, cereal and flour. Avoid contamination of other food and foodstuffs in the area by removing before spraying. Spray directly on exposed stages and into cracks and crevices where grain insects may be hiding. In homes, dispose of all infested products. The shelves and drawers should be cleaned and thoroughly sprayed so as to contact all pests, and covered with shelf paper after allowing the shelves to dry. Any utensils that are contacted with spray should be washed before using. Repeat as necessary.

**TO KILL SPIDERS:** Spray directly on these pests and use repeated applications to the webbing and all cracks and crevices which harbor spiders.

**TO KILL ANTS:** Spray doors, around window frames, ant trails, and hills.

**TO KILL BEDBUGS AND LICE:** Apply as a spot treatment to cracks and crevices, around baseboards, floorboards, bedboards and walls. First, thoroughly clean and air mattresses and springs. Then spot treat only areas that may harbor pests, concentrating on tufts, folds and seams. Repeat as necessary. For persistent infestations, consult professional applicator.

**TO KILL FLEAS & TICKS ON DOGS, CATS & PREMISES:** Apply directly to animals along back, under forelegs and on other areas except scrotum and anus. Part hair to contact skin and insure good coverage. Hold nozzle about one foot away while spraying. Apply until hair is thoroughly moist. Do not spray in eyes or mouth of animal. Repeat within 24 hours of first treatment if necessary. To reduce reinfestation, thoroughly spray the animal's bedding and other resting areas until the surface is slightly moist. Treat these areas at the rate of 2 seconds per linear foot (0.3m) at a distance of 12 to 18 inches (30 to 46 cm). Also spray the entire

inside surface of dog houses. Repeat as necessary, thoroughly spraying floors, cracks, crevices and bedding. Hit as many insects directly as possible.

**TO PROTECT ORNAMENTAL PLANTS** in homes, commercial and institutional buildings and for indoor landscaping: Spray directly on insects as directed below to kill Aphids, Exposed Thrips, Whiteflies, Lace Bugs, Leafhoppers, Plant Bugs, Spittle bugs, Two-spotted Mites, Red Spider Mites, Spider Mites, Cutworms and Rose Slugs on the following plants:

African violet	dumbcane	mayten tree
ageratum	fatshedera	nasturtium
amaranth	asparagus fern	petunia
false aralea	fuchsia	philodendron
begonia	geranium	pothos
Christmas cactus	heliotrope	rose
chrysanthemum	hibiscus	snapdragon
cockscorn	impatiens	silver vase
coleus	ivy	toyon
gold dust croton	jade	verbena
cup flower	Jacob's ladder	umbrella tree
daisy	lilac	wax plant
daphne	lobelia	zinnia
dracaena	marigold	

**CONTACT SPRAY FOR PESTS LISTED ABOVE:** Hold container 18 inches (46 cm) from infested plants. Spray in short bursts from one to three seconds, or spray at the rate of 1 linear foot (0.3 m) of growth per second. Direct spray to all sides covering foliage until slightly moist. Avoid heavy wetting. Repeat as necessary to obtain control. If application is made indoors, remove infested plants from living and eating areas prior to spray application. Spray several plants at once and in an area not likely to come in contact with pets, children or food. When leaves dry, plants can be returned to original position. If plant removal is not possible, remove or cover exposed food and food handling surfaces, including utensils. Shut off ventilating systems, air ducts and air conditioning equipment. Avoid spray contact with surrounding surfaces in area. Leave the sprayed area after treatment and ventilate.

**USE WITH CAUTION** on African violet, ash, azalea, Reiger begonia, browalia, caenothus, camelia, columnea, cotoneaster, cyclamen, cypress, plumosa fern, gloxinia, impatiens, juniper, non-bearing mulberry and quince, oxalis, jade and primrose. As with all plants above, especially carnations, chrysanthemums, and roses, there exists a wide variety of species and cultivars and therefore a wide variety of susceptibility to injury. To ascertain possible phytotoxicity, spray a few plants as described above, wait 24 hours and check for possible injury.

**OUTDOORS:** For use around residential, commercial and institutional buildings, gardens, yards, patios, mobile homes, campers, boats and swimming pools for controlling household and plant pests listed below.

**TO KILL House Flies, Mosquitoes, Gnats (midges), Deer Flies, Stable Flies, Flying Moths (millers), Fruit Flies:** Spray resting areas to reduce annoyance from these pests. Follow precautions listed above. Hold container 18 to 24 inches (46 to 61 cm) from shrubs, bushes and grassy areas. Spray these areas with a slow sweeping motion at the rate of from 1 to 3 seconds per cubic yard (0.77 m<sup>3</sup>) of space while moving away from the treated areas. Treat open porches and patios in a similar manner. Spray only when the air is still. Allow spray to dissipate before occupying the treated area. Repeat as necessary.

WASPS, HORNETS, YELLOW JACKETS, BEES: Same as directed above for indoor use. Application should be made late in the evening when insects are at rest. Aim spray at nest openings in ground, bushes, and in cracks and crevices which may harbor nests, saturating nest openings and contacting as many insects as possible. Repeat as necessary.

NOTICE: Buyer assumes all responsibility for safety and use not in accordance with directions.

ANTS AND FLEAS: Same as directed above for indoor use.

CRICKETS, SILVERFISH, EARWIGS, BOXELDER BUGS, SPIDERS, SOWBUGS, CENTIPEDES, AND MILLIPEDES: Same as directed above for indoor use. TO PROTECT ORNAMENTAL PLANTS: Spray directly on insects as directed below to kill *Aphids, Exposed Thrips, Whiteflies, Leafhoppers, Japanese Beetles, Plant Bugs, Spittlebugs, Two-Spotted Mites, Red Spider Mites, Lace Bugs* on:

- |             |                    |                |
|-------------|--------------------|----------------|
| althea      | maple              | rhododendron   |
| white birch | mimosa             | spirea         |
| cypress     | non-bearing citrus | spruce         |
| dogwood     | and cranberry      | toyon          |
| euonymous   | oak                |                |
| forsythia   | palm               | also:          |
| hemlock     | viburnum           | mimosa webworm |
| holly       | pine               | on mimosa      |
| locust      | pyracantha         |                |

TO KILL *Armyworms, Budworms, Leaf Beetles, Gypsy Moths, Tussock Moths, Oakworms, Sawflies, Tent Caterpillars, And Weevils On The Above Plants: Also Rose Slugs On Roses, Spider Mites On Chrysanthemums, Cutworms On Gladiolus And Petunia. To Kill Aphids, Exposed Thrips, Adult Whiteflies, Leafhoppers, Plant Bugs, Spittlebugs, Lace Bugs And Japanese Beetles* on:

- |                  |             |              |
|------------------|-------------|--------------|
| African violets  | daphne      | nasturtium   |
| ageratum         | fatshedera  | peony        |
| begonia          | geranium    | philodendron |
| broadleaf acacia | honeysuckle | queen sago   |
| chrysanthemum    | iris        | roses        |
| coleus           | ivy         | snapdragon   |
| daisy            | marigold    | tobira       |
| zinnia           |             |              |

CONTACT SPRAY DIRECTIONS FOR ABOVE PESTS: Hold container 18 in (46 cm) from the infested plants. Spray in short bursts from 1 to 3 seconds or spray at the rate of 1 linear foot (0.3m) of growth per second. Direct spray to all sides covering foliage until slightly moist. Avoid heavy wetting. Repeat as necessary to obtain control. For *Adult Whiteflies And Two-spotted Mites* be sure to direct spray to contact pests. Thoroughly cover the infested area. Use several repeat applications at two-day intervals, if necessary.

USE WITH CAUTION: on African violet, ash, azalea, Reiger begonia, browalia, caenothus, camellia, columnea, cotoneaster, cyclamen, cypress, plumosa fern, gloxinia, impatiens, juniper, non-bearing mulberry, flowering quince, oxalis, jade, primrose and rose, including hybrid tea rose. These plants may be subject to leaf and flower burn under certain conditions of use. As with all plants listed above, especially carnations, chrysanthemums and roses, there exists a wide variety of species and cultivars and therefore a wide range of susceptibility to injury. To ascertain possible phytotoxicity, spray a few plants as described above, wait 24 hours and check for possible injury.