了-1382® INSECTICIDE EMU() | FIABLE CONCENTRATE 26年

FORMULA I

Contains 2ib/gal (240 g/L) of SBP-1382

Authorized by USDA for use in edible product areas of official establishments operating Meat, Poultry, Shell Egg Grading and Egg Products Inspection Programs.

100.00%w/v/

JAN 1 6 1986

Under the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act. as amended, for the posticids remetered under//) And Beer No.

ACTIVE INGREDIENTS:

Terresmetarinį 5-(pnenyimetayi)-3-iuranyi jmątnyi 2,2-dimetayi-	
3-(2-methyl-1-propenyl)cyclopropanecarboxylate	26.00%w/w
Related Compounds	3,54%
INERT INGREDIENTS:	70.46%
-	

*Cis/trans isomers ratio: max, 30%(\$)cis and min. 70%(\$)trans.

†U.S. Patent Nos. 3,465,007 and 3,542,928.

*Penick's SBP-1382® brand of resmethrin insecticide.

Penick Corp., 1050 Wall Street West, Lyndhurst, N.J. 07071

PRECAUCION AL CONSUMIDOR: Si usted no lee Ingles, no use este producto hasta que la eliqueta le hava sido explicada ampliamente.

TO THE USER: If you cannot read English, do not use this product until the label has been fully explained to you.

A SYNTHETIC PYRETHROID FOR CONTROLLING THE FOLLOWING FLYING AND CRAWLING INSECTS IN AND AROUND HOUSEHOLDS, GREENHOUSESABOULDINGS VEHICLES, BOATS, KENNELS AND STABLES.

aphids

HOUSEHOLD PESTS

lice

(ieas ticks ente fire ants crickets grasshoopers silverfish (firebrats) scorpions earwigs spiders orein insects

lealHoppe plant bugs spittlebugs thrips tussock moths citrus blaciques sowbugs (pilibugs) cutworms centipedes flea beetles millipedes oakworms. cicada

PLANT PESTS Militari fungus gnats iacibulga gypsy moths Neafblaile tent cateroffia amfowdew seomis der dita Japanese beetles scales sprice budworu selfiws:

> Leeville role stogs armyworms Inchworms eim spanwormi cankerworms (fall & spring)

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN WARNING

SEE SIDE PANEL FOR ADDITIONAL PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS AND STATEMENT OF PAACTICAL TREATMENT

EPA 3ag, No. 432-605

EPA Est. 432-NJ-1

P-85-273

NET CONTENTS: LOT NO:

gal (

Péničk Corporation

1050 Wall Street West, Lyndhurst, N.J. 07071 U.S.A.

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS HAZARDS TO HUMANS AND DOMESTIC ANIMALS WARNING

Causes substantial but temporary eye injury. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Wear goggles or safety glasses. Hamful if swallowed or absorbed through skin. Wash thoroughly with soap and water after bandling. Remove contaminated clothing and wash before reuse. Do not apply directly to took or feed turin. In commercial food handling facilities, cover or remove any food and food processing quigment during application. Do not apply while food processing is underway. After space spraying in bakeries and other food processing plants, wash all equipment, burdes, shaking, e.c. where exposed food will be handled, thoroughly with the effective cleaning corepolited and rinse with potable water. In the home, all food processing surfaces and stensile should be covered during treatment, or thoroughly washed pelore use. Remove pats, birds and cover fish aquariums before spraying.

STATEMENT OF PRACTICAL TREATMENT IF SWALLOWED Cally physician or Poison Control Center. Do not Induce vomiting. This

production this from the petroleum solvent. Aspiration may be a hazard.
INN EVER ORDER KIN: Flush with plenty or water. Get medical attention if irritation persists.

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS

This product is toxic to tah. Do not apply directly to water, Do not contaminate water by cleaning of equipment, or disposal of wastes.

NHYSTCAL OR CHEMICAL HAZARDS

DO NOT USE OF STORE LEAR HEAT OR OPEN FLAME. Flash point minimum 100°F (38°C). Do not apply this product in conduits, motor housings, junction and switch boxes or other electrical equipment because of possible shock hazards.

Do not use on surfaces that can be harmed or stained by water.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

is violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.

STORAGE & DISPOSAL

not contaminate water, food or feed by storage or disposal.

STORAGE: Do not store at temperatures below 40°F (4.5°C). If this material has been exposed to temperatures below 40°F (4.5°C), there may be precipitation. Check for crystallization. If evident, warm to 80°F (26.5°C) and thoroughly mix before using, DO NOT USE OPEN FLAME. For Containers One Gallon and Under: Store product in original container in a locked storage area.

PESTICIDE DISPOSAL: For Containers Over One Gallon: Pesticide wilstes are toxic, Improper disposal of excess pesticide, spray mixture, or rinsate is a violation of Federal Law. If these wastes cannot be disposed of by use according to label instructions, contact your State Pesticide or Environmental Control Agency, or the Hazardous Waste respresentative at the nearest EPA Regional Office for guidance.

CONTAINER DISPOSAL: For Containers 1 Gallon and Under: Do not reuse empty container. Wrap container and put in trash.

For Containers Over 1 Gallon: Triple rinse (or equivalent). Then offer for recycling or reconditioning, or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by other procedures approved by State and Local authorities.

FOR USI ORS AND OUTSIDE PREMISES OF HOTELS. MOTELS. PRESCHOOLS, NURSERIES, DAY CAMPS. GREENHOUSES, LATHHOUSES, SEEDHOUSES, FOOD HANDLING ESTABLISHMENTS, PACKAGING AND PROCESSING PLANTS, COMMERCIAL, INDUSTRIAL, OFFICE, INSTITUTIONAL AND STORAGE BUILDINGS, MILK STORAGE ROOMS, MILK HANDLING AREAS OF MILK PLANTS, EGG PROCESSING PLANTS, SUPERMARKETS, RESTAURANTS. BOTTLING PLANTS, CANNERIES, FLOUR AND FEED MILLS. BAKERIES, BOATS, SHIP CABINS AND HOSPITALS. IN HOSPITALS: PATIENTS SHOULD BE REMOVED PRIOR TO TREATMENT. ALSO FOR USE IN CAMPERS, MOBILE HOMES, BUSES, AUTOMOBILES, TRUCKS, BOXCARS AND SHIP CARGO HOLDS. ALSO FOR USE IN DOG KENNELS AND HORSE STABLES. IN HORSE STABLES, NOT FOR APPLICATION IF HORSES WILL BE USED FOR FOOD.

SENERAL INFORMATION: Use this product to control the pests listed below by application of the appropriate spray dilution. Use only the dilution specified in the Directions for Use to control a particular pest. To prepare the spray, dilute this product with water as shown in the following SPRAY DILUTION CHART. Repeat the treatment as needed.

SPRAY DILUTION CHART					
Spray Dilution Desired (% SBP-1382)	1	0.03%	0.07%	0.10%	0.25%
Gallons of Water		100 (378.5 L)	1 (3.79 L)	1 (3.79 L)	1 (3.79 L
Amount of this product to be	1 lap.	1 pint	2 tap.	1 (bep.	2½ tbsp.
Diluted with Water**	(5 ml)	(473 ml)	(10 ml)	(15 ml)	(37 ml)

**6 teaspoons (tsp.) = 2 tablespoons (tbsp.) = 1 fluid ounce = 29.574 milliliters.

INDOORS

Space Spray: To control house flies, mosquitoes, gnats, flying moths (millers), and fruit flies use the 0.10% spray dilution. Close sill doors and windows. Stut off ventilating systems, ducts and air-conditioning equipment. Mix well before using. Fill the spray tank with material, and apply as a fine spray at the rate of 2 fl. ozs. (59.1 mi) per 1,000 cubic feet (28.3 m²) or 1 gailon (3.79 L) per 64,000 cubic feet (1,812 m²). Point the nozzle upward and direct the spray mist to all parts of the room, especially windows and other light sources which attract these insects. Leave the treated area and keep closed for at least 15 minutes. Ventilate the room before re-entry. Repeat as necessary.

Contact Spray:

To control cockroaches (waterbugs), crickets, ants, acorpions, grasshoppers, silverfish (firebrats), earwigs, spiders, sowbugs (pillbugs), centipedes, millipedes, grain mites, and grain insects*, use the 0.25% spray dilution. Mix well before using. Spray thoroughly into hiding places such as cracks, crevices, and moist areas around pipes, under refrigerators and along baseboards.

Spray directly on Insec, possible. Repeat as necessary.

SPIDERS: Spray directly on these pests and use repeated applications to the webbing and all cracks and crevices which harbor spiders.

ANTS-INCLUDING FIRE ANTS: Spray doors, around window frames, ant trails and hills, contacting as many ants as possible.

*GRAIN INSECTS: Adults of confused flour beetles, sawtoothed grain beetles, red flour beetles, carpet beetles, grain weevits. Angoumois grain moths, Indian meal moths, and shiny spider beetles. Remove infested grain, cereal or flour and destroy. Avoid contamination of other food and food stuffs in the area by removing before spraying. Spray directly on exposed stages and into cracks and crevices where grain insects may be hiding. In homes, dispose of all infested products. The shelves and drawers should be cleaned and thoroughly sprayed so as to contact all pests, and covered with shelf paper after allowing shelves to dry. Any utensils that are contacted with spray should be washed before using. Repeat as necessary.

TO KILL BED BUGS AND LICE: Apply as a spot treatment to cracks and crevices around baseboards, floorboards, bedboards and walls. First, thoroughly clean and air mattresses and springs. Then spot treat only areas that may harbor peats, concentrating on tufts, folds and seams. Repeat as necessary. For persistent infestations, consult professional applicator.

FLEAS AND TICKS ON DOGS, CATS AND PREMISES: Use the 0.25% spray dilution and apply directly to animals along back, underforelegs and on other areas, except scrotum and anus. Part hair to contact skin and insure good coverage. Hold nozzle about one foot (30 cm) away while spraying. Apply until hair is thoroughly moist. Do not apray directly in eyes or mouth of animal. Repeat within 24 hours of tirst treatment it necessary. To reduce reinfestation, thoroughly spray the animal's bedding and other resting areas until the surface is slightly moist. Treat the floor areas, cracks and crevices in the floor and along baseboards at the rate of two seconds per linear foot (30 cm) at a distance of 12 to 18 inches (30-45 cm). Also spray the entire inside surface of dog houses. Repeat as necessary. Hit as many insects directly as possible.

WASPS, HORNETS, YELLOW JACKETS, BEES: Use the 0.25% spray dilution. Application should be made in late evening when insects are at rest. Spray liberally into hiding and breeding places, especially under attic rafters, contacting as many insects as possible. Repeat as necessary.

ORNAMENTAL PLANTS INDOORS: In greenhouses, tathhouses, homes, commercial and institutional buildings, and for indoor tendscaping: To control aphids, fungus gnats, leafhoppers, plant bugs, spittlabugs, thrips, and whitefiles on the plants listed below, use the 0.03% spray dilution.

Prior to spray application, remove inte:

eating areas, and place in an area not to come in contact with pets, children or food. Plants can be returned to original location when leaves dry.

If plant removal is not possible, remove or cover exposed food and tood handling surfaces, including utensils, and remove animals. Shut off ventilating systems, air ducts, and air conditioning equipment. Avoid spray contact with surrounding areas.

Apply the spray to the upper and lower surfaces of plant foliage to the point of run-off. Avoid wetting blossoms if possible. Spray in the late afternoon or evening, when temperatures range from 50°F to 72°F (10°C to 22°C). Repeat applications weekly it necessary.

ageratum	daphn#	inch plant	pothos
aluminum plant	dracaena	lvy: German	prayer plant
arrowhead tine	dumbcene	grape	purple waities
aster	Easter lify	Swedish	roses
azalea	isishedera	English	rubber plant
Baby's Tears	ferns: Asparagus	marigold	saivia
begonia	Boston	Moses in Cradle	sedum
black-eyed Susan	prome	nesturtium	shamrock
bridal veil	ficus	nephthytis	snake plant
broadlest scacia	fuchsia	palms	snapdragon
calendula	gardenia	pansy	Star-of-Bethlehem
carnations	geranium	peperomia	verbena
Christmas cactus	heliotrope	petunia	wandering jew
chrysanthemum	hibiscus	philodendron	wax plant
euelos	hoys	piggy-back plant	zebra plant
delty	ice plant	poinsettia	zinnia

USE WITH CAUTION: on African violet, azalea, Reiger begonia, browailia, Tahitian bridal vell, caenothus, camellia, plumosa fern, gloxinia, impatiens, geranium, oxalis, jade, primrose, cyclamen, wax begonia, spider plant, chrysanthemum, Boston fern, geranium, and friendship plant.

As with all plants listed above, especially carnations, chrysanthemums and roses, there exists a wide variety of species and cultivars, and therefore a wide range of susceptibility to injury. To ascertain possible phytotoxicity, spray a few plants as described below, wait 24 hours, and check for possible injury.

INSTRUCTIONS FOR WHITEFLY CONTROL IN GREENHOUSES ONLY
See "CONTACT SPRAY" directions above for ornamental plants.
Repeat application weekly for four weeks or lenger to control of adults, pupae, and hymphs. Complete apray schedule on poinsettla before blooms form.

Where fewer applications are preferred, apply the 0.07% spray dilution as stated above. Repeat as necessary.

Non-thermal Applicatory- Close off greenhouse area to be treated for whitefly infestations.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE Continued...

Apply this product at the rate of 1½ fl ozs (44.4 ml) thoroughly mixed in 3 fl ozs (88.7 ml) of methylene chloride per 10,000 cubic feet (28.3 m²). This is equivalent to 1 gram of active ingredient per 1,000 cubic feet (28.3 cu. meters). Direct mist first toward upper corners of the greenhouse, then apply evenly throughout the area. Keep nozzle at least three feet (1 meter) from plant follage. Keep treated area closed off for at least two hours. Ventilate before re-entry. Apply at weekly intervals for at least four weeks. Applications should be made during the late afternoon or at night when the temperature range is 50°F to 72°F (10°C to 22°C).

INSTRUCTIONS FOR SOIL SURFACE SPRAY CONTROL OF FUNGUS GNAT LARVAE IN GREENHOUSES, LATHHOUSES, AND FOR INDOOR LANDSCAPING.

Use the 0.03% or 0.07% spray dilution to spray soil surface until thoroughly wet. Repeat at 10 day intervals, if necessary.

Marigold

Palm: Areca

Peperomia

Philodendron

Petunia

Pothos

Poinsettia

Primrose

Schefflera

Zinola

Snapdragon

Neanthe Bella

African violet

Ageratum

Christmas Cactus

Coleus Cyclamen

Dieffenbachia

Draceana Easter Lily

Fern: Boston

Ficus

Geranium

lvy: English

OUTDOORS

Premises: For use around residential, commercial and institutional buildings, gardens, greenhouses, yards, patios, mobile homes and campers. To control the pests listed below, use the 0.25% spray dijution:

House flies, mosquitoes, gnats, flying moths (millers), black flies, stable flies, deer flies, and fruit flies: Thoroughly spray breeding areas such as garbage and refuse areas, especially around poultry houses, barns, and similar areas of heavy infestation.

ANTS AND FLEAS: Same as directed above for Indoor use.

FIRE ANTS: Acids and recuces annoyance for short periods of time. To reduce annoyance from anth-and keep them from entering homes, spray patios, barbeque areas, driveways, entryways, door sitis, window sitis, other entrance areas, foundations of buildings, ant trails, around pools and areas where ants are noticed. Spray until the area is wet contacting as many insects as possible. This treatment will-not kill the colonies but will reduce the immediates population for ups to dear hours. Repeat as necessary.

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WASPS, HORNETS, YELLOW JAGRETS, BEES: Same as directed for Indoor use. Aim spray at nest openings in ground, bushes, and in cracks and crevices which may harbor nests, saturating nest openings and contacting as many insects as possible. APPLICATION SHOULD BE MADE LATE IN THE EVENING WHEN INSECTS ARE AT REST, Repeat as necessary.

CRICKETS, SILVERFISH, EARWIGS, SPIDERS, SCORPIGNS, SOWBUGS, CENTIPEDES AND MILLIPEDES: Same as directed above for indoor use.

ORNAMENTAL PLANTS OUTDOORS: To control the peets listed below use the 0.03% spray dilution. Spray the upper and lower surfaces of plant foliage to the point of run-offic Spray in the late afternoon or evening, when the temperature runges from 50°F to 72°F (10°C to 22°C) and when there is little or runwind. Spray early in the season or when the peat, first appear. Weekly applications may be necessary for heavy offestations. On those plants that will flower during the teason, the spray schedul should be completed before close unformations.

To kill: aphile, fungus gnate typey meths bakwords, ilm speriorius, cicada, nichiarms, raskervorms (fall and spring), sapanese seetles, samoppess, permougs, sprilebugs, furips, tustick mores and whitelies on the following trees and strabs:

althe eim euogymous arain towating ma hysylthe araythte arxwood helglock bugleweed holly dogwood ixors

im labrel
uonymous tlac
twenting maph loquet
raythis milities
en lock bak
tolly pilm
pilooppru

podecateus
todosentron
stres
sprus
toyon
viburnum
yew

Also, to control citrus blackfiles on non-bearing citrus; cutworms and flea beetles on dichondra; lacebugs on andromeda; leafbeetles on eim; mimosa webworm on mimosa; mites, scales and budworms on spruce; sawfiles and weevils on pine and Chinese evergreen; tent caterpillars on non-bearing cherry trees; beet armyworm and cutworm on carnations, chrysanthemums, snapdragon; rose slugs on roses. Spray directly on insects.

To kilf: aphids, fungus gnats, leafhoppers, inchworms, plant bugs, splitlebugs, thrips, spider mites, and whitefiles on the following plants:

age 3 of t

poinsettla ageratum coleus iris queen sago aster daisy lvy begonia marigold foses daphne salvia black-eved Susan tuchsia nasturtium braodleaf acacla gardenia Deony snapdragon calendula heliotrope petunia tobira hypoestes hibiscus philodendron zinnia

USE WITH CAUTION: On African violet, ash, azalea, Reige begonia, wax begonia, geranium, browailia, columnea, coton easter, caenothus, camellia, plumosa tern, gioxinia, impatiens juniper, non-bearing mulberry and quince, oxalis, jade, primrose cyclamen and cypress.

To kill: fungus gnat larvae use the soil surface spray methodes ribed for indoor plants on the following:

Cineraria Pansy
Gazania Periwinkie
Geranium Stock
Hypericum Verbena

TO KILL TENT GATERPILLARS: Application should be made where caterpillars are young and tents are first noticed (usually lat spring). For best results, apply in the late afternoon or evening when caterpillars have returned to their tents. Aim spray directions, and totally saturate on all sides. Repeat as necessary.

TO KILL GYPSY MOTH CATERPILLARS: Application should be made when caterpillars are young and are first noticed (usuall late spring). Spray plants evenly to the point of run-off, applyinto both sides of leaves and other areas of plants where insects are suspected. For dense evergreens and shrubs, be sure spraireaches interior leaves and branches.

As with all plants listed above, especially carnations, chrysan themums and roses, there exists a wide variety of species ancultivars, and therefore a wide variety of susceptibility to injury. To ascertain possible phytotoxicity, spray a few plant a described above, wait 24 hours, and check for possible injury.

WARRANTY STATEMENT

Our recommendations for use of this product are based uportests believed to be reliable. The use of this product being beyond the control of the manufacturer, no guarantee, expressed of implied, is made as to the effects of such or the results to be obtained if not used in accordance with directions or established after the buyer must assume all responsibility, including injury or damage resulting from its misuse as such, or it combination with other materials.

SBP-1382® Insecticide Emulsifiable Concentrate 26% FORMULA I

FOR DISTRIBUTION AND USE ONLY WITHIN NEW JERSEY

(EPA Reg. No. 432-605)

IMPORTANT: To be used only by authorized personnel in the State of New Jersey for the control of **Chrysops** (deer files). Use of this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling is in violation of Federal law. Not for use on crops and food animals.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

This material is meant to be diluted with water and applied to non-crop areas of agricultural, resort and recreational lands so as to spray 0.025-0.05 lb al/acre. Application is to be made with conventional crop spraying equipment such as an airbiast sprayer. Make applications preferably in the morning when wind speed is below 5 mph with the vehicle traveling at 4.5 mph. Sprays should be made at the edge of fields and open areas and directed into the woods and other surrounding tall vegetation between such open areas and the marsh.

DILUTION TABLE

AMOUNT OF CONCENTRATE	AMOUNT OF WATER	SPRAY RATE	YEHIÇLE SPEED	ACTUAL INSECTICIDE
8 fl oz	50 gal	20 gal/acre	4.5 mph	0.05 lb/acre
4 ff oz	50 gal	20 gal/acre	4.5 mph	0.025 lb/acre

All applicable directions, restrictions and precautions on the EPA registered label are to be followed. This labeling must be in the possession of the user at the time of pesticide application.

SLN No. NJ-840003

New Jersey 24c Registrant
PENICK CORPORATION
1050 Wall Street West, Lyndhurst, N.J. 07071

P-85-220