Page 1 9 4

NOTIFICATION

Please read instructions on reverse before completing form.	Form Appr	oved. OMB No. 2070-00	60, Approval expires 11-30-93	
(A) United States Environmental Protection Agency		Registration	OPP Identifier Number	
Office of Pesticide Programs (H7505C) Washington, DC 20460		Amendment		
Application for Pesticide:		X Other	100400	
Section	·	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
1. Company/Product Number	2. EPA Product Man	nger 3.	Proposed Classification	
432–548	J. Tavano			
4. Company/Product (Name) SBP-1382 Insecticide.	PM#	35 10 10 10 L	None Restricted	
Transparent Emulsion Spray 0.25%	10		11.1	
5. Name and Address of Applicant (Include ZIP Code)			ith FIFRA Section 3(c)(3)	
Roussel Uclaf Corporation	(b)(i), my product is to:	s similar or identical in	composition and labeling	
95 Chestnut Ridge Road	"			
Montvale, NJ 07645	EPA Reg. No	·	·	
Check if this is a new address	Product Name		·	
Section I			.,	
Amendment - Explain below	Final printed to Agency letter	bels in response to	· ·	
Resubmission in response to Agency letter dated	"Me Too" Appl			
X Notification - Explain below.	Other - explain	•	14.65 14.65 14.65	
Explanation: Use additional page(s) if necessary. (For section I and	Section II V		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Revised Envirormental Hazards Statem	ent as per PR	Notice 93-3.	NOTIFICATION	
· · ·	- 0054	7	PER PR NOTICE 88-8	
BEST AVAILABL	F GOL1	DATI	- 1/1/93	
		<u>.</u>	, ,	
Section IN				
Material This Product WIN Be Packaged In: Child-Resistant Packaging Unit Packaging Water	r Cohuble Deckering	2. Type of Contai	nor	
Child-Resistant Packaging Unit Packaging Wate	r Soluble Packaging Yes	Metal		
		Plast	С 4.	
No No	No	Glass		
	s," No. p age wgt. : conta		(Specify)	
submitted.		}		
3. Location of Net Contents Information 4. Size(s) of Retail Container 5. Location of Label Directions				
Label Container	12 SESSE 51		companying product	
6. Manner In Which Label Is Affixed To Product Lithograph Other (
Stenciled				
1. Contact Point (Complete Items directly below for identification of Ind			this englication)	
Name Tide		Tolool	none No. (Include Area Code)	
the right section such the commence the art appearance.	entrans aprilant delle i Tilla Billion (1919) Tilla	· ·	がいた。 ・・・・・・・・・・・・・・・・・・・・・・・・・・・・・・・・・・・・	
Sharon M. Johnston of or or day;				
Certification Certif				
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both under applicable law. 1997/1999 No. 4 2011 and applicable	oran en, to wia :	in the court	er er flaget generational a Constant of the set of	
2. Signature 3. Title		*****		
Man 11 /	ndiamonides C		••••	
4. Typed Name 5. Date	gistration Spe	clailst "		
3. 04.			0 Fi & 0 0 0 0 0	
Sharon M. Johnston	5-15-5	2 5		

ACTIVE INGREDIENTS:

*•Resmethrin [5-(phenylmethyl)-3-furanyl]methyl 2,2-dimethyl-3-(2-methyl-1-propenyl)cyclopropanecarboxylate........... 0.25% w/w INERT INGREDIENTS:99.75%

100.00% w/w

*Cle/trans learners ratio: max. 30%(±)cle and min. 78%(±)trans.

"*U.S. Patent No. 3,583,078.

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• Routsel Uciel's SBP-1362* brand of reemethrin insecticide. Roussel Ucial Corp., 95 Chestnut Ridge Road, Morivale, N.J. 07645

PRECAUCION AL CONSUMIDOR: Si usted no lee Ingles, no use este producto haste que la etiqueta le haya sido explicada ampliamente.

(To The User: If you cannot read English, do not use this product until the lab haségen explained to you.)

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDRE CAUTION

SEE SIDE PANEL FOR ADDITIONAL PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS AND STATEMENT OF PRACTICAL

CAN BE USED IN NON-FOOD AREAS OF FOOD NAME ING ESTABLIS WENTS.

EPA Est.: See Lot No. For Correlation

EPA Reg. No. 432-548

A 42545-MO-1

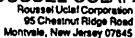
F 10370-TX-1

P 655-GA-1

NET CONTENTS:

.GALLONS.4 L)

ROUSSEL UCLAF



HAZARDS TO HUMANS & DOMEST! CAUTION

PRECAUTIONARY STATEME

Harmful if swallowed void contact with eyes, skin or clothic and food stuffs. Kemov peta birds, and cover fish aquarium use on editor rops. Do ot remain in treated areas. Ventil complete

STATEMENT OF PRACTICAL TREAT
IN wallowed: Induce vamilies by Sticking finger in back of syring of iperal Gennedidel attention

symb of iperal Germedical elention.
If in symp: Figure with visiter for 15 minutes. Get medical a lets.

on kin: issbwith plenty of sosp and water. Get medical

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS

This product is toxic to fish. For terrestrial uses, do not apply d surface water is present or to intertidal areas below the mean highwater by cleaning of equipment or disposal of wastes. When us freshly sprayed surfaces into adjacent waters.

PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL HAZA o not apply this product in conduits, motor housings, junc sectrical equipment because of possible shock hazard.

BIRECTIONS FOR USE

jointigs of Federal law to use this product in a manne

STORAGE AND DISPOS

Do not contaminate water, food or feed by storage or dispos STORAGE: Do not store this water-base formulation at temperature Pesticide Disposal: Wastes resulting from the use of this pro or at an approved weste disposal facility.

Container Dispusal: For Containers 1 Gallon and Under: Do container and put in trash.

For Containers Over 1 Gallon: Triple rinse (or equivalent reconditioning, or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary i approved by State and Local authorities.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE (Continued on re

For use in non-food areas of food handling establishments in and around premises of commercial, industrial, office, residential, public, institutional and storage buildings, hotels, motels, homes, preschools, nurseries, day camps, seed houses, packaging and processing plants, milk handling areas of milk, cheese and ice cream plants, milk storage rooms, egg processing plants. supermarkets, restaurants, bottling plants, canneries, flour and feed milis, bakeries, boats, ship cabins and hospitals.

In hospitals, patients should be removed prior to treatment. Also for use in campers, mobile homes, buses, automobiles, trucks, boxcars, and ship cargo holds. Also for use in dog kennels and horse stables. In horse stables, not for application if horses will be used for food.

Do not use on electrical equipment or on surfaces that can be harmed or stained by water.

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SPACE SPRAY: Remove or cover plants. Do not allow the undiluted spray to contact plants because of possible injury. FLYING IMSECTS: To kill house flies, deer flies, stable flies, gnats, cluster flies, vineger flies, mosquitoes, fruit flies, flying moths (millers): Apply as a space soray, Mix well before using, Fill apray tank. Adjust pressure and nozzle to deliver a fine mist spray. Close all doors and windows. Point nozzle upward and direct the spray mist to all parts of the room especially windows and other light sources which attract these insects. Keep the spray nozzle at all times at least four feet (1.2 m) from fabrics to avoid wetting or staining. Fill the room with mist at the dosage of one fluid ounce per 1000 cu ft of space (30 ml per 29.3 cu m). Then leave the treated area. Keep the room closed for at least 15 minutes. Ventilate the room when treatment is completed and before re-entry.

CRAWLING INSECTS: To kill fleas, cockroaches (waterbugs), cricking, gliverilet. earwigs, spiders, sowbugs, centipedes, millipedes; grain mites and grain insects (adults and accessible stages of confused flour beetles, red flour beetles, sawtoothed grain beetles, cigarette beetles, shiny solder beetles, carpet beetles, grain avecvils, Angoumois grain moths). Apply as a sontacCaptay. Mix well before using. Fill spray tank with product. Light sprag ngzzje sbouñ £ to 12 inches (20 to 30 cm) from surface to be treated. Atjust pressure and nozzle to deliver a coarse apray with particle size larger than that of the average aerosol. Spray thoroughly into hiding places such as cracks, crevices, molet areas, openings around pipes and sinks, under refrigerators, beseboards, storage areas and other insect harborage areas. Spray directly on insects where possible. Repeat as necessary.

TO KILL SPIDERS: Spray directly on these peets and use repeated applications to the webbing and all cracks and cravices which harbor solders.

TO KILL AMTS: Spray doors, around window frames, ant trails and hille.

TO KILL BEDBUGS AND LICE: Apply as a spot treatment to cracks and cravices around baseboards, floorboards, bedboards and walls. First thoroughly clean and sir mattresses and springs. Then anot treat only areas that may harbor pests, concentrating on tufts, folds and seems, Repeat as necessary. For persistent Intestation, consult professional applicator.

TO KILL FLEAS AND TICKS ON DOGS. CATS AND PREMISES: Apply directly to animals along back, under foreless and on other areas except scrotum and anus. Part hair to contact skin and insure good coverage. Hold nozzle about one foot (0.3 m)away while spraying. Apply until hair is thoroughly moist. Do not spray directly in eyes or mouth of animal. Repeat within 24 hours of first treatment if necessary. To reduce reinfestation, thoroughly spray the animal's bedding and other resting areas until the surface is slightly moist. Treat these areas at the rate of two seconds per linear foot at a distance of 12 to 18 inches (30-46 cm). Also spray the entire inside surface of dog houses. Repeat as necessary. thoroughly spraying floors, cracks, crevices and bedding. Hit as many insects directly as possible.

TO KILL WASPS, HORNETS, YELLOW JACKETS, BEES: Application should be made in late evening when insects are at rest. Spray liberally into hiding and breeding places, especially under attic rafters, contacting as many insects as possible. Repeat as necessory.

RESIDUAL SPRAY: Aids in the control of COCKROACHES. CRICKETS, SILVERFISH, ANTS, MILLIPEDES, CENTIPEDES. EARWIGS, GRAIN MITES, SOWBUGS, SPIDERS: Kills for up to 4 weeks. Spray baseboards, cracks and crevices, around door and window frames, and other hiding places such as closets, in back of and under appliances, sinks and cupboards in kitchens and bethrooms. In basements, spray hiding places in cracks and crevices, lower walls and dark places. Apply as a coarse wet spray in a 4 to 6 Inch (10 to 15 cm) band until area is thoroughly wet but not to the point of run-off. Repeat as necessary.

ORNAMENTAL PLANTS INDOORS: In greenhouses, lathhouses, homes, commercial and institutional buildings, and for indoor landscaping: To control aphids, fungus gnats, leathoppers, plant bugs, spittlebuge, thrips, and whiteflies on the plants listed below. use the 0.02% spray dilution. To prepare the spray, dijute this product with water as shown in the SPRAY DILUTION CHART. Mix well before using.

SPRAY DILUTION CHART			
Amount of Spray	Volume of SBP-1382 TES 0.25%		
Mixture Desired	required to make a 0.02% Spray		
8 fl oz (237 ml)	4 tsp (20 ml)		
16 fl oz (473 ml)	8 tsp (40 ml)		
32 ff oz (946 ml)	3 fl oz (89 ml)		
64 fl oz (1.89 L)	5.5 fl oz (163 ml)		
128 fl oz (3.79 L)	10.5 fl oz (311 ml)		

Prior to spray application, remove infested plants from living and eating areas, and place in an area not likely to come in contact with pets, children or food. Plants can be returned to original location when leaves dry.

If plant removal is not possible, remove or cover exposed food and food handling surfaces, including utensils, and remove animals. Shut off ventilating system, air ducts, and air conditioning equipment. Avoid spray contact with surrounding areas.

Apply the spray to the upper and lower surfaces of plant follage to the point of run-off. Avoid wetting blossoms if possible. Spray in the late afternoon or evening, when temperatures range from 50°F to 72°F (10°C to 22°C). Repeat applications weekly if necessary.

ageratum	ferms: asperague	pansy
aluminum plant	Boston	peperomia
arrowhead vine	brows	petunia
aster	ficus	philodendron
azalea	fuchsia	piggy-back plant
Baby's Tears	gerdenie	poinsettia
begonia	gerank:m	pothos
black-eyed Susan	heliotrope	prayer plant
bridal vell	hibiscus	purple waities
broadlest acacle	hoya	roses
calendula	ice plant	rubber plant
carnations	Inch plent	salvia
Christmas cactus	hy: German	sedum
chrysenthemum	grape	shamrock
coleus	Swedish	anake plant
delsy	English	snapdragon
daphne	marigold	Star-of-Bethlehem
dracaena	Moses in Cradle	verbena
dumbcane	nasturtium	wandering Jew
Easter Illy	nephthytie	wax plant
fatshedera	palms	zebra plant
	•	zinnia

USE WITH CAUTION: On African violet, azales, Reiger begonia, browallia, Tahitian bridal veli, caenothus, camellia, piumosa fern. gloxinia, impatiens, geranium, oxalis, jade, primrose, cyclamen. wax begonia, spider mant, chrysenthemum, Boston fern, and friendship plant.

As with all plants listed above, especially carnations, chrysanthemums and roses, there exists a wide variety of species and cultivars, and therefore a wide range of susceptibility to injury. To ascertain possible phytotoxicity, spray a few plants as described, wait 24 hours, and check for possible injury.

OUTDOORS

PESTS OUT-OF-DOORS: DO NOT TREAT OR ALLOW THE 0.25% SPRAY TO CONTACT PLANTS (Lawns, Flowering Plants, Shrubs, Trees, Evergreens, etc.) BECAUSE OF POSSIBLE INJURY.

TO KILL HOUSE FLIES. MOSQUITOES, GNATS (Midges), DEER FLIES, STABLE FLIES, CLUSTER FLIES, FLYINL MOTHS (Millers), FRUIT FLIES: Spray resting areas to reduce "...oyance from these pests. Follow precautions listed above. Hold container 18 to 24 inches (46 to 61 cm) from the areas to be treated. Spray these areas with a slow sweeping motion at the rate of from 1 to 3 seconds per cubic yard of space (0.76 cu. m) white moving away from the treated areas. Treat open porches and patios in a similar manner. Spray only when sir is still. Allow spray to dissipate before occupying the treated area. Repeat as necessary.

WASPS, NORNETS, YELLOW JACKETS, BEES; Same as directed above for indoor use. Application should be made in the late evening when insects are at rest. Aim spray at nest openings in cracks and crevices which may harbor pests, saturating nest openings and contacting as many insects as possible. Repeat as necessary.

ANTS AND FLEAS: Same as directed above for ingoor use.

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CRICKETS, SILVERFISH, EARWIGS, SPIDERS, SOWBUSS CENTIPEDES, AND MILLIPEDES: Same as directed above for indoor use.

FIRE ANTS: Kills and temporarity reduces annoyance of these insects. To reduce annoyance from these ants and keep them from entering homes, spray patios, berbecue areas, driveways, door sills, window sills, other entrance areas, foundations of buildings, ant traits, mounds, around pools and areas where the antigeremoticed. Spray until the area is wet contacting as many insects as possible. This treatment will not kill the colonies but will reduce the immediate population for up to four hours. Repeat as necessary. Avoid contacting plants, shrubbery and large areas of lawns.

**QRNAMENTAL FLANT3 GUTDOORS: To control the pests listed the control the pests listed the control that pests listed the contr

Spray the upper and lower surfaces of plant follage to the point of run-off. Spray in the late afternoon or evening, when the temperature ranges from 50°F to 72°F (10°C to 22°C) and when there is little or no wind. Spray early in the season or when the pests first appear. Weekly applications may be necessary for heavy infestations. On those plants that will flower during the season, the spray schedule should be completed before blossom formation.

TO KILL aphids, tungus gnats, gypsy moths, calworms eil spanworms, cicada, inchworms, cankerworms (tell and spang), Japanese beeties, leathoppers, plant bugs, spittlebugs, thrips, tussock moths and whitefiles on the jetowing trace and shrups:

atthea forsythia palm palm amaranth entrock heby pictocators indicated arborvitae ixoli fantale boxwood bugieweed figure! If the space filling the space filling the space for the security of the space for the space

theo, it control citrus blackines on pen-barring cities activoring and flee section on dichonals; laceburs on androheding leafbeeties on elementimose webstormen mimose; mites, socies and budworms on appuce; sawlines and webtile on bine and chinese evergreen; ten caterpitiars on not bearing cherry rees; best armyworm and cutworm on carnetions chrisse themums, enapdragons; rose slugs on rights. Epray directly in insects.

TO KILL aphids fungus grets, leefholpers, inchworms, plant bugs, splittlebugs, thinps, spider mates, and whiteflies on the following plants:

egeratum achne peony fuchsis ester petunia begonla gardenia philodendron black-eved Susan henotrope poinsettia broadlest acacle hibiecus queen sago calendula iria 70401 hypoestes W selvie coleus merigoid enapdragon dalay nasturtium tobira zinnia

USE WITH CAUTION: On African violet, ash, azalea, Reiger-begonia, wax begonia, geranium, browallia, columnea, cotoneaster, caenothus, camellia, plumosa fern, gloxinia, impatiens, juniper, non-bearing mulberry and quince, oxalis, jade, primrose, cyclamen and cypress.

TO KILL TENT CATERPILLARS: Application should be made when caterpillars are young and tents are first noticed (usually late spring). For best results, apply in the late afternoon or evening when caterpillars have returned to their tents. Aim spray directly at tents, and totally saturate on all sides. Repeat as necessary.

TO KILL GYPSY MOTH CATERPILLARS: Application should be made when caterpiliars are young and are first noticed (usually late spring). Spray plants evenly to the point of run-off, applying to both sides of leaves and other areas of plants where insects are suspected. For dense evergreens and shrubs, be sure spray reaches interior leaves and branches.

As with all plants listed above, especially carnations, chrysonthemums and roses, there exists a wide variety of species and cultivars, and therefore a wide variety of susceptibility to injury. To ascertain possible phytotoxicity, spray a few plants as described above, wait 24 hours, and check for possible injury.

NOTICE: Buyer assumes all responsibility for safety and use not in accordance with directions.