

NET WT. _____

YOUR BRAND

SBP-1382^{T.M.} / BIOALLETHRIN AQUEOUS PRESSURIZED SPRAY FOR HOUSE AND GARDEN

ACTIVE INGREDIENTS:

* & (5-Benzyl-3-furyl) methyl 2,2-dimethyl-3-(2-methylpropenyl) cyclopropanecarboxylate	0.200% w/w
Related compounds	0.028%
d-trans Allethrin (allyl homolog of Cinerin I)	0.150%
Related compounds	0.012%
Aromatic petroleum hydrocarbons	0.272%
INERT INGREDIENTS:	99.338%
	100.000%

* Cis/trans isomers ratio: max. 30% (±) cis and min. 70% (±) trans.
& U.S. Patent No. 3,465,007

SHAKE BEFORE USING

CAUTION:

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN.

Harmful if swallowed. Avoid contamination of feed and foodstuffs. Cover or remove fishbowls. Do not use on edible crops. Contents under pressure. Do not puncture. Do not expose container to temperatures above 120° F. Never throw container into fire or incinerator.

KILLS: Houseflies, mosquitoes, gnats, wasps, roaches, earwigs, two spotted mites, sowbugs, spiders, centipedes, ants, biting flies, aphids (plant lice), leafhoppers, exposed thrips, adult white-flies, plant bugs, Japanese beetles, spittlebugs.

NONFLAMMABLE

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

Shake well before each use. Remove protective cap. Aim spray opening away from person. Push button to spray.

CONTROL HOUSEHOLD PESTS:

FOR HOUSEFLIES, MOSQUITOES, AND GNATS: Close all doors and windows. Point nozzle upward direct spray mist to all parts of the room, especially windows and other light sources which attract these insects. Fill the room with mist, then leave the treated area. Keep the room closed for at least 15 minutes. Ventilate the room when treatment is completed.

FOR CRAWLING INSECTS: Roaches, earwigs, grain mites, sowbugs, spiders and centipedes: Spray thoroughly into hiding places such as cracks, crevices, moist areas, openings around pipes and sinks, under refrigerators, baseboards, and storage areas. Spray directly on insects where possible.

ANTS: Spray trails, nests and points of entry. Spray on ants where possible. Repeat as necessary.

OUTDOORS—TO REDUCE ANNOYANCE FROM FLYING INSECTS:

Reduce mosquitoes, gnats (midges), houseflies, biting flies and pyralid and noctuid flying moths by spraying their resting areas. Follow precautions listed above. Hold container 18 to 24 inches from shrubs, bushes and grassy areas. Spray these areas with a slow sweeping motion at the rate of from 1 to 3 seconds per cubic yard of space while moving away from the treated areas. To reduce annoyance from these flying insects, treat open porches and patios in a similar manner. Spray only when the air is still. Allow spray to dissipate before occupying the treated area. Repeat as necessary.

OUTDOORS—TO PROTECT ORNAMENTAL PLANTS:

To control aphids, exposed thrips, adult white flies, leafhoppers, two spotted mites, plant bugs, spittlebugs and Japanese beetles on soil, rhododendrons, gladioli, geraniums, hollyhock, spirea, dogwood, palm, mimosa, toyon, viburnum, euonymus, oaks, maples, locust, forsythia and alibea, and giant worm larvae on mimosa, spray directly on insects. Hold container 18 inches from the infested plants. Spray in short spray bursts of one to three seconds or spray at the rate of one linear foot of growth per second. Direct spray to all sides covering foliage until slightly moist. Avoid heavy wetting. Repeat as necessary to obtain control.

Spray peonies, iris, zinnia, snapdragons, ageratum, chrysanthemums, nasturtiums, daisy, petanlums, marigolds, gubba, fatshedera, ivy, toonias, queen sago and broad leaf acacia for control of aphids, exposed thrips, adult white flies, leafhoppers, plant bugs, spittlebugs and Japanese beetles. Spray as directed above.

USE WITH CAUTION on azaleas, junipers, roses, including hybrid tea roses, flowering quince, ash and camellias. These plants may be subject to leaf or flower burn under certain conditions of use.

For adult whiteflies, two spotted mites, and mealybugs be sure to direct spray to contact these pests. Thoroughly cover the infested area. Use several repeat applications at two day intervals if necessary.

PROTECT HOUSE PLANTS:

Spray infested African violets, philodendron, geraniums, begonias, coleus for listed pests. Leave the sprayed area when done indoors, and ventilate area after treatment is completed.

NUISANCE PESTS — ON OR ENTERING BUILDINGS:

WASPS: Applications should be made in late evening when insects are at rest. Spray liberally into hiding and breeding places, contacting as many insects as possible. Repeat as necessary. Spray directly on stray wasps that enter buildings.

ANTS: Spray trails, nests and points of entry. Spray on ants where possible. Repeat as necessary.

SPIDERS: Direct short burst of spray on spiders and repeat as necessary.

FARRIES: Spray directly on entry in crevices and other hiding places on outdoor patios, patio floor and doorway entrances.

ACCEPTED
JUN 9, 1971
UNDER THE FEDERAL INSECTICIDE
REGULATIONS AND FERTILIZER ACT
AND ECONOMIC POISON REGISTERED
UNDER NO. 432-482 SUBJECT
TO ATTACHED COMMENTS.

USDA Reg. No. 432-482

LOT NO.

PENICK
S. B. PENICK & COMPANY
100 CHURCH STREET, NEW YORK, N.Y. 10007

432-482
6/9/71
1973

NET WT.



BP-1382 DELTALLETHRIN AQUEOUS PRESSURIZED SPRAY FOR HOUSE AND GARDEN

ACTIVE INGREDIENTS:

(5-Benzyloxybutyl) methyl 2,2-dimethyl-3-(2-methylpropenyl) cyclopropanecarboxylate	0.200% w/w
Related compounds	0.028%
Inert diluents (allyl homolog of Cinerin I)	0.150%
Other inert diluents	0.012%
Aliphatic petroleum hydrocarbons	0.272%
INERT INGREDIENTS:	99.338%
	100.000%

isomer ratio: max. 30% (±) cis and min. 70% (±) trans.
485,007

SHAKE BEFORE USING

CAUTION:

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN.

Harmful if swallowed. Avoid contamination of feed and foodstuffs. Cover or remove fishbowls. Do not use on edible crops. Contents under pressure. Do not puncture. Do not expose container to temperatures above 120° F. Never throw container into fire or incinerator.

KILLS: Houseflies, mosquitoes, gnats, wasps, roaches, earwigs, two spotted mites, sowbugs, spiders, centipedes, ants, biting flies, aphids (not lice), leafhoppers, exposed thrips, adult whiteflies, mealybugs, Japanese beetles, spittlebugs.

NONFLAMMABLE

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

Shake well before each use. Remove protective cap. Aim spray opening away from person. Push button to spray.

CONTROL HOUSEHOLD PESTS:

FOR HOUSEFLIES, MOSQUITOES, AND GNATS: Close all doors and windows. Point nozzle upward direct spray mist to all parts of the room, especially windows and other light sources which attract these insects. Fill the room with mist, then leave the treated area. Keep the room closed for at least 15 minutes. Ventilate the room when treatment is completed.

FOR CRAWLING INSECTS: Roaches, earwigs, grain mites, sowbugs, spiders and centipedes: Spray thoroughly into hiding places such as cracks, crevices, moist areas, openings around pipes and sinks, under refrigerators, baseboards, and storage areas. Spray directly on insects where possible.

ANTS: Spray trails, nests and points of entry. Spray on ants where possible. Repeat as necessary.

OUTDOORS-TO REDUCE ANNOYANCE FROM FLYING INSECTS:

Reduce mosquitoes, gnats (midges), houseflies, biting flies, and pyralid and noctuid flying moths by spraying their resting areas. Follow precautions listed above. Hold container 18 to 24 inches from shrubs, bushes and grassy areas. Spray these areas with a slow sweeping motion at the rate of from 1 to 3 seconds per cubic yard of space with moving away from the treated areas. To reduce annoyance from these flying insects, treat open porches and patios in a similar manner. Spray only when the air is still. Allow spray to dissipate before occupying the treated area. Repeat as necessary.

OUTDOORS-TO PROTECT ORNAMENTAL PLANTS:

To control aphids, exposed thrip, adult white flies, leafhoppers, two spotted mites, plant bugs, spittlebugs and Japanese beetle on smaller rhododendrons, pines, spruce, hemlock, spirea, dogwood, palm, mimosa, toyon, viburnum, euonymus, oaks, maples, locust, forsythia and althea, and mimosa webworm larvae on mimosa. Spray directly on insects. Hold container 18 inches from the infested plants. Spray in short spray bursts of one to three seconds of spray at the rate of one linear foot of growth per second. Direct spray to all sides covering foliage until slightly moist. Avoid heavy wetting. Repeat as necessary to obtain control.

Spray peonies, iris, zinnia, snapdragons, ageratum, chrysanthemums, nasturtium, daisy, geraniums, marigolds, dahhne, fatshedera, ivy, tobyra, queen cago and brown leaf acacia for control of aphids, exposed thrips, adult white flies, leafhoppers, plant bugs, spittlebugs and Japanese beetles. Spray as directed above.

USE WITH CAUTION on azaleas, junipers, roses, including hybrid tea roses, flowering quince, ash and camellias. These plants may be subject to leaf or flower burn under certain conditions of use.

For adult whiteflies, two spotted mites, and mealybugs be sure to direct spray to contact these pests. Thoroughly cover the infested area. Use several repeat applications at two day intervals if necessary.

PROTECT HOUSE PLANTS:

Spray infested African violets, philodendron, geraniums, begonia, coleus for insect nests. Leave the sprayed area when done indoors, and ventilate area after treatment is completed.

NUISANCE PESTS - ON OR ENTERING BUILDINGS:

WASPS: Applications should be made in late evening when insects are at rest. Spray liberally into hiding and breeding places, contacting as many insects as possible. Repeat as necessary. Spray directly on spray wasps that enter buildings.

ANTS: Spray trails, nests and points of entry. Spray on ants where possible. Repeat as necessary.

SPIDERS: Direct short burst of spray on spiders and repeat as necessary.

EARWIGS: Spray directly on earwigs in crevices and other hiding places on outdoor porches, patio floor and doorway entrances.

USDA Reg. No. 432-482

Lot NO.

PENICK

2-482
6/9/71
223

110

ACCEPTED

JUN 9 1971

UNDER THE FEDERAL INSECTICIDE
FUNGICIDE AND RODENTICIDE ACT
FOR ECONOMIC POISON REGISTERED
UNDER NO. ~~122-112~~ SUBJECT
TO ATTACHED COMMENTS.

122-112

122-112



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