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YOUR BRAND

SBP-1382 AQUEOUS PRESSURIZED

SPRAY INSECTICIDE 0.25

FOR HOUSE AND GARDEN

ACTIVE INGREDIENTS:

t(5-Benzyl-3-furyl)methyl 2, 2-dimethyl-3-(2-methylpropenyl)cyclopropanecarboxylate ... Related compounds

100.0009

*Cis/trans isomers ratio: max. 30% (=)cis and min. 2)% (=)trans. † U. S. Patent No. 3,465,617.

SHAKE WELL BEFORE USING

432-45-2 NOV 19 1974

WARNING: KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN

Harmful if swallowed. Avoid contamination of feed and foodstuffs. Remove pets, birds and cover fish aquariums before spraying. Do not use on edible crops.

WARNING: Contents under pressure. Do not use or store near heat or open flame. Exposure to temperatures above 130°F may cause bursting. Never throw container into fire or incinerator.

EPA Reg. No. 432-452

EPA Est. 432 J.J.

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a Unit of CPC international ¶n

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DIRECTIONS FOR USE

ce well before each use. Remove protective cap. Aim spray opening away from person. Push button to spra

NDOORS FOR HOUSEFULES, MOSQUITOES, AND GNATS:

Close all doors and windows. Point nozzle upward, direct the spray mist to all parts of the room, especially indows and other light sources which altract these insects. Fill the room with mist, then leave the treater rea. Keep the room closed for at least 15 minutes. Ventilate the room when treatment is completed.

Roaches, earwigs, grain mites, sowbugs, spiders and centipedes. Spray thoroughly into hiding places such as cracks, crevices, moist areas, openings around pipes and sinks, under refrigerators, baseboards, and storage; been spray directly on insects where possible. Repeat as necessary.

ANTS: Spray trails, nests and points of entry. Spray on ants where possible. Repeat as necessary.

ANIMAL PESTS:

DOGS, CATS - Fleas - Apply directly to animals along back, under forelegs and on other areas. Part hair to contact skin and insure good coverage. Hold nozzle about one foot away while spraying. Apply until hair is thoroughly moist. Do not directly spray in eyes, ears, or mouth of animal. To reduce reinfestation, thoroughly spray the animals bedding and other resting areas. Treat these areas at the rate of two seconds per linear foot while spraying at a distance of 12 to 18 inches. Also spray entire inside surface of dog houses. Repeat as

OUTDOORS - TO KILL FLYING INSECTS:

Spray areas infested with mosquitoes, gnats (midges), houseflies, biting flies and flying moths (millers). Follow precautions listed above. Hold container 18 to 24 inches from shrubs, bushes and grassy areas. Spray these areas with a slow sweeping motion at the rate of from 1 to 3 seconds per cubic yard of space while moving away from the treated areas. To reduce annoyance from these flying insects, treat open porches and patios in a similar manner. Spray only when the air is still. Allow spray to dissipate before occupying the treated area. Repeat as necessary.

OUTDOORS - TO PROTECT ORNAMENTAL PLANTS:

To control aphids, exposed thrip, adult white flies, leafhoppers, plant bugs, spittlebugs and Japanese beetle on smaller rhododendrons, pines, spruce, hemiock, spirea, dogwood, palm, mimosa, toyan, viburnum, euonymus, oaks, maples, locust, forsythia and althea; and mimosa webworm larvae on mimosa, spray directly on insects. Hold container 18 inches from the infested plants. Spray in short spray bursts of one to three seconds or spray at the rate of one linear foot of growth per second. Direct spray to all sides covering foliage until slightly moist. Avoid heavy wetting. Repeat as necessary to obtain control.

Spray peonies, tris, zinnia, snapdragons, ageratums, chrysanthemums, nasturtiums, daisy, geraniums, matigolds, daphne, fatshedera, ivy, tobira, queen sago and broad leaf acacia for control of aphids, exposed thrips, adult white flies, leafhoppers, plant bugs, spittlebugs and Japanese beetles. Spray as directed above.

Ornamental Quince, Juniper, Cypress, Ornamental Mulberry, Ash, Cotoneaster, Rose, Camellia, Azalea, Pyracantha and Caenothus may also be treated to control the above pests, but use with extreme caution. Certain varieties have shown some leaf burn under certain conditions of use such as heavy dosage. Repeat as necessary to obtain control.

INDOORS - TO PROTECT HOUSE PLANTS:

Spray infested African violets, philodendron, geraniums, begonias, coleus for control of listed pests. Repeat application as necessary.

OUTDOORS: TO CONTROL NUISANCE PESTS:

ANTS: Spray trails, nests and points of entry. Spray on ants where possible. Repeat as necessary

FLEAS: Same as directed for indoor use.

SPIDERS: Direct short burst of spray on spiders and repeat as necessary.

WASPS: Application should be made in late evening when insects are at rest. Spray liberally into hiding and breeding places contacting as many insects as possible. Repeat as necessary.

INDOORS - FOR PROTECTION OF WOOLENS .

Apply only to garments, blankets, carpets, and other woolen fabrics before placing in storage for protection from larvae of webbing clothing moths and black carpet beetles.

Dry clean or wash garments and blankets before treating. Clean carpets, draperies and other fabrics by thoroughly brushing before treating.

riuld the container 14 inches to 18 inches from the fabric. Apply the spray while moving evenly from a side to side motion across the fabric while covering one linear foot per second. Spray the entire fabric surface until it is, slightly moist or damp to the touch. When possible treat both sides of the fabric. Do not soak or wet fabric. For maximum protection place treated fabrics after drying in plastic or paper bags. Also treat cracks and crevities of closets, chests and trunks where these fabrics are being stored. Treat the cracks and crevices at the rate of two seconds per linear foot

When applied as directed on fabric and in storage areas this treatment will offer protection for 6 months. To insure protection inspect the fabric in the storage area once every three months. Repeat application only when necessary. Avoid heavy applications