

Reg # 407-264

IM-23

193

Imperial^{*} INC.

GENERAL OFFICE

P. O. Box 98
W. Sixth Ave.
Shenandoah, Iowa 51801 — 0098
712-246-2150

BRANCH PLANT

P. O. Box 333A
Highway 13 North
Albert Lea, Minnesota 56007 — 9683
507-373-2568

February 3, 1993

Joanne I. Miller, Product Manager 23
U.S. Environmental Protection Agency
Office of Pesticide Programs
Registration Division (H7505C)
410 M Street S. W.
Washington D.C. 20460

Dear Ms. Miller:

Subject: Revised labeling and certification of compliance for 2,4-D products.

I, being an authorized representative of Imperial Inc. certify that all containers of Lawn Weed Killer 407-264, produced by June 15, 1994 will bear revised labeling in accordance with the revised labeling required for Task Force technical and manufacturing-use products. I further certify that all containers of said product sold and distributed by this company by January 1, 1995 will bear revised labeling in accordance with the revised labeling required for Task Force technical and manufacturing-use products.

Sincerely,



Gene R. Currie
Regulatory Affairs Manager

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

It is a violation of Federal Law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.

When using this product, wear long-sleeved shirt, long pants, sock, shoes, rubber gloves.

Do not allow people (other than applicator) or pets on treatment area during application. Do not enter treatment areas until spray has dried or dust has settled.

After using this product, rinse gloves before removing, remove clothing and launder separately before reuse, and promptly and thoroughly wash hands and exposed skin with soap and water. Remove saturated clothing as soon as possible and shower.

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

STORAGE: Store in original container, in a cool, dry, secure area, away from fertilizer, food or feed. Keep container closed.

PRODUCT DISPOSAL: Securely wrap original container in several layers of newspaper and discard in trash.

CONTAINER DISPOSAL: Do not reuse container. Securely wrap original container in several layers of newspaper and discard in trash.

Avoid drift of spray (coarse sprays are less likely to drift) on to vegetables, flowers, ornamental shrubs, trees, and other desirable crop plants. Do not apply within the drip line of small trees or shrubs. Do not use on St. Augustine grass or dichondra nor on lawns or turf where desirable bent-grass or clovers are present. Do not use on newly seeded lawns or turf. Use spray equipment for applying 2,4-D combinations only to turf.

Timing of Applications: The maximum number of broadcast applications per treatment site is 2 per year. Best results are obtained when Lawn Weed Killer is used on weeds that are young and in a rapid growing condition.

Lawn and Ornamental Turf Use: Dilute with water and apply as a spray. For best results, apply when air temperatures are 50o to 95oF. To minimize drift, use coarse spray. One gallon of mixed spray should cover about 250 square feet.

For early season use against broadleaf plantain, buckhorn plantain and dandelions, mix 1 tablespoon (1 fluid ounce) Lawn Weed Killer per gallon of water. Apply to thoroughly wet the weeds.

For late season use against mature broadleaf plantain, buckhorn plantain, dandelions, and for control of wild onion, garlic, henbit, chickweed, white clover, poison ivy and poison oak, mix 8-1/2 teaspoons (1.4 fluid ounces) Lawn Weed Killer per gallon of water. Apply to thoroughly wet all plant foliage. On wild onion and garlic, apply one of the 2 treatments allowed in the Spring and the second in the Fall.

NOTICE

Seller warrants that this product conforms to its chemical description and is reasonably fit for the purpose stated on the label when used in accordance with directions under normal conditions of use. Neither this warranty nor any other warranty of merchantability or fitness for a particular purpose, express or implied, extends to the use of this product contrary to label instructions or under abnormal conditions, or under conditions not reasonably foreseeable to seller, and buyer assumes the risk of any such use.

293

Task Force changes submission.

IMPERIAL
LAWN WEED KILLER
(Contains BANVEL D and 2,4-D)

ACTIVE INGREDIENTS:

Dimethylamine Salt of dicamba (3,6-dichloro-o-anisic acid)*.....	6.82%
Dimethylamine Salts of related acids	1.20%
Dimethylamine Salt of 2,4- dichlorophenoxyacetic acid**.....	13.34%

INERT INGREDIENTS:	<u>78.64%</u>
Total	100.00%

*Equivalent to 5.66% 3,6-dichloro-o-anisic acid (dicamba) or .5 pounds per gallon.

**Equivalent to 11.09% 2,4-dichlorophenoxyacetic acid or 1 pound per gallon.

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN

CAUTION

SEE SIDE PANEL FOR ADDITIONAL PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS

EPA Reg. No. 407-264
EPA Est. 407-IA-1

F-90

Manufactured by
IMPERIAL INC.
Shenandoah, IA 51601

NET CONTENTS _____

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS
HAZARDS TO HUMANS AND DOMESTIC ANIMALS
CAUTION

Harmful if swallowed. Avoid inhalation of spray mist. Avoid contact with skin, eyes, and clothing. In case of contact flush with water; for eyes, get medical attention.

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS

This product is toxic to aquatic invertebrates. Drift or runoff may adversely affect aquatic invertebrates and nontarget plants. Do not apply directly to water or wetlands (swamps, bogs, marshes, and potholes). Do not contaminate water when disposing of equipment washwaters.

Most cases of groundwater contamination involving phenoxy herbicides such as 2,4-D have been associated with mixing/loading and disposal sites. Caution should be exercised when handling 2,4-D pesticides at such sites to prevent contamination of groundwater supplies. Use of closed systems for mixing or transferring this pesticide will reduce the probability of spills. Placement of the mixing/loading equipment on an impervious pad to contain spills will help prevent groundwater contamination.