JAPANESE EPA EST. NO. 403 PROTECT DESTRO BEETL YOUR LAWN SPRIN YOUR IBS OF LAWN ź A THE SUM-

NO SPRAYING - NO DIGGING Directions for use of DOOM Spore Powder * Shake or roll package to fluff up DOOM. * Apply one level teaspoon of DOOM on grass in spots four feet apart in rows four feet apart. * Treat only the mawed grass areas. * Apply DOOM ony time during the grawing season.



DOOM must be used against the grub of the Japanese beetle, as it will have no direct effect on the adult beetle.

ONLY ONE TREATMENT NEEDED

This powder is made up of the spores of the bacteria which cause Milky Disease in the Japanese beetle GRUB. It was named Milky Disease because of the increased whiteness of the grub as the bacteria multiply inside its body. The infected grub dies and disintegrates, liberating the spores in the sail and perpetuating the effect of the introduced powder.

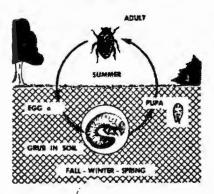
Milky Disease Spore Powder was developed through the research of the scientists of the United States Department of Agriculture.

The World's First Commercial Laboratory of Insect Pathology

THE JAPANESE BEETLE

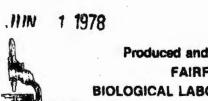
The adult Japanese beetles lay eggs in the grass roots of lawns. The eggs hatch into grubs which eat the roots during the growing season, and thereby damage the lawn causing extensive bare spots. Grubs grow up to be beetles which destroy foliage, fruit, and flowers. In fact, the Japanese beetle feeds on more than 275 different plants, shrubs and trees. This tampant destruction is best prevented by attacking the weakest link in the life cycle of the beetle, namely the GRUB.

ANNUAL LIFE CYCLE



ACTIVE INGREDIENTS: A mixed culture of not less than 100 million viable spores of resistant stages of either or bath Bacillus popilliae or Bacillus lentimorbus per gram of inert pawder.

CAUT N-KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN



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Produced and packed by FAIRFAX BIOLOGICAL LABORATORY, INC.

