

UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY

OCT 23 1991

305-5399513
17/23

Mr. Willard F. Cummings
Uniroyal Chemical Co., Inc.
74 Amity Road
Bethany, CT 06525

Dear Mr. Cummings:

Subject: Label Revision-Change Dry Beans PHI from 28 to 14 Days,
Addition of Minor Non-Food Use Jojoba, Addition of
Phytotoxicity Statement and Minor change to Explain
Pounds of Active Ingredient per Gallon Comite
COMITE
EPA Registration Number 400-104
Your Amended Registration Dated June 28, 1991

The labeling referred to above, submitted in connection with
registration under the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and
Rodenticide Act, as amended, is acceptable. A stamp copy of the
labeling is enclosed for your record.

Sincerely,

George T. LaRocca
Product Manager (13)
Insecticide-Rodenticide Branch
Registration Division (H7505C)

CC: ~~Jane Tolerton~~

Heeman Tomer - Registration Br.
Sepeho Haddad - Special Review Branch

CONCURRENCES

SYMBOL	H7505C						
SURNAME	LaRocca						
DATE	10.16.91						

COMITE®

AGRICULTURAL MITICIDE

Note: Circled numbers refer to numbered explanations on attachment to Section II (form 8570-1).

RECOMMENDED FOR AGRICULTURAL USE ONLY



ACCEPTED

OCT 23 1991

for the
EPA Reg. No. 400-104

COMPOSITION

Active Ingredients: (% by weight)	
Propargite [2-(p-tert-butylphenoxy) cyclohexyl 2-propynyl sulfite]*	73.0%
Inert Ingredients	27.0%
Total	100.0%

*Contains 6.55 lbs. active ingredient propargite per gallon

UNIROYAL CHEMICAL COMPANY, INC., Middlebury, CT 06749

EPA REG. NO. 400-104

EPA EST. NO.

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NET WEIGHT

**KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN
DANGER**

PELIGRO

PRECAUCION AL USUARIO: Si usted no lee ingles, no use este producto hasta que le etiqueta haya sido explicado ampliamente.

STATEMENT OF PRACTICAL TREATMENT

- IF IN EYES: Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water. See a physician.
- IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air. Apply artificial respiration if symptoms indicate. Call a physician.
- IF ON SKIN: Wash thoroughly with soap and water. Get medical attention.
- IF SWALLOWED: Do not induce vomiting. Drink promptly a large quantity of milk, egg whites or gelatin solution. If these are not available, drink large quantities of water. Avoid alcohol. Call a physician or Poison Control Center immediately.

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS

HAZARDS TO HUMANS

DANGER

Corrosive, causes eye damage. May be fatal if inhaled. Harmful if swallowed or absorbed through skin. Do not breathe vapors or spray mist. Do not get in eyes, on skin or on clothing. Wash hands and face thoroughly with soap and water after use and before eating, drinking or smoking. (See use restrictions for protective clothing and clean up requirements)

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS

This pesticide is toxic to fish. Do not apply directly to water or wetlands (swamps, bogs, marshes, and potholes). Drift or runoff from treated areas may be hazardous to aquatic organisms in neighboring areas. Do not contaminate water when disposing of equipment washwaters.

PHYSICAL OR CHEMICAL HAZARDS

Flammable, keep away from heat and open flame.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.

REENTRY STATEMENT- EXCEPT FOR HARVESTING

Do not apply this product in such a manner as to directly or through drift expose workers or other persons. The area being treated must be vacated by unprotected persons. Do not enter treated areas until sprays have dried. Protective clothing requirements are outlined below for the indicated reentry.

TIME FOR REENTRY			
LOW EXPOSURE ACTIVITIES			
CROP	EARLY (1,2) ENTRY WORKER	IRRIGATOR, TRACTOR DRIVER, SCOUT (3)	ALL OTHER (2,4,5) ACTIVITIES
All labeled crops	when sprays have dried	48 hours	7 days

1. Early entry is defined as any worker who is directed to enter a reentry restricted area prior to the expiration of any reentry interval that applies to that area. This will include those activities necessitated by unexpected events such as weather, pest conditions, equipment failure, etc. and does not include routine cultural practices.
2. These workers will wear protective clothing to include at least:
 - a hat or other suitable head covering
 - long-sleeved shirt and long-legged trousers or a coverall type garment (closely woven fabric covering the body including arms and legs).
 - chemical resistant gloves.
 - shoes and socks.

NOTE: Occupants of enclosed cab vehicles must wear normal work attire.
3. These workers will wear normal work attire to include at least:
 - a hat or other suitable head covering.
 - long-sleeved shirt and long-legged trousers
 - shoes and socks

4. All other activities include those which have high foliar exposure such as pruners, cane turners and tippers (table grapes), etc.

5. See use directions for time of harvest after last application. Because certain states may require more restrictive reentry intervals for various crops treated with this product, consult your State Department of Agriculture for further information.

Written or oral warnings must be given to the workers who are expected to be in a treated area or in an area to be treated with this product. When oral warnings are given, warnings shall be given in a language customarily understood by workers. Oral warnings must be given if there is reason to believe that written warnings cannot be understood by workers. Written or oral warnings must include the following information:

"DANGER, Area to be treated with Propargite on (date of application). Do not enter until sprays have dried. Tractor drivers and irrigators and scouts wearing normal work attire may enter after 48 hours. Do not enter treated areas without protective clothing to perform activities that involve substantial or prolonged exposure with treated foliage for (enter number of days)."

If accidentally exposed, consult the Statement of Practical Treatment portion of this label for first aid recommendations.

USE RESTRICTIONS

Mixer/loaders must wear goggles or a face shield, chemical-resistant apron, long-sleeved shirt, long pants, and mid-forearm to elbow length chemical-resistant gloves. Applicators, if applying more than 2 pints of COMITE per acre in air blast equipment to citrus must be in an enclosed cab. At rates of 2 pints or less and if not in an enclosed cab, applicators must wear goggles, wide brimmed hat, a long-sleeved shirt and long pants, and chemical-resistant gloves while applying this pesticide.

Any article of clothing worn while mixing, loading or applying product must be cleaned before re-use. Clothing should be laundered separately from

household articles. Clothing that has been drenched or has otherwise absorbed concentrated pesticide must be disposed of in a sanitary landfill, incinerated, or burned if allowed by State and local authorities. Do not apply this product through any type of irrigation system.

Do not mix COMITE with alkaline materials (such as lime, Bordeaux mixture or lime sulfur) or with materials containing a large amount of petroleum type solvents.

Do not use in spray solution above pH 10.

Do not plant any food or feed crop in rotation within 8 months after last application of propargite unless the crop is a registered use for propargite.

Cotton - Apply only before bolls open. Do not feed treated foliage or cotton trash to livestock.

Beans - Do not feed or forage treated bean vines or bean trash after harvesting.

Peanuts - Do not graze or feed livestock on treated areas or cut treated forage for hay.

Do not graze or feed livestock on cover crops grown among the trees and vines listed on this label.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

COMITE is a liquid emulsifiable concentrate for preparing sprays to control banks grass, Pacific spider, strawberry spider and two-spotted spider mites.

COMITE is not systemic in action, therefore complete coverage of both upper and lower leaf surfaces and of fruit is necessary for effective control.

After three-quarters full of water, add recommended dosage (from table) of COMITE to the spray tank. Fill tank, agitate and spray thoroughly to cover foliage and fruit for best results.

DOSEAGE INSTRUCTIONS

CROP	MITES CONTROLLED	TIMING OF APPLICATION	AMOUNT OF COMITE PER ACRE	GALLONS OF SPRAY SOLUTION PER ACRE		TOTAL NUMBER OF SPRAYS PER YEAR	EARLIEST HARVEST DAYS AFTER APPLICATION
				Ground Application	Aerial Application		
COTTON (California & Arizona only)	two-spotted spider Pacific spider strawberry spider	Early ⁽¹⁾	1 pint	15 ⁽²⁾ to 30	Not recommended	3	Before bolls open
		Mid Season to Layby	1 1/2 to 2 pints	25 ⁽²⁾ to 40	-		
			2 pints	-	5 to 15		
		Layby	2 pints	25 ⁽²⁾ to 50	5 to 15		
Layby to Boll Opening	2 pints	-	5 to 15				
COTTON (East of the Rocky Mts.)	two-spotted spider Pacific spider Strawberry spider	Early ⁽¹⁾	1 pint	15 ⁽²⁾ to 30	Not recommended	3	Before bolls open
		Mid Season to Layby	1 to 2 pints	25 ⁽²⁾ to 40	5 to 15		
		Layby to Boll Opening	2 pints	25 ⁽²⁾ to 50	5 to 15		
FIELD CORN ^(3,4) & POPOCORN	two-spotted spider Banks grass		2 to 3 pints	minimum of 20	minimum of 2 ⁽⁴⁾	1	30
SWEET CORN ⁽⁵⁾ (California only)	two-spotted spider Banks grass		2 to 3 pints	minimum of 20	minimum of 2	1	30
SORGHUM ⁽⁶⁾ (East of Rocky Mountains)	two-spotted spider Banks grass		1 1/2 to 2 pints	minimum of 20	minimum of 5	1	stage 30 grain 60
PEANUTS ⁽⁷⁾	two-spotted spider		2 pints	minimum of 20	minimum of 5	1	14
POTATOES ⁽⁸⁾ (Pacific North-west Only)	two-spotted spider		1 1/2 to 2 1/2 pints ⁽⁷⁾	20 to 50	minimum of 10	2	14
BEANS ⁽⁹⁾ (green, lima & dry) (West of Rocky Mts.)	two-spotted spider		2 to 3 pints	minimum of 20	minimum of 5	2	succulent - 7 dry - 14
ORANGES & GRAPEFRUIT ⁽¹⁰⁾ Florida & Texas only	citrus red Texas citrus six spotted citrus rust false spider brood mite		2 to 3 pints	minimum of 25	minimum of 10	2	21
JOJOBA ⁽¹¹⁾	mites Tetranychus sp.		2 pints	20 to 40	minimum of 5	2	

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APPLICATION NOTES

COTTON

1. COMITE may be phytotoxic to young cotton under certain conditions. Age and climatic conditions result in a physiological hardening when plants are generally between 6 and 12 inches tall. Applications can begin after plants are hardened.
2. COMITE may be used in concentrate sprayers designed for concentrate row crop applications. Maintain COMITE dosage rate per acre.

CORN

3. Treat early. Best results are achieved when mite populations are low, before the mites have damaged the plants. Treatment is recommended when mite populations are just beginning to build, and the corn is still small enough (usually 3 to 4 feet) to allow good coverage. In California, ensure applications are made only when corn leaves are dry. This is especially true for white corn varieties which are the most susceptible to plant injury.
4. In Kansas and Colorado, use a minimum of 2 gallons spray solution per acre. In California, best results are obtained from applying 10-20 gallons of spray solution per acre. In Texas and New Mexico and other states, use a minimum of 5 gallons spray solution per acre.

GRAIN SORGHUM

5. Due to the large number of varieties of sorghum, it is recommended that a small test plot be treated to check phytotoxicity before using COMITE on a large area.

PEANUTS

6. When temperatures are greater than 90°F with high humidity some leaf phytotoxicity may occur.

POTATOES

7. The 2½ pints per acre rate should be used when the crop is under extreme mite pressure.

BEANS

8. Do not use on varieties grown for fresh market or on varieties whose value is linked to pod appearance as pods may be spotted.

CITRUS

9. Apply in sufficient water for thorough coverage.
10. Leaf distortion and/or fruit spotting may occur when used in the spring or it may occur if COMITE is tank mixed with oil or applied within two weeks prior to or following an oil application.

JOJOBA

11. Apply to foliage when mite populations reach damaging numbers. A second application may be made in 10 days if further control is needed.

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Do not contaminate water, food or feed by storage or disposal.

PESTICIDE DISPOSAL: Pesticide wastes are acutely hazardous. Improper disposal of excess pesticide, spray mixture or rinsate is a violation of Federal Law. If these wastes cannot be disposed of by use according to label instructions, contact your State Pesticide or Environmental Control Agency, or the Hazardous Waste representative at the nearest EPA Regional Office for guidance.

CONTAINER DISPOSAL: Triple rinse (or equivalent). Then offer for recycling or reconditioning, or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by other procedures approved by state and local authorities.

IMPORTANT NOTICE—Seller warrants that this product conforms to its chemical description and is reasonably fit for the purposes stated on the label when used in accordance with the directions and instructions specified on the label under normal conditions of use, but neither this warranty nor any other warranty of merchantability or fitness for a particular purpose, express or implied, extends to the use of this product, contrary to label instructions, or under abnormal conditions, or under conditions not reasonably foreseeable to seller, and buyer assumes the risk of any such use.