

A Chipman Weed Control Product

BUCTRIL[®] A Selective Weed Killer

For Early Control of Broadleaf Seedling Weeds in Wheat and Barley



UNTREATED

TREATED

PURPLE (BLUE) MUSTARD CONTROL 60 DAYS AFTER APPLICATION

Wheat planted November 30. Treated February 20 when crop was in the 3-leaf stage, mustard was up to the size of a half dollar. Photo taken April 22.

Controls These Tough Weeds

FIDDLENECK (TARWEED) • PURPLE MUSTARD
WILD BUCKWHEAT • GROMWELL
AND MANY OTHERS

When Sprayed in Seedling Stage

SEE REVERSE SIDE FOR LABEL INFORMATION

EARLY WEED CONTROL: BUCTRIL should be applied soon after weeds emerge, when they are still seedlings. It may be used as early as the 2-leaf stage of wheat or barley and should be applied before the boot stage.

BETTER WEED CONTROL: Early application results in excellent control of many annual broadleaf weeds in wheat and barley.

STOPS WEED COMPETITION: Early control of seedling weeds prevents weed competition before it can rob the crop of moisture and plant nutrients.

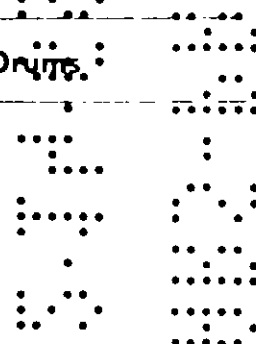
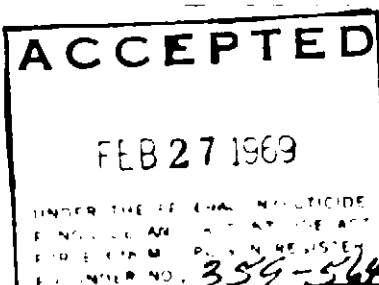
EASIER HARVEST: Better weed control with BUCTRIL results in a cleaner, faster and easier harvest.

MINIMUM DOCKAGE: Elimination of susceptible weeds results in minimum dockage.

LESS SHATTERING: Easier harvest results in less shattering.

INCREASES YIELDS: BUCTRIL has increased yields 10 to 15 bushels per acre when applied to wheat and barley in the early stage...when 2,4-D would injure the crop and reduce yields.

Packed in 5 Gallon Drums



MANUFACTURED BY

RHODIA INC., CHIPMAN DIVISION
NEW BRUNSWICK, NEW JERSEY

Atlanta, Ga. • Chicago, Ill. • Bound Brook, N.J. • Pasadena, Tex. • Palo Alto, Calif.
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PRODUCT NO.

156

480-PA

214-00

BUCTRIL (R)

For the control of certain broadleaf weeds in wheat and barley.

ACTIVE INGREDIENT:

Octanoic acid ester of bromoxynil* (3,5 dibromo 4 hydroxybenzonitrile) 33.9%

INERT INGREDIENTS

66.1%

*Bromoxynil octanoate equivalent to 23.31% of bromoxynil or not less than 20 pounds of bromoxynil per gallon

CAUTION: Keep Out of Reach of Children

Harmful if swallowed. Avoid contact with skin, eyes or clothing. In case of contact, flush eyes with plenty of water; get medical attention. Wash skin with soap and water.

Avoid breathing spray mist

Avoid spray drift onto neighboring crops and pastures. Do not store near seeds, fertilizers, insecticides or fungicides. Do not re-use shipping containers, destroy by crushing and burying where possible. Avoid contamination of water intended for irrigation or domestic purposes.

Rinse spray equipment and containers and dispose of liquid wastes in a proper manner. Do not apply to crop lands located away from water supply.

This product is toxic to fish and wildlife. Keep out of lakes, streams or ponds. Apply this product only as specified on this label.

CONTROL THESE WEEDS IN THE SEEDLING STAGE

- | | |
|--|--|
| Blue (Purple) Mustard
(<i>Chlorispora tenella</i>) | London Rocket (<i>Sisymbrium irio</i>) |
| Corn Chamomile (Mayweed)
(<i>Anthemis arvensis</i>) | Mayweed (Dogfennel)
(<i>Anthemis cotula</i>) |
| Corn Gromwell (<i>Lithospermum arvense</i>) | Peppergrass or Pepperweed
(<i>Lepidium spp.</i>) |
| *Cow Cackle (<i>Saponaria vaccaria</i>) | Shepherdspurse
(<i>Capsella bursa pastoris</i>) |
| Fiddleneck (Tarweed)
(<i>Amsinckia intermedia</i>) | Silverleaf Nightshade
(<i>Solanum elaeagnifolium</i>) |
| Field Pennycress (<i>Thlaspi arvense</i>) | Tartary Buckwheat
(<i>Eragrostis tataricum</i>) |
| Green Smartweed
(<i>Polygonum scrubum</i>) | Tarweed (<i>Hemizonia spp.</i>) |
| *Groundsel (<i>Senecio vulgaris</i>) | *Tumble (Jim Hill) Mustard
(<i>Sisymbrium altissimum</i>) |
| *Henbit (Dead Nettle)
(<i>Lamium amplexicaule</i>) | Wild Buckwheat
(<i>Polygonum convolvulus</i>) |
| Knawel (<i>Sceleranthus annuus</i>) | *Wild Mustard (<i>Brassica kaber</i>) |
| Lambsquarters (<i>Chenopodium album</i>) | |

*Less susceptible weed

DIRECTIONS

IMPORTANT: Spray weeds soon after emergence to prevent competition to the crop.

WHEN TO APPLY: Make application before the weeds are still seedlings and before they become shaded by the crop. Plants are stressed from lack of moisture.

AMOUNT TO USE: Use 1 1/2 pints per acre for less susceptible weeds marked in the list; use 2 pints per acre for more susceptible weeds.

HOW TO APPLY: Apply as a water mix spray. Good coverage of the weeds is essential.

FOR GROUND APPLICATION EQUIPMENT: Use a total spray per acre. Use a higher gallonage if weeds are heavy. Nozzle pressure should be at least 20 p.s.i.

FOR AERIAL APPLICATION: Apply in a minimum of 100 gallons per acre. The plane should fly at a height above the weeds. Width of swath flown must not exceed 100 feet.

NEWLY PLANTED GRASSES FOR SOYBEANS

Apply 1 1/2 pints of BUCTRIL per acre after grasses are past the 3 to 4 leaf stage.

Use 2 pints of BUCTRIL per acre if weeds are less than 6 inches in height and before flower formation. Should be treated when these rosettes are less than 1/2 inch in diameter.

This treatment may be used on seedling grasses such as common Kentucky bluegrasses, Pennlawn, Chewino grass, Highland, Seaside or Astoria bentgrass, seed or sod production, or forage grasses planted only.

Local conditions may affect the use of this product. Consult your extension or Experiment Station weed specialist for local weed problems.

Follow directions carefully. Timing and method of application, mixtures with other chemicals not specified, and other influencing factors in the use of this product are the responsibility of the Buyer. Buyer assumes all risks of use, storage or handling in accordance with directions given herewith.

Do NOT Store with