PRODUCT NO.

NET CONTENTS GALLONS

aug. 21, 1975 BUCTRIL BUCTRIL Base Such as industrial sites

For the control of certain broadleaf weeds in wheat, barley, oats, rye, flax, and non-crop areas such as industrial sites, vacant lots, roadsides, and railroad rights-of-way.

ACTIVE INGREDIENT:

Octanoic acid ester of bromoxynil* (3,5-dibromo-4-hydroxybenzonitrile) INERT INGREDIENTS

33.8% 66.2%

Shepherdspurse

Silverleaf Nightshade

Tartary Buckwheat

Wild Buckwheat

(Capsella bursa pastoris)

(Solanum elaeagnifolium:

(Fagopyrum tatoricum)

(Sisymbrium altissimum

Wild Mustard / Brassina kaber

Polygonum convolvulus

Tarweed (Hemizonia spp.)

'Tumble (Jim Hill) Mustard

"Bromoxynil octanoate equivalent to 23 200 of bromoxynil or not less than 2.0 pounds of bromoxynil per gallon

WARNING: Keep Out of Reach of Children

Harmful if swallowed. Avoid contact with skin, eyes, or ciething. In case of contact, flush eyes with plenty of water; get medical attention. Wash skin with soap and water.

Avoid breathing spray mist.

Avoid spray drift onto neighboring crops and pastures. Do not store near seeds, fertilizers, insectionals, or fungicides. Do not reuse shipping containers; destroy by crushing and burying where possible. Avoid no tamination of water intended for irrigation or domestic purposes.

Rinse spray equipment and containers and dispose of liquid wastes in a pit in non-crop lands located away from water supply.

This product is toxic to fish and wildlife. Birds and other wildlife in treated areas may be killed. Keep out of takes, streams, or ponds. Do not apply when weather conditions favor drift from areas treated. Do not apply where runoff is likely to occur. Lo not contaminate water by cleaning of equipment, or disposal of wastes. Apply this product only as specified on this label.

Do not graze trea ed fields for 30 days following application.

CONTROLS THESE WEEDS IN THE SEEDLING STAGE

Blue Pu ple) Mustard :Chlorispora tenella) Common Sunflower (Helianthus annuus Corn Chamomile (Mayweed) Anthemis arvensis) Corn Gromwell (Lithospermum arvense)

*Cow Cockle (Saponaria vaccaria) Fiddleneck (Tarweed) (Amsinckia intermedia) Field Pennycress (Thlaspi arvense)

*Less susceptible weed

Green Smartweed Polygonum scrabrum: Groundsel (Senecio vulgaris) "Her bit Dead Nettle) Lamium amplexicaule) Knawel Scleranthus annusi Lambsquarters - Chenopodium album "London Rocket (Sisymbrium (1)0) Mayweed Dogfennel) Anthemis cotula) Peopergrass or Pepperweed

Lepidium spp DIRECTIONS

IMPORTANT: Spray weeds show after emergence for good weed control and to prevent competition to the

WHEN TO APPLY: Make application to small grains before the crop has reached the boot stage. It is important that weeds are sprayed soon after they have emerged, when they are still seedlings and before they become shaded by the crop. Treat flax when 2 to 8 inches tall. Do not treat flax during or after the bud stage. Do not treat flax in humid weather or when the temperature is over 85°F. Do not apply when plants are stressed from lack of moisture

AMOUNT TO USE: Use 1½ pints per acre for the more susceptible weeds. For the less susceptible weeds marked in the list, use 2 pints per acre

HOW TO APPLY: Apply as a water mix spray BUCTRIL is a contact weed killer and good coverage of the weeds is essential.

FOR GROUND APPLICATION EQUIPMENT: Apply in a minimum of 25 gallons total spray per acre. Use a higher gallonage if necessary to get good coverage. Nozzle pressure should be at least 20 p.s.i.

FOR AERIAL APPLICATION: Apply in a minimum of 10 gallons of total spray per acre. The plane should fly at a height above the crop to insure good coverage of weeds. Width of swath flown must not exceed length of spray boom.

NEWLY PLANTED GRASSES FOR SOD OR SEED PRODUCTION

Apply 1½ pints of BUCTRIL per acre after grasses emerge and before broadleaf weeds are past the 3 to 4 leaf stage.

Use 2 pints of BUCTRIL per acre if weeds are beyond the 3 to 4 leaf stage but less than 6 inches in height and before flower formation. Weeds that form rosettes should be treated when these rosettes are less than $1\frac{1}{2}$ inches across.

This treatment may be used on seedling grasses such as Merion. Park, Delta or common Kentucky blue grasses, Pennlawn, Chewings, Illahee or Alta fescues, orchard grass, Highland, Seaside or Astoria bent grasses, perennial ryegrasses planted for seed or sod production, or forage grasses planted for seed production purposes only.

INDUSTRIAL SITES AND NON-CROP AREAS

For broadcast treatment of small weeds: Apply 2 quarts of BUCTRIL with either 2 quarts of surfactant (such as RHODIA SPREADER ACTIVATOR) or 2 gallons of diesel oil in 150 gallons of water for each acre sprayed Thorough coverage is important. Make sure spray boom is high enough to contact tops of all plants. Use adequate spray pressure to contact all leaf surfaces

For spot treatment of scattered infestations or large weeds along fencerows, in vacant lots, and on industrial sites: Mix 1 quart of BUCTRIL with either 1 quart of surfactant (such as RHODIA SPREADER ACTI VATOR) or 1 gallon diesel oil per 100 gallons of spray solution. Cover all the weed foliage theroughly Use at least 200 gallons of spray solution for each acre sprayed.

When using oil, add BUCTRIL to oil—then add water to this mixture while agitating vigorously

Controls these weeds in the seedling stage: In the Southwestern United States, BUCTRIL effectively controls Russian Thistle (Salsola kali), Saltbush (Atriplex spp.), Maresta. Conyza canadensis: Puncturezine (Iri. bulus terrestris), Prostrate Spurge (Euphorbia supina), and Bassia (Bassia spp.).

BUCTRIL should be applied in early summer when Russian Thistle is immature and growing vigorously Best results are obtained when temperatures are 80°F, or higher.

BUCTRIL also controls the weed species listed elsewhere on the label when in the seeding stage of devel opment; that is, when weeds are less than 6 inches in height and are not past the 3 to 4 leaf stage of development.

Caution: BUCTRIL is not recommended for the control of grasses.

Alocal conditions may affect the use of this chemical. Consult State Agricultural Extension or Experiment Station word. specialists for specific recommendations for local weed problems.

Follow directions carefully. Timing and method of application, weather and crop conditions, mixtures with other chemi icals not specifically recommended, and other influencing factors in the use of this product are beyond the control of the seller. Buyer assumes all risks of use, storage, or handling of this material not in strict accordance with directions. given herewith

Do Not Store with Foodstuffs Do Not Store Below 32° F. DO NOT USE, POUR, SPILL, OR STORE NEAR HEAT OR OPEN FLAME

Manufactured by

RHODIA INC. **AGRICULTURAL DIVISION**

SOMERSET, NEW JERSEY



EPA Reg. No. 359-564-AA EPA Est. 359-MO-1 EPA Est. 359-OR-1

PL-0775

