

A Chipman Weed Control Product

BUTOXONE[®] SB

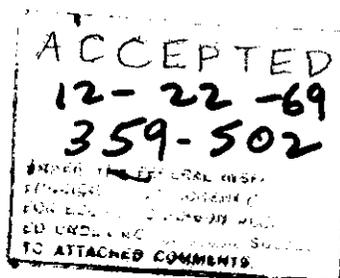
CONTROLS COCKLEBUR IN SOYBEANS

Applied as a Directed Spray or Topical Spray



Use directed spray on soybeans 8 to 12 inches tall.

SEE REVERSE SIDE FOR LABEL INFORMATION



- BUTOXONE SB gives low-cost post-emergence control of cocklebur with one application. Other weeds, including annual morning glory, velvet leaf, jimson weed and giant ragweed are stunted or partially controlled at the same rate recommended for cocklebur.

- BUTOXONE SB can be applied as a **directed spray** when soybeans are 8 to 12 inches tall. For best results, apply when cocklebur does not exceed 3 inches in height. This will stop weed competition before it can rob soybean plants of moisture and nutrients.

- BUTOXONE SB can be applied as a **topical (overhead) spray** 7 to 10 days before soybeans bloom through midbloom.

- BUTOXONE SB weed control prevents weed seeding.

- BUTOXONE SB weed control results in higher yields, plus easier and faster combining.

BUTOXONE SB is a liquid amine formulation of 4-(2,4-DB). It is the only type of post-emergence weed killer used commercially for cocklebur in soybeans.

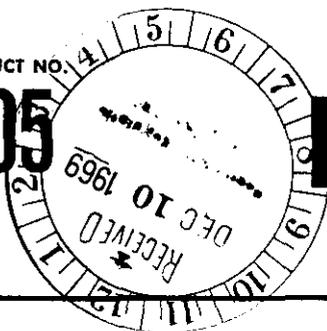
Packed in 30 gallon and 5 gallon drums; 1 gallon jugs, 4 in case.



THE CHEMICALS COMPANY
RHODIA INC. CHIPMAN DIVISION
NEW YORK, N.Y. 10017

PRODUCT NO.

105



BUTOXONE SB[®]

NET CONTENTS
GALLONS

For Use on Soybeans to Control Cocklebur

ACTIVE INGREDIENT:

Dimethylamine salt of 4-(2,4-dichlorophenoxy) butyric acid* 23.0%

INERT INGREDIENTS 77.0%

*Equivalent to 19.5% by weight of 4-(2,4-dichlorophenoxy) butyric acid, or not less than 1.75 lbs. 4-(2,4-DB) acid per gal. at 68°F.

U.S. Patent No. 2,863,754 and U.S. Patent No. 2,866,816

CAUTION: Keep Out of Reach of Children

CAUTION: Avoid contact with skin, eyes or clothing. Do not use so as to contaminate water intended for irrigation or domestic purposes. Do not re-use shipping containers. Do not store near fertilizers, insecticides, fungicides or seeds. Store at temperatures above 32°F. If allowed to freeze, re-mix before using. Avoid spray drift to susceptible plants and crops as it may injure cotton, tobacco, tomatoes, ornamentals, etc. (Coarse sprays are less likely to drift). Do not use on drought stressed beans or damage may result. Small amounts of 2,4-D, MCPA, silvex or 2,4,5-T may damage soybeans; sprayers previously used to apply these chemicals must be thoroughly cleaned with alkali and water before being used for applying Butoxone SB. Similarly, after using Butoxone SB give sprayer a thorough cleaning before using it again to spray susceptible crops. Contact your supplier for special instructions on cleaning spray equipment.

GENERAL INFORMATION

Apply Butoxone SB when Cocklebur are so abundant that they threaten to reduce crop yields. Although effects on susceptible weeds can generally be seen within a few days of application, weed kill is generally slow and may not take place in some cases, until later in the season. While some temporary twisting of the soybean plants may follow an application, this will have little or no permanent effect on the crop. Applications made under adverse growing conditions such as periods of drought will result in injury to the beans; under such conditions, the crop should not be sprayed. Do not spray Butoxone SB on soybeans showing a general infestation of *Phytophthora*. Do not apply more than the recommended amount. Do not make more than one application. For information on sprayer calibration, consult your County Agent or dealer. Do not harvest within 60 days of application.

EFFECTS ON WEEDS: The rates recommended are for the control of Cocklebur (*Xanthium* spp.). These rates will also stunt or partially control certain other weeds including Annual Morning Glory (*Ipomoea* spp.), Velvet Leaf (*Abutilon* spp.), Jimson Weed (*Datura* spp.), and Giant Ragweed (*Ambrosia* spp.).

At the rates recommended for use on soybeans, Butoxone SB has little or no effect on smartweed, common ragweed, lambsquarters, pigweeds, grasses and other weeds not listed.

Do NOT Store with Foodstuffs

TOPICAL (OVERHEAD) APPLICATIONS

WHEN TO USE: Apply from 7 to 10 days before soybeans bloom through mid-bloom. When the soybean plants have turned a dark green color is usually a good indication that the beans are about to bloom. **Caution:** Do not apply if soybeans are suffering from lack of moisture.

AMOUNT TO USE: Apply recommended amount of Butoxone SB using sufficient water to obtain adequate coverage, according to the rates given in the following table:

| If Application is Made at: | Apply 1 gal. Butoxone SB |
|----------------------------|--------------------------|
| 7 to 10 days before bloom | to 10 acres |
| Bloom through mid-bloom | to 8 acres |

Ground Spray Applications—Use a boom sprayer with flat fan-type nozzles. Adjust the height of the boom above the crop so the growing terminals of all weeds are sprayed. Use low pressure (about 20 to 40 lbs. per square inch). Do not use boom jet nozzles.

Airplane Application—Butoxone SB has been successfully applied by airplane using 5 gals. of total solution per acre. The height of application should insure thorough coverage of the tops of the weeds. Best control has resulted from airplane applications with coarse spray when cocklebur is at least crop high. Airplane application is not recommended in the vicinity of susceptible crops, such as cotton, tomatoes and tobacco.

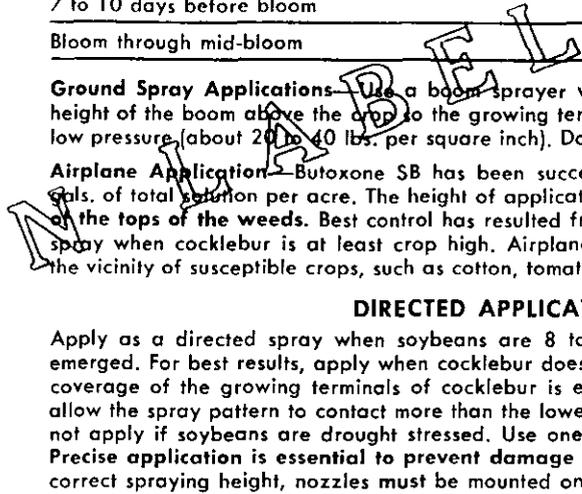
DIRECTED APPLICATIONS

Apply as a directed spray when soybeans are 8 to 12 inches tall and cocklebur have emerged. For best results, apply when cocklebur does not exceed 3 inches in height; good coverage of the growing terminals of cocklebur is essential for effective control. Do not allow the spray pattern to contact more than the lower one-third of the soybean plants. Do not apply if soybeans are drought stressed. Use one gallon of Butoxone SB per 8 acres. **Precise application is essential to prevent damage to the crop.** In order to maintain the correct spraying height, nozzles must be mounted on oiling shoes, skid shoes, or on cultivators with gauge wheels. Do not use booms with drop nozzles.

Local conditions may affect the use of this chemical. Consult state agricultural experimental station or extension service weed specialists for specific recommendations as to dosage and time of application and for control of other weeds.

A Method for weed control in crop areas is covered by U.S. Patent 2,863,754, under which this Company is authorized to extend licenses to others at a royalty rate equal to Ten Cents per pound of active ingredient used. This royalty is included in the price of the product sold under this label. A license to practice the invention with material from any source at the same rate of royalty may be acquired upon written request to the Company.

Follow directions carefully. Timing and method of application, weather and crop conditions, mixtures with other chemicals not specifically recommended, and other influencing factors in the use of this product are beyond the control of the seller. Buyer assumes all risks of use, storage or handling of this material not in strict accordance with directions given herewith.



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