

PRODUCT NO.

2770

RHODIA

2,4-D SODIUM SALT 95

NET WEIGHT
200 POUNDS

Sold for Agricultural Herbicidal Purposes

For Weed Control in Asparagus

ACTIVE INGREDIENT:

2,4-dichlorophenoxyacetic acid, sodium salt, monohydrate*	95.0%
INERT INGREDIENTS	5.0%

*Equivalent to 80.5% 2,4-dichlorophenoxyacetic acid.

CAUTION: Keep Out of Reach of Children

CAUTION: IRRITATING DUST

Avoid Inhaling the Dust. Avoid contact with skin, eyes, or clothing. Do not store near seeds, insecticides, fungicides, or fertilizers.

Do not apply Chipman 2,4-D Sodium Salt 95 directly to, or otherwise permit it to come in contact with, vegetables, flowers, grapes, fruit trees, ornamentals, cotton, or other desirable plants which are sensitive to 2,4-D Sodium Salt and similar materials, and do not permit spray mist containing it to drift onto them, since even minute quantities of the spray may cause severe injury during both growing and dormant periods. (Coarse sprays are less likely to drift.) Accordingly, applications by airplane, ground rigs, and hand dispensers should be carried out only when there is no hazard from drift. Do not apply by airplane in the vicinity of cotton, grapes, or other desirable 2,4-D Sodium Salt susceptible vegetation. Do not contaminate irrigation ditches or water used for domestic purposes.

Do not store near fertilizers, seeds, insecticides, or fungicides. Excessive amounts of 2,4-dichlorophenoxyacetic acid in the soil may temporarily inhibit seed germination or plant growth.

To avoid injury to desirable plants, do not store, handle, or apply other agricultural chemicals with the same containers or equipment used for 2,4-D Sodium Salt 95.

DIRECTIONS

WEED CONTROL IN ASPARAGUS: To control Wild Morningglory and certain other broadleaf weeds in asparagus plantings, use 2 to 2½ pounds per acre in approximately 60 gallons of water. In airplane application, use 2 pounds in approximately 12 gallons of water per acre. A wetting agent can be added if desired in both ground and airplane sprays. Apply on actively growing weeds, usually in April or May. Make no more than 2 applications, and these should be spaced at least 1 month apart during the harvest season. Post-harvest spraying should be only by ground rig, using drop nozzles to avoid spraying the fern. Be sure that use of this product conforms to all applicable regulations.

Local conditions may affect the use of this chemical. Consult State Agricultural Extension or Experiment Station weed specialists for specific recommendations for local weed problems and for information on possible lower dosages.

Follow directions carefully. Timing and method of application, weather and crop conditions, mixtures with other chemicals not specifically recommended, and other influencing factors in the use of this product are beyond the control of the seller. Buyer assumes all risks of use, storage, or handling of this material not in strict accordance with directions given herewith.

LOT No.

EPA Reg. No. 359-423
EPA Est. 359-OR-1
EPA Est. 359-MO-1

PL-1074

ACCEPTED

FEB 24 1975

Under the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Planticide Act, as amended, this pesticide registered under EPA Reg. No. 359-423

Distributed by

RHODIA INC.
AGRICULTURAL DIVISION
SOMERSET, NEW JERSEY

