	U.S. ENVIRONMENTAL PROT AGENCY	ECTION EPA	Reg.	Date of Issuance:
UNITED STARS	Office of Pesticide Program	ns Nun	nber:	
DEENC	Registration Division (7505	SP) 35	2-827	FFD .
THE REAL PROPERTY OF	Ariel Rios Building			FEB - 4 201
AL PROTEC	1200 Pennsylvania Ave., N Washington, D.C. 20460			
			n of Issuance:	·····
	NOTICE OF PESTICIDE:		u u	inconditional
	<u>x</u> Registration	Nam	ne of Pesticide P	roduct:
	Reregistration (under FIFRA, as amended)	Du	lPont™ Fir	nesse® cereal and
	( ,	1	low Herbic	
Name and Address of Re	gistrant (include ZIP Code):		····=	······
E.I. DuPont de Neme	ours and Co.			
P.O. Box 30				
Newark, DE 19712-0		an a	1. 41. 17 MP	
	ring in substance from that accepted in connection with I in commerce . In any correspondence on this product			
	hished by the registrant, the above named pesticide is h			
1. Submit and	ed in accordance with FIFRA sec. 3(c)( /or cite all data required for registration/ gency requires all registrants of similar i	reregistration revie	w of your p	roduct
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# **DuPont<sup>™</sup> Finesse<sup>®</sup>**

cereal and fallow herbicide 25

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ACCEPTED with COMMENTS In EPA Letter Dated: FEB - 4 2010

Under the Federal Instaticide, Fungicide, and Rodentucide Act as amended, for the pesticide registered under EPA Reg. No.

152-827

# DRAFT LABEL

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before boot stage.	Surfactants
	Tank Mixtures4
• No grazing restrictions.	With Other Herbicides
• May be applied by ground or by air.	With 2,4-D (amine or ester) or
• Use in tank mixtures with other registered	MCPA (amine or ester)
herbicides for broader spectrum weed control	With Insecticides
(see TANK MIXTURES).	With Fungicides
• For fallow, use in combinations with other	With Liquid Fertilizer
herbicides. Apply in the spring or fail when the	Specific Weed Problems
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#### ACCEPTED with COMMENTS QUYUNI In EPA Letter Dated: PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS FEB - 4 2010 **DuPont**<sup>TM</sup> Under the Federal Insucticide, **HAZARDS TO HUMANS** Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act AND DOMESTIC ANIMALS as amended, for the pesticide CAUTION! Harmful if swallowed. Causes moderate eye registered under EPA Reg. No intritation. Harmful if absorbed through skin. Avoid contact **Finesse**<sup>®</sup> 352-827 cereal and fallow herbicide before reuse. For Use on Wheat. Barley, and Fallow **Dry** Flowable (PPE) Active Ingredient By Weight Chlorsulfuron 2-Chloro-N-[(4-methoxy-6-methyl category selection chart. -1,3,5-triazin-2-yl)aminocarbonyl] benzenesulfonamide 62.5% wear: Metsulfuron Methyl Long-sleeved shirt and long pants. Methyl 2-[[[(4-methoxy-6-methyl -1,3,5-triazin-2-yl)amino]carbonyl] amino]sulfonyl]benzoate 12.5% Shoes plus socks Other Ingredients 25.0% TOTAL 100% Follow manufacturers instructions for cleaning/ EPA Est. No. \_ EPA Reg. No. 352-XXX U.S. Pats. 4,127,405 & 4,383,113 separately from other laundry. Nonrefillable Container Net: ENGINEERING CONTROL STATEMENTS or Refillable Container Net:

# **KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN** CAUTION

Si usted no entiende la etiqueta, busque a alguien para que se la explique a usted en detalle. (If you do not understand this label, find someone to explain it to you in detail.)

# **FIRST AID**

IF SWALLOWED: Call a poison control center or doctor immediately for treatment advice. Have person sip a glass of water if able to swallow. Do not induce vomiting unless told to do so by a poison control center or doctor. Do not give anything to an unconscious person.

IF IN EYES: Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15-20 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.

IF ON SKIN OR CLOTHING: Take off contaminated clothing. Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15-20 minutes. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.

Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor, or going for treatment. You may also contact 1-800-441-3637 for emergency medical treatment information.

with skin, eyes, or clothing. Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling and before eating, drinking, chewing gum, or using tobacco or using the toilet. Avoid breathing dust or spray mist. Prolonged or frequently repeated skin contact may cause allergic reactions in some individuals. Remove and wash contaminated clothing

# PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT

Some materials that are chemical resistant to this product are listed below. If you want more options follow the instructions for Category A on an EPA chemical resistance

Mixers, loaders, applicators, and other handlers must

Chemical Resistant Gloves made of any waterproof material such as polyethylene or polyvinyl chloride.

Discard clothing and other absorbent material that have been drenched or heavily contaminated with this product. maintaining PPE. If no such instructions for washables exist, use detergent and hot water. Keep and wash PPE

When handlers use closed systems, enclosed cabs, or aircraft in a manner that meets the requirements listed in the Worker Protection Standard (WPS) for agricultural pesticides (40 CFR 170.240(d)(4-6), the handler PPE requirements may be reduced or modified as specified in the WPS.

IMPORTANT: When reduced PPE is worn because a closed system is being used, handlers must be provided all PPE specified above for "applicators and other handlers" and have such PPE immediately available for use in an emergency, such as a spill or equipment break-down.

# USER SAFETY RECOMMENDATIONS

USERS SHOULD: Wash hands before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco, or using the toilet. Users should remove clothing/PPE immediately if pesticide gets inside. Then wash thoroughly and put on clean clothing. Users should remove PPE immediately after handling this product. Wash the outside of gloves before removing. As soon as possible, wash thoroughly and change into clean clothing.

# **ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS**

Do not apply directly to water, or to areas where surface water is present, or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark. Do not contaminate water when disposing of equipment washwaters or rinsate.

# **DIRECTIONS FOR USE**

It is a violation of federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.

Do not apply this product in a way that will contact workers or other persons, either directly or through drift. Only protected handlers may be in the area during application. For any requirements specific to your State or Tribe, consult the agency responsible for pesticide regulation.

# AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS

Use this product only in accordance with its labeling and with the Worker Protection Standard, 40 CFR part 170. This Standard contains requirements for the protection of agricultural workers on farms, forests, nurseries, and greenhouses, and handlers of agricultural pesticides. It contains requirements for training, decontamination, notification, and emergency assistance. It also contains specific instructions and exceptions pertaining to the statements on this label about personal protective equipment (PPE) and restricted-entry interval. The requirements in this box only apply to uses of this product that are covered by the Worker Protection Standard.

Do not enter or allow worker entry into treated areas during the restricted entry interval (REI) of 4 hours.

PPE required for early entry to treated areas that is permitted under the Worker Protection Standard and that involves contact with anything that has been treated, such as plants, soil, or water, is:

Coveralls.

Chemical Resistant Gloves made of any waterproof material.

Shoes plus socks.

DuPont<sup>TM</sup> FINESSE® cereal and fallow herbicide [FINESSE®] must be used only in accordance with directions on this label or in separate published DuPont directions.

DuPont will not be responsible for losses or damages resulting from the use of this product in any manner not specifically directed by DuPont.

Do not apply this product through any type of irrigation system.

# **GENERAL INFORMATION**

FINESSE® herbicide is recommended for use on land primarily dedicated to the long-term production of wheat and barley.

FINESSE® is a dry-flowable granule that controls weeds in wheat (including durum), barley and fallow.

FINESSE® is recommended for use in all states (except in Alamosa, Conejos, Costilla, Rio Grande, and Saguache counties of Colorado - unless directed otherwise by supplemental labeling).

FINESSE® is mixed in water or may be slurried in water then added directly into liquid nitrogen fertilizer solutions and applied as a uniform broadcast spray. A surfactant should be used in the spray mix unless otherwise specified on this label. FINESSE® is noncorrosive, nonflammable, nonvolatile, and does not freeze.

FINESSE® controls weeds by both preemergence and postemergence activity. For best preemergence results, apply FINESSE® before weed seeds germinate. Use sprinkler irrigation or allow rainfall to move FINESSE® 2" to 3" deep into the soil profile.

For best postemergence results, apply FINESSE® to young, actively growing weeds. The use rate depends upon the weed spectrum and size of weeds at the time of application. The degree and duration of control may depend on the following:

- · weed spectrum and infestation intensity
- weed size at application
- environmental conditions at and following treatment

#### Environmental Conditions and Biological Activity

FINESSE® is absorbed through the roots and foliage of plants, rapidly inhibiting the growth of susceptible weeds. For Preplant and Preemergence weed control, rainfall is needed to move FINESSE® into the soil. Weeds will generally not emerge from Preplant and Preemergence applications. In some cases, susceptible weeds may germinate and emerge a few days after application, but growth then ceases and leaves become chlorotic three to five days after emergence. Death of leaf tissue and growing point will follow in some species, while others will remain green but stunted and noncompetitive.

One to three weeks after Postemergence application to weeds, leaves of susceptible plants appear chlorotic, and the growing point subsequently dies. In warm, moist conditions, the expression of herbicide symptoms is accelerated; in cold, dry conditions, expression of herbicide symptoms is delayed. Death of leaf tissue will follow in some species, while others will remain green but stunted and noncompetitive. Postemergence weed control may be reduced if rainfall occurs within 6 hrs after application.

FINESSE® provides the best control of weeds in vigorously growing crops that shade competitive weeds. Weed control in areas of thin crop stand or seeding skips may not provide satisfactory control. However, a crop canopy that is too dense at application can intercept spray and reduce weed control.

The herbicidal action of FINESSE® may be less effective on weeds stressed from adverse environmental conditions (such as extreme temperatures or moisture, drought stress), abnormal soil conditions, or cultural practices that increase weed stress. In these cases, tank mix FINESSE® with other registered herbicides (such as 2,4-D, or MCPA) to aid in control.

### WEED RESISTANCE

Biotypes of certain weeds listed on this label are resistant to FINESSE® and other herbicides with the same mode of action\*, even at exaggerated application rates. Biotypes are naturally occurring individuals of a species that are identical in appearance but have slightly different genetic compositions; the mode of action of an herbicide is the chemical interaction that interrupts a biological process necessary for plant growth and development. If weed control is unsatisfactory, it may be necessary to retreat problem areas using a product with a different mode of action, such as postemergence broadleaf and/or grass herbicides.

If resistant weed biotypes such as kochia, prickly lettuce, and Russian thistle are suspected or known to be present use a tankmix partner with DuPont<sup>TM</sup> FINESSE® cereal and fallow herbicide to help control these biotypes, or use a planned herbicide rotation program where other residual broadleaf herbicides having different modes of action are used.

To better manage weed resistance when using FINESSE®, use a combination of tillage, and tank-mix partners or sequential herbicide applications that have a different mode of action than FINESSE®, to control escaped weeds. Do not let weed escapes go to seed.

Consult your agricultural dealer, consultant, applicator, and/or appropriate state agricultural extension service representative for specific alternative herbicide recommendations available in your area.

It is advisable to keep accurate records of pesticides applied to individual fields to help obtain information on the spread and dispersal of resistant biotypes.

\* Naturally occurring weed biotypes that are resistant to "Amber" herbicide, DuPont<sup>™</sup> ALLY® herbicide, DuPont<sup>™</sup> GLEAN® FC herbicide, DuPont<sup>™</sup> EXPRESS® herbicide, or DuPont<sup>™</sup> HARMONY® EXTRA herbicide will also be resistant to FINESSE®.

# INTEGRATED PEST MANAGEMENT

This product may be used as part of an Integrated Pest Management (IPM) program that can include biological, cultural, and genetic practices aimed at preventing economic pest damage. IPM principles and practices include field scouting or other detection methods, correct target pest identification, population monitoring, and treating when target pest populations reach locally determined action thresholds. Consult your state cooperative extension service, professional consultants or other qualified authorities to determine appropriate action treatment threshold levels for treating specific pest/crop systems in your area.

# USE RATES AND APPLICATION TIMING WHEAT AND BARLEY

#### **Preplant and Preemergence**

Make Preplant/Preemergence applications to winter and spring wheat (except Durum wheat and Wampum variety) only.

FINESSE® can be tank mixed with other products registered for preplant/preemergence use in wheat (such as "Roundup").

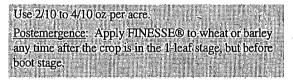
Crop injury may result if FINESSE® is used where an organophosphate insecticide (such as "Di-Syston") has been applied or is intended for use as an in-furrow treatment.

WINTER WHEAT	
Preplant: Apply FINESSE® at 2/10 to 4/10 oz	
per acre (before winter wheat is planted).	
Preemergence: Apply FINESSE® at 2/10 to	
5/10 oz per acre (after planting but before winter	
wheat emerges).	
• In WY, MT, ND, SD, and MN, do not exceed	
3/10 oz per acre Preemergence.	
• Apply at the 5/10 oz per acre rate applied	
Preemergence is only recommended for	
suppressing bromus species (cheat, downy	
brome, Japanese brome), and annual ryegrass.	
SPRING WHEAT	
Preplant/Preemergence: Apply FINESSE® at 2/10	
o 4/10 oz per acre in spring wheat (except Durum)	
wheat and Wampum variety of Spring Wheat).	
• In WY, MT, ND, SD, and MN, do not exceed	
3/10 oz per acre <u>Preplant or Preemergence</u> .	
a na sana ang sana a	
Durum Wheat and Wampum Variety of Spring Wheat - Make applications of FINESSE®	
Postemergence only.	
apply preemergence to late fall plantings when cold	đ

Do not apply preemergence to late fall plantings when cold and/or dry weather can cause delayed seedling emergence and/or stress to seedling plants. Under these conditions, wait until crop has emerged and is showing good vigor before making a postemergence treatment. Crop injury may result when preemergence applications of FINESSE® are made to wheat seeded less than 1" deep.

#### Postemergence

FINESSE® can be tank mixed with other products registered for postemergence use in wheat and barley. FINESSE® should not be used within 60 days of crop emergence if an organophosphate insecticide (such as "Di-Syston") was used as an in-furrow treatment, or crop injury may result.



In areas where late fall or winter cold weather conditions are unpredictable and can be severe (such as the Pacific Northwest and Northern plains), to avoid crop injury due to cold weather, do not make applications during the 1 to 4-leaf stage of wheat or barley. The combined effects of herbicide stress plus cold weather stress can result in greater crop injury than either stress factor alone.

Do not apply FINESSE® during the boot stage or early heading stage, as crop injury may result.

# FALLOW

FINESSE® may be used as a fallow treatment, and may be tank mixed with other herbicides that are registered for use in fallow. Apply FINESSE® at 2/10 - 4/10 oz per acre in the spring or fall when the majority of weeds have emerged and are actively growing.

Read and follow all manufacturer's label recommendations for the companion herbicide. If those recommendations conflict with this label, do not tank mix the herbicide with DuPont<sup>™</sup> FINESSE® cereal and fallow herbicide.

# WEEDS CONTROLLED—FINESSE® Use Rates

FINESSE® effectively controls the following weeds when applied at the rates shown:

#### 2/10 to 3/10 oz per acre

AILO TO SILO OL PET UCIC	
Blue mustard Broadleaf dock	Mayweed chamomile Miners lettuce
Bur beakchervil	Pineappleweed
Bur buttercup (testiculate)	Prickly lettuce <sup>‡†</sup>
Carolina geranium	Prostrate pigweed
Chickweed (common,	Plains coreopsis
jagged, mouseear)	Purslane
Conical catchfly	Redstem filaree
Corn spurry	Redroot pigweed
Cow cockle	Shepherd's purse
Curly dock	Smallseed falseflax
Cutleaf evening primrose	Smooth pigweed
False chamomile	Tansymustard*†
Field pennycress	Treacle mustard
Flixweed*†	(Bushy wallflower)
Groundsel	Tumble mustard (Jim Hill)
Hempnettle	Virginia pepperweed
Henbit	White cockle
Lady's thumb	Wild mustard
Lambsquarters	Wild carrot

#### 3/10 to 4/10 oz per acre

Annual bluegrass*†	Knotweed (prostrate)*†
Annual ryegrass*†	Kochia*†‡
Annual sowthistle	Pennsylvania smartweed*
Bedstraw*†	Prickly poppy (pinnate)
Bromus species (cheat,	Russian thistle*†‡
downy brome,	Speedwell (common,
Japanese brome)*†	ivyleaf)*
Canada thistle*†	Sunflower†
Coast fiddleneck (tarweed)	Vetch <sup>†</sup>
Corn gromwell*†	Wild buckwheat <sup>†</sup>
Dove foot geranium	Wild radish <sup>†</sup>
Green foxtail (pigeongrass)*	

#### 5/10 oz per acre

Bromus species (cheat, downy brome, Japanese brome)\*† Annual ryegrass\*†

\* When used as directed, weeds are suppressed and/or controlled. Weed suppression is a visible reduction in weed competition (reduced population and/or vigor) as compared to an untreated area. Degree of suppression will vary with rate used, size of weeds, and environmental conditions following treatment.

- † See the **Specific Weed Problems** section for more information regarding controlling and suppressing these weeds.
- ‡ Naturally occurring resistant biotypes of kochia, prickly lettuce and Russian thistle are known to occur. See the Tank Mixtures and Specific Weed Problems sections of this label for additional details.

#### **APPLICATION INFORMATION**

#### Product Measurement

FINESSE® is measured using the FINESSE® volumetric measuring cylinder. The degree of accuracy of this cylinder varies by  $\pm$  7.5%. For more precise measurement, use scales calibrated in ounces.

# **Pesticide Handling**

- Calibrate sprayers only with clean water away from the well site.
- · Make scheduled checks of spray equipment.
- Ensure accurate measurement of pesticides by all operation employees.
- · Mix only enough product for the job at hand.
- Avoid overfilling of spray tank.
- Do not discharge excess material on the soil at a single spot in the field/grove or mixing/loading station.
- Dilute and agitate excess solution and apply at labeled rates/uses.
- · Avoid storage of pesticides near well sites.
- When triple rinsing the pesticide container, be sure to add the rinsate to the spray mix.

#### Mixing Instructions

- 1. Fill the tank 1/4 to 1/3 full of water (If using liquid nitrogen fertilizer solution in place of water, see Tank Mixtures sections for additional details).
- 2. While agitating, add the required amount of FINESSE®.
- 3. Continue agitation until the FINESSE® is fully dispersed, at least 5 minutes.
- 4. Once the FINESSE® is fully dispersed, maintain agitation and continue filling tank with water. FINESSE® should be thoroughly mixed with water before adding any other material.
- 5. As the tank is filling, add tank mix partners (if desired) then add the necessary volume of nonionic surfactant. Always add surfactant last.
- 6. If the mixture is not continuously agitated, settling will occur. If settling occurs, thoroughly re-agitate before using.
- 7. Apply FINESSE® spray mixture within 24 hours of mixing to avoid product degradation.
- 8. If FINESSE® and a tank mix partner are to be applied in multiple loads, pre-slurry the FINESSE® in clean water prior to adding to the tank. This will prevent the tank mix partner from interfering with the dissolution of the FINESSE®.

Do not use FINESSE® with spray additives that reduce the pH of the spray solution to below 3.0.

#### **Ground Application**

To obtain optimum spray distribution and thorough coverage, use flat-fan or low-volume flood nozzles.

When using flat-fan nozzles, use a spray volume of at least 3 GPA. When using flood nozzles on 30" spacings, use at least 10 GPA, flood nozzles no larger than TK10 (or the equivalent), and a pressure of at least 30 psi. For 40" nozzle spacings, use at least 13 GPA; for 60" spacings, use at least 20 GPA. It is essential to overlap the nozzles 100% for all spacings.

With "Raindrop" RA nozzles, do not use less than 20 GPA and overlap nozzles 100%.

Use screens that are 50-mesh or larger.

# Aerial Application

Use nozzle types and arrangements that provide optimum spray distribution and maximum coverage at 1 to 5 GPA. Use at least 3 GPA in Idaho, Oregon and Washington.

When applying DuPont<sup>™</sup> FINESSE® cereal and fallow herbicide by air in areas near sensitive crops, use solid-stream nozzles oriented straight back.

#### Surfactants

Unless otherwise specified, add a DuPont-recommended, nonionic surfactant having at least 80% active ingredient at 0.125 to 0.5% v/v (0.5 to 2 qt per 100 gal of spray solution).

The higher rate of surfactant is particularly effective with spray volumes of 5 gallons per acre (GPA) or less and when using low rates of FINESSE®. Consult your agricultural dealer, applicator, or DuPont representative for a listing of recommended surfactants.

Antifoaming agents may be used if needed.

Do not use low rates of liquid nitrogen fertilizer solution as a substitute for surfactant.

#### Tank Mixtures

FINESSE® may be tank mixed with other registered herbicides for use on wheat, barley, and fallow to control weeds listed as suppressed, weeds resistant to FINESSE® or weeds not listed under Weeds Controlled. Read and follow all manufacturer's label recommendations for the companion herbicide. If those recommendations conflict with this label, do not tank mix the herbicide with FINESSE®.

FINESSE® can also be mixed with registered fungicides, insecticides, or liquid fertilizer for use on wheat or barley.

Since tank-mix partners can interfere with FINESSE® dispersion in the spray solution, it is recommended that FINESSE® be slurried in a separate container before adding it to the tank mix. FINESSE® must be in suspension in the spray tank before adding companion products.

#### With Other Herbicides

For postemergence applications to broadleaf weeds, FINESSE® may be tank mixed or used sequentially with one or more registered broadleaf or grass herbicides, such as:

2,4-D (amine or ester)	1/4 to 1/2 lb active ingredient per acre
MCPA (amine or ester)	1/4 to 1/2 lb active ingredient per acre
Bromoxynil: such as	
"Buctril" 4EC	1/4 to 1 pt per acre
"Bronate"	1/2 to 2 pt per acre
"Curtail" & "Curtail" M	1 to 2 pt per acre
Metribuzin: such as "Sencor" DF)	1.5 to 8 oz active per acre
Dicamba: such as	-
"Banvel"*	1/8 to 1/4 pt per acre
"Banvel" SGF*	1/4 to 1/2 pt per acre
"Clarity"	1/8 to 1/4 pt per acre
Diuron: such as	
DuPont™ KARMEX® XP DuPont™ DIREX® 4L	1 to 1 1/2 lb per acre 0.8 to 1.2 qt per acre

\* Tank mixes with Dicamba (such as "Banvel", "Banvel" SGF and "Clarity") may result in reduced weed control of some broadleaf weeds.

When tank mixing FINESSE® and "Assert", ALWAYS include another broadleaf herbicide with a different mode of action (such as: 2,4-D ester, or MCPA ester). Follow the surfactant recommendation on the companion herbicide label. Tank-mix applications of FINESSE® plus "Assert" may cause temporary crop discoloration/stunting or injury when heavy rainfall occurs shortly after application.

Tank mixtures with "Hoelon" 3EC may result in reduced wild oat control.

See recommendations for several of these tank mixtures given below and in the **Specific Weed Problems** section of this label.

#### With 2,4-D (amine or ester) or MCPA (amine or ester)

FINESSE® can be used as a tank-mix treatment with 2,4-D or MCPA (ester formulations provide best results) herbicides after weeds have emerged. For best results, use 2/10 to 4/10 oz of FINESSE® per acre; add 2,4-D or MCPA herbicides to the tank at 1/4 to 1/2 lb active ingredient. Surfactant may be added to the mixture at 1/2 to 1 qt per 100 gal of spray solution; however, adding surfactant may increase the potential for crop injury. Do not add a surfactant when FINESSE® plus 2,4-D or MCPA is applied with liquid fertilizer.

Apply FINESSE® plus MCPA after the 3 to 5-leaf stage but before boot stage. Apply FINESSE® plus 2,4-D after tillering but before boot stage (refer to the appropriate 2,4-D manufacturer's label). Applying a tank mixture of FINESSE®, 2,4-D, or MCPA and liquid fertilizer when temperatures are below freezing or when the crop is stressed from cold weather just prior to winter dormancy can result in foliar burn and/or crop injury.

#### With Diuron (such as DuPont<sup>™</sup> KARMEX® XP)

In areas where annual bluegrass, annual ryegrass, corn gromwell, green foxtail (pigeongrass) and wild buckwheat are the main weed problems, apply 1 to 1 1/2 lb per acre of KARMEX® XP plus 3/10 to 4/10 oz per acre DuPont<sup>TM</sup> FINESSE® cereal and fallow herbicide preemergence. For best results between 1/2" and 1" of rainfall is needed within 1 to 2 weeks after application. Follow all restrictions on the diuron labels.

#### With Insecticides

FINESSE® may be tank mixed with insecticides registered for use on wheat, barley, and fallow. However, under certain conditions (drought or cold stress while crop is in the 2- to 4-leaf stage), tank mixtures or sequential treatments of FINESSE® and organophosphate insecticides (such as methyl or ethyl parathion, or "Di-Syston") may produce temporary crop yellowing or, in severe cases, crop injury. The potential for crop injury is greatest when there are wide fluctuations in day/night temperatures just prior to or soon after treatment. Read and follow directions on companion product labels and limit first use to a small area. If no symptoms of crop injury appear, larger acreage can be treated.

Do not apply FINESSE® within 60 days of crop emergence where an organophosphate insecticide (such as "Di-

Syston") has been applied as an in-furrow treatment, as crop injury may result.

Do not use FINESSE® plus "Malathion", as crop injury may result.

In the Pacific Northwest, do not use FINESSE® with "Lorsban", as crop injury may result.

#### With Fungicides

FINESSE® may be tank mixed with DuPont<sup>™</sup> MANZATE® PRO-STICK<sup>™</sup> fungicide or other fungicides whenever the proper timing for herbicide and fungicide treatments coincide.

#### With Liquid Nitrogen Fertilizer Solution

Liquid nitrogen fertilizer solutions may be used as a carrier in place of water. Run a tank mix compatibility test before mixing FINESSE® in fertilizer solution. If 2,4-D or MCPA is included with FINESSE® and fertilizer mixture, ester formulations tend to be more compatible (See manufacturer's label).

Do not add surfactant when using FINESSE® in tank mix with 2,4-D ester or MCPA ester and liquid nitrogen fertilizer solutions.

DO not use with liquid fertilizer solutions with a pH less than 3.0.

Do not use low rates of liquid fertilizer solution as a substitute for surfactant.

If using low rates of liquid nitrogen fertilizer in the spray solution (less than 50% of the spray solution volume), the addition of surfactant is necessary. When using high rates of liquid nitrogen fertilizer in the spray solution, adding surfactant increases the risk of crop injury. Consult local recommendations for details on surfactant addition.

# Specific Weed Problems

#### Annual bluegrass/annual ryegrass

#### FINESSE® Preemergence

Apply FINESSE® at 5/10 oz per acre preemergence after planting winter wheat but before wheat emerges.

#### or

Apply FINESSE® at 5/10 oz per acre preemergence after planting winter wheat but before wheat emerges followed by a sequential application of metribuzin (such as "Sencor" DF) at 2.25 to 4.5 oz active per acre in the fall once the wheat has reached the 4 to 5-leaf stage of growth and the annual grassy weeds are in the 1 to 3-leaf stage of growth.

#### or

For improved control in the Pacific Northwest, apply a tank mix of FINESSE® at 3/10 to 4/10 oz per acre plus KARMEX® XP at 1 1/2 lb per acre preemergence to bluegrass or ryegrass. One-half to 1" of rainfall is needed to move the herbicides into the weed root zone prior to bluegrass or ryegrass emergence.

# FINESSE® Postemergence

Apply a tank mix of FINESSE® at 2/10 to 4/10 oz per acre and metribuzin (such as "Sencor" DF) at 2.25 to 3 oz active per acre postemergence to the crop and grassy weeds when wheat has reached the 4 to 5-leaf stage of growth and the grassy weeds have reached the 1 to 3-leaf stage of growth.

Note : See Bromus species (cheat, downy brome, Japanese brome) section for additional information on the use of metribuzin (such as "Sencor" DF).

#### **Bedstraw**

Apply FINESSE® at 4/10 oz per acre. For postemergence treatments, apply before bedstraw is over 2" long; use 2 qt of surfactant per 100 gal of spray solution.

#### Bromus species (cheat, downy brome, Japanese brome)

Best suppression of these grasses is achieved by applications of FINESSE® with metribuzin (such as "Sencor" DF) either in tank mixtures or as sequential treatments.

Additional information may be available in a metribuzin supplemental label for winter wheat, barley, and fallow.

Allow for adequate rainfall (1/2 to 1") to move FINESSE® and metribuzin (such as "Sencor" DF) into the weed root zone before weeds germinate and develop an established root system. Lack of adequate rainfall following application will result in reduced performance.

To avoid the risk of cold weather-related crop injury and lack of performance, apply metribuzin (such as "Sencor" DF) before winter dormancy of the crop and grassy weeds. Excessive rainfall immediately after application may result in crop injury. Do not tank mix FINESSE® plus metribuzin with any other pesticide other than surfactants recommended on either the FINESSE® or metribuzin labels. Apply only to metribuzin-approved varieties, see label for listing of sensitive wheat and barley varieties.

#### Preemergence/Sequential Applications

Apply DuPont<sup>TM</sup> FINESSE® cereal and fallow herbicide at 5/10 oz per acre preemergence after planting winter wheat but before wheat emerges. A sequential application of metribuzin (such as "Sencor" DF) may be applied at 2.25 to 3 oz active per acre in the fall once the wheat has reached the 4 to 5-leaf stage of growth and the annual grassy weeds are in the 1 to 3-leaf stage of growth.

Idaho, Oregon, and Washington—Apply FINESSE® at 4/10 to 5/10 oz per acre after planting winter wheat but before wheat emerges.

If suppression of bromegrass is not satisfactory following the preemergence application of FINESSE®, apply a sequential treatment of metribuzin (such as "Sencor" DF) at 1.5 to 3 oz active per acre in the fall when the crop is in the 2-leaf to 3 tiller stage or 3.75 to 6 oz active per acre after winter wheat has at least 4 tillers, 2 inches of secondary root systems throughout the field and actively growing.

#### Postemergence Tank-Mix Applications

Apply a tank mix of FINESSE® at 2/10 to 4/10 oz per acre and metribuzin (such as "Sencor" DF) at 2.25 to 3 oz active per acre postemergence to the crop and grassy weeds when wheat has reached the 4 to 5-leaf stage of growth and the grassy weeds have reached the 1 to 3-leaf stage of growth.

Idaho, Oregon, and Washington–Where broadleaf weeds and bromegrass are the problem, apply a tank mix of FINESSE® at 3/10 to 4/10 oz per acre and metribuzin (such as "Sencor" DF) at 1.5 to 3 oz active per acre in the fall when wheat or barley is in the 2-leaf to 3-tiller stage or use FINESSE® at 3/10 to 4/10 oz and metribuzin at 3.75 to 6 oz active per acre when wheat or barley has at least 4 tillers, 2 inches of secondary root systems throughout the field and actively growing. For best results, make application before bromegrass is in the 2 to 3 leaf stage. Consult precautions and recommendations on the metribuzin labeling before making this application.

**Canada thistle:** Apply FINESSE® with surfactant after the majority of thistles have emerged and while they are small (rosette stage to 4" - 6" tall) and actively growing. For maximum long-term effect, yearly treatment may be required.

**Corn gromwell:** Apply FINESSE® at 4/10 oz per acre or tank mix FINESSE® with Bromoxynil (such as "Buctril" or "Bronate"), and apply postemergence to the crop when weeds are small and actively growing.

#### Flixweed, Tansymustard

For best results, tank mix FINESSE® with 2,4-D or MCPA (esters or amines) and apply postemergence when weeds are actively growing. Kochia, Russian thistle, Prickly lettuce: Naturally occurring resistant biotypes of these weeds are known to occur. For best results, FINESSE® should be applied postemergence in the spring. Apply when kochia, Russian thistle, and prickly lettuce are less than 2" tall or 2" across and are actively growing. Use FINESSE® in a tank mix with Dicamba (such as "Banvel"/"Banvel" SGF/"Clarity") and/or 2,4-D and 2 qt surfactant per 100 gal of spray solution.

**Prostrate knotweed:** For best results, apply FINESSE® preemergence at 3/10 to 4/10 oz per acre to knotweed in the fall.

For postemergence treatments, tank mix FINESSE® at 3/10 to 4/10 oz per acre with 2,4-D, MCPA, Dicamba (such as "Banvel"/"Banvel" SGF/"Clarity") and/or Bromoxynil (such as "Buctril" or "Bronate") and surfactant. Apply to small, actively growing plants (no more than 4 true leaves). For maximum postemergence control, knotweed plants should remain actively growing for 3 to 4 days following application.

Sunflower: For best results, apply FINESSE® after the majority of sunflowers have emerged and are small (not more than 2" tall) and are actively growing. Add surfactant at 2 qt per 100 gal of spray solution. If FINESSE® is applied preemergence, make application in early spring to allow for timely and adequate rainfall to move FINESSE® into the weed root zone before weeds germinate and develop an established root system.

Note: In areas of high rainfall, fall applications may not provide adequate residual control of sunflowers.

Deep-germinating sunflowers that emerge after a spring treatment may not be controlled.

Vetch: For best results, apply FINESSE® postemergence at 4/10 oz per acre plus 1/4 lb active ingredient per acre of 2,4-D or MCPA (amine or ester) and surfactant.

Wild buckwheat: For best results, apply FINESSE® preemergence at 4/10 oz per acre to wild buckwheat in the fall or early spring.

For postemergence applications, tank mix FINESSE® at 4/10 oz per acre with 2,4-D, MCPA, Dicamba (such as "Banvel"/"Banvel" SGF/"Clarity") and/or Bromoxynil (such as "Buctril" or "Bronate") and surfactant. Apply after the majority of seedlings have emerged and are actively growing.

Note : In certain situations 3/10 oz of FINESSE® may provide acceptable control of Wild buckwheat. Consult local DuPont recommendations for additional information.

Wild radish: For best results, apply FINESSE® at 3/10 to 4/10 oz per acre postemergence.

Cereal Crops—Rotation Intervals

		Application Rate	Minimum Rotation Interval (Months)			
Location	Soil pH*	(oz/A)	Wheat/Rye/Triticale**	Oat	Barley	
NE, KS, OK, TX	7.9 or lower	2/10 to 4/10	0	10	· 10	
	7.9 or lower	5/10	4	10 ·	16	
CO, NE (Panhandle), Southeastern WY	7.9 or lower	2/10 to 4/10	.0	10	10	
ID, OR, WA, MT, ND, SD, and	6.5 or lower	2/10 to 4/10	. 0	10	10	
WY (except Southeastern WY)	6.6 to 7.9	2/10 to 4/10	0	10	16	

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\* See the Maximum Use Rates and Soil pH Limitations sections of this label.

\*\* For Durum wheat and Wampum variety of Spring Wheat, follow the rotation intervals listed under Barley

# Non Cereal Crops—Rotation Intervals—Non Irrigated Land

Location		-		Application	Cumulative Precipitation	Rotation Interval
State	County or Area	Crop	Soil pH	Rate (oz/A)	(Inches)	(Months)
Colorado	E. of Continental Divide	Field corn,	7.4 or lower	2/10 to 4/10	20	11
		Millets	7.5 to 7.9	2/10 to 4/10	45	36
		Grain sorghum	7.5 or lower	2/10 to 4/10	45	36
			7.6 to 7.9	2/10 to 4/10	60	48
Idaho*	Northern (Benewah, Bonner, Boundary, Clearwater, Idaho, Koontenai, Latah, Lewis, and Nez Perce	Pea (dry)	6.5 or lower	2/10 to 4/10	35	24
<u></u>	counties)	Lentils	6.5 or lower	2/10 to 4/10	50	36
Kansas	All areas ·	Field Corn,	7.4 or lower	2/10 to 4/10	20	11
		Millets	7.5 to 7.9	2/10 to 4/10	45	36
	Central (Generally E. of Highway 183, W. of the Flinthills)	Grain sorghum Soybeans	7.9 or lower	2/10 to 5/10	25	14
	W. Central and Western	Grain sorghum	7.5 or lower	2/10 to 4/10	21	14
	(generally W. of Highway		7.6 to 7.9	2/10 to 4/10	42	26
	183 to the western edge of	Soybeans	7.5 or lower	2/10 to 4/10	40	24
	Grant, Kearny, Logan, Rawlings, Stevens, Thomas, and Wichita counties)		7.6 to 7.9	2/10 to 4/10	60	36
	Far Western (In the last tier	Grain sorghum	7.5 or lower	2/10 to 4/10	36	26
	of counties along the KS/CO border: Cheyenne, Greeley, Hamilton, Morton, Sherman, Stanton, and Wallace)	Soybeans	7.6 to 7.9	2/10 to 4/10	60	48
Nebraska	All areas	Field Com,	7.4 or lower	2/10 to 4/10	20	11
		Millets	7.5 to 7.9	2/10 to 4/10	45	36
	S. Central (Franklin, Nuckolls, Thayer, and Webster counties)	Grain sorghum Soybeans	7.9 or lower	2/10 to 5/10	25	14
	Western counties (Chase,	Grain sorghum,	7.5 or lower	2/10 to 4/10	40	24
	Dundy, Frontier, Furnas, Gosper, Harlan, Hayes, Hitchcock, Perkins, Phelps, and Red Willow)	Soybeans	7.6 to 7.9	2/10 to 4/10	60	36
	Panhandle (Deuel, Garden, and Sheridan counties and all counties W. to the WY border)	Grain sorghum	7.5 or lower	2/10 to 4/10	45	24
Oklahoma	All areas	Field Corn, Millets	7.4 or lower 7.5 to 7.9	2/10 to 4/10 2/10 to 4/10	20 45	11 36
	East of Panhandle	Grain sorghum, Cotton, Mung beans, Soybeans	7.9 or lower	2/10 to 5/10	25	_14 _
	Panhandle	Grain sorghum	7.9 or lower	2/10 to 4/10	30	25

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# Non Cereal Crops—Rotation Intervals—Non Irrigated Land (continued)

	Location				Cumulative	Rotation
State	County or Area	Сгор	Soil pH	Application Rate (oz/A)	Precipitation (Inches)	Interval (Months)
Oregon*	Northeastern counties (Baker, Umatilla, Union, Wallowa)	Pea (dry)	6.5 or lower	2/10 to 4/10	35	24
		Lentils	6.5 or lower	2/10 to 4/10	50	36
• •	West of the Cascades	Ryegrass (annual and perennial) Crimson Clover	6.5 or less	2/10 to 4/10	20	9
		Red Clover Snap Beans	6.5 or less	2/10 to 4/10	40 .	15
		Field Corn	6.5 or less	2/10 to 4/10	60	22
Texas	All areas	Field Corn, Millets	7.4 or lower 7.5 to 7.9	2/10 to 4/10 2/10 to 4/10	20 45	11 36
	Eastern counties †	Grain sorghum, Cotton, Mung beans, Soybeans	7.9 or lower	2/10 to 5/10	25	14
	† The Eastern counties are: Art Ellis, Falls, Fannin, Franklin, G Montague, Morris, Navarro, Pa Van Zandt, Wichita, Williamso	rayson, Hill, Hood, Hop lo Pinto, Parker, Rains,	pkins, Hunt, Jack, Jo Red River, Robertso	hnson, Kaufman, La	mar, Limestone, McI	Lennan, Milar
	Control countings	Cotton.	7.9 or lower	2/10 to 4/10	0.5	
	Central counties <sup>‡</sup>	,	7.9 or lower	5/10	25 46	14 26
	the Central counties are: Ba     Throckmorton, Wilbarger	Grain sorghum	7.9 or lower	5/10	46	
	‡ The Central counties are: Ba	Grain sorghum	7.9 or lower	5/10	46	
Washington*	‡ The Central counties are: Ba Throckmorton, Wilbarger	Grain sorghum ylor, Callahan, Eastland	7.9 or lower d, Foard, Hardeman,	5/10 Haskell, Knox, Sha	46 ckelford, Stephens,	26
Washington*	† The Central counties are: Ba Throckmorton, Wilbarger Panhandle Eastern (Asotin, Columbia, Garfield, Pend Oreille, Spokane, Stevens,	Grain sorghum ylor, Callahan, Eastland Grain sorghum	7.9 or lower d, Foard, Hardeman, 7.9 or lower	5/10 Haskell, Knox, Shar 2/10 to 4/10	46 ckelford, Stephens, 30	26
Washington* Wyoming	† The Central counties are: Ba Throckmorton, Wilbarger Panhandle Eastern (Asotin, Columbia, Garfield, Pend Oreille, Spokane, Stevens,	Grain sorghum ylor, Callahan, Eastland Grain sorghum Pea (dry)	7.9 or lower d, Foard, Hardeman, 7.9 or lower 6.5 or lower	5/10 Haskell, Knox, Shat 2/10 to 4/10 2/10 to 4/10	46 ckelford, Stephens, 30 35	26 25 24

Note: Do not plant sorghum grown for hybrid seed production

\* In Idaho, Oregon & Washington for peas and lentils, a field bioassay is required if soil pH is above 6.5

# **CROP ROTATION**

Before using DuPont™ FINESSE® cereal and fallow herbicide, carefully consider your crop rotation plans and options. For rotational flexibility, do not treat all of your wheat, barley; or fallow acres at the same time.

#### Minimum Rotation Intervals

Minimum rotation intervals\* are determined by the rate of breakdown of FINESSE® applied. FINESSE® breakdown in the soil is affected by soil pH, soil temperature, soil microorganisms, and soil moisture. Low soil pH, high soil temperature, and high soil moisture increase FINESSE® breakdown in soil, while high soil pH, low soil temperature, and low soil moisture slow FINESSE® breakdown.

Of these three factors, only soil pH remains relatively constant. Soil temperature, and to a greater extent, soil moisture, can vary significantly from year to year and from area to area. For this reason, soil temperatures and soil moisture should be monitored regularly when considering rotating to other crops. \* The minimum rotation interval represents the period of time from the last FINESSE® application to the anticipated date of the next planting.

#### Soil pH Limitations

FINESSE® should not be used on fields having a soil pH above 7.9, as extended soil residual activity could extend crop rotation intervals beyond those specified in the rotation table, and under certain conditions, could injure wheat or barley. In addition, other crops planted in high-pH soils can be extremely sensitive to low concentrations of FINESSE®.

FINESSE® should not be used on soils with a pH below 5.0, as additional crop stress from low pH and aluminum toxicity may result in crop injury.

#### Checking Soil pH

Before using FINESSE®, determine the soil pH of the field. To obtain a representative pH value, take several samples from different areas of the field between 0" and 4" deep and analyze them separately. Consult local extension publications for additional information on recommended soil sampling procedures.

# BIOASSAY

A field bioassay must be completed before rotating to any crop not listed (See the Rotation Intervals table), or if the soil pH is not in the specified range, or if the use rate applied is not specified in the table, or if the minimum cumulative precipitation has not occurred since application.

# Field Bioassay

To conduct a field bioassay, grow test strips of the crop or crops you plan to grow the following year in fields previously treated with DuPont<sup>™</sup> FINESSE® cereal and fallow herbicide. Crop response to the bioassay will indicate whether or not to rotate to the crop(s) grown in the test strips.

If a field bioassay is planned, check with your local DuPont representative for information detailing the field bioassay procedure.

# GRAZING

There are no grazing restrictions on HINESSE®.

# SPRAY EQUIPMENT

For specific application equipment, refer to the manufacturer's recommendations for additional information on GPA, pressure, speed, nozzle types and arrangements, nozzle heights above the target canopy.

Be sure to calibrate air or ground equipment properly before application. Select a spray volume and delivery system that will ensure thorough coverage and a uniform spray pattern with minimum drift. Use higher spray volumes to obtain better coverage when crop canopy is dense. Avoid swath overlapping, and shut off spray booms while starting, turning, slowing, or stopping, to avoid injury to the crop.

Continuous agitation is required to keep FINESSE® in suspension.

# SPRAYER CLEANUP

Spray equipment must be cleaned before FINESSE® is sprayed. Follow the cleanup procedures specified on the labels of previously applied products. If no directions are provided, follow the 6 steps outlined in the After Spraying FINESSE® and before Spraying Crops Other Than Wheat or Barley section.

#### At the End of the Day

When multiple loads of FINESSE® herbicide are applied, it is recommended that at the end of each day of spraying, the interior of the tank be rinsed with fresh water and then partially filled, and the boom and hoses be flushed. This will prevent the buildup of dried pesticide deposits from accumulating in the application equipment.

# After Spraying FINESSE® and before Spraying Crops Other Than Wheat or Barley

To avoid subsequent injury to desirable crops, thoroughly clean all mixing and spray equipment immediately following applications of FINESSE® as follows:

- 1. Drain tank; thoroughly rinse spray tanks, boom, and hoses with clean water. Loosen and physically remove any visible deposits.
- 2. Fill the tank with clean water and 1 gal of household ammonia\* (contains at least 3% active ingredient) for every 100 gal of water. Flush the hoses, boom, and nozzles with the cleaning solution. Then add more water to completely fill the tank. Circulate the cleaning solution through the tank and hoses for at least 15 min. Flush the hoses, boom, and nozzles again with the cleaning solution, and then drain the tank.
- 3. Remove the nozzles and screens and clean separately in a bucket containing ammonia\* and water.
- 4. Repeat step 2.
- 5. Rinse the tank, boom, and hoses with clean water.
- 6. If only ammonia is used as a cleaner, the rinsate solution may be applied back to the crop(s) recommended on this label. Do not exceed the maximum labeled use rate. If other cleaners are used, consult the cleaner label for rinsate disposal instructions. If no instructions are given, dispose of the rinsate on site or at an approved waste disposal facility.
  - \* Equivalent amounts of an alternate-strength ammonia solution or a cleaner which dissolves and removes sulfonylurea herbicide residues can be used in the cleanout procedure. Carefully read and follow the individual cleaner instructions.

#### Notes:

- 1. Caution: Do not use chlorine bleach with ammonia, as dangerous gases will form. Do not clean equipment in an enclosed area.
- 2. Steam-cleaning aerial spray tanks is recommended prior to performing the above cleanout procedure to facilitate the removal of any caked deposits.
- 3. When FINESSE® is tank mixed with other pesticides, all required cleanout procedures should be examined and the most rigorous procedure should be followed.
- 4. In addition to this cleanout procedure, all preapplication cleanout guidelines on subsequently applied products should be followed as per the individual labels.
- 5. Where routine spraying practices include shared equipment frequently being switched between applications of FINESSE® and applications of other pesticides to FINESSE®-sensitive crops during the same spray season, it is recommended that a sprayer be dedicated to FINESSE® to further reduce the chance of crop injury.

# SPRAY DRIFT MANAGEMENT

The interaction of many equipment and weather-related factors determines the potential for spray drift. The applicator is responsible for considering all these factors when making application decisions. AVOIDING SPRAY DRIFT IS THE RESPONSIBILITY OF THE APPLICATOR.

# IMPORTANCE OF DROPLET SIZE

The most effective way to reduce drift potential is to apply large droplets (>150 - 200 microns). The best drift management strategy is to apply the largest droplets that provide sufficient coverage and control. The presence of sensitive species nearby, the environmental conditions, and pest pressure may affect how

an applicator balances drift control and coverage. APPLYING LARGER DROPLETS REDUCES DRIFT POTENTIAL, BUT WILL NOT PREVENT DRIFT IF APPLICATIONS ARE MADE IMPROPERLY OR UNDER UNFAVORABLE ENVIRONMENTAL CONDITIONS! See Wind, Temperature and Humidity, and Surface Temperature Inversions sections of this label.

# CONTROLLING DROPLET SIZE - GENERAL TECHNIQUES

- Volume Use high flow rate nozzles to apply the highest practical spray volume. Nozzles with higher rated flows produce larger droplets.
- Pressure Use the lower spray pressures recommended for the nozzle. Higher pressure reduces droplet size and does not improve canopy penetration. WHEN HIGHER FLOW RATES ARE NEEDED, USE A HIGHER-CAPACITY NOZZLE INSTEAD OF INCREASING PRESSURE.
- Nozzle Type Use a nozzle type that is designed for the intended application. With most nozzle types, narrower spray angles produce larger droplets. Consider using lowdrift nozzles.

#### **CONTROLLING DROPLET SIZE - AIRCRAFT**

- Number of Nozzles Use the minimum number of nozzles with the highest flow rate that provide uniform coverage.
- Nozzle Orientation Orienting nozzles so that the spray is emitted backwards, parallel to the airstream will produce larger droplets than other orientations.
- Nozzle Type Solid stream nozzles (such as disc and core with swirl plate removed) oriented straight back produce larger droplets than other nozzle types.

# **BOOM LENGTH AND HEIGHT**

- Boom Length (aircraft) The boom length should not exceed 3/4 of the wing length, using shorter booms decreases drift potential. For helicopters use a boom length and position that prevents droplets from entering the rotor vortices.
- Boom Height (aircraft) Application more than 10 ft above the canopy increases the potential for spray drift.
- Boom Height (ground) Setting the boom at the lowest height which provides uniform coverage reduces the exposure of droplets to evaporation and wind. The boom should remain level with the crop and have minimal bounce.

#### WIND

Drift potential increases at wind speeds of less than 3 mph (due to variable direction and inversion potential) or more than 10 mph. However, many factors, including droplet size and equipment type determine drift potential at any given wind speed. AVOID APPLICATIONS DURING GUSTY OR WINDLESS CONDITIONS.

Note: Local terrain can influence wind patterns. Every applicator should be familiar with local wind patterns and how they effect spray drift.

# TEMPERATURE AND HUMIDITY

When making applications in hot and dry conditions, set up equipment to produce larger droplets to reduce effects of evaporation.

# SURFACE TEMPERATURE INVERSIONS

Drift potential is high during a surface temperature inversion. Surface inversions restrict vertical air mixing, which causes small suspended droplets to remain close to the ground and move laterally in a concentrated cloud. Surface inversions are characterized by increasing temperature with altitude and are common on nights with limited cloud cover and light to no wind. They begin to form as the sun sets and often continue into the morning. Their presence can be indicated by ground fog; however, if fog is not present, inversions can also be identified by the movement of smoke from a ground source or an aircraft smoke generator. Smoke that layers and moves laterally in a concentrated cloud (under low wind conditions) indicates a surface inversion, while smoke that moves upward and rapidly dissipates indicates good vertical air mixing.

#### SHIELDED SPRAYERS

Shielding the boom or individual nozzles can reduce the effects of wind. However, it is the responsibility of the applicator to verify that the shields are preventing drift and not interfering with uniform deposition of the product.

# SENSITIVE AREAS

The pesticide should only be applied when the potential for drift to adjacent sensitive areas (e.g., residential areas, bodies of water, known habitat for threatened or endangered species, non-target crops) is minimal (e.g, when wind is blowing away from the sensitive areas).

#### **DRIFT CONTROL ADDITIVES**

Drift control additives may be used with all spray equipment with the exception of controlled droplet applicators. When a drift control additive is used, read and carefully observe cautionary statements and all other information on the label. It is recommended that drift control additives be certified by the Chemical Producers and Distributors Association (CPDA).

# Air Assisted (air blast) Field Crop Sprayers

Air assisted field crop sprayers carry droplets to the target via a downward directed air stream. Some may reduce the potential for drift, but if a sprayer is unsuitable for the application and/or set up improperly, high drift potential can result. It is the responsibility of the applicator to determine that a sprayer is suitable for the intended application, is configured properly, and that drift is not occurring.

#### PRECAUTIONS

- Wheat and barley varieties may differ in their response to various herbicides. DuPont recommends that you first consult your state experiment station, university, or extension agent as to sensitivity to any herbicide. If no information is available, limit the initial use of DuPont<sup>TM</sup> FINESSE® cereal and fallow herbicide to a small area.
- Do not apply to wheat or barley undersown with legumes and grasses, as injury to the forages will result.
- Do not apply to frozen ground where surface runoff may result.
- Do not apply to snow-covered ground.
- Do not apply to irrigated land where tailwater will be used to irrigate other cropland.

- Do not make more than one application of this product per growing season.
- Wherever DuPont<sup>™</sup> FINESSE® cereal and fallow herbicide is used on land previously treated with DuPont<sup>™</sup> GLEAN®
- FC, DuPont<sup>™</sup> ALLY®, "Amber", "Assert", or other longer residual herbicides with the same mode of action, read the rotational guidelines on both labels and follow the one with the longest interval stated for your situation before choosing to rotate to crops other than wheat or barley.
- Do not use less than 2/10 oz per acre of FINESSE® preplant, preemergence, or postemergence.
- To reduce the potential for movement of treated soil due to wind erosion, do not apply to powdery, dry, or light sandy soils until they have been stabilized by rainfall, trashy mulch, reduced tillage or other cultural practices. Injury to adjacent crops may result when treated soil is blown onto land used to produce crops other than cereal grains.
- For ground applications applied postemergence to weeds when dry, dusty field conditions exist, control of weeds in wheel track areas may be reduced. The addition of 2,4-D or MCPA should improve weed control under these conditions.
- Do not apply FINESSE® preemergence on wheat if the wheat has germinated and has started to emerge above the soil surface.
- Do not use FINESSE® preemergence on wheat that has been planted into dry soil ("dusted in") or on very coarse, uneven seedbeds.
- Temporary discoloration and/or crop injury may occur if FINESSE® is applied when the crop is stressed by severe weather conditions (such as heavy rainfall, prolonged cold weather, or wide fluctuations in day/night temperatures), disease or insect damage, low fertility, applications to coarse soils, or when applied in combination with surfactant and high rates of liquid nitrogen fertilizer solutions.
- Injury to or loss of desirable trees or vegetation may result from failure to observe the following:
  - Do not apply, drain, or flush equipment on or near desirable trees or other plants, or on areas where their roots may extend, or in locations where the chemical may be washed or moved into contact with their roots.
  - Do not use on lawns, walks, driveways, tennis courts, or similar areas.
  - Take all necessary precautions to avoid all direct or indirect contact (such as spray drift) with non-target plants or areas.
  - Carefully observe sprayer cleanup instructions, both prior to and after using this product, as spray tank residue may damage crops other than wheat or barley.

# STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Storage: Store product in original container only. Do not contaminate water, other pesticides, fertilizer, food or feed in storage. Store in a cool, dry place.

**Product Disposal:** Do not contaminate water, food, or feed by disposal. Waste resulting from the use of this product may be disposed of on site or at an approved waste disposal facility.

#### **CONTAINER HANDLING:**

Refer to the Net Contents section of this product's labeling for the applicable "Nonrefillable Container" or "Refillable Container" designation.

Nonrefillable Plastic and Metal Containers (Capacity Equal to or Less Than 50 Pounds): Nonrefillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container. Triple rinse container (or equivalent) promptly after emptying. Triple rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank. Fill the container 1/4 full with water and recap. Shake for 10 seconds. Pour rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Repeat this procedure two more times. Then, (a) for Plastic Containers, offer for recycling if available or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by incineration, or, if allowed by state and local authorities, by burning; if burned, stay out of smoke, or (b) for Metal Containers, offer for recycling if available or reconditioning if appropriate or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by other procedures approved by state and local authorities.

Nonrefillable Plastic and Metal Containers (Capacity Greater Than 50 Pounds): Nonrefillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container. Triple rinse container (or equivalent) promptly after emptying. Triple rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank. Fill the container 1/4 full with water. Replace and tighten closures. Tip container on its side and roll it back and forth, ensuring at least one complete revolution, for 30 seconds. Stand the container on its end and tip it back and forth several times. Turn the container over onto its other end and tip it back and forth several times. Empty the rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Repeat this procedure two more times. Then, (a) for Plastic Containers, offer for recycling if available or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by incineration, or, if allowed by state and local authorities, by burning; if burned, stay out of smoke, or (b) for Metal Containers, offer for recycling if available or reconditioning if appropriate or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by other procedures approved by state and local authorities.

Nonrefillable Plastic and Metal Containers, e.g., Intermediate Bulk Containers [IBC] (Size or Shape Too Large to be Tipped, Rolled or Turned Upside Down): Nonrefillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container. Pressure rinse as follows: Empty the remaining product contents into application equipment or a mix tank. Insert pressure rinsing nozzle in the container, and rinse at about 40 PSI for at least 30 seconds. Drain rinsate for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Pour or pump rinsate into application equipment or rinsate collection system. Then, (a) for Plastic Containers, offer for recycling if available or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by incineration, or, if allowed by state and local authorities, by burning; if burned, stay out of smoke, or (b) for Metal Containers, offer for recycling if available or reconditioning if appropriate or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by other procedures approved by state and local authorities.

Nonrefillable Paper or Plastic Bags, Fiber Sacks including Flexible Intermediate Bulk Containers (FIBC) or Fiber Drums With Liners: Nonrefillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container. Completely empty paper or plastic bag, fiber sack or drum liner by shaking and tapping sides and bottom to loosen clinging particles. Empty residue into application or manufacturing equipment. Then offer for recycling if available or dispose of empty paper or plastic bag, fiber sack or fiber drum and liner in a sanitary landfill, or by incineration, or, if allowed by state and local authorities, by burning. If burned, stay out of smoke.

**Refillable Fiber Drums With Liners: Refillable** container (fiber drum only). Refilling Fiber Drum: Refill this fiber drum with DuPont<sup>™</sup> FINESSE® cereal and fallow herbicide herbicide containing chlorsulfuron and metsulfuron methyl only. Do not reuse this fiber drum for any other purpose. Cleaning before refilling is the responsibility of the refiller. Completely empty liner by shaking and tapping sides and bottom to loosen clinging particles. Empty residue into application or manufacturing equipment. Disposing of Fiber Drum and/or Liner: Do not reuse this fiber drum for any other purpose other than refilling (see preceding). Cleaning the container (liner and/or fiber drum) before final disposal is the responsibility of the person disposing of the container. Offer the liner for recycling if available or dispose of liner in a sanitary landfill, or by incineration, or, if allowed by state and local authorities, by burning. If burned, stay out of smoke. If drum is contaminated and cannot be reused, dispose of it in the manner required for its liner. To clean the fiber drum before final disposal, completely empty the fiber drum by shaking and tapping sides and bottom to loosen clinging particles. Empty residue into application or manufacturing equipment. Then offer the fiber drum for recycling if available or dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by incineration, or, if allowed by state and local authorities, by burning. If burned, stay out of smoke.

All Other Refillable Containers: Refillable container. Refilling Container: Refill this container with FINESSE® herbicide containing chlorsulfuron and metsulfuron methyl only. Do not reuse this container for any other purpose. Cleaning before refilling is the responsibility of the refiller. Prior to refilling, inspect carefully for damage such as cracks, punctures, abrasions, worn out threads and closure devices. Check for leaks after refilling and before transporting. Disposing of Container: Do not reuse this container for any other purpose other than refilling (see preceding). Cleaning the container before final disposal is the responsibility of the person disposing of the container. To clean the container before final disposal, empty the remaining contents from this container into application equipment or mix tank. Fill the container about 10 percent full with water. Agitate vigorously or recirculate water with the pump for 2 minutes. Pour or pump rinsate into application equipment or rinsate collection system. Repeat this rinsing procedure two more times. Then, (a) for Plastic Containers, offer for recycling if available or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by incineration, or, if allowed by state and local authorities, by burning; if burned, stay out of smoke, or (b) for Metal Containers, offer for recycling if available or reconditioning if appropriate or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by other procedures approved by state and local authorities.

Outer Pouches of Water Soluble Packets (WSP): Nonrefillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container. Offer for recycling if available or, dispose of the empty outer foil pouch in the trash as long as WSP is unbroken. If the outer pouch contacts the formulated product in any way, the pouch must be triple rinsed with clean water. Add the rinsate to the spray tank and dispose of the outer pouch as described previously.

Do not transport if this container is damaged or leaking. If the container is damaged, leaking or obsolete, or in the event of a major spill, fire or other emergency, contact DuPont at 1-800-441-3637, day or night.

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