

#### U.S. ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY

Office of Pesticide Programs Registration Division (7505C) 1200 Pennsylvania Ave., N.W. Washington, D.C. 20460

EPA	Reg.	Number

Date of Issuance:

352-779

NOV 20 2008

NOTICE OF PESTICIDE:

X Registration
Reregistration

(under FIFRA, as amended)

Term of Issuance:

Conditional

Name of Pesticide Product:

DuPont Prequel Herbicide

Name and Address of Registrant (include ZIP Code):

E.I. DuPont de Nemours and Company DuPont Crop Protection Stine-Haskell Research Center

P. O. Box 30

Newark, DE 19714

Note: Changes in labeling differing in substance from that accepted in connection with this registration must be submitted to and accepted by the Registration Division prior to use of the label in commerce). In any correspondence on this product always refer to the above EPA registration number

On the basis of information furnished by the registrant, the above named pesticide is hereby registered/reregistered under the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide and Rodenticide Act.

Registration is in no way to be construed as an endorsement or recommendation of this product by the Agency. In order to protect health and the environment, the Administrator, on his motion, may at any time suspend or cancel the registration of a pesticide in accordance with the Act. The acceptance of any name in connection with the registration of a product under this Act is not to be construed as giving the registrant a right to exclusive use of the name or to its use if it has been covered by others.

This product is conditionally registered in accordance with FIFRA section 3(c)(7)(A) provided that you:

- 1. Submit the results of the one year storage stability (830.6317) and corrosion characteristics (830.6320) studies once they are available.
- 2. Submit and/or cite all data required for registration/reregistration of your product when the Agency requires all registrants of similar products to submit such data.
- 3. Make the labeling changes listed below before you release the product for shipment:

Signature of Approving Official:

Date:

Vertice KWalters for

11/20/08

James A. Tompkins, Product Manager (25) Herbicide Branch, Registration Division (7505P)

EPA Form 8570-6

Page 2 EPA Reg. No. 352-779

- a. Add the phrase "EPA Registration No. 352-779"
- b. Add the following to your First Aid Section:

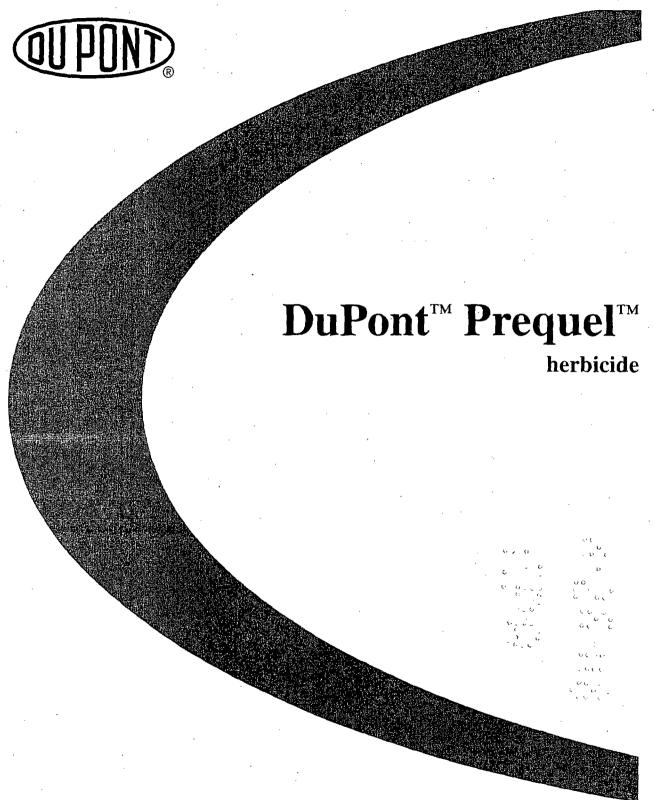
#### If Inhaled:

- -Move the person to fresh air.
- -If person is not breathing, call 911 or an ambulance, then give artificial respiration preferably mouth to mouth, if possible.
- -Call a poison control center or doctor for further treatment advice.
- c. Revise your Precautionary Statements to read as below
- -Harmful if inhaled. Causes moderate eye irritation. Avoid breathing dust and contact with eyes or clothing. Prolonged or frequently repeated skin contact may cause allergic reactions in some individuals.-
- d. Delete the statement "Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling and before eating, drinking, chewing gum, or using tobacco" from the Precautionary Statements. Similar statements appear elsewhere on the label.
- e. On page 3, under General Information, revise the first paragraph to read "DuPont Prequel Herbicide should be used only in accordance with **instructions** on this label or in supplemental DuPont publications. DuPont will not be responsible for loses or damage resulting from the use of this product in any manner not **specified** by DuPont.
- f. On page 4, the second column, revise the third paragraph to read "Application of Prequel herbicide at less than **specified** rates for the appropriate soil will only provide suppression of sensitive weeds.
- 4. Submit one (1) copy of your final printed label before you release the product for shipment:

If these conditions are not complied with, the registration will be subject to cancellation in accordance with FIFRA section 6 (e). Your release for shipment of the product constitutes acceptance of these conditions.

A stamped copy of the label is enclosed for your records.

Enclosure



DRAFT LABEL

#### RESTRICTED USE PESTICIDE

May injure (phytotoxic) susceptible non-target plants.

For retail sale to and use only by certified applicators or persons under their direct supervision and only for those uses covered by the Certified Applicator's certification. Commercial and certified applicators must ensure that all persons involved in these activities are informed of the precautionary statements.



# $\mathbf{DuPont}^{\mathsf{TM}}$ $\mathbf{Prequel}^{\mathsf{TM}}$

# herbicide

#### DRY FLOWABLE

For weed control in field corn in the states of: Arkansas, Illinois, Indiana, Iowa, Kansas, Kentucky, Missouri, Montana, Nebraska, North Dakota, Ohio, Oklahoma, Pennsylvania, South Dakota, Tennessee, Texas and Wyoming.

Active Ingredients	By V	Veigh
Rimsulfuron		
N-((4,6-dimethoxypyrimidiaminocarbonyl)-3-(ethylsuli 2-pyridinesulfonamide	• •	%
Isoxaflutole [5-cyclopropyl-4-methylsulfonyl-4-trifluoromet isoxazole		%
Inert Ingredients	55	%
TOTAL	100	%
EPA REG. NO. 352-XXX	EPA Est. No	
Nonrefillable Container		
Net:		
OR		
Refillable Container		

[Note to EPA Reviewer: Appropriate container designation (one of the above) will be placed on the container label near the Net Contents section]

# KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN CAUTION

Si usted no entiende la etiqueta, busque a alguien para que se la explique a usted en detalle. (If you do not understand this label, find someone to explain it to you in detail.)

#### FIRST AID

IF IN EYES: Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15-20 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.

IF ON SKIN OR CLOTHING: Take off contaminated clothing. Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15-20 minutes. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.

# ACCEPTED with COMMENTS In EPA Letter Dailed:

NOV 20 2008

Under the Federal Insectivities for Fungicide, and Rodenticide for the posticide registered under RPA Reg. No. 352-779

# FIRST AID (CONT'D)

Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor, or going for treatment. You may also contact 1-800-441-3637 for emergency medical treatment information.

# PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS HAZARD TO HUMANS AND DOMESTIC ANIMALS

CAUTION! Causes moderate eye irritation. Avoid contact with eyes or clothing. Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling and before eating, drinking, chewing gum, or using tobacco.

#### PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT

Some of the materials that are chemical resistant to this product are listed below. If you want more options follow the instructions for category A on an EPA chemical-resistant category selection chart.

# Applicators and other handlers must wear:

Long-sleeve shirt and long pants.

Chemical resistant gloves Category A (such as butyl rubber, natural rubber, neoprene rubber, or nitrile rubber), all > 14 mils.

Shoes plus socks.

Protective eyewear.

When mixing/loading or cleaning equipment, wear chemical resistant apron in addition to the other required PPE. Discard clothing and other absorbent materials that have been drenched or heavily contaminated with this product's concentrate. Do not reuse them.

Follow manufacturer's instructions for cleaning/maintaining PPE. If no such instructions for washables, use detergent and hot water. Keep and wash PPE separately from other laundry.

#### USER SAFETY RECOMMENDATIONS

USERS SHOULD: Wash hands before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco or using toilet. Remove clothing immediately if pesticide gets inside. Then wash thoroughly and put on clean clothing. Remove Personal Protective Equipment immediately after handling this product. Wash the outside of gloves before removing. As soon as possible, wash thoroughly and change into clean clothing.

#### **ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS**

Drift or runoff may adversely affect non-target plants. Drift and runoff may be hazardous to aquatic organism in neighboring areas. Do not apply directly to water, to areas where surface water is present or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark. Do not contaminate water when disposing of equipment washwaters or rinsate.

Do not apply when weather conditions favor drift from treated areas. Do not use the same spray equipment for other purposes unless thoroughly cleaned. Do not contaminate water used for irrigation or domestic purposes.

This chemical is known to leach through soil into shallow ground water under certain conditions as a result of agricultural use. Thus, use of this chemical in areas where soils are permeable, particularly where the water table is shallow, may result in ground water contamination.

Isoxaflutole residues can contaminate surface water through spray draft. Under some conditions, isoxaflutole residues may also have a high potential for runoff into surface water (primarily via dissolution in runoff water), for several weeks after application. These include poorly draining or wet soils with readily visible slopes toward adjacent surface waters, frequently flooded areas, areas overlaying extremely shallow ground water, areas with in-field canals or ditches that drain to surface water, areas not separated from adjacent surface waters with vegetated filter strips and areas over-laying tile drainage systems that drain to surface water.

In fields having sands, loamy sands and sandy loam soils, special care should be taken not to over-irrigate since substantial over-irrigation promotes the leaching of chemicals.

This pesticide is toxic to some plants at very low concentrations. Non-target plants may be adversely affected if the pesticide is allowed to drift from areas of application. Exposure to isoxaflutole residues may injure or kill susceptible plants. Symptons of phytotoxicity as a result of exposure to isoxaflutole include whitening or chlorosis of the foliage of affected plants. Cotton is particularly susceptible to isoxaflutole; therefore, exposure of cotton to isoxaflutole residues may affect cotton yield. To prevent damage to crops and other desirable plants, read and follow all directions and precautions on this label before using.

This product may not be mixed or loaded within 50 feet of any wells (including abandoned wells and drainage wells), sink holes, perennial or intermittent streams and rivers, and natural or impounded lakes and reservoirs. This setback does not apply to properly capped or plugged abandoned wells and does not apply to impervious pad or properly diked mixing/loading areas.

Operations that involve mixing, loading, rinsing or washing of this product into or from pesticide handling or application equipment or containers within 50 feet of any well are prohibited unless conducted on an impervious pad constructed to withstand the weight of the heaviest load that may be positioned on or moved across the pad. Such a pad shall be designed and maintained to contain any product spills or equipment leaks, container or equipment rinse or washwater and rainwater that may fall on the pad. Surface water shall not be allowed to either flow over or from the pad, which means the pad must be self-contained. The pad shall be sloped to facilitate material removal. An unroofed pad shall be of sufficient capacity to contain at a minimum 110% of the capacity of the largest pesticide container or application equipment on the pad. A pad that is covered by a roof of sufficient size to exclude completely precipitation from contact shall be of sufficient capacity to contain at a minimum of 100% of the capacity of the largest pesticide container or application equipment on the pad. Containment capacities as described above shall be maintained at all times. The above specific minimum containment capacities do not apply to vehicles when delivering pesticide shipments to the mixing/loading site. States may have in effect additional requirements regarding wellhead setbacks and operational containment.

Product must be used in a manner which will prevent back siphoning in wells, spills or improper disposal of excess pesticide, spray mixtures or rinsates.

### **DIRECTIONS FOR USE**

It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.

Do not apply this product in a way that will contact workers or other persons, either directly or through drift. Only protected handlers may be in the area during application. For any requirements specific to your State or Tribe, consult the agency in your State responsible for pesticide regulation.

#### AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS

Use this product only in accordance with its labeling and with the Worker Protection Standard, 40 CFR part 170. This Standard contains requirements for the protection of agricultural workers on farms, forests, nurseries, and greenhouses, and handlers of agricultural pesticides. It contains requirements for training, decontamination, notification, and emergency assistance. It also contains specific instructions and exceptions pertaining to the statements on this label about personal protective equipment (PPE) and restricted-entry interval. The requirements in this box only apply to uses of this product that are covered by the Worker Protection Standard.

Do not enter or allow worker entry into treated areas during the restricted entry interval (REI) of 12 hours.

PPE required for early entry to the treated areas that is permitted under the Worker Protection Standard and that involves contact with anything that has been treated such as plants, soil or water, is:

Coveralls over long-sleeved shirt and long pants. Chemical-resistant gloves made of any waterproof material.

Socks plus chemical resistant footwear.

Protective eye wear.

#### **GENERAL INFORMATION**

DuPont<sup>TM</sup> PREQUEL<sup>TM</sup> herbicide should be used only in accordance with recommendations on this label or in supplemental DuPont publications. DuPont will not be responsible for losses or damage resulting from use of this product in any manner not specifically recommended by DuPont.

PREQUEL<sup>TM</sup> herbicide is a water dispersible granule containing 45% active ingredients by weight. PREQUEL<sup>TM</sup> is a selective herbicide for burndown and residual control of certain annual grass and broadleaf weeds when applied preemergence to field corn.

Do not apply to field corn grown for seed, to popcorn of to sweet corn.

Do not apply preemergence to coarse-textured soils (sand, loamy sand or sandy loam) with less than 1% organic matter.

Seed corn inbreds and male pollenators within certain corn varieties, vary in response to PREQUELTM herbicide, Consult your seed company for advice BEFORE using PREQUELTM on corn inbreds.

Adverse crop response may increase and crop recovery may be slowed when corn is grown under conditions that inhibit crop growth. Such conditions include extremely wet, cold, or dry soils; high pH, or low fertility.

Do not irrigate PREQUEL<sup>TM</sup> herbicide into coarse soils at planting time when soils are saturated.

Do not apply this product through any type of irrigation system.

Do not apply this product using aerial application equipment.

Do not use flood or furrow irrigation to apply, activate or incorporate this product.

Apply PREQUEL™ to field corn hybrids with a relative maturity (RM) of 77 days or more, including "food grade" (yellow dent, hard endosperm), waxy and High-Oil corn. Not all field com hybrids of less than 77 days RM, not all white corn hybrids nor Hi-Lysine hybrids have been tested for crop safety, nor does DuPont have access to all seed company data. Consequently, injury arising from the use of PREQUEL™ on these types of corn is the responsibility of the user. Consult with your seed supplier before applying PREQUEL<sup>TM</sup> to any of these corn types. Seed company publications indicate "Warning", "Crop Response Warning", or "Sensitive" notations for the use of some ALS herbicides on corn hybrids of 77 CRM or higher. As noted in the seed company publications, DuPont sulfonylurea herbicides such as PREQUEL™ should be used with caution on these hybrids. Consult with your local DuPont representative or the DuPont Label Web Site (http://cropprotection.dupont.com/) for any additional supplemental labeling information relative to potential corn hybrid sensitivity to PREQUELTM.

#### **APPLICATION INFORMATION - Field Corn**

Do not apply more than a total of 0.5 oz active ingredient rimsulfuron during the crop year. This includes combinations of preemergence applications of PREQUEL<sup>TM</sup>, as well as rimsulfuron from application(s) of products such as DuPont<sup>TM</sup> BASIS®, DuPont<sup>TM</sup> RESOLVE®, DuPont<sup>TM</sup> STEADFAST®, and DuPont<sup>TM</sup> CLARION® herbicides.

#### APPLICATION TIMING

PREQUEL™ herbicide may be used in either conventional, conservation tillage, or no-till crop management systems and may be applied either preplant, preplant incorporated (less than 2" deep) or preemergence for use in field corn production. Do not apply after corn emerges or crop injury may occur.

PREQUEL<sup>TM</sup> treatments are most effective in controlling weeds when adequate rainfall is received within 14 days after application. If cultivation is necessary because of soil crusting, soil compaction or weed germination before rain occurs, use shallow tillage such as rotary hoe to lightly incorporate PREQUEL<sup>TM</sup> and make certain corn seeds are below the tilled area. If treated soil is moved during tillage practices in such a way that the herbicide barrier is no longer intact, weeds may emerge from areas where treated soil has been removed. Do not incorporate with a drag harrow after planting.

Preplant Surface-Applied: PREQUEL™ may be applied up to 21 days before planting field corn; up to 30 days prior to planting when used in a planned sequential application program such as PREQUEL™ followed by "Liberty", "Buctril", or other post applied herbicides. Refer to the label of the respective sequential partner for specific use directions. Split applications can be made with 60 percent of the recommended broadcast rate applied 15 to 30 days prior to planting and the remaining 40 percent applied at planting. Total PREQUEL™ applied preplant must not exceed 1.66 ounces PREQUEL™ per acre. Moving treated soil out of the row or moving untreated soil to the surface during planting may result in reduced weed control.

Preplant Incorporated: DuPont™ PREQUEL™ herbicide may be applied up to 21 days before planting field corn; up to 30 days prior to planting when used in a planned sequential application program such as PREQUEL™ followed by "Liberty", "Buctril", or other post applied herbicides. Refer to the label of the respective sequential partner for specific use directions. Apply to the soil and uniformly incorporate in the top two inches of soil before planting using a finishing disc harrow, field cultivator or similar implement capable of providing uniform two inch incorporation. Do not incorporate PREQUEL™ deeper than 2" or weed control may be reduced.

Preplant/Preemerge Burndown: When weeds are present at the time of treatment, a tank mixture of PREQUEL™ herbicide with crop oil concentrate or methylated seed oil is recommended for burndown of labeled weeds 3" or less in height. When weeds are greater than 3" in height or weeds not controlled by PREQUEL™ herbicide are present, the addition of a burndown herbicide (e.g. "Gramoxone" Extra, "Roundup Ultra", or 2,4-D) is recommended. If giant ragweed, common cocklebur, henbit, pennsylvania smartweed or purple deadnettle are present at the time of application, the addition of atrazine will improve control. Observe directions for use and precautions and restrictions on the label of the burndown label herbicide. When mixing with liquid nitrogen fertilizer or "Roundup Ultra", substitute a non-ionic surfactant for crop oil concentrate.

**Preemergence:** Apply PREQUEL<sup>TM</sup> herbicide during planting (behind the planter after furrow closure) or after planting, but before weeds or crop emerge. Failure to thoroughly close and firm the seed furrow may allow herbicide to directly contact the seed which can cause injury.

#### Preemergence Rates

PREQUEL<sup>TM</sup> may be applied at 1.66 oz product before corn emergence. See cumulative rimsulfuron rate limitations noted above.

 Adequate soil moisture is required for optimum activity. Rainfall within 5 to 7 days after application will enhance PREQUEL™ residual activity. If activating rainfall or sprinkler irrigation (>0.5 inch) is not received within 5-7 days after application, follow with a cultivation or with a sequential application of DuPont™ ACCENT® herbicide, if needed.

Do not apply more than 1.66 ounce preemergence unless instructed to do so by DuPont Technical Bulletins, or Supplemental Labeling.

# RESTRICTIONS AND PRECAUTIONS FOR USE ON FIELD CORN

In the States of KS, KY, MO, and TN, if the water table (i.e., level of saturation) is less than 25 feet below the ground surface, do not use on loamy sand or sand surface soil and subsoils with an average organic matter (in the upper 12 inches) of less than 2% by weight.

In the States of IA, IL, IN, MT, ND, NE, OH, PA, SD and WY, if the water table (i.e., level of saturation) is less than 25 feet below the ground surface, do not use on sandy loam, loamy sand or sand surface soils and subsoils with an

average organic matter (in the upper 12 inches) of less than 2% by weight.

PLANT CORN AT LEAST 1 1/2 INCHES DEEP. CORN SEED MUST BE COMPLETELY COVERED WITH SOIL AND FURROW FIRMED.

Do not apply more than 3 1/3 ounces of PREQUEL<sup>TM</sup> herbicide per acre in one season or exceed the maximum labeled rate for any given soil type.

Application of PREQUEL<sup>™</sup> herbicide at less than recommended rates for the appropriate soil will only provide suppression of sensitive weeds.

PREQUEL™ herbicide applications to coarse soils with organic matter of less than 1.5% by weight or pH greater than 7.5 may cause adverse crop response.

The use of PREQUEL<sup>TM</sup> herbicide is not recommended on soils that have organic matter less than 1.5% and a pH greater than 7.5.

Use on clay knolls, eroded hill sides, terracing with scraped exposed subsoil, or other areas of coarser and/or lower organic matter soils, may cause adverse crop response.

To prevent off-site movement of soil containing this product to non-target areas, do not apply PREQUEL<sup>TM</sup> herbicide to areas receiving less than 15 inches of average annual precipitation unless supplemented to at least the equivalent of 15 inches of annual precipitation with irrigation water.

Carryover from "Command" herbicide use can increase the potential for adverse crop response.

# Additional Information in the State of Missouri

AGRICULTURAL CHEMICALS HAVE THE POTENTIAL TO MOVE INTO SHALLOW GROUNDWATER. THE FOLLOWING RESTRICTIONS HAVE BEEN DEVELOPED TO PROTECT DRINKING WATER SUPPLIES.

Do not wash, load, or empty application equipment near any well, as this practice is a potential source of ground water contamination. In fields having soils with less than 15% field moisture holding capacity, special care must be taken not to over-irrigate, since substantial over-irrigation promotes the leaching of chemicals.

Do not use in the following counties in Missouri: Butler, Cape Girardeau, Dunklin, Mississippi, New Madrid, Pemiscot, Scott and Stoddard.

MISSOURI			·	
		oelow ground surface, do own, do not apply DuPon		ng vulnerable loamy sand or cide to a restricted soil.
Alvin	Carr	Eustis	Malden	Scotco
Beulah	Clana	Finchford	Plainfield	Shelldrake
Bruno	Crevasse	Hodge	Sandbur	Sparta
Canalou	Diehlstadt	Landes	Sarpy	Wideman
If a field conta		ne of which is a vulnerab		the water table is less than 2

# Additional Information in the State of Kansas

feet, do not apply PREQUEL™ herbicide.

AGRICULTURAL CHEMICALS HAVE THE POTENTIAL TO MOVE INTO SHALLOW GROUNDWATER. THE FOLLOWING RESTRICTIONS HAVE BEEN DEVELOPED TO PROTECT DRINKING WATER SUPPLIES.

Do not wash, load, or empty application equipment near any well, as this practice is a potential source of ground water contamination. In fields having soils with less than 15% field moisture holding capacity, special care must be taken not to over-irrigate, since substantial over-irrigation promotes the leaching of chemicals.

Do not use in the following counties of Kansas: Sedgwick, Harvey, McPherson, Reno, Rice, Pratt, Stafford, Barton, Kiowa, Edwards and Pawnee

KANSAS				
If the water ta	sand soils. If the water t	ow ground surface, do not able is unknown, do not a		
Albion	Crisfield	Glenberg	Las Animas	Sarpy
Aline	Darr	Goltry	Likes	Schamber
Anselmo	Dillwyn	Goodnight	Lincoln	Simeon
Attica	Dix	Gracemont	Manter	Thurman ·
Bankard	Dorrance	Gracemore	Meadin	Tivoli
Bayard	Dune Land	Happyditch	Optima	Valent
Boel	Dwyer	Haxtun	Ortello	Valentine
Canadian	Els	Inavale	Otero	Vona
Carr	Elsmere	Kanza	Platte	Waldeck
Cass	Eva	Kingsdown	Plevna	Wann
	Gerlane	Krier	Pratt	Yahola

## Additional Information in the State of South Dakota

AGRICULTURAL CHEMICALS HAVE THE POTENTIAL TO MOVE INTO SHALLOW GROUNDWATER. THE FOLLOWING RESTRICTIONS HAVE BEEN DEVELOPED TO PROTECT DRINKING WATER SUPPLIES.

In fields having soils with less than 15% field moisture holding capacity, special care must be taken not to over-irrigate, since substantial over-irrigation promotes the leaching of chemicals.

#### SOIL TYPE RESTRICTIONS

#### SOUTH DAKOTA

If the water table is less than 25 feet below ground surface, do not apply to the following vulnerable sandy loam, loamy sand or sand soils. If the water table is unknown, do not apply DuPont<sup>TM</sup> PREQUEL<sup>TM</sup> herbicide to a restricted soil.

T COULTECTE OUT.				
Almeria	Dailey	Glendive	Minnewaukan	Talmo
Alwilda	Dix	Hamar	Munjor	Tassel
Anselmo	Doger	Hanly	O'Neill	Telfer
Arvilla	Dogiecreek	Hecla	Orton	Thurman
Assinniboine ·	Duda	Henkin variant	Orwet	Trembles
Aylmer	Dunday	Holt	Platte	Trey
Bankard	Dwyer	Hopdraw	Renshaw	Tryon
Banks	Eckley	Inavale	Reva	Tusler
Bantry	Egeland	Ipage	Rhame	Tuthill
Beisigl	Ekalaka	Ladner	Riverwash .	Twilight
Blackhall	Els	Las Animas	Rockoa	Ulen
Blendon	Elsmere	Lihen	Ronson	Valent
Boel	Evridge	Lute	Sarpy	Valentine
Butche	Fedora	Maddock	Schamber	Vebar
Cass	Flasher	Manning	Serden	Venlo
Chappell	Fleak	Manter	Seroco	Wabek
Chinook	Fossum	Marlake	Simeon	Whitelake
Claire	Gannett	Mawer	Sioux	Yecross
Cohagen	Glenberg	McCaffery	Stirum	Zeona
Craft .	Glenberg variant	Meadin	Storla	

If a field contains several soil types, one of which is a vulnerable soil listed above, and the water table is less than 25 feet, do not apply PREQUEL<sup>TM</sup> herbicide.

#### SPRAY DRIFT PRECAUTIONS

Controlling spray drift at the application site is the responsibility of the applicator. The interaction of many equipment and weather related factors determine the potential for spray drift. The applicator and the grower are responsible for considering all these factors when making application decisions.

Do not apply this product using aerial application equipment.

Do not apply when wind conditions favor drift to non-target sites. To minimize spray drift to non-target areas:

- Use low pressure application equipment capable of producing a large droplet spray. Do not use nozzles that produce fine droplet spray. Minimize drift by using sufficient spray volume to ensure adequate coverage with large droplet size sprays.
- Keep ground driven spray boom as low as possible above target surface.
- Make application when the wind velocity favors on-target product deposition. Do not spray near sensitive plants if wind is gusty or in excess of 10 mph and moving in the direction of sensitive plants or sensitive areas.
- Low humidity and high temperatures increase the likelihood of spray drift to sensitive areas. Avoid spraying during conditions of low humidity and/or high temperatures. Do not apply during inversion conditions.

#### MIXING, LOADING AND HANDLING PRECAUTIONS

Do not clean, wash, load, rinse, or empty equipment containing PREQUEL<sup>TM</sup> herbicide within 150 feet of any well, lake, stream, stream bed, or wetland unless it is done so over a South Dakota Department of Agriculture approved operational area containment.

Any spilled material must be immediately recovered. Discharges in excess of 25 pounds active ingredient must be reported to the department. Recovered material must be properly stored and handled until proper disposal or use has occurred. The owner or operator shall provide written documentation to the department describing the cause of the discharge, recovery and sampling procedures, analysis reports, and disposition of the recovered materials within 30 days following the date of the discharged material.

#### SPRAY ADJUVANTS

For control of emerged weeds, application of DuPont<sup>TM</sup> PREQUEL<sup>TM</sup> herbicide must include a nonionic surfactant and an ammonium nitrogen fertilizer. If applied in tank mix combination with a glyphosate or glufosinate herbicide that contains a built-in adjuvant system, such as "Roundup Weathermax" or "Liberty", no additional surfactant needs to be added. Crop oil concentrate may be used in place of nonionic surfactant for burndown applications of PREQUEL<sup>TM</sup> made before crop emergence. Consult local DuPont fact sheets, technical bulletins, and service policies prior to using other adjuvant systems. Products must contain only EPA-exempt ingredients (40 CFR 1001).

#### WEEDS CONTROLLED/SUPPRESSED

#### PREEMERGENCE CONTROL

#### Grasses

Barnyardgrass
Bluegrass, annual\*
Crabgrass, large\*
Foxtail (bristly, giant, green, yellow)
Panicum, fall\*
Signalgrass, broadleaf\*
Wheat, Volunteer
Wild Oat\*

\* partial control/suppression

#### Broadleaves

Carpetweed\* Chamomile, false Cocklebur\* Filaree, Redstem Henbit Jimsonweed\* Kochia (ALS-sensitive) Lambsquarters, common Morningglory, ivyleaf\* Mustard (birdsrape, black) Nightshade\* (hairy, black) Palmer amaranth\* Pigweed (prostrate, redroot, smooth) Purslane, common Ragweed, common\* Russian thistle, seedling\* Smartweed, Pennsylvania\* Velvetleaf\*

\* partial control/suppression

#### TANK MIXTURES

PREQUEL™ may be tank mixed with full or reduced rates of atrazine to provide added residual activity or burndown activity on emerged weeds. Consult tank mix partner labeling for rate and soil-type restrictions.

#### FOR ALL APPLICATION TIMINGS

- The tank mix product is labeled for the same timing, method of application, adjuvants, and use restrictions as PREQUEL™ and other products used in the tank mixture.
- The tank mixture is not specifically prohibited on the label of the tank mix product.

#### **Tank Mixing Precautions:**

 Weed control and crop response with tank mixtures not specifically recommended in this label or in PREQUEL<sup>TM</sup> fact sheets or technical bulletins are the responsibility of the user and manufacturer of the tank mix product.  Read and follow all applicable use directions, precautions, and limitations specified on the respective product labels and fact sheets.

#### **CHEMIGATION**

Do not apply PREQUEL™ through any type of irrigation system.

#### MIXING INSTRUCTIONS

- 1. Fill the tank 1/4 to 1/3 full of water.
- While agitating, add the required amount of PREQUEL<sup>TM</sup>.
- Continue agitation until the PREQUEL™ is fully dispersed, at least 5 minutes.
- 4. Once the PREQUEL™ is fully dispersed, maintain agitation and continue filling tank with water. PREQUEL™ should be thoroughly mixed with water before adding any other material.
- 5. As the tank is filling, add tank mix partners (if desired).
- If the mixture is not continuously agitated, settling will
  occur. If settling occurs, thoroughly re-agitate before
  using.
- Apply PREQUEL™ spray mixture within 48 hours of mixing to avoid product degradation.

If the selected companion herbicide has a ground or surface water advisory, consider this advisory when using the companion herbicide.

## **BROADCAST APPLICATION**

Avoid spray overlaps as excessive rates may result in adverse crop response

Use a minimum of 15 gallons of water per acre (GPA) to ensure thorough coverage of the weeds and the best performance. Use a minimum of 10 GPA for light, scattered stands of weeds.

To minimize spray drift to non-target areas, apply this product using nozzles which deliver a coarse or larger spray droplet as defined by ASAE standard S-572 and as shown in nozzle manufacturer's catalogues. Keep the spray boom at the lowest possible spray height above the target surface. Refer to nozzle manufacturer's recommendations for proper nozzle, pressure setting and sprayer speed for optimum product performance and minimal spray drift. Use sprayers that provide accurate and uniform application.

Uneven application, sprayers not properly calibrated, or improper incorporation may decrease the level of weed control and/or increase the level of adverse crop response. Over application or boom overlapping may results in stand loss.

Maintain constant ground speed while applying product to ensure proper distribution. MAINTAIN ADEQUATE AGITATION AT ALL TIMES, INCLUDING MOMENTARY STOPS.

# ENVIRONMENTAL CONDITIONS AND BIOLOGICAL ACTIVITY

PREQUEL<sup>TM</sup> is absorbed through the roots of plants, rapidly inhibiting the growth of susceptible weeds. Rainfall or sprinkler irrigation is needed to move PREQUEL<sup>TM</sup> into the soil. Susceptible weeds will generally not emerge from preemergence application. In some cases susceptible weeds may germinate and emerge a few days after application, but

growth then ceases and leaves become chlorotic three to five days after emergence. Death of leaf tissue and growing point will follow in some species, while others will remain green but stunted and noncompetitive.

The herbicidal action of DuPont<sup>TM</sup> PREQUEL<sup>TM</sup> herbicide may be less effective on weeds stressed from adverse environmental conditions (such as extreme temperatures or moisture), abnormal soil conditions, or cultural practices.

# PREQUEL™ ROTATIONAL CROP GUIDELINES

Rotational crops vary in their crop response to low concentrations of PREQUEL<sup>TM</sup> remaining in the soil. The amount of PREQUEL<sup>TM</sup> that may be present in the soil depends on soil moisture, soil temperature, application rate, elapsed time since application and other environmental factors. When PREQUEL<sup>TM</sup> is used in combination with other products, always follow the most restrictive rotational crop requirements.

The following rotational intervals should be observed when using PREQUEL<sup>TM</sup>:

#### 1.66 OZ MAXIMUM USE RATE

Rotation Crop	Interval (months)
Corn, field	Anytime
Potatoes	6
STS soybeans*	6
Cereals, Winter (wheat)	4
Cereals, Spring (wheat)	9
Alfalfa**†	10
Sorghum†	10
Corn, pop or sweet	10
Soybeans	10
Snap beans, dry beans and sugarbeets *** (East of the Mississippi River)	10
Sunflower	10
Dry beans and sugarbeets*** (West of the Mississippi River)	18
Crops Not Listed***	18

- \* Sulfonylurea Tolerant Soybean
- \*\*On sprinkler irrigated fields in Idaho, Utah, and Northern Nevada it is best to use deep fall tillage such as plowing prior to planting alfalfa. Product degradation may be less on furrow irrigated soils and may result in some crop injury. 15 inches of cumulative precipitation from application to planting of rotational crop. Furrow or flood irrigation not to be included in total. No more than 7 inches of overhead irrigation included in total.
- \*\*\*15 inches of cumulative precipitation from application to planting of rotational crop. Furrow or flood irrigation not to be included in total. No more than 7 inches of overhead irrigation included in total.
- † 18 months in the Red River Valley Region of ND and MN. In all other areas, the rotation intervals should be extended to 18 months if drought conditions prevail after application and before the rotational crop is planted, unless sprinkler irrigation has been applied and totals greater than 15 inches during the growing season.

#### SPRAYER PREPARATION/CLEANUP

It is important that spray equipment is clean and free of previous pesticide deposits before using PREQUEL<sup>TM</sup> and then properly cleaned out following application. Clean all application equipment before applying PREQUEL<sup>TM</sup>. Follow the cleanup procedures specified on the label of the product previously sprayed. If no cleanup procedure is provided, use the procedure that follows. Immediately following applications of PREQUEL<sup>TM</sup>, thoroughly clean all mixing and spray equipment to avoid subsequent crop injury.

#### Note:

- When cleaning spray equipment before applying PREQUEL<sup>TM</sup>, read and follow label directions for proper rinsate disposal of the product previously sprayed.
- When spraying or mixing equipment will be used over an
  extended period to apply multiple loads of PREQUEL<sup>TM</sup>,
  partially fill the tank with fresh water at the end of each day of
  spraying, flush the boom and hoses, and allow to sit
  overnight.

#### Cleanup Procedure

- Drain the tank and thoroughly hose down the interior surfaces. Flush the tank, hoses, and boom with clean water for a minimum of 5 min.
- 2. Partially fill the tank with clean water and add one gal of household ammonia\*\*\* (containing 3% active) for every 100 gal of water. Finish filling the tank with water, then flush the cleaning solution through the hoses, boom, and nozzles. Add more water to completely fill the tank and allow to agitate/recirculate for at least 15 min. Again, flush the hoses, boom, and nozzles with the cleaning solution, then drain the tank.
- 3. Repeat Step 2.
- Remove the nozzles and screens and clean separately in a bucket containing the cleaning agent and water.
- Thoroughly rinse the tank with clean water for a minimum of 5 min, flushing the water through the hoses and boom.
- \*\*\*Equivalent amounts of an alternate strength ammonia solution or a tank cleaner recommended in the DuPont bulletin "Sulfonylurea Herbicides, A Guide to Equipment Cleanout," may be used.

# SPRAY DRIFT MANAGEMENT

The interaction of many equipment and weather-related factors determines the potential for spray drift. The applicator is responsible for considering all these factors when making application decisions.

AVOIDING SPRAY DRIFT IS THE RESPONSIBILITY OF THE APPLICATOR.

#### IMPORTANCE OF DROPLET SIZE

The most effective way to reduce drift potential is to apply large droplets (>150 - 200 microns). The best drift management strategy is to apply the largest droplets that provide sufficient coverage and control. The presence of sensitive species nearby, the environmental conditions, and pest pressure may affect how an applicator balances drift control and coverage. APPLYING LARGER DROPLETS REDUCES DRIFT POTENTIAL, BUT WILL NOT PREVENT DRIFT IF APPLICATIONS ARE MADE IMPROPERLY OR UNDER UNFAVORABLE ENVIRONMENTAL CONDITIONS! See Wind, Temperature and Humidity, and Temperature Inversions sections of this label.

# Controlling Droplet Size - General Techniques

- Volume Use high flow rate nozzles to apply the highest practical spray volume. Nozzles with higher rated flows produce larger droplets.
- Pressure Use the lower spray pressures recommended for the nozzle. Higher pressure reduces droplet size and does not improve canopy penetration. WHEN HIGHER FLOW RATES ARE NEEDED, USE A HIGHER-CAPACITY NOZZLE INSTEAD OF INCREASING PRESSURE.
- Nozzle Type Use a nozzle type that is designed for the intended application. With most nozzle types, narrower spray angles produce larger droplets. Consider using lowdrift nozzles.

## **BOOM HEIGHT**

Set the boom at the lowest height that provides uniform coverage and reduces the exposure of droplets to evaporation and wind. For ground equipment, the boom should remain level with the crop and have minimal bounce.

#### WIND

Drift potential increases at wind speeds of less than 3 mph (due to inversion potential) or more than 10 mph. However, many factors, including droplet size and equipment type determine drift potential at any given wind speed. AVOID APPLICATIONS DURING GUSTY OR WINDLESS CONDITIONS.

Note: Local terrain can influence wind patterns. Every applicator should be familiar with local wind patterns and how they affect spray drift.

#### TEMPERATURE AND HUMIDITY

When making applications in hot and dry conditions, set up equipment to produce larger droplets to reduce effects of evaporation.

### TEMPERATURE INVERSIONS

Drift potential is high during a temperature inversion. Temperature inversions restrict vertical air mixing, which causes small suspended droplets to remain close to the ground and move laterally in a concentrated cloud. Temperature inversions are characterized by increasing temperature with altitude and are common on nights with limited cloud cover and light to no wind. They begin to form as the sun sets and often continue into the morning. Their presence can be indicated by ground fog; however, if fog is not present, inversions can also be identified by the movement of smoke from a ground source or an aircraft smoke generator. Smoke that layers and moves laterally in a concentrated cloud (under low wind conditions) indicates an inversion, while smoke that moves upward and rapidly dissipates indicates good vertical air mixing.

#### SHIELDED SPRAYERS

Shielding the boom or individual nozzles can reduce the effects of wind. However, it is the responsibility of the applicator to verify that the shields are preventing drift and not interfering with uniform deposition of the product.

### AIR-ASSISTED (AIR BLAST) FIELD CROP SPRAYERS

Air-assisted field crop sprayers carry droplets to the target via a downward-directed airstream. Some may reduce the potential for drift, but if a sprayer is unsuitable for the application and/or set up improperly, high drift potential can result. It is the responsibility of the applicator to determine that a sprayer is suitable for the intended application and is configured properly, and that drift is not occurring.

#### INTEGRATED PEST MANAGEMENT

This product may be used as part of an Integrated Pest Management (IPM) program that can include biological, cultural, and genetic practices aimed at preventing economic pest damage. IPM principles and practices include field scouting or other detection methods, correct target pest identification, population monitoring, and treating when target pest populations reach locally determined action thresholds. Consult your state cooperative extension service, professional consultants or other qualified authorities to determine appropriate action treatment threshold levels for treating specific pest/crop systems in your area.

#### RESISTANCE

When herbicides that affect the same biological site of action are used repeatedly over several years to control the same weed species in the same field, naturally-occurring resistant biotypes may survive a correctly applied herbicide treatment, propagate, and become dominant in that field. Adequate control of these resistant weed biotypes cannot be expected. If weed control is unsatisfactory, it may be necessary to retreat the problem area using a product affecting a different site of action.

To better manage herbicide resistance through delaying the proliferation and possible dominance of herbicide resistant weed biotypes, it may be necessary to change cultural practices within and between crop seasons such as using a combination of tillage, retreatment, tank-mix partners and/or sequential herbicide applications that have a different site of action. Weed escapes that are allowed to go to seed will promote the spread of resistant biotypes.

It is advisable to keep accurate records of pesticides applied to individual fields to help obtain information on the spread and dispersal of resistant biotypes. Consult your agricultural dealer, consultant, applicator, and/or appropriate state agricultural extension service representative for specific alternative cultural practices or herbicide recommendations available in your area.

# SOIL INSECTICIDE INTERACTION INFORMATION

DuPont<sup>TM</sup> PREQUEL<sup>TM</sup> herbicide may interact with certain insecticides previously applied to the crop. Crop response varies with field corn type, insecticide used, insecticide application method, and soil type.

PREQUEL<sup>TM</sup> may be applied to com previously treated with "Fortress", "Aztec", or "Force" insecticides or nonorganophosphate soil insecticides regardless of soil type.

• Do not apply DuPont<sup>TM</sup> PREQUEL<sup>TM</sup> herbicide within 60 days of crop emergence where an organophosphate insecticide (such as "Counter") was applied as an in-furrow treatment since crop injury may occur. Also, allow at least 60 days between a pre-emergence or pre-plant application of PREQUEL<sup>TM</sup> and application of an organophosphate insecticide since crop injury may result.

#### **PRECAUTIONS**

Injury or loss of desirable trees or vegetation may result from failure to observe the following:

- Do not apply PREQUEL<sup>TM</sup> or drain or flush application equipment on or near desirable trees or other plants, or on areas where their roots may extend, or in locations where the chemical may be washed or moved into contact with their roots.
- Do not use on lawns, walks, driveways, tennis courts, or similar areas.
- Prevent drift or spray to desirable plants.
- Do not contaminate any body of water.
- Thoroughly clean application equipment immediately after use. (See Sprayer Cleanup section of this label for instructions).

Crop injury may occur following an application of PREQUEL™ if there is a prolonged period of cold weather and/or in conjunction with wet soils.

Do not graze, feed forage, grain or fodder (stover) from treated areas to livestock within 30 days of PREQUEL™ application.

#### STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

**Pesticide Storage:** Store product in original container only. Do not contaminate water, other pesticides, fertilizer, food or feed in storage. Store in a cool, dry place.

**Product Disposal:** Do not contaminate water, food, or feed by disposal. Waste resulting from the use of this product may be disposed of on site or at an approved waste disposal facility.

#### Container Disposal:

Refer to the Net Contents section of this product's labeling for the applicable "Refillable Container" or "Nonrefillable Container" designation.

For Small (Capacity Equal to or Less Than 50 Pounds) Nonrefillable Containers: Nonrefillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container. Offer for recycling, if available. Triple rinse container (or equivalent) promptly after emptying. Triple rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank. Fill the container 1/4 full with water and recap. Shake for 10 seconds. Pour rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Repeat this procedure two more times.

For Large (Capacity Greater Than 50 Pounds) Nonrefillable Containers: Nonrefillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container. Offer for recycling, if available. Triple rinse container (or equivalent) promptly after emptying. Triple rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank. Fill the container 1/4 full with water. Replace and tighten closures. Tip container on its side and roll it back and forth, ensuring at least one complete revolution, for 30 seconds. Stand the container on its end and tip it back and forth several times. Turn the container over onto its other end and tip it back and forth several times. Empty the rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Repeat this procedure two more times.

For Extra Large (Size or Shape Too Large to be Tipped, Rolled or Turned Upside Down) Bulk Nonrefillable Plastic and Metal Containers:

Nonrefillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container. Offer for recycling, if available. Pressure rinse as follows: Empty the remaining product contents into application equipment or a mix tank. Insert pressure rinsing nozzle in the container, and rinse at about 40 PSI for at least 30 seconds. Drain rinsate for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Pour or pump rinsate into application equipment or rinsate collection system.

For Nonrefillable Fiber Sacks: Nonrefillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container. Offer for recycling, if available or dispose of sack in a sanitary landfill or by incineration if allowed by State and local authorities. Completely empty fiber sack by shaking and tapping sides and bottom to loosen clinging particles. Empty residue into manufacturing or application equipment.

For Nonrefillable Fiber Drums With Liners:
Nonrefillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container. Offer for recycling, if available or dispose of liner in a sanitary landfill or by incineration if allowed by State and local authorities. Completely empty liner by shaking and tapping sides and bottom to loosen clinging particles. Empty residue into application equipment. Dispose of the drum in the same manner.

For Reusable Fiber Drums With Liners: Reusable container (fiber drum). Offer the liner for recycling, if available or dispose of liner in a sanitary landfill or by incineration if allowed by State and local authorities. Completely empty liner by shaking and tapping sides and bottom to loosen clinging particles. Empty residue into application equipment. If drum is contaminated and cannot be reused, dispose of in the same manner.

For Nonrefillable Paper and Plastic Bags: Nonrefillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container. Offer for recycling, if available or dispose of empty bag in a sanitary landfill or by incineration, or, if allowed by State and local authorities, by burning. If burned, stay out of smoke. Completely empty bag into application equipment.

For All Refillable Containers: Refillable container. Refill this container with DuPont<sup>TM</sup> PREQUEL<sup>TM</sup> containing rimsulfuron and isoxaflutole only. Do not reuse this container for any other purpose. Cleaning the container before final disposal is the responsibility of the person disposing of the container. Cleaning before refilling is the responsibility of the refiller. To clean the container before final disposal, empty the remaining contents from this container into application equipment or mix tank. Fill the container about 10 percent full with water. Agitate vigorously or recirculate water with the pump for 2 minutes. Pour or pump rinsate into application equipment or rinsate collection system. Repeat this rinsing procedure two more times. Prior to refilling, inspect carefully for damage such as cracks, punctures, abrasions, worn out threads and closure devices. Check for leaks after refilling and before transporting. Do not transport if this container is damaged or leaking. If the container is damaged, leaking or obsolete, or in the event of a major spill, fire or other emergency, contact DuPont at 1-800-441-3637, day or night.

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