



UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY
WASHINGTON, DC 20460

OFFICE OF CHEMICAL SAFETY
AND POLLUTION PREVENTION

May 30, 2023

Wes Marchione
Regulatory Leader – Regulatory Affairs
Corteva Agriscience
9330 Zionsville Road
Indianapolis, IN 46268

Subject: Notification per PRN 98-10 – Update primary and alternate brand names,
company details, and warranty statement
Product Name: Canopy EX
EPA Registration Number: 352-635
Application Date: 03/27/2023
Decision Number: 591676

Dear Wes Marchione:

The Agency is in receipt of your Application for Pesticide Notification under Pesticide Registration Notice (PRN) 98-10 for the above referenced product. The Registration Division (RD) has conducted a review of this request for its applicability under PRN 98-10 and finds that the action requested falls within the scope of PRN 98-10.

The label submitted with the application has been stamped “NOTIFICATION” and placed in our records.

The alternate brand name, “*DuPont Canopy EX*” has been added to the product record.

Should you wish to add/retain a reference to the company’s website on your label, then please be aware that the website becomes labeling under the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act (FIFRA) and is subject to review by the Agency. If the website is false or misleading, the product would be misbranded and unlawful to sell or distribute under FIFRA section 12(a)(1)(E). 40 CFR 156.10(a)(5) lists examples of statements EPA may consider false or misleading. In addition, regardless of whether a website is referenced on your product’s label, claims made on the website may not substantially differ from those claims approved through the registration process. Therefore, should the Agency find or if it is brought to our attention that a website contains false or misleading statements or claims substantially differing from the EPA approved registration, the website will be referred to the EPA’s Office of Enforcement and Compliance.

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If you have any questions, please contact Jennifer Drobish at 202-566-2642 or at Drobish.jennifer@epa.gov.

Sincerely,

A handwritten signature in black ink that reads "Aswathy Balan". The signature is written in a cursive style with a long horizontal stroke at the beginning.

Aswathy Balan
Senior Regulatory Specialist
Fungicide and Herbicide Branch
Registration Division
Office of Pesticide Programs

DuPont™ Canopy® EX

[Alternate Brand Name: DuPont Canopy EX]

| | | |
|-------|---|-----------|
| GROUP | 2 | HERBICIDE |
|-------|---|-----------|

HERBICIDE

For Burndown and Residual Control of Weeds Prior to Planting Soybeans.

Dispersible Granules

Active Ingredient:

| | |
|--|--------|
| Chlorimuron Ethyl: Ethyl 2-[[[(4-chloro-6-methoxypyrimidin-2-yl)amino]carbonyl]amino]sulfonyl]benzoate..... | 45.45% |
| Tribenuron methyl: Methyl 2-[[[(4-methoxy-6-methyl-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl)methylamino]carbonyl]amino]sulfonyl]benzoate | 6.8% |
| Other Ingredients | 70.5% |
| Total | 100% |

NOTIFICATION

352-635

The applicant has certified that no changes, other than those reported to the Agency have been made to the labeling. The Agency acknowledges this notification by letter dated:

05/30/2023

This product is a water-dispersible granule containing 29.5% active ingredient by weight..

Keep Out of Reach of Children

CAUTION/AVISO

Si usted no entiende la etiqueta, busque a alguien para que se la explique a usted en detalle. (If you **DO NOT** understand the label, find someone to explain it to you in detail.)

First Aid

IF IN EYES: Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15-20 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.

IF ON SKIN OR CLOTHING: Take off contaminated clothing. Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15-20 minutes. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.

Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor, or going for treatment. You may also contact 1-800-~~441-3637~~[992-5994](tel:1-800-992-5994) for medical emergencies involving this product.

Precautionary Statements

Hazards to Humans and Domestic Animals

CAUTION

Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)

Mixers, loaders, applicators and other handlers must wear:

- Long-sleeved shirt and long pants.
- Chemical Resistant Gloves made of any water proof material.
- Shoes plus socks.

Follow manufacturers instructions for cleaning/maintaining PPE. If no such instructions for washables exist, use detergent and hot water. Keep and wash PPE separately from other laundry.

ENGINEERING CONTROL STATEMENTS

When handlers use closed systems, enclosed cabs, or aircraft in a manner that meets the requirements listed in the Worker Protection Standard (WPS) for agricultural pesticides [40 CFR part 170.240 (d)(4-6)], the handler PPE requirements may be reduced or modified as specified in the WPS.

Important: When reduced PPE is worn because a closed system is being used, handlers must be provided all PPE specified above for "Applicators and Other Handlers" and have such PPE immediately available for use in an emergency, such as a spill or equipment breakdown.

USER SAFETY RECOMMENDATIONS

USERS SHOULD: Wash hands before eating drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco, or using the toilet. Remove clothing/PPE immediately if pesticide gets inside. Then wash thoroughly and put on clean clothing. Remove PPE immediately after handling this product. Wash the outside of gloves before removing. As soon as possible, wash thoroughly and change into clean clothing.

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS

Do not apply directly to water, or to areas where surface water is present, or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark. Do not contaminate water when cleaning equipment or disposing of equipment washwaters or rinsate. Do not apply where/when conditions favor runoff.

~~NOTICE TO BUYER: Purchase of this material does not confer any rights under patents of countries outside of the United States.~~

~~The DuPont Oval Logo, DuPont™, CANOPY®, ABUNDIT®, ASSURE®, CINCH®, CLASSIC®, ENLITE®, ENVIVE®, PANOFLEX®, SYNCHRONY® and TRIVENCE® are trademarks or registered trademarks of DuPont, Pioneer or its affiliates.~~

"Boundary" and "Gramoxone" are registered trademarks of a Syngenta Group Company "Liberty" is a registered trademark of Bayer CropScience Ag "Sharpen" and "Zidua" are registered trademarks of BASF "Valor" is a registered trademark of Valent USA Corporation

~~D—2025 100417~~

LIMITATION OF WARRANTY AND LIABILITY

~~NOTICE: Read this Limitation of Warranty and Liability before buying or using this product. To the extent consistent with applicable law, DuPont will not be responsible for losses or damages resulting from the use of this product in any manner not specifically directed by DuPont. User assumes all risks associated with such non directed use. If the terms are not acceptable, return the product at once, unopened, and the purchase price will be refunded.~~

~~It is impossible to eliminate all risks associated with the use of this product. Such risks arise from weather conditions, soil factors, off target movement, unconventional farming techniques, presence of other materials, the manner of use or application, or other unknown factors, all of which are beyond the control of DuPont. These risks can cause: ineffectiveness of the product, crop injury, or injury to non target crops or plants. WHEN YOU BUY OR USE THIS PRODUCT, YOU AGREE TO ACCEPT THESE RISKS.~~

~~DuPont warrants that this product conforms to the chemical description on the label thereof and is reasonably fit for the purpose stated in the Directions for Use, subject to the inherent risks described above, when used in accordance with the Directions for Use under normal conditions.~~

~~TO THE EXTENT CONSISTENT WITH APPLICABLE LAW, DUPONT MAKES NO OTHER EXPRESS OR IMPLIED WARRANTY OF FITNESS OR OF MERCHANTABILITY OR ANY OTHER EXPRESS OR IMPLIED WARRANTY. TO THE EXTENT CONSISTENT WITH APPLICABLE LAW, IN NO EVENT SHALL DUPONT OR SELLER BE LIABLE FOR ANY INCIDENTAL, CONSEQUENTIAL OR SPECIAL DAMAGES RESULTING FROM THE USE OR HANDLING OF THIS PRODUCT. BUYER'S OR USER'S BARGAINED FOR EXPECTATION IS CROP PROTECTION. TO THE EXTENT CONSISTENT WITH APPLICABLE LAW, THE EXCLUSIVE REMEDY OF THE USER OR BUYER AND THE EXCLUSIVE LIABILITY OF DUPONT OR SELLER, FOR ANY AND ALL CLAIMS, LOSSES, INJURIES OR DAMAGES (INCLUDING CLAIMS BASED ON BREACH OF WARRANTY OR CONTRACT, NEGLIGENCE, TORT OR STRICT LIABILITY), WHETHER FROM FAILURE TO PERFORM OR INJURY TO~~

~~CROPS OR OTHER PLANTS, AND RESULTING FROM THE USE OR HANDLING OF THIS PRODUCT, SHALL BE THE RETURN OF THE PURCHASE PRICE OF THE PRODUCT, OR AT THE ELECTION OF DUPONT OR SELLER, THE REPLACEMENT OF THE PRODUCT.~~

~~To the extent consistent with applicable law that allows such requirement, DuPont or its Ag Retailer must have prompt notice of any claim so that an immediate inspection of buyer's or user's growing crops can be made. Buyer and all users shall promptly notify DuPont or a DuPont Ag Retailer of any claims, whether based on contract, negligence, strict liability, other tort or otherwise, or be barred from any remedy.~~

~~This Limitation of Warranty and Liability may not be amended by any oral or written agreement.~~

Refer to inside of label booklet for additional precautionary information including First Aid and Directions for Use.

Notice: Read the entire label. Use only according to label directions. Before using this product, read Warranty Disclaimer, Inherent Risks of Use and Limitation of Remedies at end of label booklet. If terms are not acceptable, return at once unopened.

In case of emergency endangering health or the environment involving this product, call 1-800-992-5994.

Agricultural Chemical: Do not ship or store with food, feeds, drugs, or clothing.

EPA Reg. No. 352-635

EPA Est. _____

™® Trademarks of Corteva Agriscience and its affiliated companies.

**Produced for
Corteva Agriscience LLC
9330 Zionsville Road
Indianapolis, IN 46268**

NET WEIGHT _____

Directions for Use

It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.

Do not apply this product in a way that will contact workers or other persons, either directly or through drift. Only protected handlers may be in the area during application. For any requirements specific to your State or Tribe, consult the agency responsible for pesticide regulation.

~~DuPont™ CANOPY~~Canopy® EX herbicide, referred to below as ~~DuPont™ Canopy~~CANOPY® EX, ~~Canopy~~CANOPY® EX herbicide, or ~~Canopy~~CANOPY® EX must be used only in accordance with instructions on this label, Special Local Need registrations, FIFRA Section 18 exemptions, or as otherwise permitted by FIFRA. Always read the entire label, including the Limitation of Warranty and Liability.

CanopyCANOPY® EX is for use as a pre-plant burndown herbicide prior to planting soybeans in most states. Check with your state extension service or Department of Agriculture before use, to be certain that ~~Canopy~~CANOPY® EX is registered in your state.

Agricultural Use Requirements

Use this product only in accordance with its labeling and with the Worker Protection Standard, 40 CFR part 170. This Standard contains requirements for the protection of agricultural workers on farms, forests, nurseries, and greenhouses, and handlers of agricultural pesticides. It contains requirements for training, decontamination, notification, and emergency assistance. It also contains specific instructions and exceptions pertaining to the statements on this label about personal protective equipment (PPE) and restricted-entry interval. The requirements in this box only apply to uses of this product that are covered by the Worker Protection Standard.

Do not apply to frozen ground.

Use only in the geographies identified in the Rotational Crop Guidelines section of this label.

PPE required for early entry to treated areas that is permitted under the Worker Protection Standard and that involves contact with anything that has been treated, such as plants, soil, or water, is:

- Long-sleeved shirt and long pants.
- Chemical Resistant Gloves made of any water proof material.
- Shoes plus socks.

Product Information

CanopyCANOPY® EX herbicide is a water-dispersible granule formulation used at a rate of 1.1 - 3.3 ounces per acre for burndown and residual weed control prior to soybean planting in no-till or conservation tillage fields.

For season-long control of all broadleaf and grass weeds following application of ~~Canopy~~CANOPY® EX, a planned sequential program is required.

CanopyCANOPY® EX is non-corrosive, nonflammable, nonvolatile, and does not freeze.

CanopyCANOPY® EX should be mixed in water and applied as a uniform broadcast spray.

Do not apply to frozen ground.

Use only in the geographies identified in the Rotational Crop Guidelines section of this label.

BIOLOGICAL ACTIVITY

~~DuPont™ Canopy~~CANOPY® EX is absorbed through the foliage and roots of plants where it rapidly inhibits growth of susceptible weeds. Leaves of susceptible plants appear chlorotic and the growing point subsequently dies. Weed species that are suppressed instead of controlled may remain green, but will be stunted and noncompetitive.

[CanopyCANOPY®](#) EX will provide the best results when applied to young, actively growing weeds. Degree of control depends on: rate used; weed spectrum; weed size (use adequate spray volume to get coverage); growing conditions at and following treatment; soil moisture; precipitation; and spray adjuvants. Treating weeds under stress or large weeds may result in only partial control. Stress may be caused by:

- abnormal weather (hot or cold)
- mechanical injury from cultivation
- drought
- water-saturated soil
- disease
- insect injury
- prior herbicide injury

Rainfast interval

Do not apply [CanopyCANOPY®](#) EX if rain is expected within 2 hours or weed control may decrease.

Restrictions

- Do not apply this product through any type of irrigation system.
- Allow 14 days after application before grazing or feeding forage or hay.
- Do not apply more than a total of 0.82 ounces active ingredient chlorimuron ethyl per acre per year in the Northern and Central region states or 1.07 ounces active ingredient chlorimuron ethyl per acre per year in the Southern region states. This includes combinations of preemergence and postemergence applications of chlorimuron ethyl products.
- Do not apply more than a total of 0.25 ounces active ingredient of tribenuron methyl per acre per year in all use regions specified on this label.
- Do not apply to land that has been or will be treated with [Dupont™](#) Glean®, Ally®, or Finesse® herbicides in the states of Kansas or Nebraska without carefully observing the rotational crop intervals for those products.
- Injury to or loss of desirable vegetation may result from failure to observe the following:
 - Do not apply [CanopyCANOPY®](#) EX or drain or flush application equipment on or near desirable trees or other plants, or on areas where their roots may extend, or in locations where the chemical may be washed or moved into contact with their roots.
 - Do not use on lawns, walks, driveways, tennis courts, or similar areas.
 - Prevent drift of spray to desirable plants.
 - Do not contaminate any body of water.
 - Do not mix/load, or use within 50 feet of all wells including abandoned wells, drainage wells, and sink holes.
 - Do not discharge excess material on the soil at a single spot in the field or mixing/loading station.
 - Keep [CanopyCANOPY®](#) EX from coming in contact with fertilizers, insecticides, fungicides, and seeds during storage.
 - Do not apply [CanopyCANOPY®](#) EX if rain is expected within 2 hours or weed control may decrease.
 - Do not apply to frozen ground.

Precautions

- [CanopyCANOPY®](#) EX applied on soils with a history of nutrient deficiency (such as iron chlorosis) may cause crop injury.
- Thoroughly clean application equipment immediately after use and prior to spraying other crops. Failure to remove even small amounts of [CanopyCANOPY®](#) EX from application

equipment may result in injury to subsequently sprayed crops. (See the Sprayer Cleanup section of this label for instructions.)

- Severe stress (drought, disease, insect damage, or nutrient deficiency such as iron chlorosis) following application may result in crop injury and/or poor weed control.
- When triple-rinsing the pesticide container, be sure to add the rinsate to the spray mix.

Weed Resistance

DuPont™ [CanopyCANOPY®](#) EX, which contains the active ingredients chlorimuron ethyl and tribenuron methyl, are both group 2 herbicides based on the mode of action classification system of the Weed Science Society of America.

When herbicides with mode of action classifications that affect the same biological sites of action are used repeatedly over several years to control the same weed species in the same treatment area, naturally-occurring resistant biotypes may survive a correctly applied herbicide treatment, propagate, and become dominant in that area. Adequate control of these resistant weed biotypes cannot be expected. If weed control is unsatisfactory, it may be necessary to retreat the problem area using a product affecting a different biological site of action.

To better manage herbicide resistance through delaying the proliferation and possible dominance of herbicide resistant weed biotypes, it may be necessary to change cultural practices within and between crop seasons such as using a combination of tillage, retreatment, tank-mix partners and/or sequential herbicide applications that have a different site of action. Weed escapes that are allowed to go to seed will promote the spread of resistant biotypes.

It is advisable to keep accurate records of pesticides applied to individual fields to help obtain information on the spread and dispersal of resistant biotypes. Consult your agricultural dealer, consultant, applicator, and/or appropriate state agricultural extension service representative to determine appropriate actions for treating specific resistant weed biotypes in your area.

INTEGRATED PEST MANAGEMENT

This product may be used as part of an Integrated Pest Management (IPM) program that can include biological, cultural, and genetic practices aimed at preventing economic pest damage. IPM principles and practices include field scouting or other detection methods, correct target pest identification, population monitoring, and treating when target pest populations reach locally determined action thresholds. Consult your state cooperative extension service, professional consultants or other qualified authorities to determine appropriate action treatment threshold levels for treating specific pest/crop systems in your area.

APPLICATION INFORMATION

GEOGRAPHIC USE REGIONS

Northern Region: The states of Iowa (fields inside the boundaries of the Clarion-Nicollet-Webster and Hamburg-Ida- Monona soil associations and fields located inside the historic floodplain of the Missouri River), South Dakota and Wisconsin (fields north of Interstate 90 between Lacrosse and Madison and fields north of Interstate 94 between Madison and Milwaukee). **Do not use [CanopyCANOPY®](#) EX in the Northern Region.**

Central Region: The states of Delaware, Illinois, Indiana, Iowa (fields located outside the boundaries of the Clarion- Nicollet-Webster and Hamburg-Ida-Monona soil associations and fields located outside the historic flood plain of the Missouri River), Kansas, Maryland, Michigan, Missouri (except the Bootheel), Nebraska (fields south of Route 30 or east of Route 281), New Jersey, New York (fields south of Interstate 90), Ohio, Pennsylvania, Virginia, West Virginia and Wisconsin (fields south of Interstate 90 between Lacrosse and Madison and fields south of Interstate 94 between Madison and Milwaukee).

Southern Region: The states of Alabama (except the “Black Belt” where soil pH must be less than 7.0), Arkansas, Florida, Georgia, Kentucky, Louisiana, Missouri (Bootheel region only), Mississippi (except the “Black Belt” where soil pH must be less than 7.0), North Carolina, Oklahoma, South Carolina, Tennessee and Texas (fields east of Route 183). **Do not use CanopyCANOPY® EX in Florida.**

TIMING TO CROP

CanopyCANOPY® EX may be applied to no-till or conservation tillage fields after the fall harvest at the following intervals prior to planting soybeans.

- For 1.1 up to and including 1.5 oz/acre CanopyCANOPY® EX, applications may be made up to the time of planting.
- For greater than 1.5 and up to and including 2.2 oz/acre CanopyCANOPY® EX, plant soybeans a minimum of 7 days after CanopyCANOPY® EX application. In the states of AL, AR, LA, bootheel of MO, MS and TN applications can be made up to the time of planting.
- For greater than 2.2 up to 3.3 oz/acre CanopyCANOPY® EX, plant soybeans a minimum of 14 days after CanopyCANOPY® EX application.

TIMING TO WEEDS: BURNDOWN

| <u>In medium and fine soils of 1.5-4% organic matter</u> | <u>Rate oz/acre</u> |
|---|---------------------|
| Central Region <u>Delaware, Illinois, Indiana, Iowa, Kansas, Maryland, Missouri (except the bootheel), Nebraska, New Jersey, New York*, Ohio, Pennsylvania, Virginia, West Virginia, and Wisconsin*</u> | |
| <u>no soil pH restriction**</u> | <u>1.1</u> |
| <u>Composite soil pH of 7 or less</u> | <u>>1.1-3.3</u> |
| Southern Region <u>Alabama†, Arkansas, Georgia, Kentucky, Louisiana, Missouri (bootheel region only), Mississippi†, North Carolina, Oklahoma, South Carolina, Tennessee, Texas (fields east of Route 183)</u> | |
| <u>no soil restriction</u> | <u>1.1 to 1.6</u> |
| <u>composite soil pH of 7 or less</u> | <u>>1.6-3.3</u> |

*In the portions of Wisconsin and New York in the Central Region, the use rate is limited to no greater than 1.1 oz/acre.
 **In Michigan, New York, and Wisconsin, do not apply the 1.1 oz/acre rate to soils exceeding pH 7.6. In all other states, the soil pH is unrestricted for the 1.1 oz/acre rate.
 † Except the ‘Black Belt’ soils, where pH must be less than 7.0.

For best results, apply to annual weeds that are up to 3 inches in height or diameter and to perennial weeds that are up to 6 inches in height or diameter. Where the rate is not restricted by soil pH, use higher CanopyCANOPY® EX rates for improved residual activity.

WEEDS CONTROLLED – BURNDOWN

For the best burndown results, the addition of 2,4-D LVE is recommended, and is required for control of some weeds.

DuPont™ CanopyCANOPY® EX herbicide, applied at 1.1 - 3.3 oz/acre, will burndown the following weeds.

Table 1. Burndown control of emerged winter annuals, perennials, and summer annual weeds

| | | |
|-----------------------------|-----------------------|------------------------|
| Bittercress, small-flowered | Lettuce, prickly | Speedwell, field and |
| Bushy wallflower | Marestail (horseweed) | purslane |
| Buttercup, smallflower | Mustard, tansy, wild | Sunflower |
| Butterweed | Pennycress, field | Thistle, Canada (above |
| Chickweed, common | Pepperweed | ground portion) |
| Dandelion | Pigweed | Velvetleaf |

Deadnettle, purple, and red
Garlic, wild*
Henbit
Lambsquarters*

Ragweed, common *
Ragweed, giant*
Shepherd's-purse
Smartweed

Whitlowgrass
Yellow rocket

* Additional or a minimum of 8 oz ai/acre 2,4-D LVE is required for all [CanopyCANOPY®](#) EX rates.

WEEDS CONTROLLED - PREEMERGENCE

Fall through early spring applications of 1.1 oz/acre [CanopyCANOPY®](#) EX will provide limited residual control of listed weeds to contribute to a clean seedbed at normal planting times.

Fall through early spring applications of 1.5 - 3.3 oz/acre [CanopyCANOPY®](#) EX will provide acceptable preemergence control, or partial control (suppression), of the following weeds through normal planting dates.

Table 2. Weeds controlled or suppressed preemergence

| Control | Suppression |
|---|--|
| Cocklebur Lambsquarters Henbit Marestail Pigweed, redroot and smooth Purslane speedwell Ragweed, common Smartweed, annual Winter annual mustards (pennycress, bittercress shepherd's-purse, whitlow grass, yellow rocket) | Annual grasses* (foxtails, barnyardgrass, Crabgrass, panicum) Chickweed, common Jimsonweed Morningglory, annual* Nutsedge, yellow* Prickly sida (teaweed)* Ragweed, giant* Velvetleaf |

* With 1.1 oz/acre applications of [CanopyCANOPY®](#) EX, heavy weed pressure, delayed planting, or adverse environmental conditions may require additional burndown control measures at planting. For enhanced residual control, metribuzin containing pesticides labeled for this use, may be tank mixed with 1.1 oz/acre [CanopyCANOPY®](#) EX.

In addition to the weeds noted in the tables above [CanopyCANOPY®](#) EX has activity on a range of other weeds. Consult [DuPont-Corteva Agriscience](#) Fact Sheets, technical bulletins, and service policies for information on other weeds controlled.

SPRAY ADJUVANTS

Applications of [DuPont™-CanopyCANOPY®](#) EX must include either a crop oil concentrate or a nonionic surfactant. Crop oil concentrate is the required adjuvant system unless tank mixing with a product that precludes use of crop oil concentrate.

Consult local [DuPont-Corteva Agriscience](#) fact sheets, technical bulletins, and service policies prior to using other adjuvant systems. If another herbicide is tank mixed with [CanopyCANOPY®](#) EX, select adjuvants authorized for use with both products. Adjuvants must contain only EPA- exempt ingredients (40 CFR 1001).

Crop Oil Concentrate (COC) – Petroleum or Modified Seed Oil (MSO)

- Apply at 1% v/v (1 gal per 100 gal spray solution) or 2% under arid conditions.
- Oil adjuvants must contain at least 80% high quality, petroleum (mineral) or modified vegetable seed oil with at least 15% surfactant emulsifiers.

Nonionic Surfactant (NIS)

- Apply at 0.25% v/v (1 qt per 100 gal spray solution) or 0.5% under arid conditions.
- Surfactant products must contain at least 60% nonionic surfactant with a hydrophilic/lipophilic balance (HLB) greater than 12.

Special Adjuvant Types

- Combination adjuvant products may be used at doses that provide the required amount of NIS, COC, MSO and/or ammonium nitrogen fertilizer. Consult product literature for use rates and restrictions.
- In addition to the adjuvants specified above, other adjuvant types may be used if they provide the same functionality and have been evaluated and approved by [Corteva DuPont Product Management](#). Consult separate [DuPont-company](#) technical bulletins for detailed information before using adjuvant types not specified on this label.

TANK MIXTURES

Tank Mix Restrictions

When tank mixing [CanopyCANOPY®](#) EX with any other approved soybean pesticides, always read and follow all use directions, restrictions, and precautions of the [CanopyCANOPY®](#) EX and tank mix partner(s) labels. If those directions conflict with this label, do not tank mix the product(s) with [CanopyCANOPY®](#) EX. When tank mixing, the most restrictive labeling applies. It is the pesticide user's responsibility to ensure that all products are registered for the intended use. Read and flow the applicable restriction and limitations and directions for use on all product labels involved in tank mixing. Users must follow the most restrictive directions for use and precautionary statements of each product in the tank mixture.

For Additional Control of Emerged Grass and Broadleaf Weeds

To burndown annual grasses and broadleaf weeds listed above when they exceed the specified heights, [CanopyCANOPY®](#) EX may be tank mixed with products registered for use on soybeans, such as: [DuPont™ ASSURE Assure®](#) II, dicamba, glyphosate including [ABUNDIT Abundi®](#) Edge, glufosinate (Liberty), paraquat (Gramoxone), saflufenacil (Sharpen) or 2,4-D (LVE). When tank mixing with glyphosate-containing products, replace the crop oil concentrate with nonionic surfactant at 0.25% v/v (1 qt per 100 gallons final spray volume) and follow the manufacturer's instructions for ammonium sulfate addition. To select the proper tank mix burndown product, identify the weeds to be controlled and consult the product labels to determine which product is needed.

For Additional Residual Control of Grass and Broadleaf Weeds

In addition to tank mixtures for burndown, [CanopyCANOPY®](#) EX may be tank mixed with preemergence herbicides registered for soybeans, including linuron, metribuzin containing products including "Boundary", "Valor", metolachlor including [DuPont™ CINCH Cinch®](#) herbicide, pendimethalin or pyroxasulfone (Zidua)

PLANNED SEQUENTIAL PROGRAMS

[CanopyCANOPY®](#) EX applied in the fall or early spring will not provide season-long preemergence control of annual grasses and broadleaf weeds.

For year-long control, a planned pre or post sequential program is required. To ensure maximal rotational flexibility when considering a sequential program of [CanopyCANOPY®](#) EX followed by other herbicides containing chlorimuron ethyl, including [DuPont™ CLASSIC Classic®](#), [DuPont™ ENLITE Enlite®](#), [DuPont™ ENVIVE Envive®](#), [DuPont™ SYNCHRONY Synchrony®](#) XP, or [DuPont™ TRIVENCE Trivence®](#) carefully consider: the soil pH, the directions below, and the Rotational Crop Guidelines in this label

Applications of 1.1 oz/acre [CanopyCANOPY®](#) EX to soils with pH greater than 7:

Do not apply additional chlorimuron ethyl containing herbicides except in the states of AL, AR, GA, KY, LA, MO (bootheel), MS, NC, OK, SC, TN, and TX, where up to 0.125 ounces active ingredient/acre chlorimuron ethyl may be applied.

Applications of 1.5 oz/acre [DuPont™ CanopyCANOPY®](#) EX to soils with pH greater than 7:

Do not apply additional chlorimuron-ethyl containing herbicides.

Applications of 1.1 – 3.3 oz/acre [DuPont™ CanopyCANOPY®](#) EX to soils with pH greater than 7 or less:

A single postemergence application of [CLASSIC Classic®](#) or [DuPont™ SYNCHRONY Synchrony®](#) XP may be applied at the rates specified below.

| Canopy EX oz/acre | Sequential Application of chlorimuron ethyl oz ai/acre |
|-------------------|--|
| up to 2.6 | up to 0.188 |
| up to 3.0 | up to 0.125 |
| up to 3.2 | up to 0.082 |
| up to 3.3 | up to 0.062 |

SEQUENTIAL PROGRAM WITH [DUPONT™ ENLITE®](#) HERBICIDE ON HIGH PH SOILS

On soils with composite soil pH greater than 7.0 and where a total of 0.25 ounces active ingredient per acre of chlorimuron ethyl can be applied in a growing season, [CanopyCANOPY®](#) EX herbicide may be used at 0.5 – 0.75 oz/acre for burndown of weeds when applied post-harvest or to fallow fields prior to planting soybeans.

[CanopyCANOPY®](#) EX applied in the fall or early spring will not provide sesason-long preemergence weed control of annual grasses and broadleaf weeds. A sequential application of [ENLITEEnlite®](#) at 2.8 – 4.25 oz/acre may be made. Total use rate combinations of [CanopyCANOPY®](#) EX and [ENLITEEnlite®](#) or other chlorimuron ethyl containing products must not exceed 0.25 ounces active ingredient of chlorimuron ethyl per acre per year.

Use rate combinations of [CANOPY-Canopy](#) EX followed by [ENLITE-Enlite](#) which do not exceed 0.25 oz ai/acre of chlorimuron ethyl:

| CanopyCANOPY® EX: oz/acre | Sequential Application of ENLITEEnlite® : oz/acre |
|---|--|
| 0.5 | Up to 4.25 |
| 0.55 | Up to 4.25 |
| 0.66 | Up to 3.5 |
| 0.75 | 2.8 |

ROTATIONAL CROP GUIDELINES

Even though [CanopyCANOPY®](#) EX may be applied in the fall, for the purposes of re-cropping, do not start counting months for re- cropping until normal soybean planting time in the spring.

Crop rotation intervals noted in Table 3 below are based on crops grown under favorable growing conditions. Crops grown under unfavorable environmental conditions, such as drought, nutrient deficiency, high salts, disease and insect pressure may demonstrate reduced tolerance to crop protection chemicals. When deciding on a particular crop to replant in your fields, carefully consider your particular soil and other field conditions (see IMPORTANCE OF SOIL pH section of this label)

Rotational Crops – Central and Southern Regions

Central Region: The states of Delaware, Illinois, Indiana, Iowa (fields located outside the boundaries of the Clarion- Nicollet-Webster and Hamburg-Ida-Monona soil associations and fields located outside the historic flood plain of the Missouri River), Kansas, Maryland, Michigan, Missouri (except the Bootheel), Nebraska (fields south of Route 30 or east of Route 281), New Jersey, New York (fields south of Interstate 90), Ohio, Pennsylvania, Virginia, West Virginia and Wisconsin (fields south of Interstate 90 between Lacrosse and Madison and fields south of Interstate 94 between Madison and Milwaukee).

Southern Region: The states of Alabama (except the “Black Belt” where soil pH must be less than 7.0), Arkansas, Florida, Georgia, Kentucky, Louisiana, Missouri (Bootheel region only), Mississippi (except the “Black Belt” where soil pH must be less than 7.0), North Carolina, Oklahoma, South Carolina, Tennessee and Texas (fields east of Route 183). **Do not use** [CanopyCANOPY®](#) EX in Florida.

Central Region

- For applications of 1.1 oz/acre [CanopyCANOPY®](#) EX to any pH soil, follow Rotational Interval 1 in Table 3.
- For applications of [CanopyCANOPY®](#) EX greater than 1.1 oz/acre, including all sequential specifications in this label, follow Rotational Interval 3 in Table 3.

Southern Region

- For applications of 1.1 - 1.65 oz/acre [CanopyCANOPY®](#) EX to any pH soil, follow Rotational Interval 2 in Table 3.
- For applications of [CanopyCANOPY®](#) EX greater than 1.65 oz/acre, including all

sequential specifications in this label, follow Rotational Interval 3 in Table 3.

Table 3. Rotational Intervals (in months) for 1.2 – 3.3 oz/acre DuPont™ Canopy CANOPY® EX
(including all sequential application directions in this label)

| Crop(a) | Interval 1 | Interval 2 | Interval 3 |
|--|----------------|----------------|------------|
| Soybeans | immediately | immediately | 0.25(b) |
| Cereal Grains, Pasture Grasses | 3 | 3 | 4 |
| Dry Beans Kidney Beans Peas Snap Beans | 9 | 9 | 12 |
| Field Corn - grain, seed or silage | 9 | Not applicable | 10(c) |
| Field Corn - grain, seed or silage (states of AR, KY, MO (bootheel only), NC, OK, TN, and TX) | Not applicable | 8 | 10(c) |
| Field Corn - grain, seed or silage (states of AL, GA, LA, MS, and SC) | Not applicable | 7 | 10(c) |
| Sweet Corn | 18 | 18 | 18 |
| Popcorn | 9 | 9 | 10 |
| Sorghum | 9 | 9 | 12/10(d) |
| Tobacco (transplant) | 9 | 9 | 10 |
| Tomato (transplant) | 9 | 9 | 10 |
| Peanuts | 15 | 6 | 8 |
| Rice | 15 | 9(e) | 10 |
| Cotton | 9 | 8 | 10 |
| Alfalfa | 12 | 9 | 10 |
| Clover | 12 | 9 | 12 |
| Cabbage Canola (rapeseed) Cucumber Flax Lentils Mustard Pumpkins Sunflower Watermelon | 18 | 18 | 18 |
| Carrots Onions Sugar Beets Any Crop not listed | 30 | 30 | 18/30(f) |
| Sweet Potatoes, Yams | 30 | 10 | 18/30(f) |
| Potatoes | 30 | 30 | 18/30(f) |
| Potatoes (NC, VA)(g) | 8 | 8 | 18 |

- (a) If a sequential application containing chlorimuron-ethyl (DuPont™ CLASSIC Classic® or DuPont™ SYNCHRONY Synchrony® XP) is applied after August 1, extend the rotational crop intervals 2 months for alfalfa, clover, corn, cotton, popcorn, rice, sorghum, tobacco and tomato.
- (b) If the application rate of Canopy CANOPY® EX is greater than 2.2 oz/acre, extend the rotational interval 7 days.
- (c) In the states of DE, KY, MD, MO (bootheel), NJ, NC, SC, TN, VA, and WV, field corn may be recropped after 9 months if the total chlorimuron ethyl applied does not exceed 0.64 oz/acre.
- (d) Canopy CANOPY® EX treated fields in the states of AL, AR, DE, GA, KY, LA, MD, MO (bootheel), MS, NJ, NC, SC, TN, TX, VA, or VW may be recropped to sorghum after 10 months. In all other states, the rotational interval is 12 months.
- (e) In soils with pH 7.0 or less, replant rice after 9 months. In soils with pH greater than 7.0 and a Canopy CANOPY® EX rate no greater than 1.1 oz/acre, rice may be replanted after 10 months, as long as no other chlorimuron ethyl containing product was applied in the same season as the Canopy CANOPY® EX. In soils with pH greater than 7.0 and a Canopy CANOPY® EX rate >1.1 oz/acre, or where 1.1 oz/acre was followed with other chlorimuron ethyl containing products, the recrop to rice is 18 months.
- (f) Canopy CANOPY® EX treated fields in the states of AL, AR, DE, GA, KY, LA, MD, MO (bootheel), MS, NJ, NC, SC, TN, TX, VA, or VW may be recropped to carrots, onions, sugar beets, sweet potatoes, yams and potatoes after 18 months. In all other states the rotational interval is 30 months.
- (g) States of NC and VA in soils with organic matter greater than 1%

THE IMPORTANCE OF SOIL pH

Soil pH varies greatly, even within the same field. pH variations as much as 2 pH units are common. Composite soil samples taken across an entire field, including those samples taken for soil fertility specifications, may not detect areas of high pH. Subsampling is recommended for areas likely to have pH values higher than the field average. The following is a non-inclusive list of potential high pH areas where subsampling is specified.

- Where different soil types are evident within a field, sample those soil types separately.
- Where conditions vary within a field, sample areas separately, including:
 - areas bordered by limestone gravel roads
 - river bottoms subject to flooding
 - low areas in hardpan soils where evaporative ponds may occur,
 - eroded hillsides,
 - along drain lines,
 - areas where drainage ditch spoil has been spread.
- Where lime has not been deeply incorporated, soil may exhibit significantly higher pH values in the upper 3 inches of soil. Composite soil samples taken at a 6-8 inch depth may not reflect the elevated pH near the surface. In these cases shallow sampling of the upper 3 inches is advised.

Determine soil pH by laboratory analysis using 1:1 soil:water suspension.

MIXING INSTRUCTIONS

It is the pesticide user's responsibility to ensure that all products are registered for the intended use. Read and flow the applicable restriction and limitations and directions for use on all product labels involved in tank mixing. Users must follow the most restrictive directions for use and precautionary statements of each product in the tank mixture.

1. Fill the tank 1/4 to 1/3 full of water.
2. While agitating, add the required amount of [DuPont™ Canopy CANOPY® EX](#).
3. Continue agitation until the [Canopy CANOPY® EX](#) is fully dispersed, at least 5 minutes.
4. Once the [Canopy CANOPY® EX](#) is fully dispersed, maintain agitation and continue filling tank with water. Thoroughly mix [Canopy CANOPY® EX](#) with water before adding any other material.
5. As the tank is filling, add other herbicide(s) and the required spray adjuvants (crop oil concentrate, nonionic surfactant, or ammonium nitrogen fertilizer).
6. If the mixture is not continuously agitated, settling will occur. If settling occurs, thoroughly re-agitate before using.
7. Apply spray mixture within 24 hours of mixing to avoid product degradation.

TANK MIX COMPATIBILITY TESTING

Perform a jar test prior to tank mixing to ensure compatibility of [Canopy CANOPY® EX](#) and other pesticides. Use a clear glass quart jar with lid and mix the tank mix ingredients in their relative proportions. Invert the jar containing the mixture several times and observe the mixture for approximately 30 minutes. If the mixture balls-up, forms flakes, sludges, gels, oily films or layers, or other precipitates, it is not compatible and the tank mix combination must not be used.

APPLICATION EQUIPMENT

Many crops are highly sensitive to [Canopy CANOPY® EX](#). All direct or indirect contact (including spray drift) with crops other than fallow fields must be avoided (see also SPRAY DRIFT MANAGEMENT).

For all application systems, use 50-mesh or larger strainer screens.

GROUND APPLICATION

Broadcast Application

- Use a minimum of 15 gallons of water per acre (GPA) to ensure thorough coverage of the weeds and the best performance.
- For best performance, select nozzles and pressure that deliver MEDIUM spray droplets, as indicated, for example, by ASAE Standard S572. Nozzles that deliver COARSE spray droplets may be used to reduce drift, provided spray volume is increased to maintain coverage on small weeds. For optimal product performance and minimal spray drift, adjust the spray boom to the lowest possible spray height specified in manufacturers' specifications.
- Overlaps or starting, stopping, slowing, and turning while spraying may result in crop injury.

AERIAL APPLICATION

Use nozzle types and arrangements that will provide optimum spray distribution and maximum coverage in a minimum of 3 GPA.

Do not apply during a temperature inversion, when wind speed is less than 3 mph or above 10 mph, or when conditions favor poor coverage and/or off-target spray movement.

Do not apply [CanopyCANOPY® EX](#) by air in the state of New York.

SPRAYER PREPARATION AND CLEANUP

It is important that spray equipment is clean and free of previous pesticide deposits before using [CanopyCANOPY® EX](#), and then properly cleaned out following application. Clean all application equipment before applying [CanopyCANOPY® EX](#). Follow the cleanup procedures specified on the label of the product previously sprayed. If no cleanup procedure is provided, use the procedure that follows.

Immediately following applications of [CanopyCANOPY® EX](#), thoroughly clean all mixing and spray equipment to avoid subsequent crop injury.

Note:

- When cleaning spray equipment before applying [CanopyCANOPY® EX](#), read and follow label directions for proper rinsate disposal of the product previously sprayed.
- Steam cleaning of aerial spray tanks will help to dislodge any visible pesticide deposits.
- When [DuPont™ CanopyCANOPY® EX](#) is tank mixed with other pesticides, all cleanout procedures must be examined. Choose the most appropriate procedure(s) for cleanout.
- When spraying or mixing equipment will be used over an extended period to apply multiple loads of [CanopyCANOPY® EX](#), partially fill the tank with fresh water at the end of each day of spraying, flush the boom and hoses, and allow to sit overnight

Cleanup Procedure

1. Drain the tank and thoroughly hose down the interior surfaces. Flush the tank, hoses, and boom with clean water for a minimum of 5 minutes.
2. Partially fill the tank with clean water and add one gal of household ammonia* (containing 3% active) for every 100 gallons of water. Finish filling the tank with water, then flush the cleaning solution through the hoses, boom, and nozzles. Add more water to completely fill the tank and allow to agitate/recirculate for at least 15 minutes. Again, flush the hoses, boom, and nozzles with the cleaning solution, then drain the tank. Do not use chlorine bleach with ammonia as dangerous gases will form. Do not clean equipment in an enclosed area.
3. Repeat Step 2.
4. Remove the nozzles, screens and end caps of sprayer booms and clean separately in a bucket containing the cleaning agent and water.
5. Thoroughly rinse the tank with clean water for a minimum of 5 minutes, flushing the water through the hoses and boom.

* Equivalent amounts of an alternate strength ammonia solution or a tank cleaner recommended in the [DuPont-Corteva](#) bulletin "Sulfonylurea Herbicides, A Guide to Equipment Cleanout," may be used

SPRAY DRIFT MANAGEMENT

The interaction of many equipment and weather-related factors determines the potential for spray drift. The applicator is responsible for considering all these factors when making application decisions.

AVOIDING SPRAY DRIFT IS THE RESPONSIBILITY OF THE APPLICATOR.

IMPORTANCE OF DROPLET SIZE

The most effective drift management strategy is to apply the largest droplets which are consistent with pest control objectives. The presence of sensitive species nearby, the environmental conditions, and pest pressure may affect how an applicator balances drift control and coverage. Applying larger droplets reduces drift potential, but will not prevent drift if applications are made improperly or under unfavorable environmental conditions. A droplet size classification system describes the range of droplet sizes produced by spray nozzles. The American Society of Agricultural and Biological Engineers (ASABE) provide a Standard that describes droplet size spectrum categories defined by a number of reference nozzles (fine, coarse, etc.). Droplet spectra resulting from the use of a specific nozzle may also be described in terms of volume mean diameter (VMD). Coarser droplet size spectra have larger VMD's and lower drift potential.

Controlling Droplet Size – Ground Application

- **Nozzle Type** - Select a nozzle type that is designed for the intended application. With most nozzle types, narrower spray angles produce larger droplets. The use of low-drift nozzles will reduce drift potential.
- **Pressure** - The lowest spray pressures recommended for the nozzle produce the largest droplets. Higher pressure reduces droplet size and does not improve canopy penetration. When higher flow rates are needed, using a higher-capacity nozzle instead of increasing pressure results in the coarsest droplet spectrum.
- **Flow Rate/Orifice Size** - Using the highest flow rate nozzles (largest orifice) that are consistent with pest control objectives reduces the potential for spray drift. Nozzles with higher rated flows produce coarser droplet spectra.

Controlling Droplet Size – Aircraft

- **Nozzle Type** - Solid stream, or other low drift nozzles produce the coarsest droplet spectra.
- **Number of Nozzles** - Using the minimum number of nozzles with the highest flow rate that provide uniform coverage will produce a coarser droplet spectrum.
- **Nozzle Orientation** - Orienting nozzles in a manner that minimizes the effects of air shear will produce the coarsest droplet spectra. For some nozzles such as solid stream, pointing the nozzles straight back parallel to the airstream will produce a coarser droplet spectrum than other orientations.
- **Pressure** – Selecting the pressure that produces the coarsest droplet spectrum for a particular nozzle and airspeed reduces spray drift potential. For some nozzle types such as solid streams, lower pressures can produce finer droplet spectra and increase drift potential.

BOOM LENGTH AND APPLICATION HEIGHT

Boom Length (aircraft) - Using shorter booms decreases drift potential. Boom lengths are expressed as a percentage of an aircraft's wingspan or a helicopter's rotor blade diameter. Shorter boom length and proper positioning can minimize drift caused by wingtip or rotor vortices.

Application Height (aircraft) - Applications made at the lowest height that are consistent with pest control objectives and the safe operation of the aircraft will reduce the potential for spray drift.

Application Height (ground) - Applications made at the lowest height consistent with pest control objectives, and that allow the applicator to keep the boom level with the application site and

minimize bounce, will reduce the exposure of spray droplets to evaporation and wind, and reduce spray drift potential.

WIND

Drift potential is lowest when applications are made in light to gentle sustained winds (2-10 mph), which are blowing in a constant direction. Many factors, including droplet size and equipment type determine drift potential at any given wind speed. **AVOID GUSTY OR WINDLESS CONDITIONS.** Local terrain can also influence wind patterns. Every applicator is expected to be familiar with local wind patterns and how they affect spray drift.

TEMPERATURE AND HUMIDITY

When making applications in hot and dry conditions, set up equipment to produce larger droplets to reduce effects of evaporation

SURFACE TEMPERATURE INVERSIONS

Drift potential is high during a surface temperature inversion. Surface temperature inversions restrict vertical air mixing, which may cause small suspended droplets to remain close to the ground and move laterally in a concentrated cloud. Surface temperature inversions are characterized by increasing temperature with altitude and are common on nights with limited cloud cover and light to no wind. They begin to form as the sun sets and often continue into the morning. Mist or fog may indicate the presence of an inversion in humid areas. Inversions may also be identified by producing smoke and observing its behavior. Smoke that remains close to the ground, or moves laterally in a concentrated cloud under low wind conditions indicates a surface inversion. Smoke that moves upward and rapidly dissipates indicates good vertical air mixing.

SENSITIVE AREAS

Making applications when there is a sustained wind moving away from adjacent sensitive areas (e.g., residential areas, bodies of water, known habitat for threatened or endangered species, non-target crops) is an effective way to minimize the effect of spray drift.

DRIFT CONTROL ADDITIVES

Using product compatible drift control additives can reduce drift potential. When a drift control additive is used, read and carefully observe cautionary statements and all other information on the additive's label. If using an additive that increases viscosity, ensure that the nozzles and other application equipment will function properly with a viscous spray solution. Preferred drift control additives have been certified by the Council of Producers & Distributors of Agrotechnology (CPDA).

SHIELDED SPRAYERS

Shielding the boom or individual nozzles can reduce the effects of wind. However, it is the responsibility of the applicator to verify that the shields are preventing drift and not interfering with uniform deposition of the product.

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Pesticide Storage: Store product in original container only. Do not contaminate water, other pesticides, fertilizer, food or feed in storage.

Pesticide Disposal: Do not contaminate water, food, or feed by disposal. Wastes resulting from the use of this product must be disposed of on site or at an approved waste disposal facility.

CONTAINER HANDLING: Refer to the Net Contents section of this product's labeling for the applicable "Nonrefillable Container" or "Refillable Container" designation.

Nonrefillable Plastic and Metal Containers (Capacity Equal to or Less Than 50 Pounds): Nonrefillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container. Triple rinse container (or equivalent) promptly after emptying.

Triple rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank. Fill the container 1/4 full with water and recap. Shake for 10 seconds. Pour rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Repeat this procedure two more times. Then, for Plastic Containers, offer for recycling if available or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by incineration. Do not burn, unless allowed by state and local ordinances. For Metal Containers, offer for recycling if available or reconditioning if appropriate, or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by other procedures approved by state and local authorities.

Nonrefillable Plastic and Metal Containers (Capacity Greater Than 50 Pounds): Nonrefillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container. Triple rinse container (or equivalent) promptly after emptying. Triple rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank. Fill the container 1/4 full with water. Replace and tighten closures. Tip container on its side and roll it back and forth, ensuring at least one complete revolution, for 30 seconds. Stand the container on its end and tip it back and forth several times. Turn the container over onto its other end and tip it back and forth several times. Empty the rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Repeat this procedure two more times. Then, for Plastic Containers, offer for recycling if available or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by incineration. Do not burn, unless allowed by state and local ordinances. For Metal Containers, offer for recycling if available or reconditioning if appropriate, or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by other procedures approved by state and local authorities.

Nonrefillable Plastic and Metal Containers, e.g., Intermediate Bulk Containers [IBC] (Size or Shape Too Large to be Tipped, Rolled or Turned Upside Down): Nonrefillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container. Clean container promptly after emptying the contents from this container into application equipment or mix tank and before final disposal using the following pressure rinsing procedure. Insert a lance fitted with a suitable tank cleaning nozzle into the container and ensure that the water spray thoroughly covers the top, bottom and all sides inside the container. The nozzle manufacturer generally provides instructions for the appropriate spray pressure, spray duration and/or spray volume. If the manufacturer's instructions are not available, pressure rinse the container for at least 60 seconds using a minimum pressure of 30 PSI with a minimum rinse volume of 10% of the container volume. Drain, pour or pump rinsate into application equipment or rinsate collection system. Repeat this pressure rinsing procedure two more times. Then, for Plastic Containers, offer for recycling if available or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by incineration. For Metal Containers, offer for recycling if available or reconditioning if appropriate or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by other procedures approved by state and local authorities.

Nonrefillable Paper or Plastic Bags, Fiber Sacks including Flexible Intermediate Bulk Containers (FIBC) or Fiber Drums With Liners: Nonrefillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container. Completely empty paper or plastic bag, fiber sack or drum liner by shaking and tapping sides and bottom to loosen clinging particles. Empty residue into application or manufacturing equipment. Then offer for recycling if available or dispose of empty paper or plastic bag, fiber sack or fiber drum and liner in a sanitary landfill, or by incineration. Do not burn, unless allowed by state and local ordinances.

Refillable Fiber Drums With Liners: Refillable container (fiber drum only). Refilling Fiber Drum: Refill this fiber drum with [DuPont™ Canopy CANOPY®](#) EX herbicide containing Chlorimuron ethyl and Tribenuron methyl only. Do not reuse this fiber drum for any other purpose. Cleaning before refilling is the responsibility of the refiller. Completely empty liner by shaking and tapping sides and bottom to loosen clinging particles. Empty residue into application or manufacturing equipment. Disposing of Fiber Drum and/or Liner: Do not reuse this fiber drum for any other purpose other than refilling (see preceding). Cleaning the container (liner and/or fiber drum) before final disposal is the responsibility of the person disposing of the container. Offer the liner for recycling if available or dispose of liner in a sanitary landfill, or by incineration. Do not burn, unless allowed by state and local ordinances. If drum is contaminated and cannot be reused, dispose of it in the manner required for its liner. To clean the fiber drum before final disposal, completely empty the fiber drum by shaking and tapping sides and bottom to loosen clinging particles.

Empty residue into application or manufacturing equipment. Then offer the fiber drum for recycling if available or dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by incineration. Do not burn, unless allowed by state and local ordinances.

All Other Refillable Containers: Refillable container. Refilling Container: Refill this container with [DuPont™ Canopy CANOPY®](#) EX herbicide containing Chlorimuron ethyl and Tribenuron methyl only. Do not reuse this container for any other purpose. Cleaning before refilling is the responsibility of the refiller. Prior to refilling, inspect carefully for damage such as cracks, punctures, abrasions, worn out threads and closure devices. If damage is found, do not use the container, contact [DuPont Corteva Agriscience](#) at the number below for instructions. Check for leaks after refilling and before transporting. If leaks are found, do not reuse or transport container, contact [DuPont Corteva Agriscience](#) at the number below for instructions. Disposing of Container: Do not reuse this container for any other purpose other than refilling (see preceding).

Cleaning the container before final disposal is the responsibility of the person disposing of the container. To clean the container before final disposal, use the following pressure rinsing procedure. Insert a lance fitted with a suitable tank cleaning nozzle into the container and ensure that the water spray thoroughly covers

the top, bottom and all sides inside the container. The nozzle manufacturer generally provides instructions for the appropriate spray pressure, spray duration and/or spray volume. If the manufacturer's instructions are not available, pressure rinse the container for at least 60 seconds using a minimum pressure of 30 PSI with a minimum rinse volume of 10% of the container volume. Drain, pour or pump rinsate into application equipment or rinsate collection system. Repeat this pressure rinsing procedure two more times. Then, for Plastic Containers, offer for recycling if available or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by incineration. Do not burn, unless allowed by state and local ordinances. For Metal Containers, offer for recycling if available or reconditioning if appropriate or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by other procedures approved by state and local authorities.

Do not transport if this container is damaged or leaking. If the container is damaged, leaking or obsolete, or in the event of a major spill, fire or other emergency, contact [DuPont-Corteva Agriscience](tel:1-800-441-3637) at 1-800-441-3637/992-5994, day or night.

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If terms of the following Warranty Disclaimer, Inherent Risks of Use, and Limitation of Remedies are not acceptable, return unopened package at once to the seller for a full refund of purchase price paid. To the extent consistent with applicable law, use by the buyer or any other user constitutes acceptance of the terms under Warranty Disclaimer, Inherent Risks of Use and Limitations of Remedies.

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1. Refund of purchase price paid by buyer or user for product bought, or
2. Replacement of product used.

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EPA accepted 10/05/2017