352-597

# UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY WASHINGTON, D.C. 20460



OFFICE OF PREVENTION, PESTICIDES, AND TOXIC SUBSTANCES

February 1, 2008

Dr. Richard A. Carver E. I. du Pont de Nemours & Company Crop Protection P.O. Box 30 Newark, DE 19714-0030

Dear Dr. Carver:

Subject: Submission of proposed labeling Avaunt ® Insecticide EPA Registration No. 352-597 Your submission dated January 31, 2008

The proposed labeling referred to above, submitted in connection with registration under the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act, is acceptable with the following comments:

- On page 1, under the User Safety Recommendations, revise the second sentence in the box so it reads, "Remove clothing **and/or PPE** immediately if pesticide gets inside."
- On page 2, in the sentence immediately following the Agricultural Use Requirements
  Box, change the text to read: "DuPont<sup>TM</sup> Avaunt® must be used only in accordance with
  the directions on this label..." The words "should" and "recommendations" imply that
  the label statements are advisory, not mandatory.
- On page 3, under the Application section, change the first sentence to read, "Apply at the listed rates when..." The phrase "recommended rates" implies that the application rate restrictions are advisory, not mandatory.

Submit two copies of your final printed labeling before you release the product for shipment. A stamped copy is enclosed for your records. If you have any questions, please contact Julie Chao at (703) 308-8735 or chao.julie@epa.gov.

Regards, John Hebert

Insecticide-Rodenticide Branch Registration Division (7505P)



# **DuPont<sup>™</sup> Avaunt<sup>®</sup>**

# insecticide

GROUP

. 22

INSECTICIDE

# **Dispersible Granules**

Active IngredientBy WeightIndoxacarb(S)-methyl 7-chloro-2,5-dihydro-2-[[(methoxy-<br/>carbonyl)[4(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl]amino]-<br/>carbonyl]indeno[1,2-e][1,3,4]oxadiazine-4a-<br/>(3H)-carboxylate30%Inert Ingredients70%TOTAL100%

EPA Reg. No. 352-597

Net Contents: \_\_\_\_\_ Establishment Nos.: 33972-FR-1, 67545AZ-1

# PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN CAUTION

Si usted no entiende la etiquete, busque a alguien para que se la explique a usted en detalle. (If you do not understand the label, find someone to explain it to you in detail.)

# FIRST AID

**IF SWALLOWED:** Call a poison control center or doctor immediately for treatment advice. Have person sip a glass of water if able to swallow. Do not induce vomiting unless told to do so by the poison control center or doctor. Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

IF IN EYES: Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15-20 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice. IF ON SKIN OR CLOTHING: Remove contaminated clothing. Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15-20 minutes. Call a poison control center or doctor for

treatment advice. **IF INHALED:** Move person to fresh air. If person is not breathing, call 911 or an ambulance, then give artificial respiration, preferably by mouth-to-mouth, if possible. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice. Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor, or going for treatment. You may also contact **1-800-441-3637** for emergency medical treatment information. ACCEPTED with COMMENTS In RPA Letter Deted: FEB 0 1 2008

Under the Federal Insecticide, Pengietde, and Rochesticide Act, as amended, for the pesticide registered under EPA Reg. No. <u>352-597</u>

# PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS (cont'd) HAZARDS TO HUMANS AND DOMESTIC ANIMALS

**Caution!** Harmful if swallowed. Causes moderate eye irritation. Harmful if absorbed through skin. Avoid contact with skin, eyes or clothing. Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling. Harmful if inhaled. Avoid breathing (dust, vapor or spray mist). Remove contaminated clothing and wash clothing before reuse.

# PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT

Some materials that are chemical resistant to this product are listed below. If you want more options follow the instructions for Category A on the EPA chemical resistance category selection chart.

### Applicators and other handlers must wear:

Long-sleeved shirt and long pants.

Chemical Resistant Gloves Category A (such as butyl rubber, natural rubber, neoprene rubber or nitrile rubber), all  $\geq 14$  mils. Shoes plus socks.

Follow manufacturer's instructions for cleaning/maintaining personal protective equipment (PPE). If no such instructions for washables, use detergent and hot water. Keep and wash\_\_\_\_\_PPE separately from other laundry.

# USER SAFETY RECOMMENDATIONS

USERS SHOULD: Wash hands before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco or using the toilet. Remove clothing immediately if pesticide gets inside. Then wash thoroughly and put on clean clothing.

# **ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS**

This pesticide is toxic to mammals, birds, fish and aquatic invertebrates. Do not apply directly to water, to areas where surface water is present or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark. Do not contaminate water when disposing of equipment rinsewater. Do not apply where/when conditions could favor runoff. Runoff from treated areas may be hazardous to aquatic organisms in neighboring areas. Cover, incorporate, or clean up granules that are spilled.

This product is highly toxic to bees exposed to direct treatment on blooming crops or weeds. Do not apply this product or allow it to drift to blooming crops or weeds while bees are actively visiting the treatment area.

# **DIRECTIONS FOR USE**

It is a violation of federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.

Do not apply this product in a way that will contact workers or other persons, either directly or through drift. Only protected handlers may be in the area during application. For any requirements specific to your State or Tribe, consult the agency responsible for pesticide regulation.

# AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS

DuPont<sup>TM</sup> AVAUNT® must be used only in accordance with only in accordance with its labeling and with the Worker Protection Standard, 40 CFR part 170. This Standard contains requirements for the protection of agricultural workers on farms, forests, nurseries, and greenhouses, and handlers of agricultural pesticides. It contains requirements for training, decontamination, notification, and emergency assistance. It also contains specific instructions and exceptions pertaining to the statements on this label about personal protective equipment (PPE) and restricted-entry interval. The requirements in this box only apply to uses of this product that are covered by the Worker Protection Standard.

Do not enter or allow worker entry into treated areas during the restricted entry interval (REI) of 12 hours for all crops.

For early entry to treated areas that is permitted under the Worker Protection Standard and that involves contact with anything that has been treated, such as plants, soil, or water, wear:

Coveralls over long sleeved shirt and long pants,

Socks plus chemical resistant footwear,

Chemical Resistant Gloves Category A (such as butyl rubber, natural rubber, neoprene rubber or nitrile rubber), all  $\geq 14$  mils.

AVAUNT® must be used only in accordance with recommendations on this label or in separate DuPont supplemental labeling available through local dealers.

DuPont will not be responsible for losses or damages resulting from use of this product in any manner not specifically stated on this label or other labels or bulletins published by DuPont. User assumes all risks associated with such nonspecified use.

AVAUNT® is a water dispersible granule that can be applied as a foliar spray to control many important insects. AVAUNT® is mixed with water for application.

Use only in commercial and farm plantings. Not for use in home plantings.

Do not formulate this product into any other End-use products without written permission of DuPont.

CHEMIGATION: Do not apply this product through any type of irrigation system except for application to cranberries, mint, potatoes and sweet corn and as allowed by Federal Supplemental and Special Local Need (SLN) labeling. (See "Application By Chemigation" section of the label.)

### INTEGRATED PEST MANAGEMENT

DuPont supports the use of Integrated Pest Management (IPM) programs to control pests. This product may be used as part of an IPM program which can include biological, cultural, and genetic practices aimed at preventing economic pest damage. \_\_\_\_\_ principles and practices include field scouting or other detection methods, correct target pest identification, population monitoring, rotation of insecticides with different modes-of-action, and treating when target pest populations reach locally determined action thresholds. Consult your state cooperative extension service, professional consultants or other qualified authorities to determine appropriate action treatment threshold levels for treating specific pest/crop or site systems in your area.

### BENEFICIAL ARTHROPODS

AVAUNT® helps conserve certain beneficials (parasites and predators). While these beneficials cannot be relied upon to control pests, they are of potential value and can be monitored along with pests in pest management programs on these crops.

#### SCOUTING

Monitor insect populations to determine whether or not there is a need for application of AVAUNT® based on locally determined economic thresholds. More than one treatment of AVAUNT® may be required to control a population of pests.

#### **RESISTANCE MANAGEMENT**

For resistance management, AVAUNT® is a group 22 insecticide. Repeated and exclusive use of AVAUNT® or other group 22 insecticides may lead to the buildup of resistant strains of insects in some crops.

Some insects are known to develop resistance to products used repeatedly for control. When this occurs, the recommended dosages fail to suppress the pest population below the economic threshold. Because the development of resistance cannot be predicted, the use of this product should conform to resistant management strategies established for the use area. These strategies may include incorporation of cultural and biological control practices, alternation of mode-of-action classes of insecticides on succeeding generations and targeting the most susceptible life stage. Consult your local or state agricultural authorities for details.

Unless directed otherwise in the specific crop/pest sections of this label, the following best practices are recommended to delay the development of insecticides resistance: make no more than 2 successive applications per generation or within a 30 day period to the same insect species on a crop. The following application to the target pest(s) must be with an effective product with a different mode of action (for example DuPont<sup>™</sup> ASANA® XL or DuPont<sup>™</sup> LANNATE® inseticides). If resistance to AVAUNT® develops in your area, AVAUNT®, or other products with a similar mode of action, may not provide adequate control. If poor performance cannot be attributed to improper application or extreme weather conditions, a resistant strain of insect may be present. If you experience difficulty with control and resistance is a reasonable cause, immediately consult your local company representative or agricultural advisor for the best alternate method of control for your area. For additional information on insect resistance monitoring, visit the Insecticide Resistance Action Committee (IRAC) on the web at http://www.irac-online.org.

## APPLICATION

Apply at the recommended rates when insect populations reach locally determined economic thresholds. Consult the cooperative extension service, professional consultants or other qualified authorities to determine appropriate threshold levels for treatment in your area.

Follow-up treatments of DuPont<sup>TM</sup> AVAUNT® should be applied, as needed, to keep pest populations within threshold limits. On most crops, apply AVAUNT® every 3 to 5 days to maintain control. For cranberry, pome and stone fruit the minimum interval between treatments is 7 days.

Use sufficient water to obtain thorough, uniform coverage.

Because AVAUNT® is most effective through ingestion of treated plant material, thorough spray coverage is essential for optimum control of targeted pest insects. Using increased water volumes will typically result in better spray coverage, especially under adverse conditions such as dry, hot weather or dense plant foliage. AVAUNT® may be applied by ground, aerial or overhead sprinkler chemigation application equipment. For aerial application use the following directions unless otherwise specified in this label: use a minimum of 5 gallons per acre (gpa) of water, except in tree and vine crops use a minimum of 10 gpl. For ground applications, use the following directions unless otherwise specified in this label: use a minimum of 10 gallons per acre (gpa) of water, except in tree and vine crops use a minimum of 10 gallons per acre (gpa) of water, except in tree and vine crops use a minimum of 50 gpa and a maximum of 200 gpa of water.

Use of Adjuvants: In some situations where coverage is difficult to achieve such as closed canopy, dense foliage, plants with waxy leaf surfaces, or less than optimum application equipment, an adjuvant may improve performance. Use only adjuvant products that are labeled for agricultural use and follow the directions on the manufacturer's label. For uses in fruit crops, use a proven and recommended adjuvant that does not affect fruit finish.

# SPRAY PREPARATION

Spray equipment must be clean and free of previous pesticide deposits before applying AVAUNT®. Fill spray tank 1/4 to 1/2 full of water. Add AVAUNT® directly to spray tank. Mix thoroughly to fully disperse the insecticide; once dispersed continued agitation is required. Use mechanical or hydraulic means; do not use air agitation. Spray mix must not be stored overnight in spray tank.

**Compatibility** - Since formulations may be changed and new ones introduced, it is recommended that users premix a small quantity of a desired tank mix and observe for possible adverse changes (settling out, flocculation, etc.). Avoid mixtures of several materials and very concentrated spray mixtures.

This product can be mixed with pesticide products labeled for use on crops on this label in accordance with the most restrictive of label limitations and precautions. Do not exceed label dosage rates. This product cannot be mixed with any product containing a label prohibition against such mixing.

<u>Tank Mixing Sequence</u> - Add different formulation types in the sequence indicated below. Allow time for complete mixing and dispersion after addition of each product.

- 1. Water soluble bags.
- 2. AVAUNT® and other water dispersible granules.
- 3. Wettable powders.
- 4. Water based suspension concentrates.
- 5. Water soluble concentrates.
- 6. Oil based suspension concentrates.
- 7. Emulsifiable concentrates.
- 8. Adjuvants, surfactants, oils.
- 9. Soluble fertilizers.
- 10. Drift retardants.

Follow local practice and manufacturer's recommendations.

# SPRAY TANK CLEANOUT

Prior to application, start with clean, well maintained application equipment. Immediately following application, thoroughly clean all spray equipment to reduce the risk of forming hardened deposits which might become difficult to remove.

Drain spray equipment. Thoroughly rinse sprayer and flush hoses, boom and nozzles with clean water.

Clean all other associated application equipment. Take all necessary safety precautions when cleaning equipment. Do not clean near wells, water sources or desirable vegetation. Dispose of waste rinse water in accordance with local regulations.

### **CROP ROTATION RESTRICTIONS**

Crops that are on this label and alfalfa, cotton, peanuts and soybeans may be planted immediately following harvest. Do not plant for food or feed any other crops not registered for use with indoxacarb for 30 days after last use.

# APPLICATION BY CHEMIGATION – CRANBERRY, MINT, POTATOES AND SWEET CORN

# Instructions for the Use of AVAUNT® in Overhead Sprinkler Chemigation Systems.

Overhead chemigation applications offer-the-advantage ofgreater penetration and coverage of the target plant. However, typical chemigation applications are more dilute than ground or aerial applications. For best results, it is recommended to keep the concentration of AVAUNT® as high as possible in the application. Apply AVAUNT in 0.1 to 0.2 inches of water per acre.

AVAUNT® is most active as an ingestion insecticide, although it does have activity as a direct contact insecticide. For best results, applications of AVAUNT® should ensure through coverage of the target plant to maximize the opportunity for target insects to ingest AVAUNT®.

#### **Types of Chemigation Systems:**

AVAUNT® may be applied only through overhead sprinkler irrigation systems. Overhead irrigation systems include the following; center pivot, end tow, hand move, lateral move, side roll, solid set and wheel line. Center pivot and lateral move irrigation systems are preferred. Other overhead sprinkler systems may be used if they provide uniform water distribution. Do not apply AVAUNT® through any other type of irrigation system. Do not use filter screens smaller than 50 mesh throughout the system, due to possible build up of material on 100 mesh or smaller screens.

#### General Directions for Chemigation: Preparation

A pesticide tank is recommended for the application of AVAUNT® in chemigation systems. Thoroughly clean the injection system and tank of any fertilizer or chemical residues using a standard clean-out procedure. Dispose of any residues in accordance with State and Federal laws. With the mix tank 1/4 to 1/2 full with water and the agitator running, measure the required amount of AVAUNT® and add it to the tank. Then add additional water to bring your total pesticide mixture up to the desired volume for your application. Note: Always add the AVAUNT® to water, never put AVAUNT® into a dry tank or other mixing equipment without first adding water. See "Tank Mixing Sequence" section of the container label for tank mixing sequence. Continue to agitate the mixture throughout the application process. Use mechanical or hydraulic agitation, do not use air agitation. Highly alkaline water should be buffered so that the pH of the spray solution is in the range of neutral to slightly acidic.

#### **Injection Into Chemigation Systems**

Inject the proper amount of DuPont<sup>TM</sup> AVAUNT® into the irrigation water flow using a positive displacement injection pump. Injection should occur at a point in the main irrigation water flow to ensure thorough mixing with the irrigation water. For continuously moving systems, inject the solution containing AVAUNT® into the irrigation water line continually and uniformly throughout the irrigation cycle. Apply in no more than 0.2 inches of water per acre. For overhead sprinkler systems that are stationary, add the solution containing AVAUNT® to the irrigation water line and apply no more than 0.2 inches of water per acre just before the end of the irrigation cycle.

#### **Uniform Water Distribution**

The irrigation system used for application of AVAUNT® must provide for uniform distribution of AVAUNT® treated water. Non-uniform distribution can result in crop injury, lack of effectiveness or illegal pesticide residues in or on the crop being treated. Ensure the irrigation system is calibrated to uniformly distribute the chemigation application to the crop. Contact the equipment manufacturer, the local University Extension agent or other experts if you have questions about achieving uniform distribution of the application.

#### **Equipment Calibration**

Calibrate the irrigation system and injector before applying AVAUNT®. Calibrate the injection pump while the system is running using the expected irrigation rate. If you have questions about calibration, you should contact your state extension service specialists, equipment manufacturer or other experts.

#### **Monitoring of Chemigation Applications**

A person knowledgeable of the chemigation system and responsible for its operation, or under the supervision of a responsible person, shall shut the system down and make necessary adjustments should the need arise. Wear the personal protective equipment as defined in the PPE section of the label for applicators and other handlers when making adjustments or repairs on the chemigation system when AVAUNT® is in the irrigation water.

### Required System Safet, \_\_vices

Do not connect any irrigation system used for pesticide applications to a public water system unless the pesticide label-prescribed safety devices are in place. Public water system means a system for the provision to the public of piped water for human consumption, if such a system has at least 15 service connections or regularly serves an average of at least 25 individuals at least 60 days out of the year.

- 1. The system must contain a functional check valve, vacuum relief valve and low pressure drain appropriately located on the irrigation pipeline to prevent water source contamination from backflow.
- 2. The pesticide injection pipeline must contain a functional, automatic, quick-closing check valve to prevent the flow of fluid back toward the injection pump.
- 3. The pesticide injection pipeline must also contain a functional, normally closed, solenoid-operated valve located on the intake side of the injection pump and connected to the system interlock to prevent fluid from being withdrawn from the supply tank when the irrigation system is either automatically or manually shut down.
- 4. The system must contain functional interlocking controls to automatically shut off the pesticide injection pump when the water pump motor stops.
- 5. The irrigation line or water pump must include a functional pressure switch which will stop the water pump motor when the water pressure decreases to the point where pesticide distribution is adversely affected.
- 6. Systems must use a metering pump such as a positive displacement injection pump (e.g. diaphragm pump) effectively designed and constructed of materials that are compatible with pesticides and capable of being fitted with a system interlock.
- 7. Chemigation systems connected to public water systems must contain a functional, reduced-pressure zone, backflow preventer (RPZ) or the functional equivalent in the water supply line upstream from the point of pesticide introduction. As an option to the RPZ, the water from the public water system should be discharged into a reservoir tank prior to pesticide introduction. There shall be a complete physical break (air gap) between the outlet end of the fill pipe and the top or overflow rim of the reservoir tank of at least twice the inside diameter of the fill pipe.

#### Operation

Start the water pump and sprinkler, and let the system achieve the desired pressure and speed before starting the injector. Start the injector and calibrate the injection system according to the directions above. This procedure is necessary to deliver the desired rate per acre in a uniform manner. When the application is finished, allow the entire irrigation and injector system to be thoroughly flushed clean before stopping the system.

- End guns must be turned off during the application, if they irrigate nontarget areas or if they do not provide uniform application and coverage.
- It is recommended that nozzles in the immediate area of wells, control panels, chemical supply tanks and system safety devices be plugged to prevent contamination of these areas.
- Do not apply when wind speed favors drift beyond the area intended for treatment.

- Do not apply when system connections or fittings leak or when nozzles do not provide uniform distribution.
- Do not allow irrigation water to collect or run-off during chemigation.

#### **Cleaning the System**

Thoroughly clean the injection system and tank of any fertilizer or chemical residues using a standard clean-out procedure. Dispose of any residues in accordance with State and Federal laws. Consult your owner's manual or your local equipment dealer for cleanout procedures for your injection system.

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Crops	Insects	DuPont <sup>™</sup> AVAU Lbs. A.I.	UNT® Rate Per Acre Ounces	Last plication Days to Harvest	REI	
Brassica (Cole) Leafy Vegetables,	Beet Armyworm Diamondback moth	0.065*	3.5*	3	12 hrs.	
including Broccoli, Chinese broccoli, Broccoli raab, Brussels sprouts, Cabbage,	Cabbage looper Cabbage webworm (except California) Cross striped cabbageworm (except California) Imported cabbageworm	, 0.045 - 0.065 <b>*</b>	2.5 - 3.5*			
Chinese cabbage (napa and bok choy), Chinese mustard cabbage, Cauliflower, Cavalo broccolo, Collards, Kale, Kohlrabi, Mizuna, Mustard greens, Mustard greens, Mustard greens and Turnip tops**	Do not apply more than 14 our The minimum interval between Do not apply to greenhouse or Resistance Management for D any generation of diamondbac insecticide with a different mo Do not apply less than 3.5 oun result in reduction in diamond AVAUNT® and apply a regist more than 6 total applications per farm location. In the State of Georgia: Do not control of diamondback moth *Add a wetting agent to impro **For use on turmips grown for					
Corn (sweet) For application through tassle push only.	European corn borer (except California) Fall armyworm Corn earworm	0.045 - 0.065	2.5 - 3.5	3 35 - fodder & stover	12 hrs.	
	Make no more than 4 applicati Whorl stage through tassel pus than 14 ounces AVAUNT® (C The minimum interval between Chemigation - Begin applicati up to tassel push (V15) when c For best results, a slurry of AV in the injection tank to keep th					
Cranberry .	Cranberry weevil* Blackheaded fireworm Spanworm	0.11	6.0	30	12 hrs	
	Do not apply to flow through I following application. Do not apply more than 24 oz. The minimum interval betwee: *Apply up to two applications bloom. Do not apply more that season for control of cranberry	AVAUNT® (0.44 lb n sprays is 7 days. to the spring (overwi n 12 oz. AVAUNT®	a.i.) per acre per season.			

		DuPont™ AVAU	JNT® Rate Per Acro	e Last Application	
Crops	Insects	Lbs. A.I.	Ounces	Days to Harvest	REI
Cucurbit vegetables - including	Cabbage Looper Melonworm	0.045 - 0.11	2.5 - 6.0	3	12 hrs
Chayote (fruit),	Pickleworm				
Chinese waxgourd	Beet Armyworm	0.065 - 0.11	3.5 - 6.0	<u> </u>	-
Chinese preserving telon), Sitron melon, Jucumber, Sherkin, dible gourd Including yotan, cucuzza, echima and	Do not apply more than 24 oun The minimum interval between For ground applications, apply	sprays is 5 days.		•	
Chinese okra), Aomordica species including balsam pple, balsam pear, itter melon and Chinese cucumber), Auskmelon		ſ			
ncluding true anteloupe, anteloupe, casaba, renshaw melon, olden pershaw			• •		
nelon, honeydew nelon, honey balls, nango melon, Persian melon, bineapple melon,					
anta Claus melon nd snake melon), rumpkin, Summer quash (including rookneck squash,				х 	
callop squash, traightneck squash, egetable marrow nd zucchini), Vinter squash		· ·			
including butter- nut squash, calabaza, nubbard squash, ncorn squash and paghetti squash) nd Watermelon					
Fruiting Vegetables and Okra, including eggplant, groundcherry,	Beet armyworm European Corn Borer* (except California) - bell pepper only	0.065	3.5	3	12 hrs.
epino, eppers (beil, chili, ooking, pimento nd sweet), omatillo and	Leafminer (Use on Florida tomatoes only - suppression only)** Southern armyworm Tomato fruitworm		· · ·	-	-
omato	Tomato pinworm Western yellowstriped armyworm				
	Hornworms Loopers	0.045 - 0.065	2.5 - 3.5	4	
	Do not apply more than 14 oun The minimum interval between *- European com borer applica AVAUNT® following two app control in bell pepper. ** Suppression of leafminer ou	i sprays is 5 days. tions for use only on dications of an organ	bell peppers - For best 1 o-phosphate insecticide	results, begin applications of labeled for European corn bores	
Grape	Grape leaffolder Japanese beetle (except California) Western grapeleaf skeletonizer		3.5 - 6.0	7	12 hrs
	Grape berry moth (except California) Leafhoppers (suppression only)	0.09 - 0.11	5.0 - 6.0		
	Omnivorous leafroller Make the first application at in Use the higher application rate damaging levels. Monitor field damaging levels. Apply in suff cooperative extension service, appropriate action threshold la	for moderate to heav s and make an additi- icient water to obtain professional consulta	y insect pressure. Make onal application if popu thorough coverage of f	application before pests reach lations rebuild to potentially oliage. Consult your state	
· ·	appropriate action threshold let Make no more than 2 applicati Do not apply more than 12 oz. The minimum interval between For best results, use an adjuvar	ons per season. AVAUNT® (0.22 lb n sprays is 21 days.			

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Crops	Insects	DuPont <sup>™</sup> AVA Lbs. A.I.	UNT® Rate Per Acre Ounces	plication مرجع Lasi Days to Harvest	REI
lops	Insects	LUS. A.1.	Ounces	Days to Hai vest	RE/I
Leafy Green Vegetables,	Beet armyworm Corn earworm	0.065 - 0.11	3.5 - 6.0	3	12 hrs.
except spinach	Cabbage looper	0.045 - 0.065	2.5 - 3.5		
nd spinach arieties), ncluding: Arugula Roquette), Chervil, dible-leaved hrysanthemum, Jarland chrysanthe- num, Corn salad, Jarden cress, Jpland cress yellow rocket,		unces AVAUNT® (0. en sprays is 3 days.	.44 lbs a.i.) per acre per cro	<b>p.</b>	
ventor tocket, winter cress), Dandelion, Dock (sorrel), Endive (escarole), Head and Leaf Lettuce, Orach, Parsley, Garden Purslane, Winter purslane, Radicchio (red chicory)				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Leafy petioles, including:	Beet Armyworm Cabbage looper	0.065	3.5	3	12 hrs
Cardoon, Celery, Chinese celery, Celtuce, Florence fennel (finochio), Rhubarb and Swiss chard	Do not apply more than 14 o The minimum interval betwe		.26 lbs a.i.) per acre per cro	<b>p.</b>	
Mint (Peppermint and	Cabbage looper Spotted cutworm	0.065	3.5	7	12 hrs
Spearmint)	Do not apply more than 14 o per crop. The minimum interval betwe For ground applications, app of water.	en spravs is 3 davs.	-		
Pear	Codling moth - East of the Rocky Mountains	0.09 - 0.11	5.0 - 6.0	28	12 hrs.
	Codling moth - West of the Rocky Mountains*	0.09 - 0.11	5.0 - 6.0	•.	
•	Oriental fruit moth Pandemis leafroller (except California) Redbanded leafroller White apple leafhopper (except California)	0.09 - 0.11	5.0 - 6.0		
	Make no more than 3 applica application. Make no more the AVAUNT® (0.44 lbs a.i.) pe 200 gal water per acre. For b between treatments is 7 days *West of the Rockies. For us control measures such as esta	han 4 applications per er acre per crop. Do n est results apply 50 - e against low to mode	season. Do not apply more ot apply dilute applications 150 gal water per acre. The erate infestations in conjunc	than 24 oz of more than minimum interval	

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Damson plum, Japanese plum, Plumcot and Prune Plumcot and Prune Peach twig bor dormant oil; fo performance, g * Oriental frui	than 4 application than 4 application gal water per action orer - AVAUNT covides control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control the control of the control of the control of the control the control of the contro	ions per season. D y dilute applicatio re. The minimum $\Gamma^{\otimes}$ may be used as of fruit strikes by p d delayed dormant, of first generation p umendations on that on equipment is re- - For ambications	thinning. No hand-th bo not apply more that ns of more than 200 h interval between trees an early bloom or in peach twig borer and peach twig borer. Ma e use of oil consult the commended. East of the Rockies: roogram. Rotate to a p	an 24 oz. AVAUNT gal water per acre. atments is 7 days. n-season spray for p suppression of shoo may be used as a do ake application with he manufacturer's lal AVAUNT® is effer	(0.44 lbs a.i.) For best results beach twig borer. ot strikes. formant or delayed- an EPA registered bel. For best crive for control	d	
after each AVA	AUNT® applica	ation. West of the I	Rockies: AVAUNT®	9 provides suppressi	ion only of OFM.		

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	`• 	DuPont <sup>™</sup> AVA	UNT® Rate Per Acre	Last rplication		
Crops	Insects	Lbs. A.I. Ounces		Days to Harvest	REI	
Tuberous and Corm	Cabbage looper	0.045 - 0.11	2.5 - 6.0	7	12 hrs.	
Vegetables, including: Arracacha,	Colorado potato beetle* European corn borer (except California)	0.065 - 0.11	3.5 - 6.0			
Arrowroot, Chinese Artichoke,	Potato tuberworm** (except California)	0.056 - 0.11	3.0 - 6.0			
Edible Canna (Queensland arrowroot), Bitter and Sweet Cassava, Chayote (root), Chufa, Dasheen (taro), Ginger, Leren, Potato, Sweet Potato, Tanier (cocoyam), Tumeric, Yam Bean (jicama, manoic pea), and True Yam	The minimum interval betwee: *Colorado potato beetle - In si suspected to be difficult to cor piperonyl butoxide (PBO), a s control. In these situations, a c acre combined with 0.25 lb a.i. control of Colorado potato bee Apply the low rates on small p intermediate rates on large ins recommended rate for controll thorough coverage spray using sufficient water to obtain thoro of 5 gallons of water per acre. **Potato tuberworm foliar fee overhead chemigation to vigor scenescence. Repeat application populations as low as possible adequately control tuberworm damage. Potato tuberworm is a difficult and on the underside of the lea tubers. An integrated spray ap adequate control of larvae in the integrate chemigation applicat sufficient spray volumes. For applications, use at least 5 gall Seed Oil (MSO) as a spray ad applications, apply in 0.1 to 0. Do not make more than two se before rotating to another regis	tuations where Colo trol with current ins ynergist, with AVAl ombination of AVA .per acre of PBO ma- the larvae. lants, small insects ects and heavier infe- ing severe infestatic properly calibrated ough and uniform cc ding larvae - AVAU ously growing plantions of effective inse- prior to harvest in c larvae prior to crop t pest to control due if, and larvae feed in proach is essential. I he mid to lower crop ions of water per acr uvant at 1 gallon pe 2 acre inch of water quential applications	ect control products, the ind UNT® may be necessary to UNT® applied at a rate of y be necessary to achieve to and light infestations of inse- stations of insects. Use the ms. Apply AVAUNT® inse air or ground spray equipm verage. For aerial application (NT® is most effective whe is through tuber bulking pri- cticides may be needed to ke order to reduce the risk of tu scenescence or vinekill incl to several factors; eggs can iside the leaves prior to moo Foliar sprays alone (ground o canopy. For best results, a pray program. Ensure thoro use at least 10 gallons of w. e. For best results with foliar 100 gallons of spray volu and add MSO at 12 to 16 fits so fAVAUNT® for contro	clusion of achieve optimum 3.5 - 6.0 oz.per he most effective ects. Use highest icticide as a ient. Use on, use a minimum n applied by ground, air or or to the beginning of crop eep tuberworm larvae ber damage. Failure to reases the risk of tuber be laid deep in the canopy ving to the soil to feed on the or air) may not provide pply via chemigation or ugh coverage by using ater per acre. For aerial ar sprays, add Methylated ne (1% v/v). For chemigation loz/A. l of potato tuberworm		

## SPRAY DRIFT MANAGEMENT

The interaction of many equipment and weather-related factors determines the potential for spray drift. The applicator is responsible for considering all these factors when making application decisions.

AVOIDING SPRAY DRIFT IS THE RESPONSIBILITY OF THE APPLICATOR.

### IMPORTANCE OF DROPLET SIZE

The most effective way to reduce drift potential is to apply large droplets (>150 microns). The best drift management strategy is to apply the largest droplets that provide sufficient coverage and control. The presence of sensitive species nearby, the environmental conditions, and pest pressure may affect how an applicator balances drift control and coverage. APPLYING LARGER DROPLETS REDUCES DRIFT POTENTIAL, BUT WILL NOT PREVENT DRIFT IF APPLICATIONS ARE MADE IMPROPERLY OR UNDER UNFAVORABLE ENVI-RONMENTAL CONDITIONS! See Wind, Temperature and Humidity, and Surface Temperature Inversions sections of this label.

#### **Controlling Droplet Size - General Techniques**

- Volume Use high flow rate nozzles to apply the highest practical spray volume. Nozzles with higher rated flows produce larger droplets.
- **Pressure** Use the lower spray pressures recommended for the nozzle. Higher pressure reduces droplet size and does not improve canopy penetration. WHEN HIGHER FLOW RATES ARE NEEDED, USE A HIGHER-CAPACITY NOZZLE INSTEAD OF INCREASING PRESSURE.
- Nozzle Type Use a nozzle type that is designed for the intended application. With most nozzle types, narrower spray angles produce larger droplets. Consider using low-drift nozzles.

#### Controlling Droplet Size - Aircraft

- Number of Nozzles Use the minimum number of nozzles with the highest flow rate that provide uniform coverage.
- Nozzle Orientation Orienting nozzles so that the spray is emitted backwards, parallel to the airstream will produce larger droplets than other orientations.
- Nozzle Type Solid stream nozzles (such as disc and core with swirl plate removed) oriented straight back produce larger droplets than other nozzle types.
- Do not apply as a ULV application.

## BOOM LENGTH AN HEIGHT

- Boom Length (aircraft) The boom length should not exceed 3/4 of the wing length, using shorter booms decreases drift potential. For helicopters use a boom length and position that prevents droplets from entering the rotor vortices.
- Boom Height (aircraft) Application more than 10 ft above the canopy increases the potential for spray drift.
- **Boom Height (ground)** Setting the boom at the lowest height which provides uniform coverage reduces the exposure of droplets to evaporation and wind. The boom should remain level with the crop and have minimal bounce.

#### WIND

Drift potential increases at wind speeds of less than 3 mph (due to variable direction and inversion potential) or more than 10 mph. However, many factors, including droplet size and equipment type determine drift potential at any given wind speed. AVOID APPLICATIONS DURING GUSTY OR WINDLESS CONDITIONS.

**Note:** Local terrain can influence wind patterns. Every applicator should be familiar with local wind patterns and how they effect spray drift.

#### **TEMPERATURE AND HUMIDITY**

When making applications in hot and dry conditions, set up equipment to produce larger droplets to reduce effects of evaporation.

### SURFACE TEMPERATURE INVERSIONS

Drift potential is high during a surface temperature inversion. Surface inversions restrict vertical air mixing, which causes small suspended droplets to remain close to the ground and move laterally in a concentrated cloud. Surface inversions are characterized by increasing temperature with altitude and are common on nights with limited cloud cover and light to no wind. They begin to form as the sun sets and often continue into the morning. Their presence can be indicated by ground fog; however, if fog is not present, inversions can also be identified by the movement of smoke from a ground source or an aircraft smoke generator. Smoke that layers and moves laterally in a concentrated cloud (under low wind conditions) indicates a surface inversion, while smoke that moves upward and rapidly dissipates indicates good vertical air mixing.

#### SHIELDED SPRAYERS

Shielding the boom or individual nozzles can reduce the effects of wind. However, it is the responsibility of the applicator to verify that the shields are preventing drift and not interfering with uniform deposition of the product.

### AIR ASSISTED (AIR BLAST) FIELD CROP SPRAYERS

Air assisted field crop sprayers carry droplets to the target via a downward directed air stream. Some may reduce the potential for drift, but if a sprayer is unsuitable for the application and/or set up improperly, high drift potential can result. It is the responsibility of the applicator to determine that a sprayer is suitable for the intended application, is configured properly, and that drift is not occurring. **Note:** Air assisted field sprayers can arrect product performance by affecting spray coverage and canopy penetration. Consult the application equipment section of this label to determine if use of an air assisted sprayer is recommended.

# AIR ASSISTED (AIR BLAST) TREE AND VINE SPRAYERS

Air assisted tree and vine sprayers carry droplets into the canopy of trees and vines via a radially or laterally directed air stream.

In addition to the general drift management principles already described, the following specific practices will further reduce the potential for drift.:

- Adjust deflectors and aiming devices so that spray is only directed into the canopy.
- Block off upward pointed nozzles when there is no overhanging canopy.
- Use only enough air volume to penetrate the canopy and provide good coverage.
- Movement of spray that goes beyond the edge of the cultivated area may be minimized by practices such as spraying the outside row only from outside the planting.

### STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Do not contaminate water, food, or feed by storage or disposal.

**PESTICIDE STORAGE:** Store product in original container only in a location inaccessible to children and pets. Do not contaminate water, other pesticides, fertilizer, food or feed in storage. Not for use or storage in or around the home.

**PESTICIDE DISPOSAL:** Do not contaminate water, food, or feed by storage or disposal. Pesticide wastes are acutely hazardous. Improper disposal of excess pesticide, spray mixture, or rinsate is a violation of Federal Law. If these wastes cannot be disposed of by use according to label instructions, contact your State Pesticide or Environmental Control Agency, or the Hazardous Waste representative at the nearest EPA Regional Office for guidance.

**CONTAINER DISPOSAL: For Plastic Containers:** Triple rinse (or equivalent). Then offer for recycling or reconditioning, or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or incineration, or, if allowed by state and local authorities, by burning. If burned, stay out of smoke. **For Fiber Drums With Liners:** Completely empty liner by shaking and tapping sides and bottom to loosen clinging particles. Empty residue into application equipment. Then dispose of liner in a sanitary landfill or by incineration if allowed by State and local authorities. If drum is contaminated and cannot be reused, dispose of in the same manner.

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insecticides are restricted use pesticides.

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# LIMITATION OF WARRANTY AND LIABILITY

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