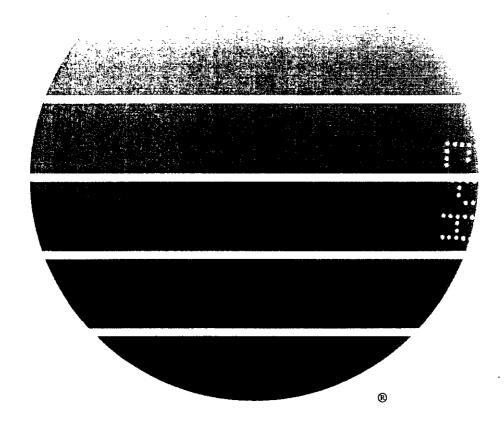


# **DuPont**<sup>TM</sup> **Assure**<sup>®</sup> **II**

herbicide

# DRAFT LABEL



"...... A Growing Partnership With Nature"

# DuPont™ ASSURE® II Highlights

- Provides postemergence control of both annual and perennial grasses in canola, crambe, cotton, crops grown for seed, eucalyptus, dry beans, including Chickpea, dry and succulent peas, flax, hybrid poplar plantings, lentils, mint (spearmint and peppermint), pineapple, ryegrass grown for seed, snap beans, soybeans, sugarbeets, sunflowers and noncrop areas.
- Assure II herbicide controls volunteer com in glyphosate-tolerant soybeans, regardless of the corn trait.
- ASSURE® II has a flexible rate range and tank mix options.
- For Soybeans, ASSURE® II may be tank mixed with DuPont<sup>TM</sup> CLASSIC®, DuPont<sup>TM</sup> HARMONY® GT and DuPont<sup>TM</sup> SYNCHRONY® XP herbicides. See "Applications with Broadleaf Herbicides" and "Soybeans Tank Mixes".
- For Dry Beans, ASSURE® II may be tank mixed with "Basagran". See "Applications with Broadleaf Herbicides."
- I iclude crop oil concentrate or nonionic surfactant as recommended in this label. See "Spray Adjuvants."
- May be applied by ground (broadcast, band, or soot spray) or by air.
- For ground application, use a minimum of 10 to 15 gallons water per acre. Use flat fan or hollow cone nozzles at 25-60 psi. See "Application Equipment."
- Apply to actively growing grasses at the recommended sizes. See "Application Timing" and "Environmental Conditions and Biological Activity."
- Consult label text for complete instructions.
   Always read and follow label directions for use.

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# **DuPont**<sup>TM</sup> Assure® II

# herbicide

Emulsifiable Concentrate

By Weight Active Ingredients Outzalofop P-Ethyl Ethyl(R)-2-[4-(6-chloroquinoxalin-2-yl oxy)- phenoxy]propionate 10.3%\* Inert Ingredients

TOTAL

ACCEP

Contains petroleum-based distillates MAR 21 2007 \* Equivalent to 0.88 lb ai per gal

EPA Reg. No. 352-541

Under the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act, as amended for the periicide registered under EPA Reg. No. 352-54

# KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN

# **DANGER - PELIGRO**

Si usted no entiende la etiqueta, busque a alguien para que se la explique a usted en detalle. (If you do not understand this label, find someone to explain it to you in detail.)

#### FIRST AID

IF IN EYES: Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15-20 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.

IF ON SKIN OR CLOTHING: Take off contaminated clothing. Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15-20 minutes. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.

IF SWALLOWED: Call a poison control center or doctor immediately for treatment advice. Have person sip a glass of water if able to swallow. Do not induce vomiting unless told to co so by the poison control center or doctor. Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

IF !NHALED: Move person to fresh air. If person is not bre thing, call 911 or an ambulance, then give artificial respiration, preferably by mouth-to-mouth, if possible. Call a poison control center or doctor for further treatment advice.

Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor, or going for treatment. You may also contact 1-800-441-3637 for emergency medical treatment information.

# PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS HAZARDS TO HUMANS AND DOMESTIC ANIMALS

DANGER! Causes irreversible eye damage. Harmful if swallowed, inhaled, or absorbed through the skin. Avoid contact with eyes, skin, or clothing. Avoid breathing vapor or spray mist.

# PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT

Some materials that are chemical-resistant to this product are listed below. If you want more options, follow the instructions for category G on an EPA chemical-resistance category selection chart.

Applicators and other handlers must wear:

Long-sleeved shirt and long pants.

Chemical-resistant gloves, such as barrier laminate or

Shoes plus socks.

Protective eyewear.

Discard clothing or other absorbent materials that have been drenched or heavily contaminated with this product's concentrate. Do not reuse them. Follow manufacturer's instructions for cleaning/maintaining PPE. If no such instructions for washables, use detergent and hot water. Keep and wash PPE separately from other laundry.

# **ENGINEERING CONTROL STATEMENTS**

When handlers use closed systems, enclosed cabs, or aircraft in a manner that meets the requirements listed in the Worker Protection Standard (WPS) for agricultural pesticides [40 CFR part 170.240 (d)(4-6)], the handler PPE requirements may be reduced or modified as specified in the WPS.

# USER SAFETY RECOMMENDATIONS

USERS SHOULD: Wash hands before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco or using the toilet. Remove clothing immediately if pesticide gets inside. Then wash thoroughly and put on clean clothing. Remove personal protective equipment immediately after handling this product. Wash the outside of gloves before removing. As soon as possible, wash thoroughly and change into clean

### ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS

This pesticide is toxic to fish and invertebrates. Do not apply directly to water, or to areas where surface water is present, or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark. Do not contaminate water when cleaning equipment or disposing of equipment washwaters or rinsate.

This product may contaminate water through drift of spray in wind. This product has a potential for runoff for several months or more after application. Poorly drained soils and soils with shallow water tables are more prone to produce runoff that contains this product. A level, well maintained vegetative buffer strip between areas to which the product is applied and surface water features such as ponds, streams, and springs will reduce the potential for contamination of water from rainfall-runoff. Runoff of this product will be reduced by avoiding applications when rainfall is forecasted to occur within 48 hours. Sound erosion practices will reduce this product's contribution to surface water contamination.

# PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL HAZARDS

Combustible. Keep away from heat, sparks, and open flames. Keep container closed.

### **DIRECTIONS FOR USE**

It is a violation of federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling. DuPont<sup>TM</sup>
ASSURE® II should be used only in accordance with recommendations on this label or in separate published DuPont recommendations.

Do not apply this product in a way that will contact workers or other persons, either directly or through drift. Only protected handlers may be in the area during application. For any requirements specific to your State or Tribe, consult the agency responsible for pesticide regulation.

# AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS

Use this product only in accordance with its labeling and with the Worker Protection Standard, 40 CFR part 170. This Standard contains requirements for the protection of agricultural workers on farms, forests, nurseries, and greenhouses, and handlers of agricultural posticides. It contains requirements for training, decontamination, notification, and emergency assistance. It also contains specific instructions and exceptions pertaining to the statements on this label about personal protective equipment(PPE) and restricted-entry interval. The requirements in this box only apply to uses of this product that are covered by the Worker Protection Standard.

Do not enter or allow worker entry into treated areas during the restricted entry interval (REI) of 12 hours.

PPE required for early entry to treated areas that is permitted under the Worker Protection Standard and that involves contact with anything that has been treated, such as plants, soil, or water, is:

Coveralls.

Chemical-resistant gloves, such as barrier laminate or Viton.

Shoes plus socks.

Protective eyewear.

# NON-AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS

The requirements in this box apply to uses of this p oduct that are NOT within the scope of the Worker Protection Standard for agricultural pesticides (40 CFR Part170). The WPS applies when this product is used to p oduce agricultural plants on farms, forests, nurseries, or greenhouses.

Weed control in "Non-Agricultural Uses" is not within the scope of WPS. Keep unprotected persons out of treated areas until sprays have dried.

# ENVIRONMENTAL CONDITIONS AND BIOLOGICAL ACTIVITY

ASSURE® II is a systemic herbicide that is rapidly absorbed by treated foliage and translocated to the roots and other growing points of the plant. When affected, younger plant tissues become chlorotic/necrotic and eventually die, leaving treated plants sturted and noncompetitive. In general, these symptoms are first observed within 7 to 14 days after application depending on the grass species treated and the environmental conditions.

The degree of control and duration of the effect of ASSURE® II depend upon the rate used, weed spectrum, weed size and

variability, growing conditions at and following treatment, soil moisture, precipitation, tank mixtures, and spray adjuvant used.

Conditions conducive to healthy, actively growing plants optimize the performance of ASSURE® II. Unacceptable control may occur if ASSURE® II is applied to grasses stressed from:

- abnormal weather (excessive heat or cold, or widely fluctuating temperatures),
- · hail damage,
- drought,
- · water saturated soils,
- · mechanical injury, or
- prior herbicide injury.

Grasses under these conditions are often less sensitive to herbicide activity. Delay application until the stress passes and weeds and crop resume growth.

Before making applications of ASSURE® II to crops previously under stress, or injured from other pesticide applications, the crop needs to be fully recovered and growing vigorously.

ASSURE® II is rainfast 1 hour after application.

#### APPLICATION INFORMATION

# Agricultural Uses

ASSURE® II herbicide is a selective that controls annual and perennial grasses in canola, crambe, cotton, crops grown for seed, eucalyptus, dry beans, including Chickpea, dry and succulent peas, flax, hybrid poplar plantings, lentils, mint (spearmint and peppermint), pineapple, ryegrass grown for seed, snap beans, soybeans, sugarbeets, sunflowers and noncrop areas. ASSURE® II does not control sedges or broadleaf weeds. Applied at recommended rates and timings, ASSURE® II controls the grasses listed in the "Weeds Controlled and Rate Selection" chart on page 4. See Seasonal Use Limits and Harvest intervals on page 10 for the specific crop.

ASSURE® II herbicide is a selective postemergence herbicide recommended for control of annual and perennial grasses in alfalfa, onion, carrot, garlic, Swiss chard, spinach, radish, Chinese cabbage, and red beets grown specifically under contract as non food/non feed crops for seed production only. See "Restrictions" portion of label before using. Applied at recommended rates and timings, ASSURE® II herbicide will control emerged grasses. Subsequent flushes of grasses require additional treatment.

# Non-Agricultural Uses

### Non-Crop Areas

DuPont™ ASSURE® II is recommended for postemergence control of certain grasses on noncrop sites such as fence rows, roadsides, equipment storage areas, and other similar areas.

Make a single application of ASSURE® II at a rate of 12 to 16 fluid ounces per acre to actively growing grasses.

# Non-Crop Areas - to aid in establishment of Wildflowers

- Since ASSURE® II controls many grasses but not most broadleaf plants, it may be used to enhance establishment and growth of certain broadleaf plants on non-crop sites (that is, plants identified as "wildflowers" such as indian blanket, cone flowers, bachelor button, dwarf cornflower, coreopsis, white yarrow, oxeye daisy, dames-rocket, blue flax, eveningprimrose, blackeyed-susan, marigolds, impatiens, bluebonnet, indian paintbrush, verbena, gaillardia, chrysanthemum, catchfly and scarlet pimpernel).
- For this use refer to use rates in the Weeds Controlled area
  of this label, and not the rates in the NON-CROP Section
  above.

# **Application Timing**

# Crop and Non-Crop Uses

Apply ASSURE® II to young, actively growing grasses according to the rate chart that follows. If a field is to be irrigated, apply ASSURE® II after the irrigation. Applications made to grasses that are larger than the sizes listed in the rate charts or to grasses under stress may result in unsatisfactory control.

# Sequential Applications

Do not exceed the maximum use rate per acre per year, as specified for the specific crop (see section: Seasonal use limits and Harvest Intervals, page 11).

# Ar:nual Grasses

In the event of a subsequent flush of grass, or regrowth of previously treated grass occurs, a second application of ASSURE® II may be applied. Select the appropriate rate for the grassy weed from the "Weeds Controlled - Rate selection" chart.

### Perennial Grasses

If perennial grasses regrow, reapply ASSURE® II at 6-7 fluid ounces of product per acre. Application timing should be as follows: bermudagrass (3" tall or up to 6" runners), rhizome johnsongrass (6"-10"), quackgrass (4"-8"), wirestem muhly (4"-8").

# Spray Adjuvants

Applications of ASSURE® II must include either a crop oil concentrate or a nonionic surfactant. Consult local DuPont fact sheets, technical bulletins, and service policies prior to using other adjuvant systems. If another herbicide is tank mixed with ASSURE® II to increase the weed spectrum, select adjuvants authorized for use with both products. Products must contain only EPA-exempt ingredients (40 CFR 1001).

# Petroleum Crop Oil Concentrate (COC)

- Petroleum-based crop oil concentrates are the preferred adjuvant system in arid areas.
- Apply petroleum-based crop oil concentrate at 1% v/v (1 gallon per 100 gallons spray solution) or 2% under arid conditions. Note In soybeans and sunflowers, up to 2% v/v may be used based on local recommendations.
- Oil adjuvants must contain at least 80% high quality, petroleum (mineral) or modified vegetable seed oil with at least 15% surfactant emulsifiers.
- For aerial applications apply 0.5% v/v (2 quarts product per 100 gallons spray solution).

# Nonionic Surfactant (NIS)

- Apply at 0.25 % v/v (1 quart of product per 100 gallons spray solution).
- Surfactant products must contain at least 60% nonionic surfactant with a hydrophilic/lipophilic balance (HLB) greater than 12.

# Ammonium Nitrogen Fertilizer

- An ammonium nitrogen fertilizer may be added to the spray mixture, in addition to crop oil concentrate or nonionic surfactant, but is not required to optimize performance of this product.
- Use 2 quart/acre of a high-quality urea ammonium nitrate (UAN), such as 28%N or 32%N, or 2 lb/acre of a spraygrade ammonium sulfate (AMS). Use 4 quart/acre UAN or 4 pound/acre AMS under arid conditions.
- Do not use liquid mtrogen fertilizer as the total carrier solution.

# Special Adjuvant Types

- Combination adjuvant products may be used at doses that provide the required amount of NIS, COC, MSO and/or ammonium nitrogen fertilizer. Consult product literature for use rates and restrictions.
- In addition to the adjuvants specified above, other adjuvant types may be used if they provide the same functionality and have been evaluated and approved by DuPont Product Management.

Annual Grasses**  Volunteer Corn (Zea mays)***  Foxtail, Giant (Setaria faberi)  Joinsongrass, Seedling (Sorghum halepense)  Shattercane (Sorghum bicolor)  Wild Proso Millet (Panicum miliaceum)  Crowfootgrass (Dactyloctenium aegyptium)  Fall Panicum (Panicum dichtomiflorum)  Field Sandbur (Cenchrus incertus)  Foxtail, Bristly (Setaria verticillata)  Foxtail, Giant (Setaria faberi)  Foxtail, Green (Setaria viridis)  Foxtail, Yellow (Setaria lutescens)  Goosegrass (Eleucine indica)  Itchgrass (Rottboellia exaltata)  Sprangletop (Leptochloa filiformis)  Volunteer Barley (Hordeum vulgare)	6-30 2-4 (pretiller) 2-8		DuPont™ ASSURE® II* Tank Mixed with Broadleaf Herbicide (fluid ounces product/A)	
Foxtail, Giant (Setaria faberi)  Jo'nnsongrass, Seedling (Sorghum halepense)  Shattercane (Sorghum bicolor)  W ld Proso Millet (Panicum miliaceum)  Crowfootgrass (Dactyloctenium aegyptium)  Fall Panicum (Panicum dichtomiflorum)  Field Sandbur (Cenchrus incertus)  Foxtail, Bristly (Setaria verticillata)  Foxtail, Giant (Setaria faberi)  Foxtail, Green (Setaria viridis)  Foxtail, Yellow (Setaria lutescens)  Goosegrass (Eleucine indica)  (tchgrass (Rottboellia exaltata)  Sprangletop (Leptochloa filiformis)	2-4 (pretiller)			
Shattercane (Sorghum bicolor) W Id Proso Millet (Panicum miliaceum) Crowfootgrass (Dactyloctenium aegyptium) Fall Panicum (Panicum dichtomiflorum) Field Sandbur (Cenchrus incertus) Foxtail, Bristly (Setaria verticillata) Foxtail, Giant (Setaria faberi) Foxtail, Green (Setaria viridis) Foxtail, Yellow (Setaria lutescens) Goosegrass (Eleucine indica) (tchgrass (Rottboellia exaltata) Sprangletop (Leptochloa filiformis)		<b>_</b>	4 - 8	
Shattercane (Sorghum bicolor)  W Id Proso Millet (Panicum miliaceum)  Crowfootgrass (Dactyloctenium aegyptium)  Fall Panicum (Panicum dichtomiflorum)  Field Sandbur (Cenchrus incertus)  Foxtail, Bristly (Setaria verticillata)  Foxtail, Giant (Setaria faberi)  Foxtail, Green (Setaria viridis)  Foxtail, Yellow (Setaria lutescens)  Goosegrass (Eleucine indica)  (tchgrass (Rottboellia exaltata)  Sprangletop (Leptochloa filiformis)	2-8			
W Id Proso Millet (Panicum miliaceum) Crowfootgrass (Dactyloctenium aegyptium) Fall Panicum (Panicum dichtomiflorum) Field Sandbur (Cenchrus incertus) Foxtail, Bristly (Setaria verticillata) Foxtail, Giant (Setaria faberi) Foxtail, Green (Setaria viridis) Foxtail, Yellow (Setaria lutescens) Goosegrass (Eleucine indica) (tchgrass (Rottboellia exaltata) Sprangletop (Leptochloa filiformis)		5 - 8	5	
Crowfootgrass (Dactyloctenium aegyptium) Fall Panicum (Panicum dichtomiflorum) Field Sandbur (Cenchrus incertus) Foxtail, Bristly (Setaria verticillata) Foxtail, Giant (Setaria faberi) Foxtail, Green (Setaria viridis) Foxtail, Yellow (Setaria lutescens) Goosegrass (Eleucine indica) (tchgrass (Rottboellia exaltata) Sprangletop (Leptochloa filiformis)	6-12		<u> </u>	
Fall Panicum (Panicum dichtomiflorum)  Field Sandbur (Cenchrus incertus)  Foxtail, Bristly (Setaria verticillata)  Foxtail, Giant (Setaria faberi)  Foxtail, Green (Setaria viridis)  Foxtail, Yellow (Setaria lutescens)  Goosegrass (Eleucine indica) (tchgrass (Rottboellia exaltata)  Sprangletop (Leptochloa filiformis)	2-6	7	7	
Field Sandbur (Cenchrus incertus)  Foxtail, Bristly (Setaria verticillata)  Foxtail, Giant (Setaria faberi)  Foxtail, Green (Setaria viridis)  Foxtail, Yellow (Setaria lutescens)  Goosegrass (Eleucine indica) (tchgrass (Rottboellia exaltata)  Sprangletop (Leptochloa filiformis)	2-6			
Foxtail, Bristly (Setaria verticillata)  Foxtail, Giant (Setaria faberi)  Foxtail, Green (Setaria viridis)  Foxtail, Yellow (Setaria lutescens)  Goosegrass (Eleucine indica)  (tchgrass (Rottboellia exaltata)  Sprangletop (Leptochloa filiformis)	2-6	]	8	
Foxtail, Giant (Setaria faberi) Foxtail, Green (Setaria viridis) Foxtail, Yellow (Setaria lutescens) Goosegrass (Eleucine indica) (tchgrass (Rottboellia exaltata) Sprangletop (Leptochloa filiformis)	2-6	7		
Foxtail, Green (Setaria viridis) Foxtail, Yellow (Setaria lutescens) Goosegrass (Eleucine indica) (tchgrass (Rottboellia exaltata) Sprangletop (Leptochloa filiformis)	2-4	7		
Foxtail, Yellow (Setaria lutescens) Goosegrass (Eleucine indica) (tchgrass (Rottboellia exaltata) Sprangletop (Leptochloa filiformis)	2-8	1	7	
Goosegrass (Eleucine indica) (tchgrass (Rottboellia exaltata) Sprangletop (Leptochloa filiformis)	2-4	7	8	
(tchgrass (Rottboellia exaltata) Sprangletop (Leptochloa filiformis)	2-4	7	Split†	
Sprangletop (Leptochloa filiformis)	2-6‡	7 - 8		
	2-8	7		
Volunteer Barley (Hordeum vulgare)	2-6	1		
	2-6	1	8	
Volunteer Oats (Avena sativa)	2-6	1		
Volunteer Rye (Secale cereale)	2-6	1		
Volunteer Wheat (Triticum aestivum)	2-6	1		
Wiid Oat (Avena fatua)	2-6	†		
Witchgrass (Panicum capillare)	2-6	1		
Barnyardgrass (Echinochloa crus-galli)	2-6			
Cribgrass, Large (Digitaria sanguinalis)	2-6‡	8 - 10	Split†	
Crabgrass, Smooth (Digitaria ischaemum)	2-6‡	1		
unglerice (Echinochloa colonum)	2-6	1	10	
Texas Panicum (Panicum texanum)††	2-4	┥ !	Split†	
Red Rice (Oryza sativa)	1-4	9 - 10	Split†	
Woolly Cupgrass (Eriochloa villosa)	2-4§	1		
Broadleaf Signalgrass (Brachiaria platyphylla)	2-6	10	Split	
Downy brome (Bromus tectorum)	2-6		F	
ta ian ryegrass (Lolium multiflorum)	2-6	10-12	12	
ointed goatgrass (Aegilops cylindrica)	2-6 2-6			
Windgrass (Bromus mollis) Perennial Grasses**	∠-0			
	4-8	8 - 10	C-1i++	
Wirestern Muhly (Muhlenbergia frondosa)	3" tall	8 - 10	Split†	
Bermudagrass (Cynodon dactylon)		10.12	Split†	
This was Countries to the countries of t	(or up to 6" runners)	10 - 12	1	
ohnsongrass, Rhizome (Sorghum halepense) Quackgrass (Agropyron repens)	10-24	┥ <sup>:</sup>	10	

See "Applications With Broadleaf Herbicides".

- ‡ Length of lateral growth.
- § Size in height or diameter, whichever is more restrictive. Applications to plants with more than three tillers may result in unsatisfactory control.
- †† In Texas and other areas of the arid west, 10 fluid ounces is the recommended use rate for control of Texas panicum, use of lower rates may result in unsatisfactory control.

<sup>\*\*</sup> For annual and perennial grasses, up to 12 fluid ounces per acre may be applied, based on local recommendations. Under arid conditions the higher use rate is recommended.

<sup>\*\*</sup> Control includes "Roundup" Ready (glyphosate resistant), Liberty Link, and IMI-Corn. Apply 4 fluid ounces/acre ASSURE® II for up to 12 inch tall corn. Apply 5 fluid ounces/acre ASSURE® II for 12-18 inch volunteer corn; use 8 oz ASSURE® II for 18-30 inch volunteer corn.

<sup>†</sup> Split = Split Application. May not be controlled adequately using a tank mix with broadleaf herbicides. For best results, alternate applications of ASSURE® II with a broadleaf herbicide, ensuring that ASSURE® II is applied either 24 hours before or 7 days after the broadleaf herbicide.

# Specific Weed Problems

# Volunteer Glyphosate-Resistant Corn

For control of volunteer glyphosate resistant corn in other glyphosate resistant crops, DuPont<sup>TM</sup> ASSURE® II may be used in a tank mix with glyphosate as follows:

 Apply ASSURE® II at a rate of 4 fluid ounces/acre for up to 12 inch volunteer corn, 5 fluid ounces for 12-18 inch volunteer corn and 8 fluid ounces ASSURE® II for 18-30 inch volunteer corn, tank mixed with a labeled rate of glyphosate.

ASSURE® II may be used in a tank mix with glyphosate as follows:

- 1. If the glyphosate formulation does not include a built-in adjuvant system, a nonionic surfactant or petroleum based crop oil concentrate must be included, per directions on this label.
- 2. If the glyphosate formulation contains a built-in adjuvant system (ie "Roundup WeatherMax"), additional adjuvant is still required. Add nonionic surfactant at a rate of 0.125% v/v (1 pt per 100 gal spray solution). Under arid conditions consider adding a petroleum based crop oil concentrate at 1% v/v (1 gallon per 100 gallons spray solution) instead of a nonionic surfactant.

### Rhizome Johnsongrass - South East States

For control of rhizome johnsongrass in the states of Alabama, Arkansas, Florida, Georgia, Louisiana, Maryland, Mississippi, Tennessee, Virginia, and West Virginia, a reduced rate of ASSURE® II may be used if applied in a sequential application program as follows:

- 1. Apply ASSURE® II at 5 fluid ounces per acre when johnsongrass is 10"-24" tall.
- 2. Apply ASSURE® II a second time at 5 fluid ounces per acre when johnsongrass regrowth is 6"-10" tall.

Do not apply ASSURE® II in a tank mix with postemergence broadleaf herbicides when using this reduced rate, sequential application program. Do not exceed the maximum recommended rate/acre/season for the crop that is going to be planted when additional applications are made to control Rhizome Johnsongrass.

#### Rhizome Johnsongrass - South Central States

For Postemergence control of emerged Rhizome and Seedling Johnsongrass in Fallow in the states of Texas, Oklahoma, Kansas and Colorado. Applied at recommended rates and timings, ASSURE® II herbicide will control emerged grasses only. Subsequent flushes of grasses require additional treatment. Apply ASSURE® II herbicide for control of Seedling and Rhizome Johnsongrass at the range indicated.

- 1. Apply ASSURE® II at 8 ounces per acre when seedling johnsongrass is 2" 6" tall.
- Apply ASSURE® II at 12 ounces per acre when rhizome johnsongrass is 12"-16" tall.
- 3. If rhizome Johnsongrass regrows, reapply ASSURE® II at 8 ounces per acre. Application timing should be when Johnsongrass regrowth is 6"-10" in height.

Tank mixes of ASSURE® II with postemergence broadleaf herbicides may result in reduced grass control. If grass control is reduced, an additional application of ASSURE® II may be required after grass plants begin to develop new leaves

# Specific Crop Uses

# For Use On Non Food/Non Feed Crops Grown Under Contract For Seed Production

ASSURE® II herbicide is recommended for control of annual and perennial grasses in alfalfa, onion, carrot, garlic, Swiss chard, spinach, radish, Chinese cabbage, and red beets grown specifically under contract as non food/non feed crops for seed production only in the sates Idaho, Montana, Oregon, Washington and Wyoming. See "Restrictions" portion of this label before using. Applied at recommended rates and timings, ASSURE® II herbicide will control emerged grasses. Subsequent flushes of grasses require additional treatment.

## Spray Additives

Always include a nonphytotoxic petroleum based crop oil concentrate at 1% v/v (4 quarts/100 gallons) or a nonionic surfactant at 0.25% v/v (1 quart/100 gallons). Crop oil concentrate is the preferred adjuvant in arid areas.

### **Tank Mix Applications**

Tank mixtures of ASSURE® II with any pesticide or spray adjuvant is not recommended except as directed on this label or on other supplemental labels.

# For Use In Eucalyptus Plantations

#### How To Use

ASSURE® II herbicide is recommended for control of annual and perennial grasses in Eucalyptus plantations in the state of Hawaii. Use a tractor sprayer properly calibrated to a constant speed and rate of delivery.

Apply ASSURE® II as a broadcast spray at a rate of 15 to 30 fluid ounces of product per acre per application in Eucalyptus fields. A maximum of 4 applications may be made per year.

# Weeds Controlled

Para grass (Panicum muticum) Crab grass (Digitaria spp.)

#### Weeds Partially Controlled

Torpedo grass (Panicum repens)

## For Establishment Of Hybrid Poplar Plantings

ASSURE® II herbicide is recommended for the control of grasses to aid in the establishment of hybrid poplar plantings in the states of Maine and Minnesota.

ASSURE® II may be applied over hybrid poplar following planting. Apply at the rate of 5 to 10 fluid ounces of product per acre to be sprayed. Refer to the table for the appropriate size or growth stage of the grasses to be controlled. Follow recommendations regarding the use of surfactants, spray additives and tank mix partners.

# For Use In Pineapple

DuPont<sup>TM</sup> ASSURE® II herbicide is recommended for control of annual and perennial grasses in pineapple in Hawaii and Puerto Rico. Applied at recommended rates and timing, ASSURE® II herbicide will control emerged grasses. Subsequent flushes of grasses require additional treatment.

#### How To Use

Use a sprayer properly calibrated to a constant speed and rate of delivery. Mix the proper amount of ASSURE® II in wa:er.

- Foliar applications Apply ASSURE® II at 15-30 fluid ounces of product per acre per application. A maximum of 4 applications may be made per harvest.
- Directed spot treatments for perennial grasses Spray perrenial grasses postemergence to wet (50-100 gallons per acre depending on size) with 15 to 30 fluid ounces product per 100 gallons of water as a spot treatment. A maximum of 4 applications may be made per harvest.

#### Weeds Controlled

Sour Grass (Tricachne insularis) Crabgrass (Digitaria spp.) Natal Red Top (Agrostis alba)

# Weeds Partially Controlled

Guineagrass (Panicum maximum)

Wiregrass (Eleusine Indica)

Molasses Grass (Melinis Minutiflora)

# For Use In Grass Control In Non-Food/Non-Feed ASSURE® II Tolerant Perennial Ryegrass Crops Grown Only For Seed Production

AS SURE® II herbicide is recommended for control of annual and perennial grasses in non food/non feed AS SURE® II tolerant perennial ryegrass crops grown specifically for seed production in the state of Minnesota. See "Restrictions" portion of this label before using. AS SURE® II herbicide will control emerged grasses when applied at recommended rates and timings. Subsequent flushes of grasses require additional treatment.

#### How To Use

Apply ASSURE® II at 10 fluid ounces/acre prior to the boct stage in the spring of the second year of ASSURE® II tolerant perennial ryegrass growth. Application at this stage is for vegetative suppression of quackgrass growth and preventing quackgrass seed contamination during ryegrass harvest.

- Application of ASSURE® II at 10 fluid ounces/acre may be made in the first season of ASSURE® II tolerant perennial ryegrass growth for control of heavier quackgrass infestations. Such applications can be made ar ytime from planting until the end of August.
- Fall application of ASSURE® II should be avoided on ASSURE® II tolerant perennial ryegrass because seed production may be reduced.

# TANK MIXES

Refer to the labels of all tank mix products for information regarding use information (such as rates, timing, application information, and sprayer cleanup) and product precautions and restrictions (especially adjuvants - ASSURE® II requires the use of an adjuvant). The most restrictive provisions apply. If those recommendations conflict with this label, do not tank mix the herbicide with ASSURE® II.

DuPont also recommends that you first consult your state experiment station, university, or extension agent, Agricultural dealer, or DuPont representative as to the potential for any adverse interactions (resulting in unacceptable grass control and/or crop injury) before using new herbicide, insecticide and fungicide mixtures. If no information is available, limit the initial use of ASSURE® II and the new herbicide, insecticide or fungicide product to a small area.

Always conduct a jar test to evaluate physical compatibility before applying a particular mixture to crops for the first time.

# Application With Insecticides and Fungicides

ASSURE® II may be tank mixed with postemergence insecticides registered for use in the specific crop (such as DuPont™ ASANA® XL insecticide, DuPont™ LANNATE® insecticide, LANNATE® LV insecticide, DuPont™ VYDATE® C-LV insecticide, and VYDATE® L insecticide).

ASSURE® II may be tank mixed with postemergence fungicides and bactericides registered for use in the specific crop.

# Application With Broadleaf Herbicides

For best results, apply ASSURE® II alone or in sequence with a broadleaf herbicide(s). Tank mixtures of ASSURE® II with chlorimuron-ethyl (e.g. DuPont<sup>TM</sup> CLASSIC® or DuPont<sup>TM</sup> SYNCHRONY® XP) or with cloransulammethyl (e.g. "FirstRate") containing herbicides may fail to control certain grass species normally controlled by ASSURE® II alone. Under arid or stressful environmental conditions, tank mixtures with other broadleaf herbicides may show a small reduction in control of some grass species. Activity of the postemergence broadleaf herbicide in the tank mixture is not affected.

# Split Applications with Postemergence Broadleaf Herbicides

Applying ASSURE® II immediately prior to or following an application of a postemergence broadleaf herbicide may reduce control of some grasses. For best results, follow these recommendations when making split applications:

- Apply postemergence broadleaf herbicides at least 24 hours after applying ASSURE® II.
- Apply ASSURE® II when grass begins to develop new leaves (generally 7 days after the postemergence broadleaf herbicide application) in fields treated with a postemergence broadleaf herbicide.

# Dry Beans, Dry and Succulent Peas in ID, MT, OR and WA

DuPont<sup>TM</sup> ASSURE® II herbicide can be tank mixed with "Basagran" herbicide for selective post emergence weed control of annual and perennial grasses and broadleaf weeds in dry beans, dry peas and succulent peas.

When tank mixing ASSURE® II with "Basagran", annual grass antagonism can be minimized by increasing the recommended use rate of ASSURE® II by 2 ounces per acre. Refer to the "Seasonal Use Rates and Harvest Intervals" section of this label for seasonal maximum use rates.

ASSURE® II requires the use of a spray adjuvant (surfactant, crop oils, ect.) Refer to the "Basagran" label for application information and restrictions regarding rates, weeds controlled, crop size, use of adjuvants (adjuvant type, temperature and geography), rotational cropping recommendations, sprayer cleanup, use precautions and other information. The most restrictive provisions on either label will apply. Do not use the tank mix if any restrictions on the "Basagran" label conflict with recommendations on the ASSURE® II label. Do not tank mix ASSURE® II and adjuvants with "Basagran" when temperatures exceed 80 degree F, as excessive leaf burn may occur.

# Soybeans - Tank Mixes with Postemergence Broadleaf Herbicides

ASSURE® II can be tank mixed with postemergent soybean broadleaf herbicides such as CLASSIC®, DuPont<sup>TM</sup> HARMONY® GT XP and SYNCHRONY® XP herbicide, "Flexstar", or "Basagran" for use on soybeans to control broadleaf weeds and selected grasses.

Include ammonium nitrogen fertilizer if specified on the tankmix partner label. Include either a crop oil concentrate or  $\varepsilon$  nonionic surfactant as specified in the following table:

# (Pints per 100 gallons of spray solution)

DuPont™ ASSURE® II	Gr	ound	<u>Ae</u>	<u>rial</u>
Tank mix partner	COC	or NIS	COC	or NIS
CLASSIC®	8	2	4	2
F.ARMONY® GT	_*	1-2+	_*	1-2†
SYNCHRONY® XP	-#	1-2†	_*	1-2†
"Basagran"	8	-	4	-
". lexstar"	8	_	4	

- \* Io not use "Dash" or crop oil concentrate when tank mixing ASSURE® II with HARMONY® GT, CLASSIC® + HARMONY®GT or SYNCHRONY® XP unless specified on other DuPont supplemental labeling.
- † Using the higher rate of nonionic surfactant, particularly under hot, humid conditions, may increase temporary crop injury.

# SFOT/SMALL AREA SPRAY RECOMMENDATIONS

To spot treat small areas of annuals (i.e., volunteer corn) or perennials (i.e., rhizome johnsongrass)

• use a 0.375% v/v solution of ASSURE® II and water.

#### SPRAY VOLUMES FOR SMALL AREAS

	ASSURE® II		Crop Oil	Nonionic
Spray	(fluid		Concentrate	Surfactant
Volume	ounces)		(fluid	(fluid
(gallon)	product)	+	ounces)	OR ounces)
1	0.5 (1 tbsp)		1.25 (2.5 tbsp)	0.3 (2 tsp)
25	12 (3/4 pt)		32 (1 qt)	8 (1 cup)
50	24 (1.5 pt)		64 (2 qt)	16 (1 pt)
100_	48 (3 pt)		128 (1 gal)	32 (1 qt)

Do not spot treat grasses using a tank mix of ASSURE® II and broadleaf herbicides.

- include a nonphytotoxic crop oil concentrate at 1 gallon per 100 gallons of spray solution (1% v/v) or a nonionic surfactant at 1 qt per 100 gallons of spray solution (0.25% v/v).
- treat plants on a spray-to-wet basis to ensure good coverage.
- Do not treat >10% of the total treated area as spot/small area treatment. Do not exceed the maximum recommended rate/acre/season for the crop that is going to be planted when additional applications are made as spot treatment or small area treatment.

#### CULTIVATION

A timely cultivation may be necessary to control suppressed weeds, weeds that were beyond the maximum size at application, or weeds that emerge after an application of ASSURE® II.

Cultivation up to 7 days before the postemergence application of ASSURE® II may decrease weed control by pruning weed roots, placing the weeds under stress, or covering the weeds with soil and preventing coverage by ASSURE® II.

To allow ASSURE® II to fully control treated weeds, cultivation is not recommended for 7 days after application.

Optimum timing for cultivation is 7 - 14 days after a postemergence application of ASSURE® II.

# **CROP ROTATION**

Do not rotate to crops other than Canola, Cotton, Crambe, Dry Beans (including Chickpea), Flax, Lentils, Mint (Spearmint and Peppermint), Peas (Dry and Succulent Peas), Snap Beans, Soybeans, Sunflowers or Sugarbeets within 120 days after application.

#### **GRAZING**

Do not graze livestock in treated areas. In addition, do not feed forage, hay, or straw from treated areas to livestock.

### APPLICATION EQUIPMENT

 See SPRAY DRIFT MANAGEMENT section for additional information and precautions.

# **Ground Application**

# **Broadcast Application**

• Use flat fan or hollow cone nozzles at 25-60 psi.

- Do not use flood, rain drop, whirl chamber, or any other nozzle types that produce coarse, large spray droplets. In addition, do not use controlled droplet applicator (CDA) type nozzles as poor weed control or excessive spray drift may result.
- Use a minimum of 10 gal of water per acre in nonarid areas.
- Use a minimum of 15 gal of water per acre in arid areas.
- · Do not exceed 40 gal of water per acre.
- Increase spray volume and pressure as weed or crop density and size increase.

# **Band Application**

- Because band application equipment sprays a narrower εrea than broadcast application equipment, calibrate εquipment to use proportionately less spray solution.
- To avoid crop injury, carefully calibrate the band applicator not to exceed the labeled rate.
- Carefully follow the manufacturer's instructions for nozzle type, nozzle orientation, distance of the nozzles from the crop and weeds, spray volumes, calibration, and spray pressure.
- For additional information on row banders see DuPont bulletin, "Application Accuracy - Row Banders".

# Aerial Application

- Use nozzle types and arrangements that provide optimum spray distribution and maximum coverage.
- Use a minimum of 3 gal of water per acre in nonarid areas.
- Use a minimum of 5 gal of water per acre in arid areas.

#### MIXING INSTRUCTIONS

- 1. Fill the tank 1/4 to 1/3 full of water.
- 2. While agitating, add the required amount of DuPont™ ASSURE® II. If ASSURE® II and a tank mix partner are to be applied together, consult the tank mix partner label for information on which should be added first (normally granules and powders are added first).
- 3. Continue agitation until the ASSURE® II is fully dispersed, at least 5 minutes.
- 4. Once the ASSURE® II is fully dispersed, maintain agitation and continue filling tank with water.
- 5. As the tank is filling, add the required volume of spray additives, always add these to the spray tank last.
- 6. Apply ASSURE® II spray mixture within a reasonable period of time of mixing to avoid product degradation (24 to 48 hrs). If the spray mixture stands for any period of time, thoroughly re-agitate before using.

# SPRAYER CLEANUP

The spray equipment must be cleaned before ASSURE® II is sorayed. Follow the cleanup procedures specified on the labels of the previously applied products. If no directions are provided, follow the six steps outlined in After Spraying ASSURE® II. It is very important that any buildup of dried pesticide deposits which have accumulated in the

application equipment be removed prior to spraying ASSURE® II. Steam-cleaning spray tanks to facilitate the removal of any caked deposits of previously applied products will help prevent accidental crop injury.

# At the End of the Day

It is recommended that during periods when multiple loads of ASSURE® II herbicide are applied, at the end of each day of spraying the interior of the tank be rinsed with fresh water and then partially filled, and the boom and hoses flushed. This will prevent the buildup of dried pesticide deposits which can accumulate in the application equipment.

# After Spraying ASSURE® II and Before Spraying Crops Other Than Those Listed in the Crop Rotation Section

To avoid subsequent injury to desirable crops, thoroughly clean all mixing and spray equipment immediately following applications of ASSURE® II as follows:

- Drain tank; thoroughly rinse spray tanks, boom, and hoses with clean water. Loosen and physically remove any visible deposits.
- 2. Fill the tank with clean water and 1 gal of household ammonia\* (contains 3% active) for every 100 gal of water. Flush the hoses, boom, and nozzles with the cleaning solution. Then add more water to completely fill the tank. Circulate the cleaning solution through the tank and hoses for at least 15 min. Flush the hoses, boom, and nozzles again with the cleaning solution, and then drain the tank.
- 3. Remove the nozzles and screens and clean separately in a bucket containing cleaning agent and water.
- 4. Repeat step 2.
- 5. Rinse the tank, boom, and hoses with clean water.
- 6. If only Ammonia is used as a cleaner, the rinsate solution may be applied back to the crop(s) recommended on this label. Do not exceed the maximum labeled use rate. If other cleaners are used, consult the cleaner label for rinsate disposal instructions. If no instructions are given, dispose of the rinsate on site or at an approved waste disposal facility.
  - \*Equivalent amounts of an alternate-strength ammonia solution or a DuPont-approved cleaner can be used in the cleanout procedure. Carefully read and follow the individual cleaner instructions. Consult your Ag dealer, applicator, or DuPont representative for a listing of approved cleaners.

#### Notes:

- CAUTION: Do not use chlorine bleach with ammonia as dangerous gases will form. Do not clean equipment in an enclosed area.
- Steam-cleaning spray tanks is recommended prior to performing the above cleanout procedure to facilitate the removal of any caked deposits.

- When DuPont™ ASSURE® II is tank mixed with other
  pesticides, all cleanout procedures should be examined and
  the most rigorous procedure should be followed.
- 4. In addition to this cleanout procedure, all precleanout guidelines on subsequently applied products should be followed as per the individual labels.
- 5. Where routine spraying practices include shared equipment frequently being switched between applications of ASSURE® II and applications of other pesticides to ASSURE® II-sensitive crops during the same spray season, it is recommended that a sprayer be dedicated to ASSURE® II to further reduce the chance of crop injury.

# SPRAY DRIFT MANAGEMENT

The interaction of many equipment and weather-related factors determines the potential for spray drift. The applicator is responsible for considering all these factors when making application decisions.

AVOIDING SPRAY DRIFT IS THE RESPONSIBILITY OF THE APPLICATOR.

# Importance of Droplet Size

The most effective way to reduce drift potential is to apply large droplets (>150 - 200 microns). The best drift management strategy is to apply the largest droplets that provide sufficient coverage and control. The presence of sensitive species nearby, the environmental conditions, and pest pressure may affect how an applicator balances drift control and coverage. APPLYING LARGER DROPLETS REDUCES DRIFT POTENTIAL, BUT WILL NOT PREVENT DRIFT IF APPLICATIONS ARE MADE IMPROPERLY OR UNDER UNFAVORABLE ENVIRONMENTAL CONDITIONS! See Wind, Temperature and Humidity, and Temperature Inversions sections of this label.

# Controlling Droplet Size - General Techniques

Volume - Use high flow rate nozzles to apply the highest practical spray volume. Nozzles with higher rated flows produce larger droplets.

**Pressure** - Use the lower spray pressures recommended for the nozzle. Higher pressure reduces droplet size and does not improve canopy penetration. WHEN HIGHER FLOW RATES ARE NEEDED, USE A HIGHER-CAPACITY NOZZLE INSTEAD OF INCREASING PRESSURE.

Nozzle Type - Use a nozzle type that is designed for the intended application. With most nozzle types, narrower spray angles produce larger droplets. Consider using low-drift nozzles.

# Controlling Droplet Size - Aircraft

Number of Nozzles - Use the minimum number of nozzles with the highest flow rate that provide uniform coverage.

**Nozzle Orientation** - Orienting nozzles so that the spray is emitted backwards, parallel to the airstream will produce larger droplets than other orientations.

Nozzle Type - Solid stream nozzles (such as disc and core with swirl plate removed) oriented straight back produce larger droplets than other nozzle types.

**Boom Length** - The boom length should not exceed 3/4 of the wing or rotor length - longer booms increase drift potential.

**Application Height** - Application more than 10 ft above the canopy increases the potential for spray drift.

# **Boom Height**

Setting the boom at the lowest labeled height (if specified) which provides uniform coverage reduces the exposure of droplets to evaporation and wind. For ground equipment, the boom should remain level with the crop and have minimal bounce.

#### Wind

Drift potential increases at wind speeds of less than 3 mph (due to inversion potential) or more than 10 mph. However, many factors, including droplet size and equipment type determine drift potential at any given wind speed. AVOID GUSTY OR WINDLESS CONDITIONS.

**Note:** Local terrain can influence wind patterns. Every applicator should be familiar with local wind patterns and how they affect spray drift.

# Temperature and Humidity

When making applications in hot and dry conditions, set up equipment to produce larger droplets to reduce effects of evaporation.

# Temperature Inversions

Drift potential is high during a temperature inversion. Temperature inversions restrict vertical air mixing, which causes small suspended droplets to remain close to the ground and move laterally in a concentrated cloud. Temperature inversions are characterized by increasing temperature with altitude and are common on nights with limited cloud cover and light to no wind. They begin to form as the sun sets and often continue into the morning. Their presence can be indicated by ground fog; however, if fog is not present, inversions can also be identified by the movement of smoke from a ground source or an aircraft smoke generator. Smoke that layers and moves laterally in a concentrated cloud (under low wind conditions) indicates an inversion, while smoke that moves upward and rapidly dissipates indicates good vertical air mixing.

#### Shielded Sprayers

Shielding the boom or individual nozzles can reduce the effects of wind. However, it is the responsibility of the applicator to verify that the shields are preventing drift and not interfering with uniform deposition of the product.

# Air Assisted (Air Blast) Field Crop Sprayers

Air assisted field crop sprayers carry droplets to the target via a downward directed air stream. Some may reduce the potential for drift, but if a sprayer is unsuitable for the application and/or set up improperly, high drift potential can result. It is the responsibility of the applicator to determine that a sprayer is suitable for the intended application, is configured properly, and that drift is not occurring.

Note: Air assisted field sprayers can affect product

performance by affecting spray coverage and canopy penetration. Consult the application equipment section of this label to determine if use of an air assisted sprayer is recommended.

# RESISTANCE

When herbicides that affect the same biological site of act on are used repeatedly over several years to control the same weed species in the same field, naturally-occurring resistant biotypes may survive a correctly applied herbicide treatment, propagate, and become dominant in that field. Adequate control of these resistant weed biotypes cannot be expected. If weed control is unsatisfactory, it may be necessary to retreat the problem area using a product affecting a different site of action.

To better manage herbicide resistance through delaying the proliferation and possible dominance of herbicide resistant weed biotypes, it may be necessary to change cultural practices within and between crop seasons such as using a combination of tillage, retreatment, tank-mix partners and/or sequential herbicide applications that have a different site of action. Weed escapes that are allowed to go to seed will promote the spread of resistant biotypes.

It is advisable to keep accurate records of pesticides applied to individual fields to help obtain information on the spread and dispersal of resistant biotypes. Consult your agricultural dealer, consultant, applicator, and/or appropriate state agricultural extension service representative for specific alternative cultural practices or herbicide recommendations available in your area.

# INTEGRATED PEST MANAGEMENT

This product may be used as part of an Integrated Pest Management (IPM) program that can include biological, cultural, and genetic practices aimed at preventing economic pest damage. IPM principles and practices include field scouting or other detection methods, correct target pest ider tification, population monitoring, and treating when target pest populations reach locally determined action thresholds. Consult your state cooperative extension service, professional consultants or other qualified authorities to determine appropriate action treatment threshold levels for treating specific pest/crop systems in your area.

# **IMPORTANT PRECAUTIONS**

Injury to or loss of desirable trees, vegetation, or adjacent sensitive crops may result from failure to observe the following:

- Do not use on lawns, walks, driveways, tennis courts, or similar areas.
- Prevent drift of spray to desirable plants.
- Take all necessary precautions to avoid all direct or indirect contact (such as spray drift) with non-target plants or areas. Most grass crops, including wheat, barley, rye, oats, sorghum, rice, and corn are highly sensitive to DuPont™ ASSURE® II.
- Carefully observe all sprayer cleanup instructions both prior to and after using this product, as spray tank residue

- may damage crops other than those included in the crop rotation section.
- · Do not contaminate any body of water.
- Do not apply this product through any type of irrigation system.

DuPont will not be responsible for losses or damages resulting from the use of this product in any manner not specifically recommended by DuPont.

# SEASONAL USE LIMITS AND HARVEST INTERVALS

## Canola and Crambe

- Do not apply ASSURE® II within 60 days of harvest.
- The maximum use rate of ASSURE® II is 18 fluid ounces per acre per season.
- Application intervals should be greater than 7 days apart to allow regrowth to occur.

#### Cotton

- Do not apply ASSURE® II within 80 days of harvest.
- The maximum use rate of ASSURE® II is 18 fluid ounces per acre per season.
- Application intervals should be greater than 7 days apart to allow regrowth to occur.

# Crops Grown for Seed

- Do not apply ASSURE® II within 14 days of anticipated bloom.
- The maximum use rate of ASSURE® II is 25 fluid ounces per acre per season.
- After using ASSURE® II, do not divert any portion of crop (seed, sprouts, screenings, forage, hay, etc.) to use for human or animal consumption.
- · Grazing of treated crop is prohibited.
- Do not make more than 2 applications per acre per season.
   Application intervals should be greater than 7 days apart to allow regrowth to occur.
- Do not apply ASSURE® II through any type of irrigation system.
- Most grass crops, including wheat, barley, rye, oats, sorghum, rice, and corn are highly sensitive to ASSURE® II herbicide and all direct or indirect contact (such as spray drift) should be avoided.
- All seed crops treated with ASSURE® II herbicide are to be tagged at the processing facility, "Not for Human or Animal Consumption". It shall be the growers' responsibility to notify the processing facility of any seed crop that has been treated with ASSURE® II.

#### Dry and Succulent Peas

- Do not apply ASSURE® II on dry peas within 60 days of harvest.
- Do not apply ASSURE® II on succulent peas within 30 days of harvest.
- The maximum use rate of ASSURE® II on dry and succulent peas is 14 fluid ounces per acre per season.
- Application intervals should be greater than 7 days apart to allow regrowth to occur.

# Dry Beans, including Chickpea

- Do not apply DuPont<sup>TM</sup> ASSURE® II within 30 days of harvest.
- The maximum use rate of ASSURE® II is 24 fluid ounces per acre per season.
- Application intervals should be greater than 7 days apart to allow regrowth to occur.

# Eucalyptus

- Do not apply more than 60 fluid ounces of ASSURE® II herbicide per acre per year in Eucalyptus.
- Application intervals should be greater than 7 days apart to allow regrowth to occur.

#### Flax

- Do not apply ASSURE® II within 70 days of harvest.
- The maximum use rate of ASSURE® II is 24 fluid ounces per acre per season.
- Application intervals should be greater than 7 days apart to allow regrowth to occur.

#### Lentils

- Do not apply ASSURE® II within 60 days of harvest.
- The maximum use rate of ASSURE® II is 14 fluid ounces per acre per season.
- Application intervals should be greater than 7 days apart to allow regrowth to occur.

# Mint (Spearmint and Peppermint)

- Do not apply ASSURE® II within 30 days of harvest.
- The maximum use rate of ASSURE® II is 24 fluid ounces per acre per season.
- Do not apply more than 2 applications per acre per season.
- Application intervals should be greater than 7 days apart to allow regrowth to occur.

# Pineapple

- Do not apply more than 60 fluid ounces of ASSURE® II herbicide per acre per harvest.
- Do not harvest within 160 days of last application.
- · Do not graze treated fields or harvest for forage or hay.
- Application intervals should be greater than 7 days apart to a low regrowth to occur.

### Perennial Ryegrass Grown for Seed

- Do not apply ASSURE® II after boot stage of growth of ASSURE® II tolerant perennial ryegrass.
- The maximum use rate of ASSURE® II is 20 fluid ounces per acre per season.
- Do not make more than 2 applications per acre per season.
   Application intervals should be greater than 7 days apart to allow regrowth to occur.
- After using ASSURE® II, do not divert any portion of crop (seed, sprouts, screenings, forage, hay, stover, etc.) to use for human or animal consumption. Grazing of treated crop is prohibited.
- Do not apply ASSURE® II through any type of irrigation system.

# Snap Beans

- · Do not apply ASSURE® II within 15 days of harvest.
- The maximum use rate of ASSURE® II is 14 fluid ounces per acre per season.
- Application intervals should be greater than 7 days apart to allow regrowth to occur.

# Soybeans

- Do not apply ASSURE® II within 80 days of harvest. Do not apply to soybeans after pod set.
- The maximum use rate of ASSURE® II is 18 fluid ounces per acre per season.
- Application intervals should be greater than 7 days apart to allow regrowth to occur.

# Sugarbeets

- Do not apply ASSURE® II within 45 days of beet harvest.
- The maximum use rate of ASSURE®-II is 25 fluid ounces per acre per season.
- Do not feed beet tops within 60 days of last application.
- Do not apply more than 4 applications per acre per season. Application intervals should be greater than 7 days apart to allow regrowth to occur.

#### Sunflowers

- Do not apply ASSURE® II within 60 days of harvest.
- The maximum use rate of ASSURE® II is 18 oz per acre per season.
- Application intervals should be greater than 7 days apart to allow regrowth to occur.

# PESTICIDE STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

**Pesticide Storage:** Store product in original container only. Do not contaminate water, other pesticides, fertilizer, food or feed in storage. Store in a cool, dry place.

**Product Disposal:** Do not contaminate water, food, or feed by disposal. Waste resulting from the use of this product may be disposed of on site or at an approved waste disposal facility.

Container Disposal: For Plastic Containers: Triple rinse (or equivalent). Then offer for recycling or reconditioning, or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or incineration, or, if allowed by State and local authorities, by burning. If burned, stay out of smoke. For Fiber Sacks: Completely empty fiber sack by shaking and tapping sides and bottom to loosen clinging particles. Empty residue into manufacturing or application equipment. Then dispose of sack in a sanitary landfill or by incineration if allowed by State and local authorities. For Fiber Drums With Liners: Completely empty liner by shaking and tapping sides and bottom to loosen clinging particles. Empty residue into application equipment. Then dispose of liner in a sanitary landfill or by incineration if allowed by State and local authorities. If drum is contaminated and cannot be reused, dispose of in the same manner. For Bags Containing Water Soluble Packets: Do not reuse the outer box or the resealable plastic bag. When all water-soluble packets are used, the outer packaging should be clean and may be disposed of in a sanitary landfill or by incineration, or if allowed by State and local authorities, by open burning. If burned, stay out of smoke. If the resealable plastic bag contacts the formulated product in any way, the bag must be triple-rinsed with clean water. Add the rinsate to the spray tank and dispose of the outer wrap as described above. For Metal Containers (non aerosol): Triple rinse (or equivalent) the container. Then offer for recycling or reconditioning, or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by other procedures approved by State and local authorities. For Paper and Plastic Bags: Completely empty bag into application equipment. Then dispose of empty bag in a sanitary landfill or by incineration, or, if allowed by State and local authorities, by burning. If burned, stay out of smoke.

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To the extent consistent with applicable law that allows such requirement, DuPont or its Ag Retailer must have prompt notice of any claim so that an immediate inspection of buyer's or user's growing crops can be made. Buyer and all users shall promptly notify DuPont or a DuPont Ag Retailer of any claims, whether based on contract, negligence, strict liability, other tort or otherwise, or be barred from any remedy.

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