

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS

HAZARDS TO HUMANS AND DOMESTIC ANIMALS

DANGER

Highly corrosive Causes skin and eye damage May be fatal if swallowed. Do not get in eyes, on skin or on clothing. Wear goggles or face shield and rubber gloves when handling. Irritating to nose and throat. Avoid breathing dust. Remove and wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

NOTE TO PHYSICIAN

First Aid: If swallowed, feed bread soaked in milk followed by olive oil or cooking oil. Call a physician immediately.

.f on Skin: Brush off excess chemical and flush skin with cold water for at least 15 minutes. If irritation persists, get medical attention.

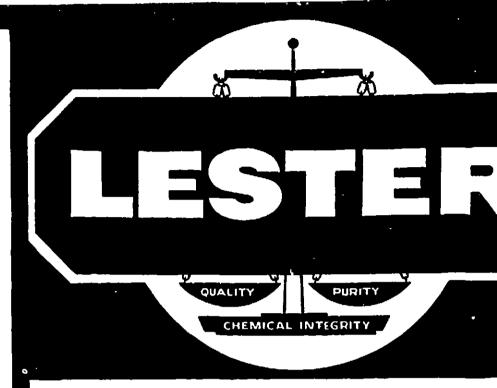
If in Eyes: Flush with cold water for at least 15 minutes. Get medical attention.

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS

This product is toxic to fish. Do not discharge into lakes, streams, ponds, or public waters unless in accordance with an NPDES permit. For guidance contact the regional officer of EPA.

PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL HAZARDS STRONG OXIDIZING AGENT

Mix only with water. Use clean dry utensils. Do not add this product to any dispensing device containing remnants of any other product. Such use may cause a violent reaction leading to a fire or explosion. Contamination with moisture, organic matter, or other chemicals may start a chemical reaction, with generation of heat, liberation of hazardous gases, and possible generation of fire and explosion. In case of contamination or decomposition, do not reseal container. If possible isolate container in open air or well ventilated area. Flood with large volumes of water, if necessary.



MICROBIOCIDE-

CHEMICAL OXIDIZER FOR CLEANING RECIRCULATING COOLING SYSTEMS

Bactericide — Algaecide — Slimicide for Industrial, Commercial, and Agricultural Use On

CTIVE INGREDIENTS:

Trichloro-s-triazinetrione (available chlorine 90%) INERT INGREDIENTS

TOTAL

DANGER: KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN

Corrosive. Causes severe eye and skin damage. Harmf fatal if swallowed.

See Side Panel for Additional Precautionary Statements
EPA Reg. No. 337-69
EPA Est. No. 337-GA-1

NET CONTENTS: Gailons

Manufactured By

LESTER LABORATORIE

ATLANTA, GEORGIA, U.S.A. 30344



OBIOCIDE-80

MICAL OXIDIZER FOR CLEANING RCULATING COOLING SYSTEMS ericide - Algaecide - Slimicide

I, Commercial, and Agricultural Use Only

S: inetrione hlorine 90%)

99.00%

1.0%

TOTAL 100.0%

OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN

ive. Causes severe eye and skin damage. Harmful or if swallowed.

Panel for Additional Precautionary Statements . 337-69

NET CONTENTS:

EPA Est. No. 337-GA-1 Gallons

Monufactured By

ABORATORIES

ITA, GEORGIA, U.S.A. 30344

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

SUPERCHLORINATION OF SYSTEMS RECEIVING CONTINUOUS CHLORINATION

Recirculating cooling systems on continuous chlorination at low chlorine levels may function better if they are periodically superchlorinated to remove chloramines and other organic wastes that are not removed by low level chlorination. Superchloination with this product is recommended at least once a month. More frequent treatment may be desirable in towers subject to higher levels of organic contamination. To superchlorinate, adjust pH of the recirculating water to 7.4-7.8. With the tower operating, but with blowdown valve closed, add 2 ounces of this product per each 1000 gallons of water in the system. Wait 2 hours and measure chlorine residual. When chlorine residual is 1.0 ppm or less, open blowdown valve and resume normal operation.

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Keep product dry in tightly closed container when not in use. Store in a cool dry, well ventilated area away from heat or open flame. Rinse empty container thoroughly and place in trash collection or dispose in approved landfill area or bury in a safe place.

GENERAL CLASSIFICATION

It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.

This product is recommended for recirculating cooling systems where an oxidizing chemical can be used and where rapid removal of biological growth is desired.

TREATMENT OF ALGAE OR BACTERIAL SLIMES

Adjust water pH to 7.4-7.8 before initiating this treatment. With tower operating, but with bleed valve cut off, add directly to the sump 1 to 2 ounces of this product per 1000 galions of water in the system. Wait 10 minutes and measure available chlorine residual. If less than 3 ppm, repeat treatment. Repeat this process until the tower has achieved the desired state of cleanliness. Then, discontinue the treatment and let the chlorine residual drop below 1.0 ppm. Clean sump and screens. If necessary, drain the water from the system and replace it with fresh water. Open blow-down valve and return system to normal operation.