

UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY WASHINGTON, DC 20460

OFFICE OF CHEMICAL SAFETY AND POLLUTION PREVENTION

March 27, 2018

Paula Bodey Sr. Registration Manager FMC Corporation 2929 Walnut Street Philadelphia, PA 19104

Subject: Label Amendment – Update company address, registration number, warranty

statement, and addition of NY state turf use restriction

Product Name: KOVERALL FUNGICIDE EPA Registration Number: 279-3580

Application Date: 10/11/2017 Decision Number: 536500

Dear Ms. Bodey:

The amended label referred to above, submitted in connection with registration under the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide and Rodenticide Act, as amended, is acceptable. This approval does not affect any conditions that were previously imposed on this registration. You continue to be subject to existing conditions on your registration and any deadlines connected with them.

A stamped copy of your labeling is enclosed for your records. This labeling supersedes all previously accepted labeling. You must submit one copy of the final printed labeling before you release the product for shipment with the new labeling. In accordance with 40 CFR 152.130(c), you may distribute or sell this product under the previously approved labeling for 18 months from the date of this letter. After 18 months, you may only distribute or sell this product if it bears this new revised labeling or subsequently approved labeling. "To distribute or sell" is defined under FIFRA section 2(gg) and its implementing regulation at 40 CFR 152.3.

Should you wish to add/retain a reference to the company's website on your label, then please be aware that the website becomes labeling under the Federal Insecticide Fungicide and Rodenticide Act and is subject to review by the Agency. If the website is false or misleading, the product would be misbranded and unlawful to sell or distribute under FIFRA section 12(a)(1)(E). 40 CFR 156.10(a)(5) list examples of statements EPA may consider false or misleading. In addition, regardless of whether a website is referenced on your product's label, claims made on the website may not substantially differ from those claims approved through the registration process. Therefore, should the Agency find or if it is brought to our attention that a website contains false or misleading statements or claims substantially differing from the EPA approved registration, the website will be referred to the EPA's Office of Enforcement and Compliance.

Your release for shipment of the product constitutes acceptance of these conditions. If these conditions are not complied with, the registration will be subject to cancellation in accordance

Page 2 of 2 EPA Reg. No. 279-3580 Decision No. 536500

with FIFRA section 6. If you have any questions, please contact Maryam K. Muhammad by phone at 703-347-0301, or via email at Muhammad.maryam@epa.gov.

Hope Johnson, Product Manager 21 Fungicide Branch

Registration Division (7505P) Office of Pesticide Programs

Hastellyame for

Enclosure

Koverall Fungicide EPA Reg. No. 279-3580

ACCEPTED

03/21/2018

Under the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide and Rodenticide Act as amended, for the pesticide registered under EPA Reg. No. 279-3580

MANCOZEB GROUP M3 FUN

KOVERALL® Fungio	eide	
ACTIVE INGREDIENTS: Mancozeb: A coordination product of zinc ior ethylene bisdithiocarbamate manganese++ zinc++ ethylene bisdithiocarbamate ion (C ₄ H ₆ N ₂ S) OTHER INGREDIENTS: TOTAL:	15.0% 1.9% S ₄) 58.1%	75.0% 25.0% 100.0%
EPA Reg. No. 279-3580 EF	PA Est. No.:	
NET [CONTENTS] [WEIGHT]: [lbs.] Sold By FMC Corporation 2929 Walnut Stree Philadelphia, PA 191	t	

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN **CAUTION**

IN CASE OF A MEDICAL EMERGENCY INVOLVING THIS PRODUCT, CALL TOLL FREE, DAY OR NIGHT, 1-800-331-3148

- OR -

For MEDICAL	For Spills
EMERGENCY	CHEMTREC
1-800-331-3148	1-800-424-9300

Koverall Fungicide EPA Reg. No. 279-3580

Note to PM, the following bracketed statements are individually optional depending on the packaging configuration and whether a booklet label design is used:

- a.[See First Aid statement on back panel of booklet.]
- b.[See First Aid statement on back panel.]
- c. [See additional precautionary statements and Directions for Use in booklet.]
- d.[Read the entire label before using this product.] [See First Aid, Precautionary Statements, Directions for Use on individual packages.]

Si usted no entiende la etiqueta, busque a alguien para que se la explique a usted en detalle.

(If you do not understand the label, find someone to explain it to you in detail.)

Read the entire label before using this product. Use only according to label instructions. Read the Conditions of Sale and Limitation of Warranty and Liability before buying or using. If terms are unacceptable, return product unopened without delay.

- OR –

Read the entire label before using this product. Use only according to label instructions. Read the Conditions of Sale and Limitation of Warranty and Liability before buying or using. If terms are unacceptable, return product at once, unopened, and the purchase price will be refunded.

® Koverall is a registered trademark of FMC Corporation

Precautionary Statements Hazards to Humans and Domestic Animals

Caution. Harmful if absorbed through skin. Causes moderate eye irritation. Prolonged or frequently repeated skin contact may cause allergic reactions in some individuals. Avoid contact with skin, eyes, or clothing. Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling and before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco or using the toilet. Remove and wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

FIRST AID

IF SWALLOWED: Call a Poison Control Center or doctor immediately for treatment advice. Have person sip a glass of water if able to swallow. Do not induce vomiting unless told to do so by a Poison Control Center or doctor. Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

IF INHALED: Move person to fresh air. If person is not breathing, call 911 or an ambulance, then give artificial respiration, preferably mouth-to-mouth, if possible. Call a Poison Control Center or doctor for further treatment advice.

IF IN EYES: Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15-20 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye. Call a Poison Control Center or doctor for treatment advice.

IF ON SKIN OR CLOTHING: Take off contaminated clothing. Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15-20 minutes. Call a Poison Control Center or doctor for treatment advice.

Have the product container or label with you when calling a Poison Control Center or doctor, or when going for treatment. You may also contact 1-866-303-6950 for emergency medical treatment information.

This product contains mancozeb and ETU, chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer. ETU is also known to the State of California to cause birth defects or other reproductive harm.

Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)

Some materials that are chemical-resistant to this product are nitrile rubber, natural rubber, or butyl rubber.

Mixers, loaders, applicators and other handlers must wear:

- long-sleeved shirt
- long plants
- shoes and socks
- chemical-resistant gloves made of any waterproof material.

Koverall Fungicide EPA Reg. No. 279-3580

For broccoli, cabbage, lettuce (leaf and head), peppers, and walnut use:

Aerial application of Koverall Fungicide on broccoli, cabbage, lettuce (leaf and head), peppers, and walnuts requires that occupational handlers performing mixing/loading operations observe the additional mitigation measures of wearing particulate respirator with an N, R, or P filter, NIOSH approval prefix TC 84-A.

See engineering controls for additional requirements.

User Safety Requirements

Follow manufacturer's instructions for cleaning/maintaining PPE. If no such instructions for washables exist, use detergent and hot water. Keep and wash PPE separately from other laundry. Discard clothing and other absorbent materials that have been drenched or heavily contaminated with this product's concentrate. Do not reuse them.

Engineering Controls

Enclosed Cockpits: Pilots must use an enclosed cockpit that meets the requirements listed in the Worker Protection Standard (WPS) for agricultural pesticides [40 CFR 170.240(d) (4-6)].

Mechanical Flagging Engineering Controls: Human flagging is prohibited. Flagging to support aerial application is limited to use of the Global Positioning System (GPS) or mechanical flaggers.

User Safety Recommendations

Users should:

- Wash hands before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco or using the toilet.
- Remove clothing/PPE immediately if pesticide gets inside, then wash thoroughly and put on clean clothing.
- Remove PPE immediately after handling this product. Wash the outside of gloves before removing. As soon as possible, wash thoroughly and change into clean clothing.

Environmental Hazards

This pesticide is toxic to aquatic organisms. Drift and runoff from treated areas may be hazardous to aquatic organisms in neighboring areas. Do not apply directly to water, or to areas where surface water is present, or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark. Do not contaminate water when cleaning equipment or disposing of equipment washwaters or rinsate.

Directions for Use

It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling. Read all Directions for Use carefully before applying.

Do not apply this product in a way that will contact workers or other persons, either directly or through drift. Only protected handlers may be in the area during application. For any requirements specific to your state or tribe, consult the agency responsible for pesticide regulation.

Agricultural Use Requirements

Use this product only in accordance with its labeling and with the Worker Protection Standard, 40 CFR Part 170. This standard contains requirements for the protection of agricultural workers on farms, forests, nurseries, and greenhouses, and handlers of agricultural pesticides. It contains requirements for training, decontamination, notification, and emergency assistance. It also contains specific instructions and exceptions pertaining to the statements on this label about personal protective equipment (PPE) and restricted-entry interval. The requirements in this box only apply to uses of this product that are covered by the Worker Protection Standard.

Do not enter or allow worker entry into treated areas during the restricted entry interval (REI) of 24 hours.

PPE required for early entry to treated areas that is permitted under the Worker Protection Standard and that involves contact with anything that has been treated, such as plants, oil or water, is:

- Coveralls
- Chemical-resistant gloves made of any waterproof material
- Shoes plus socks

Non-Agricultural Use Requirements

The requirements in this box apply to uses of this product that are not within the scope of the Worker Protection Standard for agricultural pesticides (40 CFR Part 170). The WPS applies when this product is used to produce agricultural plants on farms, forests, nurseries or greenhouses.

Applications to golf courses, industrial (office park), and municipal lawns and ornamentals are not within the scope of the Workers Protection Standard.

Keep unprotected persons out of treated area until sprays have dried.

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Do not contaminate water, food, or feed by storage and disposal.

Pesticide Storage: Store in original container only. Store in a dry place and avoid excess heat. Carefully open containers. Do not put concentrate or dilute material into food or drink containers.

Pesticide Disposal: Wastes resulting from the use of this product must be disposed of on site or at an approved waste disposal facility.

Container Handling: Nonrefillable container. Do not use or refill this container. Completely empty bag into application equipment. Then offer for recycling, or dispose of empty bag in a sanitary landfill or by incineration. Do not burn unless allowed by state and local ordinances.

Use Information

KOVERALL Fungicide is a broad-spectrum fungicide labeled for use on outdoor and greenhouse grown crops, turf and ornamentals. Optimum disease control is achieved when the fungicide is applied in a regularly scheduled preventative spray program. The addition of an agricultural surfactant will enhance fungicide performance by providing a more uniform spray deposit, increased foliar redistribution, and enhanced fungicide retention during periods of wet weather.

Use Rate Determination

- Carefully read, understand, and follow label use rates and restrictions.
- Under low disease conditions, minimum label rates per application can be used while maximum label rates and the minimum interval may be used for severe or threatening disease conditions.
- For proper application, determine the number of acres to be treated, the required label use rate and the volume to be applied per acre. Prepare only the amount of spray solution required to treat the measured acreage. Careful calibration of spray equipment is recommended prior to use.
- When applied by hand sprayers, 1 pound KOVERALL per 100 gallons per acre is equivalent to 1 level tablespoon per gallon spray solution.

Tank Mixing Procedures

- When two pesticides are tank mixed, the more restrictive label conditions apply.
- Do not tank mix with any product which contains a restriction on tank mixing. Slowly pour into spray tank as it is being filled while agitation is maintained or thoroughly premix in a nurse tank for concentrate or aircraft sprayers. Add other co-applied fungicides, insecticides, growth regulators, micronutrients after KOVERALL has been placed into suspension. When tank mixing with other pesticides, observe the more restrictive label

Koverall Fungicide EPA Reg. No. 279-3580

limitations, restrictions, and precautions. It is the pesticide user's responsibility to ensure that all products are registered for the intended use. Read and follow the applicable restrictions and limitations and directions for use on all product labels involved in tank mixing. Users must follow the most restrictive directions for use and precautionary statements of each product in the tank mixture.

When preparing spray solutions for use in a hand sprayer, premix as a slurry in a small container, and then add to sprayer containing 1/3 to 1/2 the desired final water volume.

Compatibility

KOVERALL is compatible with most commonly used agricultural fungicides, insecticides and growth regulators. When preparing tank mixes, consult spray compatibility charts or State Cooperative Extension Service Specialists prior to actual use.

Spray Drift Management

A variety of factors including weather conditions (e.g., wind direction, wind speed, temperature, relative humidity) and method of application (e.g., ground, aerial, airblast, chemigation) can influence pesticide drift. The applicator must evaluate all factors and make appropriate adjustments when applying this product.

Wind Speed

Do not apply at wind speeds greater than 15 mph.

Temperature Inversions

If applying at wind speeds less than 3 mph, the applicator must determine if a) conditions of temperature inversion exist, or b) stable atmospheric conditions exist at or below nozzle height. Do not make applications into areas of temperature inversions or stable atmospheric conditions.

Other State and Local Requirements

Applicators must follow all state and local pesticide drift requirements regarding application of mancozeb. Where states have more stringent regulations, they must be observed.

Equipment

All aerial and ground application equipment must be properly maintained and calibrated using appropriate carriers or surrogates.

Additional requirements for aerial applicators:

- 1. The boom length must not exceed 75% of the wingspan or 90% of the rotor blade diameter.
- Release spray at the lowest height consistent with efficacy and flight safety. Do not release spray at a height greater than 10 feet above the crop canopy unless a greater height is required for aircraft safety.

Koverall Fungicide EPA Reg. No. 279-3580

3. When applications are made with a crosswind, the swath must be displaced downwind. The applicator must compensate for this displacement at the up and downwind edge of the application area by adjusting the path of the aircraft upwind.

Additional requirements for ground boom application:

1. Do not apply with a nozzle height greater than 4 feet above the crop canopy.

Application

Ground

Thorough coverage with foliar sprays generally results in optimum disease control. To achieve satisfactory coverage use proper spray pressure, volume of spray mixture per acre, nozzles (generally hollow cone), disc (generally D-5 to D-7), nozzle spacing, and tractor speed. Consult spray nozzle and accessory catalogues for specific information on proper equipment calibration.

Hand Sprayers

Thoroughly spray plant foliage until runoff.

Aerial

A uniform initial spray deposit over the crop canopy generally results in optimum disease control. Each aircraft should be prechecked for droplet size, uniformity of spray pattern, swath width, and spray volume. During aerial application, human flaggers are prohibited.

Nozzle selection: Hollow cone brass nozzles with a D-series orifice disc and core (whirlplate) are recommended. Nozzles should point straight down or slightly backward.

Swath width: For most field and vegetable crops, swaths just beyond the wingspan of 36 to 40 feet for light aircraft and up to 45 feet for heavier aircraft are suggested. Optimum swath for helicopters is usually 5 to 10 feet beyond normal boom length.

Spray volume: Aerial applications are to be made in a minimum of two (2) gallons of water per acre. On vegetable and field crops, 2 to 3 gallons of spray per acre are generally optimum; orchards and vineyards can be handled with spray volumes of 5 gallons per acre. Some tall or dense foliage crops requiring greater penetration to the lower leaf surface will require higher spray volumes. **Do not apply this product in fewer than 5 gallons spray volume per acre in California.**

Altitude: For most crops, the spray boom should be positioned in 5 to 10 feet above the crop canopy.

Flagging: Mark swaths at the end of the field with permanent flags. Measure swaths accurately with a chain or other device except when rows can be accurately counted.

Chemigation Use Directions

Sprinkler Irrigation

KOVERALL must be applied on a regular protectant fungicide schedule, **not an irrigation schedule**. If irrigation cycles are less frequent than specified KOVERALL application intervals, ground or aerial applications must supplement chemigation applications to achieve adequate disease control.

Requirements

- Apply KOVERALL only through sprinkler irrigation systems including center-pivot, lateral
 move, end tow, side (wheel) roll, traveler, solid set, or hand move irrigation systems. Do
 not apply product through any other type of irrigation system.
- Crop injury, lack of effectiveness or illegal pesticide residues in the crop can result from non-uniform distribution of treated water.
- If you have questions about calibration, you should contact a State Extension Service specialist, equipment manufacturers, or other experts.
- Do not connect an irrigation system (including greenhouse systems) used for pesticide application to a public water system unless the pesticide label-prescribed safety devices for public water system are in place.
- A person knowledgeable of the chemigation system and responsible for its operation, or under the supervision of the responsible person, shall shut the system down and make necessary adjustments should the need arise.

Specific Chemigation Equipment Requirements

Before applying KOVERALL through sprinkler irrigation equipment, the chemigation system must meet the following specifications:

- Public water system means a system for the provision to the public of piped water for human consumption if such system has at least 15 service connections or regularly serves an average of at least 25 individuals daily at least 60 days out of the year.
- Chemigation systems connected to public water systems must contain a functional reduced-pressure zone (RPZ), backflow preventer or the functional equivalent in the water supply line upstream from the point of pesticide introduction. As an option to the RPZ, the water from the public water system should be discharged into a reservoir tank prior to pesticide introduction. There must be a complete physical break (air gap) between the outlet end of the fill pipe and the top or overflow rim of the reservoir tank of at least twice the inside diameter of the fill pipe.
- Systems not connected to a public water supply must contain a functional check valve, vacuum relief valve, and low-pressure drain appropriately located in the irrigation pipeline to prevent water source contamination from back flow.
- The pesticide injection pipeline must contain a functional, automatic, quick-closing check valve to prevent the flow of fluid back toward the injection pump.
- · The pesticide injection pipeline must also contain a functional, normally closed solenoid-

- operated valve located on the intake side of the injection pump and connected to the system interlock to prevent fluid from being withdrawn from the supply tank when the irrigation system is either automatically or manually shut down.
- The system must contain functional interlocking controls to automatically shut off the
 pesticide injection pump when the water pump motor stops, or in cases where there is
 no water pump, when the water pressure decreases to the point where pesticide
 distribution is adversely affected.
- The irrigation line or water pump must include a functional pressure switch that will stop
 the water pump motor when the water pressure decreases to the point where pesticide
 distribution is adversely affected.
- Systems must use a metering pump such as a positive displacement injection pump (e.g., diaphragm pump) effectively designed and constructed of materials that are compatible with pesticides and capable of being fitted with a system interlock.
- Do not apply when wind speed favors drift beyond the area intended for treatment.

Center-Pivot, Lateral Move, End Tow, and Traveler Irrigation Equipment (Use only with electric or oil hydraulic drive systems which provide a uniform water distribution):

- Determine the size of the area to be treated.
- Determine the time required to apply no more than 1/4-inch water (6,750 gallons water per acre) over the area to be treated when the system and injection equipment are operated at normal pressures recommended by the equipment manufacturer. Run system at 80% to 95% of manufacturer's rated capacity.
- Using only water, determine the injection pump output when operated at normal line pressure.
- Determine the amount of KOVERALL required for the treatment area.
- Add the required amount of KOVERALL and sufficient water to meet the injection time requirements of the solution tank.
- Maintain constant solution tank agitation during the injection period.
- Stop injection equipment after treatment is completed. Continue to operate the system until KOVERALL solution has cleared the sprinkler head.

Solid-Set, Side (Wheel) Roll, and Hand Move Irrigation Equipment:

- Determine acreage covered by sprinkler.
- Fill injector solution tank with water and adjust flow rate to use contents over a 10 to 30minute interval.
- Determine the amount of KOVERALL required for the treatment area.
- Add the required amount of KOVERALL into the same quantity of water used to calibrate the injection equipment.
- Maintain constant solution tank agitation during the injection period.
- Operate system at normal pressures recommended by the manufacturer of the injection equipment and used for the time interval established during calibration.
- Inject KOVERALL at the end of the irrigation cycle or as separate application to

Koverall Fungicide EPA Reg. No. 279-3580

maximize foliar fungicide retention.

• Stop injection equipment after treatment is completed. Continue to operate the system until KOVERALL solution has cleared the last sprinkler head.

Disease Monitoring

KOVERALL is a broad-spectrum fungicide. If not applied on a routine protectant spray schedule, scout crops on a weekly basis. Apply fungicide at the required label use rate and spray schedule, at the first sign of disease, report of disease in the area, or during environmental conditions favorable for disease development.

Restrictions

Users must carefully read, understand, and follow all use restrictions prior to using KOVERALL.

Foliar Applications

Where EBDC Products Used Allow the Same Maximum Poundage of Active Ingredient Per Acre Per Season: If more than one product containing an EBDC active ingredient (maneb, mancozeb, or metiram) is used on a crop during the same growing season and the EBDC products used allow the same maximum poundage of active ingredient per acre per season, then the total poundage of all such EBDC products used must not exceed any one of the specified individual EBDC product maximum seasonal poundage of active ingredient allowed per acre.

Where EBDC Products Used Allow Different Maximum Poundage of Active Ingredient Per Acre Per Season: If more than one product containing an EBDC active ingredient is used on a crop during the same growing season and the EBDC products used allow different maximum poundage of active ingredient per acre per season, then the total poundage of all such EBDC products used must not exceed the lowest specified individual EBDC product maximum seasonal poundage of active ingredient allowed per acre.

Seed Treatment

In addition to the maximum number of foliar applications permitted by the formula stated above, a single application for seed treatment may be made on crops, which have registered seed treatment uses.

Cole Crop (Brassica) Leafy Vegetables

Crop	Diseases Controlled	KOVERALL Rate per Application (lb/acre)	Application Directions	Restrictions
Broccoli and Cabbage	Alternaria leaf spot Downy mildew	1.6-2.1	In plant beds or direct-seeded fields, apply 7 to 10 days after planting or earlier if disease is present. If field applications, apply as soon as disease is present and reapply as needed on a 7 to 10 day spray schedule.	Do not apply more than 12.8 lb. KOVERALL (9.6 lb ai) per acre per year. Preharvest Interval: Do not apply within 7 days of harvest. Do not apply this product with a U-boom device Minimum Retreatment Interval: 7 days

Aerial application of Koverall Fungicide on broccoli or cabbage requires that occupational handlers performing mixing/loading operations observe the additional mitigation measures of wearing a particulate respirator with an N, R, or P filter, NIOSH approval prefix TC 84-A.

Cucurbits

Begin applications when the plants are in the two-leaf stage and repeat at 7- to 10-day intervals. Use sufficient water and direct spray to provide thorough coverage of both upper and lower leaf surfaces.

		KOVERALL		
	D:	Rate per	A	
Cron	Diseases Controlled	Application	Application Directions	Restrictions
Crop Chayote	Alternaria leaf	(lb/acre) 2 to 3	Start application when	Do not apply more
Chinese	spot	2 10 0	plants are in the two-	than 25.6 lb of
waxgourd	Antrhacnose		leaf stage and repeat	KOVERALL (19.2 lb
Citron melon	Cercospora		at 7-to 10-day intervals.	ai) per acre per
Cucumber Gherkin	leaf spot Downy		Use sufficient water and direct the spray to	year.
Gourd, edible	mildew		provide thorough	Do not make more
Momordica	Gummy stem		coverage of both upper	than 8 applications
spp.	blight		and lower leaf	per year.
Muskmelon	Scab		surfaces. Consult	Preharvest
Pumpkin Squash,			State Cooperative Extension Specialist	Interval:
summer			prior to use.	Do not apply within 5
Squash,				days of harvest.
winter				
Watermelon Melons	Alternaria leaf	2 to 3	Start application when	Preharvest
cantaloupes	spot	2 10 3	plants are in the two-	Interval:
casaba	Anthracnose		leaf stage and repeat at	Do not apply within
crenshaw	Downy mildew		7-to10-day intervals.	5 days of harvest.
honeydew	Gummy stem		Use sufficient water	D ()
	blight Microdochium		and direct spray to provide thorough	Do not apply more than 25.6 lb
	blight [†]		coverage of both upper	KOVERALL (19.2 lb
			and lower leaf surfaces.	ai) per acre per
			Some cantaloupe	year.
			varieties (i.e.: Harvest Queen, Gold Star,	Do not make more
			Super Star, Sweet and	than 8 applications
			Early, and Saticoy) are	per year.
			sensitive to	N N
			KOVERALL. Consult a	
			State Cooperative	

			Extension Service Specialist prior to use.	
Watermelons	Microdochium blight[^{†]} Scab	2 to 3	Start application when plants are in the two-leaf stage and repeat at 7-to10-day intervals. Use sufficient water and direct spray to provide thorough coverage of both upper and lower leaf surfaces.	Preharvest Interval: Do not apply within 5 days of harvest. Do not apply more than 25.6 lb KOVERALL (19.2 lb ai) per acre per crop. Do not make more than 8 applications per year.

Note to PM; optional state specific language [† Not approved for use on this pest species in California.]

Fruiting Vegetables (Except Cucurbits)

Crop Peppers	Diseases Controlled Anthracnose Early blight Phomopsis blight or fruit rot Alternaria Leaf Spot Downy Mildew Cercospora Leaf spot (Frogeve Spot)	KOVERALL Rate per Application (Ib/acre) 2 (west of the Mississippi River) 3 (east of the Mississippi River)	Application Directions Begin application when disease appears and reapply on a 7 to 10 day spray schedule	Restrictions Preharvest Interval: East of the Mississippi River, do not apply more than 19.2 lb KOVERALL (14.4 lb ai) per acre per year and do not apply within 7 days of
	(2) (0) ((0) (0) (0) ((0) (0) (0) (0) (0)			
		River)		\$11.00 PC (1.00 PC) PC (1.00 PC
	The state of the s		Soricadic	The state of the s
	·			
	(Frogeye Spot)			within 7 days of
	Phytophthora Blight			harvest.
	Ripe Rot			Preharvest
				Interval:
				West of the
				Mississippi River,
				do not apply more
				than 12.8 lb
				KOVERALL (9.6 lb ai) per acre per year
				and do not apply
				within 7 days of
				harvest. Minimum
				Retreatment
				Interval: 7 days.
				Do not apply this
				product with a U-
				boom device.

Aerial application of Koverall Fungicide on peppers requires that occupational handlers performing mixing/loading operations observe the additional mitigation measures of wearing a particulate respirator with an N, R, or P filter, NIOSH approval prefix TC 84-A.

Lettuce (Head and Leaf)\

Crop	Diseases Controlled	KOVERALL Rate per Application (lb/acre)	Application Directions	Restrictions
Lettuce	Downy mildew Alternaria Leaf Spot[*] Anthracnose	2	Begin applications when disease appears and reapply on a 7- to 10- day treatment schedule	Preharvest Interval: In California, do not apply more than 8.5 lb KOVERALL (6.4 lb ai) per acre per year and do not apply within 14 days of harvest. In states other than California, do not apply more than 12.8 lb KOVERALL (9.6 lb ai) per acre per year and do not apply within 10 days of harvest. Minimum Retreatment Interval: 7 days. Do not apply this product with a Uboom device.

Aerial application of Koverall Fungicide on lettuce (head or leaf) requires that occupational handlers performing mixing/loading operations observe the additional mitigation measures of wearing a particulate respirator with an N, R, or P filter, NIOSH approval prefix TC 84-A.

[Note to PM: optional state-specific language *Not for use on this pest in California]

Pome Fruits

Use either the Pre-Bloom/Bloom Use or Extended Application schedule. Do not combine or integrate the two treatment schedules. It is recommended that this product be used in an integrated Pest Management Program (IPM).

Crop	Diseases Controlled	KOVERAL L Rate per Application (lb/acre)	Application Directions	Restrictions
Apples Crabapples Pears Quince	Fabraea leaf spot Rusts Scab	6.0†	Pre-Bloom/Bloom Use: Begin applications at 1/4- to 1/2- inch green tip and continue on a 7- to 10-day schedule through bloom.	Do not apply more than 6 lb KOVERALL (4.5 lb ai) per acre per application. Do not apply after bloom. Do not apply more than 24 lb KOVERALL (18 lb ai) per acre per year. Do not graze livestock in treated areas. Do not combine or integrate the prebloom application schedule with the post-bloom "extended application" schedule.
		3.0 [†]	Extended Application Schedule for Use in Tank	Do not apply more than 3 lb.
			Mixtures with systemic fungicides: For implementation of IPM	KOVERALL (2.25 lb ai) per
			implementation of IPM programs, applications based on tree-row volume, or for use as a resistance management tool, begin applications at 1/4 to 1/2 inch green tip and	acre per application. Do not apply within 77 days of harvest. Do not apply

[†] Maximum per acre use rate based on thorough coverage dilute sprays.

Fruits

Crop	Diseases Controlled	KOVERALL Rate per Application (lb/acre)	Application Directions	Restrictions
Bananas (including plantain)	Sigatoka	2 to 3	Apply when leaves first appear and repeat every 14- to 21-days or as required. Use sufficient water to provide adequate coverage. The addition of a Latron surfactant to spray solutions will improve performance.	Do not apply more than 30 lb KOVERALL (22.5 lb ai) per acre per growing cycle. Applications can be made up to the day of harvest.
Cranberries	Fruit rot	3 to 6	Start applications at early-bloom and repeat at 7- to 10-day intervals as required.	Do not apply within 30 days of harvest. Do not apply more than 18 lb KOVERALL (13.5 lb ai) per acre per year.
Grapes	Black rot Bunch rot Phomopsis Downy mildew	1.5 to 2.5 West of the Rocky Mountains 1.5 to 4 East of the Rocky Mountains	Apply in sufficient water to provide thorough coverage starting when new shoots are 1/2 to 1-1/2 inches long. Repeat when shoots are 3- to 5-inches long, when shoots are 8- to 10-inches long, and then at 7- to 10-day intervals until fruit is set. Other fungicides labeled for use on grapes may provide late season control of black rot, phomopsis and downy mildew.	In California, do not apply after bloom. In other areas, do not apply within 66 days of harvest. West of the Rocky Mountains, do not apply more than 7.5 lb KOVERALL (5.6 lb ai) per acre per year. East of the Rocky Mountains, do not apply more than 24 lb KOVERALL (18 lb ai) per acre per year.
Papayas	Anthracnose	2 to 2.5	Use minimum 50	Do not apply more

Phytophthora	gallons water per acre.	than 37 lb
fruit rot	Start applications at	KOVERALL (28 lb
	flowering and continue	ai) per acre per
	at 14- to 21-day	year. Applications
	intervals. Direct spray	may be made up
	to crown and blossom	to the day of
	area.	harvest. Do not
		make more than
		14 applications
		per year.

Clarification of the Maximum Use Rate for Mancozeb When other products containing mancozeb are used on Grapes Grown East of the Rocky Mountains

KOVERALL contains only one active ingredient (ai), mancozeb. Other products may contain mancozeb in combination with other ai's. Note that the maximum allowable application rate for mancozeb in grapes is 3.0 lbs. ai/acre and a total of 18 lbs. ai/acre per year, regardless of the source of mancozeb. Do not apply any product containing mancozeb within 66 days of grape harvest.

Tree Nuts

Crop	Diseases Controlled	KOVERALL Rate per Application (lb/acre)	Application Directions	Restrictions
Almond	Blossom blight (Monilinia spp) Shothole (Stigmina spp)	6.4 lb/A	Begin application at dormant to popcorn stage, full bloom or petal fall. Reapply every 7 to 10 days if bloom is staggered and weather is rainy.	Do not apply more than 19.2 lb KOVERALL (14.4 lb ai) per acre per year. Do not make last application later than 5 weeks after petal fall. Do not graze livestock in treated area. Do not use less than 10 gallons of spray volume per acre if aerially applied. Minimum Retreatment Interval: 7 days. Do not apply this product with a U-boom device.

Walnuts

Walnuts Walnut Blight (Xanthomonas campestris pv. Juglandis) 2.4 Begin application at early pre-bloom prior to or when catkins are partially expanded. Make additional applications during bloom and early nutlet stage, or as needed if frequent rainfall occurs. Can be applied by air or ground as a tank mix only. Ground – apply in a minimum of 100 gal water/acre; Air - apply in a minimum of 10 gal water/acre. Preharvest Interval: Do not apply within 75 days of harvest. Retreatment Interval (RTI): 10 days	Crop	Diseases Controlled	KOVERALL Rate per Application (lb/acre)	Application Directions	Restrictions
	Walnuts	(Xanthomonas campestris pv.	2.4	or when catkins are partially expanded. Make additional applications during bloom and early nutlet stage, or as needed if frequent rainfall occurs. Can be applied by air or ground as a tank mix only. Ground – apply in a minimum of 100 gal water/acre; Air - apply in a minimum of 10 gal	fixed copper product which is registered on walnuts. Do not exceed 10 applications per year. Do not apply more than 24.0 lb. KOVERALL (18 lb ai) per acre per year. Do not apply through any irrigation system. Preharvest Interval: Do not apply within 75 days of harvest. REI: 24 hrs Retreatment Interval (RTI): 10

Aerial application of Koverall Fungicide on walnuts requires that occupational handlers performing mixing/loading operations observe the additional mitigation measures of wearing a particulate respirator with an N, R, or P filter, NIOSH approval prefix TC 84-A.

Tropical Fruits

Crop	Diseases Controlled	KOVERALL Rate per Application (lb/acre)	Application Directions	Restrictions
Atemoya Cherimoya Custard apple Sugar apple Sweetsop	Anthracnose	2 – 2.5	Begin applications at flowering and continue at a 7-day retreatment interval. Applications made with aerial equipment must be made in a minimum spray volume of 10 gallons per acre	Do not apply more than 35 lb of KOVERALL (26.25 lb ai) per acre per year. Do not make more than 14 applications per year. Applications may be made up to the day of harvest. PHI is zero days.
Canistel Mamey sapote Mango Sapodilla Star apple (caimito) White sapote	Anthracnose Black spot (cercospora) Phytophthora fruit rot	2 – 2.5	Begin applications at flowering and continue at 14- to 21-day intervals. Direct spray to crown and blossom area. Use 20 to 100 gallons of water per acre.	Do not apply more than 37.3 lb of KOVERALL (28 lb ai) per acre per year. Applications may be made up to the day of harvest. PHI is zero days.

Vegetables

Crop	Diseases Controlled	KOVERAL L Rate per Application (lb/acre)	Application Directions	Restrictions
Asparagus	Cercospora leaf spot Rust	2	Start applications when rust first appears and repeat at 10-day intervals. Four applications are usually sufficient.	Apply only on asparagus ferns after spears have been harvested. Do not apply more than 8 lb KOVERALL (6 lb ai) per acre per year. Do not apply within 120 days of harvest in California and Arizona or within 180 days in all other states.
Corn (sweet corn for fresh use or processing; popcorn; and sweet corn for seed production, including hybrid seed)	Common rust Helmintho- sporium leaf blight	1.5	Use sufficient water for thorough coverage. Start applications when disease first appears and repeat at 4- to 7-day intervals.	Do not apply within 7 days of harvest. Do not feed treated forage to livestock. East of the Mississippi River, Arkansas and Louisiana: do not apply more than 22.5 lb KOVERALL (17 lb ai) per acre per year. West of the Mississippi River (except Arkansas and Louisiana): do not apply more than 7.5 lb KOVERALL (5.6 lb ai) per acre per year. Field and Field Corn for Hybrid Seed Production: Do not apply within 40 days of harvest. Do not apply more than 15 lb KOVERALL (11.25 lb ai) per acre per year.

Vegetables (continued)

Crop Onions (dry bulb)	Diseases Controlled Botrytis leaf blight Downy mildew	KOVERAL L Rate per Application (lb/acre)	Application Directions Follow a protective spray schedule starting when diseases are first	Restrictions Do not apply within 7 days of harvest. Do not apply more
Garlic Shallots	Neck rot Purple blotch Rust		reported in the area and repeat at 7-day intervals throughout the season.	than 30 lb KOVERALL (22.5 lb ai) per acre per year. Do not apply to exposed bulb. Do not allow spray or drift to contact bulbs after lifting from soil.
Onions (furrow drench)	Damping-off Seed rots Seedling blights Smut	3	Apply 3 lb per acre as a furrow drench at time of planting onion seeds. Use 75 to 125 gallons water per acre.	Do not apply more than 3 lb KOVERALL (2.25 lb ai) per acre (29,000 linear feet of furrow) per year with an 18 inch row spacing. Do not use in California.
Potatoes	Early blight Late blight	1 to 2	Begin applications when plants are 4 to 6 inches high by applying 0.5 to 1.0 lb/acre. As the vines increase in size, apply 1.5 to 2.0 lb/acre at 5- to 10-day intervals or apply 0.75 to 1.0 lb/acre at 3- to 5-day intervals. It is recommended that this product be used within an Integrated Pest Management Program.	Do not apply more than 15 lb KOVERALL (11.2 lb ai) per acre per year. Do not apply within 3 days of harvest in Connecticut, Delaware, Florida, Maine, Massachusetts, Michigan, New Hampshire, New York, Ohio,

Koverall Fungicide EPA Reg. No. 279-3580

	Also, vine-kill should occur 14 days before harvest.	Pennsylvania, Rhode Island, Vermont, and Wisconsin and at least 14 days elsewhere.
--	--	---

Vegetables (continued)

Crop	Diseases Controlled	KOVERALL Rate per Application (lb/acre)	Application Directions	Restrictions
Potato (seed- piece treatment)	Fusarium decay Late blight Seedborne common scab Rhizoctonia shoot blight Sliver scurf	See Below	Dip whole or cut potato tubers in 1.25 lb KOVERALL per 50 gallons of water. Place treated tubers in a clean container following treatment and plant as soon as possible. Spread treated seed pieces in a cool place if held before planting.	SEE BELOW

Potato (seed-piece treatment) Restrictions

The Federal Seed Act requires that containers containing treated seeds shall be labeled with the following statements:

- This seed has been treated with Koverall, a fungicide containing mancozeb.
- Do not use treated seed for feed, food, or oil purposes.

The U.S. Environmental Protection Agency requires the following statements on containers containing seed treated with mancozeb:

- Store treated seed away from food and feedstuffs.
- Do not allow children, pets, or livestock to have access to treated seeds.
- · Wear long pants, long-sleeved shirt and protective gloves when handling treated seed.
- Treated seeds exposed on the soil surface may be hazardous to wildlife. Cover or collect treated seeds spilled during loading and planting (such as in row ends).
- Dispose of all excess treated seed by burying seed away from bodies of water.
- Do not contaminate bodies of water when disposing of planting equipment wash water.
- Dispose of seed packaging or containers in accordance with local requirements.
- Excess treated seed may be used for ethanol production if (1) by-products are not used for livestock feed and (2) no measurable residues of pesticide remain in ethanol by-products that are used in agronomic practice.

REQUIRED DYE STATEMENT

Seed treated with this product must be visually identifiable from untreated seed by the

Koverall Fungicide EPA Reg. No. 279-3580

use of an approved colorant or dye to prevent accidental use of treated seed as food for humans or feed for animals. Refer to 21 CFR, Part 2.25. Any colorant or dye added to treated seed must be cleared for use in accordance with 40 CFR, Part 153.155 (c).

When opening this bag or loading/pouring the treated seed pieces, wear long-sleeved shirt, long pants, shoes, socks, chemical resistant gloves, and a particulate respirator with an N, R, or P filter, NIOSH approval prefix TC 84-A.

After the seed pieces have been planted, do not enter or allow worker entry into treated areas during the restricted-entry interval (REI) of 24 hours. Exception: Once the seed pieces are planted in soil or other planting media, the Worker Protection Standard allows workers to enter the treated area without restriction if there will be no worker contact with the soil/media subsurface.

Vegetables (continued)

Crop Tomatoes	Diseases Controlled Anthracnose	KOVERALL Rate per Application (Ib/acre) 0.75-1.0 West of the	Application Directions Start application when	Restrictions Do not apply within
	Early blight Gray leaf spot Late blight Leaf mold Septoria leaf spot	Mississippi River 0.75 to 1.5 East of the Mississippi River	seedlings emerge or transplants are set. Repeat at 3 to 7 day intervals throughout the season.	5 days of harvest. West of the Mississippi River, do not apply more than 8.5 lb KOVERALL (6.4 lb ai) per acre per year. East of the Mississippi River, do not apply more than 22.4 lb KOVERALL (16.8 lb ai) per acre per year.
	Bacterial speck and spot	1.5 to 2 West of the Mississippi River 1.5 to 3 East of the Mississippi River	Start application when seedlings emerge or transplants are set. Repeat at 7- to 10-day intervals throughout the season.	East of the Mississippi River, do not apply more than 22.4 lb KOVERALL (16.8 lb ai) per acre per year. West of the Mississippi River, do not apply more than 8.5 lb KOVERALL (6.4 lb ai) per acre per year.

Field Crops

Crop	Diseases Controlled	KOVERALL Rate per Application (lb/acre)	Application Directions	Restrictions
Hybrid seed corn	Common corn rust Helminthosporium leaf blight	1.5	Start applications when disease symptoms first appear and, depending on severity of infection, continue a 4- to 7-day interval.	Do not apply more than 15 lb KOVERALL (11.25 lb ai) per acre per year. Do not feed treated forage to livestock. Do not apply within 40 days of harvest.
Peanuts	Cercospora leaf spot Rust	1 to 2	Start applications when disease first appears or is reported in area. Repeat sprays at 7- to 14-day intervals. Reduce sprays to a 7-day interval during humid weather.	Do not apply within 14 days of mancozeb harvest. Do not use more than 16 lb (12 lb ai) per acre per year. Do not feed treated vines to livestock.
Sugar beets	Cercospora leaf spot	1.5 to 2	Start applications when disease first threatens and repeat every 7- to 10-days as needed. The addition of a Latron surfactant to spray solutions will improve performance.	Do not apply within 14 days of harvest. Do not apply more than 14 lb KOVERALL (10.5 lb ai) per acre per year. Do not feed treated sugar beets to livestock.

Field Crops (continued)

Crop	Diseases Controlled	KOVERALL Rate per Application (lb/acre)	Application Directions	Restrictions
Wheat Oats Rye Triticale Barley	Helminthosporium leaf spot Leaf rust Septoria glume blotch Septoria leaf spot Tan spot	2	Start applications at onset of disease or when plants are in the tillering to jointing stage and repeat at 7- to 10-day intervals.	CO. STOCKER SUPPLY AND ADDRESS OF STATE

Root Vegetables

Crop	Diseases Controlled	KOVERALL Rate per Application (lb/acre)	Application Directions	Restrictions
Ginseng	Alternaria blight	2.0	Begin applications when disease first threatens and repeat every 7 to 10 days as needed. In Wisconsin, apply with ground equipment and a minimum of 80 gallons of water per acre.	Do not apply more than 24 lb of KOVERALL (18 lb ai) per acre per year. Do not make more than 12 applications per year. Do not apply within 30 days of harvest.

Miscellaneous

0	Diseases	KOVERALL Rate per	A li di Di di
Asparagus crowns	Controlled Crown rot	Application 1 lb per 100 gal	Application Directions Place loosely packed crowns into a burlap bag and soak, with gentle agitation, in the fungicide solution for 5 minutes. Remove bag, drain well, and plant crowns as soon as possible. A tank large enough to hold a single burlap bag will treat 2 bags of crowns. Clean dipping suspension should then be prepared in a clean tank. Dirty crowns should be pre-washed to remove excess soil.
Caprifig	Assorted molds Endosepsis (Fusarium)	4 lbs/100 gal	Prepare mamme figs by making a shallow cut through the eye and then hand dividing to avoid wasp injury. Submerge mamme figs in the fungicide suspension for a minimum of 15 minutes. The fungicide suspension should be stirred frequently to prevent settling out. Fresh dipping solution should be used after treating 4 or 5 batches of figs. After treatment, figs should be drained prior to placement in trees.
Christmas trees (conifer)	Lophodermium needle cast Pine gall rust Scirrhia brown spot	1 to 2 lb per acre or 1 to 2 lb per 100 gal	Begin application in spring or early summer before infection occurs. Repeat after heavy rains. Make applications at 7- to 10-day intervals.
Douglas fir	Swiss needle cast		

Turf Use Directions [Use on Turf Prohibited in New York State.]

For use on sod farms, golf courses, industrial and commercial lawns and other similar nonresidential areas. Not for use on residential or athletic turf.

Restrictions:

Sod Farm Turf:

- Harvesting of treated turf is prohibited until 5 days following application.
- Limit to a maximum of 4 applications per year and a maximum rate of 23.2 lb of product per acre (17.4 lb ai/A) per application.
- Minimum interval between applications is 10 days.

Golf Courses:

- For cool season grasses; greens, tees and aprons limit to a maximum of 5
 applications per year at a maximum application rate of 23.2 lb of product per acre (17.4
 lb ai/A) per application.
- For cool season grasses; fairways limit to a maximum of 4 applications per year at a maximum application rate of 23.2 lb of product per acre (17.4 lb ai/A) per application.
- For warm season grasses; greens, tees and aprons limit to a maximum of 4
 applications per year at a maximum application rate of 23.2 lb of product per acre (17.4
 lb ai/A) per application.
- For warm season grasses; fairways limit to a maximum of 3 applications per year at a maximum application rate of 23.2 lb of product per acre (17.4 lb ai/A) per application.
- Minimum interval between applications is 10 days.

All Other Turf:

- Limit to a maximum of 4 applications per year and a maximum application rate of 23.2 lb of product per acre (17.4 lb ai/A) per application.
- Minimum interval between applications is 10 days.

Start application when grass greens up in spring or when disease first appears and repeat at 10- to 14-day intervals or until disease threat is past. When conditions are especially favorable for disease development, apply maximum fungicide use rate on a 10-day spray schedule. Apply in sufficient water to provide adequate coverage.

Turf Tolerance

Treated turfgrass should be maintained in a vigorous growing condition. Turfgrass under stress will not respond to fungicide treatments as well as well-maintained turfgrass. Turfgrass tolerance to this product has been found to be acceptable; however, this product and tank mixtures with other products have not been tested on all varieties of every turfgrass species or under all possible growing conditions. If user is unfamiliar with the performance of KOVERALL or tank mixtures, under user growing conditions, a limited area of turfgrass should be treated prior to initiating large-scale applications.

Turf (continued)

Crop	Diseases Controlled	KOVERALL Rate per Application (oz/1000 sq ft)	Application Directions	Restrictions
Assorted grasses	Helminthosporium melting-out Rust (leaf, stem, stripe)	4		Do not graze treated areas. Do not use on grasses intended for grazing, such as range or pasture
	Copper spot Fusarium blight Red thread Slime mold	4 to 8		
	Algae	6		grasses.
	Dollar spot	6 to 8		
	Rhizoctonia brown patch	4	Apply on a 10-day spray schedule.	Do not feed clippings to
	Pythium blight	8	Apply at 10-day intervals.	Do not use on grasses grown for seed.
	Fusarium snow mold	6 to 8	Apply at 2 to 6 week intervals during winter.	
	Gray leaf spot	8	Apply on a 14-day spray schedule when conditions are favorable for disease development	

Ornamentals Use Directions

Restrictions

- Cut flowers and greenhouse grown ornamentals: Limit to 20 applications per year.
- Do not use for food or feed

Neither the manufacturer nor the seller has determined the effects of using KOVERALL on ornamentals not specified on this label.

Prior to any large-scale applications on such plants, the user should determine the effects of KOVERALL by testing a small section of the type of plants treated. The Conditions of Sale and Warranty apply to all uses.

For outdoor (field nursery) or greenhouse use, apply the equivalent of 1-2 lb KOVERALL per 100 gallons of dilute spray (1.5 lb KOVERALL per acre). Use a CPDA Certified non-ionic surfactant (NIS).

Begin spraying when plants are well leafed out or at first sign of disease, in a full coverage spray at 7- to 10-day intervals throughout season or follow State Extension Service recommendations for disease control on the following ornamental plants.

Ornamentals

		Additional Application Directions
Crop	Diseases Controlled	
African violet	Botrytis blight	
Almond (ornamental)	Leaf spot	
Alyssum	Leaf spot	
Anthurium	Anthracnose, spadix rot	
Apple (ornamental)	Fabraea leaf spot Rust Scab	
Arborvitae	Cercospora blight	
Areca palm	Leaf spot	
Ageratum	Botrytis blight Rust	
Ash, mountain	Entomosporium leaf spot Guignardia leaf blotch	
Ash, white	Anthracnose Cylindrosporium leaf spot	
Aster	Leaf spot	
Aster, perennial	Alternaria leaf spot Anthracnose	

		Additional Application Directions
Crop	Diseases Controlled	
Azalea	Cylindrocladium rot	Apply in a full coverage spray, 2 to 3
	Petal blight	times a week, while flowers are opening.
	Phytopthora twig and bud	Direct spray into flowers and thoroughly
	blight	spray ground under bushes.
Bougainvillea	Leaf spot	
Begonia	Botrytis blight	
Boxwood	Leaf spot	
Buffaloberry	Cylindrosporium leaf spot	
Camellias	Petal blight	Apply in a full coverage spray, 2 to 3 times a week, while flowers are opening. Direct spray into flowers and thoroughly spray ground under bushes.
Carnation	Rust Septoria leaf spot	
Cedar, red	Cercospora blight	
(juniper)	Phomopsis blight	
Chrysanthemum	Ascochyta blight Botrytis petal spot Rust	Apply twice weekly during blooming period.
Cockscomb (celosia)	Alternaria leaf spot	
Conifers	Lophodermium needle cast	Begin application in spring or early
(Christmas trees)	Pine gall rust Scirrhia brown spot	summer before infection occurs. Repeat after heavy rains and at two-week intervals as long as needed.
Cordyline	Cercospora leaf spot	
Crabapple	Cedar-apple rust	
(ornamental)	Scab	
	Sphaeropsis leaf spot	
Cypress, Arizona	Cercospora blight	
(Cupressus spp.)	Monochaetia canker	
Dahlia	Botrytis blight	
Delphinium	Botrytis blight	
Dieffenbachia	Leptosphaeria brown spot	
Dogwood,	Anthracnose	Apply when buds begin to open, when
flowering	Elsinoe leaf spot	bracts have fallen, 4 weeks later and
	Septoria leaf spot	again in late summer after flower buds for next season have formed.

		Additional Application Directions
Crop	Diseases Controlled	
Dracaena	Fusarium leaf spot	
Elm	Black leaf spot	
Euonymus	Anthracnose	
Fatsia	Anthracnose	
Fern	Rhizoctonia blight	
Ficus	Cercospora leaf spot	
Fig	Cylindrocladium leaf spot	
Firethorn	Fusicladium scab	
(pyracantha)		
Fir, Douglas	Swiss needle cast	
Fir, fraser	Swiss needle cast	
Fuchsia	Botrytis blight	
	Rust	
Geranium	Rust	
Gladiolus	Botrytis blossom blight	Make regular weekly applications starting
	Curvularia leaf spot	before diseases appear and increase to 2
		or 3 applications per week during periods
		of heavy disease and during rainy
		weather. On flower spikes, reduce spray
		concentration to 3/4 lb per 100 gallons.
Gloxinia	Botrytis blight	
Gypsophila	Botrytis blight	
Hawthorn	Cedar-apple rust	
	Fabraea leaf spot	
	Frogeye leaf spot	
	Hawthorn rust	
	Scab	
Hickory	Gnomonia leaf spot	
Holly	Purple spot	
Hollyhock	Anthracnose	
	Cercospora leaf spot	
	Puccinia rust	
Honeysuckle	Herpobasidium blight	
Horsechestnut,	Alternaria leaf spot	
buckeye	Guignardia leaf blotch	
Hydrangea	Botrytis blight	
	Cercospora leaf spot	

		Additional Application Directions
Crop	Diseases Controlled	
Impatiens	Botrytis blight	
Iris	Didymellina leaf spot	(formerly Didymellina)
	Mycosphaerella leaf spot	
	Mystrosporium ink spot	
Juniper	Phomopsis blight	
Larkspur	Rust	
Laurel, mountain	Cercospora leaf spot Petal blight	Apply in a full coverage spray, 2 to 3 times a week, while flowers are opening. Direct spray into flowers and thoroughly spray ground under bushes.
Ligustrum	Cercospora leaf spot	
Lily	Botrytis blight	
Magnolia	Gloeosporium leaf spot	
Maple	Alternaria leaf spot Phyllosticta leaf spot	Restriction: Do not use sap for syrup production.
Marigold	Botrytis blossom blight	Restriction: Do not use on French dwarf double or Signet type marigold seedlings.
Narcissus	Botrytis blight (fire) smoulder	
Oak	Actinopelte leaf spot Taphrina leaf blister	
Orchid (Dendrobium)	Botrytis blossom blight	
Oxalis	Rust	
Pansy	Anthracnose	
Pears	Fabraea leaf spot	
(ornamental)	Rust Scab	
Peony	Botrytis blossom blight Phytophthora blight	Apply in early spring and early fall, drenching soil around plants as well as the foliage. Promptly destroy all infected plant parts.
Peperomia	Cercospora leaf spot	
Petunia	Botrytis blight	
Philodendron	Dactylaria leaf spot Phytophthora leaf spot	
Phlox	Leaf spot	
Photinia	Entomosporium leaf spot	

		Additional Application Directions
Crop	Diseases Controlled	
Pine, Australia	Cyclaneusma needle cast	
Pine, Scotch	Cyclaneusma needle cast	
	Gall rust	
Pittosporum	Alternaria leaf spot	
Pleomele	Fusarium leaf spot	
Poinsettia	Sphaceloma scab	
Poplar	Rust	
Primrose	Botrytis blight	
Protea	Botrytis blight	
Quince	Fabraea leaf spot	
(ornamental)	Rust	
	Scab	
Rhododendron	Cercospora leaf spot	Apply in a full coverage spray, 2 to 3
	Discosia leaf spot	times a week, while flowers are opening.
	Petal blight	Direct spray into flowers and thoroughly
		spray ground under bushes.
Rose	Black spot	
	Cercospora leaf spot	
	Rust	
Rosemary	Rhizoctonia	
	Aerial blight	
Schefflera	Alternaria blight	
Scotts pine	Needle cast	
Skunkbush,	Cylindrosporium leaf spot	
sumac	100 Y NF	
Snapdragon	Rust	
Spathiphyllum	Myrothecium leaf spot	
Statice	Cercosporium leaf spot	
Strawflower	Rust	
Syngonium	Cephalosporium leaf spot	
Thorn apple	Rust	
Tulip	Botrytis blight (fire)	
Venus, flytrap	Anthracnose	
Viburnum	Downy mildew	
	Ramularia leaf spot	
Walnut	Anthracnose	
Zinnia	Alternaria leaf blight	

Conditions of Sale and Limitation of Warranty and Liability:

NOTICE: Read the entire Directions for Use and Conditions of Sale and Limitation of Warranty and Liability before buying or using this product. If the terms are not acceptable, return the product at once, unopened, and the purchase price will be refunded.

The Directions for Use of this product must be followed carefully. It is impossible to eliminate all risks inherently associated with the use of this product. Crop injury, ineffectiveness, or other unintended consequences may result because of such factors as manner of use or application, weather or crop conditions beyond the control or FMC or Seller. To the extent consistent with applicable law, all such risks shall be assumed by Buyer and User, and, to the extent consistent with applicable law, Buyer and User agree to hold FMC and Seller harmless for any claims relating to such factors.

Seller warrants that this product conforms to the chemical description on the label and is reasonably fit for the purposes stated on the Directions for Use when used in accordance with the directions under normal conditions of use. TO THE EXTENT CONSISTENT WITH APPLICABLE LAW, FMC MAKES NO WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY OR OF FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE, NOR ANY OTHER EXPRESS OR IMPLIED WARRANTIES WITH RESPECT TO THE SELECTION, PURCHASE, OR USE OF THIS PRODUCT. Any warranties, express or implied, having been made are inapplicable if this product has been used contrary to label instructions, or under abnormal conditions, or under conditions not reasonably foreseeable to (or beyond the control of) seller or FMC, and, to the extent consistent with applicable law, buyer assumes the risk of any such use.

To the extent consistent with applicable law, FMC or seller shall not be liable for any incidental, consequential or special damages resulting from the use or handling of this product. TO THE EXTENT CONSISTENT WITH APPLICABLE LAW, THE EXCLUSIVE REMEDY OF THE USER OR BUYER, AND THE EXCLUSIVE LIABILITY OF FMC AND SELLER FOR ANY AND ALL CLAIMS, LOSSES, INJURIES OR DAMAGES (INCLUDING CLAIMS BASED ON BREACH OF WARRANTY, CONTRACT, NEGLIGENCE, TORT, STRICT LIABILITY OR OTHERWISE) RESULTING FROM THE USE OR HANDLING OF THIS PRODUCT, SHALL BE THE RETURN OF THE PURCHASE PRICE OF THE PRODUCT OR, AT THE ELECTION OF FMC OR SELLER, THE REPLACEMENT OF THE PRODUCT.

This Conditions of Sale and Limitation of Warranty and Liability may not be amended by any oral or written agreement.

"KOVERALL" is a registered trademark of FMC Corporation

3/20/2018