0.2/24/2009

UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY WASHINGTON, D.C. 20460

> OFFICE OF PREVENTION, PESTICIDES AND TOXIC SUBSTANCES

Callista O. Chukwunenye, Ph.D. Manager, Product Registrations FMC Corporation 1735 Market Street Philadelphia, PA 19103

FEB 2 4 2009

Dear Dr. Chukwunenye:

The Agency is in receipt of your Application for Pesticide Notification under Pesticide Registration Notice (PRN) 98-10 for the above product. The Registration Division (RD) has conducted a review of this request for its applicability under PRN 98-10 and finds that the action requested falls within the scope of PRN 98-10. The label submitted with the application has been date-stamped "Notification" and will be placed in our records.

If you have any questions, please call me directly at 703-305-6249 or Terri Stowe of my staff at 703-305-6117.

Sincerely,

Linda Arrington Notifications & Minor Formulations Team Leader Registration Division (7505P) Office of Pesticide Programs

Please read instructions on (reverse before complet	ting form.	· .		Form Apr	proved.	OM	3 No. 2	070-0060	D. Approval expires 2-28-9
	-	United States				-	istra		OPP Identifier Number	
₽EPA	Environmental Protection Age Washington, DC 20460		•	· -		-	Amendment		nent	
Applicatio			n for t	on for Pesticide - Section I						
1. Company/Product Numbe		Application			roduct Man		1		3 80	posed Classification
FMC Corporation/279-					anne I. Mil	-			J. FR	None Restricted
4. Company/Product (Name) FMC Corporation/ A		erbicide	<u></u> 44	РМ# РМ-23						
5. Name and Address of Ap	plicant (Include ZIP Co	de)		6. Expe	dited Rev	reiw.	In ac	corda	nce with	FIFRA Section 3(c)(3)
FMC Corporation			(b)(i), my product is similar or identical in composition and labeling							
1735 Market Street	02			EPA R	eg. No. <u>2</u>	279-	334	0		
Philadelphia, PA 191	us a is a new address				i				Herbicio	de
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Amendment - Explain	n below.			~	Final printe Agency let			psonse	to F	EB 2 4 2009
Resubmission in resp	onse to Agency letter	dated		- 🗌	"Me Too"					
Notification - Explain	below.				Other - Exp	lain be	low.			
Explanation: Use addition	nal page(s) if necessar	y. (For sectio	n I and Se	ction II.)	·					
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Yes	Yes V No			Yes No				~	Plastic	2.5.9.4 2.5.9.4
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Certification must be submitted	Unit Packaging wgt.			Package wgt container				Other (S	Specify)	
3. Location of Net Contents	Information	4. Size(s) Re	tail Contai	ner	1	5. Lo) cation	of Lab	el Directio	ons
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1. Contact Point (Complete	items directly below f	or identificati	on of indiv	idual to be	o contacted,	if nec	essary	i, to pre	ocess this	application.)
Name Callista O. Chukwunenye	, PhD		Title Manage	r, Produc	t Registrati	ons			Telephon (215)299	e No. (Include Area Code) -6592
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4. Typed Name			5. Date	Jate			1			
Callista O. Chukwunenye, PhD				November 3, 2008						

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2/9

FMC Corporation

FMC Corporation 1735 Market Street Philadelphia PA 19103

215.299.6000 phone 215.299.6947 fax www.fmc.com

November 3, 2008

Document Processing Desk (Notification) Office of Pesticide Programs (7504P) U.S. Environmental Protection Agency One Potomac Yard, Room S-4900 2777 S. Crystal Drive Arlington, VA 22202

Dear Ms. Miller:

Subject: Notification of other revisions per PR Notice 98-10 (II.N) Authority MTZ DF Herbicide (EPA Reg. Number: 279-3340)

FMC is notifying the Agency that we have revised Authority MTZ DF Herbicide's logo to include our trademarked tag line. Enclosed is 1 copy of the label for your records.

Please do not hesitate to call me if you have any questions. My phone number is (215) 299-6592.

X

Sincerely,

Callista O. Chukwunenye, PhD Manager, Product Registrations

Enclosures: This letter EPA Form 8570-1 1 Copy of Authority MTZ DF Herbicide label

FRAC



For Use on Soybeans and Sugarcane

For Use Only By Individuals/Firms Certified as **Licensed Pesticide Applicators**

EPA Reg. No. 279-3340	EPA Est. 279
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Active Ingredient: (1)	By Wt.
Sulfentrazone*	
Metribuzin**	
Other Ingredients:	
v	100.0%

Authority MTZ DF Herbicide contains 0.45 pounds active ingredient per pound: 0.18 pounds sulfentrazone and 0.27 pounds metribuzin,

* N-[2,4 dichloro-5-[4-(difluoromethyl)-4,5-dihydro-3-methyl-5-oxo-1H-1,2,4-triazol-1-y[]phenyl]methanesulfonamide

** 4-amino-6-(1,1-dimethylethyl)-3-(methylthio)-1,2,4-triazin-5(4H)-one U.S. Patent No. xxxxxxx

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN CAUTION

Si usted no entiende la etiqueta, busque a alguien para que se la explique a usted en detalle. (If you do not understand this label, find someone to explain it to you in detail.)

FIRST AID (2)

If inhaled: Move person to fresh air. If person is not breathing, call 911 or an ambulance, then give artificial respiration, preferably by mouth-tomouth, if possible. Call a poison control center or doctor for further treatment advice.

If on skin or clothing: Take off contaminated clothing. Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15-20 minutes. Call a poison control center or doctor for further treatment advice.

If in eyes: Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15-20 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye. Call a poison control center or doctor for further treatment advice.

If Swallowed: Call a poison control center or doctor immediately for treatment advice. Have person sip a glass of water if able to swallow. Do not induce vomiting unless told to do so by the poison control center or doctor. Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. For Emergency Assistance Call (800) 331-3148. (3)

Have the product container or label with you when calling the poison control center or doctor, or going for treatment.

ACTIVE INGREDIENT MADE IN CHINA AND FORMULATED AND PACKAGED IN USA.

Flexi-crop[™] Advantage

Maximum Flexibility to plant corn or soybean in the spring



TABLE OF CONTENTS

		Title (Section Number)	Page
		Active Ingredient (1)	1
		Allowable Use Information (22,24)	
	6716	Agricultural Use Requirements (7)	2
1	AHC	Anded Treatment Application (15)	4
		Conditions of Sale and Warranty (9)	2
1	2000	Conditions of Sale and Warranty (9) Directions for Use (6)	2
	2000	Emergency Assistance (3)	1
		Environmental Hazards (4.2)	
		First Aid (2)	
		General Application Information (12)	
		General Information (11)	
		Label Tracking (25)	
		Mixing and Loading Instructions (16)	
		Physical/Chemical Hazards (5)	
		PPE Requirements (4.1)	
		Precautionary Statements (4)	
		Replanting Instructions (21)	
		Resistance Management (10)	
		Restricted Entry Intervals (REI) (7.1)	
		Rotational Crop Guidelines (19)	
		Soybeans (20)	
		Soybean Tolerance (13)	
		Sugarcane (23)	
		Spray Drift Reduction Advisory (14)	
		Sprayer Clean-out (17)	
		Storage and Disposal (8)	
		Weeds Controlled (18)	5

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS (4) Hazards to Humans and Domestic Animals

Caution

Causes moderate eye irritation. Harmful if inhaled, swallowed, or absorbed through the skin. Avoid breathing vapor or spray mist. Avoid contact with skin, eyes, or clothing. Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling and before eating, drinking, chewing gum, or using tobac-co. Remove and wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) (4.1) Applicators and other handlers must wear:

Long-sleeved shirt and long pants.

Chemical-resistant gloves made of any waterproof material such as polyethylene or polyvinyl chloride.

Shoes plus socks.

Discard clothing and other absorbent materials that have been drenched or heavily contaminated with this product. Do not reuse them. Follow manufacturer's instructions for cleaning/maintaining PPE. If no such instructions for washables, use detergent and hot water. Keep and wash PPE separate from other laundry.

User Safety Recommendations:

Users should:

Remove clothing immediately if pesticide gets inside. Then wash body thoroughly and put on clean clothing.

Environmental Hazards (4.2)

This pesticide is toxic to marine/estuarine invertebrates. Lo not apply directly to water, to areas where surface water is prevent, or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark. Drift and runoff may be hazardous to terrestrial and aquatic plants in neighboring areas. Do not con-taminate water when disposing of equipment washwaters or rinsate.

Groundwater advisory: This chemical is known to leach through soil into groundwater under certain conditions as a result of label use. Use of this chemical in areas where soils are permeable, particularly where the water table is shallow, may result in groundwathr contamination.

Do not use on coarse soils classified as sand, which have less than 1.0% organic matter.

Surface water advisory: Authority MT2 DF Herbicide car) contaminate surface water through spray drift. Under some conditions, Authority MTZ DF Herbicide may also have a high potential for runoff into surface water

Net Contents:

(primarily via dissolution in runoff water), for several to many months post-(primarily via dissolution in runoi water), for several to many means post-application. These include poorly draining or wet soils with readily visible slopes toward adjacent surface waters, frequently flooded areas, areas overlying extremely shallow groundwater, areas with in-field canals or ditches that drain to surface water; areas not separated from adjacent surface waters with vegetated filter strips, and areas over-lying tile drainage systems that drain to surface waters.

Physical/Chemical Hazards (5) Do not use or store near heat or open flame.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE (6) It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent

with its labeling.

Do not apply this product through any type of irrigation system.

Do not apply in a protoct through any type of initiation system. Do not apply in a way that will contact workers or other persons, either directly or through drift. Only protected handlers may be in the area dur-ing application. For any requirements specific to State or Tribe, consult the Agency responsible for pesticide regulation.

Product must be used in a manner which will prevent back siphoning in wells, spills, or improper disposal of excess pesticide, spray mixtures, or rinsates.

AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS(7)

Use this product only in accordance with its labeling and with the Worker Protection Standard, 40 CFR part 170. This standard contains requirements for the protection of agricultural workers on farms, forests, nurseries, and greenhouses, and handlers of agricultural pesticides. It contains requirements for training, decontamina-tion, notification, and emergency assistance. It also contains specif-ic instructions and exceptions pertaining to the statements on this label about personal protective equipment (PPE) and restricted-entry interval. These requirements only apply to uses of this product that are covered by the Worker Protection Standard.

Do not enter or allow worker entry into treated areas during the restricted entry interval (REI) of 12 hours. (7.1)

PRE required for early entry to treated areas that is permitted under the Worker Protection Standard and that involves contact with anything that has been treated, such as plants, soil, or water, is: Coveralls over long-sleeved shirt and long pants, chemical-resistant gloves made of any waterproof material, and shoes plus socks.

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL (8)

Do not contaminate water, food, or feed by storage or disposal.

Pesticide Storage

Store product in original container only, away from fertilizer, food or feed. Store in a cool, dry place and avoid excess heat.

In Case Of Soill

In case of spill avoid contact, isolate area and keep out animals and unprotected persons. Confine spills. Call FMC (800) 331-3148.

To confine spill

If liquid, dike surrounding area or absorb with sand, cat litter, or com-mercial clay. If dry material, cover to prevent dispersal. Place damaged package in a holding container. Identify contents

Pesticide Disposal

If these wastes cannot be disposed of by use according to label instructions, contact your State Pesticide or Environmental Control Agency or the Hazardous Waste representative at the nearest EPA Regional office for guidance.

Container Disposal Nonrefillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container. Triple rinse container (or equivalent) promptly after emptying. Triple rinse as follows: (For containers greater than 5 gallons) Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank. Fill the container 1/4 foll with water Benlace and tighten closures. Tip container on its side full with water. Replace and tighten closures. Tip container on its side and roll it back and forth, ensuring at least one complete revolution, for 30 seconds. Stand the container on its end and tip it back and forth several times. Empty the rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Repeat this procedure two more times. (For containers 5 gallons or less) Empty the remaintwo more times. (For containers 5 gallons or less) Empty the remain-ing contents into application equipment or a mix tank and drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Fill the container 1/4 full with water and recap. Shake for 10 seconds. Pour rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Repeat this procedure two more times. Then offer for recycling if available, or reconditioning, or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or incineration, or, if allowed by state and local authorities, by burning. If burned, stay out of smoke smoke.

Returnable/Refillable Containers - Refill this container with pesticide Returnable/Refillable Containers - Refill this container with pesticide only. Do not reuse this container for any other purpose. Cleaning the container before final disposal is the responsibility of the person dis-posing of the container. Cleaning before refilling is the responsibility of the refiller. To clean the container before final disposal, empty the remaining contents into application equipment or mix tank. Fill the con-tainer about 10% full with water. Agitate vigorously or recirculate water with the pump for 2 minutes. Pour or pump rinsate into application equipment or rinsate collection system. Repeat this rinsing procedure two more times two more times.

CONDITIONS OF SALE AND LIMITATION OF WARRANTY AND LIABILITY (9)

Notice: Read the entire Directions for Use and Conditions of Sale, and Limitation of Warranty and Liability before buying or using this product. If the terms are not acceptable, return the product at once, unopened, and the purchase price will be refunded.

The Directions for Use of this product must be followed carefully. It is impossible to eliminate all risks inherently associated with the use of this product. Crop injury, ineffectiveness, or other unintended consequences may result because of such factors as manner of use or application, weather or crop conditions beyond the control or FMC or Seller. To the extension of stop commons beyond the control of RMC of Seller. To the extent consistent with applicable law, all such risks shall be assumed by Buyer and User, and, to the extent consistent with applicable law, Buyer and User agree to hold FMC and Seller harmless for any claims relat-ing to such factors.

Seller warrants that this product conforms to the chemical description on the label and is reasonably fit for the purposes stat-ed on the Directions for Use when used in accordance with the directions under normal conditions of use. TO THE EXTENT CON-SISTENT WITH APPLICABLE LAW, FMC MAKES NO WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY OR OF FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE, NOR ANY OTHER EXPRESS OR IMPLIED WAR-RANTIES WITH RESPECT TO THE SELECTION, PURCHASE, OR INFO CONTINUES OF A PARTICULAR AND A PARTICULAR RANTIES WITH RESPECT TO THE SELECTION, PURCHASE, OR USE OF THIS PRODUCT. Any warranties, express or implied, hav-ing been made are inapplicable if this product has been used con-trary to label instructions, or under abnormal conditions, or under conditions not reasonably foreseeable to (or beyond the control of) seller or FMC, and, to the extent consistent with applicable law, buyer assumes the risk of any such use.

To the extent consistent with applicable law, FMC or seller shall not be To the extent consistent with applicable law, FMC or seller shall not be liable for any incidental, consequential or special damages resulting from the use or handling of this product. TO THE EXTENT CONSIS-TENT WITH APPLICABLE LAW, THE EXCLUSIVE REMEDY OF THE USER OR BUYER, AND THE EXCLUSIVE LIABILITY OF FMC AND SELLER FOR ANY AND ALL CLAIMS. LOSSES, INJURIES OR DAM-AGES (INCLUDING CLAIMS BASED ON BREACH OF WARRANTY, CONTRACT, NEGLIGENCE, TORT, STRICT LIABILITY OR OTHER-WISE) RESULTING FROM THE USE OR HANDLING OF THIS PROD-UCT, SHALL BE THE RETURN OF THE PURCHASE PRICE OF THE PRODUCT OR, AT THE ELECTION OF FMC OR SELLER, THE REPLACEMENT OF THE PRODUCT.

These conditions of Sale and Limitation of Warranty and Liability may not be amended by any oral or written agreement.

RESISTANCE MANAGEMENT (10) Some weeds are known to develop resistance to herbicides that have

been used repeatedly. While the development of herbicide resistance is well understood, it is not easily predicted. Therefore herbicides should be used in conjunction with the resistance management strategies in be used in conjunction with the resistance management strategies in the area. Consult the local or State agricultural advisors for details. If herbicide resistance should develop in the area, this product used alone may not continue to provide sufficient levels of weed control. If the reduced levels of control can not be attributed to improper application techniques, improper use rates, improper application timing, unfavor-able weather conditions or abnormally high weed pressure, a resistant strate develop. strain of weeds may have developed.

To reduce the potential for weed resistance use this product in a rotation program with other classes of chemistry and modes of action. Always apply this product at the recommended rates and in accordance with the use directions. Do not use less than recommended label rates alone or in tank mixtures. Do not use reduced rates of the tank mix part-ner. For optimum performance, scout fields carefully and begin applica-tions when weeds are smaller rather than larger. If resistance is sus-parted extended to the local or State action that actions are pected, contact the local or State agricultural advisors.

GENERAL INFORMATION (11) Authority MTZ DF Herbicide is a dry flowable formulation to be mixed with water and sprayed for selective preemergence or preplant incorpo-rated weed control in soybeans and sugarcane. When applied accord-ing to the instructions on this label, Authority MTZ DF Herbicide will control listed broadleaf, and sedge weeds, and provide grass suppression. Authority MTZ DF Herbicide may be applied in the fall or spring. When applied at recommended rates in the fall, corn or solvbeans can be planted in the spring.

The mode of action of Authority MTZ DF Herbicide involves uptake by weed roots and shoots. Preemergence and preplant incorporated appli-cations of Authority MTZ DF Herbicide require rainfall or irrigation to activate the herbicide. The amount of rainfall or irrigation required for activation following, application depends on existing soil moisture, organic matter content and soil texture. If adecuate moisture (1/2" to 1") is not received within 7 to 10 days after the Authority MTZ DF Herbicide treatment, a shallow cultivation may be needed to obtain desired weed control. When sufficient moisture is received after dry conditions, Authority MTZ DF Herbicide will provide control of susceptible germinating weeds.

Proper handling instructions: This product may not be mixed or loaded

within 50 feet of any wells (including abandoned wells and drainage wells), sink holes, perennial or intermittent streams and rivers, and natural or impounded lakes and reservoirs. This setback does not apply to property capped or plugged abandoned wells and does not apply to impervious pads or properly diked mixing/loading areas. Operations that involve mixing, loading rinsing, or washing of this product into or from pesticide handling or application equipment or containers within 50 feet of any well are prohibited unless conducted on an impervious pad constructed to withstand the weight of the heaviest load that may be positioned on or moved across the pad. Such a pad shall be designed and maintained to contain any product spills or equipment leaks, container or equipment rinse or washwater, and rainwater that may fall on the pad. Surface water shall not be allowed to either flow over or from the pad. Sufface water shall not be allowed to either how over or hom the pad, which means the pad must be self contained. The pad shall be sloped to facilitate material removal. An unroofed pad shall be of suffi-cient capacity to contain at a minimum 110% of the capacity of the largest pesticide container or application equipment on the pad. A pad that is covered by a roof of sufficient size to completely exclude precipitation from contact with the pad shall have a minimum containment capacity 100% of the largest pesticide container or application equip ment on the pad. Containment capacities as described above shall be maintained at all times. The above specific minimum containment capacities do not apply to vehicles when delivering pesticide shipments to the mixing/loading site. States may have in effect additional require-ments regarding wellhead setbacks and operation containment.

GENERAL APPLICATION INFORMATION (12) Authority MTZ DF Herbicide is labeled for use on soybeans and sugarcane. DO NOT use on any other crops.

Utilize a boom and nozzle sprayers equipped with the appropriate noz-zles, and screens and adjusted to provide optimum spray distribution and coverage at the appropriate operating pressures. Utilize nozzles that produce minimal amounts of fine spray droplets to avoid spray drift or inadequate foliar and soil coverage. Apply a minimum of 10 gallons of finished spray per acre. Be aware that overlaps and slower ground speeds while starting, stopping, or turning while spraying may result in excessive application and subsequent response.

Sprayer must be accurately calibrated before application. Check sprayer during application to be sure it is working property.

Water or liquid fertilizer must be used as the carrier for Authority MTZ DF Herbicide, when applied alone, or when tank mixed with other soybean or sugarcane herbicides. A jar test for compatibility of liquid fertil-izer and Authority MTZ DF Herbicide tank mix is recommended if the compatibility of the liquid fertilizer and Authority MTZ DF Herbicide is unknown.

Continuous agitation during application is required. Avoid overlap. Shut off spray booms while turning, slowing, or stopping, as over application may result. Do not store the sprayer overnight or for any extended peri-od of time with the Authority MTZ DF Herbicide spray mixture remaining in the tank.

Do not premix Authority MTZ DF Herbicide solutions in nurse tanks. SOYBEAN TOLERANCE (13)

Authority MTZ DF Herbicide has been tested on a number of soybean cultivars, however, it has not been tested on all soybean varieties. The vast majority of cultivars tested when used according to label guidelines have demonstrated tolerance to Authority MTZ DF Herbicide. A limited number of soybean cultivars have shown some level of injury when used according to label guidelines and should not be planted when an Authority MTZ DF Herbicide program is planned.

Authority MTZ DF Herbicide is not recommended for use on the follow-Autority Mar Varieties: Altona, AP55, AP 71, Asgrow 6520, Burlison, Coker 102, Coker 156, Dassel, GL 3202, Govan, Mapie Amber, NB 3665, NKS 1884, Paloma 350, Portage, Regal, Semmes, Terra-Vig 505, Terra-Vig 606, Tracy, Vansoy, and Vinton 81. For further information regarding soybean tolerance to an Authority MTZ DF Herbicide treat ment consult University or Extension used means and the formation to the source of the so ment consult University or Extension weed management specialists for additional information on specific local varieties or cultivars and any other pertinent information on Authority MTZ DF Herbicide under specific local conditions prior to applying product.

If cool/cold weather or heavy rainfall occurs immediately following an Authority MTZ DF Herbicide application, soybean stunting or stand loss could occur. Yields have not been affected where early season stunting could occur. Yields have not been affected where early season stunting has occurred. Injury to soybeans can also occur under the following conditions: (1) excessive rate for soil type, (2) boom overlap, (3) improp-er sprayer calibration, (4) error in mixing procedures, (5) when soils have a calcareous surface area or pH greater than 7.5, (6) soil incorpo-ration deeper than recommended, (7) when applied with organophos-phate pesticides, (8) when heavy rains occur after application, especial-ly in poorty drained areas, (9) when soybeans are planted less than 1 1/2 inches deep, (10) on any soil with less than 0.5% organic matter.

SPRAY DRIFT REDUCTION ADVISORY (14)

Avoid spraying in windy conditions with sustained winds above 10 mph which is conducive to spray drift. Do not exceed spray pressures of 40 psi unless specified by the manufacturer of drift reducing spray tips and nozzles.

Spray Drift Management

AVOIDING SPRAY DRIFT AT THE APPLICATION SITE IS THE RESPONSIBILITY OF THE APPLICATOR AND THE GROWER.

The interaction of many equipment and weather related factors deter-mine the potential for spray drift. The applicator and the grower are responsible for considering all these factors when making decisions

The following drift management requirements must be followed to avoid off-target movement from aerial applications. These requirements do not apply to forestry applications, public health uses or to applications of dry materials.

- 1. The distance of the outermost nozzles on the boom must not exceed 3/4 the length of the wingspan or rotor.
- Nozzles must always point backward parallel with the air stream and never be pointed downwards more than 45 degrees.
- 3. Observe the regulations of the State where applications are made.
- 4. Applicators must observe and abide by the requirements of the Aerial Drift Reduction Advisory.

Information on Droplet Size

The most effective way to reduce drift potential is to apply large droplets. The best drift management strategy is to apply the largest droplets that provide sufficient coverage for pesticide performance. Applying larger droplets reduces drift potential but will not prevent drift if applications are made improperly or under unfavorable environmental conditions. (See information on Wind, Temperature and Humidity, and Temperature Inversions in subsequent sections).

Controlling Spray Droplet Size Volume – Use high flow rate nozzles to apply the greatest practical spray volume. Nozzles with higher rated flow generally produce larger droplets.

Pressure - When higher flow rates are needed, use higher flow rate nozzles rather than increasing spray pressure.

Do not exceed the nozzle manufacturer's recommended pressures. Lower pressure produces larger droplets in many types of nozzles.

Number of Nozzles - Use the minimum number of nozzles that provide uniform coverage.

Nozzle Orientation - For aerial application, the recommended practice is to orient nozzles so that the spray is released parallel to the airstream. This orientation usually produces larger droplets as com-pared to other nozzle orientations. Significant nozzle deflection from horizontal will reduce droplet size and increase drift potential

Nozzle Type - Use a nozzle type that is designed for the intended appli-cation. With most nozzle types, narrower spray angles produce larger droplets. Consider using low drift nozzles for both ground and aerial applications. Solid stream nozzles oriented straight back usually pro-duce the largest droplets and the lowest drift potential in aerial applica-

Boom Length - For some aerial use patterns, reducing the effective boom length to less than 3/4 of the wingspan or rotor length may further reduce drift without reducing swath width.

Application Height - Aerial applications should not be made at a height greater than 10 feet above the top of the target plant canopy unless a greater height is required for aircraft safety. Making applications at the lowest height that is safe reduces exposure of droplets to evaporation and wind

Swath Adjustment – When aerial applications are made with a cross-wind, the swath will be displaced downwind. Therefore, on the upwind and downwind edges of the field, the applicator must compensate for this displacement by the path of the aircraft upwind. Swath adjustment or offset distance should increase when conditions favor increased drift potential (higher winds, smaller droplets, etc).

Wind - Drift potential is lowest between wind speeds of 3-10 mph. However, many factors, including droplet size and equipment type determine drift potential at any given wind speed. Application should be avoided below 3 mph due to variable wind direction and high inversion potential. NOTE: Local terrain can influence wind patterns. Every appli-cator should be familiar with local wind patterns and how they may potentially affect spray drift.

Temperature and Humidity - When making applications in low relative humidity set up equipment to produce larger droplets to compensate for evaporation. Droplet evaporation is most severe when conditions are both hot and dry.

Temperature inversions – Applications should not occur during a tem-perature inversion because drift potential is high. Temperature inver-sions restrict vertical air mixing, which causes small-suspended droplets to remain in a concentrated cloud. This cloud can move in unpredictable directions due to the low speed and verhable winds common during inversions. Temperature inversions are characterized by increasing temperatures with altitude and are cominon during conditions of limited cloud cover and little to no wind. They often begin to form as the sun sets and may often continue into the morning. The presence of a temperature inversion may be indicated by ground fog. However, if fog is not present, the movement of smoke from a ground source or an aircraft smoke generator can also dentify inversions. Smoke that remains in layers and moves laterally in a concentrated cloud (under low speed wind conditions) indicates an inversion, while sinoke that moves upward and rapidly dissipates indicates good vortical air mixing. Sensitive Areas - The pesticide should only be applied when the wind is blowing away from sensitive areas (e.g. residential areas, bodies of

water, known habitat for threatened or endangered species, non-target crops).

Crops). Off-Target Movement of Authority MTZ DF Herbicide Drift of spray mixtures containing Authority MTZ DF Herbicide must be prevented. Observation of the preceding environmental conditions, cor-rect application equipment design, calibration and application practices will significantly diminish the risk of off-target spray drift. Authority MTZ DF Herbicide can cause significant symptomology by drift onto sensitive crops and other plants. This symptomology may manifest initially as dis-creet, localized spots where contacted by Authority MTZ DF Herbicide drift mixtures. Depending on concentration, of the stray solution and creet, localized spots where contacted by Authority MTZ DF Herbicide drift mixtures. Depending on concentration of the spray solution and droplets size (effectively determining the dosage of sulfentrazone) and also depending on the inherent sensitivity of the plants involved, these spots or lesions may or may not coalesce. These effects will usually not have lasting effects on plant growth, but will likely reduce the value of affected fruit or foliage where grade or quality are associated with appearance. In severe drift instances with particularly sensitive crops, defoliation of affected foliage could result. Failure to follow these guide-lines and environmental prohibitions that then result in off-target move-ment or drift of Authority MTZ DF Herbicide onto unintended crops or plants, irrespective of severity, constitutes misapplication of this prod-uct. FMC accepts no responsibility or liability for potential crop effects that may result from such misapplication of Authority MTZ DF Herbicide. **BAND TREATMENT APPI ICATIONS (15)**

BAND TREATMENT APPLICATIONS (15)

For band treatments, apply the broadcast equivalent rate and volume per treated acre. To determine these:

Band Width (Inches) X Row Width (Inches)	Broadcast	=	Banded Rate
Row Width (Inches)	Rate Per Acre	-	Danoed hate
Band Width (Inches) X Row Width (Inches)	Broadcast	-	Banded Volume
Row Width (Inches)	Volume Per Acre	-	Dangeu volume

MIXING & LOADING INSTRUCTIONS (16)

It is important that spray equipment is clean and free of existing pesticide deposits before applying Authority MTZ DF Herbicide. Follow the spray tank cleanout procedures specified on the label of product previously applied before adding Authority MTZ DF Herbicide to the tank.

For best results, fill spray tank with one half the volume of clean water For best results, fill spray tank with one hair the volume of clean water or liquid fertilizer solution needed for the field to be treated. Start agita-tion system. When mixing Authority MTZ DF Herbicide in a spray tank with anything other than clean water (fertilizer, previous herbicide mix-tures, ect.), Authority MTZ DF Herbicide should be slurried in a separate container with clean water before being added to the spray tank.

Slowly add the slurry to the spray tank. Carefully rinse the slurry con-tainer, adding the rinsate to the spray tank. Complete filling the spray tank to the desired level. Continuous spray tank agitation is required at all times to maintain a uniform spray solution. Refer to **RATE TABLE 1** (conventional soybeans) or **RATE TABLE 2** for (reduced rate soybeans) for the proper application rate. Make sure Authority MTZ DF Herbicide is thoroughly mixed before application or before adding another product to the spray tank.

For tank mixtures with other soybean or sugarcane herbicide(s), a jar test should be conducted to ensure product compatibility before full-scale mixing. Provided the jar test indicates the mixture to be compati-ble, prepare the tank mixture as follows. Fill the spray tank one fourth full with clean water. With agitator operating, add the recommended amounts of ingredients using the following order: dry granules first, liq-uid suspensions (flowables) second. Add EC products followed by comparison adjuvante and/or carrier to tank as adjution continues and remaining adjuvants and/or carrier to tank as agitation continues and tank is filled with liquid carrier. All applicable directions, restrictions, and precautions for the tank mixture herbicide(s) must be followed.

Apply Authority MTZ DF Herbicide spray mixtures immediately after mixing. Do not store mixture. Do not store the sprayer overnight or for any extended period for time with Authority MTZ DF Herbicide spray mixture remaining in the tank. Do not premix Authority MTZ DF Herbicide spray solutions in nurse tanks. If Authority MTZ DF Herbicide was tank mixed with other soybean or sugarcane herbicides, all addi-tional directions, restrictions, and precautions for the additional herbi-cides must also be followed. cides must also be followed.

SPRAYER EQUIPMENT CLEAN-OUT (17) As soon as possible after spraying Authority MTZ DF Herbicide and before using sprayer equipment for any other applications, the sprayer must be thoroughly cleaned to avoid potential crop affects using the fol-lowing procedure. Residues left in mixing equipment, spray tanks, hoses, spray booms and nozzles can cause crop effects if they are not property cleaned. In addition, users must take appropriate steps to ensure proper equipment clean-out for any other products mixed with Authority MTZ DF Herbicide as required on the other product labels.

1. Drain sprayer tank, hoses, spray boom and spray nozzles. Use a high-pressure detergent wash to remove physical sediment and residues from the inside of the sprayer tank and thoroughly rinse. Then, thoroughly flush sprayer hoses, spray boom and spray nozzles with a clean water rinse. Remove and clean spray nozzles and all filters and screens (tank, spray hose and spray tips) separately in the ammonia solution of Step 2.

2. Next, prepare a sprayer cleaning solution by adding three gallons of ammonia (containing at least 3% active) per 100 gallons of clean water. Prepare sufficient cleaning solution to allow the operation of the spray

3. Convenient and thorough cleaning of the sprayer can be achieved if the ammonia solution or fresh water is left in the spray tank, hoses, spray booms and spray nozzles overnight or during storage.

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4. Before using the sprayer, completely drain the sprayer system. Rinse the tank with clean water and flush through the hoses, spray boom, and spray nozzles with clean water. Remove and clean spray nozzles and all filters and screens (tank, spray hose and spray tip) separately in an ammonia solution.

5. Property dispose of all cleaning solution and rinsate in accordance with Federal, State, and local regulations and guidelines.

Do not apply sprayer cleaning solutions or rinsate to sensitive crops.

Do not store the sprayer overnight or for any extended period of time with Authority MTZ DF Herbicide spray solution remaining in the tank, spray lines, spray boom plumbing, spray nozzles or strainers

If the sprayer has been stored or idle, purge the spray boom and nozzles with clean water before beginning any application.

Should small quantities of Authority MTZ DF Herbicide remain in inadequately cleaned mixing, loading and/or spray equipment, they may be released during subsequent applications potentially causing effects to certain crops and other vegetation. FMC accepts no liability for any effects due to inadequately cleaned equipment.

Do not drain or flush equipment on or near desirable trees or plants. Do not contaminate any body of water including irrigation water that may be used on other crops.

WEEDS CONTROLLED (18) When applied in accordance with the General Application information and the specific crop use directions, Authority MTZ DF Herbicide applied alone or in recommended tank mixtures will provide control of the following weeds. Refer to the specific crop section.

BROADLEAVES

Common Name	Scientific Name
Amaranth, Palmer	Amaranthus Palmeri
Amaranth, Spiny	Amaranthus spinosus
Anoda, spurred	Anoda cristata
Beggarweed, Florida	Desmodium tortuosum
Carpetweed	Mollugo verticillata
Copperleaf, hophornbeam	Acalypa ostryifolia
Croton, tropic	Croton glandulosus
Daisy, American	Eclipta alba
Galinsoga, hairy	Galinsoga ciliata
Groundcherry, clammy	Physalis heterophylia
Groundcherry, cutleaf	Physalls angulata
Jimsonweed	Datura stramonium
Kochia	Kochia scoparia
Ladysthumb	Polygonum persicaria
Lambsquarters, common	Chenopodium album
Morningglory, entireleaf	Ipornoea integriuscula
Morningglory, ivyleaf	Ipomoea hederacea
Morningglory, palmleaf	Ipomoea wrightii
Morningglory, purple	Ipomoea turbinata
Morningglory, red	Ipomoea coccinea
Morningglory, smallflower	Jacquemontia tamnifolia
Morninggiory, tall	Ipomoea purpurea
Nightshade, eastern black	Solanum ptycanthum
Nightshade, hairy	Solanum sarrachoides
Nightshade, silverleaf	Solanum elaeagnifolicum
Pigweed, redroot	Amaranthus retroflexus
Pigweed, smooth	Amaranthus hybridus
Poorjoe	Diodia teres
Purslane, common	Portulaca oleracea
Senna, coffee	Cassia occidentalis
Sida, prickly (Teaweed)	Sida spinosa
Smartweed, Pennsylvania	Polygonum pensylvanicum
Smellmellon	Cucumis melo
Spurge, spotted	Euphorbia maculata
Starbur, bristly	Acanthospermum hispidum
Velvetleaf	Abutilon theophrasti
Waterhemp, common	Armaranthus rudis
Waterhemp, tall	Amaranthus tuberculatos

GRASSES (Suppression Only)

Common Name	Sc.entif.c Name
Broadleaf signalgrass	Bri chiaria p'atyphylla
Crabgrass, large	Digitaria sanguinalis
Crabgrass, smooth	Digital.a isc::aemum
Goosegrass	Eleusine Indica
Johnsongrass, seedling	Sorghum halepense
Orchardgrass	Dactyl's glornerata
Panicum, fall	Panicum dichotomifiorum
Panicum, Texas	Panicum texanum

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SEDGES*

Common Name	Scientific Name
Nutsedge, purple	Cyperus rotundus
Nutsedge, yellow	Cyperus esculentus
Sedge, annual	Cyperus compressus

* Use rates from Table 2 will provide suppression only

For winter annual weeds, such as those listed below, and/or other emerged weeds, add the appropriate rate of Rage TM, Rage D-tech TM, 2,4-D, or glyphosate-based product to Authority MTZ DF Herbicide applications.

Common Name	Scientific Name
Chickweed, common	Stellaria media
Deadnettle, purple	Lamium purpureum
Field Pennycress	Thlaspi arvense
Henbit	Lamium amplexicaule
Marestail	Hippuris vulgaris
Mustard spp.	Brassica spp.
Prickly Lettuce	Lactuca serriola
Sheperdspurse	Capsella bursa pastoris
Speedwell spp.	Veronica spp.
Virginia Pepperweed	Lepidium virginicum

ROTATIONAL CROP GUIDELINES (19)

Сгор	Recropping Interval (Months)
Alfalfa	12
Asparagus	12
Barley	4
Canola	24 (4)
Cotton	18(4)
Dry Beans	12
Field Corn 1	10, 4 12
Peanuts	12
Potatoes	12
Rice	10
Sorghum	18, 12 ⁽³⁾
Soybean	Anytime
Sugar Beets	36
Sugarcane	Anytime
Sunflower	12
Sweet Corn	18 (4)
Tobacco	12
Wheat	4
Any crop not listed	180

¹ Field Corn includes corn grown for grain or silage, popcorn and seed corn.

² Field Com may be planted after 4 months where Authority MTZ DF Herbicide was applied at 14 oz/acre or less

³ Sorohum may be planted after 12 months where Authority MTZ DF Herbicide was applied at 20 oz/acre or less.

Crops that have rotational intervals greater than 12 months after an Authority MTZ DF Herbicide application are the result of crop injury concerns.

SOYBEANS (20) Authority MTZ DF Herbicide may be applied as a preemergence or preplant incorporated treatment for the control of weeds in soybeans as described in the following

APPLICATION INFORMATION SOIL CLASSIFICATION CHART

COARSE	MEDIUM	FINE
Sand	Sandy clay loarn	Silty day loam
Loamy sand	Sandy clay	Silty clay
Sandy loam	Loam	Clay loam
	Silt loam	Clav
	Silt	

Ground Application

Utilize a boom and nozzle ground sprayer equipped with the appropri-ate nozzles, spray tips and screens and adjusted to provide optimum spray distribution and coverage at the appropriate operating pressures. Utilize nozzles that produce minimal amounts of fine spray droplets to avoid spray drift or inadequate foliar and/or soil coverage. Apply a minimum of 10 gallos of finished spray per acre by ground. Be aware that overlaps and slower ground speeds while starting, stopping or turning while spraying may result in excessive application and subsequent crop response.

Do not apply when wind speed favors drift beyond the area intended for treatment.

Aerial Application

Use nozzle types and arrangements that will provide optimum coverage while producing a minimal amount of fine droplets. Apply sufficient spray volume to achieve adequate coverage. Apply a minimum of 5 gallons of finished spray per acre.

Do not apply when wind speed favors drift beyond the area intended for treatment

FALL APPLICATIONS

Authority MTZ DF Herbicide may be applied as a fall treatment to the stubble of harvested crops for the burndown of existing vegetation and stubble of narvested crops for the burndown of existing vegetation and preemergence control of labeled weeds the following spring in no-till and conservation tillage production systems. Authority MTZ DF Herbicide can be applied to the stubble of a harvested crop in no-till or to the soil surface of conservation tillage fields after harvest when the sustained soil temperature is 55 degrees F and falling at a soil depth of 4 inches. Apply after September 30 in those areas North of Interstate 90 and after October 15 in those areas North of Interstate 40. To obtain adequate weed control in all areas soils must have sustained temperature of 55 degrees F or lower. Applications to ridge till production systems must be made after the formation of ridges or beds.

If weeds are emerged at the time of application, utilize a tank mixture with a suitable burndown herbicide at labeled rates. Fall applied burndown treatments should be made with a minimum of 15 gallons per acre to achieve adequate coverage of the weeds being treated. Gallonage should be increased where weed density is high or heavy crop residue levels are present. When making burndown applications to emerged weeds, the addition of adjuvants such as COC or MSO to the spray mix-ture can be used to enhance the burndown activity of the application. If weeds are present at time of Authority MTZ DF Herbicide application apply with appropriate burndown herbicides for improved control of existing weeds. Refer to product labels for use rates and instructions. For Authority MTZ DF Herbicide application rates refer to RATE TABLE 1 for standard rate programs and RATE TABLE 2 for reduced rate pro-grams in glyphosate tolerant soybean systems.

SPRING APPLICATIONS

EARLY PRE-PLANT

Authority MTZ DF Herbicide may be applied up to 30-45 days prior to planting (Early Preplant) in no-till or minimum till cropping systems. For applications earlier than 30 days prior to planting, the high rate in the rate range may be needed for extended residual. Authority MTZ DF Herbicide provides limited burndown of small weeds. For complete burndown, a companion burndown herbicide labeled for use in soybeans should be used at labeled rates. The addition of crop oil concentrate at 1 quart per acre or non-ionic surfactant at 0.25% will increase the burndown effectiveness of Authority MTZ DF Herbicide. For Authority MTZ DF Herbicide application rates refer to RATE TABLE 1 for standard rate programs and RATE TABLE 2 for reduced rate programs in glyphosate tolerant soybean systems.

PREPLANT INCORPORATED

Authority MTZ DF Herbicide may be applied preplant incorporated prior to planting soybeans. Authority MTZ DF Herbicide may be applied alone or in combination with other preplant incorporated herbicides labeled for soybeans. Do not incorporate deeper than 2 inches. Improper soil incorsoybeans, bo not incorporate deeper than 2 increas, improper soli incor-poration may result in erratic weed control and/or crop injury. Authority MTZ DF Herbicide may be followed by labeled postemergence soybean herbicides for increased control of grass and broadleaf weeds. Always follow the most restrictive label when tank mixing. For Authority MTZ DF Herbicide application rates refer to RATE TABLE 1 for standard rate programs and RATE TABLE 2 for reduced rate programs in glyphosate tolerant soybean systems.

PREEMERGENCE

PREEMERGENCE Authority MTZ DF Herbicide can be applied from 30 days before plant-ing and up to 3 days after planting, but before the crop seed germinate to prevent injury to emerging crop seedlings. Authority MTZ DF Herbicide applied after crop emergence will cause severe injury to the crop. Please refer to section 13 for more information regarding soybean tolerance Authority MTZ DF Herbicide can be applied alone or in combination with other labeled soybean herbicides for preemergence grass control. Authority MTZ DF Herbicide can be applied preemergence folcontrol. Authority M12 DF Herbicide can be applied preemergence to lowing the use of a preplant incorporated grass herbicide labeled for use on soybeans. If weeds are present at time of Authority MTZ DF Herbicide application apply with appropriate burndown herbicides for improved control of existing weeds. Refer to product labeles for use rates and instructions. Property closed planter seed turrows are required before Authority MTZ DF Herbicide application rates refer to **RATE TABLE 1** for standard rate programs and **RATE TABLE 1** for standard rate programs in diverbasite tolerant such as used such systems.

rate programs in glyphosate tolerant success systems. Authority MTZ DF Herbicide may be tank mixed with other products containing metribuzin as long as the total seasonal amount of metribuzin is not exceeded.

		ograms (Soybea at Incorporated, Pre Conventional Tillage	•	
Broadcast Rate Ounces (wt.) Authority MTZ DF Herbicide per a				
Dioudoportiuno		Soil Texture * *		
% Organic Matter * * *	Coarse	Medium	Fine	
1.0 - 2.0%	12-14	14-16	16-18	

2.0 - 4.014-16 16-18 * Use the higher rate for suppression of grasses and sedges.

* Refer to the previous information on soil types under the SOIL CLASSIFI CATION CHART.

18-20

** Do not apply to soils with less than 1% organic matter.

Adverse crop response can occur on soils with pH greater than 7.5. To reduce adverse crop response, use a maximum of 12 oz of Authority MTZ DF Herbicide on soils with pH greater than 7.5.

Rate Table 2

Reduced Rate Programs (Soybeans)

Fall, Early Pre-Plant, Pre-plant Incorporated, Preemergence Conservation or Conventional Tillage

(Reduced Rates for the Suppression of Weeds Listed to Reduce Early Season Weed Competition in Glyphosate Tolerant Soybean Systems)

Broadcast Rate % Organic Matter * * *	Ounces (wt.) Authority MTZ DF Herbicide per acre * Soil Texture * *		
	1.0 - 2.0	8	8 -10
2.0 - 4.0	8 - 10	10 - 12	12 - 14

For fall applications use the higher rate for the appropriate soil texture and organic matter. Use the higher rate for suppression of grasses and sedges. * Refer to the previous information on soil types under the SOIL CLASSIFI-CATION CHART.

* Do not apply to soils with less than 1% organic matter.

Adverse crop response can occur on soils with pH greater than 7.5. To reduce adverse crop response, use the minimum rate for the appropriate % organic matter and soil texture on soils with pH greater than 7.5.

REDUCED RATE Authority MTZ DF Herbicide PRO-GRAMS FOLLOWED BY POSTEMERGENCE HERBI-**CIDE TREATMENTS (RATE TABLE 2)**

Authority MTZ DF Herbicide may be applied as an early preplant, pre Plant incorporated or preemergence treatment followed by labeled postemergence soybean herbicides for increased control of grass and broadleaf weeds. Authority MTZ DF Herbicide may also be followed by a postemergence applications of a glyphosate product to glyphosate tol-erant soybeans. Apply the recommended application rate of Authority MTZ DF Herbicide for uncertainty of Authority MTZ DF Herbicide for suppression of weeds in glyphosate tolerant soy beans, maintaining control with sequential applications of registered postemergence herbicides. Refer to the partner product labels for specific use directions, weed control claims, precautionary statements, and restrictions.

REPLANTING INSTRUCTIONS (21)

If initial planting of soybeans fails to produce a stand due to adverse environmental conditions, only soybeans may be replanted in fields treated with Authority MTZ DF Herbicide. Do not retreat field with a sec-ond application of Authority MTZ DF Herbicide or crop injury may occur. Do not replant treated fields with any crop at intervals that are inconsis-tent with the Rotational Crop Guidelines found on this label for Authority MTZ DF Herbicide. When recommended tank mix combinations are used, consult the product label for replanting and recropping instruc-tions and observe the directions that are the most restrictive.

PRECAUTIONS

Do not apply Authority MTZ DF Herbicide after soybeans have emerged. Severe injury will occur when Authority MTZ DF Herbicide applications are made after soybean emergence.

RESTRICTIONS

Do not apply more than 33 ounces (0.928 lbs active) per acre of Authority MTZ DF Herbicide per twelve month season. The twelve month period is considered to begin upon the initial Authority MTZ DF Herbicide application.(22)

Do not apply to soils classified as Sand, which have less than 1% organic matter.

Do not apply Authority MTZ DF Herbicide to frozen soil.

Do not incorporate deeper than 2 inches.

Do not graze treated sovbean or harvest for forage or hav.

Authority MTZ DF Herbicide may be applied to sugarcane as a preemergence treatment at planting or lay-by timing.

-		de Use Rates Lay-by Application	
Broadcast Rate	Ounces (wt.) Authority MTZ DF Herbicide per acre* Soil Texture * *		
1.0 -2.0	16 - 20	20 - 26	26 - 30
2.0 - 4.0	20 - 26	26 - 30	30 - 33

greater than 7.0 within the rate range. Refer to the previous information on soil types under the SOIL CLASSIFICA-TION CHART

Use higher rates for soils of pH less than 7.0 and lower rates for pH greater than 7.0 within the rate range.

Planting Time Application Authority MTZ DF Herbicide can be applied to newly planted or ratoon sugarcane as a broadcast or banded preemergent soil applied treatment for the control of broadleaf weeds, grasses and sedges in sugarcane. Use the higher rate on clay soils and/or soils with organic matter content higher than 2 percent. Apply either by air in a minimum of 5 gal-lons of spray per acre or by ground equipment in a minimum of 10 gal-lons of spray per acre. Authority MTZ DF Herbicide may be applied with other herbicides registered for use in sugarcane.

RESTRICTIONS

Do not apply within 120 days of harvest.

Do not apply more than 33.0 ounces (0.928 lbs active) per acre of Authority MTZ DF Herbicide per twelve month season. The twelve month period is considered to begin upon the initial Authority MTZ DF Herbicide application. (24)

Do not graze treated sugarcane or harvest for forage or hav.

LABEL TRACKING INFORMATION (25)

Label Code: 11-03-08 Notification EPA Approval Date: 09-02-2008 FMC Corporation Agricultural Products Group 1735 Market Street Philadelphia Pennsylvania 19103

215-299-6000

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NOTIFICATION

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