9/23/2008



UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY

WASHINGTON, D.C. 20460

SEP 2 3 2008

Nancy Hilton FMC Corp. Agricultural Products Group 1735 Market Street Philadelphia, PA 19103

Subject:

Updated Spray Drift Language for Pyrethroid Agricultural Use Product as per EPA letter dated February 21, 2008

Dear Ms. Hilton:

The Agency is in receipt of your Applications for Pesticide Notification dated July 22, 2008 for the following products:

Fury 1.5 EC Insecticide (EPA Reg. No. 279-3125) Z-Cype 0.8 EW Insecticide (EPA Reg. No. 279-3248) Z-Cype 0.8 EC Insecticide (EPA Reg. No. 279-3249) Hero Insecticide (EPA Reg. No. 279-3315) Zeta-Cype 0.8 EC Insecticide (EPA Reg. No. 279-3327) Zeta-Cype 0.8 EW Insecticide (EPA Reg. No. 279-3328) F6126 EW Insecticide (EPA Reg. No. 279-3329)

Registration Division (RD) has conducted a review of this request for it applicability under PRN 98-10 and finds that the action(s) requested fall within the scope of PRN 98-10. The labels submitted with the applications has been stamped "Notification" and will be placed in our records.

Note under Buffer Zones the correct webmail address is: <u>www.in.nrcs.usda.gov/technical/agronomy/newconbuf.pdf</u>. Also note"streams" should read "permanent streams" and "ponds" should read "natural ponds".

If you have any questions, please call me at (703) 305-6100.

Sincerely,

Gigina Fouster Smith bos

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George T. LaRocca Product Manager 13 Insecticide Branch Registration Division (7505P)

Enclosure

Certification with Respect to Label Integrity

I certify that the information (including, but not limited to, text, tables, and graphics) contained in the electronic file identified below by file name and submitted with this certification is the same information as that on the paper copies of these documents included with this submission.

PROPOSED LABEL				
EPA Registration #	Date Submitted to EPA	Electronic file name		
279-3329	08/26/08	000279-03329 20080826 F6126EWSprayDrift 081408.pdf		

I certify that the statements that I have made on this form are true, accurate, and complete. I acknowledge that any knowingly false or misleading statements may be punishable by fine or imprisonment or both under applicable law.

Signature

08/26/2008

から

Date

Nancy Hilton Name (typed)

Product Registrations Manager

FMC Corporation 1735 Market Street Philadelphia, PA 19103

215.299.6000 Phone 215.299.6468 Fax

www.fmc.com

August 28, 2008

Document Processing Desk (AMEND) (ESUB) Office of Pesticide Programs (7504P) U.S. Environmental Protection Agency One Potomac Yard - Room S-4900 2777 South Crystal Drive Arlington, VA 22202-4501

Mr. George LaRocca Product Manager 13 Registration Division (7504P)

Dear Mr. LaRocca:

Subject:

Chemical Number/Name: 129064/zeta-cypermethrin Fury@ [and Mustang@] 1.5 EC Insecticide (EPA Reg. No. 279-3125) Fury@ [and Mustang@] 1.5 EW Insecticide (EPA Reg. No. 279-3126) Z-Cype 0.8 EW Insecticide (EPA Reg. No. 279-3248) Z-Cype 0.8 EC Insecticide (EPA Reg. No. 279-3249) Zeta-Cype 0.8 EC Insecticide (EPA Reg. No. 279-3327) Zeta-Cype 0.8 EW Insecticide (EPA Reg. No. 279-3328)

Chemical Number/Name: 129064/zeta-cypermethrin Chemical Number/Name: 128825/bifenthrin *HERO Insecticide* (EPA Reg. No.279-3315) *F6126 EW Insecticide* (EPA Reg. No. 279-3329)

Self-Certification – Updated Spray Drift Language for Pyrethroid Agricultural Use Products

FMC is submitting revised labeling for the subject EPA Registration Numbers to update the spray drift language as requested in EPA correspondence dated February 21, 2008. Specifically, FMC has added verbatim the text from Attachment 2 of the EPA correspondence dated February 21, 2008.

Please note that we are submitting self-certified labels for three products which were not listed in the Agency letter:

- 1. Zeta-Cype 0.8 EC Insecticide (EPA Reg. No. 279-3327)
- 2. Zeta-Cype 0.8 EW Insecticide (EPA Reg. No. 279-3328)
- 3. F6126 EW Insecticide (EPA Reg. No. 279-3329)

The enclosed self-certified labels are based upon the most recently stamped accepted labels as follows:

- 1. Approval letters dated July 23, 2008; final prints dated and submitted August 7, 2008 for the six zeta-cypermethrin-only products.
- 2. Approval letter dated March 19, 2008; final prints submitted April 10, 2008 for *HERO Insecticide* (EPA Reg. No.279-3315).
- 3. Approval letter dated January 14, 2008; final prints submitted May 8, 2008 for *F6126 EW Insecticide* (EPA Reg. No. 279-3329).



Mr. George LaRocca August 28, 2008 Page 2

Enclosed, please find the following documents for each of the subject registration numbers:

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- EPA Form 8570-1
- Certification with Respect to Label Integrity form for E-SubmissionLabel.
- Five copies of draft labeling (One with changes in red)
- One copy on CD of label in electronic format (PDF).

We trust that the enclosed information is acceptable for the Agency to process this request. If you have any questions concerning this matter, please feel free to call me at (215) 299-6753.

Sincerely,

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Nancy J. Hilton Product Registration Manager 1. FMC Corporation - Agricultural Products Group nancy.hilton@fmc.com

NOTIFICATION

SEP 2 3 2008

RESTRICTED USE PESTICIDE

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Toxic to fish and aquatic organisms For retail sale to and use only by certified applicators, or persons under their direct supervision and only for those uses covered by the certified applicator's certificate.

F6126 EW Insecticide

EPA Reg. No. 279-3329

EPA Est. 279-

Active Ingredients:	By Wt.
Zeta-Cypermethrin*	3.24%
Bifenthrin**	
Other Ingredients***:	
	100.0%

F6126 EW[™] contains 1.14 pounds active ingredients per gallon. * *Cis/trans* isomer ratio: Max 75% (±) *cis* and Min. 25% (±) *trans* ** *Cis* isomers 97% minimum; *trans* isomers 3% maximum.

*** Contains Petroleum Distillates

U.S. Patent No. Pending

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN WARNING AVISO

Si usted no entiende la etiqueta, busque a alguien para que se la explique a usted en detalle. (If you do not understand the label, find someone to explain it to you in detail.)



FMC Corporation Agricultural Products Group Philadelphia PA 19103

FIRST AID

IF SWALLOWED	Immediately call a poison control center or doctor. Do not induce vomiting unless told to do so by a poison control center or doctor. Do not give any liquid to the person Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.			
IF IN EYES	Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15 to 20 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eyes. Call a poison control center for treatment advice.			
	NOTE TO PHYSICIAN			

·····						
Contains	petroleum	distillates.	Vomiting	may	cause	aspiration '
pneumon	ia.					

HOTLINE NUMBER

Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor, or going for treatment. You may also contact 1-(800)-331-3148 for Emergency Assistance.

See other panels for additional precautionary information.

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS Hazards to Humans (and Domestic Animals) Warning

May be fatal if swallowed. Causes moderate eye irritation. Avoid contact with skin, eyes or clothing. Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling and before eating, drinking, chewing gum, or using tobacco. Remove and wash contaminated clothing before reuse. **Personal Protective Equipment:**

Some materials that are chemical-resistant to this product are listed below. If you want more options, follow the instructions for category G on an EPA chemical resistance category selection chart.

Handlers who may be exposed to the dilute through application or other tasks must wear: Long-sleeved shirt and long pants, chemical-resistant gloves such as Barrier Laminate; or Butyl, Nitrile, or Neoprene Rubber \geq 14 mls; or Viton \geq 14 mls, and shoes plus socks. Handlers who may be exposed to the concentrate through mixing, loading, application or other tasks must wear: Long-sleeved shirt and long pants, chemical-resistant gloves such as Barrier Laminate; or Butyl, Nitrile, or or Butyl, Nitrile, or or there are such as Barrier Laminate; or Butyl, Nitrile, or or Neoprene Rubber \geq 14 mls; or Viton \geq 14 mls, and shoes plus socks and protective evewear.

User Safety Requirements

Follow manufacturer's instructions for cleaning/maintaining PPE. If no such instructions for washables, use detergent and hot water. Keep and wash PPE separately from other laundry.

Discard clothing and other absorbent materials that have been drenched or heavily contaminated with this product's concentrate. Do not reuse them.

User Safety Recommendations

Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling. Wash hands before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco or using the toilet. Remove clothing immediately if pesticide gets inside. Then wash thoroughly and put on clean clothing. Remove PPE immediately after handling this product. Wash the outside of gloves before removing. As soon as possible, wash thoroughly and change into clean clothing.

Environmental Hazards

This pesticide is extremely toxic to fish, aquatic invertebrates, oysters and shrimp. Do not apply directly to water, to areas where surface water is present or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark. Do not apply when weather conditions favor drift from treated areas. Drift and runoff from treated areas may be hazardous to aquatic

> F6126 EW Spray Drift 8-14-08 2

organisms in neighboring areas. Do not contaminate water when disposing of equipment washwaters.

The use of F6126 EW is prohibited in areas where its application may result in exposure to endangered species. Prior to use in a particular county contact the local extension service for procedures and precautions to use to protect endangered species

This product is highly toxic to bees exposed to direct treatment or residues on blooming crops or weeds. Do not apply this product or allow it to drift to blooming crops if bees are visiting the treatment area.

Physical or Chemical Hazards

Do not use or store near heat or open flame.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling. Restricted Use Pesticide.

Resistance. Some insects are known to develop resistance to products used repeatedly for control. Because the development of resistance cannot be predicted, the use of this product should conform to resistance management strategies established for the use area. Consult your local or state agricultural authorities for details.

If resistance to this product develops in your area, this product, or other products with a similar mode of action, may not provide adequate control. If poor performance cannot be attributed to improper application or extreme weather conditions, a resistant strain of insect may be present. If you experience difficulty with control and resistance is a reasonable cause, immediately consult your local company representative or agricultural advisor for the best alternative method of control for your area.

Do not apply this product in a way that will contact workers or other persons, either directly or through drift. Only protected handlers may be in the area during application. For any requirements specific to your State or Tribe, consult the agency responsible for pesticide regulation.

AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS

Use this product only in accordance with its labeling and with the Worker Protection Standard, 40 CFR part 170. This Standard containsrequirements for the protection of agricultural workers on farms, forests, nurseries, and greenhouses, and handlers of agricultural pesticides. It contains requirements for training, decontamination, notification, and emergency assistance. It also contains specific instructions and exceptions pertaining to the statements on this label about personal protective equipment (PPE) and restricted entry interval. The requirements in this box only apply to uses of this product that are covered by the Worker Protection Standard.

Do not enter or allow worker entry into treated areas during the restricted entry interval (REI) of 12 hours.

PPE required for early entry to treated areas that is permitted under the Worker Protection Standard and that involves contact with anything that has been treated, such as plants, soil, or water, is: Coveralls, Chemical-resistant gloves, such as Barrier Laminate or Viton, and shoes plus socks.

Engineering Control Statements

When handlers use closed systems, enclosed cabs, or aircraft in a manner that meets the requirements listed in the Worker Protection Standard (WPS) for agricultural pesticides (540CFR 170.240(d)(4-6), the handler PPE requirements may be reduced or modified as specified in the WPS.

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Pesticide Storage

Do not freeze. Keep out of reach of children and animals. Store in original containers only. Store in a cool, dry place and avoid excess heat. Carefully open containers. After partial use, replace lids and close tightly. Do not put concentrate or dilute material into food or drink containers. Do not contaminate other pesticides, fertilizers, water, food or feed by storage or disposal.

In case of spill, avoid contact, isolate area and keep out animals and unprotected persons. Confine spills. Call FMC: (800) 331-3148.

To confine spill: Dike surrounding area or absorb with sand, cat litter, or commercial clay. Place damaged package in a holding container. Identify contents.

Pesticide Disposal

Wastes resulting from the use of this product may be disposed of on site or at an approved waste disposal facility.

Container Disposal

Metal Containers: Triple rinse (or equivalent). Then offer for recycling or reconditioning, or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill or by other procedures approved by state and local authorities. Do not cut or weld metal containers.

Plastic Containers: Triple rinse (or equivalent). Then offer for recycling or reconditioning, or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or incineration, or, if allowed by state and local authorities, by burning. If burned, stay out of smoke.

Returnable/Refillable Sealed Containers: Do not rinse container. Do not empty remaining formulated product. Do not break seals. Return intact to point of purchase.

Chemigation Use Directions

Apply this product only through sprinkler including center pivot, lateral move, end tow, side (wheel) roll, traveler, big gun, solid set, or hand move irrigation systems. Do not apply this product through any other type of irrigation system. Do not connect any irrigation system (including greenhouse systems) used for pesticide application to a public water system.

Crop injury, lack of effectiveness, or illegal residues in the crop can result from non-uniform distribution of treated water. If you have questions about calibration, you should contact State Extension Service specialists, equipment manufacturers, or other experts. A person knowledgeable of the chemigation system and responsible for its operation, or under the supervision of the responsible person, shall shut the system down and make necessary adjustments should the need arise.

The system must contain a functional check valve, vacuum relief valve, and low-pressure drain appropriately located on the irrigation pipeline to prevent water source contamination from backflow.

The pesticide injection pipeline must also contain a functional, automatic, quick-closing check valve to prevent the flow of fluid back toward the injection pump.

The pesticide injection pipeline must also contain a functional, normally closed, solenoid-operated valve located on the intake side of the injection pump and connected to the system interlock to prevent fluid from being withdrawn from the supply tank when the irrigation system

is either automatically or manually shut down. The system must contain functional interlocking controls to automatically shut off the pesticide injection pump when the water pump motor stops.

The irrigation line or water pump must include a functional pressure switch that will stop the water pump motor when the water pressure decreases to the point where pesticide distribution is adversely affected.

Systems must use a metering pump, such as a positive displacement injection pump (e.g., diaphragm pump) effectively designed and

constructed of materials that are compatible with pesticides and capable of being fitted with a system interlock.

Do not apply when wind speed favors drift beyond the area intended for treatment

F6126 EW Insecticide should be applied continuously for the duration of the water application. F6126 EW Insecticide should be diluted in sufficient volume to insure accurate application over the area to be treated.

Use the appropriate amount of water to carry the product to the target pest. Agitation is not required when a suitable diluent is used.

BUFFER ZONES

Vegetative Buffer Zones-

Construct and maintain a minimum 10-foot-wide vegetative filter strip of grass or other permanent vegetation between the field edge and down gradient aquatic habitat (such as, but not limited to, lakes; reservoirs; rivers; permanent streams; marshes or natural ponds; estuaries; and commercial fish farm ponds).

Only apply products containing zeta-cypermethrin onto fields where a maintained vegetative buffer strip of at least 10 feet exists between the field and down gradient aquatic habitat.

For guidance, refer to the following publication for information on constructing and maintaining effective buffers: *Conservation Buffers to Reduce Pesticide Losses. Natural Resources Conservation Services.* USDA, NRCS. 2000. Fort Worth, Texas. 21pp. http://www.in.csusda/v/technical/agronom/newconbuf.pdf.

Buffer Zone for Ground Application (groundboom, overhead chemigation, or airblast) – Do not apply within 25 feet of aquatic habitats (such as, but not limited to, lakes, reservoirs, rivers, streams, marshes, ponds, estuaries, and commercial fish ponds).

Buffer Zone for ULV Aerial Application - Do not apply within 450 feet of aquatic habitats (such as, but not limited to, lakes, reservoirs, rivers, streams, marshes, ponds, estuaries, and commercial fish ponds).

Buffer Zone for Non-ULV Aerial Application – Do not apply within 150 feet of aquatic habitats (such as, but not limited to, lakes, reservoirs, rivers, streams, marshes, ponds, estuaries, and commercial fish ponds).

Spray Drift Requirements

Wind Direction and Speed

Only apply this product if the wind direction favors on-target deposition. Do not apply when the wind velocity exceeds 15 mph.

Temperature Inversion

Do not make aerial or ground applications into temperature inversions. Inversions are characterized by stable air and increasing temperatures with height above the ground. Mist or fog may indicate the presence of an inversion in humid areas. The applicator may detect the presence of an inversion by producing smoke and observing a smoke layer near the ground surface.

Droplet Size

Use only Medium or coarser spray nozzles (for ground and non-ULV aerial application) according to ASAE (S572) definition for standard nozzles. In conditions of low humidity and high temperatures, applicators should use a coarser droplet size.

Additional Requirements for Ground Applications

Wind speed must be adjacent to the application site on the upwind side, immediately prior to application.

For ground boom applications, apply using a nozzle height of no more than 4 feet above the ground or crop canopy.

For airblast applications, turn off outward pointing nozzles at row ends and when spraying the outer two rows. To minimize spray loss over the top in orchard applications, spray must be directed into the canopy.

Additional Requirements for Aerial Applications

The spray boom should be mounted on the aircraft as to minimize drift caused by wingtip or rotor votices. The minimum practical boom length should be used and must not exceed 75% of the wing span or 80% rotor diameter.

Flight speed and nozzle orientation must be considered in determining droplet size.

Spray must be released at the lowest height consistent with pest control and flight safety. Do not release spray at a height greater than 10 feet above the crop canopy unless a greater height is required for aircraft safety. When applications are made with a cross-wind, the swath will be, displaced downwind. The applicator must compensate for this displacement at the downwind edge of the application area by adjusting the path of the aircraft upwind.

GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS

Use low rate under light to moderate infestation. Higher rates should be used under heavy insect pressure. The rate of application is variable according to insect pressure, timing of spray and field scouting.

In New York State this product may not be applied within 100 feet (using ground equipment) to 300 feet (using aerial equipment) of coastal marshes or streams that drain into coastal marshes.

Rotational Crops

Crops for which bifenthrin and zeta-cypermethrin tolerances exist may be rotated at any time. All other crops may be rotated 30 days following the final application of F6126 EW Insecticide.

Tank-Mixture

F6126 EW Insecticide may be applied in tank mixtures with other products approved for use on, Cotton, Corn, Eggplant, Peppers, Tomatoes, Head Lettuce, Head & Stem Brassica, Succulent Peas & Beans, and Pecans. Observe all restrictions and precautions that appear on the labels of these products. Test for compatibility of products before mixing.

Spray Drift Precautions

Do not make more than 10 synthetic pyrethroid applications (of one product or combination of products) to a cotton crop in one growing season. Synthetic pyrethroid products include (but are not limited to) Ambushe, Ammoe, AsanaexL, Baythroide, Capturee, Danitole, Furye, Karatee, Mustange, and Scoute X-TRA.

All aerial and ground application equipment must be properly maintained and calibrated using appropriate carriers.

OBSERVE THE FOLLOWING PRECAUTIONS WHEN SPRAYING IN THE VICINITY OF AQUATIC AREAS SUCH AS LAKES; RESERVOIRS; RIVERS; PERMANENT STREAMS, MARSHES OR NATURAL PONDS; ESTUARIES AND COMMERCIAL FISH FARM PONDS.

Do not apply by ground equipment within 25 feet, or by air within 150 feet of lakes; reservoirs, rivers, permanent streams, marshes or natural ponds, estuaries, and commercial fish farm ponds. Increase the buffer zone to 450 feet when ultra low volume (ULV) application is made. For aerial applications, the spray boom should be mounted on the aircraft so as to minimize drift caused by wingtip or rotor vortices. The minimum practical boom length should be used and must not exceed 75% of wingspan or rotor diameter.

Use the largest droplet size consistent with good pest control. Formation of very small droplets may be minimized by appropriate nozzle selection, by orienting nozzles away from the air stream as much as possible, and by avoiding excessive spray boom pressure.

Spray should be released at the lowest height consistent with pest control and flight safety. Applications more than 10 feet above the crop canopy should be avoided.

Make aerial or ground applications when the wind velocity favors on target product deposition (approximately 3 to 10 mph). Do not apply when wind velocity exceeds 15 mph. Avoid applications when wind gusts approach 15 mph.

Risk of exposure to sensitive aquatic areas can be reduced by avoiding applications when wind direction is toward the aquatic area.

Do not cultivate within 10' of the aquatic area so as to allow growth of a vegetative filter strip.

Low humidity and high temperatures increase the evaporation rate of spray droplets and therefore the likelihood of increased spray drift to aquatic areas. Avoid spraying during conditions of low humidity and/or high temperature. 25

Do not make aerial or ground applications during temperature inversions. Inversions are characterized by stable air and increasing temperatures with height above the ground. Mist or fog may indicate the presence of an inversion in humid areas. The applicator may detect the presence of an inversion by producing smoke and observing a smoke layer near the ground surface.

F6126 EW Insecticide contains the pyrethroids zetacypermethrin and bifenthrin.

Maximum Usage When Applying Zeta-Cypermethrin and Cypermethrin Products to the Same Crop Within the Same Season.

Do not apply more than the maximum seasonal total for either zetacypermethrin or cypermethrin products when used alone; do not apply more than the combined maximum seasonal total for both products as outlined in the table below.

		Maximum Seasonal Total (Ibs ai/acre)		Maximum Seasonal Total (Ibs ai/acre) When Applying Cypermethrin and Zeta-cypermethrin Products to the Same Crop	Maximum Seasonal Total (Ibs ai/acre) When Applying Zeta-cypermethrin Products to the Same Crop	
	Zeta-cypermethrin * Cypermethrin**		Cypermethrin**	Zeta-cypermethrin* plus	Zeta-cypermethrin*	
Сгор	Mustang	Mustang Max	F6126 EW		Cypermethrin **	
Cotton	0.3	0.15	0.1125	0.6	0.6	0.3
Field Corn	0.2	0.10	0.10	NA	NA	0.2
Sweet Corn	0.3	0.15	0.0675	NA	NA	0.3
Eggplant	0.3	0/15	0.0675	NA	NA	0.3
Pepper (Bell & Non-Bell)	0.3	0.15	0.0675	NA	· NA	0.3
Tomato	0.3	0.15	0.105	NA	NA	0.3
Head Lettuce	0.3	· 0.15	0.1125	0.6	0.6	0.3
Head and Stem Brassica	0.3	0.15	0.1125	0.6	0.6	0.3
Succulent Peas and Beans	0.3	0.15	0.0675	NĂ	NA	0.3
Pecans	0.3	0.15	0.1125	0.6	0.6	0.3

* Mustang or Fury (1.5 EW or 1.5 EC); Mustang Max (0.8 EC or 0.8 EW); F6126 EW; or any zeta-cypermethrin product approved for crop use. * Any cypermethrin product approved for crop use.

NA = Not Applicable.

	Maximum Seasonal Total (Ibs ai/acre)			
Сгор	Bifer	nthirn	When Applying Bifenthrin * Products Plus F6126 EW to the	
	F6126 EW	Bifenthrin *	Same Crop	
Cotton	0.3375	0.50	.50	
Field Corn	0.30	0.30	.30	
Sweet Corn	0.20	0.20	.20	
Eggplant	0.20	0.20	.20	
Pepper (Bell & Non-Bell)	0.20	0.20	.20	
Tomato	0.315	0.32	0.32	
Head Lettuce	0.3375	0.50	0.50	
Head and Stem Brassica	0.3375	0.50	0.50	

Maximum Usage When Applying Bifenthrin Products to the Same Crop Within the Same Season.

F6126 EW Spray Drift 8-14-08

. 0,20	0.20	0.20	
0.3375	0.50	0.50	

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FIELD CROPS

Cotton (14 day PHI)

Pests	Rate of Application			
European Corn Borer	3.9 - 11.2 ounces			
Grasshoppers	(0.035 – 0.10 lbs ai)			
Soybean (Banded) Thrips	per acre			
Tobacco Thrips				
Armyworm, Fall	5.6 - 11.2 ounces			
Armyworm, Yellowstriped	(0.05 - 0.10 lbs ai)			
Boll Weevil	per acre			
Bollworm				
Cabbage Looper				
Cotton Aphid				
Cotton Fleahopper	1			
Cotton Leafperforator	1 1			
Cutworms				
Saltmarsh Caterpillar				
Southern Garden Leafhopper	1			
Stink Bugs	[[
Tobacco Budworm				
Armyworm, Beet	11.2 ounces			
Carmine Spider Mite	(0.10 lbs ai) per acre			
Lygus Species				
Pink Bollworm				
Twospotted Spider Mite				
Whitefly	1			
RESTRICTIONS – Cotton				
Do not apply more than 0.45 pounds a acre per season.	active ingredient per			
Do.not.graze.livestock.in_treated_areas for feed.	s or cut treated crops			
REMARKS - Cotton				
F6126 EW Insecticide may be applied vegetable oil (soybean/cottonseed).	in water or refined			
Application in Water: Apply in a mini acre with ground equipment or 1 gallo. When applying by air, 1 quart of emuls substituted for one quart of water in th	n per acre by aircraft. sified oil may be			
ULV Application : Apply the recommended rate of F6126 EW Insecticide in refined vegetable oil in a minimum of 1 quart of finished spray per acre with aircraft calibrated to give adequate coverage.				
To Control Boll Weevil: Apply F6126 EW Insecticide at an interval of 3 to 4 days until pest numbers are reduced to acceptable levels.				
To Control Mites and Aphids: Apply appear. Repeat as necessary to maint				

Field Corn (Grain and Silage), Popcorn, Field Corn Grown for Seed. Foliar Use Only.

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Pests	Rate of Application
Army Cutworm Bean Leaf Beetle Common Stalk Borer Cutworm Species Flea Beetle Grasshoppers Green Cloverworm Hop Vine Borer Western Bean Cutworm	2.8 – 6.7ounces (0.025 – 0.06 lbs ai) per acre
Aphid Species Armyworm, Beet Armyworm, Fall Armyworm, Southern Armyworm, Southern Armyworm, True Armyworm, Yellowstriped Cereal Leaf Beetle Chinch Bug Corn Earworm Corn Rootworm Adult Cucumber Beetle Adult European Corn Borer Greenbug Hornworms Japanese Beetle Adult Meadow Spittlebug Sap Beetle Southern Corn Leaf Beetle Southwestern Corn Borer Stinkbugs Tobacco Budworm Webworms	4.5 – 11.2 ounces (0.04 – 0.10 lbs ai) per acre
Banks Grass Mite Carmine Mite Lygus Species Twospotted Spider Mite	11.2 ounces (0.10 lbs ai) per acre

RESTRICTIONS – Field Corn

F6126 EW Insecticide is for use in **foliar applications only**. Soil applications of this product are prohibited.

Do not apply more than 0.4 pound active per acre per season for foliar applications.

Do not apply within 30 days of harvest for grain and stover and 60 days for forage.

Do not graze livestock in treated areas or cut treated crops for feed within 30 days of the last application.

Use of ultra low volume (ULV) application on corn is prohibited.

Do not make aerial or ground applications to corn if heavy rainfall is imminent.

Use of F6126 EW Insecticide on corn is prohibited in all coastal counties.

REMARKS – Field Corn

General: Apply in a minimum of 2-5 gallons of finished spray per acre by aircraft or in a minimum of 10 gallons per acre with ground equipment. To improve control by aircraft, use 5 gallons of finished spray per acre particularly when initial populations are heavier than normal. When applying by air, 1-2 quarts of emulsified oil may be substituted for 1-2 quarts of water in the finished spray. Thorough coverage is essential to achieve control.

To control ear-attacking pests: Apply F6126 EW Insecticide just before silking and repeat as necessary to maintain control.

Southwestern Corn Borer, European Corn Borer: Make application for corn borer control with initial application at or shortly before egg hatch.

For control of other insect pests: Apply when pests first appear and repeat as necessary.

For-Control of Mites:-

Apply for Banks Grass Mite control when colonies first form prior to leaf damage or discoloration and before dispersal above the bottom third of the plant.

For Twospotted Spider Mite and Carmine Mite control, apply when colonies first form prior to leaf damage or discoloration and before widespread mite dispersal throughout the canopy.

Higher rates will be necessary for heavier initial populations and corn under heat or drought stress. Field experience with dimethoate at 0.5 lb. active per acre in tank mixture has demonstrated good control under these conditions.

For mite control in Texas, New Mexico, Oklahoma, and Arizona: Apply in a minimum of 5 gallons of finished spray per acre by aircraft or in a minimum of 10 gallons per acre with ground equipment.

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Pests	Rate of Application
Army Cutworm Armyworm, Beet Armyworm, Fall Armyworm, Southern Armyworm, Southern Armyworm, Species Armyworm, True Armyworm, Yellowstriped Cereal Leaf Beetle Chinch Bug Common Stalk Borer Corn Earworm Corn Rootworm Adult Com Silk Fly Cucumber Beetle Adult Cutworm Species European Corn Borer Fiea Beetle Grasshoppers Greenbug Japanese Beetle Adult Leafhoppers Sap Beetle Southern Corn Leaf Beetle Southwestern Corn Borer Stinkbugs Webworms	4.5 – 11.2 ounces (0.04 – 0.10 lbs ai) per acre
Banks Grass Mite Carmine Mite Lygus Species Twospotted Spider Mite	11.2 ounces (0.10 lbs ai) per acre

RESTRICTIONS – Sweet Corn

Do not apply more than 0.266 pounds active per acre per season.

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Do not graze livestock in treated areas or cut treated crops for feed within 3 days of the last application.

Apply at a minimum 3 to 5 day intervals or as needed for control.

Use of ultra low volume (ULV) application on corn is prohibited.

Do not make aerial or ground applications to com if heavy rainfall is imminent.

Use of F6126 EW Insecticide is prohibited in all coastal counties.

REMARKS – Sweet Corn

General: Apply in a minimum of 2 gallons of finished spray per acre by air or in a minimum of 20 gallons per acre with ground equipment. When applying by air, 1-2 quarts of emulsified oil may be substituted for 1-2 quarts of water in the finished spray. Thorough coverage is essential to achieve control.

To control ear-attacking pests: Apply F6126 EW Insecticide when silking begins and repeat as necessary to maintain control.

Southwestern Corn Borer, European Corn Borer: Make 2 applications for corn borer control with the initial application at or shortly before egg hatch.

For control of other insect pests: Apply when pests first appear and repeat as necessary.

For Control of Mites:

Apply for Banks Grass Mite control when colonies first form prior to leaf damage or discoloration and before dispersal above the bottom third of the plant.

For Twospotted Spider Mite and Carmine Mite control, apply when colonies first form prior to leaf damage or discoloration and before widespread mite dispersal throughout the canopy.

Higher rates will be necessary for heavier initial populations and corn under heat or drought stress.

VEGETABLES

Eggplant (7 day PHI)

18/15

. 1	Pests	Rate of Application		
	Armyworm, Beet Armyworm, Fall Armyworm, Southern Armyworm, Southern Armyworm, Yellowstriped Cabbage Looper Celery Leaf Tier Colorado Potato Beetle Corn Earworm Cucumber Beetle Cutworm Species European Corn Borer Flea Beetle Garden Webworm Grasshoppers Hornworms Leafhopper Species Meadow Spittlebug Pepper Maggot Adult Pepper Weevil Southwestern Corn Borer Stink Bug Tobacco Budworm Tomato Fruitworm Tomato Fruitworm Tomato Pinworm Vegetable Leafminer Banks Grass Mite	4.5 – 11.2 ounces (0.04 – 0.10 lbs ai) per acre		
L F T T	Carmine Mite _ygus Species Pacific Spider Mite Thrips Species Tomato Psyllid Twospotted Spider Mite Whitefly	11.2 ounces (0.10 lbs ai) per acre		
	RESTRICTIONS – Eggplant Do not apply more than 0.266 pounds	active per acre per		
	Season.			
	Do not make applications less than 7 c	lays apart.		
F	REMARKS – Eggplant			
e c	Apply in a minimum of 2-gallons of finished spray per acre by air or in a minimum of 10 gallons per acre with ground equipment. When applying by air, 1-2 quarts of emulsified oil may be substituted for 1-2 quarts of water in the finished spray.			
ר	Thorough coverage is essential to achieve control.			

Peppers, bell and non-bell (7 day PHI) (including, but not limited to: bell pepper, chili pepper, cooking pepper, pimento, and sweet pepper).

Pests	Rate of
	Application

Armyworm, Beet	
Armyworm, Fall	
Armyworm, Southern	
Armyworm, Yellowstriped	
Cabbage Looper	
Celery Leaf Tier	
Colorado Potato Beetle	
Corn Earworm	
Cucumber Beetle	Ì
Cutworm Species	
European Corn Borer	
Fiea Beetle	4.5 – 11.2 ounces
Garden Webworm	(0.04 – 0.10 lbs ai) per
Grasshoppers	acre
Hornworms	BCIC
Leafhopper Species	
Meadow Spittlebug	
Pepper Maggot Adult	
Pepper Weevil	
Southwestern Corn Borer	
Stink Bug	
Tobacco Budworm	
Tomato Fruitworm	
Tomato Hornworm	
Tomato Pinworm	
Vegetable Leafminer	<u> </u>
Banks Grass Mite	
Carmine Mite	
Lygus Species	
Pacific Spider Mite	11.2 ounces
Thrips Species	(0.10 lbs ai) per acre
Tomato Psyllid	
Twospotted Spider Mite	
Whitefly	

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RESTRICTIONS – Peppers

Do not apply more than 0.266 pounds active per acre per season.

Do not make applications less than 7 days apart.

REMARKS – Peppers

Apply in a minimum of 2 gallons of finished spray per acre by air or in a minimum of 10 gallons per acre with ground equipment.—When applying by air, 1-2 quarts of emulsified oil may be substituted for 1-2 quarts of water in the finished spray.

Thorough coverage is essential to achieve control.

2/25

Tomato (1 day PHI) (including, but not limited to: groundcherry and tomatilio).

Pests	Rate of Application
Armyworm, Beet	Application
Armyworm, Fall	
Armyworm, Southern	
Armyworm, Yellowstriped	
Cabbage Looper	
Celery Leaf Tier	
Colorado Potato Beetle	
Corn Earworm	
Cucumber Beetle	
Cutworm Species	
European Corn Borer	
Flea Beetle	
Garden Webworm	4.5 – 11.2 ounces
Grasshoppers	(0.04 – 0.10 lbs ai)
Hornworms	per acre
Leafhopper Species	
Meadow Spittlebug	
Pepper Maggot Adult	
Pepper Weevil	
Southwestern Corn Borer	
Stink Bug	
Tobacco Budworm	
Tomato Fruitworm	
Tomato Hornworm	
Tomato Pinworm	
Vegetable Leafminer	
Banks Grass Mite	
Carmine Mite	
Lygus Species	11.2 ounces
Pacific Spider Mite	(0.10 lbs ai) per
Thrips Species	acre
Tomato Psyllid	
Twospotted Spider Mite	
Whitefly	<u> </u>
RESTRICTIONS – Tomato	
Do not apply more than 0.42 pounds active per acre per	
season.	
Do not make more than four application	ons per season.
Do not make applications less than 1	0 days apart.
REMARKS – Tomato	
A male to sumble an end of the first	
Apply in water as necessary for insec	
minimum of 15 gallons of finished spr	
ground equipment and 2 gallons per a	acre by air.

Head Lettuce (7 day PHI)

Pests	Rate of
	Application

Aphid Species Armyworms Corn Earworm Crickets Cucumber Beetle Cutworm Species Diamondback Moth Flea Beetle Imported Cabbageworm Leafhopper Species Loopers Saltmarsh Caterpillar Stink Bug Tobacco Budworm	4.5 – 11.2 ounces (0.04 – 0.10 lbs ai) per acre
Carmine Mite Lygus Species Onion Thrips Twospotted Spider Mite Whitefly	11.2 ounces (0.10 lbs ai) per acre

RESTRICTIONS – Head Lettuce

Do not apply more than 0.45 pounds active per acre per season.

Do not make applications less than 7 days apart.

REMARKS – Head Lettuce

Apply in water as necessary for insect control using a minimum of 15 gallons of finished spray per acre with ground equipment and 5 gallons per acre by air. When applying by air, 1-2 quarts of emulsified oil may be substituted for 1-2 quarts of water in the finished spray.

Thorough coverage is essential to achieve control.

Head & Stem Brassica (7 day PHI)

(including, but not limited to: Broccoli; Chinese Broccoli (gai lon, white flowering broccoli); Brussels Sprouts; Cauliflower; Cavalo broccolo; Kohlrabi; Cabbage; Chinese Cabbage (napa)).

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Pests	Rate of Application
Aphid Species	
Armyworms	
Click Beetle	
Crickets	1
Cucumber Beetle	
Cutworm Species	
Diamondback Moth	
Flea Beetle	4.5 – 11.2 ounces
Grasshoppers	(0.04 – 0.10 lbs ai)
Imported Cabbageworm	per acre
Leafhopper Species	. •
Leafminer Species	1
Loopers	
Saltmarsh Caterpillar	
Southern Cabbageworm	
Stink Bug Tobacco Budworm	
Wireworm Adults	
Banks Grass Mite	
Cabbage Webworm	
Carmine Mite	
Lygus Species	11.2 ounces
Pacific Spider Mite	(0.10 lbs ai) per acre
Thrips Species	
Twospotted Spider Mite	
Whitefly	
RESTRICTIONS – Head & Stem Brassica	
Do not apply more than 0.45 lb. active ingredient per acre per season.	
Do not make more than 5 applications after bloom.	
Do not make applications less than 7 days apart.	
Do not apply within 7 days of harvest.	
REMARKS – Head & Stem Brassica	
Apply in a minimum of 5 gallons of finished spray per acre by air or in a minimum of 15 gallons per acre with ground equipment. When applying by air, 1-2 quarts of emulsified oil may be substituted for 1-2 quarts of water in the finished spray.	

Thorough coverage is essential to achieve control.

Succulent Peas and Beans (3 day PHI)

(including, but not limited to: Pea (Pisum spp.): Dwarf pea; Edible-pod pea; English pea; Garden pea; Green pea; Snow pea; Sugar snap pea; Pigeon pea; Bean (Phaseolus spp.): Broadbean (succulent); Lima bean (green); Runner bean; Snap bean; Wax bean; Bean (Vigna spp.): Asparagus bean; Blackeyed pea; Chinese longbean; Cowpea; Moth bean; Southern pea; Grain lupin; Sweet lupin; White lupin; White sweet lupin; Field bean; Kidney bean; Navy bean; Pinto bean; Tepary bean; Adzuki bean; Catjang; Crowder pea; Mung bean; Rice bean; Urd bean; Chickpea; Guar; Lablab bean, Yardlong bean, Jackbean, Soybean (immature seed), Sword bean).

Pests	Rate of Application
Alfalfa Caterpillar	4.5 - 11.2 ounces
Aphid Species	(0.04 – 0.10 lbs ai)
Armyworm, Beet	per acre

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Armyworm, Fall	
Armyworm, Southern	
Armyworm, True	
Armyworm, Yellowstriped	
Bean Leaf Beetle	
Blister Beetle Species	
Corn Earworm	
Corn Rootworm Adult	1
Cowpea Curculio	
Cucumber Beetles	
Cutworms	
European Corn Borer	
Grasshoppers	
Green Cloverworm	
Ground Beetles	
Imported Cabbageworm	
Japanese beetle Adult	
Leaf Skeletonizer	
Leafhopper Species	
Leafminers	
Lesser Cornstalk Borer	
Loopers	
Mexican Bean Beetle	
Painted Lady (Thistle) Caterpillar	
Pea Leaf Weevil	[
Pea Weevil	
Saltmarsh Caterpillar	
Sap Beetle	
Seedcorn Beetle	
Seedcorn Maggot	
Silverspotted Skipper	
Southwest Corn Borer	
Spittlebug	
Stink Bugs	
Threecornered alfalfa hopper	
Tobacco Budworm	
Velvetbean Caterpillar	
Webworm Species	
Western Bean Cutworm	
Woolly Bear Caterpillar	
Banks Grass Mite	11.2 ounces
Carmine Mite	(0.10 lbs ai) per acre
Lygus Species	
Thrips Species	
• •	
Twospotted Spider Mite	
Whitefly	L

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RESTRICTIONS – Succulent Peas & Beans

Do not apply more than 0.266 pounds active per acre per season.

Do not make applications less than 5 days apart.

REMARKS – Succulent Peas & Beans

Apply in a minimum of 2 gallons of finished spray per acre by air or in a minimum of 10 gallons per acre with ground equipment. When applying by air, 1-2 quarts of emulsified oil may be substituted for 1-2 quarts of water in the finished spray.

Thorough coverage is essential to achieve control.

TREE NUTS

Pecans (21 day PHI)

Pests	Rate of Application
Black Pecan Aphid Hickory Shuckworm Pecan Nut Casebearer Pecan Weevil	11.2 ounces (0.10 lbs ai) per acre
Yellow Pecan Aphid	

RESTRICTIONS - Pecans

Do not apply more than 0.45 lb. active ingredient per acre per season.

Do not make applications less than 15 days apart.

Do not graze livestock in treated orchards or cut treated cover crops for feed.

REMARKS – Pecans

Application by ground:

Apply as a dilute (minimum of 200 gallons of finished spray per acre) or concentrate (minimum of 50 gallons of finished spray per acre) spray in sufficient water to provide thorough coverage.

Application by air:

Apply the specified dosage in a minimum of 10 gallons of finished spray per acre.

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