

UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY

WASHINGTON, D.C. 20460

OFFICE OF PREVENTION, PESTICIDES AND TOXIC SUBSTANCES

February 23, 2009

Christopher Davis FMC Corp. 1735 Market Street Philadelphia, PA 19103

Subject:

Amendment - Response to Agency's August 28, 2008 letter

Brigade 2EC Insecticide/Miticide

EPA Reg. No. 279-3313

Your submission dated February 13, 2009

Dear Mr. Davis:

The labeling referred to above, submitted in connection with registration under the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide and Rodenticide Act (FIFRA), as amended, is acceptable subject to the comments listed below. Two (2) copies of the finished labeling must be submitted prior to releasing the product for shipment. A stamped copy of the label is enclosed for your records.

1. Update the label as required under the Agency's February 21, 2008 letter concerning "Spray Drift Language for Pyrethroid Agricultural Use Products".

If these conditions are not complied with, the registration will be subject to cancellation in accordance with FIFRA sec. 6(e). Your release for shipment of the product bearing the amended labeling constitutes acceptance of these conditions.

If you have any questions regarding this action, please contact BeWanda Alexander at (703) 305-7460.

Sincerely,
Distributed Allegarder for
Richard Gebken

Interim Product Manager 13

Insecticide Branch

Registration Division (7505P)

Enclosure

RESTRICTED USE PESTICIDE

Toxic to fish and aquatic organisms. For retail sale to and use only by certified applicators, or persons under their direct supervision and only for those uses covered by the certified applicator's certification.

BRIGADE® 2EC

Insecticide/Miticide

BRIGADE 2EC IS NOT FOR SALE OR USE IN CALIFORNIA.

EPA Reg. No. 279-3313

EPA Est. No. 279-

By Wt.

100.0%

Active Ingredient:

Bifenthrin: (2 methyl[1,1'-biphenyl]-3-yl) methyl 3-(2-chloro-3,3,3-trifluoro-1-propenyl)-

**Cis isomers 97% minimum, trans isomers 3% maximum.

**Contains xylene range aromatic solvents.

This product contains 2 pounds active ingredient per gallon. U.S. Patent No. 4,238,505

ALL-WEATHER FORMULA

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN WARNING AVISO

MCCEPTED with COMMENTS in EPA Letter Dated

Under the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act, as amended, for the pesticide registered under EPA Reg. No.

This label must be in the possession of the user at the time of application. Si usted no entiende la etiqueta, busque a alguien para que se la explique a usted en detalle. (If you do not understand the label, find someone to explain it to you in detail.)

See other panels for additional precautionary information.

FIRST AID

If Swallowed: Immediately call a poison control center or doctor. Do not induce vomiting unless told to do so by the poison control center or doctor. Do not give **any** liquid to the person. Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

If Inhaled: Move person to fresh air. If person is not breathing, call 911 or an ambulance, then give artificial respiration, preferably by mouth-to-mouth, if possible. Call a poison control center or doctor for further treatment advice.

If in Eyes: Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15-20 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.

If on Skin or Clothing: Take off contaminated clothing. Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15-20 minutes. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.

HOTLINE NUMBER

Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor, or going for treatment. You may also contact 1-800-331-3148 for emergency medical treatment information.

NOTE TO PHYSICIAN

This product is a pyrethroid. If large amounts have been ingested, the stomach and intestines should be evacuated. Treatment is symptomatic and supportive. Digestible fats, oils, or alcohol may increase absorption and so should be avoided. Contains petroleum distillate - vomiting may cause aspiration pneumonia.

For Emergency Assistance Call (800) 331-3148.

FMC Corporation Agricultural Products Group Philadelphia, PA 19103 **Net Contents:**

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS

Hazards to Humans (and Domestic Animals)

Warning

May be fatal if swallowed. Harmful if inhaled or absorbed through skin. Causes moderate eye irritation. Avoid breathing vapor or spray mist. Avoid contact with skin, eyes or clothing.

Personal Protective Equipment: Some materials that are chemical-resistant to this product are listed below. If you want more options, follow the instructions for category E on an EPA chemical resistance category selection chart.

Handlers who may be exposed to the dilute through application or other tasks must wear: long-sleeved shirt and long pants, chemical resistant gloves, such as Barrier Laminate or Nitrile Rubber or Neoprene Rubber or Viton, and shoes plus socks.

Handlers who may be exposed to the concentrate through mixing, loading, application or other tasks must wear: long-sleeved shirt and long pants, chemical-resistant gloves, such as Barrier Laminate or Nitrile Rubber or Neoprene Rubber or Viton, shoes plus socks, and protective eyewear. Discard clothing and other absorbent materials that have been drenched or heavily contaminated with this product's concentrate. Do not reuse them. Follow manufacturer's instructions for cleaning/maintaining PPE. If no such instructions for washables, use detergent and hot water. Keep and wash PPE separately from other laundry.

User Safety Recommendations

Users should:

Wash hands before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco or using the toilet.

Remove clothing immediately if pesticide gets inside. Then wash thoroughly and put on clean clothing.

Environmental Hazards

This pesticide is extremely toxic to fish and aquatic invertebrates. Use with care when applying in areas adjacent to any body of water. Do not apply directly to water, to areas where surface water is present or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark. Do not make applications when weather conditions favor drift from treated areas. Drift and runoff from treated areas may be hazardous to aquatic organisms in neighboring areas. Do not contaminate water when disposing of equipment washwaters.

This product is highly toxic to bees exposed to direct treatment or residues on blooming crops or weeds. Do not apply this product or allow it to drift to blooming crops or weeds while bees are actively visiting the treatment area.

The use of bifenthrin is prohibited in areas that may result in exposure of endangered species to bifenthrin. Prior to use in a particular county contact the local extension service for procedures and precautions to use to protect endangered species.

Physical/Chemical Hazards

Do not use or store near heat or open flame.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling. Do not apply this product in a way that will contact workers or other persons, either directly or through drift. Only protected handlers may be in the area during application. For any requirements specific to your State or Tribe, consult the agency responsible for pesticide regulation.

Resistance. Some insects are known to develop resistance to products used repeatedly for control. Because the development of resistance cannot be predicted, the use of this product should conform to resistance management strategies established for the use area. Consult your local or state agricultural authorities for details.

If resistance to this product develops in your area, this product, or other products with a similar mode of action, may not provide adequate control. If poor performance cannot be attributed to improper application or extreme weather conditions, a resistant strain of insect may be present. If you experience difficulty with control and resistance is a reasonable cause, immediately consult your local company representative or agricultural advisor for the best alternative method of control for your area.

AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS

Use this product only in accordance with its labeling and with the Worker Protection Standard, 40 CFR part 170. This Standard contains requirements for the protection of agricultural workers on farms, forests, nurseries, and greenhouses, and handlers of agricultural pesticides. It contains requirements for training, decontamination, notification, and emergency assistance. It also contains specific instructions and

exceptions pertaining to the statements on this label about personal protective equipment (PPE) and restricted-entry interval. The requirements in this box only apply to uses of this product that are covered by the Worker Protection Standard.

Do not enter or allow worker entry into treated areas during the restricted entry interval (REI) of 12 hours. PPE required for early entry to treated areas that is permitted under the Worker Protection Standard and that involves contact with anything that has been treated, such as plants, soil, or water, is: Coveralls, Chemical-resistant gloves, such as Barrier Laminate or Nitrile Rubber or Neoprene Rubber or Viton, and Shoes plus socks.

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Pesticide Storage

Do not freeze. Do not store below 40° F. If crystals are observed, warm material to above 60° F by placing container in warm location. Shake or roll container periodically to redissolve solids. Keep out of reach of children and animals. Store in original containers only. Store in a cool, dry place and avoid excess heat. Carefully open containers. After partial use, replace lids and close tightly. Do not put concentrate or dilute material into food or drink containers. Do

not contaminate other pesticides, fertilizers, water, food, or feed by storage or disposal. In case of spill, avoid contact, isolate area and keep out animals and unprotected persons. Confine spills. Call FMC: 1- (800)-331-3148. To confine spill: If liquid, dike surrounding area or absorb with sand, cat litter or commercial clay. If dry material, cover to prevent dispersal. Place damaged package in a holding container. Identify contents.

Pesticide Disposal

Pesticide wastes are toxic. Improper disposal of excess pesticide, spray mixture, or rinsate is a violation of Federal law. If these wastes cannot be disposed of by use according to label instructions, contact your State Pesticide or Environmental Control Agency, or the Hazardous Waste representative of the nearest EPA Regional Office for guidance.

Container Disposal

Metal or Plastic Container: Triple rinse (or equivalent) then offer for recycling or reconditioning, or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by other procedures approved by State and local authorities. Do not cut or weld metal containers. U-Turn® Container: Do not rinse container. Do not empty remaining formulated product. Do not break seals. Return intact to point of purchase.

Chemigation Use Directions

Apply this product only through sprinkler including center pivot, lateral move, end tow, side (wheel) roll, traveler, big gun, solid set, or hand move irrigation systems. Do not apply this product through any other type of irrigation system. Do not connect an irrigation system (including greenhouse systems) used for pesticide application to a public water system.

For LEPA irrigation a minimum of 0.75 inch of water per acre is recommended. Where non-emulsified oils are used as the diluent, 1 to 2 pints per acre is recommended.

Results from utilizing chemigation have been variable and depend upon the set up and calibration of equipment. Crop injury, lack of effectiveness, or illegal residues in the crop can result from non-uniform distribution of treated water. Contact your State Agricultural Extension Service specialists, equipment manufacturers or other experts for consultation on the suitability of the equipment set up to obtain effective control of the target insect pests.

A person knowledgeable of the chemigation system and responsible for its operation, or under the supervision of the responsible person, shall shut the system down and make necessary adjustments should the need arise. Failure to cease application during a mechanical stoppage may result in undesirable residues to adjacent areas.

The system must contain a functional check valve, vacuum relief valve, and low pressure drain appropriately located on the irrigation pipeline to prevent water source contamination from backflow.

The pesticide injection pipeline must contain a functional, automatic, quick-closing check valve to prevent the flow of fluid back toward the injection pump. The pesticide injection pipeline must also contain a functional, normally closed, solenoid-operated valve located on the intake side of the injection pump and connected to the system interlock to prevent fluid from being withdrawn from the supply tank when the irrigation system is either automatically or manually shut down.

The system must contain functional interlocking controls to automatically shut off the pesticide injection pump when the water pump motor stops.

The irrigation line or water pump must include a functional pressure switch which will stop the water pump motor when the water pressure decreases to the point where pesticide distribution is adversely affected.

Systems must use a metering pump, such as a positive displacement injection pump (e.g., diaphragm pump) effectively designed and constructed of materials that are compatible with pesticides and capable of being fitted with a system interlock.

Do not apply when wind speed favors drift beyond the area intended for treatment. Brigade® 2 EC insecticide/miticide should be applied continuously for the duration of the water application. Brigade 2 EC should be diluted in sufficient volume to ensure accurate application over the area to be treated. When using chemigation, a minimum of 0.5 inch per acre of irrigation water is recommended. Agitation generally is not required when a suitable diluent is used. A diluent test should be conducted to ensure that phase separation will not occur during dilution and application. Failure to achieve a uniform dilution throughout the time of application may result in undesirable residues or less than desirable control.

Rotational Crops

Crops for which bifenthrin tolerances exist may be rotated at any time. All other crops may be rotated 30 days following the final application of bifenthrin.

Tank-Mixture

Brigade 2 EC Insecticide/Miticide may be applied in tank mixtures with other products approved for use on registered crops. Observe all restrictions and precautions which appear on the labels of these products. Test for compatibility of products before mixing.

Application Instructions

Rate of application is variable according to pest pressure, timing of sprays, and field scouting. Use lower rates under light to moderate infestations; higher rates under heavy insect pressure and for mite control. Arid climates generally require higher rates.

Cultivation within 10 feet of a water body is prohibited to allow for the growth of a vegetated filter strip. In New York State this product may not be applied within 100 feet (using ground equipment) to 300 feet (using aerial equipment) of coastal marshes or streams that drain into coastal marshes.

Spray Drift Precautions

All aerial and ground application equipment must be properly maintained and calibrated using appropriate carriers.

OBSERVE THE FOLLOWING PRECAUTIONS WHEN SPRAYING IN THE VICINITY OF AQUATIC AREAS SUCH AS LAKES; RESERVOIRS; RIVERS; PERMANENT STREAMS, MARSHES OR NATURAL PONDS; ESTUARIES AND COMMERCIAL FISH FARM PONDS.

Do not apply by ground equipment within 25 feet, or by air within 150 feet of lakes; reservoirs, rivers, permanent streams, marshes or natural ponds, estuaries, and commercial fish farm pond. Increase the buffer zone to 450 feet when ultra low volume (ULV) application is made in cotton. Use of ultra low volume (ULV) application on corn and hops is prohibited.

For aerial applications, the spray boom should be mounted on the aircraft so as to minimize drift caused by wingtip or rotor vortices. The minimum practical boom length should be used and must not exceed 75% of wing span or rotor diameter.

Use the largest droplet size consistent with good pest control. Formation of very small droplets may be minimized by appropriate nozzle selection, by orienting nozzles away from the air stream as much as possible, and by avoiding excessive spray boom pressure.

Spray should be released at the lowest height consistent with pest control and flight safety. Applications more than 10 feet above the crop canopy should be avoided.

Make aerial or ground applications when the wind velocity favors on target product deposition (approximately 3 to 10 mph). Do not apply when wind velocity exceeds 15 mph. Avoid applications when wind gusts approach 15 mph.

Risk of exposure to sensitive aquatic areas can be reduced by avoiding applications when wind direction is toward the aquatic area.

Do not cultivate within 10 feet of the aquatic area so as to allow growth of a vegetative filter strip. Low humidity and high temperatures increase the evaporation rate of spray droplets and therefore the likelihood of increased spray drift to aquatic areas. Avoid spraying during conditions of low humidity and/or high temperature.

Do not make aerial or ground applications during temperature inversions. Do not make aerial or ground applications to corn if heavy rainfall is imminent. Inversions are characterized by stable air and increasing temperatures with height above the ground. Mist or fog may indicate the presence of an inversion in humid areas. The applicator may detect the presence of an inversion by producing smoke and observing a smoke layer near the ground surface.

COTTON

PEST	DC	SAGE
FEST	LB Al/A	FL OZ/A
European Corn Borer	0.00.0.40	4004
Soybean (Banded) Thrips Tobacco Thrips	0.02-0. 10	1.3-6.4
Boll Weevil		
Bollworm		
Cabbage Looper		
Cotton Aphid		
Cotton Fleahopper		
Cotton Leafperforator		
Cutworms		l .
Fall Armyworm	0.04-0.10	2.6-6.4
Plant Bugs		
Saltmarsh Caterpillar		
Southern Garden Leafhopper		
Stink Bugs		
Tobacco Budworm		
Whitefly		
Yellow Striped Armyworm		
Beet Armyworm		•
Carmine Spider Mite		
Lygus Spp.	0.06-0.10	3.8-6.4
Pink Bollworm		
Twospotted Spider Mite		

RESTRICTIONS—Cotton

Do not apply more than 0.5 pound active per acre per season.

Do not apply within 14 days of harvest.

Do not graze livestock in treated areas or cut treated crops for feed.

Do not make more than 10 synthetic pyrethroid applications (of one product or combination of products) to a cotton crop in one growing season. Synthetic pyrethroid products include Ambush®, Ammo®, Asana® XL, Baythroid®, Brigade®, Capture®, Danitol®, Karate®, Mustang®, and Scout X-TRA®.

REMARKS—Cotton

Brigade 2 EC may be applied in water or refined vegetable oil (soybean/cottonseed).

Application in Water: Apply in a minimum of 5 gallons per acre with ground equipment or 1 gallon per acre by aircraft. When applying by air, 1 quart of emulsified oil may be substituted for one quart of water in the finished spray.

ULV Application: Apply the recommended rate of Brigade 2 EC in refined vegetable oil in a minimum of 1 quart of finished spray per acre with aircraft calibrated to give adequate coverage.

To Control Boll Weevil: Apply Brigade 2 EC at an interval of 3 to 4 days until pest numbers are reduced to acceptable levels.

To Control Mites and Aphids: Apply when pests first appear. Repeat as necessary to maintain control. Higher rates will be required once a damaging threshold is established. This product is not for sale or use in the State of California.

FIELD CORN (GRAIN AND SILAGE), POPCORN, FIELD CORN GROWN FOR SEED (AT PLANT USF)

PEST DOSAGE		SAGE	REMARKS		
Corn Rootworm Larvae Northern Southern Western	0.0046 pound active per 1,000 linear feet of row	0.30 fluid ounces per 1,000 linear feet of row	Apply as a 5 to 7 inch T-band treatment over an open seed furrow. Position the spray nozzle behind the planter shoe, in front of the press wheel centered over the row. Use the table below to determine the Brigade 2EC needs per acre. Apply in a minimum of 3 gallons of finished spray per acre. Mix Brigade 2EC with water or fertilizer in the following manner		

Army Cutworm Cutworm Species Grubs Seed Corn Beetle Seed Corn Maggot True Armyworm or Armyworm Species Wireworm	0.0023 to 0.0046 pound active per 1,000 linear feet of row	0.15 to 0.30 fluid ounces per 1,000 linear feet of row	Fill the spray tank approximately one-half full with water or liquid fertilizer, add the proper amount of Brigade 2EC, then add the rest of the water or fertilizer. Provide sufficient agitation during mixing and application to maintain a uniform spray mixture. Applications of Brigade 2EC alone or in recommended tank mixtures, in conjunction with in furrow pop-up fertilizers may be used. A jar compatibility test should be performed with appropriate ratio of Brigade 2EC and fertilizer to ensure mixture will stay in solution. Constant agitation should be maintained during mixing and application. Do not apply to soil where there is greater than 30% cover of crop residue remaining. Do not apply within 30 days of harvest Do not graze livestock in treated area or cut treated crops for feed within 30 days of treatment. Do not apply more than 0.1 pound active per acre per season as an at plant application.
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Row Spacings (inches)	40	38 ·	36	30
Brigade 2EC (pounds ai per acre)	0.060	0.064	0.069	0.080
Brigade 2EC (formulated ounces per acre)	3.9	4.1	4.4	5.12

FIELD CORN (GRAIN AND SILAGE), POPCORN, FIELD CORN GROWN FOR SEED (PRE & PPI)

Pest	Dos	age	Remarks
Black Cutworm White Grub Wireworm Seedcorn Maggot Armyworm spp. Stalkborer	0.047 to 0.062 LB Al/A Pre-Plant Incorporated (PPI)	3 to 4 FL OZ/A Pre-Plant Incorporated (PPI)	The 3- 4oz/A rate must be applied as PPI and can be tankmixed and applied with PPI herbicides. Incorporation of Brigade should not be any deeper than the intended planting depth and no deeper than 3 inches. Incorporation depth should be close to the intended seed planting depth.
Black Cutworm Armyworm spp. Stalkborer	0.040 LB Al/A Pre- Emergence (PRE)	2.56 FL OZ/A Pre- Emergence (PRE)	The 2.56 oz/A rate may be applied PRE and can be tankmixed and applied with PRE herbicides.

FIELD CORN (GRAIN AND SILAGE), POPCORN, FIELD CORN GROWN FOR SEED (FOLIAR USE)

PEST Aphids Army Cutworm Beet Armyworm Cereal Leaf Beetle Chinch Bug Common Stalk Borer Com Earworm Corn Rootworm Adults Cucumber Beetle Adult Cutworm Species European Corn Borer Fall Armyworm Flea Beetle Grasshoppers Greenbug Japanese Beetle Adult Sap Beetle Southern Armyworm Southern Corn Leaf Beetle Southwestern Com Borer Stinkbugs Tarnished Plant Bug Tarnished Plant Bug Tarnished Plant Bug	001.	r	
Aphids Army Cutworm Beet Armyworm Cereal Leaf Beetle Chinch Bug Common Stalk Borer Com Earworm Corn Rootworm Adults Cucumber Beetle Adult Cutworm Species European Corn Borer Fall Armyworm Flea Beetle Grasshoppers Greenbug Japanese Beetle Adult Sap Beetle Southern Armyworm Southern Corn Leaf Beetle Southwestern Corn Borer Stinkbugs Tarnished Plant Bug	PEST		
Armyworm of Armyworm Species Webworms Western Bean Cutworm	Aphids Army Cutworm Beet Armyworm Cereal Leaf Beetle Chinch Bug Common Stalk Borer Corn Earworm Corn Rootworm Adults Cucumber Beetle Adult Cutworm Species European Corn Borer Fall Armyworm Flea Beetle Grasshoppers Greenbug Japanese Beetle Adult Sap Beetle Southern Armyworm Southern Corn Leaf Beetle Southern Corn Borer Stinkbugs Tarnished Plant Bug True Armyworm or Armyworm Species Webworms	LB Al/A	FL OZ/A

Banks Grass Mite Carmine Mite Twospotted Spider Mite	0.08-0.10	5.12-6.4
1 -		

RESTRICTIONS—Corn

Do not apply more than 0.3 pound active per acre per season including pre & ppi, at plant, plus foliar applications.

Do not apply within 30 days of harvest.

Do not graze livestock in treated areas or cut treated crops for feed within 30 days of the last application. Use of ultra low volume (ULV) application on corn is prohibited.

Do not make aerial or ground applications to corn if heavy rainfall is imminent.

Use of Brigade 2EC on corn is prohibited in all coastal counties.

REMARKS—Corn

General: Apply in a minimum of 2-5 gallons of finished spray per acre by aircraft or in a minimum of 10 gallons per acre with ground equipment. To improve control by aircraft, use 5 gallons of finished spray per acre particularly when initial populations are heavier than normal. When applying by air, 1-2 quarts of emulsified oil may be substituted for 1-2 quarts of water in the finished spray. Thorough coverage is essential to achieve control.

To control ear-attacking pests: Apply Brigade 2 EC just before silking and repeat as necessary to maintain control.

Southwestern Corn Borer, European Corn Borer: Make application for corn borer control with initial application at or shortly before egg hatch.

For control of other insect pests: Apply when pests first appear and repeat as necessary.

For Control of Mites: Apply for Banks Grass Mite control when colonies first form prior to leaf damage or discoloration and before dispersal above the bottom third of the plant.

For Twospotted Spider Mite and Carmine Mite control, apply when colonies first form prior to leaf damage or discoloration and before widespread mite dispersal throughout the canopy.

Higher rates will be necessary for heavier initial populations and corn under heat or drought stress. Field experience with dimethoate at 0.5 lb. active per acre in tank mixture has demonstrated good control under these conditions.

For mite control in Texas, New Mexico, Oklahoma, Arizona: Apply in a minimum of 5 gallons of finished spray per acre by aircraft or in a minimum of 10 gallons per acre with ground equipment.

SWEET CORN (GRAIN AND SILAGE) SWEET CORN GROWN FOR SEED (AT PLANT USE)

Com Rootworm Larvae Northern Southern Western Army Cutworm Cutworm Species Grubs Seed Corn Beetle Seed Corn Maggot True Armyworm or Armyworm Species Wireworm Armyworm Species Wireworm True Armyworm of Armyworm True Armyworm Armyorm Species Wireworm True Armyworm or Armyworm Species Wireworm DosAGE O.0046 pound active per 1,000 linear feet of row O.0023 to 0.0046 pound active per 1,000 linear feet of row O.0046 pound active per 1,000 linear feet of row O.0046 pound active per 1,000 linear feet of row O.0047 Armyworm or Armyworm or Armyworm Species Wireworm Armyworm Species Wireworm Do not apply to soil where there is greater than 30% cover of crop residue remaining. Do not apply within 30 days of harvest. Do not apply within 30 days of harvest. Do not apply more than 0.1 pound active per acre per season as an at plant application.				ET CORN GROWN FOR SEED (AT PLANT U
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Northern Southern Western Army Cutworm Cutworm Species Grubs Seed Corn Beetle Seed Corn Maggot True Armyworm or Armyworm Species	0.0046 pound active per 1,000 linear feet of row 0.0023 to 0.0046 pound active per 1,000 linear feet	0.30 fluid ounces per 1,000 linear feet of row 0.15 to 0.30 fluid ounces per 1,000 linear feet	furrow. Position the spray nozzle behind the planter shoe, in front of the press wheel centered over the row. Use the table below to determine the Brigade 2EC needs per acre. Apply in a minimum of 3 gallons of finished spray per acre. Mix Brigade 2EC with water or fertilizer in the following manner. Fill the spray tank approximately one-half full with water or liquid fertilizer, add the proper amount of Brigade 2EC, then add the rest of the water or fertilizer. Provide sufficient agitation during mixing and application to maintain a uniform spray mixture. Applications of Brigade 2EC alone or in recommended tank mixtures, in conjunction with in furrow pop-up fertilizers may be used. A jar compatibility test should be performed with appropriate ratio of Brigade 2EC and fertilizer to ensure mixture will stay in solution. Constant agitation should be maintained during mixing and application. Do not apply to soil where there is greater than 30% cover of crop residue remaining. Do not apply within 30 days of harvest. Do not apply within 30 days of treatment. Do not apply more than 0.1 pound active per acre per season

Row Spacings (inches)	40	38	36	30
Brigade 2EC (pounds ai per acre)	0.060	0.064	0.069	0.080
Brigade 2EC (formulated ounces per acre)	3.9	4.1	4.4	5.12

SWEET CORN (GRAIN AND SILAGE) SWEET CORN **GROWN FOR SEED (FOLIAR USE)**

GROWN FOR SEED				
PEST	DOSAGE			
	LB Al/A	FL OZ/A		
Aphids	1	1		
Army Cutworm	0.033-0.10	2.1-6.4		
Beet Armyworm	1			
Cereal Leaf Beetle				
Chinch Bug	ļ			
Common Stalk Borer				
Corn Earworm				
Corn Rootworm Adults	·			
Cucumber Beetle Adult				
Cutworm Species		1		
European Corn Borer		t .		
Fall Armyworm				
Flea Beetle				
Grasshoppers				
Greenbug				
Japanese Beetle Adult				
Sap Beetle				
Southern Armyworm	,			
Southern Corn Leaf Beetle				
Southwestern Corn Borer		ļ		
Stinkbugs				
Tarnished Plant Bug				
True Armyworm or				
Armyworm Species				
Webworms		·		
Western Bean Cutworm				
Yellowstriped Armyworm	,			
Banks Grass Mite				
Carmine Mite	0.00.040	540.04		
Twospotted Spider Mite	0.08-0.10	5.12-6.4		

RESTRICTIONS—Sweet Corn

Do not apply more than 0.2 pounds active ingredient (12.8 ounces formulated) per acre per season.

Do not apply within one day of harvest.

Do not graze livestock in treated areas or cut treated crops for feed within 1 day of the last application.

Use of ultra low volume (ULV) application on corn is prohibited.

Do not make aerial or ground applications to corn if heavy rainfall is imminent.

Use of Brigade 2EC is prohibited in all coastal counties.

REMARKS—Sweet Corn

General: Apply in a minimum of 2 gallons of finished spray per acre by air or in a minimum of 10 gallons per acre with ground equipment. When applying by air, 1-2 quarts of emulsified oil may be substituted for 1-2 quarts of water in the finished spray. Thorough coverage is essential to achieve control.

To control ear-attacking pests: Apply Brigade® 2EC when silking begins and repeat as necessary to maintain control.

Southwestern Corn Borer, European Corn Borer: Make 2 applications for corn borer control with the initial application at or shortly before egg hatch.

For control of other insect pests: Apply when pests first appear and repeat as necessary. For Control of Mites:

Apply for Banks Grass Mite control when colonies first form prior to leaf damage or discoloration and before dispersal above the bottom third of the plant.

For Twospotted Spider Mite and Carmine Mite control, apply when colonies first form prior to leaf damage or discoloration and before widespread mite dispersal throughout the canopy.

Higher rates will be necessary for heavier initial populations and corn under heat or drought stress.

SUCCULENT PEAS AND BEANS

300COLLNI FLAS A	T	DOS	SAGE		
CROP	PEST	LB/AI/A	FLOZ/A	REMARKS ·	
Pea (Pisum spp.):	Flea Beetle	0.025 - 0.10	1.6 - 6.4	Apply in a minimum of 2 gallons	
Dwarf pea,	Grasshoppers			of finished spray per acre by air	
Edible-pod pea,	Aster			or in a minimum of 10 gallons	
English pea,	Leafhopper			per acre with ground	
Garden pea,	Leafhoppers			equipment. When applying by	
Green pea,	1 "			air, 1-2 quarts of emulsified oil	
Snow pea,	Aphids	0.033 - 0.10	2.1 - 6.4	may be substituted for 1-2	
Sugar snap pea	Beet Armyworm	·		quarts of water in the finished	
Pigeon pea	Fall Armyworm			spray. Thorough coverage is	
Bean (Phaseolus spp.):	Southern Armyworm			essential to achieve control.	
Broadbean (succulent)	Yellowstriped Armyworm				
Lima bean (green)	Bean Leaf Beetle			Do not apply more than 0.2 lb.	
Runner bean,	Cucumber Beetles			active ingredient (12.8 ounces	
Snap bean,	Japanese beetle			formulated) per acre per	
Wax bean Bean (Vigna spp.):	Adult Sap Beetle			season.	
Asparagus bean,	Plant Bug		ļ		
Blackeyed pea	Stink Bugs			Do not apply within 3 days of	
Chinese longbean,	Tarnished Plant Bug			harvest.	
Cowpea,	Alfalfa Caterpillar	•	1	1	
Moth bean,	Cloverworm				
Southern pea	European Corn Borer			,	
Yardlong bean	Cutworms		}	<u> </u>	
Jackbean	Western Bean Cutworm				
Soybean (immature seed)	Corn Earworm				
Sword bean	Loopers				
· ·	Corn Rootworm Adult				
	Thrips				
	Webworms				
· ·	Pea Weevil				
	Pea Leaf Weevil				
	Whitefly		Ì		
Į	Grasshoppers			l'	
			L		
	Banks Grass	0.08 - 0.10	5.12 - 6.4	1.	
٠.	Mite				
	Twospotted				
	Spider Mite	-			
	Carmine Mite		1		
İ	Lygus Spp			,	
,			l	<u> </u>	

BRASSICAS

		DO	SAGE	
CROP	PEST	LB/AI/A	FLOZ/A	REMARKS
Head and Stem Brassica Vegetables including: Broccoli Chinese Broccoli (gailon, white flowering broccoli) Brussels Sprouts Cauliflower Cavalo broccolo Kohlrabi Cabbage Chinese Cabbage (napa) Chinese Mustard Cabbage (gai choy)	Cutworms Corn Earworm Tobacco Budworm Saltmarsh Caterpillar Leafhoppers Flea Beetles Imported Cabbageworm Cucumber Beetles Aphids Whitefly Armyworms Loopers Stink Bugs Crickets Ground Beetles Thrips Wireworm (adults) Diamondback Moth	0.033 - 0.10	2.1 - 6.4	Apply in a minimum of 2 gallons of finished spray per acre by air or in a minimum of 10 gallons per acre with ground equipment. When applying by air, 1-2 quarts of emulsified oil may be substituted for 1-2 quarts of water in the finished spray. Thorough coverage is essential to achieve control. Do not apply more than 0.5 lb. active ingredient (1 quart) per acre per season. Do not make more than 5 applications after bloom. Do not make applications less than 7 days apart.
	Banks Grass Mite Twospotted Spider Mite Carmine Mite Pacific Spider Mite Lygus Spp.	0.08 - 0.10	5.12 - 6.4	Do not apply within 7 days of harvest.

CANOLA, CRAMBE, RAPESEED

		DOS/	AGE	
CROP	PEST	LB/Al/A	FLOZ/A	REMARKS
Canola Crambe Rapeseed	Aphids Cutworms Diamondback Moth Loopers Other Lepidopterous Larvae Flea Beetle Flea Hopper Grasshopper Plant Bug Stink Bugs Seedpod Weevil Thrips Whitefly Armyworms	0.033 - 0.04	2.1 – 2.6	Apply in a minimum of 2 gallons of finished spray per acre by air or in a minimum of 10 gallons per acre with ground equipment. When applying by air, 1-2 quarts of emulsified oil may be substituted for 1-2 quarts of water in the finished spray. Thorough coverage is essential to achieve control. Do not apply more than 0.08 lb active ingredient (5.12 ounces) per acre per season. Do not make applications less than 14 days apart. Do not apply within 35 days of harvest.

CUCURBITS

•	·	DO:	SAGE		
CROP	PEST	LB/AI/A	FLOZ/A	REMARKS	
Chayote (fruit) Chinese waxgourd (Chinese preserving melon) Citron melon Cucumber Gherkin Gourd, edible (includes hyotan, cucuzza) (Luffa spp.) (includes hechima, Chinese okra) (Momordica spp.) (includes balsam apple, balsam pear, bitter melon, Chinese cucumber) Muskmelon (hybrids and/or cultivars of Cucumis melo) (includes true cantaloupe, cantaloupe, casaba, crenshaw melon, golden pershaw melon, honeydew melon, honey balls, mango melon, Persian melon, pineapple melon, Santa Claus melon, and snake melon)	Aphids Cutworms Cabbage Looper Leafhoppers Cucumber Beetles Squash Bugs Melonworm Pickleworm Plant Bug Stink Bugs Rindworm Squash Vine Borer Armyworms Corn Earworm Tobacco Budworm Grasshopper	0.04 - 0.10	2.6 - 6.4	Apply in a minimum of 5 gallons of finished spray per acre by air or in a minimum of 20 gallons per acre with ground equipment. When applying by air, 1-2 quarts of emulsified oil may be substituted for 1-2 quarts of water in the finished spray. Thorough coverage is essential to achieve control. Do not apply more than 0.3 lb active ingredient (19.2 ounces formulated) per acre per season. Do not make more than two applications after bloom.	
Pumpkin (Cucurbita spp.) Squash, summer (includes crookneck squash, scallop squash, straightneck squash, vegetable marrow, zucchini) Squash, winter (includes butternut squash, calabaza, hubbard squash (C. mixta; C. pepo) includes acorn squash, spaghetti squash) Watermelon (includes hybrids and/or varieties of Citrullus spp.).	Whitefly Banks Grass Mite Twospotted Spider Mite Carmine Mite Lygus Spp.	0.08 - 0.10	5.12 - 6.4	Do not make applications less than 7 days apart. Do not apply within 3 days of harvest.	

EGGPLANT

		DOSA	\GE	
CROP:	PEST	LB/AI/A	FLOZ/A	REMARKS
Eggplant	Colorado Potato Beetle Corn Earworm European Corn Borer Flea Beetle Cucumber Beetle Cabbage Looper Tomato Pinworm Tomato Hornworm Vegetable Leafminer Whitefly Armyworms Plant Bug Stink Bug Thrips	0.033 - 0.10	2.1 - 6.4	Apply in a minimum of 2 gallons of finished spray per acre by air or in a minimum of 10 gallons per acre with ground equipment. When applying by air, 1-2 quarts of emulsified oil may be substituted for 1-2 quarts of water in the finished spray. Thorough coverage is essential to achieve control. Do not make applications less than 7 days apart. Do not apply more than 0.2 lb

Banks Grass Mite Twospotted Spider Mite Carmine Mite Pacific Spider Mite Lygus Spp.	0.08 - 0.10	5.12 - 6.4	active ingredient (12.8 ounces formulated) per acre per season. Do not apply within 7 days of harvest.
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LETTUCE, HEAD

• •	DOS	AGE	
_ PEST	LB/AI/A	FLOZ/A	REMARKS
Aphids Armyworms Corn earworm Cucumber Beetles Cutworms Diamondback Moth Flea Beetles Imported Cabbageworm Leafhoppers Loopers Salt Marsh Caterpillar Stink bug Spp. Tobacco Budworm Whitefly	0.033 - 0.10	2.1 - 6.4	Apply in water as necessary for insect control using a minimum of 15 gallons of finished spray per acre with ground equipment and 5 gallons per acre by air. When applying by air, 1-2 quarts of emulsified oil may be substituted for 1-2 quarts of water in the finished spray. Thorough coverage is essential to achieve control. Do not make applications less than 7 days apart. A maximum of 0.5 lb. active ingredient may be applied per acre per season. Do not apply within 7 days of harvest.
Lygus Spp. Carmine Mite Two Spotted Spider Mite	0.08 - 0.10	5.12 - 6.4	

CANEBERRIES

		DOS	AGE	
CROP	PEST	LB/AI/A	FLOZ/A	REMARKS
Caneberries Including: Blackberries Bingleberries	Leafrollers Orange Tortrix Root Weevils	0.05 - 0.10	3.2 - 6.4	Apply by air or ground equipment using sufficient water to obtain full coverage of foliage. (minimum of 10 gallons
Dewberries Lowberries Marionberries Olallieberries Youngberries Loganberries Raspberries	Raspberry Crown Borer Spider Mites	0.10	6.4	per acre by air and 50 gallons per acre by ground). One application may be made pre-bloom and a second application may be made post bloom.
			,	For Crown Borer, apply 0.1 lb ai/a post harvest (fall) or pre-bloom (spring), as a drench application directed at the crown of plants in a minimum of 200 gallons water/ acre. Greater efficacy is observed at
				higher water gallonages (up to 400 gallons/a) or in an application prior to a significan rainfall event. Do not make bot pre-bloom foliar and pre-bloom drench applications.
				Do not apply within 3 days of harvest.
·				Do not exceed 0.2 lb ai per acriper season.

ARTICHOKE

	DOS	AGE	
PEST	LB/AI/A	FLOZ/A	REMARKS
Cribrate Weevil Artichoke Plume Moth	0.10	6.4	Apply when pest population reaches damaging threshold and repeat as necessary to maintain control, but not more often than 15 day intervals.
			Application by ground: Apply a full cover spray in a minimum of 75 gallons of finished spray per acre.
			Application by air: Apply specified dosage in a minimum of 10 gallons per acre.
			Do not exceed 0.5 lb ai per acre per season. A 5-day preharvest interval must be observed.

PEPPERS, BELL AND NON-BELL

	DOS	AGE	
PEST	LB/Al/A	FLOZ/A	REMARKS
Armyworms Corn earworm Cucumber Beetles Cutworms European Corn Borer Flea Beetles Leafminers Loopers Pepper Weevil Thrips Whitefly	0.033 - 0.10	2.1 - 6.4	Apply using sufficient water to obtain uniform coverage. Apply as needed. Apply with ground equipment using a minimum of 10 gallons of finished spray per acre or a minimum of 2 gallons per acre by aircraft. Do not make applications less than 7 days apart. Do not apply more than 0.20 pound active ingredient per acre per season. Do not apply within 7 days of harvest.
Lygus Spp. Broad Mite Carmine Mite Two Spotted Spider Mite	0.08 - 0.10	5.12 - 6.4	

HOPS

	DOS	AGE	
PEST	LB/AI/A	FLOZ/A	REMARKS
Aphids Armyworms	0.06 - 0.10	3.8 - 6.4	Do not exceed 0.1 lb ai per acre per application.
Cutworms Leafrollers			Do not exceed 0.3 lb ai per acre per season.
Loopers			A spray interval of 21 days between applications must be maintained.
Root Weevils	0.05 - 0.10	3.2 - 6.4	-A 14 day pre-harvest interval must be observed.
Twospotted spider mite	0.10	6.4	Application by ground: For best results, full coverage is essential Early season recommend 100-150 gallons of spray per acre. Late season recommend 200-250 gallons of spray per acre.
			For Root Weevil control, make a directed spray to the base of the plant. Spray up the vine 3 feet and the soil surface 1.5 to 2 feet on either side of the plant.
٠.		,	Application by air for late season control of twospotted spider mites: Apply no less than 6.4 ôz. (0.1 lb ai) per application in a minimum of 10 gallons per acre.
			Use of ultra low volume (ULV) application on hops is prohibited.

PEARS

·	DOS	AGE	
PEST	LB/AI/A	FLOZ/A	REMARKS
Aphids Codling Moth Cutworms Green Fruitworm Leafhoppers Leafminers Leafrollers Lygus spp. Plant Bugs Plum Curculio San Jose Scale (Crawlers) Stink Bugs Tarnished Plant Bugs	0.04 to 0.20	2.6 to12.8	Application by ground: Apply as a dilute (minimum of 200 gallons of finished spray per acre) or concentrate (minimum of 50 gallons of finished spray per acre) spray in sufficient water to provide thorough coverage. Application by air: Apply the specified dosage in a minimum of 10 gallons per acre by air. Do not apply more than 0.5 pound active per acre per season with no more than 0.45 pound active per acre applied after petal fall. Apply as necessary to maintain control using a minimum of 30 day spray interval. Apply up to 14 days prior to harvest.
Twospotted Spider Mite Yellow Mite	0.06 - 0.20	3.8 to 12.8	Do not graze livestock in treated orchards or cut treated cover crops for feed.
European Red Mite	0.08 - 0.20	5.12 to 12.8	

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Insects Controlled	Rate of Application	Method of Application
Diaprepes Root Weevil (Diaprepes abbreviatus) Southern Blue Green Citrus Root Weevil (Pachnaeus litus) Blue Green Citrus Root Weevil (Pachnaeus opalus) Brown Leaf Notcher (Epicaerus mexicanus) Little Leaf Notcher (Artipus floridanus)	16 - 32 fluid ounces (0.25 - 0.50 pound active) per acre	Apply Brigade 2EC by ground equipment to bare soil beneath citrus trees. Brigade 2EC must be uniformly applied from the trunk to the drip line of tree; apply in a minimum of 40 gallons of dilute spray per acre. Greater spray volume should insure greater uniformity of coverage. A pre- and post-application irrigation may aid in the uniformity of coverage as well. Brigade 2EC protects citrus tree roots from Diaprepes and other citrus root weevil feeding by forming a barrier which provides contact activity on newly hatched larvae (neonates). As citrus root weevil eggs hatch in new foliage, neonates fall to the soil surface beneath the tree and come in contact with Brigade 2EC as they attempt to burrow into the root zone. Disturbance of the soil beneath trees should be minimized. Timing of Brigade 2EC applications is critical. Current information suggests that peak emergence of adult Diaprepes Weevil varies by citrus growing region and these
Fire ants (Solenopsis spp.) Asian cockroach (Blattélla asahinae)	6.4 - 16 fluid ounces (0.1 - 0.25 pound active) per acre.	emergence peaks can be dramatically affected by environmental factors, such as soil moisture. Typically, two peaks are observed for Diaprepes, first in spring then late summer or early fall. Southern Blue- Green and Blue-Green Citrus Weevils and Fuller Rose Beetle typically exhibit a single emergence peak in the spring. Brown and Little Leaf Notchers typically exhibit three emergence peaks, spring, summer and fall. Since emergence varies seasonally and by location, timing of Brigade 2EC application can be accurately forecast by observing adults. Adults are most active early morning and late afternoon; numbers can be estimated by trapping throughout spring and summer (emergence periods). Egg laying will occur for 8 to 10 weeks following adult emergence from the soil, larval invasion of the soil will begin 2-3 weeks following adult emergence. It is critical to have the Brigade 2EC soil barrier in place prior to drop of the neonates.
		Brigade 2EC is one of several effective tools in an integrated pest management program for Citrus Root Weevils. Application of Brigade 2EC should be used in conjunction with good cultural practices, biological control of larvae and foliar control of adults. Consult local university extension personnel for current information to protect citrus trees from Citrus Root Weevils and other pests. Additional Instructions: Apply to individual citrus resets, when not in solid planted rows, using hand-gun or shielded sprayer.
		Peak emergence of Diaprepes root weevil generally occurs in the spring. Depending on weather conditions, a minor emergence of Diaprepes root weevil may also occur in the fall.
		If the citrus grove to be treated is in an area where weather conditions are conducive to primary emergence occurring in the spring, 32 fluid ounces formulated product should be used to obtain the longest residual management of Diaprepes root weevil. If the citrus grove to be treated is in an area where weather conditions will promote more than one peak of pest emergence, 16 fluid ounces formulated product can be applied early season and 16 fluid ounces formulated product can be applied later in the season.

Do not apply through irrigation systems.

Do not allow any application of Brigade 2EC to contact fruit or foliage.

Do not apply more than a total of 32 fluid ounces of formulated product (0.5 lb. a.i.)per acre per year.

Apply the specified dosage in a minimum of 40 gallons of finished spray per acre. .

Ground application only. Do not apply by air.

TOMATOES (1 day phi

Aphids Armyworms Including: Beet Armyworm, Fall Armyworm, Fall Armyworm, Southern Yellowstriped Armyworm Bean Leaf Beetle Cabbageworm Camine Mite Cloverworm Corn earworm Corn Rootworm Cucumber Beetles Cutworms Diamondback Moth European Corn Borer Flea Beetles Flea Hopper Grasshopper Japanese Beetle (Adult) Leafhoppers Loopers Lygus Spp. Melonworm Pea Weevil Pea Leaf Weevil Pickleworm Plant Bug Rindworm Salt Marsh Caterpillar Sap Beetle Seedpod Weevil Squash Bugs	I - 5.2 fluid ounces (0.033 - active) per acre.		control using a finished spray equipment.	as necessary for minimum of 15 g per acre with gro erage is essential	gallons of ound
Including: Beet Armyworm, Fall Armyworm, Southern Yellowstriped Armyworm Bean Leaf Beetle Cabbageworm Carmine Mite Cloverworm Com Rootworm Cucumber Beetles Cutworms Diamondback Moth European Corn Borer Flea Beetles Flea Hopper Grasshoper Japanese Beetle (Adult) _eafhoppers _oopers _ygus Spp. Melonworm Pea Weevil Pea Leaf Weevil Pickleworm Plant Bug Rindworm Salt Mārsh Caterpillar Sap Beetle Seedpod Weevil	active) per acre.		finished spray equipment. Thorough cove	per acre with gro	ound .
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Stink bug Spp.					
Tobacco Budworm					
Tarnished Plant Bug		Ī			
Thrips					
Two Spotted Spider Mite					
Whitefly		1			
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Spinach (40 day phi)

Insects Controlled	Rate of Application	Method of Application
Colorado Potato Beetle Tomato Pinworm Tomato Hornworm Armyworms Corn earworm Cucumber Beetles Cutworms European Corn Borer Flea Beetles Leafminers Loopers Pepper Weevil Thrips Whitefly	2.1 to 6.4 ounces (0.033 to 0.10 pound active) per acre	For control of whiteflies apply foliar treatments of Brigade® insecticide by ground or air at rates of up to 0.4 pt. (0.1 lb active) per acre at minimum 7- day intervals up to a maximum of 4 applications. Do not apply within 40 days of harvest. For control of fire ants apply Brigade® insecticide to the soil (at planting) or as a foliar treatment by ground or air at rates of up to 0.4 pt. (0.1 lb active) per acre at minimum 7-day intervals up to a maximum of 4 applications. Do not apply within 40 days of harvest. Apply the specified dosage in 5-50 gallons of finished spray per acre by air or 10-50 gallons finished spray per acre by ground.
Broad Mite Banks Grass Mite Twospotted Spider Mite Carmine Mite Pacific Spider Mite Lygus Spp. Fire Ants Do not make applications less than 7 days apa	5.12 to 6.4 ounces (0.08 to 0.10 pound active) per acre	

GRAPES

	DOS	AGE	
PEST	LB/AI/A	FLOZ/A	. REMARKS
Cutworms Eastern grape leafhopper Grape berry moth Japanese beetles adults Variegated leafhopper Western grape leafhopper	0.05 - 0.10	3.2 - 6.4	Apply in a minimum of 10 gallons of finished spray by air or in a minimum of 25 gallons of finished spray with ground equipment. When applying by air, 1 to 2 quarts of emulsified oil may be substituted for 1 to 2 quarts of water in the finished spray. Thorough coverage is essential to achieve control.
Black vine weevil Glassywinged sharpshooter Twospotted spider mite	0.10	6.4	When pest pressure is moderate to severe, use higher rate. Do not apply more than 0.10 lb ai per acre per season. Do not apply within 30 days of harvest.

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PEST		REMARKS	
	LBS Al/A	FL OZ/A	. (
Armyworms Corn earworm Cucumber Beetles Cutworms European Corn Borer Flea Beetles Leafminers Loopers Thrips Whitefly	0.033 to 0.10	2.1 to 6.4	Apply using sufficient water to obtain uniform coverage. Apply as needed. Apply with ground equipment using a minimum of 10 gallons of finished spray per acre or a minimum of 2 gallons per acre by aircraft. Do not make applications less than 7 days apart.
Aphids Japanese Beetle (Adult), Stink bugs Lygus Spp.	0.08 to 0.10	5.12 to 6.4	Do not apply more than 0.20 pound active ingredient per acre per season.
Broad Mite Carmine Mite Two Spotted Spider Mite			Do not apply within 7 days of harvest.

CILANTRO, CORIANDER

PEST		REMARKS	
	LBS AI/A	FL OZ/A	
Spotted Cucumber Beetle Beet Armyworm Cabbage Looper Aphids Whitefly Flea beetle Thrips Leafminer Cutworm Grasshoppers Saltmarsh caterpillar	0.033 to 0.10	2.1 to 6.4	Apply using sufficient water to obtain uniform coverage. Apply as needed. Apply with ground equipment using a minimum of 10 gallons of finished spray peacre or a minimum of 2 gallons per acre by aircraft. Do not make applications less than 7 days apart. Do not apply more than 0.50 pound active ingredient per acre per season.
Two Spotted Spider Mite	0.08 to 0.10	5.12 to 6.4	Do not apply within 3 days of harvest.

DRIED BEANS AND PEAS

CROP	PEST	DO	SAGE	REMARKS	
		LBS AI/A	FL OZ/A		
Dried cultivars of: Bean (Lupinus) Bean (Phaseolus) Field bean Kidney bean Lima bean (dry) Navy bean Pinto bean Tepary bean Bean (Vigna) Adzuki bean Blackeyed pea Catjang Cowpea Cowpea Crowder pea Moth bean Mung bean Rice bean Southern pea Urd bean Broad bean (dry) Chickpea Guar Lablab bean Lentil Pea (Piscum) Field pea	Flea Beetle Gracshoppers Aster Leafhopper Leafhoppers Aphids Beet Armyworm Fall Armyworm Southern Armyworm Yellowstriped Armyworm Bean Leaf Beetle Cucumber Beetles Japanese beetle Adult Sap Beetle Plant Bug Stink Bugs Tarnished Plant Bug Alfalfa Caterpillar Cloverworm European Corn Borer Cutworms Western Bean Cutworm Corn Earworm Loopers Corn Rootworm Adult Thrips Webworms Pea Weevil Pea Leaf Weevil Whitefly Imported			Apply in a minimum of 2 gallons of finished spray per acre by air or in a minimum of 10 gallons per acre with ground equipment. When applying by air, 1-2 quarts of emulsified oil may be substituted for 1-2 quarts of water in the finished spray. Thorough coverage is essential to achieve control. Do not apply more than 0.2 lb. active ingredient (12.8 ounces formulated) to peas, or 0.3 active ingredient (19.2 ounces formulated) to beans per acre per season. Do not apply within 14 days of harvest. Do not make applications less than 7 days apart.	
·	cabbageworm Saltmarsh caterpillar Tobacco budworm Leafminer				
,	Grasshoppers Mexican Bean Beetle Banks Grass Mite Twospotted Spider Mite Carmine Mite Lygus Spp	0.08 to 0.10	5.12 to 6.4		

LEAFY BRASSICAS

CROP	CROP PEST		AGE	REMARKS
		LBS Al/A	FL OZ/A	1 .
Broccoli Raab Bok Choy Collards Kale Mizuna Mustard Greens Mustard Spinach Rape Greens	Cutworms Corn Earworm Tobacco Budworm Saltmarsh Caterpillar Leafhoppers Flea Beetles Imported Cabbageworm Cucumber Beetles Aphids Whitefly Armyworms Loopers Stink Bugs Crickets Ground Beetles Thrips Wireworm (adults) Diamondback Moth Japanese Beetle (adult) Grasshoppers Aphids Banks Grass Mite Twospotted Spider Mite Carmine Mite Pacific Spider Mite Lygus Spp.	0.033 to 0.10	2.1 to 6.4 5.12.to 6.4	Apply in a minimum of 2 gallons of finished spray per acre by air or in a minimum of 10 gallons per acre with ground equipment. When applying by air, 1-2 quarts of emulsified oil may be substituted for 1-2 quarts of water in the finished spray. Thorough coverage is essential to achieve control. Do not apply more than 0.4 lb. active ingredient per acre per season. Do not make applications less than 7 days apart. Do not apply within 7 days of harvest

TUBEROUS AND CORM VEGETABLES

CROP	PEST	DO	SAGE	REMARKS
		LBS AI/A	FL OZ/A	· .
Potato Sweet potato Arracacha Arrowroot Chinese artichoke Jerusalem artichoke Edible canna Cassava (bitter and sweet) Chayote (root) Chufa Dasheen (taro) Ginger Leren Tanier Turmer Yam bean True yam	Com wireworm Tobacco wireworm Southern potato wireworm Japanese beetle grubs June beetle Sweetpotato flea beetle Cucumber beetle Sweetpotato weevil Banded Cucumber beetle Black flea beetle Whitefringed beetle White grub Sugarcane beetle Rootworms	0.30 (at-plant) 0.05 to 0.15 (lay-by) 0.033 to 0.10 (foliar)	19.2 (at-plant) 3.2 to 9.6 (lay-by) 2.1 to 6.4 (foliar)	Brigade may be applied as an in-furrow planting time treatment for the control of wireworms, rootworms and white grubs. Apply Brigade at the rate of 0.3 pounds active per acre as an infurrow spray or T-band spray at planting time. Brigade may be applied as a lay-by treatment for the control of wireworms, rootworms and white grubs. Apply Brigade to the drill area and cover with soil utilizing cultivation equipment se to throw soil to the drill area. Apply Brigade as a banded spray over the row at a rate of 0.05-0.15 pounds active per acre (3.2 to 9.6 ounces formulated) in 10 gallons per acre of spray. Brigade may be applied as a foliar spray for the control of the adult life stages of flea beetles, click beetles (wireworms), cucumber beetles (rootworms), white fringed beetles and May/June beetles (white grubs). Apply Brigade at the rate of 0.1 lbs active per acre (6.4 ounces formulated) in 10 gallons of spray by ground and 3 gallons of spray by air. Do not make more than 2 foliar applications per season no sooner than 21 days apart.

TOBACCO

CROP	PEST	DO	SAGE	REMARKS	
		LBS AI/A	FL OZ/A		
Tobacco	Cutworm ssp. Tobacco Flea Beetle (larvae) White Grubs Wireworms Mole Crickets Armyworm spp. Stalkborers	0.0625 - 0.10	4.0 - 6.4	Pre-transplant soil applications: Apply 0.0625- 0.1 lb ai/A in a minimum of 10 gal/A to control soil pests. Use of suitable equipment to incorporate into top 4" of the soil is required to control below ground pests. At-transplant water treatment application: Apply 0.0625- 0.1 lb ai/A in a water treatment application volume of 10-200 gal/A.	
	Aphid spp. Armyworm spp. Flea Beetle (Adults) Chinch Bugs Stink Bugs Japanese Beetles Grasshoppers Cutworm spp. Tarnished Plant Bugs Green Bugs Thrips Whiteflies Tobacco budworm Tobacco hornworm Saltmarsh caterpillar Cucumber beetle	0.04- 0.10	2.56 - 6.4	Foliar applications: Apply 0.04- 0.10 lb ai/A per foliar application up to, and including, layby in a minimum of 10 gal/A. Do not make more than 2 foliar applications per season.	
	Spider mites Lygus spp.	0.1	6.4	-	

Do not apply more than 0.2 lb ai/A per season.

Do not apply later than layby.

May be tank mixed with Command, Spartan and other herbicides approved for tobacco use.

LEAFY PETIOLE VEGETABLES

		DO:	SAGE		
CROP	PEST	LB/AI/A	FLOZ/A	REMARKS	
Celery Cardoon Chinese celery Celtuce Florence fennel Rhubarb Swiss chard	Cutworms Corn Earworm Leafhoppers Flea Beetles Imported Cabbageworm Cucumber Beetles Aphids Armyworms Loopers Stink Bugs Crickets Ground Beetles Thrips Wireworm (adults) Diamondback Moth	0.033 - 0.10	2.1 - 6.4	Apply in a minimum of 2 gallons of finished spray per acre by air or in a minimum of 10 gallons per acre with ground equipment. Thorough coverage is essential to achieve control. Do not apply more than 0.5 lb. active ingredient (1 quart) per acre per season. Do not make applications less than 7 days apart. Do not apply within 7 days of harvest.	
	Twospotted Spider Mite Carmine Mite Pacific Spider Mite Lygus Spp.	0.08 - 0.10	5.12 - 6.4		

BUSHBERRIES

		DOS	AGE	
CROP	PEST	LB/Al/A	FLOZ/A	REMARKS
Blueberry, highbush and lowbush Currant Elderberry Goosseberry Huckleberry	Blueberry maggot, Fruitworms, Plum curculio Leaf rollers Spanworm Leafhoppers Japanese beeltle Aphids	0.033 - 0.10	2.1 - 6.4	Apply in a minimum of 2 gallons of finished spray per acre by air or in a minimum of 10 gallons per acre with ground equipment. Thorough coverage is essential to achieve control. Do not apply more than 0.5 lb. active ingredient (1 quart) per acre per season. Do not make applications less than 7 days apart.
		•		Do not apply within 1 day of harvest.
	Twospotted Spider Mite Carmine Mite Pacific Spider Mite Lygus Spp.	0.08 - 0.10	5.12 - 6.4	

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