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279-3209

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UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20460

301-570241
1762

OCT 28 1999

OFFICE OF
PREVENTION, PESTICIDES AND
TOXIC SUBSTANCES

Mr. George L. Meindl
Registration Manager
FMC Corporation
APG Specialty Products Business
1735 Market Street
Philadelphia, PA 19103

Subject: Label Amendment: Expansion of Use Pattern
Prevail PTC Termiticide
EPA Reg. No. 279-3209
FMC Corporation Submission Dated September 16, 1999

Dear Mr. Meindl:

The application for registration referred to above, submitted in connection with registration under the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide and Rodenticide Act, as amended, is acceptable provided you make the labeling changes indicates below:

- I. The product name should be revised since it is not longer just a termiticide. We suggest expanding the name to read, "Prevail PTC Termiticide/Insecticide." Likewise the user statement on the front panel should be revised as follow: "... apply termiticide/pesticide products" and " Consult the Pest Control Regulatory Agency". These same changes should be made to the Prevail TC Termiticide EPA Reg. No. 279-3131.

Submit 2 copies of the final printed label prior to release of the product for shipment. A copy of the stamped approved label is enclosed for your records. If you have any questions, please contact Linda Werrell of my team at (703) 308-8033.

Sincerely,

A handwritten signature in cursive script, appearing to read "George T. LaRocca".

George T. LaRocca
Product Manager (13)
Insecticide Branch
Registration Division (7505C)

Enclosure

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Prevail[®]

PTC Termiticide



For use by individuals/firms licensed or registered by the State to apply termiticide products. States may have more restrictive requirements regarding qualifications of persons using this product. Consult the structural pest control regulatory agency of your State prior to use of this product.

EPA Reg. No. 279-3209

EPA Est. 279-

Active Ingredient:	By Wt.
Cypermethrin**	30.6%
Other Ingredients***	69.4%
	100.0%

**Cis/trans ratio: Max. 55% (±) cis and min. 45% (±) trans
***Contains xylene range aromatic solvents.
Contains 2.5 pounds cypermethrin per gallon.
U.S. Patent No. 4,024,163

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN

CAUTION

FIRST AID

- If **swallowed**: Do not cause vomiting. Call a physician.
 - If **on skin**: Wash thoroughly with water.
 - If **in eyes**: Flush thoroughly with water. If signs of irritation persist, contact physician.
 - If **inhaled**: Exposure to vapor or dust may cause tingling or numbness of exposed areas, especially the face, but this is temporary and requires no treatment. Lung irritation from breathing vapors is possible, and medical attention should be obtained if it is severe.
- See other panels for additional precautionary information.

Note to Physician:

May pose an aspiration pneumonia hazard. Induction of vomiting r increase the likelihood of chemical pneumonia and should be avoi or done only under medical supervision. Ingestion of a large amc calls for gastric lavage, with care (Trendelenburg position), suc available, cuffed endotracheal tube if patient is unconscious) to av intrapulmonary aspiration. A saline cathartic (sodium or magnesi sulfate), 15-30 gm. dissolved in water should be given, as should 20 gm. activated charcoal as a slurry in water. Digestible fats, oils, alcohols, may increase absorption and so should be avoided. Skin c tact (vapor or powder) may be followed by transient tingling or num ness, usually of the face, but this subsides without treatment.

For Emergency Assistance call (800) 331-3148.

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS

Hazards to Humans (and Domestic Animals)

Caution
Harmful if absorbed through skin, inhaled or swallowed. Causes e irritation. Avoid breathing vapor or spray mist. Avoid contact with sk. may cause sensitization reaction in some individuals. Avoid conta with eyes or clothing. Wash thoroughly with soap and water after ha dling. Remove contaminated clothing and wash before reuse.
Product should be opened and poured in a well ventilated area.

All pesticide handlers (mixers, loaders and applicators) must wear lon; sleeved shirt and long pants, socks, shoes and chemical-resistai gloves. In addition, all pesticide handlers must wear a respiratory prote tion device¹ when working in a non-ventilated space and all pesticid handlers must wear protective eyewear when working in a non-ventila ed space or when applying termiticide by rodding or sub-slab injection.

¹Use one of the following Mine Safety and Health Administration (MSHA) /National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health (NIOSH) air purifying respirator types with approval number prefixes such as: TC-23C, TC-21C, TC-19C, TC-13F and TC-14G.

or a NIOSH approved respirator with any R, P or HE filter.

or a NIOSH approved respirator with an organic vapor (OV) cartridge or canister with any R, P or HE prefilter.

When treating adjacent to an existing structure, the applicator must check the area to be treated, and immediately adjacent areas of the structure for visible and accessible cracks and holes to prevent any leaks or signif icant exposures to persons occupying the structure. People present or residing in the structure during application must be advised to remove their pets and themselves from the structure if they see any signs of leak- age. After application, the applicator is required to check for leaks. All leaks resulting in the deposition of termiticide in locations other than those prescribed on this label must be cleaned up prior to leaving the applica- tion site. Do not allow people or pets to contact contaminated areas or to reoccupy contaminated areas of the structure until the clean-up is com- pleted.

Environmental Hazards

This pesticide is extremely toxic to fish and aquatic invertebrates. Do not apply directly to water, to areas where surface water is present or to intertidal areas below the high water mark. Do not contaminate water when disposing of equipment washwaters. Apply this product only as specified on this label. Care should be used when spraying to avoid fish and reptile pets.

Physical/Chemical Hazards

Do not use or store near heat or open flame.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

It is a violation of Federal Law to use this pesticide in a manner incon- sistent with its labeling.



FMC Corporation
Agricultural Products Group
Philadelphia PA 19103

6055 9/99 dft. 1 no Hlt.

ACCEPTED
with CONDITIONS
in EPA Letter Dated
OCT 28 1999
Under the Federal Insecticide,
Fungicide, and Herbicide Act
as amended, for the product
registered under EPA Reg. No.
279-3209

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STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Pesticide Disposal

Do not store below 10°F, (-12°C).

Keep out of reach of children and animals. Store in original containers only. Store in a cool, dry place and avoid excess heat. Carefully open containers. After partial use, replace lids and close tightly. Do not put concentrate or dilute material into food or drink containers. Do not contaminate other pesticides, fertilizers, water, food, or feed by storage or disposal.

In case of spill, avoid contact, isolate area and keep out animals and unprotected persons. Confine spills. Call FMC (800) 331-3148.

To confine spill: If liquid, dike surrounding area or absorb with sand, cat litter or commercial clay. If dry material, cover to prevent dispersal. Place damaged package in a holding container. Identify contents.

Pesticide Disposal

Pesticide wastes are toxic. Improper disposal of excess pesticide, spray mixture, or rinsate is a violation of Federal Law. If these wastes cannot be disposed of by use according to label instructions, contact your State Pesticide or Environmental Control Agency, or the Hazardous Waste representative of the nearest EPA Regional Office for guidance.

Container Disposal

Metal Containers: Triple rinse (or equivalent). Then offer for recycling or reconditioning, or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by other procedures approved by state and local authorities. Do not cut or weld metal containers.

Plastic Containers: Triple rinse (or equivalent). Then offer for recycling or reconditioning, or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or incineration or if allowed by state and local authorities, by burning. If burned, stay out of smoke.

Reusable/Refillable Sealed Containers: Do not rinse container. Do not empty remaining formulated product. Do not break seals. Return intact to point of purchase.

Structures with Wells/Cisterns Inside Foundations

Structures that contain wells or cisterns within the foundation of a structure can only be treated using the following techniques:

1. Do not treat soil while it is beneath or within the foundation or along the exterior perimeter of a structure that contains a well or cistern. The treated backfill method must be used if soil is removed and treated outside/away from the foundation. The treated backfill technique is described as follows:
 - a. Trench and remove soil to be treated onto heavy plastic sheeting or similar material or into a wheelbarrow.
 - b. Treat the soil at the rate of 4 gallons of dilute emulsion per 10 linear feet per foot of depth of the trench, or 1 gallon per 1.0 cubic feet of soil. See "Mixing Directions section of the label. Mix thoroughly into the soil taking care to contain the liquid and prevent runoff or spillage.
 - c. After the treated soil has absorbed the diluted emulsion, replace the soil into the trench.
2. Treat infested and/or damaged wood in place using an injection technique such as described in the "Control of Wood Infesting Insects" section of this label.

Structures with Adjacent Wells/Cisterns and/or Other Water Bodies

Applicators must inspect all structures with nearby water sources such as wells, cisterns, surface ponds, streams, and other bodies of water and evaluate, at a minimum, the treatment recommendations listed below prior to making an application

1. Prior to treatment, if feasible, expose the water pipe(s) coming from the well to the structure, if the pipe(s) enter the structure within 3 feet of grade.
2. Prior to treatment, applicators are advised to take precautions to limit the risk of applying the termiticide into subsurface drains that could empty into any bodies of water. These precautions include evaluating whether application of the termiticide to the top of the footer may result in contamination of the subsurface drain. Factors such as depth to the drain system and soil type and degree of compaction should be taken into account in determining the depth of treatment.
3. When appropriate (i.e., on the water side of the structure), the treated backfill technique (described above) can also be used to minimize off-site movement of termiticide.

Prior to using this technique near wells or cisterns, consult state, local or federal agencies for information regarding approved treatment practices in your area.

Application Rate:

Use a 0.25 % emulsion for subterranean termites. For other pests on the label use specific listed rates.

Mixing Directions: Mix the termiticide use dilution in the following manner: Fill the tank 1/4 to 1/3 full. Start pump to begin by-pass agitation and place end of treating tool in tank to allow circulation through hose. add appropriate amount of Prevail® PTC Termiticide. Add remaining amount of water. Let pump run and allow recirculation through the hose for 2 to 3 minutes.

Prevail® PTC may also be mixed into full tanks of water, but requires substantial agitation to insure uniformity of the emulsion.

To prepare a 0.25% emulsion, ready to use, dilute 3.25 quarts of Prevail® PTC with 99.2 gallons of water.

Mixing:

For the desired application rate, use the chart below to determine the amount of Prevail PTC for a given volume of finished emulsion:

GENERAL INFORMATION ON THE USE OF THIS PRODUCT

The use of this product prevents and controls termite infestations in and around structures and constructions.

The dilute insecticidal emulsion must be adequately dispersed in the soil to establish a barrier between the wood and the termites in the soil. As a good practice: 1) all non-essential wood and cellulose containing materials, should be removed from around foundation walls, crawlspaces, and porches; 2) eliminate termite access to moisture by repairing faulty plumbing and/or construction grade. Soil around untreated structural wood in contact with soil should be treated as described below.

To establish an effective insecticidal barrier with this product the service technician must be familiar with current termite control practices such as: trenching, rodding, sub-slab injection, coarse fan spraying of soil surfaces, crack and crevice (void) injection, excavated soil treatment, and brush or spray applications to infested or susceptible wood. These techniques must be correctly employed to prevent or control infestation by subterranean termites such as: *Coptotermes*, *Heterotermes*, *Reticulitermes* and *Zootermopsis*. The biology and behavior of the species involved should be considered by the service technician in determining which control practices to use to eliminate or prevent the termite infestation.

Choice of appropriate procedures should include consideration of such variable factors as the design of the structure, location of heating, ventilation, and air conditioning (HVAC) systems, water table, soil type, soil compaction, grade conditions, and location and type of domestic water supplies and utilities.

For advice concerning current control practices with relation to specific local conditions, consult resources in structural pest control and state cooperative extension and regulatory agencies.

SUBTERRANEAN TERMITE CONTROL

Important: Contamination of public and private water supplies must be avoided by following these precautions: Use anti-backflow equipment or procedures to prevent siphonage of insecticide into water supplies. Do not contaminate cisterns or wells. Do not treat soil that is water saturated or frozen. Do not treat while precipitation is occurring or in any conditions where runoff or movement from the treatment area (site) is likely to occur. Consult state and local specifications for recommended distances of wells from treated areas, or if such regulations do not exist, refer to Federal Housing Administration Specifications (H.U.F.) for guidance.

Note: Crawlspace are to be considered inside of the structure.

Critical Areas: Critical areas include areas where the foundation is penetrated by utility services, cracks and expansion joints, bath traps and areas where cement constructions have been poured adjacent to the foundation such as stairs, patios and slab additions.

Amount of Prevail PTC (Gallons except where noted)			
Emulsion Concentration	Amount of Prevail PTC	Amount of Water	Desired Gallons of Finished Emulsion
0.25%	1 oz.	127 oz.	1
	5.25 oz.	4.96	5
	10.5 oz.	9.9	10
	26 oz.	24.8	25
	1.6 qts.	49.6	50
	2.45 qts.	74.4	75
	3.25 qts.	99.2	100
	1.2	148.8	150
0.5%*	1.7	198.3	200
	2.1 oz.	125.0 oz.	1
	10.5 oz.	4.9	5
	21 oz.	9.8	10
	1.6 qts.	24.6	25
	3.25 qts.	49.2	50
	1.2	73.8	75
	1.6	98.4	100
1.0%*	2.4	147.6	150
	3.2	196.75	200
	4.2 oz.	123.8 oz.	1
	21 oz.	4.8	5
	1.3 qt.	9.7	10
	3.25 qt.	24.2	25
	1.6	48.4	50
	2.4	72.6	75
	3.2	96.8	100
	4.9	145.1	150
	6.5	193.5	200

Common units of measure:
1 pint = 16 fluid ounces (oz.)
1 gallon = 4 quarts = 8 pints = 128 fluid ounces (oz.)

*For termite applications, only use these rates in conjunction with the application volume adjustments as listed in the section below or in the foam or underground service application sections.

Application Volume: To provide maximum control and protection against termite infestation apply the specified volume of the finished water emulsion and active ingredient as set forth in the directions for use section of this label. If soil will not accept the labeled application volume, the volume may be reduced provided there is a corresponding increase in concentration so that the amount of active ingredient applied to the soil remains the same.

For the State of Mississippi: To provide the greatest protection against termite reinfestation it is important to apply as close to labeled volume of emulsion as is practicable. If clay soil will not accept the volumes specified, a 0.5% emulsion may be applied at one half the application volume specified on the label. If one half the application volume is used, the emulsion shall be 0.5%.

Note: Large reductions of application volume reduce the ability to obtain a continuous barrier. Variance is allowed when volume and concentration are consistent with label directed rates and a continuous barrier can still be achieved.

After Treatment: All holes in commonly occupied areas into which Prevail PTC has been applied must be plugged. Plugs must be of a non-cellulose material or covered by an impervious, non-cellulose material.

PRE-CONSTRUCTION SUBTERRANEAN TERMITE TREATMENT

Pre-Construction Treatment: Pre-construction treatments are defined to include treatments made during all phases of construction up to when the concrete slab is poured or the wooden floor is installed.

Pre-Construction Treatment: Do not apply at a lower dosage and/or concentration than specified on this label for applications prior to installation of the finished grade.

When treating foundations deeper than 4 feet, apply the termiticide as the backfill is being replaced, or if the construction contractor fails to notify the applicator to permit this, treat the foundation to a minimum depth of 4 feet after the backfill has been installed. The applicator must trench and rod into the trench or trench along the foundation walls and around pillars and other foundation elements, at the rate prescribed from grade to a minimum depth of 4 feet. When the top of the footing is exposed, the applicator must treat the soil adjacent to the footing to a depth not to exceed the bottom of the footing. However, in no case should a structure be treated below the footing.

Effective pre-construction subterranean termite control is achieved by the establishment of vertical and/or horizontal insecticidal barriers using 0.25% emulsion of Prevail PTC. To meet termite proofing requirements, follow the procedures in the latest edition of the Housing and Urban Development Minimum Property Standards.

Horizontal Barriers: Create a horizontal barrier wherever treated soil will be covered by concrete, such as footing trenches, slab floors, carports, and the soil beneath stairs and crawl spaces.

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For a 0.25% rate, apply 1 gallon of dilution per 10 square feet, or 1.0 fluid ounce of Prevail PTC per 10 square feet in sufficient water (no less than 1/2 gallon or more than 2 gallons) to provide thorough and continuous coverage of the area being treated.

If the fill is washed gravel or other coarse material, it is important that a sufficient amount of dilution be used to reach the soil substrate beneath the coarse fill.

Applications shall be made by a low pressure spray (less than 50 p.s.i. using a coarse spray nozzle. If slab will not be poured the same day as treatment, cover treated soil with a water-proof barrier such as polyethylene sheeting. This is not necessary if foundation walls have been installed around treated soil.

Vertical Barriers: Vertical barriers must be established in areas such as around the base of foundations, plumbing, utility entrances, back-filled soil against foundation walls and other critical areas.

For a 0.25% rate, apply 4 gallons of dilution per 10 linear feet per foot of depth or 1.0 fluid ounce of Prevail PTC per 10 linear feet per foot of depth from grade to top of footing in sufficient water (not less than 2 gallons or more than 8 gallons) to ensure complete coverage.

- When trenching and rodding into the trench or trenching, it is important that emulsion reaches the bottom of the footing. Rod holes must be spaced so as to achieve a continuous termiticide barrier, but in no case more than 12 inches apart.
- Care should be taken to avoid soil wash-out around the footing.
- Trenches need not be wider than 6 inches. Emulsion should be mixed with the soil as it is being replaced in the trench.

Hollow block voids may be treated at a rate of 2 gallons of emulsion per 10 square feet so that the emulsion will reach the top of the footing.

Prior to each application, applicators must notify the general contractor, construction superintendent, or similar responsible party, of the intended termiticide application and intended sites of application and instruct the responsible person to notify construction workers and other individuals to leave the area to be treated during application and until the termiticide is absorbed into the soil.

POST-CONSTRUCTION SOIL TREATMENT

Application Volume: To provide maximum control and protection against termite infestation apply the specified volume of the finished water emulsion and active ingredient as set forth in the directions for use section of this label. If soil will not accept the labeled application volume, the volume may be reduced provided there is a corresponding increase in concentration so that the amount of active ingredient applied to the soil remains the same.

Note: Large reductions of application volume reduce the ability to obtain a continuous barrier. Variance is allowed when volume and concentration are consistent with label directed rates and a continuous barrier can still be achieved.

Where desirable for pre and post construction treatments, the volume of the 0.5% emulsion may be reduced by 1/2 the labeled volume or a 1.0% emulsion may be applied at 1/4 the labeled volume (see Volume Adjustment Chart). Volume adjustments at 1.0% are not recommended for subslab injection. See Volume Adjustment Chart below.

Note: When volume is reduced, the hole spacing for subslab injection and soil rodding may require similar adjustment to account for lower volume dispersal of the termiticide in the soil.

Rate (% emulsion)	Volume Adjustment Chart		
	0.25%	0.5%	1.0%
Volume allowed:			
Horizontal (gallons emulsion/10 ft. ²)	1.0 gallon	0.5 gallons	0.25 gallons*
Vertical (gallons emulsion/10 lin. ft.)	4.0 gallons	2.0 gallons	1.0 gallons*

*Not recommended for subslab injection.

After Treatment: All holes in commonly occupied areas into which Prevail PTC has been applied must be plugged. Plugs must be of a non-cellulose material or covered by an impervious, non-cellulose material.

Use a 0.25% emulsion for post-construction treatment. Post-construction soil applications shall be made by injection, rodding and/or trenching or coarse fan spray with pressures not exceeding 25 p.s.i. at the nozzle. Care should be taken to avoid soil wash-out around the footing. Do not apply emulsion until location of wells, radiant heat pipes, water and sewer lines and electrical conduits are known and identified. Caution must be taken to avoid puncturing and injection into these elements.

Foundations: For applications made after the final grade is installed, the applicator must trench and rod into the trench or trench along the foundation walls and around pillars and other foundation elements, at the rate prescribed from grade to the top of the footing. When the footing is more than four (4) feet below grade, the applicator must trench and rod into the trench or trench along the foundation walls at the rate prescribed to a minimum depth of four feet. The actual depth of treatment will vary depending on soil type, degree of compaction, and location of termite activity. When the top of the footing is exposed, the applicator must treat the soil adjacent to the footing to a depth not to exceed the bottom of the footing. However, in no case should a structure be treated below the footing.

Concrete Slabs: Vertical Barriers may be established by sub-slab injection within the structure and rodding and/or trenching outside at the rate of 4 gallons of emulsion per 10 linear feet per foot of depth. Special care must be taken to distribute the treatment evenly. Treatment should not extend below the bottom of the footing.

Treat along the outside of the foundation and where necessary beneath the slab on the inside of foundation walls. Treatment may also be required beneath the slab along both sides of interior footing-supported walls, one side of interior partitions and along all cracks and expansion joints. Horizontal barriers may be established where necessary by long-rodding or by grid pattern injection vertically through the slab.

- a. Drill holes in the slab and/or foundation to allow for the application of a continuous insecticidal barrier no more than 12 inches apart.
- b. For shallow foundations (1 foot or less) dig a narrow trench approximately 6 inches wide along the outside of the foundation walls. Do not dig below the bottom of the footing. The emulsion should be applied to the trench and soil at 4 gallons per 10 linear feet per foot of depth as the soil is replaced in the trench.
- c. For foundations deeper than 1 foot follow the rates for basement.
- d. Exposed soil in bath traps may be treated with a 0.25% emulsion.

Basements: Where the footing is greater than 1 foot of depth from grade to the bottom of the foundation, must be made by trenching and rodding into the trench, or trenching at the rate of 4 gallons of emulsion per 10 linear feet per foot of depth. Rod holes must be spaced so as to achieve a continuous termiticide barrier, but in no case more than 12 inches apart. Sub-slab injection may be necessary along the inside of foundation walls, along cracks and partition walls, around pipes, conduits, piers, and along both sides of interior footing-supported walls.

Accessible Crawl Spaces: For crawl spaces, apply vertical termiticide barriers at the rate of 4 gallons of emulsion per 10 linear feet per foot of depth from grade to the top of the footing, or if the footing is more than 4 feet below grade, to a minimum depth of 4 feet. Apply by trenching and rodding into the trench, or trenching. Treat both sides of foundation and around all piers and pipes. Where physical obstructions such as concrete walkways adjacent to foundation elements prevent trenching, treatment may be made by rodding alone. When soil type and/or conditions make trenching prohibitive, rodding may be used. When the top of the footing is exposed, the applicator must treat the soil adjacent to the footing to a depth not to exceed the bottom of the footing. Read and follow the mixing and use direction section of the label if situations are encountered where the soil will not accept the full application volume.

- 1. Rod holes and trenches must not extend below the bottom of the footing. Rod holes must be spaced so as to achieve a continuous termiticide barrier but in no case more than 12 inches apart.
- 3. Trenches must be a minimum of 6 inches deep or to the bottom of the footing, whichever is less, and need not be wider than 6 inches. When trenching in sloping (tiered) soil, the trench must be stepped to ensure adequate distribution and to prevent termiticide from running off. The emulsion must be mixed with the soil as it is replaced in the trench.
- 4. When treating plenums or crawl spaces, turn off the air circulation system of the structure until application has been completed and all termiticide has been absorbed by the soil.

Inaccessible Crawl Spaces: For inaccessible interior areas, such as areas where there is insufficient clearance between floor joists and ground surfaces to allow operator access, excavate if possible, and treat according to the instructions for accessible crawl spaces. Otherwise, apply one or a combination of the following two methods.

- 1. To establish a horizontal barrier, apply to the soil surface 1 gallon of emulsion per 10 square feet overall using a nozzle pressure of less than 25 p.s.i. and a coarse application nozzle (e.g., Delavan type RD Raindrop, RD-7 or larger, or Spraying Systems Co. 8010LP TeeJet or comparable nozzle). For an area that cannot be reached with the application wand, use one or more extension rods to make the applicator to the soil. Do not broadcast or powerspray with higher pressures.
- 2. To establish a horizontal barrier, drill through the foundation wall or through the floor above and treat the soil perimeter at a rate of 1 gallon of emulsion per 10 square feet. Drill spacing must be at intervals not to exceed 16 inches. Many States have smaller intervals, so check State regulations which may apply.

When treating plenums and crawl spaces, turn off the air circulation system of the structure until application has been completed and all termiticide has been absorbed by the soil.

Masonry Voids: Drill and treat voids in multiple masonry elements of the structure extending from the structure to the soil in order to create a continuous treatment barrier in the area to be treated. Apply at the rate of 2 gallons of emulsion per 10 linear feet of footing, using a nozzle pressure of less than 25 p.s.i. When using this treatment, access holes must be drilled below the sill plate and should be as close as possible to the footing as is practical. Treatment of voids in block or rubble foundation walls must be closely examined: Applicators must inspect areas of possible runoff as a precaution against application leakage in the treated areas. Some areas may not be treatable or may require mechanical alteration prior to treatment.

All leaks resulting in the deposition of termiticide in locations other than those prescribed on this label must be cleaned up prior to leaving the application site. Do not allow people or pets to contact contaminated areas or to reoccupy the contaminated areas of the structure until the clean-up is completed.

Note: When treating behind veneer care should be taken not to drill beyond the veneer. If concrete blocks are behind the veneer, both the blocks and the veneer may be drilled and treated at the same time.

Not for use in voids insulated with rigid foam.

Excavation Technique: If the treatment must be made in difficult situations such as near walls, cisterns, along fieldstone or rubble walls, along faulty foundation walls, and around pipes and utility lines which lead downward from the structure to a well or pond, application may be made in the following manner:

- a. Trench and remove soil to be treated onto heavy plastic sheeting or similar material.
- b. Treat the soil at the rate of 4 gallons of emulsion per 10 linear feet per foot of depth of the trench. Mix the emulsion thoroughly into the soil taking care to prevent liquid from running off the liner.
- c. After the treated soil has absorbed the liquid emulsion, replace the soil in the trench.

Retreatment

Retreatment for subterranean termites can only be performed if there is clear evidence of reinfestation or disruption of the barrier due to construction, excavation, or landscaping and/or evidence of the breakdown of the termiticide barrier in the soil. These vulnerable or reinfested areas may be retreated in accordance with application techniques described in this product's labeling. The timing and type of these retreatments will vary depending on factors such as termite pressure, soil types, soil conditions and other factors which may reduce the effectiveness of the barrier.

Annual retreatment of the structure is prohibited unless there is clear evidence that reinfestation or barrier disruption has occurred.

SPECIFIC PEST CONTROL APPLICATIONS

Amount of Prevail PTC (Gallons except where noted)			
Emulsion Concentration	Amount of Prevail PTC	Amount of Water	Desired Gallons of Finished Emulsion
0.25%	1 oz.	127 oz.	1
	5.25 oz.	4.96	5
	10.5 oz.	9.9	10
	26 oz.	24.8	25
	1.6 qts.	49.6	50
	2.45 qts.	74.4	75
	3.25 qts.	99.2	100
	1.2	148.8	150
	1.7	198.3	200
	0.3%	1.25 oz.	126.75 oz.
6.25 oz.		4.95	5
12.5 oz.		9.9	10
31.4 oz.		24.75	25
2 qt.		49.5	50
3 qt.		74.25	75
1		99	100
1.5		148.5	150
2		198	200
0.6%		2.5 oz.	125.5
	12.5 oz.	4.9	5
	25 oz.	9.8	10
	2 qt.	24.5	25
	1	49	50
	1.5	73.5	75
	2	98	100
	3	147	150
	4	196	200

Common units of measure:
1 pint = 16 fluid ounces (oz.)
1 gallon = 4 quarts = 8 pints = 128 fluid ounces (oz.)

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Dealers Should Sell in Original Packages Only

Terms of Sale or Use: On purchase of this product, buyer and user agree to the following conditions:

Warranty: FMC makes no warranty, expressed or implied, concerning the use of this product other than indicated on the label. Except as so warranted, the product is sold as is. Buyer and user assume all risk of use and/or handling, and/or storage, of this material when such use and/or handling, and/or storage, is contrary to label instructions.

Directions and Recommendations: Follow directions carefully. Timing and method of application, weather and crop conditions, mixture with other chemicals not specifically recommended and other influencing factors in the use of this product are beyond the control of the seller and are assumed by the buyer at his own risk.

Use of Product: FMC's recommendations for the use of this product are based upon tests believed to be reliable. The use of this product being beyond the control of the manufacturer, no guarantee, expressed or implied, is made as to the effects of such or the results to be obtained if not used in accordance with directions or established safe practice.

Damages: Buyer's or user's exclusive remedy for damages for breach of warranty or negligence shall be limited to direct damages not exceeding the purchase price paid and shall not include incidental or consequential damages.

Prevail and **FMC** - FMC Trademarks

(8/24/99)