279-3125

02-17-2004

Ms. Nancy J. Hilton FMC Corporation 1735 Market Street Philadelphia, PA 19103

FEB 17 2004

Dear Ms. Hilton:

Subject: Amendment - label Fury 1.5 EC Insecticide EPA Registration No. 279-3125 Your submission dated January 29, 2004

The application referred to above, submitted in connection with registration under the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act, as amended, is acceptable, and a copy of a stamped label is enclosed for your records.

Sincerely yours,

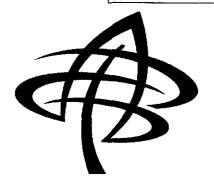
Led A & Lem

George T. LaRocca Product Manager (13) Insecticide Branch Registration Division (7505C)

Enclosure

RESTRICTED USE PESTICIDE Toxic to fish and aquatic organisms

For retail sale to and use only by certified applicators, or persons under their direct supervision and only for those uses covered by the certified applicator's certification.



FURY Insecticide

EPA Reg. No. 279-3125

EPA Est. 279-FL-1

Active Ingredient: * S-Cyano (3-phenoxyphenyl)methyl	By Wt.
* S-Cyano (3-phenoxyphenyl)methyl (±) cis/trans 3-(2,2-dichloroethenyl)- 2,2 dimethylcyclopropane carboxylate**	18.1%
Inert Ingredients	<u>.81.9%</u>
	100.0%

*Contains 1.5 pounds active ingredient per gallon. **Cis/trans ratio: Max, 55% (±) cis and min. 45% (±) trans U.S. Patent No. Pending

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN WARNING AVISO

Si usted no entiende la etiqueta, busque a alguien para que se la explique a usted en detalle. (If you do not understand the label, find someone to explain it to you in detail.)

FIRST AID

If Inhaled: Move person to fresh air, if person is not breathing, call 911 or an ambu-lance, then give artificial respiration, preferably by mouth-to-mouth, if possible. Call a poison control center or doctor for further treatment advice.

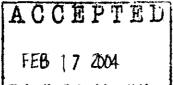
If on Skin or Clothing: Take off contaminated clothing. Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15-20 minutes. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.

If in Eyes: Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15-20 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.

If Swallowed: Call a poison control center or doctor immediately for treatment advice. Have person sip a glass of water if able to swallow. Do not induce vomiting unless told to do so by the poison control center or doctor. Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.



FMC Corporation Agricultural Products Group Philadelphia PA 19103 Fury_3_1-28-2004



Under the Federal Incecticide, Fungicitie, and Rodenticide Act, as amended, for the positicide registered under RPA Bog. No. 79-312

HOTLINE NUMBER

Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison con-trol center or doctor, or going for treatment. You may also contact 1-800-331-3148 for emergency medical treatment information.

Note to Physician: Vomiting should be supervised by a physician or the professional staff because of the possible pulmonary damages by aspiration of the solvent.

For Emergency Assistance Call (800) 331-3148.

See other panels for additional precautionary information.

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS Hazards to Humans (and Domestic Animals)

Warning May be fatal if swallowed. Harmful if inhaled or absorbed through the skin. Causes moderate eye irritation. Avoid breathing vapors or spray mist. Avoid contact with skin, eyes or clothing. The active ingredient may cause sensitization reaction in some individuals.

Personal Protective Equipment:

Some materials that are chemical-resistant to this product are listed below. If you want more options, follow the instructions for category G on an EPA chemical resistance category selection chart.

Handlers who may be exposed to the dilute through application or other tasks must wear: Long-sleeved shirt and long pants, Chemical-resistant gloves, such as Barrier Laminate or Viton, and Shoes plus socks

Handlers who may be exposed to the concentrate through mixing, loading, application or other tasks must wear: Long-sleeved shirt and long pants, Chemical-resistant gloves, such as Barrier Laminate or Viton, Shoes plus socks, and Protective eyewear.

Discard clothing and other absorbent materials that have been drenched or heavily contaminated with this product's concentrate. Do not reuse them. Follow manufacturer's instructions for cleaning/maintaining PPE. If no such instructions for washables, use detergent and hot water. Keep and wash PPE separately from other laundry

User Safety Recommendations

Users should:

Wash hands before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco or using the toilet.

Remove clothing immediately if pesticide gets inside. Then wash thoroughly and put on clean clothing.

Environmental Hazards

This pesticide is extremely toxic to fish and aquatic invertebrates. Do not apply directly to water, to areas where surface water is present or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark. Do not apply when weather conditions favor drift from treated areas. Drift and runoff from treated areas may be hazardous to aquatic organisms in neighboring areas. Do not contaminate water when disposing of equipment wash waters.

This product is highly toxic to bees exposed to direct treatment or residues on blooming crops or weeds. Do not apply this product or allow it to drift to blooming crops if bees are visiting the treatment area.

Physical/Chemical Hazards

Do not use or store near heat or open flame.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

Do not apply this product in a way that will contact workers or other persons, either directly or through drift. Only protected handlers may be in the area during application. For any requirements specific to your State or Tribe, consult the agency responsible for pesticide regulation.

Resistance. Some insects are known to develop resistance to products used repeatedly for control. Because the development of resistance cannot be predicted, the use of this product should conform to resistance management strategies established for the use area. Consult your local or state agricultural authorities for details.

If resistance to this product develops in your area, this product, or other products with a similar mode of action, may not provide adequate control. If poor performance cannot be attributed to improper application or extreme weather conditions, a resistant strain of insect may be present. If you experience difficulty with control and resistance is a reasonable cause, immediately consult your local company representative or agricultural advisor for the best alternative method of control for your area.

AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS

Use this product only in accordance with its labeling and with the Worker Protection Standard, 40 CFR part 170. This Standard contains requirements for the protection of agricultural workers on farms, forests, nurseries, and greenhouses, and handlers of agricultural pesticides. It contains requirements for training, decontamination, notification, and emergency assistance. It also contains specific instructions and exceptions pertaining to the statements on this label about personal protective equipment (PPE) and restricted-entry interval. The requirements in this box only apply to uses of this product that are covered by the Worker Protection Standard.

Do not enter or allow worker entry into treated areas during the restricted entry interval (REI) of 12 hours.

PPE required for early entry to treated areas that is permitted under the Worker Protection Standard and that involves contact with anything that has been treated, such as plants, soil, or water, is: Coveralls, Chemical-resistant gloves, such as Barrier Laminate or Viton, and Shoes plus socks.

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Pesticide Storage

Store in a cool, dry, well-ventilated place. Do not store below -6.6 C (20 F). If solids are observed warm to above 4.4 C (40 F) and roll or shake containers to redissolve. Do not use near heat, open flame or hot surfaces. Store in original containers only. Carefully open containers. After partial use, replace lids and close tightly. Do not put concentrate or dilute material into food or drink containers. Do not contaminate other pesticides, fertilizers, water, food, or feed by storage or disposal. Keep out of reach of children and animals.

In case of spill, avoid contact, isolate area and keep out animals and unprotected persons. Confine spills. Call FMC: (800) 331-3148.

To confine spill: Dike surrounding area or absorb with sand, cat litter or commercial clay. Place damaged package in a holding container. Identify contents.

Pesticide Disposal

Pesticide wastes are toxic. Improper disposal of excess pesticide, spray mixture, or rinsate is a violation of Federal law. If these wastes connot be disposed of by use according to label instructions, contact your State Pesticide or Environmental Control Agency, or the Hazardous Waste representative of the nearest EPA Regional Office for guidance.

Container Disposal

Metal Containers: Triple rinse (or equivalent). Then offer for recycling or reconditioning, or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by other procedures approved by state and local authorities. Do not cut or weld metal containers.

Plastic Containers: Triple rinse (or equivalent). Then offer for recycling or reconditioning, or puncture and dispose of in a sankary landfill, or incineration, or, if allowed by State and local authorities, by burning. If burned, stay out of smoke.

Returnable/Refillable Sealed Containers: Do not rinse container. Do not empty remaining formulated product. Do not break seals. Return intact to point of purchase.

Chemigation Use Directions

Apply this product only through sprinkler including center pivot, lateral move, end tow, side (wheel) roll, traveler, big gun, solid set, or hand move irrigation systems. Do not apply this product through any other type of irrigation system. Do not connect any irrigation system (including greenhouse systems) used for pesticide application to a public water system.

Crop injury, lack of effectiveness, or illegal residues in the crop can result from nonuniform distribution of treated water. If you have questions about calibration, you should contact State Extension Service specialists, equipment manufacturers, or other experts. A person knowledgeable of the chemigation system and responsible for its operation, or under the supervision of the responsible person, shall shut the system down and make necessary adjustments should the need arise.

The system must contain a functional check valve, vacuum relief valve, and low pressure drain appropriately located on the irrigation pipeline to prevent water source contamination from backflow.

The pesticide injection pipeline must also contain a functional, automatic, quick-closing check valve to prevent the flow of fluid back toward the injection pump.

The pesticide injection pipeline must also contain a functional, normally closed, solenoid-operated valve located on the intake side of the injection pump and connected to the system interlock to prevent fluid from being withdrawn from the supply tank when the irrigation system is either automatically or manually shut down.

The system must contain functional interlocking controls to automatically shut off the pesticide injection pump when the water pump motor stops.

The irrigation line or water pump must include a functional pressure switch which will stop the water pump motor when the water pressure decreases to the point where pesticide distribution is adversely affected.

Systems must use a metering pump, such as a positive displacement injection pump (e.g., diaphragm pump) effectively designed and constructed of materials that are compatible with pesticides and capable of being fitted with a system interlock.

Do not apply when wind speed favors drift beyond the area intended for treatment

Fury[®] insecticide should be applied continuously for the duration of the water application. Fury[®] should be diluted in sufficient volume to insure accurate application over the area to be treated. Use the appropriate amount of water to carry the product to the target pest. Agitation is not required when a suitable diluent is used.

GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS

Use low rate under light to moderate infestation. Higher rates should be used under heavy insect pressure. The rate of application is variable according to insect pressure, timing of spray and field scouting.

Preventive Use

For cutworm, armyworm, or stalk borer control, Fury[®] insecticide may be applied before, during, or after planting. For soil-incorporated applications, use higher rates for improved control.

Rotational Crops

With the exception of the crops listed below, rotational crops should not be planted within 30 days of last application.

Tank-Mixture

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Fury[®] insecticide may be applied in tank mixtures with other products approved for use on Alfalfa, Brassica Vegetables, Bub Vegetables, Corn, Cotton, Fruiting Vegetables, Head Lettuce, Legume Vegetables, Pecans, Rice, Sorghum, Soybeans, Sugarcane, and Wheat. Observe all restrictions and precautions which appear on the labels of these products. Test for compatibility of products before mixing.

Spray Drift Precautions

Do not make more than 10 synthetic pyrethroid applications (of one product or combination of products) to a cotton crop in one growing season. Synthetic pyrethroid products include Ambush[®], Ammo[®], Asana[®] XL, Baythroid[®], Capture[®], Danitol[®], Fury[®], Karate[®], Mustang[®], and Scout[®] X-TRA.

All aerial and ground application equipment must be properly main-tained and calibrated using appropriate carriers.

OBSERVE THE FOLLOWING PRECAUTIONS WHEN SPRAYING IN THE VICINITY OF AQUATIC AREAS SUCH AS LAKES: RESER-VOIRS; RIVERS; PERMANENT STREAMS, MARSHES OR NATURAL PONDS; ESTUARIES AND COMMERCIAL FISH FARM PONDS.

Do not apply by ground equipment within 25 feet, or by air within 150 feet of lakes; reservoirs, rivers, permanent streams, marshes or natural ponds, estuaries, and commercial fish farm ponds. Increase the buffer zone to 450 feet when ultra low volume (ULV) application is made. For aerial applications, the spray boom should be mounted on the aircraft so as to minimize drift caused by wingtip or rotor vortices. The minimum practical boom length should be used and must not exceed 75% of wing span or rotor diameter.

Use the largest droplet size consistent with good pest control. Formation of very small droplets may be minimized by appropriate nozzle selection, by orienting nozzles away from the air stream as much as possible, and by avoiding excessive spray boom pressure.

Spray should be released at the lowest height consistent with pest con-trol and flight safety. Applications more than 10 feet above the crop canopy should be avoided.

Make aerial or ground applications when the wind velocity favors on target product deposition (approximately 3 to 10 mph). Do not apply when wind velocity exceeds 15 mph. Avoid applications when wind gusts approach 15 mph.

Risk of exposure to sensitive aquatic areas can be reduced by avoiding applications when wind direction is toward the aquatic area.

Do not cultivate within 10' of the aquatic area so as to allow growth of a vegetative filter strip.

Low humidity and high temperatures increase the evaporation rate of spray droplets and therefore the likelihood of increased spray drift to aquatic areas. Avoid spraying during conditions of low humidity and/or high temperature.

Do not make aerial or ground applications during temperature inver-sions. Inversions are characterized by stable air and increasing temper-atures with height above the ground. Mist or fog may indicate the presence of an inversion in humid areas. The applicator may detect the presence of an inversion by producing smoke and observing a smoke layer near the ground surface.

Maximum Usage When Applying Both Zeta-Cypermethrin and Cypermethrin Products to the Same Crop Within the Same Season.

Do not apply more than the maximum seasonal total for either product when used alone, and do not apply more than the combined maximum seasonal total for both products as outlined in the table below.

Сгор	Maximum Seasor Either Product U (pounds active ingr	sed Alone	Maximum Seasonal Total Whe Applying Both Products to the Same Crop (pounds active ingredient/acre) Zeta-cypermethnin (Fury or Mustang) plus Cypermethnin (Ammo)	
	Zeta-cypermethrin (Fury or Mustang)	Cypermethrin (Ammo)		
Cotton	0.3	0.6	0.6	
Head and Stem Brassica	0.3	0.6	0.6	
Leafy Brassica Greens	0.3	0.4	0.4	
Head Lettuce	0.3	0.6	0.6	
Builo Vegetables	0.25	0.5	0.5	
Pecans	0.3	0.6	0.6	

Maximum Seasonal Usage and PHI (Pre-Harvest Interval) for Fury Labeled Crops

Crop	Maximum Seasonal Total/Acre for Fury		PHI (days)
	Lbs Al	Fl oz	
Alfalfa	0.05/cutting 0.15/season	4.3 12.9	3 (cutting or grazing) 7 (harvesting seed)
Brassica Vegetables	0.3		1
Buib Vegetables	0.25	21.5	7
Com, sweet	0.3	25.8	3
Corn, field, seed, pop	0.2	17.2	30 (grain & fodder (stover)) 60 (forage (silage))
Cotton	0.3	25.8	14
Fruiting Vegetables	0.3	25.8	1
Legume Vegetables	0.3	25.8	1 (succulent shelled or edible-podded) 21 (dried shelled)
Lettuce, head	0.3	25.8	5
Pecans	0.3	25.8	21
Rice	02	17.2	14
Sorghum	0.25	21.5	14 (grain & fodder (stover)) 45 (forage (silage))
Soybeans	0.3	25.8	21
Sugarcane	0.2	17.2	21
Wheat	0.25	21.5	14

The REI (Restricted Entry Interval) is 12 hours for all labeled crops.

Refer to the crop specific use directions for detailed information on application timing and any use restrictions

Alfalfa; Alfalfa grown for seed (Includes lucerne, sainfoin, holy clover, esparcet, birdsfoot trefoil and varieties and/or hybrids of these)

insects Control ie d	Rate of Application	Method of Application
Alfalfa Caterpillar Alfalfa Looper Alfalfa Looper Alfalfa Weevil Cutworms Egyptian Alfalfa Weevil (larvae & adult) Flea Beetles Green Cloverworm Hornworms Meadow Spittlebug Potato Leafhopper Three Comered Alfalfa Hopper Velvetbean Caterpillar Webworms Blue Alfalfa Aphid* Green Peach Aphid* Pea Aphid*	2.4 to 4.3 ounces (0.028 to 0.05 pound active) per acre	Use higher recommended dosage for increased pest pres- sure or for increased residual pest control. Apply in a minimum of 2 gallons of finished spray per acre by aerial equipment or 10 gallons per acre by ground equipment. ULV oil spray application is pro- hibited. Higher volumes of fin- ished spray may improve insect control under high tempera- tures, when foliage is dense and/or when insect pressure is
Armyworms Grasshoppers Plant Bugs (including Lygus spp. & Stink Bugs)	3.0 to 4.3 ounces (0.035 to 0.05 pound active) per acre	high. Follow appropriate spray drift precautions on this label.

Do not make applications less than 7 days apart.

A maximum of 0.05 pounds active ingredient/acre may be applied per cutting and a maximum of 0.15 pounds active ingredient per acre per season

Applications may be made up to 3 days of cutting or grazing or up to 7 days of harvesting seed.

Do not apply to mixed stands with intentionally-prown forage grasses and/or legumes.

*Aphid control may be variable depending on species present and hostplant relationships.

Head and Stem Brassica Vegetables (1 day phi) including: Broccoli; Chinese Broccoli (gai lon, white flowering broccoli); Brussels Sprouts; Cauliflower; Cavalo broccolo; Kohirabi; Cabbage; Chinese Cabbage (napa); Leafy Brassica Greens including: Broccoli Raab (rapini); Chinese cabbage (bok choy); Chinese Mustard Cabbage (gai choy); Collards; Kale; Mizuna; Mustard Greens; Mustard Spinach; Rape Greens

Insects Controlled	Rate of Application	Method of Application
Corn Earworm Cucumber Beetles Cutworm Diamondback Moth Fiea Beetles Imported Cabbageworm Leafhoppers Saltmarsh Caterpillar Southern Cabbageworm Tobacco Budworm	2.4 to 4.3 ounces (0.028 to 0.05 pound active) per acre	Apply in water as necessary for insect control using a minimum of 15 gallons of fin- ished spray per acre with ground equipment and 5 gal- lons per acre by air. Lower rates of Funy [®] should be used under light to moder- ate insect pressure. Higher rates should be used to con-
Alfalfa Looper Armyworms Cabbage Looper Cabbage Webworm Crickets Grasshoppers Ground Beetles Leafminers (adults) Lygus Bugs Onion Thrips Stinkbugs Wireworm (adults) Aphids* Whiteflies*	3.4 to 4.3 ounces (0.04 to 0.05 pound active) per acre	In areas where arid climatic conditions persist, such as California and Arizona, higher than minimum recommended rates may be required. Follow appropriate spray drift precautions on this label.

Do not make applications less than 7 days apart.

A maximum of 0.3 pounds active ingredient may be applied per acre per season.

*Aids in control

Bulb Vegetables (Allium spp.) (7 day phi) including: Garlic; Garlic, Great-Headed (elephant); Green Eschalots; Japanese Bunching Onions; Leeks; Onion, Dry Bulb and Green; Onion, Welch; Shallots, Dry Bulb and Green; Spring Onion or Scallions)

Insects Controlled	Rate of Application	Method of Application
Onion Thrips	3.2 to 4.3 ounces (0.0375 to 0.05 pound active) per acre	Apply in a minimum of 20 gal- lons beracre with ground equip- ment or in a minimum of 3 gallons peracre by aircraft. Begin applications when pests appear and repeat as neces- sary to maintain control.
Armyworms Cutworms Leafminers Onion Maggot Adults Stink Bugs Aphids*	ults 2.4 to 4.3 ounces Use higher rate increases and a ations. Use of a ations is recommende	To control Onion Thrips: Use higher rates as population increases and avoid rescue situ- ations. Use of a crop oil concen- trate at 16 fluid ounces per acre is recommended. Follow appropriate spray drift precautions on this label.

Do not make applications less than 7 days apart.

Do not apply more than 0.25 pound active ingredient per acre per season. Do not graze livestock in treated areas or cut treated crops for feed. *Aids in control

Corn, Sweet (3 day phi)

Insects Controlled	Rate of Application	Method of Application
Chinch Bug Corn Rootworm (Adult) Corn Silkfly Cutworms Flea Beetle Leafhoppers Japanese Beetle (Adult) Sap Beetle (adults) Tarnished Plant Bug	2.4 to 4.3 ounces (0.028 to 0.05 pound active) per acre	Apply with ground or air equip- ment using sufficient water and application methods to insure thorough coverage of foliage. Apply in water using a minimum of 20 gallons of finished spray per acre with ground equipment and a minimum of 2 gallons per acre by air.
Armyworms Corn Borers Corn Earworm Grasshoppers Aphids*	3.0 to 4.3 ounces (0.035 to 0.05 pound active) per acre	Follow appropriate spray drift precautions on this label.
Apply at minimum 3 to 5	day intervals or	as needed for control.
A maximum of 0.3 poun applied. *Aids in control	ds active ingredie	ent per acre per season may be

Corn (Field), Field Corn Grown for Seed, Popcorn (At Plant Use)

Insects Controlled	Rate of Application		Method of oplication	
Cutworms	0.16 fluid ounces per 1,000 linear feet of row (0.002 pound active) per 1,000 linear feet of row	Apply as a T-band trea mum 4" ba to determil for each ac Do not app pound activ per seasor plus foliar a Do not app harvest fo (stover) and (silage).	atment usir nd. Use ta ne the Fu re. bly more t re ingredier n including pplications bly within 3 r grain an	ng a mini- ble below ry needs han 0.20 ht per acre g at-plant of Fury . 0 days of od fodder
Row Spacings (inches)		40	30	20
Fury 1.5 EC (pounds ai per acre) Fury 1.5 EC (formulated ounces per acre)		0.024	0.036	0.048
		2.05	3.08	4.10

Corn (Field), Field Corn Grown for Seed, Popcorn

Rate of Application	Method of Application
1.4 to 2.9 ounces (0.016 to 0.034 pound active) per acre	Make applications when insec populations reach economic thresholds. Refer to loca Cooperative Extension Pes Management Guidelines and/o scouting results. Apply by air or by ground equip
2.9 to 4.3 ounces (0.034 to 0.05 pound	ment using sufficient water to obtain full coverage of foliage (minimum of 2 gallons per acre by air and 10 gallons per acre by ground).
active) per acre	Do not apply more than 0.20 pound active ingredient per acre per season including At Planting plus foliar applications of Fury insecticide.
	Do not apply within 30 days o narvest for grain and fodde (stover) and 60 days for forage (silage).
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	For chinch bug control, scou corn fields and make applica tions when bugs migrate from small grains or wild grasses to
3.4 to 4.3 ounces (0.04 to 0.05 pound active) per acre	small com. Direct spray to the base of plant. Repeat applica- tions at 3 to 5 day intervals i needed. Fury may only sup press heavy infestations and/o subsequent migrations.
1.9 to 4.3 ounces (0.022 to 0.05 pound active) per acre	Follow appropriate spray drif precautions on this label.
	Application 1.4 to 2.9 ounces (0.016 to 0.034 pound active) per acre 2.9 to 4.3 ounces (0.034 to 0.05 pound active) per acre 3.4 to 4.3 ounces (0.04 to 0.05 pound active) per acre 1.9 to 4.3 ounces (0.022 to 0.05 pound active) per

¹ For control before the larva bores into the plant stalk or ear.

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Insects Controlled	Rate of Application	
Preemergent Use: Cutworms	1.4 to 2.0 ounces (0.016 to 0.024 pound active) per acre	Use Fury ⁶ in the time perio from 14 days prior to plantin up to emergence of the crop Apply as a broadcast spray b ground or air, banded linclud ing T-band) or in-furrow spra using sufficient spray volum to achieve adequate covel age. Reduced volumes c water may be used with spe cialized equipment. Use a mir imum of 1 gallon of water pe acre by air. Use the higher rates of Fury ⁶ when incorpora- ing into the soil.
Foliar Use: Cutworms Tobacco Thrips Soybean (banded) Thrips	1.4 to 2.0 ounces (0.016 to 0.024 pound active) per acre	Fury ^e may be applied in water or refined vegetable oil. Whe water is used, apply a minimur of one gallon of finished spra per acre by air or five gallons of finished spray with groun equipment. When applying i water by air, one quart of emu user by air, one quart of emu
Foliar Use: Boll Weevil Cabbage Looper Cotton Bollworm Cotton Fleahopper Cotton Leaf Perforator European Com Borer	2.8 to 3.8 ounces (0.033 to 0.045 pound active) per acre	sified oil may be substituted to one quart of water in the fir ished spray. When using oi use a minimum of one qua per acre in the finished spray. Control of lepidopteran egg may be achieved with proper timing of applications.
Fall Armyworm Pink Boliworm Saltmarsh Caterpillar Stink Bugs Tamished Plant Bug Other Plant Bugs Tobacco Budworm Yellow Striped Armyworm		Fury ^e may be injected int overhead sprinkler irrigatio water provided 1) an anti-baci flow check valve is preser between the injection port an the water source, 2) a chec valve is present in the line t prevent irrigation water froi entering the chemical suppi tank and 3) the irrigation injection
Foliar use: Lygus Bugs Beet Armyworm* Cotton Aphid** Whiteflies**	3.0 to 4.3 ounces (0.035 to 0.05 pound active) per acre	tank and 3) the Irrigation inje- tion system has interlockin on-off switches. For bolt weavil control, app Fury ^a at a 3 to 4 day interv- until pest numbers are reduce to acceptable levels. Follow appropriate spray dri precautions on this label.
Foliar use: Grasshoppers	3.2 to 4.3 ounces (0.0375 to 0.05 pound active) per acre	For control of grasshopper- applications should be mad based on careful field scouting Treatment decisions should be made based on evidence of feeding damage and pres- cence of grasshoppers in co ton. Loss of cotyledon leave in seedling cotton should be considered more important than leaf loss in older cotton Applications should be mad on a broadcast basis sinc grasshopper are highly mobile
		Adjust rates based on popula tions of grasshopper found i fields. Applications should b made on a three to five da schedule until grasshoppe populations are under contro or until foliage loss subsides. Increase application rates a
	ļ	grasshopper size and population density increases.

* For control of best armywoms only in the high plains of Texas, Arizona, and California.

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** Aids in control

Cotton (14 day phi)

Fruiting Vegetables (except Cucurbits) (1 day phi) including: Eggplant; groundcherry (Physalis spp.); pepino (Meion pear); pepper (Includes bell pepper, chili pepper, cooking pepper, pimento, sweet pepper); tomatillo; tomato.

Armyworm, Southem Armyworm, True Armyworm, Yellow-striped Celery Leaf Tier Colorado Potato Beetle Corn Borer, European	2.4 to 4.3 ounces (0.028 to 0.05 pound active) per acre	Apply as required by scout- ing. Timing and frequency of applications should be based upon insect populations reaching locally determined economic thresholds.
Com Borer, Southwestern Com Earworm Cucumber Beetle Cutworm spp. Flea Beetle Garden Webworm Green Stink Bug Hornworms Leafminer spp. Leafmoper spp. Meadow Spittlebug Pepper Maggot (adults) Pepper Weevil Plant Bug spp. Tobacco Budworm Tomato Fruitworm Tomato Pinworm		Apply by ground or air equip- ment using sufficient water to obtain full coverage of foliage (minimum of 10 gallons by ground and 2 gallons by air). Follow appropriate spray drift precautions on this label.
Aphid spp. 1, 2 Armyworm, Beet ² Armyworm, Fail Cabbage Looper Grasshoppers Lygus Bugs Brown Stink Bug Tomato Psyllid Thrips spp. 1, 2 Whitefly spp. 1,2	3.4 to 4.3 ounces (0.04 to 0.05 pound active) per acre	
Do not make applications I Do not apply more than 0.3 season.		ays apart. ive ingredient per acre per

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¹ Aids in control

² See resistance statement

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Legume Vegetables - Succulent and Dried (except Soybeans) 1 day phl for succulent shelled or edible-podded peas or beans 21 day phi for dried shelled peas or beans

Succulent Edible-Podded Peas, Succulent Shelled Peas and Dried Shelled Peas (Pisum spp.) including:

Dwarf Pea; Edible-pod Pea; Snow Pea; Sugar Snap Pea; Pigeon pea; English Pea; Garden Pea; Green Pea; Lentil.

Succulent Edible-Podded Beans, Succulent Shelled Beans, and Dried Shelled Beans Including:

Runner Bean; Snap Bean; Wax Bean; Asparagus Bean; Chinese Longbean; Moth Bean; Yardlong Bean; Jackbean; Soybean (immature seed); Swordbean; Lima Bean; Broad Bean (Fava Bean); Blackeyed Pea; Southern Pea; Grain Lupin; Sweet Lupin; White Lupin; White Sweet Lupin; Field Bean; Kidney Bean; Navy Bean; Pinto Bean; Tepary Bean; Adzuki Bean; Catjang; Crowder Pea; Moth Bean; Mung Bean; Rice Bean; Urd Bean; Chickpea (Garbanzo Bean); Guar; Lablab bean.

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	Insects Controlled	Rate of Application	Method of Application
	Cutworrn spp. Painted Lady (Thistle) Caterpillar Saltmarsh Caterpillar Silverspotted Skipper	1.4 to 4.3 ounces (0.016 to 0.05 pound active) per acre	Apply as required by scout- ing, usually at intervals of 5 or more days. Timing and frequency of applications should be based upon insect populations reaching locally
	Alfalfa Caterpillar Armyworm, Southern Armyworm, Southern Armyworm, True Armyworm, Yellow- Striped Bean Leaf Beetle Bilster Beetle sp. Colorado Potato Beetle Com Borer, European Com Borer, Southwestern Com Borer, Southwestern Com Rootworm Beetle (adult) Cowpea Curculio Cucumber Beetle Flea Beetle Green Cloverworm Ground Beetles Imported Cabbageworm Japanese Beetle Leaf Skeletonizer spp. Leafhopper spp. Leafhopper spp. Leafhopper spp. Mexican Bean Beetle Pea Weevil	3.0 to 4.3 ounces (0.035 to 0.05 pound active) per acre	Apply by ground or air equip- ment using sufficient water to obtain full coverage of foliage (minimum of 10 gallons by ground and 2 gallons by air). Follow appropriate spray drift precautions on this label.
	Pea Leaf Weevil Plant Bug spp. Potato Leafhopper Seedcom Beetle		
ر .	"Seedcorn Maggot (adult) Spittlebug Hopper Tobacco Budworm ² Velvetbean Caterpillar Webworm spp. Woolly Bear Caterpillar		
	Aphid spp. 1,2 Armyworm, Beet ² Armyworm, Fall Grasshoppers Lesser Cornstalk Borer ¹ Looper spp. ² Stink Bug spp. Thrips spp. ¹ ,2 Whitefly spp. ¹ ,2	3.4 to 4.3 ounces (0.04 to 0.05 pound active) per acre	
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Do not make applications less than 5 days apart.

Do not apply more than 0.3 pound active ingredient per acre per season.

Aids in control

² See resistance statement under "Directions For Use" section

Lettuce, Head (5 day phi)

Insects Controlled	Rate of Application	Method of Application
Com Earworm Cucumber Beetles Cutworms Diamondback Moth Flea Beetles Imported Cabbageworm Leafhoppers Saltmarsh Caterpillar Tobacco Budworm	2.4 to 4.3 ounces (0.028 to 0.05 pound active) per acre	Apply in water as necessary for insect control using a minimum of 15 gallons of finished spray per acre with ground equipment and 5 gallons per acre by air. Lower rates of Fury should be used under light to moderate insect pressure. Higher rates should be used to control heavy
Armyworms Crickets Loopers Lygus Bugs Onion Thips Stink Bugs	3.4 to 4.3 ounces (0.04 to 0.05 pound active) per acre	to extremely heavy insect popu- lations. In areas where arid climatic conditions persist, such as California and Arlzona, higher than minimum recommended rates may be required. Follow appropriate spray drift precautions on this label.
A maximum of 0.3 pound active ingredient may be applied per acre per season.		

Pecans (21 day phi)

Insects	Rate of	Method of
Controlled	Application	Application
Black Pecan Aphid	2.8 to 4.3	Applications at the lower rate
Hickory Shuckworm	ounces	should be made when pest popu-
Pecan Nut Casebearer	(0.033 to	lations are low. Rates should be
Pecan Weevil	0.05 pound	increased as the pest pressure
Yellow Pecan Aphid	active) per	increases.
	acre	Apply by ground equipment to the point of drip. Use 100 gallons o dilute spray per acre for smalle trees. For larger trees which require higher gallonage to achieve adequate coverage apply in 200 to 300 gallons o water. In order to calculate the correct number of gallons o water needed to spray one acre of your trees to the point of drip you may need to conduct a test. I you do not know how to conduct such a test with your equipment you should request assistance from your equipment dealer.

Up to 0.3 pound active ingredient per acre season may be applied prior to shuck split.

Do not graze livestock in treated orchards or cut treated cover crops for feed.

Rice (14 day phl)

Rice (14 day phl)			
Insects Controlled	Rate of Application	Method of Application	
Fall Armyworm Grasshoppers Green Bug Leafhopper Sop. Rice Water Weevil (adult) True Armyworm Yellow-striped Armyworm Oat Birdcherry Aphid*	3.4 to 4.3 ounces (0.04 to 0.05 pound active) per acre	Apply as needed based on pes thresholds determined by scout ing practices. Refer to Extension Scouting guidelines for scouting techniques, pest thresholds and treatment timing and treatmen intervals. Determine the need for repeat applications, usually a	
Chinch Bug Rice Stink Bug	2.8 to 4.3 ounces (0.033 to 0.05 pound	Intervals of 7 days, by scouting. Fury ^e can be safely applied in conjunction with approved rice herbicides.	
	active) per acre	active) per	Apply by air or ground equipmen using sufficient water to obtain fu coverage of foliage. When apply ing by air, apply in a minimum of 5 gallons of water per acre. Fo increased control, crop oil con centrate at 16 fluid ounces pe acre may be used.
		For control of noe water weevil is dry seeded noe, make a folia application as indicated by scoul ing for the presence of adult and/or feeding scars, usuall within a time-frame of 0-5 day after permanent flood establish ment. Do not exceed 10 day from starting permanent flood until insecticide applicatio until insecticide applicatio until insecticide applicatio until secticide application event. Adults may also be treated at later stages of rice develop ment to reduce overwintering populations.	
		For control of fice water weevil a water seeded rice, make the first application after flooding when scouting indicates the pres- ence of adults and/or feeding scars. Application should usuall begin when fice has emerged 0. inch above the waterline. Unde conditions of prolonged migration into the field, start field scoutin for fice water weevil adults and/or feeding scars 3-5 days after the initial freatment and, if needed apply a second application within 7-10 days of the first application Adults may also be treated a later stages of fice development to reduce overwintering popula tions.	
		Green bug is known to have many biotypes. Fury ^a may only provide suppression. If satisfac- tory control is not achieved with the first application of Fury, a resistant biotype may be present Use alternate chemistry for con- trol.	
	} '	Follow appropriate spray drift pre cautions on this label.	
Do not make applications les	s than 7 days	apan.	
Do not release floodwater wit	hin 7 days of a	an application.	
A maximum of 0.20 pound ac per season.	tive ingredient	(1.1 pints) may be applied per acre	
		ture of edible fish and crustacea.	
Do not apply as an ultra-low v	volume (ULV).	SORV.	

Do not apply as an ultra-low volume (ULV) spray.

*Aids in control

Sorghum (Grain) and Millet (14 day phi for grain and stover; 45 day phi for forage):

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Insects Controlled	Rate of Application	Method of Application
Cutworm spp. Sorghum Midge	1.4 to 4.3 ounces (0.016 to 0.05 pound active) per acre	economic thresholds.
Armyworm, Fall Armyworm, Southerm Armyworm, True Armyworm, Yellow-Striped Corn Borer, European ³ Corn Borer, Southwestern ³ Corn Earworm Flea Beetle spp.	1.9 to 4.3 ounces (0.022 to 0.05 pound active) per acre	Apply by ground or air equip- ment using sufficient water to obtain full coverage of foliage (minimum of 10 gallons by ground and 2 gallons by air). The addition of one to two quarts of emulsified oil per acre to the spray solution may improve spray deposi- tion and insect control.
Hornworms Stink Bug spp. Webworm spp.		For sorghum midge control, begin applications when 25% of the sorghum heads have emerged and are in tio
Aphid spp. ¹ , ² Armyworn, Beet ² Chinch Bug False Chinch Bug Grasshopper spp. Lesser Comstalk Borer ³ Thrips spp. ¹ , ² Whitefly spp. ¹ , ²	3.4 to 4.3 ounces (0.04 to 0.05 pound active) per acre	emerged and are in tip bloom. Repeat applications at 10-day intervals if needed For chinch bug control, begir applications when bugs migrate from small grains or grass weeds to small sorghum. Direct spray to the base of plants with sufficient spray volume to penetrate the soil/stem interface, leaf collars, and sheaths.
		Follow appropriate spray drift precautions on this label.
Do not make applications l		• •
Do not apply more than 0.2 season.	25 pound act	tive ingredient per acre per
¹ Alds in Control		
² See resistance statemen ³ For control before the late		

³ For control before the larva bores into the plant stalk.

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Soybeans (21 day phi):

Insects ControlledRate of ApplicationMethod of ApplicationCutworm spp.1.4 to 4.3 ounces CaterpillarApply as required by scout- applications should be based 0.05 pound active) per acreSaltmarsh Caterpillar Saltmarsh Caterpillar0.016 to 0.05 pound active) per acreApply with either serial or ground equipment using suffi- reaching locally determined economic thresholds.Alfalfa Caterpillar Armyworm, True Armyworm, Yelow- Striped Blister Beetle spp. Colorado Potato Beetle (dult)3.0 to 4.3 ounces (0.035 to 0.05 pound active) per acreCom Rorer, European Com Borer, European Com Rockworm Beetle (adult)Apply with either aerial or gallons of finished spray per acre by air or 10 gallons of finished spray per acre by air or 10 gallons of finished spray geposi- lion and insect control.Cowpea Curculio Cucumber Beetle (adult)Composition should be based uncesCom Rockworm Beetle (adult)Follow appropriate spray drift precautions on this label.Follow appropriate spray drift precautions on this label.Follow appropriate spray drift precautions on this label.Follow appropriate spray (adult)System Aphid sprittebugSoybean Aphid sprittebug3.4 to 4.3 Ounces (0.04 to 0.05 pound acreAphid spp. 1. 2 Whitely spp. 1.23.4 to 4.3 ouncesAphid spp. 1.2System 7 acre	Soybeans (21 day phi):		
Painted Lady (Thistie) Caterpillar ounces (0.016 to 0.05 pound active) per acre ing. Timing and frequency of applications should be based on insect populations reaching locally determined economic thresholds. Alfalfa Caterpillar Armyworm, Southern Armyworm, True Ban Leaf Beetle Bister Beetle spp. Colorado Potato Beetle Com Bore, European Com Roctworm Beetle (aduit) 3.0 to 4.3 3.0 to 4.3 0.05 pound active) per acre Apply with either aerial or ground equipment using suffi- tage. Use a minimum of 2 gallons of finished spray per acre by air or 10 gallons of finished spray per acre by ground. The addition of one to two quarts of emulsified oil per acre to the spray solution may improve spray deposi- tion and insect control. Cowpea Curculio Cucumber Beetle European Com Borer Flea Beetle European Com Borer Flea Beetle Easen Cloverworm Japanese Beetle Leaf Skeletonizer spp. Leafmoper spp. Leafmoper spp. Leafmoper spp. Potato Leafmopper Seedcom Maggot (aduit) Soybean Aphid Soybean Aphid Easer Comstalk Borer 1 Looper spp. 2 Stink Bug spp. Thries spp. 1, 2 Stink Bug spp. Stink Bug spp. Thrips spp. 1, 2 Stink Bug spp. Thrips			
Armyworm, Southern Armyworm, Yellow- StripedOunces ground equipment using sufficient spray volume to obtain 0.05 pound 0.05 pound active) per acreApply with either aerial or ground equipment using sufficient spray volume to obtain 0.05 pound full coverage of the plant and active) per acreBaan Leaf Beetle Blister Beetle spp. Colorado Potato Beetle (adult) Com Rootworm Beetle (adult)Ounces ounces of finished spray per acre by air or 10 gallons of finished spray per acre by ground. The addition of one to two querts of emulsified oil per acre to the spray solution may improve spray deposi- tion and insect control.Courbea Curculio Cucumber Beetle (adult)Follow appropriate spray drift precautions on this label.Fiea Beetle Leafnoper spp. Leafnoper spp. Nexican Bean Beetle Pea Weevil Plant Bug spp. Potato Leafnopper Seedcom Maggot (adult) Soybean Aphid Spittebug Three-Cormered Alfalfa Hopper Tobacco Budworm 2 Velvetbean Caterpillar3.4 to 4.3 ounces (0.04 to 0.05 pound active) per acreAphid spp. 1. 2 Stink Bug spp. Yoolly Bear Caterpillar3.4 to 4.3 ounces (0.04 to 0.05 pound active) per acre	Painted Lady (Thistle) Caterpillar Saltmarsh Caterpillar	ounces (0.016 to 0.05 pound active) per	ing. Timing and frequency of applications should be based upon insect populations reaching locally determined
Corn Earworm Corn Rootworm Beetle (adult) Cowpea Curculio Cucumber Beetle European Corn Borer Fiela Beetle Follow appropriate spray deposition and insect control. Compea Curculio Follow appropriate spray drift Cucumber Beetle Follow appropriate spray drift European Corn Borer Follow appropriate spray drift Flea Beetle Follow appropriate spray drift Carner Cloverworm Japanese Beetle Leaf Skeletonizer spp. Leafminer spp. Mexican Bean Beetle Pea Weevil Plant Bug spp. Potato Leafhopper Seedcorn Maggot (adult) Soybean Aphid Soybean Caterpillar 3.4 to 4.3 Webworm spp. Woolly Bear Caterpillar Woolly Bear Caterpillar 0.05 pound Armyworm, Fail Grasshopper spp. Stink Bug spp. Corne app. Stink Bug spp. Corneratil Borer 1 Lesser Comstalk Borer 1 Core app. Stink Bug spp. Corneratil Borer 1 Looper spp. Corneratil Borer 1 Looper spp. Corneratil Borer 1 Looper spp. Corneratil	Armyworm, Southern Armyworm, True Armyworm, Yełłow- Striped Bean Leaf Beetle Blister Beetle spp. Colorado Potato Beetle Com Borer, European	ounces (0.035 to 0.05 pound active) per	ground equipment using suffi- cient spray volume to obtain full coverage of the plant and follage. Use a minimum of 2 gallons of finished spray per acre by air or 10 gallons of finished spray per acre by ground. The addition of one to two quarts of emulsified oil
Cucumber Beetle European Corn Borer Flea Beetle Green Cloverworm Hornworms Imported Cabbageworm Japanese Beetle Leaf Skeletonizer spp. Leafminer spp. Mexican Bean Beetle Pea Weevil Plant Bug spp. Potato Leafnopper Seedcorn Maggot (adult) Soybean Aphid Spittlebug Three-Cornered Alfalfa Hopper Tobacco Budworm 2 Velvetbean Caterpillar Webworm spp. Woolly Bear Caterpillar Aphid spp. 1. 2 Aphid spp. 1. 2 Aphid spp. 1. 2 Aphid spp. 1. 2 Aphid spp. 2 Stink Bug spp. Stink Bug spp. Thrips spp.	Corn Rootworm Beetle (adult)		per acre to the spray solution may improve spray deposi-
Hornworms Imported Cabbageworm Japanese Beetle Leaf Skeletonizer spp. Leafniner spp. Mexican Bean Beetle Pea Weevil Piant Bug spp. Potato Leafnopper Seedcorn Maggot (adult) Soybean Aphid Spittlebug Three-Comered Alfalfa Hopper Tobacco Budworm ² Velvetbean Caterpillar Webworm spp. Woolly Bear Caterpillar Aphid spp. 1. 2 Aphid spp. 1. 2 Aphid spp. 1. 2 Aphid spp. 1. 2 Aphid spp. 1. 2 Armyworm, Fall Grasshopper spp. Lesser Comstalk Borer Looper spp. 2	Cucumber Beetle European Corn Borer Flea Beetle		Follow appropriate spray drift precautions on this label.
Leaf Skeletonizer spp. Leafnopper spp. Leafniner spp. Mexican Bean Beetle Pea Weevil Piant Bug spp. Potato Leafnopper Seedcorn Maggot (adult) Soybean Aphid Spittlebug Three-Comered Alfalfa Hopper Tobacco Budworm 2 Velvetbean Caterpillar Webworm spp. Woolly Bear Caterpillar Webworm spp. Woolly Bear Caterpillar Aphid spp. 1. 2 Armyworm, Beet Armyworm, Fall Grasshopper spp. Lesser Comstalk Borer Looper sp. 2 Stink Bug spp. Thrips sp.	Horriworms Imported Cabbageworm		•
Pea Weevil Piant Bug spp. Potato Leafhopper Seedcorn Maggot (adult) Soybean Aphid Spittlebug Three-Cornered Alfalfa Hopper Tobacco Budworm 2 Velvetbean Caterpillar Webworm spp. Woolly Bear Caterpillar Woolly Bear Caterpillar Aphid spp. 1. 2 Aphid spp. 1. 2 Aphid spp. 1. 2 Aphid spp. 1. 2 Sink Bug spp. Stink Bug spp. Thrips sp. 1.2	Leaf Skeletonizer spp. Leafhopper spp. Leafminer spp.		
Soybean Aphid Spittlebug Three-Cornered Alfalfa Hopper Tobacco Budworm 2 Velvetbean Caterpillar Webworm spp. Woolly Bear Caterpillar Aphid spp. 1. 2 Aphid spp. 1. 2 Armyworm, Beet Armyworm, Fall Grasshopper spp. Lesser Comstalk Borer Looper spp. 2 Stink Bug spp. Thrips sp. 1	Pea Weevil Plant Bug spp. Potato Leafhopper		
Tobacco Budworm 2 Velvetbean Caterpillar Webworm spp. Woolly Bear Caterpillar Aphid spp. 1. 2 Aphid spp. 1. 2 Armyworm, Beet Armyworm, Fail Grasshopper spp. Lesser Comstalk Borer 1 Looper spp. 2 Stink Bug spp. 7	Soybean Aphid	t päites	angtar kan na kan na Na kan na kan n
Aphid spp. 1, 2 Armyworm, Beet Armyworm, Fall Grasshopper spp. Lesser Comstalk Borer 1 Looper spp. 2 Stink Bug spp. Thrips spp. 1 Comparison of the spin o	Tobacco Budworm ² Velvetbeen Caterpillar		
Armyworm, Beet Armyworm, Fall Grasshopper spp. Lesser Comstalk Borer 1 Stink Bug spp. Thrips spp.			
Lesser Comstalk Borer 1 Looper app. 2 Stink Bug spp.	Armyworm, Beet	ounces (0.04 to 0.05 pound	and the second second
Thrips spp. 14 Whitefly spp. 1,2	Lesser Comstalk Borer 7 Looper spp. 2	acre	i a gan ba canana an ann an ann an ann an ann an ann an a
Do not make applications less than 7 days apart.	Whitefly spp. 1,2 Stored	ess than 7 da	ys apart.

Do not graze or harvest treated soybean forage, straw, or hay for livestock feed.

Do not apply more than 0.3 pound active ingredient per acre per season. 1 Aids in control

² See resistance statement under "Directions For Use" section

Sugarcane (21 day phi)

Insects Controlled	Rate of Application	Method of Application
Sugarcane Borer Mexican Rice Borer	3.2 to 4.3 ounces (0.0375 to 0.05 pound active) per	Make applications when insect populations reach economic thresholds. Refer to loca Cooperative Extension Pear Management Guidelines and/or scouting results.
	acre	Apply by air or ground equipmen using sufficient water to obtain ful coverage of foliage (minimum of 2 gallons per acre by air and 10 gallons per acre by ground).
•		Follow appropriate spray drift pre- cautions on this label.

Do not apply more than 0.20 pound active ingredient per acre per season.

Wheat and Triticale (14 day phi for grain, forage, and hay):

Insects Controlled	Rate of Application	Method of Application
Cutworm spp., including Army Cutworm Painted Lady (Thistie) Caterpillar	1.4 to 4.3 ounces (0.016 to 0.05 pound active) per acre	Apply as required by scout- ing. Timing and frequency of applications should be based upon insect populations reaching locally determined economic thresholds.
Armyworm, Southern Armyworm, True Armyworm, Yellow-Striped Cereal Leaf Beetle Fiea Beetle spp. Pale Wastern Cutworm Plant Bug spp. Spittlebug Webworm spp.	1.9 to 4.3 ounces (0.022 to 0.05 pound active) per acre	Apply by ground or air equip- ment using sufficient water to obtain full coverage of foliage (minimum of 10 gallons by ground and 2 gallons by air). For chinch bug control, begin applications when bugs migrate from small grains or grass weeds. Apply sufficient spray volume to penetrate the spil/team interferse leaf
Aphid app. 1,2 Armyworm, Beet 2 Armyworm, Fall Chinch Bug Grass Sawffy Grasshopper spp. Greenbug 1, 2 Stink Bug spp. Thrips spp. 1,2 Wheat Stem Sawffy (adult)1 Whitefly spp. 1,2	3.4 to 4.3 ounces (0.04 to 0.05 pound active) per acre	the soil/stem interface, leaf collars, and sheaths. Follow appropriate spray dr precautions on this label.
Do not make applications I	ess than 14	days apart.
Do not apply more than 0.2 season.	25 pound ac	tive ingredient per acre per
1 Aids in Control		
2 See resistance statemen	t under "Die	otions For Lise" section

Dealers Should Sell in Original Packages Only.

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NOTICE: Read the entire Directions for Use and Conditions of Sale and Limitation of Warranty and Liability before buying or using this product. If the terms are not acceptable, return the product at once, unopened, and the ourchase once will be refunded.

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