

### UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY WASHINGTON, DC 20460

OFFICE OF CHEMICAL SAFETY AND POLLUTION PREVENTION

September 27, 2018

Tim Ciarlo Product Registration Manager FMC Corporation Stine Research Center 1090 Elkton Rd. Newark, DE 19711

Subject: Label Amendment – Adding WSP language in addition to resistance management language per PR Notice 2017-1 Product Name: Pounce WSB Insecticide EPA Registration Number: 279-3083 Application Date: October 2, 2017 Decision Number: 541725

Dear Mr. Ciarlo:

The amended label referred to above, submitted in connection with registration under the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide and Rodenticide Act, as amended, is acceptable. This approval does not affect any conditions that were previously imposed on this registration. You continue to be subject to existing conditions on your registration and any deadlines connected with them.

A stamped copy of your labeling is enclosed for your records. This labeling supersedes all previously accepted labeling. You must submit one copy of the final printed labeling before you release the product for shipment with the new labeling. In accordance with 40 CFR 152.130(c), you may distribute or sell this product under the previously approved labeling for 18 months from the date of this letter. After 18 months, you may only distribute or sell this product if it bears this new revised labeling or subsequently approved labeling. "To distribute or sell" is defined under FIFRA section 2(gg) and its implementing regulation at 40 CFR 152.3.

Should you wish to add/retain a reference to the company's website on your label, then please be aware that the website becomes labeling under the Federal Insecticide Fungicide and Rodenticide Act and is subject to review by the Agency. If the website is false or misleading, the product would be misbranded and unlawful to sell or distribute under FIFRA section 12(a)(1)(E). 40 CFR 156.10(a)(5) list examples of statements EPA may consider false or misleading. In addition, regardless of whether a website is referenced on your product's label, claims made on the website may not substantially differ from those claims approved through the registration process. Therefore, should the Agency find or if it is brought to our attention that a website contains false or misleading statements or claims substantially differing from the EPA approved registration, the website will be referred to the EPA's Office of Enforcement and Compliance.

Page 2 of 2 EPA Reg. No. 279-3083 Decision No. 541725

Your release for shipment of the product constitutes acceptance of these conditions. If these conditions are not complied with, the registration will be subject to cancellation in accordance with FIFRA section 6. If you have any questions, please contact Jennifer Gaines at 703-305-5967 or via email at gaines.jennifer@epa.gov.

Sincerely,

Elizabeth Fertich Product Manager 04 Invertebrate & Vertebrate Branch 1 Registration Division (7505P) Office of Pesticide Programs

Enclosure

ACCEPTED 09/27/2018 Under the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide and Rodenticide Act as amended, for the pesticide registered under EPA Reg. No. 279-3083

## **RESTRICTED USE PESTICIDE**

Due to Toxicity to Fish and Aquatic Organisms For retail sale to and use only by certified applicators, or persons under their direct supervision and only for those uses covered by the certified applicator's certification.

# **POUNCE WSB**

## Insecticide

EPA REG. NO. 279-3083

EPA Est.

### **ACTIVE INGREDIENT:**

*Permethrin**	
OTHER INGREDIENTS:	
	100.0%

\*(3-Phenoxyphenyl)methyl (±) cis-trans 3-(2,2-dichloroethenyl)-2,2dimethylcyclopropanecarboxylate

\*\*cis/trans ratio: Max. 55% ( ± ) cis and Min. 45% ( ± ) trans

U.S. Patent No. 4,024,163

## KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN CAUTION

### **FIRST AID**

If Swallowed: Call a poison control center or doctor immediately for treatment advice. Have person sip a glass of water if able to swallow. Do not induce vomiting unless told to do so by the poison control center or doctor. Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If on Skin or Clothing: Take off contaminated clothing. Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15-20 minutes. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.

If in Eyes: Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15-20 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.

If Inhaled: Move person to fresh air. If person is not breathing, call 911 or an ambulance, then give artificial respiration, preferably by mouth-to mouth, if possible. Call a poison control center or doctor for further treatment advice.

### **HOTLINE NUMBER**

Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor, or going for treatment. You may also contact 1-800-331-3148 for emergency medical treatment information. See other panels for additional precautionary statements.

Sold By FMC Corporation 2929 Walnut Street Philadelphia, PA 19104 PERMETHRIN GROUP 3A INSECTICIDE

### PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS Hazards to Humans and Domestic Animals CAUTION

Harmful if swallowed. Harmful if absorbed through skin. Causes moderate eye irritation. Avoid contact with skin, eyes or clothing. Prolonged or frequently repeated skin contact may cause allergic reactions in some individuals.

Personal Protective Equipment (PPE): Wear waterproof gloves.

Do not apply this product by ULV cold foggers or fog/mist generators. All mixers, loaders, applicators, and other handlers must wear: Long-sleeved shirt and long pants. Shoes plus socks. Waterproof gloves for all handlers except for applicators using motorized ground equipment, pilots, and flaggers. Chemical-resistant apron for mixers/loaders, persons cleaning equipment, and persons exposed to the concentrate, and protective eyewear for mixers/loaders and persons exposed to the concentrate.

See engineering controls for additional requirements.

### **User Safety Recommendations**

- Users should wash hands before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco, or using the toilet.
- Users should remove clothing/PPE immediately if pesticide gets
- inside. Then wash thoroughly and put on clean clothing.
- Users should remove PPE immediately after handling this product. Wash the outside of gloves before removing. As soon as possible, wash thoroughly and change into clean clothing.

### **User Safety Requirements**

Follow manufacturer's instructions for cleaning/maintaining PPE. If no such instructions for washables exist, use detergent and hot water. Keep and wash PPE separately from other laundry. Discard clothing and other absorbent materials that have been drenched (except as required by directions for use) or heavily contaminated with this products concentrate. Do not reuse them.

### **Engineering Controls**

Water-soluble packets, when used correctly, qualify as a closed mixing/ loading system under the Worker Protection Standard [40 CFR 170.607(d)]. Mixers and loaders handling this product while it is enclosed in intact water-soluble packets may elect to wear reduced PPE of long-sleeved shirt, long pants, shoes, and socks. When reduced PPE is worn because a closed system is being used, handlers must be provided all PPE specified above for "applicators and other handlers" and have such PPE immediately available for use in an emergency, such as a spill or equipment breakdown. Pilots must use an enclosed cockpit that meets the requirements listed in the Worker Protection Standard (WPS) for agricultural pesticides [40 CFR 170.240(d)(6)].

### **Net Contents:**

### **Environmental Hazards**

This pesticide is extremely toxic to aquatic organisms, including fish and invertebrates. Do not apply directly to water, or to areas where surface water is present or to intertidal areas below the mean water mark. Do not apply when weather conditions favor drift from treated areas. Drift and runoff from treated areas may be hazardous to aquatic organisms in neighboring areas. Do not contaminate water when disposing of equipment washwaters.

This chemical has the potential to contaminate surface water through spray drift. Under some conditions, it may also have a potential for transport into surface water in runoff (primarily adsorbed to suspended soil particles), for several months or more after application. These include poorly draining or wet soils with readily visible slopes toward adjacent surface waters, frequently flooded areas, and areas overlying extremely shallow groundwater, areas with in-field canals or ditches that drain to surface water, areas not separated from adjacent surface waters with vegetated filter strips, and areas over-lying tile drainage systems that drain to surface waters.

This pesticide is highly toxic to bees and other pollinating insects exposed to direct treatment on blooming crops or weeds. Do not apply this product or allow it to drift to blooming crops or weeds while bees or other pollinating insects are foraging the treatment area.

### DIRECTIONS FOR USE

**Restricted Use Pesticide** 

It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.

Do not apply this product in a way that will contact workers or other persons, either directly or through drift. Only protected handlers may be in the area during application. For any requirements specific to your State or Tribe, consult the agency responsible for pesticide regulation.

#### **Insect Resistance Management**

For resistance management, Pounce WSB Insecticide contains a Group 3A insecticide. Any insect population may contain individuals naturally resistant to Pounce WSB Insecticide and other Group 3A insecticides. The resistant individuals may dominate the insect population if this group of insecticides is used repeatedly in the same fields. Appropriate resistance-management strategies should be followed. To delay insecticide resistance, take the following steps:

- Rotate the use of Pounce WSB Insecticide or other Group 3A insecticides within a growing season, or among growing seasons, with different groups that control the same pests.
- Use tank mixtures with insecticides from a different group that are equally effective on the target pest when such use is permitted. Do not rely on the same mixture repeatedly for the same pest population. Consider any known cross-resistance issues (for the targeted pests) between the individual components of a mixture. In addition, consider the following recommendations provided by the Insecticide Resistance Action Committee (IRAC):
  - Individual insecticides selected for use in mixtures should be highly effective and be applied at the rates at which they are individually registered for use against the target species.
  - Mixtures with components having the same IRAC mode of action classification are not recommended for insect resistance management.
  - When using mixtures, consider any known crossresistance issues between the individual components for the targeted pests.
  - Mixtures become less effective if resistance is already developing to one or both active ingredients, but they may still provide pest management benefits.
  - The insect resistance management benefits of an insecticide mixture are greatest if the two components have similar periods of residual insecticidal activity.
    Mixtures of insecticides with unequal periods of residual

insecticidal activity may offer an insect resistance management benefit only for the period where both insecticides are active.

- Adopt an integrated pest management program for insecticides that includes scouting, uses historical information related to pesticide use, crop rotation, record keeping, and which considers cultural, biological, and other chemical control practices.
- Monitor after application for unexpected target pest survival. If the level of suggests the presence of resistance, consult with your local university specialist or certified pest control advisor.
- Contact your local extension specialist or certified crop advisors for any additional pesticide resistance-management and/or IPM recommendations for the specific site and pest problems in your area.

### AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS

Use this product only in accordance with its labeling and with the Worker Protection Standard, 40 CFR part 170. This Standard contains requirements for the protection of agricultural workers on farms, forests, nurseries, and greenhouses, and handlers of agricultural pesticides. It contains requirements for training, decontamination, notification, and emergency assistance. It also contains specific instructions and exceptions pertaining to the statements on this label about personal protective equipment (PPE) and restricted-entry interval. The requirements in this box only apply to uses of this product that are covered by the Worker Protection Standard.

Do not enter or allow worker entry into treated areas during the restricted entry interval (REI) of 12 hours.

PROHIBITION - Harvesting of conifer seed cones is prohibited within 30 days of application

PPE required for early entry to treated areas that is permitted under the Worker Protection Standard and that involves contact with anything that has been treated, such as plants, soil, or water, is: Coveralls, Chemical-resistant gloves made of any waterproof material, and Shoes plus socks.

### STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Do not contaminate water, food or feed by storage or disposal.

#### Pesticide Storage

Keep out of reach of children and animals. Store in original containers only. Store in a cool dry place and avoid excess heat. Do not store at temperatures below 32°F (0°C). Rough handling may cause breakage of bags, especially at low temperatures. Allow to warm above 50°F (10°C) before use. Do not allow inner bags to become wet during storage. Do not put concentrate or dilute material into food or drink containers.

In case of spill, avoid contact, isolate area and keep out animals and unprotected persons. Confine spills. Call CHEMTREC: (800) 424-9300. To confine spill: If liquid, dike surrounding area or absorb with sand, cat litter or commercial clay. If dry material, cover to prevent dispersal. Place damaged package in a holding container. Identify contents. Pesticide Disposal

Pesticide wastes are toxic. Improper disposal of excess pesticide, spray mixture, or rinsate is a violation of federal law. If these wastes cannot be disposed of by use according to label instructions, contact your State Pesticide or Environmental Control Agency, or the Hazardous Waste representative of the nearest EPA Regional Office for guidance. Container Handling

Non-refillable container: Do not reuse or refill this container. When all water soluble bags are used, the outer package should be clean and may be disposed of in a sanitary landfill, by incineration, or if allowed by State and local authorities, by burning. If burned, stay out of smoke. If outer container contacts formulated product in any way, it must be triple rinsed with clean water. Triple rinse as follows: empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank. Fill the container 1/4

full with water and close tightly. Shake for 10 seconds. Pour rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Repeat this procedure two more times.

### **Chemigation Use Directions**

Apply this product only through sprinkler including center pivot, lateral move end tow, side (wheel) roll, traveler, big gun, solid set, or hand move irrigation systems. Do not apply this product through any other type of irrigation system. Do not connect an irrigation system (including greenhouse systems) used for pesticide application to a public water system.

Crop injury, lack of effectiveness, or illegal residues in the crop can result from non-uniform distribution of treated water. If you have questions about calibration, you should contact State Extension Service specialists, equipment manufacturers, or other experts. A person knowledgeable of the chemigation system and responsible for its operation, or under the supervision of the responsible person, shall shut the system down and make necessary adjustments should the need arise.

The system must contain a functional check valve, vacuum relief valve, and low pressure drain appropriately located on the irrigation pipeline to prevent water source contamination from backflow.

The pesticide injection pipeline must contain a functional, automatic, quick-closing check valve to prevent the flow of fluid back toward the injection pump.

The pesticide injection pipeline must also contain a functional, normally closed, solenoid-operated valve located on the intake side of the injection pump and connected to the system interlock to prevent fluid from being withdrawn from the supply tank when the irrigation system is either automatically or manually shut down.

The system must contain functional interlocking controls to automatically shut off the pesticide injection pump when the water pump motor stops.

The irrigation line or water pump must include a functional pressure switch which will stop the water pump motor when the water pressure decreases to the point where pesticide distribution is adversely affected.

Systems must use a metering pump, such as a positive displacement injection pump (e.g., diaphragm pump) effectively designed and constructed of materials that are compatible with pesticides and capable of being fitted with a system interlock. Do not apply when wind speed favors drift beyond the area intended for treatment. For Pounce WSB Insecticide mixing instructions, see general instructions. Dilute Pounce WSB Insecticide in sufficient volume of water to ensure accurate application over the area to be treated. Add the proper amount of water soluble bags to the supply tank. Maintain sufficient agitation during both mixing and application to ensure that the bags dissolve and that there is uniformity of the supply tank suspension. Hydraulic or mechanical agitation is recommended. Agitate Pounce WSB Insecticide continuously for the duration of the water application. When using chemigation, a minimum of 0.1 inch per acre of irrigation water is recommended.

### APPLICATION INSTRUCTIONS

The product contained in this outer package is a wettable powder formulation of the insecticide permethrin packaged in a translucent water soluble bag. Do not allow the inner bag to become wet before adding to spray or nurse tank. Do not handle the inner bag with wet hands or wet gloves. Rough handling may cause breakage, Do not store at temperatures below  $32^{\circ}F(0^{\circ}C)$ . Allow to warm above  $50^{\circ}F(10^{\circ}C)$  before use. Cooler water temperatures increase the time needed for the inner bag to dissolve completely.

Apply Pounce WSB Insecticide when insects appear or feeding is noticed. Use the higher labeled rate as pest populations increase. Repeat the application as necessary to maintain control. Pounce WSB Insecticide may be applied by both ground and aerial equipment. Use sufficient water to obtain full coverage. With the exception of crops listed below, do not plant rotational crops within 60 days of last application.

Pounce WSB Insecticide is to be diluted with water for spray application. Do not use strainers finer that 50 mesh size. Determine the number of water soluble bag(s) to make up necessary spray suspension.

Use a minimum spray volume of 5 gallons of water per acre. Air agitation is not recommended. Mix thoroughly to fully disperse and suspend the wettable powder. Mix as needed; do not store diluted material.

Calculate the number of bags needed for the recommended rate and number of acres to be treated by using the following formula:

Recommended Rate for Pest (Active/Acre)	x	# Acres to be Treated with Tankload	=	# of Pounce WSB
0.1 (amour	it in e	ach bag)		Insecticide to

## Instructions for Using Water Soluble Packages Directly into Spray Tanks

Water Soluble Packages (WSPs) are designed to dissolve in water. Agitation may be used, if necessary, to help dissolve the WSP. Failure to follow handling and mixing instructions can increase your exposure to the pesticide products in WSPs. WSPs, when used properly, qualify as a closed mixing/loading system under the Agricultural Worker Protection Standard [40 CFR 170.607(d)].

### Handling Instructions

Follow these steps when handling pesticide products in WSPs.

- 1. Mix in spray tank only.
- Handle WSPs in a manner that protects package from breakage and/or unintended release of contents. If package is broken, put on PPE required for clean-up and then continue with mixing instructions.
- 3. Keep the WSPs in outer packaging until just before use.
- 4. Keep the WSPs dry prior to adding to the spray tank.
- 5. Handle with dry gloves and according to the label instructions for PPE.
- Keep WSP intact. Do not cut or puncture WSP.
- Reseal the WSP outer packaging to protect any unused WSPs.

### **Mixing Instructions**

Follow the steps below when mixing this product, including if tank mixed with other pesticide products. If being tank mixed, the mixing directions 1 through 9 below take precedence over the mixing directions of the other tank mix products. WSPs may, in some cases, be mixed with other pesticide products so long as the directions for use of all mixed products do not conflict. Do not tank mix this product with products that prohibit tank mixing or have conflicting mixing directions.

- 1. If a basket or strainer is present in the tank hatch, remove prior to adding the WSP to the tank.
- 2. Fill tank with water to approximately one-third to onehalf of the desired final volume of spray.
- 3. Stop adding water and stop any agitation.
- 4. Place intact/unopened WSPs into the tank.
- 5. Do not spray water from a hose or fill pipe to break or dissolve the WSPs.
- Start mechanical and recirculation agitation from the bottom of tank without using any overhead recirculation, if possible. If overhead recirculation cannot be turned off, close the hatch before starting agitation.
- Dissolving the WSPs may take up to 5 minutes or longer, depending on water temperature, water hardness and intensity of agitation.
- 8. Stop agitation before tank lid is opened.
- Open the lid to the tank, exercising caution to avoid contact with dusts or spray mix, to verify that the WSPs have fully dissolved and the contents have been thoroughly mixed into the solution.
- Do not add other allowed products or complete filling the tank until the bags have fully dissolved and pesticide is thoroughly mixed.
- 11. Once the WSP have fully dissolved and any other products have been added to the tank, resume filling the tank with water to the desired level, close the tank lid, and resume agitation.
- 12. Use the spray solution when mixing is complete.
- 13. Maintain agitation of the diluted pesticide mix during transport and application.
- 14. It is unlawful to use any registered pesticide, including WSPs, in a manner inconsistent with its label.

### **BUFFER ZONES**

#### Vegetative Buffer Strip

Construct and maintain a minimum 10-foot-wide vegetative filter strip of grass or other permanent vegetation between the field edge and down gradient aquatic habitat (such as, but not limited to, lakes; reservoirs; rivers; permanent streams; marshes or natural ponds; estuaries; and commercial fish farm ponds).

Only apply products containing permethrin onto fields where a maintained vegetative buffer strip of at least 10 feet exists between the field and down gradient aquatic habitat.

For guidance, refer to the following publication for information on constructing and maintaining effective buffers: *Conservation Buffers to Reduce Pesticide Losses. Natural Resources Conservation Services.* USDA, NRCS. 2000. Fort Worth, Texas 21 pp. www.nrcs.usda.gov/Internet/FSE DOCUMENTS/nrcs143 023819.pdf

Buffer Zone for Ground Application (groundboom, overhead chemigation, or airblast) - Do not apply within 25 feet of aquatic habitats (such as, but not limited to, lakes, reservoirs, rivers, permanent streams, marshes, natural ponds, estuaries, and commercial fish ponds).

**Buffer Zone for ULV Aerial Application -** Do not apply within 450 feet of aquatic habitats (such as, but not limited to, lakes, reservoirs, rivers, permanent streams, marshes, natural ponds, estuaries, and commercial fish ponds).

**Buffer Zone for Non-ULV Aerial Application -** Do not apply within 150 feet of aquatic habitats (such as, but not limited to, lakes,

reservoirs, rivers, permanent streams, marshes, natural ponds, estuaries, and commercial fish ponds).

### **Spray Drift Precautions**

### Wind Direction and Speed

Only apply this product if the wind direction favors on-target deposition. Do not apply when the wind velocity exceeds 15 mph.

#### Temperature Inversion

Do not make aerial or ground applications into temperature inversions.

Inversions are characterized by stable air and increasing temperatures with height above the ground. Mist or fog may indicate the presence of an inversion in humid areas. The applicator may detect the presence of an inversion by producing smoke and observing a smoke layer near the ground surface.

#### **Droplet Size**

Use only Medium or coarser spray nozzles (for ground and non-ULV aerial application) according to ASAE (S572) definition for standard nozzles. In conditions of low humidity and high temperatures, applicators should use a coarser droplet size.

#### Additional Requirements for Ground Applications

Wind speed must be measured adjacent to the application site on the upwind side, immediately prior to application.

For ground boom applications, apply using a nozzle height of no more than 4 feet above the ground or crop canopy.

For airblast applications, turn off outward pointing nozzles at row ends and when spraying the outer two rows. To minimize spray loss over the top in orchard applications, spray must be directed into the canopy.

#### Additional Requirements for Aerial Applications

Mount the spray boom on the aircraft as to minimize drift caused by wingtip or rotor vortices. Use the minimum practical boom length and do not exceed 75% of the wing span or 80% rotor diameter.

Flight speed and nozzle orientation must be considered in determining droplet size.

Spray must be released at the lowest height consistent with pest control and flight safety. Do not release spray at a height greater than 10 feet above the crop canopy unless a greater height is required for aircraft safety.

When applications are made with a cross-wind, the swath will be displaced downwind. The applicator must compensate for this displacement at the downwind edge of the application area by adjusting the path of the aircraft upwind.

Insects	Rate of	Method of	
Controlled	Application	Application	
Alfalfa Caterpillar	0.05 to 0.2	Use higher labeled	
Armyworms	pound	dosage for increased pest	
Blue Alfalfa Aphid	active per	pressure or for increased	
Cutworms	acre	residual pest control.	
Green Cloverworm		Apply with ground	
Green Peach Aphid		equipment in a minimum	
Loopers		of 10 gallons of finished	
Pea Aphid		spray per acre or 2	
Spotted Alfalfa Aphid		gallons of finished spray	
Velvetbean Caterpillar		per acre by aircraft.	
Webworms	0.1		
Alfalfa Weevil	0.1		
Cucumber Beetle	to 0.2		
Egyptian Alfalfa Weevil	pound		
Meadow Spittlebug	active per		
Plant Bugs (including	acre		
Lygus spp.)			
Potato Leafhopper Stink Bugs			
v	2 nound active ingradiar	t par outting	
Do not apply more than 0.2 pound active ingredient per cutting.			

## Alfalfa; Alfalfa grown for seed\* (Includes lucerne, sainfoin, holy clover, esparcet, birdsfoot trefoil and varieties and/or hybrids of these)

## \*When rates greater than 0.1 pound active per acre are used, do not apply within 14 days of harvest.

Do not make applications less than 30 days apart Do not apply to mixed stands with intentionally-grown forage grasses and/or legumes.

Applications may be made up to harvest.

#### Apples

Appico				
Insects	Rate of	Method of		
Controlled	Application	Application		
Green Fruitworm	0.1	Use with ground		
Oblique Banded	to 0.25	equipment only.		
Leafroller	pound	Apply in 25-400 gallons of		
Plum Curculio	active per	finished spray per acre		
Redbanded Leafroller	acre	when insects appear.		
Rosy Apple Aphid				
Spotted Tentiform				
Leafminer				
Tarnished Plant Bug				
White Apple				
Leafhopper				
Do not apply more than 0.5 pound active per acre per season.				
Do not apply after petal fall.				
Do not graze livestock in t	reated areas.			
Do not make applications less than 10 days apart.				
Do not feed cover crops from treated areas to livestock.				

#### Artichoke

AILICHOKE		
Insects	Rate of	Method of
Controlled	Application	Application
Artichoke Plume Moth Leafminers	0.1 to 0.3 pound active per acre.	Apply with ground equipment in a minimum of 10 gallons of finished spray per acre or in a minimum of 2 gallons per acre by aircraft. Buds may be harvested on the day of application.
Do not apply more than 3 applications (0.9 pound active ingredient) per acre		

per season. Do not make applications less than 10 days apart.

Applications may be made up to harvest.

#### Asparagus

Insects Controlled	Rate of Application	Method of Application	
Asparagus Beetle Cutworms	0.05 to 0.1 pound active per acre	Apply with ground equipment in a minimum of 10 gallons of finished spray per acre.	
Asparagus Beetle Japanese Beetle (Adult stage)* Lygus Bugs Tarnished Plant Bug	0.1 pound active per acre	For post harvest application, apply to the fern stage of the asparagus plant after spear harvest when larval and adult stage are present. *Not for control of this insect in California.	
Do not apply more than 0.4 pound active ingredient per acre per season.			
Do not make applications less than 7 days apart.			

Do not apply within 1 day of harvest.

#### Avocado

/11000000		
Insects	Rate of	Method of
Controlled	Application	Application
Avocado Caterpillar	0.2 pound	Apply with ground
Avocado Lace Bug	active per	equipment in 25-400
Avocado Leafhopper	acre	gallons of finished spray
Avocado Leafroller		per acre. Apply when
Avocado Looper		insects first appear and
Avocado Tree Girdler		repeat at 7 day intervals as
Avocado Whitefly		needed to provide control.
Brown Soft Scale		-
Mirids		

Omnivorous Looper		
Orange Tortrix		
Scale Crawlers		
Spanworm		
Thrips		
Twig Borers		
Do not apply more than 0	.8 pound active ingredie	ent per acre per season.
Do not make applications	less than 7 days apart.	
Do not graze livestock in	treated areas.	
Do not feed cover crops f	rom treated areas to live	estock.
Do not apply within 7 day	s of harvest.	

#### Brussels Sprouts

Insects	Rate of	Method of		
Controlled	Application	Application		
Armyworm spp.	0.05 to 0.1	Apply with ground		
Cabbage Looper	pound	equipment in a minimum of		
Diamondback Moth	active per	10 gallons of finished spray		
Imported	acre	per acre or in a minimum of		
Cabbageworm		2 gallons per acre by		
Plant Bugs		aircraft.		
Thrips				
Do not apply more than 0.4 pound active ingredient per acre per season.				

o not apply more than 0.4 pound active ingredient per a Do not make applications less than 5 days apart. Do not apply within 1 day of harvest.

#### Cauliflower

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Insects	Rate of	Method of		
Controlled	Application	Application		
Armyworm spp.	0.05 to 0.1	Apply with ground		
Cabbage Looper	pound	equipment in a minimum of		
Diamondback Moth	active per	10 gallons of finished spray		
Imported	acre	per acre or in a minimum of		
Cabbageworm		2 gallons per acre by		
Plant Bugs		aircraft.		
Thrips				
Do not apply more than 0.4 pound active ingredient per acre per season and				
0.6 pounds active ingredient per acre per season in Hawaii.				
Do not make applications less than 5 days apart.				
Do not apply within 1 day of harvest.				

#### Broccoli: Chinese Broccoli (gai lon, white flowering broccoli)

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Insects	Rate of	Method of		
Controlled	Application	Application		
Armyworm spp. Cabbage Looper Diamondback Moth Imported Cabbageworm Plant Bugs Thrips	0.05 to 0.2 pound active per acre	Apply with ground equipment in a minimum of 10 gallons of finished spray per acre or in a minimum of 2 gallons per acre by aircraft.		
Do not apply more than 0.8 pound active ingredient per acre per season. Do not make applications less than 5 days apart. Do not apply within 1 day of harvest.				

#### Cabbage; Cabbage, Chinese (napa) (tight-heading varieties only)

Insects	Rate of	Method of	
Controlled	Application	Application	
Cabbage Looper Diamondback Moth Imported Cabbageworm Southern White Butterfly	0.05 to 0.2 pound active per acre	Apply with ground equipment in a minimum of 10 gallons of finished spray per acre or in a minimum of 2 gallons	
Armyworm spp. Cutworms Flea Beetles	0.1 to 0.2 pound active per acre	per acre by aircraft.	
Do not apply more than 0.4 pound active ingredient per acre per season and 0.8 pounds active ingredient per acre per season in Hawaii. Do not make applications less than 5 days apart.			

Do not apply within 1 day of harvest.

Cherries (Includes Sweet Cherries and Tart Cherries)		
Insects	Rate of	Method of

Controlled	Application	Application
Green Fruitworm	0.1 to 0.2	Use Pounce WSB
Lesser Peach Tree	pound	Insecticide as a dilute
Borer	active per	spray. Apply when insects
Plum Curculio	acre	appear. Apply with ground
Redbanded Leafroller		equipment in 25-400
Rose Chafer		gallons of finished spray
Tarnished Plant Bug		per acre.
_		-

Do not apply more than 0.6 pound active ingredient per acre preseason. Do not make more than 3 applications per season. Do not graze livestock in treated areas.

Do not feed cover crops from treated areas to livestock. Do not make applications less than 10 days apart.

Do not apply within 3 days of harvest.

#### Chrysanthemums

Insects	Rate of	Method of
Controlled	Application	Application
Liriomyza Leafminer Flies	0.5 pound active per 100 gallons	Avoid spraying the blooms. Pounce WSB Insecticide may be applied on a weekly schedule. Caution: Cultivars may vary in sensitivity and a small number of plants should be treated to determine plant safety prior top commercial use.

#### Collards and Turnips

Insects	Rate of	Method of	
Controlled	Application	Application	
Beet Armyworm	0.05 to 0.15	Apply with ground	
Cabbage Looper	pound	equipment only.	
Corn Earworm	active per	Apply with ground	
Cutworms	acre	equipment in a minimum	
Diamondback Moth		spray volume of 10 gallons	
European Corn Borer		of finished spray per acre.	
Fall Armyworm			
Green Cloverworm			
Imported			
Cabbageworm			
Leafhoppers			
Leafminer			
Southern Armyworm			
Southern White			
Butterfly			
Tobacco Budworm			
Vegetable Leafminer			
Aphids*			
For use on Collards in AR, AZ, GA, IL, NC, OK, SC, and TX and on Turnips in			
FL, GA, IL, IN, OK, SC, TX, and WA.			
Do not make applications	Do not make applications less than 3 days apart.		
Do not apply more than 0.45 pound active ingredient per acre per season.			
Do not apply within 1 day of harvest.			
* Suppression only.			

#### **Conifers (Container and Field Grown)**

Insects	Rate of	Method of
Controlled	Application	Application
Nantucket Pine Tip	0.1 to 0.2	Begin application when the
Moth	pound	adults appear and repeat at
	active per	5 to 7 day intervals
	acre	throughout the season.

#### Corn (Field), Field Corn Grown for Seed, Popcorn

Insects	Rate of	Method of
Controlled	Application	Application
Preemergent Use: Armyworms Cutworms Stalk Borers	0.1 to 0.15 pound active per acre as a broadcast spray OR	Pounce WSB Insecticide may be applied as a preplant incorporated, preemergence, or at planting time application. Apply as a broadcast spray by ground or air (minimum

	0.5 to 0.75	of 2 gallons finished spray
	ounces per	per acre by air) or 4-15 inch
	1000 linear	band using sufficient spray
	feet row	volume to achieve
	(based on a	adequate coverage.
	4" band and	Use linear row calculations
	40" row spacing.)	proportional to the standard
	40 Tow spacing.)	Band Width/Row Width
		formula to
		adjust rates for different
		band widths or row
		spacings. Use higher rates
		of Pounce WSB Insecticide
		when incorporating into the soil without exceeding the
		5
		labeled dosage. When using tank mixes,
		<b>u</b>
		observe all restrictions and
		precautions which appear
		on the labels of these
		products. Provide constant
		agitation during mixing and
		application to keep the
		mixture in solution.
Foliar Use:	0.1 to 0.15	When treating for stalk
Armyworm (including	pound	borers, Pounce WSB
Fall	active per	Insecticide must be applied
Armyworm)	acre	when or shortly before the
Corn Borer		stalk borer larvae are
European		moving into the corn from
Southwestern		surrounding weeds and
Corn Earworm		grasses. Mowing or
Corn Rootworm		burndown herbicide are
Beetles		suggested to initiate
Cutworms		movement. For control of
Flea Beetle		Corn Earworm apply just
Hop Vine Borer		before silking and continue
Stalk Borers		at intervals of not less than
Webworms		7 days as needed to
Foliar Use:	0.05 to 0.1	provide control. Apply a
Western Bean	pound	minimum of 2 gallons of
Cutworm	active per	finished spray per acre by
	acre	air or 10 gallons per acre
		with ground equipment.
Up to 0.45 pound active in		
Do not make treatments l	ess than 7 days apart of	or apply less than 30 days

Do not make treatments less than 7 days a prior to harvest of grain or fodder (stover). Forage may be harvested on the day of application.

Corn (Field), Field Corn Grown for Seed, Popcorn (At Plant Use)

eenn (n iena), n iena een			
Insects Controlled	Rate of Application	Metho Applica	
Armyworms Cutworms	0.5 ounces per 1,000 linear feet of row	Apply as an ir band or T-bar treatment usin minimum 4" b table below to determine t Pounce WSB Insecticide ne each acre.	n-furrow, nd ng a and. Use he
Row Spacings (inches)	) 40	) 30	20
Pounce WSB Insecticide (pounds ai per acre) 0.10 0.15 0.15			

#### Corn, Sweet

Insects	Rate of	Method of
Controlled	Application	Application
Corn Earworm	0.1 to 0.2	Apply when insects first
Corn Rootworm	pound	appear and repeat at 3 to 5
Beetles*	active) per	day intervals as needed to
Cutworms	acre	provide control.
European Corn Borer		Apply with ground
Fall Armyworm		equipment in a minimum of
Flea Beetle		10 gallons of finished spray

Hop Vine Borer Leafhoppers Southern Armyworm Stalk Borers	per acre or in a minimum of 2 gallons per acre by aircraft. *Pest does not occur on this crop in California.
Do not apply more than 0.8 pound active ingredient per acre per season. Do not make applications less than 3 days apart. Do not apply within 1 day of harvest	

Cucurbit Vegetables except Muskmelon (hybrids and or cultivars of *Cucumis melo*) includes: Chayote (fruit) (Sechium edule); Chinese waxgourd (Chinese preserving melon) (Bernincasa hispida); Citron melon (Citrullus lanatus var. citroides); Cucumber (Cucumis sativus); Gherkin (Cucumis anguria); Gourd, edible (Lagenaria spp.) (includes hyotan, cucuzza); (*Luffa* spp.) (includes hechima, Chinese okra); (*Momordica* spp.) (includes balsam apple, balsam pear, bitter melon, Chinese cucumber); Pumpkin (Cucurbita spp.); Squash, summer (Cucurbita pepo var. melopepo) (includes crookneck squash, scallop squash, straightneck squash, vegetable marrow, zucchini); Squash, winter (Cucurbita maxima; C. moshata) (includes butternut squash, calabaza, hubbard squash; (*C. mixta; C. pepo*) includes acorn squash, spaghetti squash); Watermelon (includes hybrids and/or varieties of Citrullus spp.).

Insects	Rate of	Method of
Controlled	Application	Application
Aphids	0.2 pound	Apply with ground
Leafminers	active) per	equipment in a minimum
Squash Bug	acre	spray volume of 20 gallons
		of finished spray per acre
Cabbage Looper	0.1 to 0.2	or in a minimum of 4
Cucumber Beetle	pound	gallons per acre by aircraft.
(adults)	active) per	
Cutworms	acre	
Leafhoppers		
Melonworm		
Pickleworm		
Plant Bugs (including		
Lygus and Stink Bugs)		
Rindworms		
Squash Vine Borer		
Do not apply more than 1.2 pounds active ingredient per acre per season.		
Do not make applications less than 7 days apart.		

Applications may be made up to harvest.

Muskmelon (hybrids and/or cultivars of *Cucumis melo*) includes: True cantaloupe, cantaloupe, casaba, Crenshaw melon, golden pershaw melon, honeydew melon, honey balls, mango melon, Persian melon, pineapple melon, Santa Claus melon, and snake melon

Insects	Rate of	Method of	
Controlled	Application	Application	
Aphids			
Leafminers	0.2 pound	Apply with ground equipment in a minimum	
Squash Bug	active) per acre	spray volume of 20 gallons	
Squash Bug	acre	of finished spray per acre	
		or in a minimum of 4	
Cabbage Looper	0.1 to 0.2	gallons per acre by aircraft.	
Cucumber Beetle	pound	gailons per acre by aircrait.	
(adults)	active) per		
Cutworms	acre		
Leafhoppers			
,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,			
pounds active ingredient	han 0.8 pound active ingredient per acre per season (1.2 dient per acre per season in Hawaii). ations less than 7 days apart.		

#### Applications may be made up to har

### Eggplant

-336.000		
Insects	Rate of	Method of
Controlled	Application	Application
Colorado Potato Beetle	0.15 pound	Apply with ground
	active per	equipment in a minimum of

	acre	10 gallons of finished spray per acre or a minimum of 2
Cabbage Looper Flea Beetles Vegetable Leafminer	0.1 to 0.15 pound active per acre	gallons per acre by aircraft. Apply using sufficient water to obtain uniform coverage.
Do not apply more than 0 pound active ingredient p Do not make applications	er acre per season in H	

Do not apply within 3 days of harvest.

#### Filberts

Insects	Rate of	Method of
Controlled	Application	Application
Filbertworm Obligue Banded	0.2 to 0.25 pound	For full coverage application apply 0.05 to
Leafroller	active per acre	0.1 pound active per 100 gallons (based on 400 gallons finished spray per acre) and spray to run-off, OR for low volume concentrate application apply 0.2 to 0.25 pound active per acre (50 to 200 gallons finished spray per acre). For aerial application apply 0.2 to 0.25 pound active in a minimum of 10 gallons of finished spray per acre. Apply when insects appear.
Do not apply more than		dient per acre per season.

Do not apply more than 0.75 pound active ingredient per acre per season Do not graze livestock in treated areas. Do not feed cover crops from treated areas to livestock. Do not make applications less than 10 days apart. Do not apply within 14 days of harvest.

#### Horseradish

norserauisii		
Insects	Rate of	Method of
Controlled	Application	Application
Imported Crucifer Weevil (Baris lepidii)	0.15 pound active per acre	For foliar application, apply with ground equipment in a minimum spray volume of 20 gallons finished spray per acre. Make up to 3 foliar applications at intervals of not less than 10 days as needed to control weevil adults during ovi- position.
Do not apply more than	0.45 pound active ingred	lient per acre per season.
	ns less than 10 days apar	
Do not make applicatio	ns within 30 days of harve	est.

#### Leafy Greens Crop Subgroup 4A (except Spinach) includes: Amaranth; Arugula; Chervil; Chrysanthemum, edible-leaved and garland; Corn salad; Cress, garden; Cress, upland; Dandelion; Dock; Endive; Lettuce, head and leaf; Orach; Parsley; Purslane, garden; Purslane, winter; Padicabia

Pursiane, winter; Radico	chio	
Insects	Rate of	Method of
Controlled	Application	Application
Aphids	0.1 to 0.2	Apply when insects first
Beet Armyworm	pound	appear and repeat at 3 to 5
Corn Earworm	active) per	day intervals as needed by
Cutworms	acre	air or ground to provide
European Corn Borer		control. Use sufficient water
Fall Armyworm		to obtain full coverage of
Green Cloverworm		foliage.
Leafminers		Apply with ground
Southern Armyworm		equipment in a minimum of
Tobacco Budworm		10 gallons of finished spray
		per acre or in a minimum of
Alfalfa Looper	0.05 to 0.2	2 gallons per acre by
Cabbage Looper	pound	aircraft.

Leafhoppers	active per	
	acre	
Do not apply more than 0.8 pound active ingredient per acre per season (1.2 pounds active ingredient per acre per season in Hawaii). Do not make		
applications less than 7 days apart.		

Do not make applications within 1 day of harvest.

#### Leafy Petioles Crop Subgroup 4B includes: Cardoon;

Celery; Celery, Chinese; Celtuce; Fennel, Florence (sweet anise, sweet fennel, finochio); Rhubarb; Swiss chard

Insects	Rate of	Method of
Controlled	Application	Application
Aphids Beet Armyworm Corn Earworm Cutworms European Corn Borer Fall Armyworm Green Cloverworm Leafminers Southern Armyworm Tobacco Budworm	0.1 to 0.2 pound active) per acre	Apply when insects first appear and repeat at 3 to 5 day intervals as needed by air or ground to provide control. Use sufficient water to obtain full coverage of foliage. Apply with ground equipment in a minimum of 10 gallons of finished spray per acre or in a minimum of
Alfalfa Looper Cabbage Looper Leafhoppers	0.05 to 0.2 pound active per acre	2 gallons per acre by aircraft.
Do not apply more than 1	.0 pound active ingred	ient per acre per season (1.2

pounds active ingredient per acre per season in Hawaii). Do not make applications less than 7 days apart.

Do not make applications within 1 day of harvest.

#### Mushrooms (Mushroom houses and adjacent premise areas)

Insects	Rate of	Method of
Controlled	Application	Application
Mushroom Flies (Sciarid and Phorid adults)	Apply 1 bag to 11 gallons water. As a guide, use 1 gallon spray per 750 sq. ft.	Spray directly to walls and ceilings as residual surface treatment only. Spray to point of runoff. Use Pounce WSB Insecticide prior to filling house, during cooldown, during spawning, up to pinning and between breaks. Treat as needed when flies appear.

Do not use when mushrooms are present. Do not make more than 20 applications prior to pinning of first break; apply no more than two applications between each break.

Do not apply more than 30 applications total per crop of 5 breaks.

Use of high pressure hand wand prohibited in mushroom houses. Do not apply within 3 days of harvest.

#### **Onions**, Bulb

ennene, Bans		
Insects	Rate of	Method of
Controlled	Application	Application
Controlled		
Armyworms	0.15 to 0.3	Apply with ground
Onion Thrips	pound	equipment in a minimum of
•	active per	20 gallons of finished spray
		per acre or in a minimum of
	acre	
		5 gallons per acre by
Cutworms	0.1 to 0.3	aircraft.
Leafminers	pound	Begin applications when
Onion Maggots (Adults)	active per	pests appear. Use the
Stink Bugs	acre	higher label rates as Onion
Sulik Bugs	acre	5
		Thrips population increases
		and avoid rescue
		situations.
Do not apply more than 1	0 pound active ingredie	ent per acre per season.
Do not make applications		
Do not apply within 1 day	or narvest.	

#### Carlia

Insects	Rate of	Method of
Controlled	Application	Application
Armyworms Onion Thrips	9.6 to 12.8 ounces (0.15 to 0.2 pound active) per acre	Apply with ground equipment in a minimum of 20 gallons of finished spray per acre or in a minimum of 5 gallons per acre by aircraft. Begin applications when
Cutworms Leafminers Onion Maggots (Adults) Stink Bugs	6.4 to 12.8 ounces (0.1 to 0.2 pound active) per acre	pests appear. Use the higher label rates as Onion Thrips population increases and avoid rescue situations.

Do not apply more than 0.8 pound active ingredient per acre per season. Do not make applications less than 10 days apart. Do not apply within 1 day of harvest.

#### **Ornamental Nursery Stock (Field Grown)**

Insects	Rate of	Remarks
Controlled	Application	
Bagworm	0.1 to 0.2	Pounce WSB Insecticide
Beet Armyworm	pound	may be used to control
Cabbage Looper	active per	specified pests on non-
Citrus Thrips	100 gallons	edible ornamentals and
Heliothis spp.	of water	non-bearing plants of
Lace Bug		fruiting species.
Leafhoppers		Caution: Pounce WSB
Leafminers		Insecticide has
Whiteflies		demonstrated excellent
		plant safety; however, not
		all species and varieties
		have been tested. Before treating
		large numbers of plants of
		a particular variety, treat a
		few plants and observe
		prior to full scale
		application.

#### Papaya (Florida Only)

Insects	Rate of	Method of
Controlled	Application	Application
Aphids Brown Soft Scale Mealybug Papaya Fruit Fly Papaya Webworm Papaya Whitefly Scale Crawlers	0.15 pound active per acre	Apply with ground equipment in 25-400 gallons of finished spray per acre. Apply when insects first appear and repeat at 10 day intervals as needed to provide control.

Do not make applications less than 10 days apart. Do not graze livestock in treated areas. Do not feed cover crops from treated areas to livestock. Do not apply within 7 days of harvest.

#### Peaches, Nectarines

Insects	Rate of	Method of
Controlled	Application	Application
Green Fruitworm Lesser Peach Tree Borer Oriental Fruit Moth Peach Twig Borer Plum Curculio Rose Chafer Tarnished Plant Bug	0.1 to 0.25 pound active per acre	Apply with ground equipment using 25-400 gallons of spray per acre or a minimum of 10 gallons per acre by aircraft. Spray to wet all foliage.
Do not apply more than 0.75 pound active ingredient per acre per season. Do not graze livestock in treated areas. Do not feed cover crops from treated areas to livestock.		

Do not feed cover crops from treated areas to lives Do not make applications less than 10 days apart.

#### Do not apply within 14 days of harvest.

#### Pears (Dormant through Delayed Dormant)

Insects	Rate of	Method of
Controlled	Application	Application
Pear Psylla	0.2 to 0.4 pound active per acre	Apply during the dormant through delayed dormant growth periods only. Apply in a minimum of 10 gallons of finished spray per acre by aircraft and 25-400 gallons per acre by ground equipment.

Do not apply more than 0.65 pound active per acre per season. Do not graze livestock in treated areas. Do not feed cover crops from treated areas to livestock. Do not make applications less than 10 days apart.

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Pears (Pre-Bloom)		
Insects	Rate of	Method of
Controlled	Application	Application
Codling Moth Green Fruitworm Pear Psylla	0.2 to 0.25 pound active) per acre	Apply with ground equipment using 25-400 gallons of finished spray per acre or a minimum of 10 gallons per acre by aircraft. Prebloom sprays can be applied from dormant through bud burst stages.
Do not apply more than 0.65 pound active ingredient per acre per season.		

Do not graze livestock in treated areas. Do not feed cover crops from treated areas to livestock. Do not make applications less than 10 days apart.

### Penners Bell

Peppers, Bell		
Insects	Rate of	Method of
Controlled	Application	Application
Cabbage Looper Corn Earworm Cutworms Flea Beetle Pepper Weevil Vegetable Leafminer	0.1 to 0.2 pound active) per acre	Apply using sufficient water to obtain uniform coverage. Apply with ground equipment using a minimum of 10 gallons of finished spray per acre or a minimum of 2 gallons per
European Corn Borer	0.2 pound active) per acre	acre by aircraft.
Do not apply more than 0	.8 pound active ingred	ient per acre per season.

Do not make applications less than 5 days apart. Do not apply within 3 days of harvest.

#### **Pine Seed Orchards**

Insects	Rate of	
Controlled	Application	
Coneworms Seed Bugs	Ground (low and high volume applications): Apply 0.2 to 0.4 lb ai/acre using a final carrier solution of 25 to 400 gallons/acre depending on the type of sprayer system being used. Make up to 3 applications per season.	
	Air: Apply 0.6 lb ai/acre. Apply in a minimum of 5 gallons of finished spray per acre. Do not make more than 1 application per season.	
To control Webbing Coneworm—make first application within 1 week of female flower closure or peak pollen flight. To control other coneworms and seed bugs—make first application within 30 days following female flower closure.		
Do not graze livestock in treated areas.		
Do not feed cover crops from treated areas to livestock.		

Harvesting of conifer seed cones is prohibited within 30 days of application.

#### **Pistachios**

FISIACIIIUS		
Insects	Rate of	Method of
Controlled	Application	Application
Leaffooted Bugs Navel Orangeworm Peach Twig Borer Plant Bugs Stink Bugs	0.2 to 0.3 pound active per acre	Use sufficient water to obtain full coverage of foliage. Apply Pounce WSB Insecticide in a minimum of 10 gallons of finished spray per acre by aircraft or by ground equipment in 25- 400 gallons of finished spray per acre.
Ants	0.3 pound active Per acre	Application should follow mowing of weed growth to insure maximum coverage of the soil surface. Overhead moisture following application will enhance activity.
Do not apply more than 0.9 pound active per acre per crop season. Do not apply after 10% hull split. Do not graze livestock in treated areas. Do not feed cover crops from treated areas to livestock		

Do not feed cover crops from treated areas to livestock. Do not make applications less than 10 days apart. Applications may be made up to harvest.

#### Potatoes

Insects	Rate of	Method of
Controlled	Application	Application
Aster Leafhopper	0.1 to 0.2 pound	Apply with ground
Beet Armyworm	active per acre	equipment in a minimum of
Cabbage Looper		10 gallons of finished spray
Colorado Potato Beetle		per acre or in a minimum of
Cutworms		2 gallons per acre by
European Corn Borer		aircraft. Use sufficient
Potato Aphid		spray volume to obtain full
Potato Flea Beetle		coverage.
Potato Leafhopper		-
Potato Psyllid		
Potato Tuberworm		
Tarnished Plant Bug		
Do not apply more than 0.8 pound active ingredient per acre per season.		
Do not make applications less than 10 days apart		

Do not make applications less than 10 days apart. Do not apply within 14 days of harvest.

#### Range Grass (New Mexico Only)

Insects	Rate of	Method of
Controlled	Application	Application
Range Caterpillar	0.01 pound active per acre	Apply using sufficient spray volume to obtain uniform coverage. Apply with ground equipment in a minimum of 10 gallons of finished spray per acre or in a minimum of 2 gallons per acre by aircraft.
Do not apply more than o Cattle may be present du		
Do not harvest or feed ha	v to livestock.	

#### Roses (Field Grown)

Insects	Rate of	Method of
Controlled	Application	Application
Heliothis spp.	0.1 to 0.2 pound active per acre	Apply with ground equipment in a minimum of 10 gallons of finished spray per acre or in a minimum of 2 gallons of finished spray per acre by aircraft.

#### **Roses (Greenhouse)**

Insects Controlled	Rate of Application	Remarks
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Beet Armyworm Cabbage Looper Omnivorous Leafroller	0.2 pound active per 100 gallons of water	Caution: Varieties may vary in their sensitivity to Pounce WSB Insecticide and a small number of plants should be treated under local conditions to determine plant safety prior to commercial
		use.

#### Sovbeans

Obybeans	Soybeans		
Insects	Rate of	Method of	
Controlled	Application	Application	
Bean Leaf Beetle	0.05 to 0.1 pound	Apply with ground equipment	
Cabbage Looper	active per acre	in a minimum of 10 gallons	
Corn Rootworm		of finished spray per acre or	
Beetles		in a minimum of 2 gallons	
		per acre by aircraft.	
(Woollybear Caterpillar)			
Thistle Caterpillar			
Velvetbean Caterpillar			
Beet Armyworm	0.1 to 0.2 pound		
Corn Earworm	active per acre		
Webworms			
Do not apply more than 0.4 pound active ingredient per acre per season.			
Do not make applications less than 10 days apart.			
Thistle Caterpillar Velvetbean Caterpillar Beet Armyworm Corn Earworm Soybean Looper Webworms Do not apply more than 0 Do not graze or feed soyt	active per acre .4 pound active ingred bean forage or hay.		

Do not make applications less than 10 days apart. Do not apply within 60 days of harvest.

#### Spinach includes: New Zealand spinach and vine spinach

Insects Controlled	Rate of Application	Method of Application			
Aphids Beet Armyworm Corn Earworm Cutworms European Corn Borer Fall Armyworm Green Cloverworm Leafminers Southern Armyworm Tobacco Budworm	0.1 to 0.2 pound active per acre	Apply when insects first appear and repeat at 3 to 5 day intervals as need by air or ground to provide control. Use sufficient water to obtain full coverage of foliage. Apply with ground equipment in a minimum of 10 gallons of finished spray			
Alfalfa Looper Cabbage Looper Leafhoppers	0.05 to 0.2 pound active per acre	per acre or in a minimum of 2 gallons per acre by aircraft.			
Do not apply more than 0.6 pound active ingredient per acre per season.					

Do not make applications less than 3 days apart. Do not apply within 1 day of harvest.

#### Tomatoes Tomatillos

Tomatoes, Tomatinos							
Insects	Rate of	Method of					
Controlled	Application	Application					
Beet Armyworm	0.05 to 0.2 pound	Apply with ground equipment					
Cabbage Looper	active per acre	in a minimum of 10 gallons					
Colorado Potato Beetle		finished spray per acre or in					
Granulate Cutworm		a minimum of 2 gallons per					
Hornworms		acre by aircraft.					
Southern Armyworm							
Tomato Fruitworm							
Tomato Pinworm							
Vegetable Leafminers							
Do not apply more than 0.6 pound active ingredient per acre per season (0.8							
pound active ingredient per acre per season in Hawaii).							
Do not apply to cherry tomatoes or other varieties which produce fruit less							
than one inch in diameter.							
Do not make applications less than 7 days apart							
Applications may be made up to harvest.							

#### Walnuts

Rate of	Method of	
Application	Application	
0.2 to 0.25 pound active per acre	Apply when insect pests first appear. Ground Application – Apply as a dilute spray (minimum of 100 gallons finished spray per acre) or concentrate spray (minimum of 25 gallons finished spray per acre) in sufficient water to provide thorough coverage. Aerial Application – Apply in a minimum of 10 gallons finished spray per acre.	
	Application 0.2 to 0.25 pound	

Do not feed cover crops from treated areas to livestock. Do not make applications less than 10 days apart.

Do not apply within 1 day of harvest.

**Premises Spray** 

For agricultural use only.

Spray directly to walls and ceiling as residual surface treatment only. Use Restrictions

Do not treat manure or litter. Do not contaminate feed and water. Do not apply directly to livestock or poultry. Do not enter or allow others to enter until sprays have dried. Close milk bulk tank lids to prevent contamination from spray and from dead or falling insects. Remove or cover milking utensils before application. Wash teats of animals before milking.

For Application in	Target Insects	Method of Application	Dilute	Application Rate		
Dairies, Barns, Feedlots, Stables, Poultry Houses, Swine and Livestock Houses	House Flies, Stable Flies and other Manure Breeding Flies. Also aids in the reduction of Cock- roaches, Mosquitoes and Spiders.	Sprayer	1 bag to 11 gallons water	1 gallon per 750 square feet of surface		
Po troat as possesant, but not more often than once overy 2 weeks						

Re-treat as necessary, but not more often than once every 2 weeks. The use of any residual fly spray should be supplemental with proper manure management and general sanitation to reduce or eliminate fly breeding sites.

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