

OFFICE OF CHEMICAL SAFETY AND POLLUTION PREVENTION

WASHINGTON, D.C. 20460

September 5, 2025

Edward Bockrath
Product Registration Manager
US Registration & Regulatory Affairs
FMC Corporation (Stine Research Center)
1090 Elkton Road (S300/433)
Newark, DE, 19711

Subject: Label Amendment - Registration Review Mitigation for Bifenthrin

Product Name: CAPTURE 2EC Insecticide/Miticide

EPA Registration Number: 279-3069

Case Number: 479709

Application Date: 02/18/2021

Dear Edward Bockrath:

The Agency, in accordance with the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act (FIFRA), as amended, has completed reviewing all the information submitted with your application to support the Registration Review of the above referenced product in connection with the Bifenthrin Interim Decision, and has concluded that your submission is acceptable. The label referred to above, submitted in connection with registration under FIFRA, as amended, is acceptable.

Should you wish to add/retain a reference to the company's website on your label, then please be aware that the website becomes labeling under the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act and is subject to review by the Agency. If the website is false or misleading, the product would be misbranded and unlawful to sell or distribute under FIFRA section 12(a)(1)(E). 40 CFR 156.10(a)(5) list examples of statements EPA may consider false or misleading. In addition, regardless of whether a website is referenced on your product's label, claims made on the website may not substantially differ from those claims approved through the registration process. Therefore, should the Agency find or if it is brought to our attention that a website contains false or misleading statements or claims substantially differing from the EPA approved registration, the website will be referred to the EPA's Office of Enforcement and Compliance Assurance.

A stamped copy of your labeling is enclosed for your records. This labeling supersedes all previously accepted labeling and must be used at your next label printing. You must submit one copy of the final printed labeling before you release the product for

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shipment with the new labeling. In accordance with 40 CFR 152.130(c), you may distribute or sell this product under the previously approved labeling for 12 months from the date of this letter. After 12 months, you may only distribute or sell this product if it bears this new revised labeling or subsequently approved labeling. "To distribute or sell" is defined under FIFRA section 2(gg) and its implementing regulation at 40 CFR 152.3.

If you have any questions about this letter, please contact Samantha Thomas by phone at 202-566-2368, or via email at thomas.samantha@epa.gov.

Sincerely,

Cathryn Britton

Cathup Sutter

Chief, Risk Management and Implementation

Branch V

Pesticide Re-evaluation Division (7508M)

Office of Pesticide Programs

ENCLOSURE: Stamped label

RESTRICTED USE PESTICIDE

Due to toxicity to fish and aquatic organisms. For retail sale to and use only by certified applicators, or persons under their direct supervision and only for those uses covered by the certified applicator's certification.

BIFENTHRIN GROUP 3A INSECTICIDE

CAPTURE 2EC

Insecticide/Miticide

CAPTURE 2EC IS NOT FOR SALE OR USE IN CALIFORNIA.

EPA Reg. No. 279-3069

EPA Est. No. 279-

Active Ingredient: By Wt. Bifenthrin* 25.1% Other Ingredients:** 100.0%

*Cis isomers 97% minimum, trans isomers 3% maximum.

**Contains xylene range aromatic solvents.

This product contains 2 pounds active ingredient per gallon.

ALL-WEATHER FORMULA

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN WARNING/AVISO

ACCEPTED

09/05/2025

Under the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide and Rodenticide Act as amended, for the pesticide registered under

EPA Reg. No. 279-3069

This label must be in the possession of the user at the time of application. Si usted no entiende la etiqueta, busque a alquien para que se la explique a usted en detalle. (If you do not understand the label, find someone to explain it to you in detail.)

See other panels for additional precautionary information.

FIRST AID

If Swallowed: Immediately call a poison control center or doctor. Do not induce vomiting unless told to do so by the poison control center or doctor. Do not give any liquid to the person. Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

If Inhaled: Move person to fresh air. If person is not breathing, call 911 or an ambulance, then give artificial respiration, preferably by mouth-to-mouth, if possible. Call a poison control center or doctor for further treatment advice.

If in Eyes: Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15-20 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.

If on Skin or Clothing: Take off contaminated clothing, Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15-20 minutes. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.

HOTLINE NUMBER

Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor, or going for treatment. You may also contact 1-800-331-3148 for emergency medical treatment information.

NOTE TO PHYSICIAN

This product is a pyrethroid. If large amounts have been ingested, the stomach and intestines should be evacuated. Treatment is symptomatic and supportive. Digestible fats, oils, or alcohol may increase absorption and so should be avoided. Contains petroleum distillate - vomiting may cause aspiration pneumonia.

FMC Corporation 2929 Walnut Street Philadelphia, PA 19104 **Net Contents:**

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS

Hazards to Humans (and Domestic Animals)

Warning

May be fatal if swallowed. Harmful if inhaled or absorbed through skin. Causes moderate eye irritation. Avoid breathing vapor or spray mist. Avoid contact with skin, eyes or clothing.

Personal Protective Equipment:

Handlers who may be exposed to the diluted product through application or other tasks must wear:

- · Long-sleeved shirt and long pants
- Waterproof gloves or chemical-resistant gloves made of barrier laminate, butyl rubber (≥ 14 mils), nitrile rubber (≥ 14 mils), neoprene rubber (≥ 14 mils), natural rubber (≥ 14 mils), polyethylene, polyvinyl chloride (PVC) (≥ 14 mils), or viton (≥ 14 mils)
- Shoes plus socks
- · Protective eyewear

Handlers who may be exposed to the concentrate through mixing, loading, application or other tasks must wear:

- · Long-sleeved shirt and long pants
- Chemical-resistant gloves made of barrier laminate, butyl rubber (≥ 14 mils), nitrile rubber (≥ 14 mils), neoprene rubber (≥ 14 mils), natural rubber (≥ 14 mils), polyethylene, polyvinyl chloride (PVC) (≥ 14 mils), or viton (≥ 14 mils)
- Shoes plus socks
- Protective eyewear

Discard clothing and other absorbent materials that have been drenched or heavily contaminated with this product's concentrate. Do not reuse them. Follow manufacturer's instructions for cleaning/maintaining PPE. If no such instructions for washables, use detergent and hot water. Keep and wash PPE separately from other laundry.

User Safety Recommendations

Users should:

Wash hands before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco or using the toilet.

Remove clothing immediately if pesticide gets inside. Then wash thoroughly and put on clean clothing.

Environmental Hazards

This pesticide is extremely toxic to fish and aquatic invertebrates. Use with care when applying in areas adjacent to any body of water. Do not apply directly to water, to areas where surface water is present or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark. Do not make applications when weather conditions favor drift from treated areas. Drift and runoff from treated areas may be hazardous to aquatic organisms in neighboring areas. Do not contaminate water when disposing of equipment washwaters.

This product is highly toxic to bees exposed to direct treatment or residues on blooming crops or weeds. Do not apply this product or allow it to drift to blooming crops or weeds if bees are visiting the treatment area. Protect pollinating insects by following label directions intended to minimize drift and to reduce risk to these organisms.

The use of bifenthrin is prohibited in areas that may result in exposure of endangered species to bifenthrin. Prior to use in a particular county contact the local extension service for procedures and precautions to use to protect endangered species.

Physical/Chemical Hazards

Do not use or store near heat or open flame.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

RESTRICTED USE PESTICIDE

It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling. Do not apply this product in a way that will contact workers or other persons, either directly or through drift. Only protected handlers may be in the area during application. For any requirements specific to your State or Tribe, consult the agency responsible for pesticide regulation.

Resistance Management

For resistance management, CAPTURE 2EC Insecticide/Miticide contains a Group 3A insecticide. Any insect population may contain individuals naturally resistant to CAPTURE 2EC Insecticide/Miticide and other Group 3A insecticides. The resistant individuals may dominate the insect population if this group of insecticides is used repeatedly in the same fields. Appropriate resistance-management strategies should be followed. To delay insecticide resistance, take the following steps:

- Rotate the use of CAPTURE 2EC Insecticide/Miticide Insecticide or other Group 3A insecticides within a growing season, or among growing seasons, with different groups that control the same pests.
- Use tank mixtures with insecticides from a different group that are equally effective on the target pest
 when such use is permitted. Do not rely on the same mixture repeatedly for the same pest population.
 Consider any known cross-resistance issues (for the targeted pests) between the individual components
 of a mixture. In addition, consider the following recommendations provided by the Insecticide Resistance
 Action Committee (IRAC):
 - Individual insecticides selected for use in mixtures should be highly effective and be applied at the rates at which they are individually registered for use against the target species.
 - Mixtures with components having the same IRAC mode of action classification are not recommended for insect resistance management.
 - When using mixtures, consider any known cross-resistance issues between the individual components for the targeted pests.
 - Mixtures become less effective if resistance is already developing to one or both active ingredients, but they may still provide pest management benefits.
 - The insect resistance management benefits of an insecticide mixture are greatest if the two
 components have similar periods of residual insecticidal activity. Mixtures of insecticides with
 unequal periods of residual insecticidal activity may offer an insect resistance management benefit
 only for the period where both insecticides are active.
- Adopt an integrated pest management program for insecticides that includes scouting, uses historical
 information related to pesticide use, crop rotation, record keeping, and which considers cultural,
 biological, and other chemical control practices.
- Monitor after application for unexpected target pest survival. If the level of survival suggests the presence
 of resistance, consult with your local university specialist or certified pest control advisor.
- Contact your local extension specialist or certified crop advisors for any additional pesticide resistancemanagement and/or IPM recommendations for the specific site and pest problems in your area.

AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS

Use this product only in accordance with its labeling and with the Worker Protection Standard, 40 CFR part 170. This Standard contains requirements for the protection of agricultural workers on farms, forests, nurseries, and greenhouses, and handlers of agricultural pesticides. It contains requirements for training, decontamination, notification, and emergency assistance. It also contains specific instructions and exceptions pertaining to the statements on this label about personal protective equipment (PPE) and restricted-entry interval. The requirements in this box only apply to uses of this product that are covered by the Worker Protection Standard.

Do not enter or allow worker entry into treated areas during the restricted entry interval (REI) of 12 hours.

PPE required for early entry to treated areas that is permitted under the Worker Protection Standard and that involves contact with anything that has been treated, such as plants, soil, or water, is: Coveralls, Chemical-resistant gloves, made of barrier laminate or viton > 14 mils, and Shoes plus socks.

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Pesticide Storage

Do not freeze. Do not store below 40° F. If crystals are observed, warm material to above 60° F by placing container in warm location. Shake or roll container periodically to redissolve solids. Keep out of reach of children and animals. Store in original containers only. Store in a cool, dry place and avoid excess heat. Carefully open containers. After partial use, replace lids and close tightly. Do not put concentrate or dilute material into food or drink containers. Do not contaminate other pesticides, fertilizers, water, food, or feed by storage or disposal. In case of spill, avoid contact, isolate area and keep out animals and unprotected persons. Confine spills. Call CHEMTREC (Transportation and Spills); (800)-424-9300. To confine spill: dike surrounding area or absorb with sand, cat litter or commercial clay. Place damaged package in a holding container. Identify contents.

Pesticide Disposal

Pesticide wastes are toxic. Improper disposal of excess pesticide, spray mixture, or rinsate is a violation of Federal law. If these wastes cannot be disposed of by use according to label instructions, contact your State Pesticide or Environmental Control Agency, or the Hazardous Waste representative of the nearest EPA Regional Office for guidance.

Container Disposal

Metal or Plastic Container: **Non-refillable container (in sizes 5 gallons or less):** Do not reuse or refill this container. **Triple rinse as follows:** Empty the contents into application equipment or a mix tank and drain for 10 seconds after flow begins to drip. Fill container ½ full with water and recap. Shake for 10 seconds. Pour rinsate into application equipment or mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Repeat this procedure two more times. Then offer for recycling, if available or reconditioning, if appropriate, or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill.

Non-refillable container (in sizes greater than 5 gallons) - Do not reuse or refill this container. Triple rinse or pressure rinse. Triple rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank. Fill the container ¼ full with water. Replace and tighten closures. Tip container on its side and roll it back and forth, ensuring at least one complete revolution, for 30 seconds. Stand the container on its end and tip back and forth several times. Turn the container over onto its other end and tip back and forth several times. Empty the rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Repeat this procedure two more times. Pressure rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank and continue to drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Hold container upside down over application equipment or mix tank or collect rinsate for later use or disposal. Insert pressure rinsing nozzle in the side of the container and rinse at about 40 PSI for at least 30 seconds. Drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip.

Returnable/Refillable Containers: Refill this container with pesticide only. Do not reuse this container for any other purpose. Do not rinse container. Do not empty remaining formulated product. Do not break seals. Return intact to point of purchase. Cleaning the container before final disposal is the responsibility of the person disposing of the container. Cleaning before refilling is the responsibility of the refiller.

U-Turn® Container: Do not rinse container. Do not empty remaining formulated product. Do not break seals. Return intact to point of purchase.

Chemigation Use Directions

Apply this product only through sprinkler including center pivot, lateral move, end tow, side (wheel) roll, traveler, big gun, solid set, or hand move irrigation systems. Do not apply this product through any other type of irrigation system. Do not connect an irrigation system (including greenhouse systems) used for pesticide application to a public water system.

For LEPA irrigation a minimum of 0.75 inch of water per acre is recommended. Where non-emulsified oils are used as the diluent, 1 to 2 pints per acre is recommended.

Results from utilizing chemigation have been variable and depend upon the set up and calibration of equipment. Crop injury, lack of effectiveness, or illegal residues in the crop can result from non-uniform distribution of treated water. Contact your State Agricultural Extension Service specialists, equipment manufacturers or other experts for consultation on the suitability of the equipment set up to obtain effective control of the target insect pests.

A person knowledgeable of the chemigation system and responsible for its operation, or under the supervision of the responsible person, shall shut the system down and make necessary adjustments should the need arise. Failure to cease application during a mechanical stoppage may result in undesirable residues to adjacent areas.

The system must contain a functional check valve, vacuum relief valve, and low pressure drain appropriately located on the irrigation pipeline to prevent water source contamination from backflow.

The pesticide injection pipeline must contain a functional, automatic, quick-closing check valve to prevent the flow of fluid back toward the injection pump. The pesticide injection pipeline must also contain a functional, normally closed, solenoid-operated valve located on the intake side of the injection pump and connected to the system interlock to prevent fluid from being withdrawn from the supply tank when the irrigation system is either automatically or manually shut down.

The system must contain functional interlocking controls to automatically shut off the pesticide injection pump when the water pump motor stops.

The irrigation line or water pump must include a functional pressure switch which will stop the water pump motor when the water pressure decreases to the point where pesticide distribution is adversely affected. Systems must use a metering pump, such as a positive displacement injection pump (e.g., diaphragm pump) effectively designed and constructed of materials that are compatible with pesticides and capable of being fitted with a system interlock.

Do not apply when wind speed favors drift beyond the area intended for treatment. Capture® 2EC insecticide/miticide should be applied continuously for the duration of the water application. Capture 2EC should be diluted in sufficient volume to ensure accurate application over the area to be treated. When using chemigation, a minimum of 0.5 inch per acre of irrigation water is recommended. Agitation generally is not required when a suitable diluent is used. A diluent test should be conducted to ensure that phase separation will not occur during dilution and application. Failure to achieve a uniform dilution throughout the time of application may result in undesirable residues or less than desirable control.

Rotational Crops

Crops for which bifenthrin tolerances exist may be rotated at any time. All other crops may be rotated 30 days following the final application of bifenthrin.

Tank-Mixture

Capture 2EC Insecticide/Miticide may be applied in tank mixtures with other products approved for use on registered crops. Observe all restrictions and precautions which appear on the labels of these products. Test for compatibility of products before mixing.

VEGETATIVE FILTER STRIPS

Construct and maintain a vegetative filter strip, according to the width specified below, of grass or other permanent vegetation between the field edge and nearby down gradient aquatic habitat (such as, but not limited to, lakes; reservoirs; rivers; streams; marshes; or natural ponds; estuaries; and commercial fish farm ponds).

Only apply products containing bifenthrin onto fields where a maintained vegetative filter strip of **at least 25 feet** exists between the field edge and where a down gradient aquatic habitat exists. This minimum required width of 25 feet may be reduced or removed under the following conditions:

- For Western irrigated agriculture, a maintained vegetative filter strip of at least 10 feet wide is required. Western irrigated agriculture is defined as irrigated farmland in the following states:
 - WA, OR, CA, ID, NV, UT, AZ, MT, WY, CO, NM, and TX (west of I-35).
 - For Western irrigated agriculture, if a sediment control basin is present, a vegetative filter strip is not required.
- In all other areas, a vegetative filter strip with a minimum width of 25 feet is required, unless the following conditions are met. The vegetative filter strip requirement may be reduced from 25 feet to 15 feet if at least one of the following applies:
 - o The area of application is considered prime farmland (as defined in 7 CFR § 657.5)
 - Conservation tillage is being implemented on the area of application. Conservation tillage is defined as any system that leaves at least 30% of the soil surface covered by residue after planting.
 Conservation tillage practices can include mulch-till, no-till, or strip-till.
 - A functional terrace system is maintained on the area of application.
 - o Water and sediment control basins for the area of application are functional and maintained.
 - The area of application is less than or equal to 10 acres.

For further guidance on vegetated filter strips, refer to the following publication for information on constructing and maintaining effective buffers: Conservation Buffers to Reduce Pesticide Losses. Natural Resources Conservation Services. https://www.regulations.gov/document?D=EPA-HQ-OPP-2008-0331-0175

Application Instructions

Rate of application is variable according to pest pressure, timing of sprays, and field scouting. Use lower rates under light to moderate infestations; higher rates under heavy insect pressure and for mite control. Arid climates generally require higher rates.

BUFFER ZONES TO WATER BODIES

Buffer Zone for Ground Application— Do not apply within 25 feet of aquatic habitats (such as, but not limited to, lakes, reservoirs, rivers, streams, marshes, ponds, estuaries, and commercial fish ponds).

Ultra Low Volume (ULV) Aerial Application - Do not apply within 450 feet of aquatic habitats (such as, but not limited to, lakes, reservoirs, rivers, streams, marshes, ponds, estuaries, and commercial fish ponds).

Non-ULV Aerial Application – Do not apply within 150 feet of aquatic habitats (such as, but not limited to, lakes, reservoirs, rivers, streams, marshes, ponds, estuaries, and commercial fish ponds).

In New York State this product may not be applied within 100 feet (using ground equipment) to 300 feet (using aerial equipment) of coastal marshes or streams that drain into coastal marshes.

Mandatory Spray Drift Management

Aerial Applications:

- Do not release spray at a height greater than 10 feet above the vegetative canopy, unless a greater application height is necessary for pilot safety.
- Applicators are required to select nozzle and pressure that deliver medium or coarser droplets (ASABE S641)
- Do not apply when wind speeds exceed 15 mph at the application site. If the wind speed is greater than 10 mph, the boom length must be 65% or less of the wingspan for fixed wing aircraft and 75% or less of the rotor diameter for helicopters. Otherwise, the boom length must be 75% or less of the wingspan for fixed-wing aircraft and 90% or less of the rotor diameter for helicopters.
- If the wind speed is 10 mph or less, applicators must use ½ swath displacement upwind at the downwind edge of the field. When the windspeed is between 11-15 mph, applicators must use ¾ swath displacement upwind at the downwind edge of the field.
- Do not apply during temperature inversions.

Airblast Applications:

- · Sprays must be directed into the canopy.
- Do not apply when wind speeds exceed 15 mph at the application site.
- User must turn off outward pointing nozzles at row ends and when spraying outer row.
- · Do not apply during temperature inversions.

Ground Boom Applications:

- User must only apply with the nozzle height recommended by the manufacturer, but no more than 4 feet above the ground or crop canopy.
- Applicators are required to select nozzle and pressure that deliver medium or coarser droplets (ASABE S572).
- Do not apply when wind speeds exceed 15 mph at the application site.
- · Do not apply during temperature inversions.

Spray Drift Advisories

THE APPLICATOR IS RESPONSIBLE FOR AVOIDING OFF-SITE SPRAY DRIFT.
BE AWARE OF NEARBY NON-TARGET SITES AND ENVIRONMENTAL CONDITIONS.

IMPORTANCE OF DROPLET SIZE

An effective way to reduce spray drift is to apply large droplets. Use the largest droplets that provide target pest control. While applying larger droplets will reduce spray drift, the potential for drift will be greater if applications are made improperly or under unfavorable environmental conditions.

Controlling Droplet Size - Ground Boom

- Volume Increasing the spray volume so that larger droplets are produced will reduce spray drift. Use
 the highest practical spray volume for the application. If a greater spray volume is needed, consider
 using a nozzle with a higher flow rate.
- Pressure Use the lowest spray pressure recommended for the nozzle to produce the target spray volume and droplet size.
- Spray Nozzle Use a spray nozzle that is designed for the intended application. Consider using nozzles
 designed to reduce drift.

Controlling Droplet Size – Aircraft

 Adjust Nozzles – Follow nozzle manufacturers recommendations for setting up nozzles. Generally, to reduce fine droplets, nozzles should be oriented parallel with the airflow in flight.

BOOM HEIGHT - Ground Boom

• For ground equipment, the boom should remain level with the crop and have minimal bounce.

RELEASE HEIGHT – Aircraft

· Higher release heights increase the potential for spray drift.

SHIELDED SPRAYERS

Shielding the boom or individual nozzles can reduce spray drift. Consider using shielded sprayers. Verify
that the shields are not interfering with the uniform deposition of the spray on the target area.

TEMPERATURE AND HUMIDITY

• When making applications in hot and dry conditions, use larger droplets to reduce effects of evaporation.

TEMPERATURE INVERSIONS

• Drift potential is high during a temperature inversion. Temperature inversions are characterized by increasing temperature with altitude and are common on nights with limited cloud cover and light to no wind. The presence of an inversion can be indicated by ground fog or by the movement of smoke from a ground source or an aircraft smoke generator. Smoke that layers and moves laterally in a concentrated cloud (under low wind conditions) indicate an inversion, while smoke that moves upward and rapidly dissipates indicates good vertical air mixing. Avoid applications during temperature inversions.

WIND

- Drift potential generally increases with wind speed. AVOID APPLICATIONS DURING GUSTY WIND CONDITIONS.
- · Applicators need to be familiar with local wind patterns and terrain that could affect spray drift.

NON-TARGET ORGANISM ADVISORY STATEMENT (Environmental Hazards):

This product is highly toxic to bees and other pollinating insects exposed to direct treatment or to residues in/on blooming crops or weeds. **Protect pollinating insects by following label directions intended to minimize drift and reduce pesticide risk to these organisms**.

Pollinator Best Management Practices

Following best management practices can help reduce the risk to terrestrial pollinators. Examples of best management practice include applying pesticides in the evening and at night when pollinators are not foraging and checking to confirm hive locations before spraying. For additional resources on pollinator best management practices, visit https://www.epa.gov/pollinator-protection/find-best-management-practices-protect-pollinators

Managed pollinator protection plans are developed by states/tribes to promote communication between growers, landowners, farmers, beekeepers, pesticide users, and other pest management professionals to reduce exposure of bees to pesticides. If available, visit state plans for additional information on how to protect pollinators.

How to Report Bee Kills

It is recommended that users contact both state lead agency and the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency to report bee kills due to pesticide application. Bee kills can be reported to EPA at beekill@epa.gov . To contact your state lead agency, see the current listing of state pesticide regulatory agencies at the National Pesticide Information Center's website: http://npic.orst.edu/reg/state_agencies.html

CROP USES

COTTON

		DOSA	AGE
CROP	PEST	LB AI/A	FL OZ/A
Cotton	European Corn Borer Soybean (Banded) Thrips Tobacco Thrips	0.02-0. 10	1.3-6.4
	Boll Weevil Bollworm Cabbage Looper Cotton Aphid Cotton Fleahopper Cotton Leafperforator Cutworms Fall Armyworm Plant Bugs Saltmarsh Caterpillar Southern Garden Leafhopper Stink Bugs Tobacco Budworm Whitefly Yellow Striped Armyworm	0.04-0.10	2.6-6.4
	Beet Armyworm Carmine Spider Mite Lygus Species Pink Bollworm Twospotted Spider Mite	0.06-0.10	3.8-6.4

RESTRICTIONS

- Do not apply more than 0.5 pound active per acre per season.
- Do not apply within 14 days of harvest.
- Do not graze livestock in treated areas or cut treated crops for feed.
- Do not make more than 10 synthetic pyrethroid applications (of one product or combination of products) to a cotton crop in one growing season.

REMARKS

Capture 2EC may be applied in water or refined vegetable oil (soybean/cottonseed).

Application in Water: Apply in a minimum of 5 gallons per acre with ground equipment or 1 gallon per acre by aircraft. When applying by air, 1 quart of emulsified oil may be substituted for one quart of water in the finished spray.

ULV Application: Apply the recommended rate of Capture 2EC in refined vegetable oil in a minimum of 1 quart of finished spray per acre with aircraft calibrated to give adequate coverage.

To Control Boll Weevil: Apply Capture 2EC at an interval of 3 to 4 days until pest numbers are reduced to acceptable levels.

To Control Mites and Aphids: Apply when pests first appear. Repeat as necessary to maintain control. Higher rates will be required once a damaging threshold is established.

This product is not for sale or use in the State of California.

FIELD CORN (GRAIN AND SILAGE), POPCORN, FIELD CORN GROWN FOR SEED (AT PLANT USE)

I LANT GOL)	I	ı		
		DOS		
		LB AI/1000	FL OZ	
		linear row	/1000 linear	
CROP	PEST	feet	row feet	REMARKS
Field Corn (Grain and Silage) Popcorn Field Corn Grown For Seed	Northern Corn Rootworm Larvae Southern Corn Rootworm Larvae Western Corn Rootworm Larvae	0.0046	0.30	Apply as a 5 to 7 inch T-band treatment over an open seed furrow. Position the spray nozzle behind the planter shoe, in front of the press wheel centered over the row. Use the table below to determine the Capture 2EC needs per acre. Apply in a minimum of 3 gallons of finished spray per acre. Mix Capture 2EC with water or fertilizer in the following manner. Fill the spray tank approximately one-half full with water or liquid fertilizer, add the proper amount of Capture 2EC, then add the rest of the water
				or fertilizer. Provide sufficient agitation during mixing and application to maintain a uniform spray mixture. Applications of Capture 2EC alone or in
	Army Cutworm Armyworm Species Cutworm Species Grubs Seed Corn Beetle Seed Corn Maggot True Armyworm Wireworm	0.0023 - 0.0046	0.15-0.30	recommended tank mixtures, in conjunction with in furrow pop-up fertilizers may be used. A jar compatibility test should be performed before tank mixing with appropriate ratio of Capture 2EC and fertilizer to ensure mixture will stay in solution. Constant agitation should be maintained in the spray tank during mixing and application.
				Do not apply to soil where there is greater than 30% cover of crop residue remaining.
				Do not apply within 30 days of harvest. Do not graze livestock in treated area or cut treated crops for feed within 30 days of treatment. Do not apply more than 0.1 pound active per acre per season as an at plant application.

Row Spacings (inches)	40	38	36	30
Capture 2EC (pounds ai per acre)	0.060	0.064	0.069	0.080
Capture 2EC (formulated ounces per acre)	3.9	4.1	4.4	5.12

FIELD CORN (GRAIN AND SILAGE), POPCORN, FIELD CORN GROWN FOR SEED (PRE & PPI)

,				
		DOS	AGE	
CROP	PEST	LB AI/A	FL OZ/A	REMARKS
Field Corn (Grain and Silage) Popcorn Field Corn Grown For Seed	Armyworm Species Black Cutworm Seedcorn Maggot Stalkborer White Grub Wireworm	0.047-0.062 Pre-Plant Incorporated (PPI)	3-4 Pre-Plant Incorporated (PPI)	The 3- 4oz/A rate must be applied as PPI and can be tank mixed and applied with PPI herbicides. Incorporation of Capture 2EC should not be any deeper than the intended planting depth and no deeper than 3 inches total. Incorporation depth should be designed to place Capture 2EC close to the seed planting depth.
	Armyworm Species Black Cutworm Stalkborer	0.040 Pre- Emergence (PRE)	2.56 Pre- Emergence (PRE)	The 2.56 oz/A rate may be applied PRE and can be tank mixed and applied with PRE herbicides.

FIELD CORN (GRAIN AND SILAGE), POPCORN, FIELD CORN GROWN FOR SEED (FOLIAR USE)

		DOS	DOSAGE		
CROP	PEST	LB AI/A	FL OZ/A		
Field Corn (Grain and Silage) Popcorn Field Corn Grown For Seed	Aphids Army Cutworm Armyworm Species Beet Armyworm Cereal Leaf Beetle Chinch Bug Common Stalk Borer Corn Earworm Corn Rootworm Adults Cucumber Beetle Adults Cutworm Species European Corn Borer Fall Armyworm Flea Beetle Grasshoppers Greenbug Japanese Beetle Adult Sap Beetle Southern Armyworm Southern Corn Leaf Beetle Southwestern Corn Borer Stinkbugs Tarnished Plant Bug True Armyworm Webworms Western Bean Cutworm Yellowstriped Armyworm	0.033-0.10	2.1-6.4		
	Banks Grass Mite Carmine Mite Twospotted Spider Mite	0.08-0.10	5.12-6.4		

RESTRICTIONS

- Do not apply more than 0.3 pound active per acre per season including pre & ppi, at plant, plus foliar applications.
- Do not apply within 30 days of harvest.
- Do not graze livestock in treated areas or cut treated crops for feed within 30 days of the last application.
- Use of ultra low volume (ULV) application on corn is prohibited.
- Do not make aerial or ground applications to corn if heavy rainfall is imminent.
- Use of Capture 2EC on corn is prohibited in all coastal counties.

REMARKS

General: Apply in a minimum of 2-5 gallons of finished spray per acre by aircraft or in a minimum of 10 gallons per acre with ground equipment. To improve control by aircraft, use 5 gallons of finished spray per acre particularly when initial populations are heavier than normal. When applying by air, 1-2 quarts of emulsified oil may be substituted for 1-2 quarts of water in the finished spray. Thorough coverage is essential to achieve control.

To control ear-attacking pests: Apply Capture 2EC just before silking and repeat as necessary to maintain control.

Southwestern Corn Borer, European Corn Borer: Make application for corn borer control with initial application at or shortly before egg hatch.

For control of other insect pests: Apply when pests first appear and repeat as necessary.

For Control of Mites: Apply for Banks Grass Mite control when colonies first form prior to leaf damage or discoloration and before dispersal above the bottom third of the plant.

For Twospotted Spider Mite and Carmine Mite control, apply when colonies first form prior to leaf damage or discoloration and before widespread mite dispersal throughout the canopy.

Higher rates will be necessary for heavier initial populations and corn under heat or drought stress. Field experience with dimethoate at 0.5 lb. active per acre in tank mixture has demonstrated good control under these conditions.

For mite control in Texas, New Mexico, Oklahoma, Arizona: Apply in a minimum of 5 gallons of finished spray per acre by aircraft or in a minimum of 10 gallons per acre with ground equipment.

SWEET CORN (GRAIN AND SILAGE) SWEET CORN GROWN FOR SEED (AT PLANT USE)

		DOS	SAGE	
CROP	PEST	LB AI/1000 linear row feet	FL OZ /1000 linear row feet	REMARKS
Sweet Corn Sweet Corn grown for seed	Northern Corn Rootworm Larvae Southern Corn Rootworm Larvae Western Corn Rootworm Larvae	0.0046	0.30	Apply as a 5 to 7 inch T-band treatment over an open seed furrow. Position the spray nozzle behind the planter shoe, in front of the press wheel centered over the row. Use the table below to determine the Capture 2EC needs per acre. Apply in a minimum of 3 gallons of finished spray per acre.
	Army Cutworm Armyworm Species Cutworm Species Grubs Seed Corn Beetle Seed Corn Maggot True Armyworm Wireworm	0.0023 - 0.0046	0.15-0.30	Mix Capture 2EC with water or fertilizer in the following manner. Fill the spray tank approximately one-half full with water or liquid fertilizer, add the proper amount of Capture 2EC, then add the rest of the water or fertilizer. Provide sufficient agitation during mixing and application to maintain a uniform spray mixture.
				Applications of Capture 2EC alone or in recommended tank mixtures, in conjunction with in furrow pop-up fertilizers may be used. A jar compatibility test should be performed with appropriate ratio of Capture 2EC and fertilizer to ensure mixture will stay in solution. Constant agitation should be maintained during mixing and application.
				Do not apply to soil where there is greater than 30% cover of crop residue remaining. Do not apply within 30 days of harvest. Do not graze livestock in treated area or cut treated crops for feed within 30 days of treatment. Do not apply more than 0.1 pound active per acre per season as an at plant application.

Row Spacings (inches)	40	38	36	30
Capture 2EC (pounds ai per acre)	0.060	0.064	0.069	0.080
Capture 2EC (formulated ounces per acre)	3.9	4.1	4.4	5.12

SWEET CORN (GRAIN AND SILAGE) SWEET CORN GROWN FOR SEED (FOLIAR USE)

		DOS	AGE
CROP	PEST	LB AI/A	FL OZ/A
Sweet Corn Sweet Corn grown for seed	Aphids Army Cutworm Armyworm Species Beet Armyworm Cereal Leaf Beetle Chinch Bug Common Stalk Borer Corn Earworm Corn Rootworm Adults Cucumber Beetle Adult Cutworm Species European Corn Borer Fall Armyworm Flea Beetle Grasshoppers Greenbug Japanese Beetle Adult Sap Beetle Southern Armyworm Southern Corn Leaf Beetle Southwestern Corn Borer Stinkbugs Tarnished Plant Bug True Armyworm Webworms Western Bean Cutworm Yellowstriped Armyworm	0.033-0.10	2.1-6.4
	Banks Grass Mite Carmine Mite Twospotted Spider Mite	0.08-0.10	5.12-6.4

RESTRICTIONS

- Do not apply more than 0.2 pounds active ingredient (12.8 ounces formulated) per acre per season.
- Do not apply within one day of harvest.
- Do not graze livestock in treated areas or cut treated crops for feed within 1 day of the last application.
- Use of ultra low volume (ULV) application on corn is prohibited.
- Do not make aerial or ground applications to corn if heavy rainfall is imminent.
- Use of Capture 2EC is prohibited in all coastal counties.

REMARKS

General: Apply in a minimum of 2 gallons of finished spray per acre by air or in a minimum of 10 gallons per acre with ground equipment. When applying by air, 1-2 quarts of emulsified oil may be substituted for 1-2 quarts of water in the finished spray. Thorough coverage is essential to achieve control.

To control ear-attacking pests: Apply Capture® 2EC when silking begins and repeat as necessary to maintain control.

Southwestern Corn Borer, European Corn Borer: Make 2 applications for corn borer control with the initial application at or shortly before egg hatch.

For control of other insect pests: Apply when pests first appear and repeat as necessary.

For Control of Mites:

Apply for Banks Grass Mite control when colonies first form prior to leaf damage or discoloration and before dispersal above the bottom third of the plant.

For Twospotted Spider Mite and Carmine Mite control, apply when colonies first form prior to leaf damage or discoloration and before widespread mite dispersal throughout the canopy.

Higher rates will be necessary for heavier initial populations and corn under heat or drought stress.

SUCCULENT PEAS AND BEANS

		DOSAGE		
CROP	PEST	LB/AI/A	FL OZ/A	REMARKS
CROP Pea (Pisum Species): Dwarf pea, Edible-pod pea, English pea, Garden pea, Green pea, Snow pea, Sugar snap pea Pigeon pea Bean (Phaseolus Species): Broadbean (succulent) Lima bean (green) Runner bean, Snap bean, Wax bean Bean (Vigna Species): Asparagus bean, Blackeyed pea Chinese longbean, Cowpea, Moth bean, Southern pea Yardlong bean Jackbean Soybean (immature seed) Sword bean	Aster Flea Beetle Grasshoppers Leafhoppers Leafhoppers Adult Sap Beetle Alfalfa Caterpillar Aphids Bean Leaf Beetle Beet Armyworm Cloverworm Corn Earworm Corn Rootworm Adult Cucumber Beetles Cutworms European Corn Borer Fall Armyworm Japanese beetle Loopers Pea Leaf Weevil Pea Weevil Plant Bug Southern Armyworm Stink Bugs Tarnished Plant Bug Thrips			REMARKS Apply in a minimum of 2 gallons of finished spray per acre by air or in a minimum of 10 gallons per acre with ground equipment. When applying by air, 1-2 quarts of emulsified oil may be substituted for 1-2 quarts of water in the finished spray. Thorough coverage is essential to achieve control. Do not apply more than 0.2 lb. active ingredient (12.8 ounces formulated) per acre per season. Do not apply within 3 days of harvest.
	Webworms Western Bean Cutworm Whitefly Yellowstriped Armyworm Banks Grass Mite Carmine Mite Lyqus Species	0.08-0.10	5.12-6.4	
	Twospotted Spider Mite			

BRASSICAS

		DOS	AGE	
CROP	PEST	LB/AI/A	FL OZ/A	REMARKS
Head and Stem Brassica Vegetables including: Broccoli Chinese Broccoli (gailon, white flowering broccoli) Brussels Sprouts Cauliflower Cavalo broccolo Kohlrabi Cabbage Chinese Cabbage (napa) Chinese Mustard Cabbage (gai choy)	Aphids Armyworm Species Budworm Corn Earworm Crickets Cucumber Beetles Cutworms Diamondback Moth Flea Beetles Ground Beetles Imported Cabbageworm Leafhoppers Loopers Saltmarsh Caterpillar Stink Bugs Thrips Tobacco Whitefly Wireworm (adults)	0.033-0.10	2.1-6.4	Apply in a minimum of 2 gallons of finished spray per acre by air or in a minimum of 10 gallons per acre with ground equipment. When applying by air, 1-2 quarts of emulsified oil may be substituted for 1-2 quarts of water in the finished spray. Thorough coverage is essential to achieve control. Do not apply more than 0.5 lb. active ingredient (1 quart) per acre per season. Do not make more than 5 applications after bloom.
	Banks Grass Mite Carmine Mite Lygus Species Pacific Spider Mite Twospotted Spider Mite	0.08-0.10	5.12-6.4	Do not make applications less than 7 days apart. Do not apply within 7 days of harvest.

CANOLA, CRAMBE, RAPESEED

		DOS	AGE	
CROP	PEST	LB/AI/A	FL OZ/A	REMARKS
Canola Crambe Rapeseed	Aphids Armyworm Species Cutworms Diamondback Moth Flea Beetle Flea Hopper Grasshopper Larvae Lepidopterous Loopers Moth Other Plant Bug Seedpod Stink Bugs Thrips Weevil Whitefly	0.033-0.04	2.1-2.6	Apply in a minimum of 2 gallons of finished spray per acre by air or in a minimum of 10 gallons per acre with ground equipment. When applying by air, 1-2 quarts of emulsified oil may be substituted for 1-2 quarts of water in the finished spray. Thorough coverage is essential to achieve control. Do not apply more than 0.08 lb active ingredient (5.12 ounces) per acre per season. Do not make applications less than 14 days apart. Do not apply within 35 days of harvest.

CUCURBITS

CUCURBITS		DOSAGE		
CROP	PEST	LB/AI/A	FL OZ/A	REMARKS
Chayote (fruit) Chinese waxgourd (Chinese preserving melon) Citron melon Cucumber Gherkin Gourd, edible (includes hyotan, cucuzza) (Luffa Species) (includes hechima, Chinese okra) (Momordica Species) (includes balsam apple, balsam pear, bitter melon, Chinese cucumber) Muskmelon (hybrids and/or cultivars of Cucumis melo) (includes true cantaloupe, cantaloupe, casaba, crenshaw melon, golden pershaw melon, honeydew melon, honey balls, mango melon, Persian melon, pineapple melon, Santa Claus melon) Pumpkin (Cucurbita Species) Squash, summer (includes crookneck squash, scallop squash, straightneck squash, vegetable marrow, zucchini) Squash, winter (includes acorn squash, spaghetti squash) Watermelon (includes hybrids and/or varieties of Citrullus Species).	Aphids Armyworms Beetles Budworm Cabbage Looper Corn Earworm Cucumber Cutworms Grasshopper Leafhoppers Melonworm Pickleworm Plant Bug Rindworm Squash Bugs Squash Vine Borer Stink Bugs Tobacco Banks Grass Mite Carmine Mite Lygus Species Twospotted Spider Mite Whitefly	0.04- 0.10	5.12-6.4	Apply in a minimum of 5 gallons of finished spray per acre by air or in a minimum of 20 gallons per acre with ground equipment. When applying by air, 1-2 quarts of emulsified oil may be substituted for 1-2 quarts of water in the finished spray. Thorough coverage is essential to achieve control. Do not apply more than 0.3 lb active ingredient (19.2 ounces formulated) per acre per season. Do not make more than two applications after bloom. Do not make applications less than 7 days apart. Do not apply within 3 days of harvest.

LETTUCE, HEAD

LETTOOL, HEAL		DOS	AGE	
CROP	PEST	LB/AI/A	FL OZ/A	REMARKS
Lettuce, Head	Aphids Armyworms Corn earworm Cucumber Beetles Cutworms Diamondback Moth Flea Beetles Imported Cabbageworm Leafhoppers Loopers Salt Marsh Caterpillar Stink bug Species Tobacco Budworm Whitefly	0.033-0.10	2.1-6.4	Apply in water as necessary for insect control using a minimum of 15 gallons of finished spray per acre with ground equipment and 5 gallons per acre by air. When applying by air, 1-2 quarts of emulsified oil may be substituted for 1-2 quarts of water in the finished spray. Thorough coverage is essential to achieve control. Do not make applications less than 7 days apart. A maximum of 0.5 lb. active ingredient may be applied per acre per season. Do not apply within 7 days of harvest.
	Carmine Mite Lygus Species Twospotted Spider Mite	0.08-0.10	5.12-6.4	

CANEBERRIES

		DOS	AGE	
CROP	PEST	LB/AI/A	FL OZ/A	REMARKS
Caneberries including: Blackberries Bingleberries Dewberries	Leafrollers Orange Tortrix Root Weevils	0.05-0.10	3.2-6.4	Apply by air or ground equipment using sufficient water to obtain full coverage of foliage. (Minimum of 10
Lowberries Marionberries Olallieberries Youngberries Loganberries Raspberries	Raspberry Crown Borer Spider Mites	0.10	6.4	gallons per acre by air and 50 gallons per acre by ground). One application may be made pre-bloom and a second application may be made post bloom. For Crown Borer, apply 0.1 lb ai/a post harvest (fall) or pre-bloom (spring), as a drench application directed at the crown of plants in a minimum of 200 gallons water/ acre. Greater efficacy is observed at higher water gallonages (up to 400 gallons/a) or in an application prior to a significant rainfall event. Do not make both pre-bloom foliar and pre-bloom drench applications. Do not apply within 3 days of harvest. Do not exceed 0.2 lb ai per acre per season.

ARTICHOKE

		DOS	AGE	
CROP	PEST	LB/AI/A	FL OZ/A	REMARKS
Artichoke	Cribrate Weevil Artichoke Plume Moth	0.10	6.4	Apply when pest population reaches damaging threshold and repeat as necessary to maintain control, but not more often than 15 day intervals. Application by ground: Apply a full cover spray in a minimum of 75 gallons of finished spray per acre. Application by air: Apply specified dosage in a minimum of 10 gallons per acre. Do not exceed 0.5 lb ai per acre per season. A 5-day preharvest interval must be observed.

HOPS

		AGE	
PEST	LB/AI/A	FL OZ/A	REMARKS
Aphids Armyworms Cutworms	0.06-0.10	3.8-6.4	Do not exceed 0.1 lb ai per acre per application. Do not exceed 0.3 lb ai per acre per season.
Leafrollers Loopers			A spray interval of 21 days between applications must be maintained.
			A 14-day pre-harvest interval must be observed.
Root Weevils	0.05-0.10	3.2-6.4	Application by ground: For best results, full coverage is essential. Early season recommend 100-150 gallons of spray per acre. Late season recommend 200-250 gallons of spray per acre.
			For Root Weevil control, make a directed spray to the base of the plant. Spray up the vine 3 feet and the soil surface 1.5 to 2 feet on either side of the plant.
Twospotted spider mite	0.10	6.4	Application by air for late season control of Twospotted spider mites: Apply no less than 6.4 oz. (0.1 lb ai) per application in a minimum of 10 gallons per acre. Use of ultra low volume (ULV) application on hops is prohibited.
	Aphids Armyworms Cutworms Leafrollers Loopers Root Weevils	Aphids Armyworms Cutworms Leafrollers Loopers Root Weevils 0.06-0.10 0.05-0.10	Aphids Armyworms Cutworms Leafrollers Loopers Root Weevils 0.06-0.10 3.8-6.4 3.8-6.4 3.8-6.4

PEARS

		DOSAGE		
CROP	PEST	LB/AI/A	FL OZ/A	REMARKS
Pears	Aphids Codling Moth Cutworms Green Fruitworm Leafhoppers Leafminers Leafrollers Lygus Species Plant Bugs Plum Curculio San Jose Scale (Crawlers) Stink Bugs Tarnished Plant Bugs	0.04-0.20	2.6-12.8	Application by ground: Apply as a dilute (minimum of 200 gallons of finished spray per acre) or concentrate (minimum of 50 gallons of finished spray per acre) spray in sufficient water to provide thorough coverage. Application by air: Apply the specified dosage in a minimum of 10 gallons per acre by air. Do not apply more than 0.5 pound active per acre per season with no more than 0.45 pound active per acre applied after petal fall. Apply as necessary to maintain control using a minimum of 30 day spray interval.
	Yellow Spider Mite	0.06-0.20	3.8-12.8	Apply up to 14 days prior to harvest.
	Twospotted Spider Mite European Red Mite	0.08-0.20	5.12-12.8	Do not graze livestock in treated orchards or cut treated cover crops for feed.

CITRUS

0.0.5.5		DOS		25117-117
CROP Citrus	PEST Blue Green Citrus Root	LB/AI/A 0.25-0.50	FL OZ/A 16-32	REMARKS Apply Capture 2EC by ground equipment to bare soil beneath
Citrus	Weevil Brown Leaf Notcher Diaprepes Root Weevil Citrus Root Weevil Little Leaf Notcher	0.20-0.00	10-32	citrus trees. Capture 2EC must be uniformly applied from the trunk to the drip line of tree; apply in a minimum of 40 gallons of dilute spray per acre.
	Little Leaf NOTCHEI			Greater spray volume should insure greater uniformity of coverage. A pre- and post-application irrigation may aid in the uniformity of coverage as well.
				Capture 2EC protects citrus tree roots from Diaprepes and other citrus root weevil feeding by forming a barrier which provides contact activity on newly hatched larvae (neonates). As citrus root weevil eggs hatch in new foliage, neonates fall to the soil surface beneath the tree and come in contact with Capture 2EC as they
,	Asian cockroach Fire ants	0.10-0.25	6.4-16	attempt to burrow into the root zone. Disturbance of the soil beneath trees should be minimized.
				Timing of Capture 2EC applications is critical. Current information suggests that peak emergence of adult Diaprepes Weevil varies by citrus growing region and these emergence peaks can be dramatically affected by environmental factors, such as soil moisture. Typically, two peaks are observed for Diaprepes, first in spring then late summer or early fall. Citrus Root Weevils and Fuller Rose Beetle typically exhibit a single emergence peak in the spring. Brown and Little Leaf Notchers typically exhibit three emergence peaks, spring, summer and fall. Since emergence varies seasonally and by location, timing of Capture 2EC application can be accurately forecast by observing adults. Adults are most active early morning and late afternoon; numbers can be estimated by trapping throughout spring and summer (emergence periods). Egg laying will occur for 8 to 10 weeks following adult emergence from the soil; larval invasion of the soil will begin 2-3 weeks following adult emergence. It is critical to have the Capture 2EC soil barrier in place prior to drop of the neonates.
				management program for Citrus Root Weevils. Application of Capture 2EC should be used in conjunction with good cultural practices, biological control of larvae and foliar control of adults. Consult local university extension personnel for current information to protect citrus trees from Citrus Root Weevils and other pests.
				Additional Instructions: Apply to individual citrus resets, when not in solid planted rows, using hand-gun or shielded sprayer.
				Do not apply within 1 day of harvest.
				Peak emergence of Diaprepes root weevil generally occurs in the spring. Depending on weather conditions, a minor emergence of Diaprepes root weevil may also occur in the fall.
				If the citrus grove to be treated is in an area where weather conditions are conducive to primary emergence occurring in the spring, 32 fluid ounces formulated product should be used to obtain the longest residual management of Diaprepes root weevil. If the citrus grove to be treated is in an area where weather conditions will promote more than one peak of pest emergence, 16 fluid ounces formulated product can be applied early season and 16 fluid ounces formulated product can be applied later in the season.
				Do not apply through irrigation systems.
				Do not allow any application of Capture 2EC to contact fruit or foliage.
				Do not apply more than a total of 32 fluid ounces of formulated product (0.5 lb. a.i.) per acre per year.
				Apply the specified dosage in a minimum of 40 gallons of finished spray per acre.
				Ground application only. Do not apply by air.

Spinach

		DOSA	AGE	
CROP	PEST	LB/AI/A	FL OZ/A	REMARKS
Spinach	Colorado Potato Beetle Tomato Pinworm Tomato Hornworm Armyworms Corn earworm Cucumber Beetles Cutworms European Corn Borer Flea Beetles Leafminers Loopers Pepper Weevil Thrips Whitefly	0.033-0.10	2.1-6.4	For control of whiteflies apply foliar treatments of Capture® 2EC insecticide by ground or air at rates of up to 0.4 pt. (0.1 lb active) per acre at minimum 7- day intervals up to a maximum of 4 applications. Do not apply within 40 days of harvest. For control of fire ants apply Capture® 2EC insecticide to the soil (at planting) or as a foliar treatment by ground or air at rates of up to 0.4 pt. (0.1 lb active) per acre at minimum 7-day intervals up to a maximum of 4 applications. Do not apply within 40 days of harvest.
	Broad Mite Banks Grass Mite Twospotted Spider Mite Carmine Mite Pacific Spider Mite Lygus species Fire Ants	0.08-0.10	5.12-6.4	Apply the specified dosage in 5-50 gallons of finished spray per acre by air or 10-50 gallons finished spray per acre by ground.

GRAPES

		DOS	AGE	
CROP	PEST	LB/AI/A	FL OZ/A	REMARKS
Grapes	Cutworms Eastern grape leafhopper Grape berry moth Japanese beetles adults Variegated leafhopper Western grape leafhopper	0.05-0.10	3.2-6.4	Apply in a minimum of 10 gallons of finished spray by air or in a minimum of 25 gallons of finished spray with ground equipment. When applying by air, 1 to 2 quarts of emulsified oil may be substituted for 1 to 2 quarts of water in the finished spray.
	Black vine weevil Glassywinged sharpshooter Twospotted spider mite	0.10	6.4	Thorough coverage is essential to achieve control. When pest pressure is moderate to severe, use higher rate. Do not apply more than 0.10 lb ai per acre per season. Do not apply within 30 days of harvest.

OKRA

		DO	SAGE	
CROP	PEST	LBS AI/A	FL OZ/A	REMARKS
Okra	Aphids Armyworms Corn earworm Cucumber Beetles Cutworms European Corn Borer Flea Beetles Japanese Beetle (Adult) Stink bugs Leafminers Loopers Thrips Whitefly	0.033-0.10	2.1-6.4	Apply using sufficient water to obtain uniform coverage. Apply as needed. Apply with ground equipment using a minimum of 10 gallons of finished spray per acre or a minimum of 2 gallons per acre by aircraft. Do not make applications less than 7 days apart. Do not apply more than 0.20 pound active ingredient per acre
	Broad Mite Carmine Mite Lygus Species Twospotted Spider Mite	0.08-0.10	5.12-6.4	per season. Do not apply within 7 days of harvest.

CILANTRO, CORIANDER

		DOS	AGE	
CROP	PEST	LBS AI/A	FL OZ/A	REMARKS
Cilantro Coriander	Aphids Beet Armyworm Cabbage Looper Cutworm Flea beetle Grasshoppers Leafminer Saltmarsh caterpillar Spotted Cucumber Beetle Thrips Whitefly	0.033-0.10	2.1-6.4	Apply using sufficient water to obtain uniform coverage. Apply as needed. Apply with ground equipment using a minimum of 10 gallons of finished spray per acre or a minimum of 2 gallons per acre by aircraft. Do not make applications less than 7 days apart. Do not apply more than
	Twospotted Spider Mite	0.08-0.10	5.12-6.4	0.50 pound active ingredient per acre per season. Do not apply within 3 days of harvest.

DRIED BEANS AND PEAS

		DO	SAGE	
CROP	PEST	LBS AI/A	FL OZ/A	REMARKS
Dried cultivars of: Bean (Lupinus) Bean (Phaseolus) Field bean Kidney bean Lima bean (dry)	Aster Flea Beetle Grasshoppers Leafhoppers Alfalfa Caterpillar	0.025-0.10	1.6-6.4	Apply in a minimum of 2 gallons of finished spray per acre by air or in a minimum of 10 gallons per acre with ground equipment. When applying by air, 1-2 quarts of emulsified oil may be substituted for 1-2
Navy bean Pinto bean Tepary bean Bean (Vigna) Adzuki bean Blackeyed pea Catjang Cowpea Crowder pea Moth bean Mung bean Rice bean Southern pea Urd bean Broad bean (dry) Chickpea Guar Lablab bean Lentil Pea (Piscum) Field pea Pigeon pea	Aphids Bean Leaf Beetle Beet Armyworm Cloverworm Corn Earworm Corn Rootworm Adult Cucumber Beetles Cutworms European Corn Borer Fall Armyworm Imported cabbageworm Japanese Beetle Adult Leafminer Loopers Pea Leaf Weevil Pea Weevil Plant Bug Saltmarsh caterpillar Sap Beetle Southern Armyworm Stink Bugs Tarnished Plant Bug Thrips Tobacco budworm Webworms Western Bean Cutworm Whitefly Yellowstriped Armyworm	0.033-0.10	2.1-0.4	quarts of water in the finished spray. Thorough coverage is essential to achieve control. Do not apply more than 0.2 lb. active ingredient (12.8 ounces formulated) to peas, or 0.3 lb. active ingredient (19.2 ounces formulated) to beans per acre per season. Do not apply within 14 days of harvest.
	Banks Grass Mite Carmine Mite Lygus Species Twospotted Spider Mite	0.08-0.10	5.12-6.4	

LEAFY BRASSICAS

	DOSA	AGE	
		.02	
PEST	LBS AI/A	FL OZ/A	REMARKS
Species Drm Drm Drk Sers Beetle (adult) S (adults)	0.033-0.10	2.1-6.4	Apply in a minimum of 2 gallons of finished spray per acre by air or in a minimum of 10 gallons per acre with ground equipment. When applying by air, 1-2 quarts of emulsified oil may be substituted for 1-2 quarts of water in the finished spray. Thorough coverage is essential to achieve control. Do not apply more than 0.4 lb. active ingredient per acre per season. Do not make applications less than 7 days apart. Do not apply within 7 days of harvest.
ite cies der Mite	0.08-0.10	5.12-6.4	
	Species orm orm ork es ers etles Beetle (adult) s (adults) ss Mite ite cies der Mite d Spider Mite	corm cord cord cord cord cord cord cord cor	corm cord cord

TUBEROUS AND CORM VEGETABLES

CROP	PEST PEST	DOSAGE		DEMARKO
GROP		LBS AI/A	FL OZ/A	REMARKS
Potato Sweet potato Arracacha Arrowroot	Corn wireworm Tobacco wireworm	0.30 (at-plant)	19.2 (at-plant)	Capture 2EC may be applied as an in-furrow planting time treatment for the control of wireworms, rootworms and white grubs. Apply Capture 2EC at the rate of 0.3 pounds active
Chinese artichoke Jerusalem artichoke Edible canna	Southern potato wireworm Japanese beetle grubs June beetle	0.05 to 0.15 (lay-by)	3.2 to 9.6 (lay-by)	per acre as an in-furrow spray or T-band spray at planting time.
Cassava (bitter and sweet) Chayote (root) Chufa Dasheen (taro) Ginger Leren Tanier Turmer Yam bean True yam	Sweetpotato flea beetle Cucumber beetle Sweetpotato weevil Banded Cucumber beetle Black flea beetle Whitefringed beetle White grub Sugarcane beetle Rootworms	0.033 to 0.10 (foliar)	2.1 to 6.4 (foliar)	Capture 2EC may be applied as a lay-by treatment for the control of wireworms, rootworms and white grubs. Apply Capture 2EC to the drill area and cover with soil utilizing cultivation equipment set to throw soil to the drill area. Apply Capture 2EC as a banded spray over the row at a rate of 0.05-0.15 pounds active per acre (3.2 to 9.6 ounces formulated) in 10 gallons per acre of spray. Capture 2EC may be applied as a foliar spray
				for the control of the adult life stages of flea beetles, click beetles (wireworms), cucumber beetles (rootworms), white fringed beetles and May/June beetles (white grubs). Apply Capture 2EC at the rate of 0.1 lbs active per acre (6.4 ounces formulated) in 10 gallons of spray by ground and 3 gallons of spray by air.
				Do not make more than 2 foliar applications per season no sooner than 21 days apart.
				Do not apply more than 0.5 lb. active ingredient per acre per season, including soil application.
				Do not apply within 21 days of harvest

SOYBEAN

		DOSAGE		
			FL OZ/A	
CROP	PEST	LBS AI/A		REMARKS
Soybean	Soybean Aphid	0.033-0.10	2.1-6.4	Apply foliar treatments in at least 10 gallons per acre at the rate of 6.4 fl. oz/ (0.1 lb active) per acre at a minimum of 30 days intervals.
	Spider mites	0.08-0.10	5.12-6.4	Do not apply more than 0.3 lb ai per acre per season. Do not apply within 18 days of harvest.

FRUITING VEGETABLES

Eggplant Pepper Beet Armyworm, Fall Armyworm, Southern Yellowstriped Armyworm Seet Armyworm, Southern Yellowstriped Armyworm Seet Armyworm	CROP	PEST	LBS AI/A	AGE FL OZ/A	REMARKS
Broad Mite Carmine Mite Lygus Species Pacific Spider Mite Two Spotted Spider Mite Aphids Armyworm sincluding: Beet Armyworm, Southern Yellowstriped Armyworm Bean Leaf Beetle Cabbageworm Carmine Mite Cloverworm Corn Rootworm Corn Rootworm Cucumber Beetles Cutworms Diamondback Moth European Corn Borer Flea Beetles Flea Hopper Grasshopper Japanese Beetle (Adult) Leafhoppers Logues Species Melonworm Pea Weevil Pea Leaf Weevil Pickleworm Plant Bug Rindworm Salf Marsh Caterpillar Sap Beetle Seedpod Weevil Squash Bugs Stink bug Species Tobacco Budworm Tarnished Plant Bug Thrips	Eggplant Pepper (Bell & Non-Bell) Groundcherry	Armyworms including: Beet Armyworm, Fall Armyworm, Southern Yellowstriped Armyworm Cabbage Looper Colorado Potato Beetle Corn Earworm Cucumber Beetle Cutworms European Corn Borer Flea Beetle Leafminers Loopers Pepper weevil Plant Bug Stink Bug Thrips Tomato Hornworm Vegetable Leafminer			Apply in a minimum of 2 gallons of finished spray per acre by air or in a minimum of 10 gallons per acre with ground equipment. When applying by air, 1-2 quarts of emulsified oil may be substituted for 1-2 quarts of water in the finished spray. Thorough coverage is essential to achieve control. Do not make applications less than 7 days apart. Do not apply more than 0.2 lb active ingredient (12.8 ounces formulated) per acre per season.
Tomatillo Armyworms including: Beet Armyworm, Fall Armyworm Mean Leaf Beetle Cabbageworm Carmine Mite Cloverworm Corn Rootworm Cucumber Beetles Cutworms Diamondback Moth European Corn Borer Flea Beetles Flea Hopper Grasshopper Japanese Beetle (Adult) Leafhoppers Lygus Species Melonworm Pea Weevil Pea Leaf Weevil Pickleworm Plant Bug Rindworm Salt Marsh Caterpillar Sap Beetle Seedpod Weevil Squash Bugs Stink bug Species Tobacco Budworm Tarnished Plant Bug Thrips Thorough coverage is essential to achieve control. Do not make applications less than 10 days apart. A maximum of 4 applications may be applied per season. Do not apply within 1 day of harvest. Do not apply within 1 day of harvest.		Broad Mite Carmine Mite Lygus Species Pacific Spider Mite Two Spotted Spider Mite	0.08-0.10	5.12-6.4	
Two Spotted Spider Mite 0.08-0.10 5.12-6.4		Armyworms including: Beet Armyworm, Fall Armyworm, Southern Yellowstriped Armyworm Bean Leaf Beetle Cabbageworm Carmine Mite Cloverworm Corn earworm Corn Rootworm Curumber Beetles Cutworms Diamondback Moth European Corn Borer Flea Beetles Flea Hopper Grasshopper Japanese Beetle (Adult) Leafhoppers Loopers Lygus Species Melonworm Pea Weevil Pea Leaf Weevil Pickleworm Plant Bug Rindworm Salt Marsh Caterpillar Sap Beetle Seedpod Weevil Squash Bugs Stink bug Species Tobacco Budworm Tarnished Plant Bug Thrips Whitefly			spray per acre with ground equipment. Thorough coverage is essential to achieve control. Do not make applications less than 10 days apart. A maximum of 4 applications may be applied per season.

PEANUT

		DOSAGE		
CROP	PEST	LBS AI/A	FL OZ/A	REMARKS
Peanut	Beet armyworm Corn earworm Cutworm Species Fall armyworm Grasshoppers Green cloverworm Leafhoppers Lesser cornstalk borer Loopers Rednecked peanut worm Southern armyworm Southern corn rootworm Stink bugs Threecornered alfalfa hopper Velvetbean caterpillar Yellowstriped armyworm	0.033-0.1	2.1-6.4	Apply foliar treatments in at least 10 gallons per acre at the rate of 6.4 fl. oz/ (0.1 lb active) per acre at a minimum of 14 days intervals. Do not apply more than 0.5 lb ai per acre per season. Do not apply within 14 days of harvest.
	Aphids Spider mites Thrips Whitefly	0.08-0.1	5.12-6.4	

ROOT CROPS

		DOSAGE		
CROP	PEST	LBS AI/A	FL OZ/A	REMARKS
Burdock, edible Carrot Celeriac Chervil, turnip rooted Chicory Ginseng Horseradish Parsley, turnip rooted Parsnip Radish Radish, oriental Rutabaga Salsify Salsify, black Salsify, Spanish Skirret Turnip	Aphids Beet armyworm Celery leaf tier Corn earworm Cross-striped cabbageworm Cutworms Diamondback moth European corn borer Fall armyworm Fire Ants Flea Beetles Green cloverworm Hornworms Imported cabbageworm Loopers Southern armyworm Spider mites Tobacco budworm Velvetbean caterpillar Whitefly Yellowstriped armyworm	0.08-0.10	5.12-6.4	Apply foliar treatments in at least 25 gallons per acre. Apply no more than once every 7 days. Do not apply more than 0.5 lb ai per acre per season. Do not apply within 21 days of harvest
Garden Beet	Aphids Fire Ants Flea Beetles Lepidopterous larvae Spider mites Whitefly	0.08-0.10	5.12-6.4	Apply foliar treatments in at least 25 gallons per acre. Apply no more than once every 7 days. Do not apply more than 0.4 lb ai per acre per season. Do not apply within 1 day of harvest.

MAYHAW

		DOS	SAGE	
CROP	PEST	LB/AI/A	FLOZ/A	REMARKS
Mayhaw	Plum Curculio	0.08-0.1	5.12-6.4	Apply foliar treatments in at least 28 gallons per acre.
				Apply no more than once every 7 days.
				Do not apply more than 0.2 lb ai per acre per season.
				Do not apply within 30 days of harvest.

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