



UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY

WASHINGTON, D.C. 20460

OFFICE OF
PREVENTION, PESTICIDES
AND TOXIC SUBSTANCES

MAY - 9 2000

Callista O. Chukwunenye, Ph.D.
Manager, Product Registrations
FMC Corporation
Agricultural Products Group
1735 Market Street
Philadelphia, PA 19103

Subject: Revised Labeling/Addition of Soil Pest Information Approved 2/23/00 to the
Sweet Corn Section of the Label
Capture 2 EC Insecticide/Miticide
EPA Reg. No. 279-3069
Your Faxed Submission Dated May 8, 2000

Dear Dr. Chukwunenye:

The labeling referred to above, submitted in connection with registration under the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide and Rodenticide Act, as amended, is acceptable, since you have agreed to:

1. Submit/cite all data required for the registration/reregistration of your product when the Agency requires all registrants of similar products to submit data.
2. Please note that the specifications under item #2 of the Agency letter dated 2/23/00 remains in effect. Specifically you are reminded that the Agency intends to complete review of the information you submitted in support of your December 14, 1999 request. Any additional changes to your product label and/or any restrictions placed on your label will be communicated to you upon completion of that review.

If these conditions are not complied with, the registration will be subject to cancellation in accordance with FIFRA section 6(e). Your release for shipment of the product bearing the amended labeling constitutes acceptance of these conditions.

Submit two copies of your final printed labeling before you release this product for shipment. A stamped copy of the labeling is enclosed for your records. If you have any questions regarding this letter, please contact Linda Werrell of my team at (703) 308-8033.

Sincerely,

A handwritten signature in cursive script, appearing to read "Linda Werrell". The signature is written in black ink and is positioned above the typed name and title.

George T. LaRocca
Product Manager 13
Insecticide Branch
Registration Division

Code 777

RESTRICTED USE PESTICIDE
 Toxic to fish and aquatic organisms.
 For retail sale to and use only by certified applicators, or persons under their direct supervision and only for the uses covered by the certified applicator's certification.

Net Contents



Insecticide/Miticide

EPA Reg. No. 279-3069

EPA Est. 279-

Active ingredient:	By Wt.
Bifenthrin: (2-methyl[1,1'-biphenyl]-3-yl)-methyl 3-(2-chloro-3,3,3-trifluoro-1-propenyl)-2,2-dimethyl-cyclopropanecarboxylate*	25.1%
Inert ingredients:**	74.9%
	100.0%

*Cis isomers 97% minimum, trans isomers 3% maximum.
 **Contains xylene range aromatic solvents.

This product contains 2 pounds active ingredient per gallon.

U.S. Patent No. 4,238,505

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN
WARNING
AVISO

This label must be in the possession of the user at the time of application.

Si usted no entiende la etiqueta, busque a alguien para que se la explique a usted en detalle. (If you do not understand the label, find someone to explain it to you in detail.)

See other panels for additional precautionary information.



Under the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act as amended, for the pesticide registered under EPA Reg. No. 279-3069

FMC

FMC Corporation
 Agricultural Products Group
 Philadelphia PA 19103

5/2000-Draft

STATEMENT OF PRACTICAL TREATMENT

If swallowed: Get medical attention. Call a Poison Control Center or physician promptly for advice. Describe Precautionary Statements and Note to Physician on the label. Do not induce vomiting unless advised by a physician or qualified medical advisor. Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

If inhaled: Remove victim to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration, preferably mouth-to-mouth. Get medical attention.

If on skin: Wash with plenty of soap and water. Get medical attention.

If in eyes: Flush with plenty of water. Call a physician if irritation persists.

Note to Physician:

This product is a pyrethroid. If large amounts have been ingested, the stomach and intestines should be evacuated. Treatment is symptomatic and supportive. Digestible fats, oils, or alcohol may increase absorption and so should be avoided.

For Emergency Assistance Call (800) 331-3148.

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS
Hazards to Humans (and Domestic Animals)

Warning

May be fatal if swallowed. Harmful if inhaled, or absorbed through skin. Causes moderate eye irritation. Avoid breathing vapor or spray mist. Avoid contact with skin, eyes or clothing.

Personal Protective Equipment:

Some materials that are chemical-resistant to this product are listed below. If you want more options, follow the instructions for category E on an EPA chemical resistance category selection chart.

Handlers who may be exposed to the dilute through application or other tasks must wear: long-sleeved shirt and long pants, chemical-resistant gloves, such as Barrier Laminata or Nitrile Rubber or Neoprene Rubber or Viton, and shoes plus socks.

Handlers who may be exposed to the concentrate through mixing, loading, application or other tasks must wear: long-sleeved shirt and long pants, chemical-resistant gloves, such as Barrier Laminata or Nitrile Rubber or Neoprene Rubber or Viton, shoes plus socks, and protective eyewear.

Discard clothing and other absorbent materials that have been drenched or heavily contaminated with this product's concentrate. Do not reuse them. Follow manufacturer's instructions for cleaning/maintaining PPE. If no such instructions for washables, use detergent and hot water. Keep and wash PPE separately from other laundry.

User Safety Recommendations

Users should:

Wash hands before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco or using the toilet.

Remove clothing immediately if pesticide gets inside. Then wash thoroughly and put on clean clothing.

Environmental Hazards

This pesticide is extremely toxic to fish and aquatic invertebrates. Use with care when applying in areas adjacent to any body of water. Do not apply directly to water, to areas where surface water is present or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark. Do not make applications when weather conditions favor drift from treated areas. Drift and runoff from treated areas may be hazardous to aquatic organisms in neighboring areas. Do not contaminate water when disposing of equipment washwaters.

This product is highly toxic to bees exposed to direct treatment or residues on blooming crops or weeds. Do not apply this product or allow it to drift to blooming crops or weeds while bees are actively visiting the treatment area.

The use of bifenthrin is prohibited in areas that may result in exposure of endangered species to bifenthrin. Prior to use in a particular county contact the local extension service for procedures and precautions to use to protect endangered species.

4 9 9

Physical/Chemical Hazards

Do not use or store near heat or open flame.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.

Do not apply this product in a way that will contact workers or other persons, either directly or through drift. Only protected handlers may be in the area during application. For any requirements specific to your State or Tribe, consult the agency responsible for pesticide regulation.

Resistance. Some insects are known to develop resistance to products used repeatedly for control. Because the development of resistance cannot be predicted, the use of this product should conform to resistance management strategies established for the use area. Consult your local or state agricultural authorities for details.

If resistance to this product develops in your area, this product, or other products with a similar mode of action, may not provide adequate control. If poor performance cannot be attributed to improper application or extreme weather conditions, a resistant strain of insect may be present. If you experience difficulty with control and resistance is a reasonable cause, immediately consult your local company representative or agricultural advisor for the best alternative method of control for your area.

AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS

Use this product only in accordance with its labeling and with the Worker Protection Standard, 40 CFR part 170. This Standard contains requirements for the protection of agricultural workers on farms, forests, nurseries, and greenhouses, and handlers of agricultural pesticides. It contains requirements for training, decontamination, notification, and emergency assistance. It also contains specific instructions and exceptions pertaining to the statements on this label about personal protective equipment (PPE) and restricted-entry interval. The requirements in this box only apply to uses of this product that are covered by the Worker Protection Standard. For applications to sites with restricted entry intervals (REIs) of 7 days or more, notify workers of applications by warning them orally and by posting warning signs at entrances of treated areas.

Do not enter or allow worker entry into treated areas during the restricted entry interval (REI) listed in the chart below:

Crop	Activity	REI
Eggplant	All	9 days
Beans (for processing only)	All	24 hours
Beans (for fresh market)	All	8 days
Peas (for processing only)	All	24 hours
Peas (for fresh market)	All	9 days
Head, Stem Brassica	All	5 days
Sweet Corn (for processing only)	All	24 hours
Sweet Corn (for fresh market)	All	18 days
Field Corn (Grown for seed)	Detasseling	18 days
Field Corn (Grown for seed)	Roofing	18 days
Field Corn (Grown for seed)	Other Activities	24 hours
Other Crops	All	24 hours

PPE required for early entry to treated areas that is permitted under the Worker Protection Standard and that involves contact with anything that has been treated, such as plants, soil, or water, is: Coveralls, Chemical-resistant gloves, such as Barrier Laminate or Nitrile Rubber or Neoprene Rubber or Viton, and Shoes plus socks.

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Pesticide Storage

Do not freeze. Do not store below 40° F. If crystals are observed, warm material to above 60° F by placing container in warm location. Shake or roll container periodically to redissolve solids.

Keep out of reach of children and animals. Store in original containers only. Store in a cool, dry place and avoid excess heat. Carefully open containers. After partial use, replace lids and close tightly. Do not put concentrate or dilute material into food or drink containers. Do not contaminate other pesticides, fertilizers, water, food, or feed by storage or disposal.

In case of spill, avoid contact, isolate area and keep out animals and unprotected persons. Confine spills. Call FMC: 1-(800)-331-3148.

To confine spill: If liquid, dike surrounding area or absorb with sand, cat litter or commercial clay. If dry material, cover to prevent dispersal. Place damaged package in a holding container. Identify contents.

Pesticide Disposal

Pesticide wastes are toxic. Improper disposal of excess pesticide, spray mixture, or rinsate is a violation of Federal law. If these wastes cannot be disposed of by use according to label instructions, contact your State Pesticide or Environmental Control Agency, or the Hazardous Waste representative of the nearest EPA Regional Office for guidance.

Container Disposal

Metal or Plastic Container: Triple rinse (or equivalent) then offer for recycling or reconditioning, or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by other procedures approved by State and local authorities. Do not cut or weld metal containers.

U-Turn® Container: Do not rinse container. Do not empty remaining formulated product. Do not break seals. Return intact to point of purchase.

Chemigation Use Directions

Apply this product only through sprinkler including center pivot, lateral move, and tow, side (wheel) roll, traveler, big gun, solid set, or hand move irrigation systems. Do not apply this product through any other type of irrigation system. Do not connect an irrigation system (including greenhouse systems) used for pesticide application to a public water system.

For LEPA irrigation a minimum of 0.75 inch of water per acre is recommended. Where non-emulsified oils are used as the diluent, 1 to 2 pints per acre is recommended.

Results from utilizing chemigation have been variable and depend upon the set up and calibration of equipment. Crop injury, lack of effectiveness, or illegal residues in the crop can result from non-uniform distribution of treated water. Contact your State Agricultural Extension Service specialists, equipment manufacturers or other experts for consultation on the suitability of the equipment set up to obtain effective control of the target insect pests.

A person knowledgeable of the chemigation system and responsible for its operation, or under the supervision of the responsible person, shall shut the system down and make necessary adjustments should the need arise. Failure to cease application during a mechanical stoppage may result in undesirable residues to adjacent areas.

The system must contain a functional check valve, vacuum relief valve, and low pressure drain appropriately located on the irrigation pipeline to prevent water source contamination from backflow.

The pesticide injection pipeline must contain a functional, automatic, quick-closing check valve to prevent the flow of fluid back toward the injection pump.

The pesticide injection pipeline must also contain a functional, normally closed, solenoid-operated valve located on the intake side of the injection pump and connected to the system interlock to prevent fluid from being withdrawn from the supply tank when the irrigation system is either automatically or manually shut down.

The system must contain functional interlocking controls to automatically shut off the pesticide injection pump when the water pump motor stops.

The irrigation line or water pump must include a functional pressure switch which will stop the water pump motor when the water pressure decreases to the point where pesticide distribution is adversely affected.

Systems must use a metering pump, such as a positive displacement injection pump (e.g., diaphragm pump) effectively designed and constructed of materials that are compatible with pesticides and capable of being fitted with a system interlock.

Do not apply when wind speed favors drift beyond the area intended for treatment.

Capture® 2 EC insecticide/miticide should be applied continuously for the duration of the water application. Capture 2 EC should be diluted in sufficient volume to ensure accurate application over the area to be treated. When using chemigation, a minimum of 0.5 inch per acre of irrigation water is recommended. Agitation generally is not required when a suitable diluent is used. A diluent test should be conducted to ensure that phase separation will not occur during dilution and application. Failure to achieve a uniform dilution throughout the time of application may result in undesirable residues or less than desirable control.

Rotational Crops

Leafy vegetables and root crops may be rotated 30 days following the final application of bifenthrin. Crops for which bifenthrin tolerances exist may be rotated at any time. All other crops may be rotated seven months following the final application of bifenthrin. Straw may not be used for food or feed.

Tank-Mixture

Capture 2 EC Insecticide/Miticide may be applied in tank mixtures with other products approved for use on registered crops. Observe all restrictions and precautions which appear on the labels of these products. Test for compatibility of products before mixing.

Application Instructions

Rate of application is variable according to pest pressure, timing of sprays, and field scouting. Use lower rates under light to moderate infestations; higher rates under heavy insect pressure and for mite control. Arid climates generally require higher rates.

In New York State this product may not be applied within 100 feet (using ground equipment) to 300 feet (using aerial equipment) of coastal marshes or streams that drain into coastal marshes.

Cultivation within 10 feet of a water body is prohibited to allow for the growth of a vegetated filter strip.

Spray Drift Precautions

All aerial and ground application equipment must be properly maintained and calibrated using appropriate carriers.

OBSERVE THE FOLLOWING PRECAUTIONS WHEN SPRAYING IN THE VICINITY OF AQUATIC AREAS SUCH AS LAKES; RESERVOIRS; RIVERS; PERMANENT STREAMS, MARSHES OR NATURAL PONDS; ESTUARIES AND COMMERCIAL FISH FARM PONDS.

Do not apply by ground equipment within 25 feet, or by air within 150 feet of lakes; reservoirs, rivers, permanent streams, marshes or natural ponds, estuaries, and commercial fish farm pond. Increase the buffer zone to 450 feet when ultra low volume (ULV) application is made in cotton. Use of ultra low volume (ULV) application on corn is prohibited.

For aerial applications, the spray boom should be mounted on the aircraft so as to minimize drift caused by wingtip or rotor vortices. The minimum practical boom length should be used and must not exceed 75% of wing span or rotor diameter.

Use the largest droplet size consistent with good pest control. Formation of very small droplets may be minimized by appropriate nozzle selection, by orienting nozzles away from the air stream as much as possible, and by avoiding excessive spray boom pressure.

Spray should be released at the lowest height consistent with pest control and flight safety. Applications more than 10 feet above the crop canopy should be avoided.

Make aerial or ground applications when the wind velocity favors on target product deposition (approximately 3 to 10 mph). Do not apply when wind velocity exceeds 15 mph. Avoid applications when wind gusts approach 15 mph.

Risk of exposure to sensitive aquatic areas can be reduced by avoiding applications when wind direction is toward the aquatic area.

Do not cultivate within 10 feet of the aquatic area so as to allow growth of a vegetative filter strip.

Low humidity and high temperatures increase the evaporation rate of spray droplets and therefore the likelihood of increased spray drift to aquatic areas. Avoid spraying during conditions of low humidity and/or high temperature.

Do not make aerial or ground applications during temperature inversions. Do not make aerial or ground applications to corn if heavy rainfall is imminent. Inversions are characterized by stable air and increasing temperatures with height above the ground. Mist or fog may indicate the presence of an inversion in humid areas. The applicator may detect the presence of an inversion by producing smoke and observing a smoke layer near the ground surface.

COTTON

PEST	DOSAGE	
	LB A/A	FL OZ/A
European Corn Borer Soybean (Banded) Thrips Tobacco Thrips	0.02-0.10	1.3-6.4
Boll Weevil Bollworm Cabbage Looper Cotton Aphid Cotton Fleahopper Cotton Leafperforator Cutworms Fall Armyworm Plant Bugs Saltmarsh Caterpillar Southern Garden Leafhopper Stink Bugs Tobacco Budworm Whitefly Yellow Striped Armyworm	0.04-0.10	2.6-6.4
Beet Armyworm Carmine Spider Mite Lygus Spp. Pink Bollworm Two-spotted Spider Mite	0.06-0.10	3.8-6.4

RESTRICTIONS—Cotton

Do not apply more than 0.5 pound active per acre per season.
 Do not apply within 14 days of harvest.
 Do not graze livestock in treated areas or cut treated crops for feed.
 Do not make more than 10 synthetic pyrethroid applications (of one product or combination of products) to a cotton crop in one growing season. Synthetic pyrethroid products include Ambush[®], Ammo[®], Asana[®], XL, Baythroid[®], Capture[®], Danitol[®], Karate[®], Mustang[®], and Scout X-TRA[®].

REMARKS—Cotton

Capture 2 EC may be applied in water or refined vegetable oil (soybean/cottonseed).
Application in Water: Apply in a minimum of 5 gallons per acre with ground equipment or 1 gallon per acre by aircraft. When applying by air, 1 quart of emulsified oil may be substituted for one quart of water in the finished spray.
ULV Application: Apply the recommended rate of Capture 2 EC in refined vegetable oil in a minimum of 1 quart of finished spray per acre with aircraft calibrated to give adequate coverage.
To Control Boll Weevil: Apply Capture 2 EC at an interval of 3 to 4 days until pest numbers are reduced to acceptable levels.
To Control Mites and Aphids: Apply when pests first appear. Repeat as necessary to maintain control. Higher rates will be required once a damaging threshold is established.
 This product is not for sale or use in the State of California.

FIELD CORN (GRAIN AND SILAGE), POPCORN, FIELD CORN GROWN FOR SEED (AT PLANT USE)

PEST	DOSAGE		REMARKS
	linear feet of row	linear feet of row	
Corn Rootworm Larvae Mexican Northern Southern Western Curworms Grubs Seed Corn Beetle Seed Corn Maggot Wireworm	.0046 pound active per 1,000	0.30 fluid ounces per 1,000	Apply as a 5 to 7 inch T-band treatment over an open seed furrow. Position the spray nozzle behind the planter shoe, in front of the press wheel centered over the row. Use the table below to determine the Capture 2EC needs per acre. Apply in a minimum of 3 gallons of finished spray per acre. Mix Capture 2EC with water or fertilizer in the following manner. Fill the spray tank approximately one-half full with water or liquid fertilizer, add the proper amount of Capture 2EC, then add the rest of the water or fertilizer. Provide sufficient agitation during mixing and application to maintain a uniform spray mixture. Applications of Capture 2EC alone or in recommended tank mixtures, in conjunction with in-furrow pop-up fertilizers may be used. A jar compatibility test should be performed with appropriate ratio of Capture 2EC and fertilizer to ensure mixture will stay in solution. Constant agitation should be maintained during mixing and application. Do not apply to soil where there is greater than 30% cover of crop residue remaining. Do not apply within 30 days of harvest Do not graze livestock in treated area or cut treated crops for feed within 30 days of treatment. Do not apply more than 0.1 pound active per acre per season as an at plant application.

Row Spacing (inches)	40	36	30	30
Capture 2EC (pounds of per acre)	0.080	0.084	0.088	0.08
Capture 2EC (formulated ounces per acre)	3.9	4.1	4.4	5.2

FIELD CORN (GRAIN AND SILAGE), POPCORN, FIELD CORN GROWN FOR SEED (FOLIAR USE)

PEST	DOSAGE	
	LB A/A	FL OZ/A
Aphids Beet Armyworm Chinch Bug Common Stalk Borer Corn Earworm Corn Rootworm Adults Cucumber Beetle Adult European Corn Borer Fall Armyworm Flea Beetle Grasshoppers Japanese Beetle Adult Sap Beetle Southern Armyworm Southern Corn Leaf Beetle Southwestern Corn Borer Tarnished Plant Bug Webworms Western Bean Cutworm Yellowstriped Armyworm	0.033-0.10	2.1-6.4
Benic Grass Mite Carmine Mite Twospotted Spider Mite	0.06-0.10	5.12-6.4

RESTRICTIONS—Corn

Do not apply more than 0.3 pound active per acre per season including at plant plus foliar applications.
 Do not apply within 30 days of harvest.
 Do not graze livestock in treated areas or cut treated crops for feed within 30 days of the last application.
 Use of ultra low volume (ULV) application on corn is prohibited.
 Do not make aerial or ground applications to corn if heavy rainfall is imminent.

Use of Capture 2EC on corn is prohibited in all coastal counties.

REMARKS—Corn

General: Apply in a minimum of 2-5 gallons of finished spray per acre by aircraft or in a minimum of 10 gallons per acre with ground equipment. To improve control by aircraft, use 5 gallons of finished spray per acre particularly when initial populations are heavier than normal. When applying by air, 1-2 quarts of emulsified oil may be substituted for 1-2 quarts of water in the finished spray. Thorough coverage is essential to achieve control.
Chemigation not recommended in the states of Kansas and Nebraska.
To control ear-attacking pests: Apply Capture 2 EC just before silking and repeat as necessary to maintain control.
Southwestern Corn Borer, European Corn Borer: Make application for corn borer control with initial application at or shortly before egg hatch.
For control of other insect pests: Apply when pests first appear and repeat as necessary.
For Control of Mites:
 Apply for Benic Grass Mite control when colonies first form prior to leaf damage or discoloration and before dispersal above the bottom third of the plant.
 Apply for Twospotted Spider Mite and Carmine Mite control, apply when colonies first form prior to leaf damage or discoloration and before widespread mite dispersal throughout the canopy.
 Higher rates will be necessary for heavier initial populations and corn under heat or drought stress. Field experience with dimethoate at 0.5 lb. active per acre in tank mixture has demonstrated good control under these conditions.
For mite control in Texas, New Mexico, Oklahoma, Arizona: Apply in a minimum of 5 gallons of finished spray per acre by aircraft or in a minimum of 10 gallons per acre with ground equipment.

SWEET CORN (AT PLANT USE)

PEST	DOSAGE		REMARKS
	linear feet of row	linear feet of row	
Corn Rootworm Larvae Mexican Northern Southern Western Cutworms Grubs Seed Corn Beetle Seed Corn Maggot Wireworm	.0046 pound active per 1,000 linear feet of row	0.30 fluid ounces per 1,000 linear feet of row	Apply as a 5 to 7 inch T-band treatment over an open seed furrow. Position the spray nozzle behind the planter shoe, in front of the press wheel centered over the row. Use the table below to determine the Capture 2EC needs per acre. Apply in a minimum of 3 gallons of finished spray per acre. Mix Capture 2EC with water or fertilizer in the following manner. Fill the spray tank approximately one-half full with water or liquid fertilizer, add the proper amount of Capture 2EC, then add the rest of the water or fertilizer. Provide sufficient agitation during mixing and application to maintain a uniform spray mixture. Applications of Capture 2EC alone or in recommended tank mixtures, in conjunction with in furrow pop-up fertilizers may be used. A jar compatibility test should be performed with appropriate ratio of Capture 2EC and fertilizer to ensure mixture will stay in solution. Constant agitation should be maintained during mixing and application. Do not apply to soil where there is greater than 30% cover of crop residue remaining. Do not apply within 30 days of harvest. Do not graze livestock in treated area or cut treated crops for feed within 30 days of treatment. Do not apply more than 0.1 pound active per acre per season as an at plant application.

Row Spacings (inches)	40	36	36	30
Capture 2EC (pounds ai per acre)	0.050	0.064	0.069	0.08
Capture 2EC (formulated ounces per acre)	3.8	4.1	4.4	5.2

SWEET CORN (FOLIAR USE)

PEST	DOSAGE	
	LB A/A	FL OZ/A
Aphids Aster Leafhopper Beet Armyworm Chinch bug Common Cornstalk Borer Corn Earworm Corn Rootworm Adults Corn Silk Fly Cucumber Beetle Adult Cutworms European Corn Borer Fall Armyworm Flea Beetle Grasshoppers Japanese Beetle Adult Sap Beetle Southern Armyworm Southwestern Corn Borer Tarnished Plant Bug Webworms Western Bean Cutworm Yellowstriped Armyworm	0.033 - 0.10	2.1 - 6.4
Banks Grass Mite Carmine Mite Pacific Spider Mite Twospotted Spider Mite	0.08 - 0.10	5.12 - 8.4

RESTRICTIONS—Sweet Corn

Do not make more than 0.2 pounds active ingredient (12.8 ounces formulated) per acre per season.

Do not apply within one day of harvest.

Do not graze livestock in treated areas or cut treated crops for feed within 1 day of the last application.

Use of ultra low volume (ULV) application on corn is prohibited.

Do not make aerial or ground applications to corn if heavy rainfall is imminent.

Use of Capture 2EC on corn is prohibited in all coastal counties.

REMARKS—Sweet Corn

General: Apply in a minimum of 2 gallons of finished spray per acre by air or in a minimum of 10 gallons per acre with ground equipment. When applying by air, 1-2 quarts of emulsified oil may be substituted for 1-2 quarts of water in the finished spray. Thorough coverage is essential to achieve control.

To control ear-attacking pests: Apply Capture® 2EC when silking begins and repeat as necessary to maintain control.

Southwestern Corn Borer, European Corn Borer: Make 2 applications for corn borer control with the initial application at or shortly before egg hatch.

For control of other insect pests: Apply when pests first appear and repeat as necessary.

For Control of Mites:

Apply for Banks Grass Mite control when colonies first form prior to leaf damage or discoloration and before dispersal above the bottom third of the plant.

For Twospotted Spider Mite and Carmine Mite control, apply when colonies first form prior to leaf damage or discoloration and before widespread mite dispersal throughout the canopy.

Higher rates will be necessary for heavier initial populations and corn under heat or drought stress.

SUCCULENT PEAS AND BEANS

CROP	PEST	DOSAGE		REMARKS
		LB/A/A	FLOZ/A	
Pea (Pisum spp.); Dwarf pea; Edible-pod pea; English pea; Garden pea; Green pea; Snow pea; Sugar snap pea; Pigeon pea; Bean (Phaseolus spp.); Broadbean (succulent); Lima bean (green); Runner bean; Snap bean; Wax bean; Bean (Vigna spp.); Asparagus bean; Black-eyed pea; Chinese longbean; Cowpea; Moth bean; Southern pea; Yardlong bean; Jackbean; Soybean (immature seed); Sword bean	Flea Beetle Grasshoppers Aster Leafhopper Leafhoppers	0.025 - 0.10	1.6 - 8.4	Apply in a minimum of 2 gallons of finished spray per acre by air or in a minimum of 10 gallons per acre with ground equipment. When applying by air, 1-2 quarts of emulsified oil may be substituted for 1-2 quarts of water in the finished spray. Thorough coverage is essential to achieve control. Do not apply more than 0.2 lb. active ingredient (12.8 ounces formulated) per acre per season. Do not apply within 3 days of harvest.
	Aphids Beet Armyworm Fall Armyworm Southern Armyworm Yellow-striped Armyworm Bean Leaf Beetle Cucumber Beetle Japanese beetle Adult Sap Beetle Plant Bug Stink Bugs Tarnished Plant Bug Akatia Caterpillar Cloverworm European Corn Borer Cutworms Western Bean Cutworm Corn Earworm Loopers Corn Rootworm Adult Thrips Webworms Pea Weevil Pea Leaf Weevil Whitefly	0.033 - 0.10	2.1 - 8.4	
	Banks Grass Mite Two-spotted Spider Mite Carmine Mite Lygus Spp.	0.08 - 0.10	5.12 - 6.4	

BRASSICAS:

CROP	PEST	DOSAGE		REMARKS
		LB/A/A	FLOZ/A	
Head and Stem Brassica Vegetables including: Broccoli Chinese Broccoli (gai lan, white flowering broccoli) Brussels Sprouts Cauliflower Cavalo broccolo Kohlrabi Cabbage Chinese Cabbage (napa) Chinese Mustard Cabbage (gai choy)	Cutworms Corn Earworm Tobacco Budworm Sawfly Caterpillar Leafhoppers Flea Beetles Imported Cabbageworm Cucumber Beetle Beetles Aphids Whitefly Armyworms Looper Stink Bugs Crickets Ground Beetles Trips Wormworm (adults) Diamondback Moth	0.033 - 0.10	2.1 - 8.4	Apply in a minimum of 2 gallons of finished spray per acre by air or in a minimum of 10 gallons per acre with ground equipment. When applying by air, 1-2 quarts of emulsified oil may be substituted for 1-2 quarts of water in the finished spray. Thorough coverage is essential to achieve control. Do not apply more than 0.5 lb. active ingredient (1 quart) per acre per season. Do not make more than 5 applications after bloom. Do not make applications less than 7 days apart. Do not apply within 7 days of harvest.
	Banks Grass Mite Two-spotted Spider Mite Carmine Mite Pacific Spider Mite Lygus Spp.	0.08 - 0.10	5.12 - 6.4	

CANOLA, CRAMBE, RAPESEED

CROP	PEST	DOSAGE		REMARKS
		LB/A/A	FLOZ/A	
Canola Crambe Rapeseed	Aphids Cutworms Diamondback Moth Loopers Other Lepidopterous Larvae Flea Beetle Flea Hopper Grasshopper Plant Bug Stink Bugs Seedpod Weevil Thrips Whitefly Armyworms	0.033 - 0.04	2.1 - 2.8	Apply in a minimum of 2 gallons of finished spray per acre by air or in a minimum of 10 gallons per acre with ground equipment. When applying by air, 1-2 quarts of emulsified oil may be substituted for 1-2 quarts of water in the finished spray. Thorough coverage is essential to achieve control. Do not apply more than 0.06 lb. active ingredient (6.12 ounces) per acre per season. Do not make applications less than 14 days apart. Do not apply within 35 days of harvest.

CUCURBITS:

CROP	PEST	DOSAGE		REMARKS
		LB/A/A	FLOZ/A	
Chayote (fruit) Chinese watermelon Chinese preserving melon Crown melon Cucumber Gherkin Bottle gourd, edible (includes hyacinth, cucuzzi) (Luffa spp.) Pecan hickory Chinese melon Bitter melon Bitter melon Chinese cucumber Muscadine Pumpkin Winter squash Cucurbit spp. Squash, acorn Cucurbit spp. Squash, crookneck Squash, scallop Squash, straightneck Squash, vegetable marrow, zucchini Squash, winter (includes butternut, acorn, delicata, hubbard, zucchini, C. melon, C. pepo) includes acorn Squash, spaghetti Squash, zucchini Watermelon (includes hybrids and/or varieties of Citrullus spp.)	Aphids Cutworms Cabbage Looper Leafhoppers Cucumber Beetle Squash Bug Moleworm Flowerworm Plant Bug Stink Bugs Fleaworm Squash Vine Borer Armyworms Corn Earworm Tobacco Budworm Grasshopper	0.04 - 0.10	2.8 - 6.4	Apply in a minimum of 5 gallons of finished spray per acre by air or in a minimum of 20 gallons per acre with ground equipment. When applying by air, 1-2 quarts of emulsified oil may be substituted for 1-2 quarts of water in the finished spray. Thorough coverage is essential to achieve control. Do not apply more than 0.3 lb. active ingredient (19.2 ounces formulated) per acre per season. Do not make more than two applications after bloom. Do not make applications less than 7 days apart. Do not apply within 3 days of harvest.
	Whitefly Banks Grass Mite Two-spotted Spider Mite Carmine Mite Lygus Spp.	0.08 - 0.10	5.12 - 6.4	

EGGPLANT

CROP	PEST	DOSAGE		REMARKS
		LB/A/A	FLOZ/A	
Eggplant	Colorado Beetle Potato Beetle Corn Earworm European Corn Borer Flea Beetle Cucumber Beetle Cabbage Looper Tomato Pinworm Tomato Hornworm Vegetable Leafminer Whitely Armyworms Plant Bug Stink Bug Trips	0.033 - 0.10	2.1 - 6.4	Apply in a minimum of 2 gallons of finished spray per acre by air or in a minimum of 10 gallons per acre with ground equipment. When applying by air, 1-2 quarts of emulsified oil may be substituted for 1-2 quarts of water in the finished spray. Thorough coverage is essential to achieve control. Do not make applications less than 7 days apart. Do not apply more than 0.2 lb active ingredient (12.8 ounces formulated) per acre per season. Do not apply within 7 days of harvest.
	Banks Grass Mite Twospotted Spider Mite Carmine Mite Pacific Spider Mite Lygus Spp.	0.06 - 0.10	5.12 - 6.4	

Dealers Should Sell in Original Packages Only.

Terms of Sale or Use: On purchase of this product buyer and user agree to the following conditions:

Warranty: FMC makes no warranty, expressed or implied, concerning the use of this product other than indicated on the label. Except as so warranted, the product is sold as is. Buyer and user assume all risk of use and/or handling and/or storage of this material when such use and/or handling and/or storage is contrary to label instructions.

Directions and Recommendations: Follow directions carefully. Timing and method of application, weather and crop conditions, mixture with other chemicals not specifically recommended and other influencing factors in the use of this product are beyond the control of the seller and are assumed by the buyer at his own risk.

Use of Product: FMC's recommendations for the use of this product are based upon tests believed to be reliable. The use of this product being beyond the control of the manufacturer, no guarantee, expressed or implied, is made as to the effects of such or the results to be obtained if not used in accordance with directions or established safe practice.

Damages: Buyer's or user's exclusive remedy for damages for breach of warranty or negligence shall be limited to direct damages not exceeding the purchase price paid and shall not include incidental or consequential damages.

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