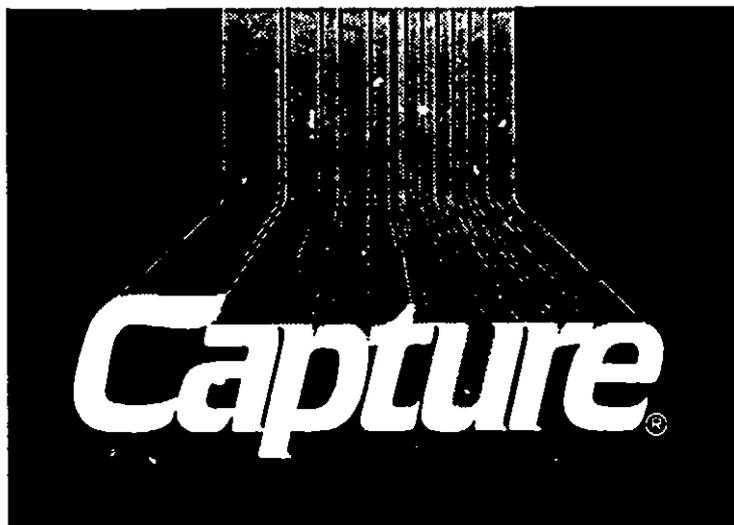


Toxic to fish and aquatic organisms.  
For retail sale to and use only by certified applicators, or persons under their direct supervision and only for the uses covered by the certified applicator's certification.

**2 EC****Insecticide/Miticide**

EPA Reg. No. 279-3069

EPA Est. 279-

Active Ingredient:	By Wt.
Bifenthrin: (2 methyl[1,1'-biphenyl]-3-yl) methyl 3-(2-chloro-3,3,3-trifluoro-1-propenyl)- 2,2-dimethyl-cyclopropanecarboxylate* .....	25.1%
Inert Ingredients:** .....	74.9%
	100.0%

\*Cis isomers 97% minimum, trans isomers 3% maximum.

\*\*Contains xylene range aromatic solvents.

This product contains 2 pounds active ingredient per gallon.

U.S. Patent No. 4,238,505

**KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN**  
**WARNING**  
**AVISO**

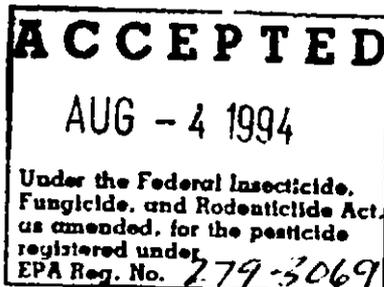
This label must be in the possession of the user at the time of application.

Si usted no entiende la etiqueta, busque a alguien para que se la explique a usted en detalle. (If you do not understand the label, find someone to explain it to you in detail.)

See other panels for additional precautionary information.

**FMC**®

FMC Corporation  
Agricultural Chemical Group  
Philadelphia PA 19103

**STATEMENT OF PRACTICAL TREATMENT**

**If swallowed:** Get medical attention. Call a Poison Control Center or physician promptly for advice. Describe Precautionary Statements and Note to Physician on the label. Do not induce vomiting unless advised by a physician or qualified medical advisor. Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

**If inhaled:** Remove victim to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration, preferably mouth-to-mouth. Get medical attention.

**If on Skin:** Wash with plenty of soap and water. Get medical attention.

**If in Eyes:** Flush with plenty of water. Call a physician if irritation persists.

**Note to Physician:**

Pesticide Hotline (800) 858-7378. This product is a pyrethroid. If large amounts have been ingested, the stomach and intestines should be evacuated. Treatment is symptomatic and supportive. Digestible fats, oils, or alcohol may increase absorption and so should be avoided.

For Emergency Assistance Call (800) 331-3148.

**PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS****Hazards to Humans (and Domestic Animals)****Warning**

May be fatal if swallowed. Harmful if inhaled, or absorbed through skin. Causes moderate eye irritation. Avoid breathing vapor or spray mist. Avoid contact with skin, eyes or clothing.

**Personal Protective Equipment:**

Some materials that are chemical-resistant to this product are listed below. If you want more options, follow the instructions for category E on an EPA chemical resistance category selection chart.

**Handlers who may be exposed to the dilute through application or other tasks must wear:** long-sleeved shirt and long pants, chemical-resistant gloves, such as Barrier Laminate or Nitrile Rubber or Neoprene Rubber or Viton, and shoes plus socks.

**Handlers who may be exposed to the concentrate through mixing, loading, application or other tasks must wear:** long-sleeved shirt and long pants, chemical-resistant gloves, such as Barrier Laminate or Nitrile Rubber or Neoprene Rubber or Viton, shoes plus socks, and protective eyewear.

Discard clothing and other absorbent materials that have been drenched or heavily contaminated with this product's concentrate. Do not reuse them. Follow manufacturer's instructions for cleaning/maintaining PPE. If no such instructions for washables, use detergent and hot water. Keep and wash PPE separately from other laundry.

**User Safety Recommendations****Users should:**

Wash hands before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco or using the toilet.

Remove clothing immediately if pesticide gets inside. Then wash thoroughly and put on clean clothing.

**Environmental Hazards**

This pesticide is extremely toxic to fish and aquatic invertebrates. Use with care when applying in areas adjacent to any body of water. Do not apply directly to water, to areas where surface water is present or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark. Do not make applications when weather conditions favor drift from treated areas. Drift and runoff from treated areas may be hazardous to aquatic organisms in neighboring areas. Do not contaminate water when disposing of equipment washwaters.

This product is highly toxic to bees exposed to direct treatment or residues on blooming crops or weeds. Do not apply this product or allow it to drift to blooming crops or weeds while bees are actively visiting the treatment area.

The use of bifenthrin is prohibited in areas that may result in exposure of endangered species to bifenthrin. Prior to use in a particular county contact the local extension service for procedures and precautions to use to protect endangered species.

**BEST AVAILABLE COPY**

## Physical/Chemical Hazards

Do not use or store near heat or open flame.

## DIRECTIONS FOR USE

It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.

Do not apply this product in a way that will contact workers or other persons, either directly or through drift. Only protected handlers may be in the area during application. For any requirements specific to your State or Tribe, consult the agency responsible for pesticide regulation.

**Resistance.** Some insects are known to develop resistance to products used repeatedly for control. Because the development of resistance cannot be predicted, the use of this product should conform to resistance management strategies established for the use area. Consult your local or state agricultural authorities for details.

If resistance to this product develops in your area, this product, or other products with a similar mode of action, may not provide adequate control. If poor performance cannot be attributed to improper application or extreme weather conditions, a resistant strain of insect may be present. If you experience difficulty with control and resistance is a reasonable cause, immediately consult your local company representative or agricultural advisor for the best alternative method of control for your area.

### AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS

Use this product only in accordance with its labeling and with the Worker Protection Standard, 40 CFR part 170. This Standard contains requirements for the protection of agricultural workers on farms, forests, nurseries, and greenhouses, and handlers of agricultural pesticides. It contains requirements for training, decontamination, notification, and emergency assistance. It also contains specific instructions and exceptions pertaining to the statements on this label about personal protective equipment (PPE) and restricted-entry interval. The requirements in this box only apply to uses of this product that are covered by the Worker Protection Standard.

Do not enter or allow worker entry into treated areas during the restricted entry interval (REI) of 12 hours.

PPE required for early entry to treated areas that is permitted under the Worker Protection Standard and that involves contact with anything that has been treated, such as plants, soil, or water, is: Coveralls, Chemical-resistant gloves, such as Barrier Laminate or Nitrile Rubber or Neoprene Rubber or Viton, and Shoes plus socks.

### STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

#### Pesticide Storage

Do not freeze. Do not store below 40° F. If crystals are observed, warm material to above 60° F by placing container in warm location. Shake or roll container periodically to redissolve solids.

Keep out of reach of children and animals. Store in original containers only. Store in a cool, dry place and avoid excess heat. Carefully open containers. After partial use, replace lids and close tightly. Do not put concentrate or dilute material into food or drink containers. Do not contaminate other pesticides, fertilizers, water, food, or feed by storage or disposal.

In case of spill, avoid contact, isolate area and keep out animals and unprotected persons. Confine spills. Call FMC: 1-(800)-331-3148.

To confine spill: If liquid, dike surrounding area or absorb with sand, cat litter or commercial clay. If dry material, cover to prevent dispersal. Place damaged package in a holding container. Identify contents.

#### Pesticide Disposal

Pesticide wastes are toxic. Improper disposal of excess pesticide, spray mixture, or rinsate is a violation of Federal law. If these wastes cannot be disposed of by use according to label instructions, contact your State Pesticide or Environmental Control Agency, or the Hazardous Waste representative of the nearest EPA Regional Office for guidance.

#### Container Disposal

**Metal or Plastic Container:** Triple rinse (or equivalent) then offer for recycling or reconditioning, or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by other procedures approved by State and local authorities. Do not cut or weld metal containers.

**U-Turn® Container:** Do not rinse container. Do not empty remaining formulated product. Do not break seals. Return intact to point of purchase.

## Chemigation Use Directions

2 of 4

Apply this product only through sprinkler including center pivot, lateral move, end low, side (wheel) roll, traveler, big gun, solid set, or hand move irrigation systems. Do not apply this product through any other type of irrigation system. Do not connect an irrigation system (including greenhouse systems) used for pesticide application to a public water system.

For LEPA irrigation a minimum of 0.5 inch of water per acre is recommended. Where non-emulsified oils are used as the diluent, 1 to 2 pints per acre is recommended.

Crop injury, lack of effectiveness, or illegal residues in the crop can result from non-uniform distribution of treated water. If you have questions about calibration, you should contact State Extension Service specialists, equipment manufacturers, or other experts. A person knowledgeable of the chemigation system and responsible for its operation, or under the supervision of the responsible person, shall shut the system down and make necessary adjustments should the need arise. Failure to cease application during a mechanical stoppage may result in undesirable residues to adjacent areas.

The system must contain a functional check valve, vacuum relief valve, and low pressure drain appropriately located on the irrigation pipeline to prevent water source contamination from backflow.

The pesticide injection pipeline must contain a functional, automatic, quick-closing check valve to prevent the flow of fluid back toward the injection pump.

The pesticide injection pipeline must also contain a functional, normally closed, solenoid-operated valve located on the intake side of the injection pump and connected to the system interlock to prevent fluid from being withdrawn from the supply tank when the irrigation system is either automatically or manually shut down.

The system must contain functional interlocking controls to automatically shut off the pesticide injection pump when the water pump motor stops.

The irrigation line or water pump must include a functional pressure switch which will stop the water pump motor when the water pressure decreases to the point where pesticide distribution is adversely affected.

Systems must use a metering pump, such as a positive displacement injection pump (e.g., diaphragm pump) effectively designed and constructed of materials that are compatible with pesticides and capable of being fitted with a system interlock.

Do not apply when wind speed favors drift beyond the area intended for treatment.

Capture 2 EC insecticide/miticide should be applied continuously for the duration of the water application. Capture 2 EC should be diluted in sufficient volume to ensure accurate application over the area to be treated. When using chemigation, a minimum of 0.5 inch per acre of irrigation water is recommended. Agitation generally is not required when a suitable diluent is used. A diluent test should be conducted to ensure that phase separation will not occur during dilution and application. Failure to achieve a uniform dilution throughout the time of application may result in undesirable residues or less than desirable control.

### Rotational Crops

Rotational crops may be planted no sooner than 30 days after last application. Straw may not be used for food or feed.

### Tank-Mixture

Capture 2 EC Insecticide/Miticide may be applied in tank mixtures with other products approved for use on Cotton, Field Corn (Grain and Silage), Popcorn, and Field Corn Grown For Seed, but should not be applied in tank mixtures containing clay-based fungicides. Observe all restrictions and precautions which appear on the labels of these products. Test for compatibility of products before mixing.

### Application Instructions

Rate of application is variable according to pest pressure, timing of sprays, and field scouting. Use lower rates under light to moderate infestations; higher rates under heavy insect pressure and for mite control. Arid climates generally require higher rates.

**BEST AVAILABLE COPY**

3494

# Field Corn (Grain and Silage), Popcorn, Field Corn Grown For Seed

For use in Colorado, Kansas, Nebraska, New Mexico, Oklahoma, and Texas

CROP	PEST	DOSAGE		REMARKS
		LB A/A	FL OZ/A	
Cotton	European Corn Borer Soybean (Banded) Thrips Tobacco Thrips	0.02-0.10	1.3-6.4	Capture 2 EC may be applied in water or refined vegetable oil. (soybean/cottonseed).  <b>Application in Water:</b> Apply in a minimum of 5 gallons per acre with ground equipment or 1 gallon per acre by aircraft. When applying by air, 1 quart of emulsified oil may be substituted for one quart of water in the finished spray.  <b>ULV Application:</b> Apply the recommended rate of Capture 2 EC in refined vegetable oil in a minimum of 1 quart of finished spray per acre with aircraft calibrated to give adequate coverage.  <b>To Control Boll Weevil:</b> Apply Capture 2 EC at an interval of 3 to 4 days until pest numbers are reduced to acceptable levels.  <b>To Control Mites and Aphids:</b> Apply when pests first appear. Repeat as necessary to maintain control. Higher rates will be required once a damaging threshold is established.
	Boll Weevil Boltworm Cabbage Looper Cotton Aphid Cotton Fleahopper Cotton Leafperforator Cutworms Fall Armyworm Lygus Spp. Plant Bugs Saltmarsh Caterpillar Southern Garden Leafhopper Stink Bugs Tobacco Budworm Whitefly Yellow Striped Armyworm	0.04-0.10	2.6-6.4	
	Beet Armyworm Carmine Spider Mite Pink Bollworm Twospotted Spider Mite	0.06-0.10	3.8-6.4	

Do not apply more than 0.5 pound active per acre per season.

Do not apply within 14 days of harvest.

Do not graze livestock in treated areas or cut treated crops for feed.

**Spray Drift Precautions—Cotton**

Do not make more than 10 synthetic pyrethroid applications (of one product or combination of products) to a cotton crop in one growing season. Synthetic pyrethroid products include Ambush®, Ammo®, Asana® XL, Baythroid®, Capture®, Danitol®, Karate®, Mustang, Pounce® and Scout® X-TRA.

All aerial and ground application equipment must be properly maintained and calibrated using appropriate carriers.

**OBSERVE THE FOLLOWING PRECAUTIONS WHEN SPRAYING IN THE VICINITY OF AQUATIC AREAS SUCH AS LAKES; RESERVOIRS; RIVERS; PERMANENT STREAMS, MARSHES OR NATURAL PONDS; ESTUARIES AND COMMERCIAL FISH FARM PONDS.**

Do not apply by ground equipment within 25 feet, or by air within 150 feet of lakes; reservoirs, rivers, permanent streams, marshes or natural ponds, estuaries, and commercial fish farm ponds. Increase the buffer zone to 450 feet when ultra low volume (ULV) application is made.

For aerial applications, the spray boom should be mounted on the aircraft so as to minimize drift caused by wingtip or rotor vortices. The minimum practical boom length should be used and must not exceed 75% of wing span or rotor diameter.

Use the largest droplet size consistent with good pest control. Formation of very small droplets may be minimized by appropriate nozzle selection, by orienting nozzles away from the air stream as much as possible, and by avoiding excessive spray boom pressure.

Spray should be released at the lowest height consistent with pest control and flight safety. Applications more than 10 feet above the crop canopy should be avoided.

Make aerial or ground applications when the wind velocity favors on target product deposition (approximately 3 to 10 mph). Do not apply when wind velocity exceeds 15 mph. Avoid applications when wind gusts approach 15 mph.

Risk of exposure to sensitive aquatic areas can be reduced by avoiding applications when wind direction is toward the aquatic area.

Do not cultivate within 10' of the aquatic area so as to allow growth of a vegetative filter strip.

Low humidity and high temperatures increase the evaporation rate of spray droplets and therefore the likelihood of increased spray drift to aquatic areas. Avoid spraying during conditions of low humidity and/or high temperature.

Do not make aerial or ground applications during temperature inversions. Inversions are characterized by stable air and increasing temperatures with height above the ground. Mist or fog may indicate the presence of an inversion in humid areas. The applicator may detect the presence of an inversion by producing smoke and observing a smoke layer near the ground surface.

CROP	PEST	DOSAGE		REMARKS
		LB A/A	FL OZ/A	
Corn	European Corn Borer Southwestern Corn Borer Western Bean Cutworm Corn Earworm Corn Rootworm Adults Banks Grass Mite Twospotted Spider Mite Carmine Mite	0.08-0.10	5.1-6.4	<p><b>General:</b> Apply in a minimum of 2 gallons of finished spray per acre by aircraft or in a minimum of 10 gallons per acre with ground equipment. When applying by air, 1-2 quarts of emulsified oil may be substituted for 1-2 quarts of water in the finished spray. Thorough coverage is essential to achieve control.</p> <p><b>To control ear-attacking pests:</b> Apply Capture 2 EC just before silking and repeat as necessary to maintain control. Do not apply more than 0.2 lb a/A after ear formation.</p> <p><b>Southwestern Corn Borer, European Corn Borer:</b> Make 2 applications for corn borer control with the initial application at or shortly before egg hatch.</p> <p><b>For control of other insect pests:</b> Apply when pests first appear and repeat as necessary.</p> <p><b>For mite control in Kansas, Colorado and Nebraska:</b> Apply for Banks Grass Mite when leaves on the lower one-third of the plant are starting to yellow from mite damage and colonies are becoming established on ear zone leaves. Apply for Twospotted Spider Mite control when colonies first form, before a heavy widespread mite infestation exists. Apply in a minimum of 2 gallons of finished spray per acre by aircraft or in a minimum of 10 gallons per acre with ground equipment. When applying by air, 1 quart of emulsified oil may be substituted for 1 quart of water in the finished spray. Thorough coverage is essential to achieve control. Cnemigation not recommended in the states of Kansas and Nebraska.</p> <p><b>For mite control in Texas, New Mexico, and Oklahoma:</b> Use of Capture 2 EC on corn is prohibited in all coastal counties of Texas:  <b>Early Management/Low Population Level:</b>            Apply for Banks Grass Mite control in Eastern New Mexico, Western Oklahoma, and the Texas High/South Plains when colonies first form prior to leaf damage or discoloration and before dispersal above the bottom third of the plant.            In South Texas, for Banks Grass Mite, Twospotted Spider Mite, and Carmine Mite control: Apply when colonies first form prior to leaf damage or discoloration and before widespread mite dispersal throughout the canopy.            Repeat as necessary to maintain control. For mid to late season infestations higher rates and shorter application intervals will be necessary for heavier initial populations and corn under heat or drought stress.</p> <p>Apply in a minimum of 5 gallons of finished spray per acre by aircraft or in a minimum of 10 gallons per acre with ground equipment. When applying by air, 2 quarts of emulsified vegetable or petroleum oil should be substituted for 2 quarts of water in the finished spray. When applying by ground, 1 to 2 quarts of emulsified oil should be substituted for 1 to 2 quarts of water in the finished spray. Thorough coverage is essential to achieve optimum initial and residual control.</p>

484

Do not apply more than 0.2 pound active per acre per season.  
Do not apply within 30 days of harvest.  
Do not graze livestock in treated areas or cut treated crops for feed within 30 days of the last application.

**Spray Drift Precautions—Corn**

All aerial and ground application equipment must be properly maintained and calibrated using appropriate carriers.

**OBSERVE THE FOLLOWING PRECAUTIONS WHEN SPRAYING IN THE VICINITY OF AQUATIC AREAS SUCH AS LAKES; RESERVOIRS; RIVERS; PERMANENT STREAMS, MARSHES OR NATURAL PONDS; ESTUARIES AND COMMERCIAL FISH FARM PONDS.**

Do not apply by ground equipment within 25 feet, or by air within 150 feet of lakes; reservoirs, rivers, permanent streams, marshes or natural ponds, estuaries, and commercial fish farm ponds.

Use of ultra low volume (ULV) application on corn is prohibited.

Do not make aerial or ground applications during temperature inversions or if heavy rainfall is imminent. Inversions are characterized by stable air and increasing temperatures with height above the ground. Mist or fog may indicate the presence of an inversion in humid areas. The applicator may detect the presence of an inversion by producing smoke and observing a smoke layer near the ground surface.

Make aerial or ground applications when the wind velocity favors on target product deposition (approximately 3 to 10 mph). Do not apply when wind velocity exceeds 15 mph. Avoid applications when wind gusts approach 15 mph. Inclusion of a compatible drift reducing agent is encouraged.

For aerial applications, the spray boom should be mounted on the aircraft so as to minimize drift caused by wingtip or rotor vortices. The minimum practical boom length should be used and must not exceed 75% of wing span or rotor diameter.

Risk of exposure to sensitive aquatic areas can be reduced by avoiding applications when wind direction is toward the aquatic area.

Do not cultivate within 10' of the aquatic area so as to allow growth of a vegetative filter strip.

Use the largest droplet size consistent with good pest control. Formation of very small droplets may be minimized by appropriate nozzle selection, by orienting nozzles away from the air stream as much as possible. Do not apply at spray boom pressure greater than 45 p. s. i.

Spray should be released at the lowest height consistent with pest control and flight safety. Applications more than 10 feet above the crop canopy should be avoided.

Low humidity and high temperatures increase the evaporation rate of spray droplets and therefore the likelihood of increased spray drift to aquatic areas. Avoid spraying during conditions of low humidity and/or high temperature.

**Dealers Should Sell in Original Packages Only.**

**Terms of Sale or Use:** On purchase of this product buyer and user agree to the following conditions:

**Warranty:** FMC makes no warranty, expressed or implied, concerning the use of this product other than indicated on the label. Except as so warranted, the product is sold as is. Buyer and user assume all risk of use and/or handling and/or storage of this material when such use and/or handling and/or storage is contrary to label instructions.

**Directions and Recommendations:** Follow directions carefully. Timing and method of application, weather and crop conditions, mixture with other chemicals not specifically recommended and other influencing factors in the use of this product are beyond the control of the seller and are assumed by the buyer at his own risk.

**Use of Product:** FMC's recommendations for the use of this product are based upon tests believed to be reliable. The use of this product being beyond the control of the manufacturer, no guarantee, expressed or implied, is made as to the effects of such or the results to be obtained if not used in accordance with directions or established safe practice.

**Damages:** Buyer's or user's exclusive remedy for damages for breach of warranty or negligence shall be limited to direct damages not exceeding the purchase price paid and shall not include incidental or consequential damages.

Ambush, Cymbush and Karate—Trademarks of ICI Americas Inc.  
Asana—Trademark of E. I. duPont de Nemours and Co., Inc.  
Baythroid—Trademark of Bayer AG  
Scout—Trademark of Hoechst Roussel Agri-Vet Company  
U-Turn, Capture, Pounce, Ammo, Mustang, and ~~FMC~~—Trademarks of FMC Corporation  
© 1987 FMC Corporation All rights reserved. (777-11/15/93-A)

**BEST AVAILABLE COPY**