279-3627



UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY

WASHINGTON, D.C. 20460

11/5/2008

OFFICE OF PREVENTION, PESTICIDES AND TOXIC SUBSTANCES

Ms. Nancy Hilton FMC Corporation 1735 Market Street Philadelphia, PA 19103

NOV - 5 2008

Dear Ms. Hilton:

Subject: Amendment- In response to February 21, 2008 letter implementing spray drift language and Permethrin RED risk mitigation labeling Ammo 2.5 EC Insecticide EPA Registration Number 279-3027 Your submission dated June 4, 2008

The amendment referred to above, submitted in connection with registration under the FIFRA section 3(c) (7)(a), is acceptable provided you:

1. Submit and/or cite all data or other material required for registration/reregistration of your product under FIFRA sec. 3(c) (5) or FIFRA section 4 when the Agency requires all registrants of similar products to submit such data.

2. Make the label change listed below before you release the product for shipment bearing the amended labeling:

a. Under Statement of Practical Treatment add If Swallowed to "Do not give any liquid to the person." As the third sentence of the IF SWALLOWED advice.

b. Under Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) replace "Coveralls over short sleeved shirt and short pants," with "Long sleeved shirt and long pants,". in both locations where it appears. The Agency notes you have elected to add other PPE not specified in the Agency letter.

c. Under the heading Directions for Use add "Restricted for Use Pesticide" in bold print. Note the full text of the RUP block does not need to be repeated.

d. On page 2, move "Do not apply this product in a way... pesticide regulation." to directly above the Agricultural Use Requirements Box. e. On page 2, under Chemigatio delete the precaution, "Do not apply when wind speed favors drift beyond the area intended for treatment.". The appropriate spray drift precautions are now listed on page 3.

f. Under the heading "Buffer Zones", qualify the site "ponds" to read "natural ponds" in all locations where the term "ponds" occurs. Also, qualify "streams" to read "permanent streams" and correct the website URL (address) for guidance to read as follows: www.in.nrcs.gov/technical/agronomy/newconbuf.pdf.

g. For all crops, in the Remarks give both the application maximum and seasonal maximum rates in both ounces of product and pounds of active ingredient per acre.

h. On page 5 change "Dealers Should Sell in Original Packages" to "Dealers Must Sell in Original Packages".

A copy of a stamped label is enclosed for your records.

Please note that acceptance of this letter does <u>not</u> constitute reregistration of this product.

If you have any questions you may contact Linda A. DeLuise at 703.305.5428.

Sincerely yours,

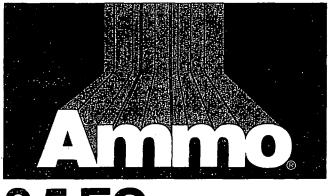
Richard Gebken
Product Manager (13)
Insecticide Branch
Registration Division (7505P)

Enclosure

Code 537

RESTRICTED USE PESTIC

Due to Toxicity to fish and aquatic invertebrates For retail sale to, and use only by, Certified Applicators or persons under their direct supervision, and only for those uses covered by the Certified Applicator's certification.



2.5 EC Insecticide

EPA Reg. No. 279-3027

EPA Est. 279-

Active Ingredient	
Other Ingredients***	<u>69.4%</u>
	100.0%

*(±) α -Cyano (3-phenoxyphenyl)methyl (±) *cis/trans* 3-(2,2-dichloroethenyl)-2,2 dimethylcyclopropane carboxylate ***Cis/trans* ratio: Max. 55% (±) cis and min. 45% (±) trans ***Contains xylene range aromatic solvents.

Contains 2.5 pounds cypermethrin per gallon. Technical made in China. Formulated and packaged in the USA. U.S. Patent No. 4,024,163

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN CAUTION

FIRST AID

If Inhaled: Move person to fresh air. If person is not breathing, call 911 or an ambulance, then give artificial respiration, preferably by mouth-to-mouth, if possible. Call a poison control center or doctor for further treatment advice.

If on Skin or Clothing: Take off contaminated clothing. Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15-20 minutes. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.

If in Eyes: Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15-20 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.

If Swallowed: Call a poison control center or doctor immediately for treatment advice. Do not induce vomiting unless told to do so by the poison control center or doctor. Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

HOTLINE NUMBER

3/2

Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor, or going for treatment. You may also contact 1-800-331-3148 for emergency medical treatment information.

Note to Physician:

Like the natural pyrethrins, the synthetic derivative is expected to have relatively minor toxicity in humans; in fact, any significant acute toxic effects are more likely from a carrier hydrocarbon solvent. Consequently, induction of vomiting may increase the likelihood of the most important toxic potential, chemical pneumonia, and so should either be avoided or done only under medical supervision. Ingestion of a large amount calls for gastric lavage, with care (Trendelenburg posi-tion, suction available, cuffed endotracheal tube if patient is unconscious) to avoid intrapulmonary aspiration. A saline cathartic (sodium or magnesium sulfate), 15-30 gm. dissolved in water should be given, as should 15-20 gm. activated charcoal as a slurry in water. Digestible fats, oils or alcohol may increase absorption and so should be avoided. Skin contact (vapor or powder) may be followed by transient tingling or numbness, usually of the face, but this subsides without treatment.

For Emergency Assistance Call (800) 331-3148

See other panels for additional precautionary information.

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS Hazards to Humans (and Domestic Animals) Caution

Harmful if absorbed through skin, inhaled or swallowed. Causes eye irritation. Avoid breathing vapor or spray mist. Avoid contact with skin, may cause sensitization reaction in some individuals. Avoid contact with eves or clothina.

Product should be opened and poured in a well ventilated area.

Personal Protective Equipment (PPE):

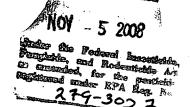
Some materials that are chemical-resistant to this product are listed below. If you want more options, follow the instructions for category E on an EPA chemical resistance category selection chart.

Handlers who may be exposed to the dilute through application or other tasks must wear: Coveralls over short-sleeved shirt and short Pants, Chemical-resistant gloves, such as Barrier Laminate or Nitrile Rubber or Neoprene Rubber or Viton, Shoes plus socks, and Protective eyewear.

Handlers who may be exposed to the concentrate through mixing, loading, application or other tasks must wear: Coveralls over short-sleeved shirt and short pants, Chemical-resistant gloves, such as Barrier Laminate or Nitrile Rubber or Neoprene Rubber or Viton, Shoes plus socks, Protective eyewear, and Chemical-resistant apron when mixing or loading.



FMC Corporation Agricultural Products Group 1735 Market Street Philadelphia, PA 19103



OCCURRENTS

Follow manufacturer's instructions for cleaning/maintaining PPE. If no such instructions for washables, use detergent and hot water. Keep and wash PPE separately from other laundry.

When handlers use closed systems, enclosed cabs, or aircraft in a manrear that meets the requirements listed in the Worker Protection Standard (WPS) for agricultural pesticides [40 CFR 170.240 (d) (4-6)], the handler PPE requirements may be reduced or modified as specified in the WPS.

User Safety Recommendations

Users should wash hands with plenty of soap and water before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco or using the toilet.

Remove clothing/PPE immediately if pesticide gets inside. Then wash thoroughly and put on clean clothing.

Users should remove PPE immediately after handling this product. Wash the outside of gloves before removing. As soon as possible, wash thoroughly and change into clean clothing.

Engineering Controls Pilots must use an enclosed cockpit that meets the requirements listed in the Worker Protection Standard (WPS) for agricultural pesticides [40 CFR 170.240(d)(6)].

Human flagging is prohibited. Flagging to support aerial application is limited to use of the Global Positioning System (GPS) or mechanical flaggers.

Environmental Hazards

This pesticide is toxic to fish, aquatic invertebrates, oysters and shrimp. Do not apply directly to water, or to areas where surface water is present or to intertidal areas below the mean water mark. Do not apply when weather conditions favor drift from treated areas. Drift and runoff from treated areas may be hazardous to aquatic organisms in neighboring areas. Do not contaminate water when disposing of equipment washwaters

This pesticide is highly toxic to bees exposed to direct treatment on blooming crops or weeds. Do not apply this product or allow it to drift to blooming crops or weeds while bees are actively visiting the treatment area.

Physical/Chemical Hazards Do not use or store near heat or open flame.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsis-tent with its labeling. RESTRICTED USE PESTICIDE - Due to Toxicity to fish and aquatic invertebrates or retail sale to and use only by certified applicators or persons under the direct supervision and only for those uses ccovered by the certified applicator's certification.

Do not apply this product in a way that will contact workers or other persons, either directly or through drift. Only protected handlers may be in the area during application. For any requirements specific to your State or Tribe, consult the agency responsible for pesticide regulation.

Resistance. Some insects are known to develop resistance to products used repeatedly for control. Because the development of resistance cannot be predicted, the use of this product should conform to resistance management strategies established for the use area. Consult your local or state agricultural authorities for details.

If resistance to this product develops in your area, this product, or other products with a similar mode of action, may not provide adequate con-trol. If poor performance cannot be attributed to improper application or extreme weather conditions, a resistant strain of insect may be present. If you experience difficulty with control and resistance is a reasonable cultural advisor for the best alternative method of control for your area.

AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS

Use this product only in accordance with its labeling and with the Worker Protection Standard, 40 CFR part 170. This Standard contains requirements for the protection of agricultural workers on farms, forests, nurseries, and greenhouses, and handlers of agricultural pesticides. It contains requirements for training, decontamination, notification, and emergency assistance. It also contains specific instructions and exceptions pertaining to the statements on this label about personal protective equipment (PPE) and restricted-entry interval. The requirements in this box only apply to uses of this product that are covered by the Worker Protection Standard.

Do not enter or allow worker entry into treated areas during the restricted entry interval (REI) of 12 hours.

PPE required for early entry to treated areas that is permitted under the Worker Protection Standard and that involves contact with anything that has been treated, such as plants, soil, or water, is: Coveralls over short-sleeved shirt and short pants, Chemical-resist-ant gloves, such as Barrier Laminate or Nitrile Rubber or Neoprene Rubber or Viton, Shoes plus socks, and Protective eyewear.

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Pesticide Storage

Do not store below 10°F, (-12°C).

Keep out of reach of children and animals. Store in original containers only. Store in a cool, dry place and avoid excess heat.Carefully open containers. After partial use, replace lids and close tightly. Do not put concentrate or dilute material into food or drink containers. Do not contaminate other pesticides, fertilizers, water, food, or feed by storage or disposal.

In case of spill, avoid contact, isolate area and keep out animals and unprotected persons. Confine spills. Call FMC (800-331-3148).

To confine spill: If liquid, dike surrounding area or absorb with sand, cat litter or commercial clay. If dry material, cover to prevent disper-sal. Place damaged package in a holding container. Identify contents

Pesticide Disposal

Pesticide wastes are toxic. Improper disposal of excess pesticide, spray mixture, or rinsate is a violation of Federal law. If these wastes cannot be disposed of by use according to label instructions, contact your State Pesticide or Environmental Control Agency, or the Hazardous Waste representative of the nearest EPA Regional Office for guidance.

Container Disposal

Metal Containers: Triple rinse (or equivalent). Then offer for recycling or reconditioning, or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by other procedures approved by state and local authorities. Do not cut or weld metal containers.

Plastic Containers: Triple rinse (or equivalent). Then offer for recy-cling or reconditioning, or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary land-fill, or incineration, or, if allowed by State and local authorities, by burning. If burned, stay out of smoke.

Returnable/Refillable Sealed Containers: Do not rinse container. Do not empty remaining formulated product. Do not break seals. Return intact to point of purchase.

Chemidation Use Directions

Apply this product only through sprinkler, including center pivot, lateral move, end tow, side (wheel) roll, traveler, big gun, solid set, or hand move irrigation systems. Do not apply this product through any other type of irrigation system. Do not connect an irrigation system (including greenhouse systems) used for pesticide application to a public water svstem.

Crop injury, lack of effectiveness, or illegal residues in the crop can Crop injury, lack of effectiveness, of liegal residues in the crop can result from nonuniform distribution of treated water. If you have ques-tions about calibration, you should contact State Extension Service spe-cialists, equipment manufacturers, or other experts. A person knowl-edgeable of the chemigation system and responsible for its operation, or under the supervision of the responsible person, shall shut the sys-tem down and make necessary adjustments should the need arise.

The system must contain a functional check valve, vacuum relief valve, and low pressure drain appropriately located on the irrigation pipeline to prevent water source contamination from backflow.

The pesticide injection pipeline must contain a functional, automatic, quick-closing check valve to prevent the flow of fluid back toward the injection pump.

The pesticide injection pipeline must also contain a functional, normally closed, solenoid-operated valve located on the intake side of the injection pump and connected to the system interlock to prevent fluid from being withdrawn from the supply tank when the irrigation system is either automatically or manually shut down.

The system must contain functional interlocking controls to automatically shut off the pesticide injection pump when the water pump motor stops.

The irrigation line or water pump motor must include a functional pressure switch which will stop the water pump motor when the water pres-sure decreases to the point where pesticide distribution is adversely affected.

Systems must use a metering pump, such as a positive displacement injection pump (e.g., diaphragm pump) effectively designed and con-structed of materials that are compatible with pesticides and capable of being fitted with a system interlock

Do not apply when wind speed favors drift beyond the area intended for treatment

Ammo® 2.5 EC insecticide should be applied continuously for the dura-tion of the water application. Ammo 2.5 EC should be diluted in sufficient volume to insure accurate application over the area to be treated. When using chemigation, a minimum of 0.5 inch per acre of irrigation water is recommended. Agitation is not required when a suitable diluent is used.

BUFFER ZONES Vegetative Buffer Strip

Construct and maintain a minimum 10-foot-wide vegetative filter strip of grass or other permanent vegetation between the field edge and down

gradient aquatic (habitat such as, but not limited to, lakes; reservoirs; rivers; permanent streams; marshes or natural ponds; estuaries; and commercial fish farm ponds)

Only apply products containing cypermethrin onto fields where a main-tained vegetative buffer strip of at least 10 feet exists between the field and down gradient aquatic habitat.

For guidance, refer to the following publication for information on constructing and maintaining effective buffers: Conservation Buffers to Reduce Pesticide Losses. Natural Resources Conservation Services. USDA, NRCS. 2000. Fort Worth Texas 21 pp. http://www.in.csusda/v/technical/agronom/newconbuf.pdf.

Buffer Zone for Ground Application (groundboom, overhead chemigation, or airblast) - Do not apply within 25 feet of aquatic habi-tats (such as, but not limited to, lakes, reservoirs, rivers, streams, marshes, ponds, estuaries, and commercial fish ponds).

Buffer Zone for ULV Aerial Application - Do not apply within 450 feet of aquatic habitats (such as, but not limited to, lakes, reservoirs, rivers, streams, marshes, ponds, estuaries, and commercial fish ponds)

Buffer Zone for Non-ULV Aerial Application - Do not apply within 150 feet of aquatic habitats (such as, but not limited to, lakes, reservoirs, rivers, streams, marshes, ponds, estuaries, and commercial fish ponds)

Spray Drift Precautions

Wind Direction and Speed

Only apply this product of the wind direction favors on-target deposition. Do not apply when the wind velocity exceeds 15 mph.

Temperature Inversion

Do not make aerial or ground applications into temperature inversions. Inversions are characterized by stable air and increasing temperatures with height above the ground. Mist or fog may indicate the presence of an inversion by prroducing smoke and observing a smoke layer near the ground surface.

Droplet Size

Use only Medium or coarser spray nozzles (for ground and non-ULV aerial application) according to ASAE (S572) definition for standard noz-zles. In conditions of low humidity and high temperatures, applicators should use a coarser droplet size.

Additional Requirements for Ground Applications

Wind speed must be measured adjacent to the application site on the upwind side, immediately prior to application.

For ground boom applications, apply using a nozzle height of no more than 4 feet above the ground or crop canopy.

For airblast applications, turn off outward pointing nozzles at row ends and when spraying the outer two rows. To minimize spray loss over the top in orchard applications, spray must be directed into the canopy.

Additional Requirements for Aerial Applications

The spray boom should be mounted on the aircraft as to minimize drift caused by wingtip or rotor vortices. The minimum practical boom length should be used and must not exceed 75% of the wing span or 80% rotor diameter.

Flight speed and nozzle orientation must be considered in determining droplet size.

Spray must be released at the lowest height consistent with pest control and flight safety. Do not release spray at a height greater than 10 feet above the crop canopy unless a greater height is required for aircraft safety

When applications are made with a cross-wind, the swath will be displaced downwind. The applicator must compensate for this displace-ment at the downwind edge of the application area by adjusting the path of the aircraft upwind.

GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS

Use low rate under light to moderate infestation. Higher rates should be used under heavy insect pressure. The rate of application is variable according to insect pressure, timing of spray and field scouting.

Rotational Crops

With the exception of the crops listed below, rotational crops may not be planted within 30 days after last application.

Tank-Mixture Ammo[®] 2.5 EC insecticide may be applied in tank mixtures with other products approved for use on cotton, brassicas, bulb vegetables, head lettuce, and pecans. Observe all restrictions and precautions which appear on the labels of these products.

For improved control of aphids and mites on cotton, Ammo 2.5 EC may be tank-mixed with Curacron[®] 8E. The tank-mixture is most effective when pest populations are first observed. Subsequent applications may be needed to maintain control.

Maximum Usage When Applying Both Zeta-Cypermethrin and Cypermethrin Products to the Same Crop Within the Same Season.

Do not apply more than the maximum seasonal total for either product when used alone, and do not apply more than the combined maximum seasonal total for both products as outlined in the table below.

Сгор	Maximum Seasonal Total for Either Product Used Alone (lbs ai/acre)			Maximum Seasonal Tota When Applying Both Products to the Same Crop (lbs ai/acre)	
	Zeta-cypermethrin*		Cypermethrin *	Zeta-cypermethrin *	
	Fury or Mustang*	Mustang Max*		plus Cypermethrin **	
Cotton	0.3	0.15	0.4	0.4	
Head and Stern Brassica	0.3	0.15	0.6	0.6	
Leafy Brassica Greens	0.3	0.15	0.4	0.4	
Head Lettuce	0.3	0.15	0.6	0.6	
Bulb Vegetables	0.25	0.125	0.5	0.5	
Pecans	0.3	0.15	0.5	0.5	

** Any cypermethrin product approved for crop use.

Cotton (14 day phi)

PEST	DOS/	AGE FLOZ/A	REMARKS	
Preemergent Use: Cutworms	0.025 to 0.1	1.3 to 5	Use Armo 2.5 EC in the time period from 14 days prior to planting up to emergence of the crop. Apply as a broadcast spray by ground or air, banded (including T-band) or in-fur- row spray using sufficient spray vol- ume to achieve adequate coverage. Reduced volumes of water may be used with specialized equipment. Use a minimum of 1 gallon of water per acre by air. Use the higher rates of Armo 2.5 EC when incorporating into the soil.	
Foliar Use: Cutworms Tobacco Thrips Soybean (banded) Thrips	0.025 to 0.1	1.3 to 5	Ammo 2.5 EC may be applied in wa or refined vegetable oil. When water used, apply a minimum of one gallon finished spray per acre by air or fi gallons of finished spray with grou	
Foliar Use: Boll Weevil Cabbage Looper Cotton Boliworm Cotton Fleahopper	0.04 to 0.1	2 to 5	equipment. When applying in water l air, one quart of emulsified oil may substituted for one quart of water the finished spray. When using o use a minimum of one quart per ac in the finished spray.	
Cotton Leaf Perforator European Corn Borer Fall Armyworm Lygus Bugs Other Plant Bugs Pink Bollworm Sallmarsh Caterpillar Tarnished Plant Bug Tobacco Budworm White Flies*			Ammo 2.5 EC may be injected into overhead sprinkler irrigation water provided 1) an anti-backflow check valve is present between the injection port and the water source, 2) a check valve is present in the line to prevent irrigation water from entering the chemical supply tank and 3) the irriga- tion injection system has interlocking on-off switches.	
Yellow Striped Armyworm			Do not make applications less than 5 days apart	
Foliar use: Beet Armyworm**	0.06 to 0.1	3 to 5	A maximum of 0.4 lb. active ingredient may be applied per acre per year. Do not graze or feed cotton for forage. Do not make more than 10 synthetic pyrethroid applications (of one prod- uct or combinations of products) to cotton in one growing season.	

*Aids in control

For control of beet armyworms only in the high plains of Texas, Arizona, and California.

Head and Stem Brassica Vegetables including: Broccoli; Chinese Broccoli (gai lon, white flowering broccoli); Brussels Sprouts; Cauliflower; Cavalo broccolo; Kohlrabi; Cabbage; Chinese Cabbage (napa) (tight-heading varieties only) (1 day phi)

	DOSAGE		
PEST	LB/AI/A	FLOZ/A	REMARKS
Cutworms Com Earworm Tobacco Budworm Lygus Bugs Saltmarsh Caterpillar Leafhoppers Flea Beetles Imported Cabbageworm Cucumber Beetles Aphids* Whiteflies*	0.05 to 0.1	2.5 to 5	Apply in water as necessary for insect control using a minimum of 15 gallons of finished spray per acre with ground equipment and 5 gallons per acre by air. Lower rates of Ammo 2.5 EC Insecticide should be used under light to moderate insect pressure. Higher rates should be used to con- trol heavy to extremely heavy insect populations. Do not make applica- tions less than 7 days apart.
Armyworms Loopers Stinkbugs Crickets Ground Beetles Onion Thrips Wireworm (adults)	0.075 to 0.1	3.75 to 5	A maximum of 0.6 lb. active ingredi- ent may be applied per acre per season. In areas where arid climatic condi- tions persist, such as California and Arizona, higher than minimum rec- ommended rates may be required. Follow appropriate spray drift pre- cautions listed for cotion, brassi- cas, lettuce and onions *aids in control

Lettuce, Head. (5 day phi)

	DOSAGE		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
PEST	LB/AI/A	FLOZ/A	REMARKS
Corn Earworm Cucumber Beetles Cutworms Diamondback Moth Flea Beetles	0.05 to 0.1	2.5 to 5	Apply in water as necessary for insect control using a minimum of 15 gallons of finished spray per acre with ground equipment and 5 gallons per acre by air.
Imported Cabbageworm Leafhoppers Lygus Bugs Saltmarsh Caterpillar			Lower rates of Ammo 2.5 EC should be used under light to moderate insect pressure. Higher rates should be used to control heavy to extremely heavy insect populations.
Tobacco Budworm Armyworms	0.075 to 0.1	3.75 to 5	A maximum of 0.6 lb. active ingre- dient may be applied per acre per season.
Crickets Loopers Onion Thrips Stinkbugs			In areas where arid climatic condi- tions persist, such as California and Arizona, higher than minimum recommended rates may be required.
· ·			Follow appropriate spray drift pre- cautions listed for cotton, brassi- cas, lettuce and onions.
		,	Do not make applications less than 7 days apart

Bulb Vegetables (Allium spp.) including: Garlic; Garlic, Great-Headed (elephant); Green Eschalots; Japanese Bunching Onions; Leeks; Onion, Dry Bulb and Green; Onion, Welch; Shallots, Dry Bulb and Green; Spring Onion or Scallions. (7 day phi)

Leafy Brassica Greens including: Broccoli Raab (rapini); Chinese cabbage (bok choy); Chinese Mustard Cabbage (gai choy); Collards; Kale; Mizuna; Mustard Greens; Mustard Spinach; Rape Greens. (1 day phi)

Cutworms Corn Earworm Tobacco Budworm	0.05 to 0.1	2.5 to 5	Apply in water as necessary for
Lygus Bugs Saltmarsh Caterpillar			insect control using a minimum of 15 gallons of finished spray per acre with ground equipment and 5 gallons per acre by air.
Leafhoppers Flea Beetles Imported Cabbageworm Cucumber Beetles Aphids* Whiteflies*			Lower rates of Ammo 2.5 EC Insecticide should be used under light to moderate insect pressure. Higher rates should be used to control heavy to extremely heavy insect populations. Do not make applications less than 7 days apar
Armyworms Loopers Stinkbugs Crickets	0.075 to 0.1	3.75 to 5	A maximum of 0.4 lb active ingred ent may be applied per acre per season.
Ground Beetles Onion Thrips Wireworm (adults)			In areas where arid climatic condi- tions persist, such as California and Arizona, higher than minimum recommended rates may be required.
			Follow appropriate spray drift pre- cautions listed for cotton, brassi- cas, lettuce and onions.
	ł		*aids in control

DOSAGE LB/AI/A | F PEST FLOZ/A REMARKS Apply Ammo 2.5 EC in a minimum of 20 gallons per acre with ground equipment or in a minimum of 3 gallons per acre by aircraft. Begin applications when pests appear. Do not make applications less than 7 days apart. Onion Thrips 0.08 to 0.1 4 to 5 Aphids 0.04 to 0.1 2 to 5 Armyworms Cutworms Leafminers Onion Maggot Adults Stink Bugs To control Onion Thrips: Use higher rates as population increases and avoid rescue situa-tions. Use of a crop oil concen-trate at 16 fl. oz./A is recommended. A maximum of 0.5 lb. active ingre-dient may be applied per acre per season. Do not graze livestock in treated areas or cut treated crops for feed. Follow appropriate spray drift precautions listed for cotton, brassi-cas, lettuce and onions.

Pecans. (21 day phi)

PEST	DOSA LB/AI/A	GE FLOZ/A	REMARKS
Black Pecan Aphid Hickory Shuckworm Pecan Nut Casebearer Pecan Weevij Yellow Pecan Aphid	0.06 to 0.10	3 to 5	Applications at the lower rate should be made when pest popu- lations are low. Rates should be increased as the pest pressure increases. Apply by ground equipment to the point of drip. Use 100 gallons of dilute spray per acre for smaller trees. For larger trees which require higher gallonage to achieve adequate coverage, apply in 200 to 300 gallons of water. In order to calculate the correct number of gallons of water needed to spray one acre of your trees to the point of drip, you may need to conduct a test. If you do not know how to conduct such a test with your equipment, you should request assistance from your equipment dealer. Up to 0.5 Ib active ingredient per acre per year may be applied prior to shuck spilit. Do not graze livestock in treated orchards or cut treated cover crops for feed. Do not make applications less then 7 days apart

Dealers Should Sell in Original Packages Only.

Conditions of Sale and Limitation of Warranty and Liability:

NOTICE: Read the entire Directions for Use and Conditions of Sale and Limitation of Warranty and Liability before buying or using this product. If the terms are not acceptable, return the product at once, unopened, and the purchase price will be refunded.

The Directions for Use of this product must be followed carefully. It is impossible to eliminate all risks inherently associated with the use of this product. Crop injury, ineffectiveness, or other unintended consequences may result because of such factors as manner of use or application, weather or crop conditions beyond the control or FMC or Seller. All such risks shall be assumed by Buyer and User, and Buyer and User agree to hold FMC and Seller harmless for any claims relating to such factors.

Seller warrants that this product conforms to the chemical description on the label and is reasonably fit for the purposes stated on the tion on the label and is reasonably fit for the purposes stated on the Directions for Use when used in accordance with the directions under normal conditions of use. TO THE EXTENT CONSISTENT WITH APPLICABLE LAW, FMC MAKES NO WARRANTIES OF MER-CHANTABILITY OR OF FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE, NOR ANY OTHER EXPRESS OR IMPLIED WARRANTIES WITH RESPECT TO THE SELECTION, PURCHASE, OR USE OF THIS PRODUCT. Any warranties, express or implied, having been made are inapplicable if this product has been contrary to label instruc-tions, or under abnormal conditions, or under conditions not reason-ably foreseeable to (or beyond the control of) seller or FMC. and ably foreseeable to (or beyond the control of) seller or FMC, and buyer assumes the risk of any such use.

To the extent consistent with applicable law, FMC or seller shall not be liable for any incidental, consequential or special damages resulting from the use or handling of this product. TO THE EXTENT CONSISTENT WITH APPLICABLE LAW, THE EXCLUSIVE REMEDY OF THE USER OR BUYER, AND THE EXCLUSIVE LIABILITY OF FMC AND SELLER FOR ANY AND ALL CLAIMS, LOSSES, INJURIES OR DAMAGES (INCLUDING CLAIMS BASED ON BREACH OF WARRANTY, CON-TRACT, NEGLIGENCE, TORT, STRICT LIABILITY OR OTHERWISE) RESULTING FROM THE USE OR HANDLING OF THIS PRODUCT, SHALL BE THE RETURN OF THE PURCHASE PRICE OF THE PROD-UCT OR, AT THE ELECTION OF FMC OR SELLER, THE REPLACE-MENT OF THE PRODUCT. To the extent consistent with applicable law, FMC or seller shall not be

This Conditions of Sale and Limitation of Warranty and Liability may not be amended by any oral or written agreement.

Ambush, Cymbush, Karate and Warrior-Trademarks of Zeneca Ag Products

Asana—Trademark of E.I. duPont de Nemours and Co., Inc. Baythroid—Trademark of Bayer AG Curacron—Trademark of Novartis Scout—Trademark of Hoechst Roussel Agri-Vet Company Ammo, Capture, Pounce and FMC—Trademarks of FMC Corporation