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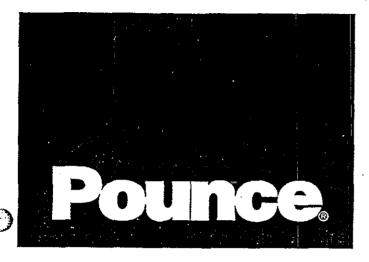
RESTRICTED USE PESTICIDE

Net Contents

Toxic to fish and aquatic organisms



For retail sale to and use only by certified applicators, or persons under their direct supervision and only for those uses covered by the certified applicator's certification.



ACCEPTED

DEC 23 1997

Under the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act as amended, for the posticide registered under SPA Reg. No. 279-3014

3.2 EC Insecticide

EPA REG. NO. 279-3014

EPA Est. 279-

ACTIVE INGREDIENTS:

100.0%

*(3-Phenoxyphenyl)methyl (±) cis-trans 3-(2,2-dichloroethenyl)-2,2-dimethylcyclopropanecarboxylate **cis/trans ratio: Max. 55% (±) cis and min. 45% (±) trans ***Contains xylene range aromatic solvents.

Contains 3.2 pounds permethrin per gallon.

U.S. Patent No. 4,024,163

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS Hazards to Humans (and Domestic Animals)

CAUTION

Harmful if swallowed or absorbed through skin. Causes moderate eye irritation. Avoid contact with eyes, skin or clothing. Wash thoroughly after handling.

See other panels for additional precautionary information.

Personal Protective Equipment:

Some materials that are chemical-resistant to this product are listed below. If you want more options, follow the instructions for category G on an EPA chemical resistance category selection chart.

Applicators and other handlers must wear: Long-sleeved shirt and long pants, Chemical-resistant gloves, such as Barrier Laminate or Viton, and Shoes plus socks.

Follow manufacturer's instructions for cleaning/maintaining PPE. If no such instructions for washables, use detergent and hot water. Keep and wash PPE separately from other laundry.

User Safety Recommendations: Users should:

 Remove clothing immediately if pesticide gets inside. Then wash thoroughly and put on clean clothing.

STATEMENT OF PRACTICAL TREATMENT

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN

CAUTION

If in eyes: Flush eyes with plenty of water. Call a physician.

If swallowed: Do not induce vomiting. Call a physician.

If on skin: Wash with plenty of soap and water. Get medical attention if imitation persists.

Note to Physician: Vomiting should be supervised by a physician or the professional staff because of the possible pulmonary damages by aspiration of the solvent.

For Emergency Assistance Call (800) 331-3148.

FMC.

Agricultural Products Group Philadelphia PA 19103

7/97 - Draft

Environmental Hazards

This pesticide is extremely toxic to fish and aquatic invertebrates. For terrestrial uses, do not apply directly to water, or to areas where surface water is present or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark. Do not apply when weather conditions favor drift from treated areas. Drift and runoff from treated areas may be hazardous to aquatic organisms in neighboring areas. Do not contaminate water when disposing of equipment washwaters.

This product is highly toxic to bees exposed to direct treatment or residues on blooming crops or weeds. Do not apply this product or allow it to drift to blooming crops if bees are visiting the treatment area.

Physical/Chemical Hazards

Do not use or store near heat or open flame.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling. Do not apply this product in a way that will contact workers or other persons, either directly or through drift. Only proceed handlers may be in the area during application. For any equirements specific to your State or Tribe, consult the agency responsible for pesticide regulation.

Resistance. Some insects are known to develop resistance to products used repeatedly for control. Because the development of resistance cannot be predicted, the use of this product should conform to resistance management strategies established for the use area. Consult your local or state agricultural authorities for details.

If resistance to this product develops in your area, this product, or other products with a similar mode of action, may not provide adequate control. If poor performance cannot be attributed to improper application or extreme weather conditions, a resistant strain of insect may be present. If you experience difficulty with control and resistance is a reasonable cause, immediately consult your local company representative or agricultural advisor for the best alternative method of control for your area. control for your area.

AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS

Use this product only in accordance with its labeling and with the Worker Protection Standard, 40 CFR part 170. This Standard contains requirements for the protection of agricultural workers on farms, forests, nurseries, and greenhouses, and handlers of agricultural pesticides. It contains requirements for training, decontamination, notification, and emergency assistance. It also contains specific instructions and exceptions pertaining to the statements on this label about personal protective equipment (PPE) and restricted-entry interval. The requirements in this box only apply to uses of this product that are covered by the Worker Protection Standard

Do not enter or allow worker entry into treated areas during the restricted entry interval (REI) of 12 hours.

PPE required for early entry to treated areas that is permitted under the Worker Protection Standard and that involves contact with anything that has been treated, such as plants, soil, or water, is: Coveralls, Chemical-resistant gloves, such as Barrier Laminate or Viton, and Shoes plus socks.

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Pesticide Storage

Do not store below 10°F, (-12°C).

Do not use or store near heat, open flame or hot surfaces.

Keep out of reach of children and animals. Store in original containers only. Store in a cool dry place and avoid excess heat. Carefully open containers. After partial use replace lids and close tightly. Do not put concentrate or dilute material into food or drink containers. Do not contaminate other pesticides, fertilizers, water, food, or feed by storage or disposal.

In case of spill, avoid contact, isolate area and keep out animals and unprotected persons. Confine spills. Call FMC: (800) 331-

To confine spill: If liquid, dike surrounding area or absorb with sand, cat litter or commercial clay. If dry material, cover to prevent dispersal. Place damaged package in a holding container. Identify contents.

Pesticide Disposal

Pesticide Disposal
Pesticide wastes are toxic. Improper disposal of excess pesticide,
spray mixture, or rinsate is a violation of Federal law. If these
wastes cannot be disposed of by use according to label instructions, contact your State Pesticide or Environmental Control
Agency, or the Hazardous Waste representative of the nearest
EPA Regional Office for guidance.

Container Disposal

Metal Containers: Triple rinse (or equivalent). Then offer for recycling or reconditioning, or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill or by other approved State and Local procedures. Do not cut or weld metal containers.

Plastic Containers: Triple rinse (or equivalent). Then offer for recycling or reconditioning or dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or incineration, or, if allowed by State and Local authorities, by burning. If burned, stay out of smoke.

Returnable/Refillable Sealed Container: Do not rinse container. Do not empty remaining formulated product. Do not break seals. Return intact to point of purchase.

Chemigation Use Directions

Apply this product only through sprinkler including center pivot, lateral move end tow, side (wheel) roll, traveler, big gun, solid set, or hand move irrigation systems. Do not apply this product through any other type of irrigation system. Do not connect an irrigation system (including greenhouse systems) used for pesticide application to a public water system.

Crop injury, lack of effectiveness, or illegal residues in the crop can result from nonuniform distribution of treated water. If you have questions about calibration, you should contact State Extension Service specialists, equipment manufacturers, or other experts. A person knowledgeable of the chemigation system and responsible for its operation, or under the supervision of the responsible person, shall shut the system down and make necessary adjustments should the need arise.

The system must contain a functional check valve, vacuum relief valve, and low pressure drain appropriately located on the irrigation pipeline to prevent water source contamination from backflow.

The pesticide injection pipeline must contain a functional, automatic, quick-closing check valve to prevent the flow of fluid back toward the injection pump.

The pesticide injection pipeline must also contain a functional, normally closed, solenoid-operated valve located on the intake side of the injection pump and connected to the system interlock to prevent fluid from being withdrawn from the supply tank when the irrigation system is either automatically or manually shut down.

The system must contain functional interlocking controls to automatically shut off the pesticide injection pump when the water pump motor stops.

The irrigation line or water pump must include a functional pressure switch which will stop the water pump motor when the water pressure decreases to the point where pesticide distribution is adversely affected.

Systems must use a metering pump, such as a positive displacement injection pump (e.g., diaphragm pump) effectively designed and constructed of materials that are compatible with pesticides and capable of being fitted with a system interlock.

Do not apply when wind speed favors drift beyond the area intended for

Pounce* 3.2 EC insecticide should be applied continuously for the duration of the water application. Pounce* 3.2 EC should be diluted in sufficient volume to ensure accurate application over the area to be treated. When using chemigation, a minimum of 0.1 inch per acre of irrigation. water is recommended. Agitation generally is not required when a suitable diluent is used. A diluent test should be conducted to ensure that phase separation will not occur during dilution and application. Failure to achieve a uniform dilution throughout the time of application may result in undesirable residues or less than desirable control.

COMMERCIAL IMPREGNATION AND APPLICATION OF POUNCE 3.2 EC ON DRY BULK FERTILIZERS

Pounce 3.2EC insecticide may be împregnated on dry bulk fertilizers. When applied as directed, Pounce/dry bulk fertilizer mixtures provide insect control equal to that provided by the same rates of Pounce applied

The Pounce/fertilizer mixtures may be surface applied or shallow incorporated. The higher rate should be used if incorporation is used.

Impregnation: Apply using a minimum of 200 pounds of dry bulk fertilizer per acre and up to a maximum of 450 pounds per acre with the recommended amount of Pounce 3.2EC insecticide per acre. Use a closed rotary-drum mixer or a similar type of closed blender equipped with suitable spray equipment. The spray nozzle(s) should be positioned to provide a uniform, fine spray pattern over the tumbling fertilizer for thorough coverage. The physical properties of fertilizers vary, particularly in liquid absorptive capacity. When absorptivity is sufficient, simple spray impregnation of the fertilizer with Pounce provides a satisfactory, dry mixture. If the absorptive capacity is inadequate, the use of a highly absorptive powder is required to provide a dry, flowable mixture. Microcel E (Johns-Manville Products Corporation) is a recommended absorbent powder. Generally less than 2% by weight of Microcel E is required. DO NOT impregnate Pounce 3.2EC onto straight coated ammonium nitrate or straight limestone because these materials will not absorb the insecticide. Dry fertilizer blends containing mixtures of ammonium nitrate or limestone may be impregnated with Pounce. Impregnation: Apply using a minimum of 200 pounds of dry bulk fertilizer

The amount of Pounce actually required in the preparation of individual fertilizer mixtures should be determined carefully for each production operation. This is necessary to ensure that the amount of pesticide actually contained in the mixture applied to the soil represents the correct rate of use. Bulk fertilizer impregnated with Pounce 3.2EC insecticide should be applied immediately, not stored.

All individual state regulations relating to bulk dry fertilizer blending, registration, labeling, and application of the mixtures are the responsibility of the individual and/or company selling the fertilizer and Pounce mixture.

GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS

Pounce 3.2 EC is a 3.2 pounds per gallon formulation of the insecticide permethrin. Apply Pounce 3.2 EC when insects appear or feeding is noticed. The higher rate should be used as pest populations increase. Repeat the application as necessary to maintain control. Pounce 3.2 EC any be applied by both ground and aerial equipment. Use sufficient water to obtain full coverage. With the exception of crops listed below, rotational crops should not be planted within 60 days of last application.

This label must be in the possession of the user at the time of application.

Alfalfa; Alfalfa grown from seed (0 day phi)* (Includes luceme, sainfoin, holy clover, esparcet, birdsfoot trefoil and varieties and/or hybrids of these)

	Insects Controlled	Rate of Application	Method of Application
A.	Alfalfa Caterpillar Armyworms Blue Alfalfa Aphid Cutworms Green Cloverworm Green Peach Aphid Loopers Pea Aphid Spotted Alfalfa Aphid Velvetbean Caterpillar Webworms	2 to 8 ounces (0.05 to 0.2 pound active) per acre	Use higher recommended dosage for increased pest pressure or for increased residual pest control. Apply with ground equipment in a minimum of 10 gallons of finished spray per acre or 2 gallons of finished spray per acre by aircraft.
,	Alfalfa Weevil Cucumber Beetle Egyptian Alfalfa Weevil Meadow Spittlebug Plant Bugs (Including Lygus spp.) Potato Leafhopper Stink Bugs	4 to 8 ounces (0.1 to 0.2 pound active) per acre	

Do not apply more than 0.2 pound active ingredient per cutting. "When rates greater than 0.1 pound active per acre are used, do not apply within 14 days of harvest.

Almonds (7 day phi)

Almonds (7 day phi)		
Insects Controlled	Rate of Application	Method of Application
Navel Orangeworm Peach Twig Borer	8 to 16 ounces (0.2 to 0.4 pound active) per acre	Apply when insects appear. Apply in a minimum of 15 gallons of finished spray per acre by aircraft or 25-400 gallons of finished spray per acre with ground equipment.
Ants	16 ounces (0.4 pound active) per acre	Apply by ground equipment in a minimum of 15 gallons of finished spray per acre. Application should follow mowing of weed growth to insure maximum coverage of the soil surface. Overhead moisture following application will enhance activity.
Do not apply more than 0.	.8 pound active	per acre during hull split.

Do not apply more than 2.0 pounds active per acre per season.

Do not graze livestock in treated areas.

Do not feed cover crops from treated areas to livestock.

Apples

Insects	Rate of	Method of
Controlled	Application	Application
Green Fruitworm Oblique Banded Leafroller Plum Curculio Redbanded Leafroller Rosy Apple Aphid Spotted Tentiform Leafminer Tamished Plant Bug White Apple Leafhopper	4 to 16 ounces (0.1 to 0.4 pound active) per acre	Use with ground equipment only. Apply in 25-400 gallons of finished spray per acre when insects appear and repeat as required to maintain control.

Do not apply more than 0.6 pound active per acre per season. Do not apply after petal fall.
Do not graze livestock in treated areas.

Do not feed cover crops from treated areas to livestock.

Artichoke (0 day phi)

Insects Controlled	Rate of Application	Method of Application
Artichoke Plume Moth Leafminers	4 to 12 ounces (0.1 to 0.3 pound active) per acre.	Apply with ground equipment in a minimum of 10 gallons of finished spray per acre or in a minimum of 2 gallons per acre by aircraft. Apply as needed. Buds may be harvested on the day of application.
Do not apply more than 5	applications (1	.5 pounds active ingredient) per

acre per season.

Asparagus (1 day phi)

Insects Controlled	Rate of Application	Method of Application
Asparagus Beetle Cutworms	2 to 4 ounces (0.05 to 0.1 pound active) per acre	Apply with ground equipment in a minimum of 10 gallons of finished spray per acre. Apply as needed.
Asr aragus Beetle Japanese Beetle (Aduit stage)* Lygus Bugs Tarnished Plant Bug	4 ounces (0.1 pound active) per acre	For post harvest application, apply to the fem stage of the asparagus plant after spear harvest when larval and adult stage are present. Not for control of this insect in California.

Avocado (7 day phi)

Insects Controlled	Rate of Application	Method of Application
Avocado Caterpillar Avocado Lace Bug Avocado Leafnopper Avocado Leafnoller Avocado Looper Avocado Tree Girdler Avocado Whitefly Brown Soft Scale Mirids Omnivorous Looper Orange Tortrix Scale Crawlers Spanworm Thrips Twig Borers	8 ounces (0.2 pound active) per acre	Apply with ground equipment in 25-400 gallons of finished spray per acre. Apply when insects first appear and repeat at 7 to 10 day intervats as needed to provide control.

Do not apply more than 1.2 pounds active ingredient per acre per season. Do not graze livestock in treated areas.

Do not feed cover crops from treated areas to livestock.

Broccoli; Chinese Broccoli (gai lon, white flowering broccoli); Brussels Sprouts; Cauliflower; Cavalo broccolo; Kohirabi (1 day phi)

Armyworm spp. 2 to 4 Cabbage Looper ounces Diamondback Moth (0.05 to	Apply with ground equipment in a minimum of 10 gallons of
Imported Cabbageworm Plant Bugs Thrips 0.1 pour active) r acre	finished spray per acre or in a minimum of 2 gallons per acre

Cabbage; Cabbage, Chinese (napa); Cabbage, Chinese Mustard (gai choy) (1 day phi)

Insects Controlled	Rate of Application	Method of Application
Cabbage Looper Diamondback Moth Imported Cabbageworm Southern White Butterfly	2 to 8 ounces (0.05 to 0.2 pound active) per acre	Apply with ground equipment in a minimum of 10 gallons per acre or in a minimum of 2 gal- lons per acre by aircraft. Apply as needed.
Armyworm spp. Cutworms Flea Beetles	4 to 8 ounces (0.1 to 0.2 pound active) per acre	-

Do not apply more than 1.0 pound active ingredient per acre per season.

Cantaloupes: For general use directions refer to the Cucurbit Vegetables crop grouping.

Celery, Florence fennel (sweet anise, sweet fennel, finochio) (fresh leaves and leaf petioles only): For general use directions refer to the Leafy Vegetable crop grouping.

Cherries (Includes Sweet Cherries and Tart Cherries) (3 day phi)

Insects Controlled Rate of Application Green Fruitworm Lesser Peach Tree Borer Plum Curculio Redbanded Leafroller Rose Chafer Tamished Plant Bug Rate of Application At to 8 ounces (0.1 to 0.2 when insects appear. Apply when insects appear. Apply when insects appear. Apply when insects appear. Apply pound active) per acre.			
Lesser Peach Tree Borer Plum Curculio Redbanded Leafroller Rose Chafer ounces (0.1 cide as a dilute spray. Apply when insects appear. Apply with ground equipment in 25- active) per 400 gallons of finished spray			
	Lesser Peach Tree Borer Plum Curculio Redbanded Leafroller Rose Chafer	ounces (0.1 to 0.2 pound active) per	cide as a dilute spray. Apply when insects appear. Apply with ground equipment in 25- 400 gallons of finished spray

Do not graze livestock in treated areas.

Do not feed cover crops from treated areas to livestock.

East of the Rockies, do not exceed 6 applications per season, with no more than 4 applications after petal fall.

West of the Rockies, do not apply more than 4 applications per season, with no more than 3 applications after petal fall.

Chrysanthemums

Insects	Rate of	Method of
Controlled	Application	Application
Liriomyza Leafminer Flies	20 fluid ounces (0.5 pound active) per 100 gal- lons (1 tea- spoon per gallon)	Avoid spraying the blooms. Pounce 3.2 EC may be applied on a weekly schedule. Caution: Pounce® 3.2 EC has demonstrated excellent plant safety, however, not all cultivars have been tested. Before treating large numbers of plants of a particular cultivar, treat a few plants and observe prior to full scale applications.

Collards and Turnips (1 day phi)

Conards and runnips (1 da	y p,	
Insects Controlled	Rate of Application	Method of Application
Beet Armyworm Cabbage Looper Com Earworm Cutworms Diamondback Moth European Com Borer Fall Armyworm Green Cloverworm Imported Cabbageworm Leafnoppers Leafminer Southern Armyworm Southern White Butterfly Tobacco Budworm Vegetable Leafminer Aphids*	2 to 4 ounces (0.05 to 0.1 pound active) per acre	Apply with ground equipment only. Apply with ground equipment in a minimum spray volume of 10 gallons of finished spray per acre. Apply as needed.

For use on Collards in AR, AZ, GA, IL, NC, OK, SC, and TX and on Turnips in FL, GA, IL, IN, OK, SC, TX, and WA. Do not apply more than 0.8 pound active ingredient per acre per season on Collards and Turnips (AR, TX & IN). Do not apply more than 0.4 pound active ingredient per acre per season on Turnips (SC, GA, FL & WA).

* Suppression only.

Conifers (Container and Field Grown)

Insects	Rate of	Method of
Controlled	Application	Application
Nantucket Pine Tip Moth	(0.1 to 0.2	Pounce 3.2 EC may be diluted in a non-volatile vegetable oil or water in a minimum of 1 gallon of finished spray per acre using equipment calibrated to give adequate coverage. Begin application when the adults appear and repeat at 5 to 7 day intervals or as needed throughout the season.

Corn (Field), Field Corn Grown for Seed, Popcorn

Insects Controlled	Rate of Application	Method of Application
Preemergent Use: Armyworms Cutworms Stalk Borers	4 to 8 ounces (0.1 to 0.2 pound, active) per acre as a broadcast spray	Pounce may be applied as a preplant incorporated, pre- emergence, or at planting time application. Apply as a broad- cast spray by ground or air (minimum of 2 gallons finished spray per acre by air) or 4-15 inch band using sufficient spray volume to achieve adequate coverage.
	0.3 to 0.6 ounces per 1000 linear feet row (based on a 4" band and 40" row spac- ing.)	Linear row calculations should be used proportional to the standard Band Width/Row Width formula to adjust rates for different band widths or row spacings. Use higher rates of Pounce 3.2 EC when incorpo- rating into the soil without exceeding the recommended dosage.
		When using tank mixes, observe all restrictions and precautions which appear on the labels of these products. Provide constant agitation during mixing and application to keep the mixture in solution.
Foliar Use: Armyworm (including Fall Armyworm) Com Borer European Southwestem Com Earworm Com Rootworm Beetles Cutworms Flea Beetle Hop Vine Borer Stalk Borers Webworms	4 to 8 ounces (0.1 to 0.2 pound active) per acre	When treating for stalk borers, Pounce 3.2 EC must be applied when or shortly before the stalk borer larvae are moving into the corn from surrounding weeds and grasses. Mowing or burndown herbicide are suggested to initiate movement. For control of Corn Earworm apply just before silking and continue as necessary to maintain control. Apply a minimum of 2 gallons of fin-
Foliar Use: Western Bean Cutworm	2 to 4 ounces (0.05 to 0.1 pound active) per acre	ished spray per acre by air or 10 gallons per acre with ground equipment.

Do not make treatments less than 6 days apart or apply less than 30 days prior to harvest of grain or fodder (stover).

Forage may be harvested on the day of application.

Corn (Field), Field Corn Grown for Seed, Popcorn (At Plant Use)

		Com (Field), Field Com Grown for Geed, Fobcom (XFT lane God)			
'n	Method of Application				
T-band tre mum 4" ba to determ	eatment using and. Use tak ine the Po	ng a mini- ble below unce 3.2			
40	30	20			
0,10	0.15	0.20			
r acre) 4.0	6.0	8.0			
	Apply as a T-band tre mum 4" be to determ EC needs	Application Apply as an in-furrow T-band treatment usir mum 4" band. Use tal to determine the Po EC needs for each act 40 30 0,10 0.15			

Corn, Sweet (1 day phi)

Insects Controlled	Rate of Application	Method of Application
Com Earworm Com Rootworm Beetles* European Com Borer Fall Armyworm Flea Beetle Hop Vine Borer Leafhoppers	4 to 8 ounces (0.1 to 0.2 pound active) per acre	Apply every 3 to 5 days or as needed. Apply with ground equipment in a minimum of 10 gallons of finished spray per acre or in a minimum of 2 gallons per acre by aircraft.
Southern Armyworm Stalk Borers		*Pest does not occur on this crop in California.

Corn, Sweet (Florida Only)

Insects	Rate of	Method of
Controlled	Application	Application
Aster Leafhopper Com Earworm Cutworm European Com Borer Fall Armyworm Southern Armyworm	4 to 10 ounces (0.1 to 0.25 pound active) per acre	Apply every 3 to 5 days or as needed. Apply with ground equipment in a minimum of 10 gallons of finished spray per acre or in a minimum of 2 gallons per acre by aircraft.

Do not apply more than 2.0 pounds active ingredient per acre per season.

Cucurbit Vegetables (0 day phi): Chayote (fruit) (Sechium edule); Chinese waxgourd (Chinese preserving meton) (Bernincasa hispida); Citron meton (Citrullus lanatus var. citroides); Cucumber (Cucumis sativus); Gherkin (Cucumis anguria); Gourd, edible (Lagenaria spp.) (includes hyotan, cucuzza); (Luffa spp.) (includes hechima, Chinese okra); (Momordica spp.) (includes balsam apple, balsam pear, bitter meton, Chinese cucumber); Muskmeton (hybrids and/or cultivars of Cucumis meto) (includes true cantaloupe, cantaloupe, casaba, crenshaw meton, golden pershaw meton, honeydew meton, honey balls, mango meton, Persian meton, pineapple meton, Santa Claus meton, and snake meton); Pumpkin (Cucurbita spp.); Squash, summer (Cucurbita pepo var. metopepo) (includes crookneck squash, scallop squash, straightneck squash, vegetable marrow, zucchini); Squash, inter (Cucurbita maxima; C. moshata) (includes buttemut squash, calabaza, hubbard squash; (C. mixta; C. pepo) includes acom squash, spaghetti squash); Watermeton (includes hybrids and/or varieties of Citrullus spp.).

Insects Controlled	Rate of Application	Method of Application
Aphids Leafminers Squash Bug	8 ounces (0.2 pound active) per acre	Apply with ground equipment in a minimum spray volume of 20 gallons of finished spray per acre or in a minimum of 4 gal-
Cabbage Looper Cucumber Beetle (adults) Cutworms Leafhoppers Melonworm Pickleworm Plant Bugs (including Lygus and Stink Bugs) Rindworms Squash Vine Borer	4 to 8 ounces (0.1 to 0.2 pound active) per acre	lons per acre by aircraft.

Do not apply more than 1.6 pounds active ingredient per acre per season Applications may be made up to harvest.

Eggplants (3 day phi)

Eggpiants (a day pni)		
Insects Controlled	Rate of Application	Method of
Colorado Potato Beetle	8 ounces (0.2 pound active) per acre	finished spray per acre or a minimum of 2 gallons by air-
Cabbage Looper Flea Beetles Vegetable Leafminer	4 to 8 ounces (0.1 to 0.2 pound active) per acre	craft. Apply using sufficient water to obtain uniform cover- age. Apply as needed.
Do not apply more than 2.0) pounds active	ingredient per acre per season,

Filberts (14 day phi)

Insects Controlled	Rate of Application	Method of Application
Filbertworm Oblique Banded Leafroller	8 to 16 ounces (0.2 to 0.4 pound active) per acre	For full coverage application apply 0.05 to 0.1 pound active per 100 gallons (based on 400 gallons finished spray per acre) and spray to run-off, OR for low volume concentrate application apply 0.2 to 0.4 pound active per acre (50 to 200 gallons finished spray per acre). For aerial application apply 0.2 to 0.4 pound active in a minimum of 10 gallons of finished spray per acre. Apply when insects appear.
Do not apply more than 1.6	pounds activ	e per acre per season.

Do not apply more than 1.6 pounds active per acre per season.
Do not graze livestock in treated areas.
Do not feed cover crops from treated areas to livestock.

Horseradish (30 day phi)

noiseradisti (30 day pili)		
, insects Controlled	Rate of Application	Method of Application
Imported Crucifer Weevil (Baris lepidii)	0.1% active solution (2 pints, 1 ounce of Pounce 3.2 EC per 100 gallons)	As a spring preplant dip, soak sets for 30 minutes and air-dry before planting.
	8 ounces (0.2 pound active) per acre	For foliar application, apply with ground equipment in a minimum spray volume of 20 gallons finished spray per acre. Make up to 3 foliar applications as needed to control weevil adults during oviposition.

Leafy Vegetables (except Brassica) (1 day phi): Amaranth (leafy amaranth, Chinese spinach, tampala); Arugula (Requette); Cardoon; Celery; Celery, Chinese; Celtuce; Chervil; Chrysanthemum, edible-leaved and garland; Corn salad; Cress, garden; Cress, upland (yellow rocket, winter cress); Dandelion; Dock (sorrel); Endive (escarole); Fennel, Florence (finochio); Lettuce, head and leaf; Orach; Parsley; Purslane, garden; Purslane, winter; Badiechio (red chicory); Rhubarb; Swiss chard.

Spinach (including New Zealand and vine, Malabar spinach, Indian spinach).*

Insects Controlled	Rate of Application	Method of Application
Aphids Beet Armyworm Com Earworm Cutworms European Com Borer Fall Armyworm Green Cloverworm Leafminers Southern Armyworm Tobacco Budworm	4 to 8 ounces (0.1 to 0.2 pound active) per acre	Apply every 3 to 5 days or as needed by air or ground. Use sufficient water to obtain full coverage of foliage. Apply with ground equipment in a minimum of 10 gallons of finished spray per acre or in a minimum of 2 gallons per acre by aircraft.
Alfalfa Looper Cabbage Looper Leafhoppers	2 to 8 ounces (0.05 to 0.2 pound active) per acre	

Do not apply more than 2.0 pounds active ingredient per acre per season. *For Spinach, do not apply more than 1.0 pound active ingredient per acre per season.

Lettuce, Head: For general use directions refer to the Leafy Vegetable crop grouping.

Mushrooms (Mushroom houses and adjacent premise areas)

(3 day phi)	(3	day	phi)	
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Insects Controlled	Rate of Application	Method of Application
Mushroom Flies (Sciarid and Phorid adults)	Apply as a fogging or aerosol treatment at the rate of 2.0 to 2.5 ounces (0.05-0.0625 lb.ai) per 30 ounces of water or suitable diluent. Use 1 quart of solution per standard double house (35,000 cu. ft.: 8000 sq. ft.)	Preparation of the building prior to fogging: (1) Close all doors, windows, and ventilators, (2) Lock or barricade all entrances, turn off pilot lights, post warning signs, and take precautions to prevent persons and animals from entering the area. Use prior to filling the house, during cool-down, during spawning, up tp pinning, and between breaks. Do not use when mushrooms are present. Treat once daily as needed when files appear. Do not make more than 20 applications prior to pinning of first break; apply no more than two applications between each break. Do not apply more than 30 applications total per crop of 5 breaks. Length of exposure time should be limited to 1 hour, then ventilate the house. Use fans to ventilate in houses that do not have forced air circulation. Wear a respirator with either an organic vapor-removing cartridge with a prefilter approved for pesticides (MSHA/NIOSH approval number prefix TC-14G).

Onions, Bulb and Garlic (1 day phi)

Omons, but and Garile (1	day pm)	
Insects Controlled	Rate of Application	Method of Application
Armyworms Onion Thrips	6 to 12 ounces (0.15 to 0.3 pound active) per acre	Apply with ground equipment in a minimum of 20 gallons of finished spray per acre or in a minimum of 5 gallons per acre by aircraft. Begin applications when pests appear and repeat
Cutworms Leafminers Onion Maggots (Adults) Stink Bugs	4 to 12 ounces (0.1 to 0.3 pound active) per acre	as necessary to maintain con- trol. Use the higher label rates as Onion Thrips population increases and avoid rescue sit- uations.
Do not apply more than 2.0 pounds active ingredient per acre per season		

Ornamental Nursery Stock (Field Grown)

Ornamental Nursery Stock (Fleid Grown)			
Insects Controlled	Rate of Application	Method of Application	
Bagworm Beet Armyworm Cabbage Looper Citrus Thrips Heliothis spp. Lace Bug Leafhoppers Leafminers Whiteflies	4 to 8 ounces (0.1 to 0.2 pound active) per 100 gai- lons of water	Pounce 3.2 EC may be used to control specified pests on non-edible ornamentals and non-bearing plants of fruiting species. Caution: Marginal leaf burn may occur on Salvia, Dieffenbachia and Pteris Fern, Application to blooming plants may cause browning of petals. Pounce 3.2 EC has demonstrated excellent plant safety, however, not all species and varieties have been tested. Before treating large numbers of plants of a particular variety, treat a few plants and observe prior to full scale application.	

Papaya (Florida Only) (7 day phi)

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Insects Controlled	Rate of Application	Method of Application
Aphids Brown Soft Scale Mealybug Papaya Fruit Fly Papaya Webworm Papaya Whitefly Scale Crawlers		Apply with ground equipment in 25-400 gallons of finished spray per acre. Apply when insects first appear and repeat at 7 to 10 day intervals as needed to provide control.

Do not apply more than 1.2 pounds active per acre per season. Do not graze livestock in treated areas.

Do not feed cover crops from treated areas to livestock.

Peaches, Nectarines (14 day phi)

Insects	Rate of	Method of
Controlled	Application	Application
Green Fruitworm Lesser Peach Tree Borer Oriental Fruit Moth Peach Twig Borer Plum Curculio Roce Chafer Tamished Plant Bug	ounces (0.1 to 0.3 pound	Apply with ground equipment using 25-400 gallons of spray per acre or a minimum of 10 gallons per acre by aircraft. Spray to wet all foliage.

Do not apply more than 1.5 pounds active ingredient per acre per season. Do not graze livestock in treated areas. Do not feed cover crops from treated areas to livestock.

Pears (Dormant through Delayed Dormant)

Insects Controlled	Rate of Application	Method of Application
Pear Psylla	8 to 16 ounces (0.2 to 0.4 pound active) per acre	Pounce 3.2 EC may be combined with 2 to 8 gallons of spray oil per acre. Apply during the dormant through delayed dormant growth periods only. Apply in a minimum of 10 gallons of finished spray per acre by aircraft and 25-400 gallons per acre by ground equipment.
Do not apply more than	0.8 pound active	<u> </u>

Do not apply more than 0.8 pound active per acre per season.
Do not graze livestock in treated areas.
Do not feed cover crops from treated areas to livestock.

Pears (Pre-Bloom)

Insects Controlled	Rate of Application	Method of Application
Codling Moth Green Fruitworm Pear Psylla	8 to 16 ounces (0.2 to 0.4 pound active) per acre	Apply with ground equipment using 25-400 gallons of finished spray per acre or a minimum of 10 gallons per acre by aircraft. Pre-bloom sprays can be applied from dormant through bud burst stages.
Do not coply more than 0.9 pound active ingredient per acre per season.		

Do not apply more than 0.8 pound active ingredient per acre per season. Do not graze livestock in treated areas.

Do not feed cover crops from treated areas to livestock.

Peppers, Bell (3 day phi)

Insects Controlled	Rate of Application	Method of Application
Cabbage Looper Com Earworm Cutworms Flea Beetle Pepper Weevil Vegetable Leafminer	4 to 8 ounces (0.1 to 0.2 pound active) per acre	Apply using sufficient water to obtain uniform coverage. Apply as needed. Apply with ground equipment using a minimum of 10 gallons of finished spray per acre or a minimum of 2 gallons
European Com Borer	8 ounces (0.2 pound active) per acre	per acre by aircraft.

Pine Seed Orchards

Title Seed Ofchards		
insects Controlled	Rate of Application	Method of Application
Coneworms Seed Bugs	8 ounces in 100 gal- lons of water (0.025% dilution by weight)	For high volume sprayers, apply 5 to 10 gallons of finished spray per tree.
	42 ounces in 100 gal- lons of water (0.125% dilution by weight)	For low volume sprayers, apply 100 gallons per acre.
	30 ounces per acre	For aerial application, use in not less than 10 gallons of water.
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To control Webbing Coneworm—make first application within 1 week of female flower closure or peak pollen flight.

To control other coneworms and seed bugs-make first application within 30 days following female flower closure.

Repeat applications at 4 week intervals, but do not apply more than 6 applications.

Do not graze livestock in treated areas.

Do not feed cover crops from treated areas to livestock.

Avoid contact with open water.

Pistachios (0 day phi)

Insects Controlled	Rate of Application	Method of Application
Leaffooted Bugs Navel Orangeworm Peach Twig Borer Plant Bugs Stink Bugs	8 to 16 ounces (0.2 to 0.4 pound active) per acre	Application should follow mo- ing of weed growth to insu maximum coverage of the s
Ants	16 ounces (0.4 pound active) per acre	

Do not apply more than 1.6 pound active per acre per crop season. Do not apply after 10% hull split.
Do not graze livestock in treated areas.

Do not feed cover crops from treated areas to livestock.

Potatoes (14 day phi)

Rate of Application	Method of Application
4 to 8 ounces (0.1 to 0.2 pound active) per acre	Apply with ground equipment in a minimum of 10 gallons of finished spray per acre or in a minimum of 2 gallons per acre by aircraft. Pounce 3.2 EC may also be applied using refined non-volatile vegetable oil for control of listed pests. Pounce 3.2 EC should be diluted with oil and applied in a minimum of one quart total volume per acre using equipment calibrated to give adequate coverage. Use sufficient spray volume to obtain full coverage.
	4 to 8 ounces (0.1 to 0.2 pound active) per

Pumpkins: For general use directions refer to the Cucurbit Vegetables crop grouping.

Range Grass (New Mexico Only)

Insects Controlled	Rate of Application	Method of Application
Range Caterpillar	0.4 ounces (0.01 pound active) per acre	Apply using sufficient spray volume to obtain uniform coverage. Apply with ground equipment in a minimum of 10 gallons of finished spray per acre or in a minimum of 2 gallons per acre by aircraft.
Do not apply more than or Cattle may be present duri Do not harvest or feed hay	ng application	•

Roses (Field Grown)

Insects	Rate of	Method of
Controlled	Application	Application
Heliothis spp.	4 to 8 fluid ources (0.1 to 0.2 pound active) per acre	Pounce 3.2 EC may be applied with ground equipment in a minimum of 10 gallons of finished spray per acre or in a minimum of 2 gallons of finished spray per acre by aircraft.

Roses (Greenhouse)

Insects	Rate of	Method of
Controlled	Application	Application
Beet Armyworm Cabbage Looper Omnivorous Leafroller	8 fluid ounces (0.2 pound active) per 100 gal- ions of water	Caution: Pounce is not phytotoxic to the following varieties of greenhouse roses: Ballena, Bettina, Cara Mia, Coquette, Excitement, Forever Yours, G. Wave, Jack Frost, Jr. Bridesmald, Matador, Paul's Pink, Samantha, Seventeen, Sonia, Town Crier, Tropicana and Visa. Other varieties may vary in their sensitivity to Pounce 3.2 EC, and a small number of plants should be treated under local conditions to determine plant safety prior to commercial use.

Sovbeans (60 day phi)

Soybeans (od day pin)		
Insects Controlled	Rate of Application	Method of Application
Bean Leaf Beetle Cabbage Looper Com Rootworm Beetles Cutworms Flea Beetle Green Cloverworm Japanese Beetle Mexican Bean Beetle Potato Leafhopper Saltmarsh Caterpillar (Woollybear Caterpillar) Thistle Caterpillar	2 to 4 ounces (0.05 to 0.1 pound active) per acre	Apply with ground equipment in a minimum of 10 gallons of finished spray per acre or in a minimum of 2 gallons per acre by aircraft. Pounce 3.2 EC may also be applied using refined non-volatile vegetable oil for control of listed pests. Pounce 3.2 EC should be diluted with oil and applied in aminimum of 1 quart total volume per acre using equipment calibrated to give adequate coverage. When applying in
Beet Armyworm Com Earworm Soybean Looper Webworms	4 to 8 ounces (0.1 to 0.2 pound active) per acre	water by aircraft, 1 quart of oil may be substituted for 1 quart of water per gallon of finished spray.
Do not apply more than 0.4 pound active ingredient per acre per season.		

Do not graze or feed soybean forage or hay.

Spinach: Refer to Leafy Vegetable crop grouping for general use directions. Do not apply more than 1.0 pound active ingredient per acre per season.

Tomatoes, Tomatilios (0 day phi)

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Insects Controlled	Rate of Application	Method of Application
Beet Armyworm Cabbage Looper Colorado Potato Beetle Granulate Cutworm Hornworms Southern Armyworm Tomato Fruitworm Tomato Pinworm Vegetable Leafminers	2 to 8 ounces (0.05 to 0.2 pound active) per acre	Apply with ground equipment in a minimum of 10 gallons fin- ished spray per acre or in a minimum of 2 gallons per acre by aircraft.

Do not apply more than 1.2 pounds active ingredient per acre per season. Do not apply to cherry tomatoes or other varieties which produce fruit less than one inch in diameter.

Walnuts (1 day phi)

Insects Controlled	Rate of Application	Method of Application
Codling Moth Navel Orangeworm Walnut Husk Fly	8 to 16 ounces (0.2 to 0.4 pound active) per acre	For full coverage application apply 0.05 to 0.1 pound active per 100 gallons (based on 400 gallons finished spray per acre), spray to run-off; OR, for low volume application apply 0.2 to 0.4 pound active per acre (25-200 gallons finished spray per acre). For aerial application apply 0.2 to 0.4 pound active in a minimum of 10 gallons of finished spray per acre. Apply when insects appear.
Do not apply more than 1.6 pounds active ingredient per acre per season. Do not graze livestock in treated areas.		

Premises Spray For agricultural use only.

Spray directly to walls and ceiling as residual surface treatment only. Do not treat manure or litter. Avoid contamination of feed and water. Do not apply directly to livestock or poultry.

Do not feed cover crops from treated areas to livestock.

For Application in	Target Insects	Method of Applic.	Dilute	Applic. Rate
Daines, Barns, Feedlots, Sta- bles, Poultry Houses, Swine and Livestock Houses	House Flies, Stable Flies and other Manure Breeding Flies. Also aids in the reduction of Cockroaches, Mosquitoes and Spiders.	Sprayer	4 ounces to 12.5 gal- lons water	1 gallon per 750 square feet of surface

Re-treat as necessary, but not more often than once every 2 weeks.

The use of any residual fly spray should be supplemental with proper manure management and general sanitation to reduce or eliminate fly breeding site.

Treatment of Preconstruction Lumber and Logs General Information

Pounce 3.2 EC insecticide should be diluted with water. To prepare the spray, dilute Pounce 3.2 EC as shown in the following spray dilution chart:

Spray Dilution Chart

Gallons of	Gallons of Pounce* 3.2 EC Insecticide To Use		
Spray Mixture Desired	0.5% Solution	0.75% Solution	1.0% Solution
40	1/2	3/4	1
80	1	1 1/2	2
l 200	2 1/2	3 3/4	5
400	5	7 1/2	10
800	10	15	20

Directions for Application

To protect unseasoned lumber and logs from wood destroying insects, such as Termites, Carpenter Ants and Beetles (Ambrosia, Powder-post, Old house borers and others), totally treat wood with a 0.5% to 1.0% solution of Pounce* 3.2 EC. This solution can be applied by various methods including spraying, brushing, dipping, and pressure treatment. Frequent monitoring of dip and pressure systems are necessary to insure that the desired level of Pounce 3.2 EC is maintained. Wood can be handled after treatment when dry.

- 1. For dip treatments, the wood should be totally submersed in the solution until thoroughly wet and then allowed to dry in a suitable location. Dipping solutions to which Pounce 3.2 EC has been added should be agitated before use if left unused for long periods of time. Sediment, debris and other deposits should be periodically cleaned from the tank,
- 2. For pressure treatments the wood should be placed in the treatment chamber, the Pounce 3.2 EC solution added and the system pressurized up to 250 psi for up to one hour depending on the density and type of wood treated. After the pressure is released and the system drained, the wood should be placed in a suitable location for drying.
- For spray treatments, the wood should be sprayed thoroughly including back and ends.
- For brush treatments, all parts of wood surfaces should be thoroughly reated.

Rate Conversion Chart

Pounds Active	Formulation Ounces
per Acre	per Acre
0.05	2.0
0.10	4.0
0.15	6.0
0.20	8.0
0.25	10,0
0.30	12.0
0.40	16.0

Dealers Should Sell in Original Packages Only.

Terms of Sale or Use: On purchase of this product buyer and user agree to the following conditions:

Warranty: FMC makes no warranty, expressed or implied, concerning the use of this product other than indicated on the label. Except as so warranted, the product is sold as is. Buyer and user assume all risk of use and/or handling and/or storage of this material when such use and/ or handling and/or storage is contrary to label instructions.

Directions and Recommendations: Follow directions carefully. Timing and method of application, weather and crop conditions, mixture with other chemicals not specifically recommended and other influencing factors in the use of this product are beyond the control of the seller and are assumed by the buyer at his own risk.

Use of Product: FMC's recommendations for the use of this product are based upon tests believed to be reliable. The use of this product being beyond the control of the manufacturer, no guarantee, expressed or implied, is made as to the effects of such or the results to be obtained if not used in accordance with directions or established safe practice.

Damages: Buyer's or user's exclusive remedy for damages for breach of warranty or negligence shall be limited to direct damages not exceeding the purchase price paid and shall not include incidental or consequential

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