

Code 31297

Net Conter Gallo

RESTRICTED USE PESTICIDE
For retail sale to and use only by certified applicators or persons under their direct supervision and only for those uses covered by the certified applicator's certification

Methyl Parathion 2 Thiodan[®] 3 EC

**DANGER—POISON—
PRECAUTIONS**



POISONOUS IF SWALLOWED

This product can kill you if swallowed even in small amounts: spray mist or dust may be fatal if swallowed.



POISONOUS BY SKIN CONTACT

Poisonous if touched by hands or spilled or splashed on skin, in eyes or on clothing (liquid goes through clothes.)



POISONOUS IF BREATHED

Breathing vapors, spray mist or dust may be fatal

POISONOUS TO FISH AND WILDLIFE

POISON SIGNS (Symptoms)

METHYL PARATHION is a very dangerous poison. It rapidly enters the body on contact with all skin surfaces and eyes. Clothing wet with this material must be removed immediately. Exposed persons must receive prompt medical treatment or they may die.

Some of the signs and symptoms of poisoning are: Headache, nausea, vomiting, cramps, weakness, blurred vision, pin-point pupils, lightness in chest, labored breathing, nervousness, sweating, watering of eyes, drooling or frothing of mouth and nose, muscle spasms and coma.

PA 11/82

Insecticide

EPA Reg. No. 279-2149 EPA Est. 279-

Active Ingredients	
Methyl Parathion	19.40%
Related Compounds	1.00%
Endosulfan	31.00%
Xylene Range Aromatic Solvent	35.00%
Inert Ingredients	13.60%
	<hr/>
	100.00%

*Methyl Parathion
**Thiodan is a registered trademark of Canadian Hoechst Ltd
Contains 2 pounds Methyl Parathion and 3 pounds Endosulfan (Thiodan) per gallon

STOP! READ THE LABEL



CAN KILL YOU

AGREED
with EPA
in EPA

FEB 1977

registered under EPA Reg. No. 279-2149

DANGER

Keep out of reach of children

POISON

See side panels for antidote and precautions

USE ONLY WHEN WEARING THE FOLLOWING PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT AND CLOTHING

(1) Wear water-proof pants, coat, hat, rubber boots or rubber overshoes. (2) Wear safety goggles. (3) Wear a mask or a pesticide respirator jointly approved by the Mining Enforcement and Safety Administration (formerly the U.S. Bureau of Mines) and by the National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health under the provisions of 30 CFR Part 11. (4) Wear heavy duty, natural rubber gloves.

FOR EMERGENCY ASSISTANCE CALL
716-735-3765
POST TREATED AREA



FMC Corporation
Agricultural Chemical Group
2000 Market Street
Philadelphia PA 19103

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS

This product is toxic to fish and wildlife. Birds and other wildlife in treated areas may be killed. Keep out of lakes, streams or ponds. Do not apply where run-off is likely to occur. Do not apply when weather conditions favor drift from the areas treated. Do not contaminate water by cleaning of equipment or disposal of wastes. Apply this product only as specified on this label.

This product is highly toxic to bees exposed to direct treatment or residues on crops. Protective information may be obtained from your Cooperative Agricultural Extension Service.

PHYSICAL OR CHEMICAL HAZARDS

Do not use or store near heat or open flame.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.

WORK SAFETY RULES

Keep all unprotected persons and children away from treated area or where there is danger of drift.

Do not rub eyes or mouth with hands. If you feel sick in any way, STOP work and get help right away. Call a doctor (physician), clinic or hospital—immediately. Explain that the victim has been exposed to methyl parathion and describe his condition. After first aid is given (see First Aid Treatment Section) and if a doctor cannot come, take victim to clinic or hospital.

IMPORTANT! Before removing gloves, wash them with soap and water. Always wash hands, face and arms with soap and water before smoking, eating or drinking.

AFTER WORK. Take off all work clothes and shoes. Shower, using soap and water. Wear only clean clothes when leaving job. Do not wear contaminated clothing. Wash protective clothing and protective equipment with soap and water after each use. Respirator should be cleaned and filter replaced according to instructions included with respirator.

FIRST AID TREATMENT

Call a doctor (physician), clinic or hospital immediately. Explain that the victim has been exposed to methyl parathion and describe his condition.

If breathing has stopped, start artificial respiration immediately and maintain until doctor sees victim.

If swallowed, drink 1 or 2 glasses of water and induce vomiting by touching back of throat with finger. Do not induce vomiting or give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Get medical attention.

In case of contact, immediately flush eyes or skin with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes while removing contaminated clothing and shoes. See doctor immediately.

NOTE TO PHYSICIAN

*Since any symptoms from absorption of this combination product are likely to be those of methyl parathion intoxication, treatment should be directed towards the relief of cholinesterase inhibition.

Antidote — administer atropine sulfate in large doses, TWO to FOUR mg intravenously or intramuscularly as soon as cyanosis is overcome. Repeat at 5 to 10 minute intervals until signs of atropinization appear. 2-PAM chloride is also antidotal and may be administered in conjunction with atropine. **DO NOT GIVE MORPHINE OR TRANQUILIZERS.** Methyl Parathion is a strong cholinesterase inhibitor affecting the central and peripheral nervous systems and producing cardiac and respiratory depression. At first sign of pulmonary edema, the patient should be given supplemental oxygen and treated symptomatically. Continued absorption of the poison may occur and fatal relapses have been reported after initial improvement; **VERY CLOSE SUPERVISION OF THE PATIENT IS INDICATED FOR AT LEAST 48 HOURS.**

Consult your State Agricultural Extension Service or Experiment Station regarding posting treated areas.

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Do not contaminate water, food or feed by storage or disposal. Open dumping is prohibited. Do not reuse empty container. Pesticide, spray mixture or rinsate that cannot be used or chemically reprocessed should be disposed of in a landfill approved for pesticides or buried in a safe place away from water supplies. Drums may be resealed and offered for reconditioning; or to dispose of any size container, triple rinse (or equivalent) and offer for recycling, reconditioning, or disposal in an approved landfill, or bury in a safe place. Do not cut or weld this container. Consult federal, state or local disposal authorities for approved alternative procedures. Keep container closed when not in use. Remove leaking containers to a safe place. Do not store below 20°F.

Not for use or storage in or around the home.

Do not use in undiluted form.

Apply when insects first appear and repeat as necessary. Apply the recommended rates in sufficient water for thorough coverage. (By ground, apply a minimum of 10 gallons; by air, apply a minimum of 1 gallon of finished spray per acre.) Observe days interval between last application and harvest indicated by number in () following crop.

Workers entering treated fields within 24 hours after application should wear protective clothing.

Beans, succulent and dry (except Lima Beans) (21): Bean Leaf Skeletonizer, Black Bean Aphid, Cucumber Beetles, Green Stink Bug and Mexican Bean Beetle — Use 1½ pints to 1/3 gallon per acre. Aphids, Armyworms, Flea Beetles and Leafhoppers — Use 1/3 gallon per acre. Do not exceed 3 applications per season. Do not feed treated threashings to livestock or allow livestock to graze in treated fields.

Broccoli (7), Brussels Sprouts (14), Cabbage (21), Cauliflower (14): Aphids, Armyworm, Cabbage Looper, Cross-Striped Cabbageworm, Diamond-back Moth Larvae, Flea Beetles, Harlequin Bug, Imported Cabbageworm, Leafhoppers, Stink Bugs — Use 2 to 2½ pints per acre on Cabbage. Use 2 pints per acre on Broccoli, Brussels Sprouts and Cauliflower.

Carrots (15): Green Peach Aphid, Armyworm, Flea Beetle, Leafhoppers — Use 1-1/3 quarts per acre. Do not exceed 2 applications per season. Do not use treated tops for food or feed.

Celery (whole plant) (15): Aphids (including green peach aphid), Cabbage Looper, Armyworms, Flea Beetles, Leafhoppers — Use 1-1/3 quarts per acre. Do not exceed 3 applications per season.

Celery: Aphids, Armyworms, Boll Weevil, Bollworm, Cabbage Looper, Cotton Leafworm, Cotton Leaf Perforator, Flea Hoppers, Lygus Bugs, Stink Bugs, and Thrips — Use at the rate of 2 quarts per acre. Do not apply after bolls open. Do not graze meat or dairy animals in treated fields. Workers entering fields within 24 hours after application should wear protective clothing.

Lettuce (21): Cabbage Looper, Diamond-back Moth Larvae, Green Peach Aphid, Imported Cabbageworm — Use 1-1/3 quarts per acre. Do not feed crop waste to livestock. Do not exceed 2 applications on leaf lettuce. Do not exceed 3 applications after thinning and remove wrapper leaves at harvest on head lettuce.

Peppers (15): Armyworm, Flea Beetles, Green Peach Aphid, Flea Beetles, Hornworms, Leafhopper, Pepper Maggot — Use 1-1/3 quarts per acre.

Potatoes (5): Aphids, Colorado Potato Beetle, European Corn Borer, Plant Bugs (including Shield shaped Bugs), Potato Flea Beetle, Potato Leafhopper, Potato Tuberworm, Southern Armyworm, Three-lined Potato Beetle, Potato Psyllid, Mites — Use 1 to 1-1/3 quarts per acre. Do not plant root crops other than carrots, potatoes, sugar beets or sweet potatoes follow-up crops.

Spinach (21): Armyworms, Crown Mite, Flea Beetles, Green Peach Aphid, Leafhoppers — Use 1 quart per acre. Do not exceed one application per season.

Tomatoes (15): Blister Beetle, Colorado Potato Beetle, Flea Beetles, Green Peach Aphid, Tomato Hornworm, Whitefly — Use 1-1/2 pints to 1/3 gal per acre. Cabbage Looper, Stink Bugs — use 1/4 to 1/3 gal per acre. Tomato Russet Mite, Tomato Fruitworm, Armyworms — Use 1/3 gal per acre.

Dealers Should Sell in Original Packages Only.

Terms of Sale or Use

On purchase of this product buyer and user agree to the following conditions:

Warranty

FMC makes no warranty, expressed or implied, concerning the use of this product other than indicated on the label. Except as so warranted, the product is sold as is, buyer and user assume all risk of use and/or handling and/or storage of this material when such use and/or handling and/or storage is contrary to label instructions.

Directions and Recommendations Follow directions carefully. Timing and method of application, weather and crop conditions, mixture with other chemicals not specifically recommended, and other influencing factors in the use of this product are beyond the control of the seller and are assumed by buyer at his own risk.

Use of Product FMC's recommendations for the use of this product are based upon tests believed to be reliable. The use of this product being beyond the control of the manufacturer, no guarantee, expressed or implied, is made as to the effects of such or the results to be obtained if not used in accordance with directions or established safe practice.

Damages Buyer's or user's exclusive remedy for damages for breach of warranty or negligence shall be limited to direct damages not exceeding the purchase price paid and shall not include incidental or consequential damages.

(31297-11/82 PA)

Ms. Eunice Currie
PNC Corporation
Agricultural Chemical Group
2000 Market Street
Philadelphia, PA 19103

34.5 / 88964
17 / 4

1/23
2/4/83

Dear Ms. Currie:

Subject: Revise Methyl Parathion Declaration
Methyl Parathion 2 Thiodan 3 EC
EPA Registration No. 279-2149
Your Application Dated November 5, 1982

The amended labeling referred to above, submitted in connection with registration under the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act (FIFRA), is acceptable provided that you make the following revisions before you release the product for shipment bearing the amended labeling:

1. The chemical names should appear after the common names Methyl Parathion and Endosulfan as they had appeared on previously accepted labeling.
2. Revise the bee precaution to read:

This pesticide is highly toxic to bees exposed to direct treatment or to residues remaining on the treated area. Do not apply when bees are actively visiting the crop, cover crop, or weeds blooming in the treatment area. Applications should be timed to provide the maximum possible interval between treatment and the next period of bee activity.

3. Revise the Storage and Disposal text per the enclosure.

Please submit five (5) copies of the revised finished labels before you release the product for shipment under the amended labeling.

A stamped copy of the label is enclosed for your records.

Sincerely yours,

George T. LaRocca
Product Manager (15)
Insecticide-Rodenticide Branch
Registration Division (TS-767)

Enclosure

TS-767:LARocca:DCR-39910:WANG-2362C:haw:Raven:479-2013:2/1/83

CONCURRENCES							
SYMBOL ▶							
SURNAME ▶							
DATE ▶							