SUPPLEMENTAL UABELING ....... PAGE 1 ACCEPTED DIPEL 2X FFB 17 1989 **BIOLOGICAL INSECTICIDE** Under the second sector and the and Rodentic de Art as amended for the Posticido reginar EPA Reg. No. 

PN117 215 37 115

WETTABLE POWDER BIOLOGICAL INSECTICIDE

Active Ingredient:

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#### KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN

#### CAUTION

EPA Registrations No. 275-37 EPA Est. No. 33762-IA-1

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL Do not contaminate water, food or feed by storage or disposal.

BENEFICIAL INSECTS Honeybees foraging treated areas are not harmed by Dipel 2X use.

Dipel 2X does not interrupt the activities of beneficial and predacious arthropods in integrated pest management programs.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.

Do not apply this product through any type of irrigation system.

Days to harvest: There are no restrictions on applying DIPEL 2X up to the time of harvest.

Sites: DIPEL 2X may be used for any labeled pest in both field and greenhouse uses.

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### DIRECTIONS FOR USE (Continued)

DIPEL 2X is a highly selective insecticide for use against listed caterpillars (larvae) of lepidopterous insects. Close scouting and early attention to infestations is highly recommended. Larvae must eat deposits of DIPEL 2X to be affected. Always follow these directions:

- Treat when larvae are young (early instars) before the crop is extensively damaged.
- Larvae must be actively feeding on treated, exposed plant parts.
- Thorough spray coverage is needed to provide a uniform deposit of DIPEL 2X at the site of larval feeding. For some crops directed drop nozzles by ground machine are required.
- Under heavy pest population pressure, use the higher label rates, shorten the spray interval, and/or raise gallonage to improve spray coverage.
- Repeat applications at an interval sufficient to maintain control, usually 3 to 14 days depending on plant growth rate, moth activity, rainfall after treating, and other factors. If attempting to control a pest with a single spray, make the treatment when egg hatch is essentially complete, but before extensive crop damage occurs.
- A spreader-sticker which has been approved for use on growing and harvested crops should be added for hard-to-wet crops such as cole crops, or to improve weather-fastness of the spray deposits.
- Dipel 2X is a non-restricted use pesticide and does not require a restricted use permit for purchase and use.
- Dipel 2X may be tank mixed with other labeled insecticides to enhance control.
- Before tank mixing Dipel 2x with other labeled products, check for tank-mix compatibility.

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# DIRECTIONS FOR USE (Continued)

After eating a lethal dose of DIPEL 2X, larvae stop feeding within the hour, and will die within several days. Dying larvae move slowly, discolor, then shrivel, blacken and die.

DIPEL 2X may be applied in conventional ground or aerial equipment with quantities of water sufficient to provide through coverage of infested plant parts. The amount of water needed per acre will depend on crop size, weather, spray equipment, and local experience. Unless otherwise indicated, use at least 2 gallons of water per acre by air; except in the Western U.S., where 5 to 10 gallons is the usual minimum. Add water to the spray or mixing tank at the level that provides maximum agitation. With the agitator running, slowly sprinkle in the DIPEL 2X. Continue agitation. Then add other spray materials (if any). Add the balance of the water and agitate until mixed. Maintain the suspension while loading and spraying. Do not mix more DIPEL 2X then can be used in a 12-hour period.

For Smaller Spray Volumes:

If Rate is

Use This Amount Per Gallon

1/4 lb./acre or 100 gals.	1/2 tsp.
1/2 lb./acre or 100 gals.	1 tsp.
1 lb./acre or 100 gals.	2 tsps.
2 lb./acre or 100 gals.	4 tsps.

APPLICATION CONSIDERATIONS: DIPEL IS EXEMPT FROM THE REQUIREMENTS OF A TOLERANCE ON ALL RAW AGRICULTURAL COMMODITIES AND HAS NO PLANTBACK OR RENTRY RESTRICTIONS.

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# APPLICATION RATE

Root and Tuber such asLoopers1/2Carrots, Potatoes, BeetsOmnivorous Leafroller1/2and SugarbeetsHornworms1/2Bulb such as Onions (greenImported Cabbageworm1/2and bulb) and GarlicDiamondback Moth1/2Leafy and Cole Crops such as Green Cloverworm1/2Lettuce (head and leaf),Webworm1/2Kale, Celery, Spinach,Saltmarsh Caterpillar1/2Broccoli, Cabbage, MustardArmyworms*1/2Greens, Brussel Sprouts,Cutworms1/2	/Acre
Cauliflower, Collards, Chinese Cabbage, Endive Kohlrabi and Parsley	- 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 2
Fruiting Vegetables such as Tomatoes, Peppers andLoopers1/2EggplantHornworm1/2Varigated Cutworm1/2Varigated Cutworm1/2Saltmarsh Caterpillar1/2Armyworms*1/2	- 1 - 1 - 1 - 1
Cucurbit Vegetables such as Melons, Cucumbers andLoopers1/2SquashMelonworms1/2Rindworm complex1/2Armyworms*1/2	- 1 - 1

\*DIPEL 2X may be used to control small armyworms (1st and 2nd instar) when populations are light and full coverage sprays are applied. Repeat treatment as necessary. If mature worms or heavy populations are present a contact insecticide should be added to enhance control.

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### **APPLICATION RATE** (Continued)

Pounds/Acre
1/2 - 1
1/2 - 1
1/2 - 1
1/2 - 1
1/2 - 2
1/2 - 1

**OTHER CROPS:** 

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Tobacco	Tobacco Budworm	1/2 - 1
	Hornworms	1/4 - 1/2
	Loopers	1/2 - 1

DIPEL 2X may be tank mixed with sucker control products at recommended rates. Follow the application directions on the sucker control labels. Observe all label precautions for all products used.

Safflower	Loopers Saltmarsh Caterpillar Armyworms*	$\frac{1}{2} - 1$ $\frac{1}{2} - 1$ $\frac{1}{2} - 2$
Sunflowers	Loopers Head Moth	$\frac{1/2}{1/2} - 1$ $\frac{1}{2} - 1$
Peanuts	Loopers Velvetbean Caterpillar Green Cloverworm Podworms*	$\frac{1/2 - 1}{1/2 - 1}$ $\frac{1/2 - 1}{1/2 - 1}$ $\frac{1}{1/2 - 1}$

\*DIPEL 2X may be used to control small armyworms and/or podworms (1st and 2nd instar) when populations are light and full coverage sprays are applied. Repeat treatment as necessary. If mature worms or heavy populations are present a contact insecticide should be added to enhance control.

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# APPLICATION RATE (Continued)

**OTHER CROPS:** (Continued)

Crop	Past	Pound/Acre
Alfalfa (Hay and Seed) Hay and Other Forage Crops	Loopers Alfalfa Caterpillar European Skipper (Essex Skipper)	$\frac{1}{2} - 1$ $\frac{1}{2} - 1$ $\frac{1}{2} - 1$
	Armyworms*	1/2 - 2
Cotton	Tobacco Budworm** Cotton Bollworm** Loopers Saltmarsh Caterpillar Armyworms*	$\frac{1/2}{1/2} - 2$ $\frac{1/2}{1/2} - 1$ $\frac{1/2}{1/2} - 1$ $\frac{1/2}{1/2} - 2$

\*\*Use to control light to moderate populations of newly hatched worms in integrated pest management conditions. Repeat treatments at 4 to 5-day intervals as long as necessary and results are acceptable. Use in combination with ovicidal rates of labeled Heliothis ovicides.

Avocado	Amorbia Moth Omnivorous Leafroller Omnivorous Looper Orange Tortrix Spanworm	$\frac{1/2}{1/2} - 2$ $\frac{1/2}{-2}$ $\frac{1/2}{-2}$ $\frac{1/2}{-2}$
Malanga	Saltmarsh Caterpillar Armyworms*	$\frac{1/2}{1/2} - 1$ $\frac{1}{2} - 2$
Water Cress	Loopers Armyworms*	$\frac{1/2}{1/2} - 1$ $\frac{1}{2} - 2$

\*DIPEL 2X may be used to control small armyworms (1st and 2nd instar) when populations are light and full coverage sprays are applied. Repeat treatment as necessary. If mature worms or heavy populations are present a contact insecticide should be added to enhance control.

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# APPLICATION RATE (Continued)

**OTHER CROPS:** (Continued)

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Crop	Pest	Pound/Acre
Kiwi Fruit	Omnivorous Leafroller	1/2 - 2
Норв	Loopers Armyworms*	$\frac{1/2}{1/2} - 1$ $\frac{1}{2} - 2$
Bananas	Banana Skipper	1/2 - 1
Asparagus	Armyworms*	1/2 - 2
Corn (Sweet and Field and Sorghum	Arnyworns* Headworns	1/2 2 1/2 - 1
Rape	Looper Armyworms* Heliothis	$\begin{array}{rrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrr$
Herbs, Spices and Mints such as Basil, Chives, Dill, Leeks and Peppermint		$\frac{1}{2} - 1$ $\frac{1}{2} - 1$ $\frac{1}{2} - 2$

\*DIPEL 2X may be used to control small armyworms (1st and 2nd instar) when populations are light and full coverage sprays are applied. Repeat treatments as necessary. If mature worms or heavy populations are present a contact insecticide should be added to enhance control.

Pineapple	Gummosos-Batrachedra comosae (Hodges) Thecla-Thecla basilides (Geyr)	1/4 - 1/	2
Turf	Sod Webworm	1 - 2	

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# **APPLICATION RATE** (Continued)

**OTHER CROPS:** (Continued)

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Crop	Pest	lbs./100 Gals.
Flowers, Bedding Plants and Ornamentals (Ground Only)	Loopers Tobacco Budworm Omnivorous Looper Omnivorous Leafroller Diamondback Moth Armyworms* Ello Moth (Hornworm) Io Moth Oleander Moth Azalea Caterpillar	$\frac{1/4}{1/4} - \frac{1/^2}{1/4} - \frac{1/2}{1/4} - \frac{1/2}{1/4} - \frac{1/2}{1/2} - \frac{1}{2}$ $\frac{1/4}{1/2} - \frac{1/2}{1/4} - \frac{1/2}{1/2} - \frac{1}{2} - \frac{1}{$
Greenhouse/Shadehouse and Outdoor Nursery Crops such as Leafy, Herbs, Brassica and Fruiting groups	Loopers Heliothis	$\frac{1}{2} - 1$ $\frac{1}{2} - 1$

\*DIPEL 2X may be used to control small armyworms (1st and 2nd instar) when populations are light and full coverage sprays are applied. Repeat treatment as necessary. If mature worms or heavy populations are present a contact insecticide should be added to enhance control.

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# APPLICATION RATE (Continued)

DIPEL 2X for Small Fruits

Crop

# Pest

Small Fruit and Berries such as Grapes, Strawberries, Blackberries and Cranberries	Grapeleaf Skeletonizer (ground only) Grape Leaffolder Achema Sphinx Moth (Hornworm) Saltmarsh Caterpillar (ground only) Omnivorous Leafroller (ground only) Loopers Orange Tortrix Oblique Banded Leafroller Armyworms* Tobacco Budworm

\*DIPEL 2X may be used to control small armyworms (1st and 2nd instar) when percoverage sprays are applied. Repeat treatment as necessary. If mature worm contact insecticide should be added to enhance control.

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# APPLICATION RATE Continued

DIPEL 2X for Tree Fruits, Nuts, Citrus and Tropical Fruit

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Crop	Pest	Pounds/Acre
Stone Fruit such as	Redhumped Caterpillar	1/2 - 2
Cherries, Plum,	Tent Caterpillars	1/2 - 2
Peach, Prune and	Omnivorous Leafroller	1/2 - 2
Nectarine	Fall Webworm	1/2 - 2
Pome Fruit such as	Walnut Caterpillar	1/2 - 2
Apples and Pears	Cankerworms	1/2 - 2
Tree Nuts such as	Gypsy Moth	1/2 - 2
Almonds, Pecan,	Varigated Leafroller	1/2 - 2
Walnut and Filbert	Redbanded Learroller	1/2 - 2
Pomegranates	Tufted Apple Budmoth	1/2 - 2
. –	Fruittree Leafroller	1/2 - 2
	Fall Webworm	1/2 - 2
	Walnut Caterpillar	1/2 - 2
	Filbert Leafroller	1/2 - 2
	Obliquebanded Leafroller	1/2 - 2
Citrus	Fruittree Leafroller	1/2 - 2
	Orangedog	1/4 - 1
	Citrus Cutvorm*	1/2 - 2
	-	te populations of newly-hatched
Tropical Fruits	Hornvorm	1/2 - 2

ropical	Fruits	Hornworm	1/2 - 2
-		Leafrollers	1/2 - 2
		Omnivorous Looper	1/2 - 2
		Loopers	1/2 - 2

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# **APPLICATION RATE** (Continued)

# DIPEL 2X for Trees and Forests

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Crop	<u>Pest</u>	lbs/100 gallons* (Ground Equipment)	lbs/Acre (Aerial** Application)
Forest, Shade, Sugar Maple Trees and Ornamentals	Gypsy Moth Bagworm Redhumped Caterpillar Spring & Fall Cankerworm Fall Webworm Elm Spanworm Tent Caterpillars California Oakworm Pine Butterfly Spruce Budworms Saddle Prominent Caterpillar Douglas Fir Tussock Moth Western Tussock Moth Fruittree Leafroller Blackheaded Budworm Mimosa Webworm Jack Pine Budworm Saddleback Caterpillar Greenstriped Mapleworm	1/4 - 3/4 $1/4 - 3/4$	1/2 - 1 1/2 $1/2 - 1 1/2$

\*Rate for hydraulic sprayer. For mist blowers, mix the applicable amount (lbs.) in 10 gallons of water.

\*\*For aerial application, use in one to five gallons of water depending on type and density of trees. For hest results, spray systems which deliver droplet size of LESS THAN 150 microns should be used.



Indian Meal Moth Almond Moth

Pest

3/8 lb. 100 bu (undiluted and diluted)\*

\*As a surface treatment, apply 1/2 lb. DIPEL 2X in 5-10 gal. of water per 500 sq. ft of grain surface area, mix into top 4 inches.\*\*

# <sup>1</sup>For all States except California

For the control and prevention of these pests, apply DIPEL 2X in a constantly agitated water suspension to the top four inch surface layer of grain in the bin. Use a sprinkler can or sprayer to apply the dosage into the grain stream as the last (top) four inch layer is augered into the bin. Mix 1/20 lb. DIPEL 2X per gallon of water. Apply 0.6 pint of this mixture per bushel as grain is augered into storage. Or, sprinkle the dosage into the surface of the grain in the bin and mix thoroughly with a scoop or rake to the depth of four inches. More thorough coverage may be achieved by dividing the recommended dosage into three applications an mixing the grain between applications.

For the protection of bagged grain including popcorn, apply the dosage to the entire grain mass and mix thoroughly prior to bagging.

Treatments can be applied to stored grain at any time, but for best results, make application immediately after harvest before moth activity occurs. In areas where late fall harvested grain is not subject to infestation because of low temperatures, application can be delayed until late winter or early spring before moth activity begins. Control for a full storage season should normally be expected; however, repeat application if infestation recurs.

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### **APPLICATION RATE** (Continued)

DIPEL 2x FOR STORED AGRICULTURAL COMMODITIES (Continued)

GRAINS, SOYBEANS, SUNFLOWER SEED, CROP SEED, CONDINENTAL SEEDS, SPICES, HERBS, BIRDSEED and POPCORN. (Continued)

This treatment controls the moth larvae. If an infestation is present when the grain is treated, moth emergence may continue for several days. If immediate control of severe infestations is desired, grain should be fumigated prior to application of this treatment. DIPEL 2X will not control weevils or other beetles.

DIPEL 2X is exempt from tolerance restrictions and the treated grain can be used at any time after treatment for any use. \*\*For commodities coarser than shelled corn, increased depth of treatment according to the habit of the pest.

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### APPLICATION RATE (Continued)

DIPEL 2x FOR STORED AGRICULTURAL COMMODITIES (Continued)

PEANUTS

Pest

Rate

Indian Meal Moth, / 1/4 lb./ton\* Almond Moth

\*Apply this rate to the top four to eight feet of nuts when filling the warehouse.

To prevent and control these pests, spray an even coating of DIPEL 2X on the farmer stock peanuts while filing the warehouse. To make the spray solution, mix 3-3/4 lbs. DIPEL 2X per 5 gallons of water. Apply to 15 tons of commodity. Do not pre-mix more spray solution than will be used within 12 hours. Keep the spray suspension agitated during application, and use pressures and nozzles sufficient to handle this suspension.

Before filling the warehouse, clean thoroughly, then spray interior of the facility with a DIPEL 2X suspension at the rate of 1/2 lb. DIPEL 2X per 100 gallons water. Spray enough suspenion to wet all cracks and crevices.

For bagged peanuts, treat the whole mass of commodity at the rate indicate above.

# SUPPLEMENTAL LABELING PAGE 15 APPLICATION RATE (Continued)

DIPEL 2X FOR STORED AGRICULTURAL COMMODITIES (Continued)

#### FLUE-CURRED TOBACCO

Pest

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Rate

Tobacco Moth

0.2 oz./100 lbs\*

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\*Apply 0.2 ounce (approximately 2 1/2 teaspoonsful) of DIPEL 2X in one quart of water per 100 pounds of tobacco as a fine mist spray. Avoid overwetting. Tobacco should have just enough moisture to be handled with out shattering at the time of application.

#### Tobacco to be Stored up to Twelve Months.

Spray loose leaves as the tobacco is being bundled from the curing barn. For tobacco on sticks, treat both sides of leaves.

Stored Tobacco. For tobacco which is to be carried over, rebundle or restack sticks, fluff up tobacco and spray loose leaves.

For tobacco that has been stored over three weeks, apply at first signs of infestation promptly open bundles, spray loose leaves, then bundle.

# Treatment of Storage Barns.

If tobacco has been treated, or is going to be treated, treatment of the floors and walls may be made to aid in control. Sweep out the area, especially crac's and corners, and all of the loose tobacco pieces in which the moth might breed. Make a spray mixture containing 1/2 oz. DIPEL 2X per 2 1/2 gallons of water. Apply this at a rate of 1/2 gallon per 1000 sq. ft. of surface area Be sure to spray into cracks and between floorboards.

### NOTICE TO USER

Seller makes no warranty, express or implied, of merchantability, fitness or otherwise concerning the use of this product other than as indicated on the label. Use'r assumes all risks of use, storage or handling not in strict accordance with accompanying directions.

Before using any tank mix, read the product labels for all environmental and use cautions.

Chemical and Agricultural Products Division Abbott Laboratories North Chicago, IL 60064 19-Oct-1988