

UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY WASHINGTON, DC 20460

OFFICE OF CHEMICAL SAFETY AND POLLUTION PREVENTION

September 5, 2019

Ian Murphy Federal Registrations Manager Bayer CropSciences 2 T.W. Alexander Drive P.O. Box 12014 Research Triangle Park, NC 27709

Subject: PRIA Label Amendment – Adding soil uses for already approved use sites, revising plant back interval for sugar beets Product Name: SIVANTO 400 SL EPA Registration Number: 264-1198 Application Date: 11/15/18 Decision Number: 546527

Dear Mr. Murphy:

The amended label referred to above, submitted in connection with registration under the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide and Rodenticide Act, as amended, is acceptable. This approval does not affect any conditions that were previously imposed on this registration. You continue to be subject to existing conditions on your registration and any deadlines connected with them.

A stamped copy of your labeling is enclosed for your records. This labeling supersedes all previously accepted labeling. You must submit one copy of the final printed labeling before you release the product for shipment with the new labeling. In accordance with 40 CFR 152.130(c), you may distribute or sell this product under the previously approved labeling for 18 months from the date of this letter. After 18 months, you may only distribute or sell this product if it bears this new revised labeling or subsequently approved labeling. "To distribute or sell" is defined under FIFRA section 2(gg) and its implementing regulation at 40 CFR 152.3.

Should you wish to add/retain a reference to the company's website on your label, then please be aware that the website becomes labeling under the Federal Insecticide Fungicide and Rodenticide Act and is subject to review by the Agency. If the website is false or misleading, the product would be misbranded and unlawful to sell or distribute under FIFRA section 12(a)(1)(E). 40 CFR 156.10(a)(5) list examples of statements EPA may consider false or misleading. In addition, regardless of whether a website is referenced on your product's label, claims made on the website may not substantially differ from those claims approved through the registration process. Therefore, should the Agency find or if it is brought to our attention that a website contains false or misleading statements or claims substantially differing from the EPA approved registration, the website will be referred to the EPA's Office of Enforcement and Compliance.

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Your release for shipment of the product constitutes acceptance of these conditions. If these conditions are not complied with, the registration will be subject to cancellation in accordance with FIFRA section 6. If you have any questions, please contact Marianne Lewis by phone at (703) 308-8043, or via email at lewis.marianne@epa.gov.

Sincerely,

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Gene Benbow, Product Manager 7 Invertebrate & Vertebrate Branch 3 Registration Division (7505P) Office of Pesticide Programs

A C C E P T E D 09/05/2019

Under the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide and Rodenticide Act as amended, for the pesticide registered under

EPA Reg. No. 264-1198

FLUPYRADIFURONE GROUP 4D INSECTICIDE

SIVANTO[®] 400 SL

[ABN: SIVANTO[®] 400 HL; SIVANTO[®] HL]

For use in pest management, suppression of listed insects which vector diseases and maintenance of plant health.

| ACTIVE INGREDIENT(S): | |
|-----------------------|---------------|
| FLUPYRADIFURONE: | 33.61% |
| OTHER INGREDIENTS: | <u>66.39%</u> |
| TOTAL: | 100.00% |

Contains 3.34 pounds of flupyradifurone per U.S. gallon (400 grams Al/liter)

CAS No: 951659-40-8

EPA Reg. No. 264-1198

EPA Est.No.

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN CAUTION

For MEDICAL And TRANSPORTATION Emergencies ONLY Call 24 Hours A Day 1-800-334-7577 For <u>PRODUCT USE</u> Information Call 1-866-99BAYER (1-866-992-2937)

See [Back][Side] Panel for First Aid Instructions and [Leaflet][Booklet] for Complete Precautionary Statements and Directions for Use. (Note to reviewer: Location of additional precautionary statements, directions for use will vary between those listed, depending on container type/size.)

Net Contents:

PRODUCED FOR



Bayer CropScience LP 800 N. Lindbergh Blvd. St. Louis, MO 63167 1-866-99BAYER (1-866-992-2937)

| | FIRST AID |
|----------------------------|--|
| If Swallowed: | Call a poison control center or doctor immediately for treatment advice. Have person sip a glass of water if able to swallow. Do not induce vomiting unless told to by a poison control center or doctor. Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. |
| lf on Skin or Clothing: | Take off contaminated clothing. Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15 to 20 minutes. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice. |
| lf in Eyes: | Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15-20 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice. |
| | mergency, call the toll-free Bayer CropScience Emergency Response telephone number: 1800-334-7577. roduct container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor, or going for treatment. |
| Note to Physician: | No specific antidote. Treat the patient symptomatically. |

HAZARDS TO HUMANS AND DOMESTIC ANIMALS CAUTION

· Harmful if swallowed.

• Harmful if absorbed through skin.

· Causes moderate eye irritation.

· Avoid contact with eyes, skin, and clothing.

PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT (PPE)

Applicators and other handlers must wear:

· Long sleeved shirt and long pants.

• Chemical resistant gloves made out of: barrier laminate, butyl rubber \geq 14 mils, nitrile rubber \geq 14 mils, neoprene rubber \geq 14 mils, natural rubber \geq 14 mils, polyethylene, polyvinyl chloride \geq 14 mils, or viton \geq 14 mils.

Shoes and socks.

USER SAFETY REQUIREMENTS

Follow manufacturer's instructions for cleaning/maintaining PPE. If no such instructions for washables exist, use detergent and hot water. Keep and wash PPE separately from other laundry.

Discard clothing and other absorbent materials that have been drenched or heavily contaminated with this product's concentrate. Do not reuse them.

USER SAFETY RECOMMENDATIONS

- · Users should wash hands before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco or using the toilet
- Users should remove clothing/PPE immediately if pesticide gets inside. Then wash thoroughly and put on clean clothing.
- Users should remove PPE immediately after handling this product. Wash the outside of gloves before removing. As soon as
 possible, wash thoroughly and change into clean clothing.

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS

Terrestrial Use

Do not apply directly to water, or to areas where surface water is present or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark. Do not contaminate water when disposing of equipment washwater or rinsate.

Non-Target Organisms

This pesticide is toxic to aquatic invertebrates. Drift and runoff may be hazardous to aquatic organisms in water adjacent to treated areas.

Toxic to adult bees in laboratory studies via oral exposure, however, not toxic to bees through contact exposure, and field studies conducted with this product have shown no effects on honeybee colony development.

Surface Water Advisory

Flupyradifurone and its degradate difluoroacetic acid may impact surface water quality due to runoff of rain water. This is especially true for poorly draining soils and soils with shallow ground water. **Flupyradifurone** and its degradate difluoroacetic acid are classified as having medium and high potential, respectively, for reaching surface water via run-off for several months or more after application. A level, well-maintained vegetative buffer strip between areas to which this product is applied and surface water features such as ponds, streams, and springs will reduce the potential loading of flupyradifurone and its degradate difluoroacetic acid from runoff water and sediment. Runoff of this product will be reduced by avoiding applications when rainfall is forecasted to occur within 48 hours.

Ground Water Advisory

This chemical has properties and characteristics associated with chemicals detected in ground water. This chemical may leach into ground water if used in areas where soils are permeable, particularly where the water table is shallow.

CONDITIONS OF SALE AND LIMITATIONS OF WARRANTY AND LIABILITY

Read the entire Directions for Use, Conditions, Disclaimer of Warranties and Limitations of Liability before using this product. If terms are not acceptable, return the unopened product container at once.

By using this product, user or buyer accepts the following Conditions, Disclaimer of Warranties and Limitations of Liability.

CONDITIONS: The directions for use of this product are believed to be adequate and must be followed carefully. However, it is impossible to eliminate all risks associated with the use of this product. Crop injury, ineffectiveness or other unintended consequences may result because of such factors as weather conditions, presence of other materials, or the manner of use or application, all of which are beyond the control of Bayer CropScience. To the extent consistent with applicable law, all such risks shall be assumed by the user or buyer.

DISCLAIMER OF WARRANTIES: TO THE EXTENT CONSISTENT WITH APPLICABLE LAW, BAYER CROPSCIENCE MAKES NO OTHER WARRANTIES, EXPRESS OR IMPLIED, OF MERCHANTABILITY OR OF FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE OR OTHERWISE, THAT EXTEND BEYOND THE STATEMENTS MADE ON THIS LABEL. No agent of Bayer CropScience is authorized to make any warranties beyond those contained herein or to modify the warranties contained herein. TO THE EXTENT CONSISTENT WITH APPLICABLE LAW, BAYER CROPSCIENCE DISCLAIMS ANY LIABILITY WHATSOEVER FOR SPECIAL, INCIDENTAL OR CONSEQUENTIAL DAMAGES RESULTING FROM THE USE OR HANDLING OF THIS PRODUCT.

LIMITATIONS OF LIABILITY: TO THE EXTENT CONSISTENT WITH APPLICABLE LAW, THE EXCLUSIVE REMEDY OF THE USER OR BUYER FOR ANY AND ALL LOSSES, INJURIES OR DAMAGES RESULTING FROM THE USE OR HANDLING OF THIS PRODUCT, WHETHER IN CONTRACT, WARRANTY, TORT, NEGLIGENCE, STRICT LIABILITY OR OTHERWISE, SHALL NOT EXCEED THE PURCHASE PRICE PAID, OR AT BAYER CROPSCIENCE'S ELECTION, THE REPLACEMENT OF PRODUCT.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling Read the entire label before using this product.

Do not apply this product in a way that will contact workers or other persons, either directly or through drift. Only protected handlers may be in the area during application. For any requirements specific to your State or Tribe, consult the agency responsible for pesticide regulation.

Not for use on crops intended to be grown for seed unless specified otherwise in the crop specific sections of this label or allowed by state specific 24(c) labeling.

No aerial application in New York State.

Not for sale, distribution or use in Nassau and Suffolk Counties New York except as permitted under FIFRA Section 24(c), Special Local Need Registration.

POLLINATOR BEST MANAGEMENT PRACTICE

In order to minimize exposure to pollinators, it is recommended that foliar insecticides are applied late in the afternoon, evening, or at night outside of daily peak foraging periods.

AGRICULTURE USE REQUIREMENTS

Use this product only in accordance with its labeling and with the Worker Protection Standard, 40 CFR part 170. This Standard contains requirements for the protection of agricultural workers on farms, forests, nurseries, and greenhouses and handlers of agricultural pesticides. It contains requirements for training, decontamination, and emergency assistance. It also contains specific instructions and exceptions pertaining to the statements on this label about personal protective equipment (PPE), notification to workers, and restricted-entry interval. The requirements in this box only apply to uses of this product that are covered by the Worker Protection Standard. Do not enter or allow worker entry into treated areas during the restricted entry interval (REI) of 4 Hour(s), with the exception of California and New York. In the state of California the REI is 12 hours. In the state of New York the REI is 4 hours for all listed crops except for grapes for which the REI is 12 hours.

Exception: If the product is soil injected or soil incorporated, the Worker Protection Standard under certain circumstances, allows workers to enter the treated area without restrictions if there will be no contact with anything that has been treated.

PPE required for early entry to treated areas (that is permitted under the Worker Protection Standard and that involves contact with anything that has been treated, such as plants, soil, or water), is:

Coveralls

• Chemical resistant gloves made out of: barrier laminate, butyl rubber \geq 14 mils, nitrile rubber \geq 14 mils, neoprene rubber \geq 14 mils, natural rubber \geq 14 mils, polyethylene, polyvinyl chloride \geq 14 mils, or viton \geq 14 mils.

· Shoes and socks

PRODUCT INFORMATION

SIVANTO® 400 SL:

• is a broad-spectrum insecticide, formulated in a 3.34 lb Al/gallon (400 grams Al/liter) SL (soluble liquid);

- · belongs to a class of chemicals known as the Butenolides;
- is acropetally systemic, moving from roots to the leaves in the case of soil applications;
- is translaminar through the leaf tissue and acropetally systemic, moving from points of contact to leaf tips in the case of foliar applications;

• can provide control of labeled pests on the underside of leaves; • is readily absorbed into leaf tissue and is considered "rainfast" within 1 hour after spray dries.

USE RESTRICTIONS

• Do not tank mix with azole fungicides (FRAC group 3) during bloom period.

• Not for use on greenhouse or planthouse crops except where permitted in crop use specific directions or allowed by state specific 24(c) labeling.

• Foliar applications must be tank-mixed with a spray adjuvant / additive having spreading and penetrating properties to maximize leaf uptake and systemicity of the active ingredient within treated plants; please contact your local Bayer CropScience representative or PCA for specific recommendations by crop.

Refer to the specific use directions and restrictions in each Crop, Crop Group or Crop Subgroup table.

APPLICATION INSTRUCTIONS

SIVANTO 400 SL may be:

• applied as a foliar application using properly calibrated ground sprayers, fixed or rotary winged aircraft, or through properly designed, sprinkler-type overhead chemigation equipment (See Chemigation – Directions for Use section below); or

• applied as a soil application using low-pressure drip, trickle or micro-sprinkler chemigation, soil shank injection, plant drench, or a planthouse tray drench. For seedling flats or trays, only apply with broadcast, foliar applications or where product is intended to be washed from foliage to soil prior to drying on foliage.

CHEMIGATION

Types of Irrigation Systems

SIVANTO 400 SL may be applied by chemigation:

• for foliar applications, through overhead sprinkler-type irrigation systems, including center pivot, lateral move, side roll, or overhead solid-set systems or equivalent equipment; and

· for soil applications, through low-pressure drip, trickle or micro-sprinkler systems or equivalent equipment.

Uniform Water Distribution and System Calibration

The chemigation system must provide uniform distribution of treated water. Crop injury, lack of effectiveness, or illegal pesticide residues in the crop can result from non-uniform distribution of treated water. The chemigation system must be calibrated to uniformly apply the rates specified in crop-specific label sections. If you have questions about calibration, you should contact State Extension Service specialists, equipment manufacturers or other experts.

Chemigation Monitoring

A person knowledgeable of the chemigation system and responsible for its operation, or under the supervision of the responsible person, shall shut the system down and make necessary adjustments should the need arise.

Required System Safety Devices

The system must contain a functional check valve, vacuum relief valve, and low-pressure drain appropriately located on the irrigation pipeline to prevent water source contamination from backflow. The pesticide injection pipeline must contain a functional, automatic, quick-closing check valve to prevent the flow of fluid back toward the injection pump. The pesticide injection pipeline must also contain a functional, normally closed, solenoid-operated valve located on the intake side of the injection pump and connected to the system interlock to prevent fluid from being withdrawn from the supply tank when the irrigation system is either automatically or manually shut down. The system must contain functional interlocking controls to automatically shut off the pesticide injection pump when the water pump motor stops. The irrigation line or water pump must include a functional pressure switch, which will stop the water pump motor when the water pressure decreases to the point where pesticide distribution is adversely affected. Systems must use a metering pump, such as a positive displacement injection pump (e.g., diaphragm pump) effectively designed and constructed of materials that are compatible with pesticides and capable of being fitted with a system interlock.

Using Water from Public Water Systems

Do not connect an irrigation system (including greenhouse systems) used for pesticide application to a public water system unless the pesticide label-prescribed safety devices for public water systems are in place.

Public water system means a system for the provision to the public of piped water for human consumption if such system has at least 15 service connections or regularly serves an average of at least 25 individuals daily at least 60 days out of the year. Chemigation systems connected to public water systems must contain a functional, reduced-pressure zone, back-flow preventer (RPZ) or the functional equivalent in the water supply line upstream from the point of pesticide introduction. As an option to the RPZ, the water from the public water system should be discharged into a reservoir tank prior to pesticide introduction. There shall be a complete physical break (air gap) between the outlet end of the fill pipe and to top or overflow rim of the reservoir tank of at least twice the inside diameter of the fill pipe. The pesticide injection pipeline must contain a functional automatic quick-closing check valve to prevent the flow of fluid back toward the injection pump. The pesticide injection pipeline must contain a functional normally closed solenoid-operated valve located on the intake side of the injection pump and connected to the system interlock to prevent fluid from being withdrawn from the supply tank when the irrigation system is either automatically or manually shut down. The system must contain functional interlocking controls to automatically shut off the pesticide injection pump when the water pump motor stops or in cases where there is no water pump, when the water pressure decreases to the point where pesticide distribution is adversely affected. Systems must use a metering pump such as a positive displacement injection pump (e.g. diaphragm pump) effectively designed and constructed of materials that are compatible with pesticides and capable of being fitted with a system interlock. Do not apply when wind speed favors drift beyond the area intended for treatment.

Injection for Chemigation

Inject the specified dosage of SIVANTO 400 SL into the irrigation main water stream: (1) through a constant flow, metering device; (2) into the center of the main line flow via a pitot tube or equivalent; (3) at a point ahead of at least one, right-angle turn in the main stream flow such that thorough mixing with the irrigation water is ensured.

Center-Pivot and Automatic-Move Linear Systems

Inject the specified dosage per acre continuously for one complete revolution (center pivot) or move of the system. The system should be run at maximum speed. It is recommended that nozzles in the immediate area of control panels, chemical supply tanks, pumps, and system safety devices be plugged to prevent chemical contamination of these areas. The use of END GUNS is NOT RECOMMENDED. End guns that provide uneven distribution of treated water can result in lack of effectiveness or illegal pesticide residues in or on the crop.

Solid Set and Manually Controlled Linear Systems

For foliar application, injection should be applied at the end of the irrigation cycle and followed by sufficient water to flush the product out of the irrigation system.

Flushing and Cleaning the Chemical Injection System

At the end of the application period, allow time for all lines to flush the pesticide through all nozzles or emitters before turning off irrigation water. To ensure the lines are flushed and free of pesticides, a dye indicator may be injected into the lines to mark the end of the application period.

In order to apply pesticides accurately, the chemical injection system must be kept clean, free of chemical or fertilizer residues and sediments. Refer to your owner's manual or ask your equipment supplier for the cleaning procedure for your injection system.

SPRAY DRIFT MANAGEMENT

The interaction of many equipment and weather related factors determine the potential for spray drift. The applicator is responsible for considering all of these factors when making application decisions. Consult the local Cooperative Extension for additional information. Avoiding spray drift is the responsibility of the applicator.

Droplet Size

Use nozzles and pressure that generate droplet sizes which provide sufficient control and coverage. Higher flow nozzles and lower pressures will produce larger droplets and minimize drift. Use larger droplet size when applying in hot, dry conditions (droplet evaporation is higher under these conditions, thus reducing the effective droplet size and increasing drift potential). Nozzles that deliver coarse spray droplets may be used to reduce spray drift provided spray volume per acre (GPA) is increased to maintain crop coverage. Applications with very course, extremely coarse, or ultra-coarse droplets will not provide adequate coverage.

Wind Speed

Drift potential increases at wind speeds of less than 3 mph (due to inversion potential) or more than 10 mph. Applications during gusty or calm wind conditions should be avoided. However, many factors, including droplet size, canopy and equipment specifications determine drift potential at any given wind speed. For applications made in-furrow or below soil-level, wind speed restrictions are not applicable.

Temperature Inversions

Drift potential is high during temperature inversions and applications should be avoided under these conditions. Temperature inversions are common on nights with limited cloud cover and light to no wind. They begin to form as the sun sets and often continue into the morning. Their presence can be indicated by ground fog. If fog is not present, inversions can also be identified by the movement of smoke or dust from a ground source -- smoke or dust that layers and moves laterally in a concentrated cloud (under low wind conditions) indicates an inversion.

Sensitive Areas

When applying adjacent to residential areas, water bodies, habitats know to have threatened or endangered species, or non-target crops, drift can be minimized to these areas by making application when the wind is direction is away from these areas.

Where states or local authorities have more stringent regulations, they should be observed.

Aerial Applications

- · Mount the spray boom on the aircraft so as to minimize drift caused by wing tip vortices.
- The minimum practical boom length should be used, and should not exceed 75% of the wing span or rotor diameter.

• Applications should not be made at a height greater than 10 feet above the top of the largest plants unless a greater height is required for aircraft safety.

· No aerial application in New York State.

COMPATIBILITY TESTING AND TANK MIX PARTNERS

• If SIVANTO 400 SL is to be tank mixed with other pesticides, compatibility should be tested prior to mixing.

• It is the pesticide user's responsibility to ensure that all products are registered for the intended use. Read and follow the applicable restrictions and limitations and directions for use on all product labels involved in tank mixing. Users must follow the most restrictive directions for use and precautionary statements of each product in the tank mixture.

• Foliar applications must be tank-mixed with a spray adjuvant / additive having spreading and penetrating properties to maximize leaf uptake and systemicity of the active ingredient within treated plants; please contact your local Bayer CropScience representative or PCA for specific recommendations by crop.

Compatibility

SIVANTO 400 SL is physically and biologically compatible with many registered pesticides and fertilizers or micronutrients. However, it is known that many components, including crop protection products, fertilizers, micronutrients, and spray adjuvants, may be present in a tank mix combination. There is potential for adverse chemical reactions. It is impossible to determine physical, biological, and plant compatibility for all scenarios that may be encountered; therefore, it is recommended that users determine the chemical, physical, biological, and plant compatibility of such mixes prior to application on a broad commercial scale.

Order of Mixing

SIVANTO 400 SL may be used with other recommended pesticides, fertilizers, and micronutrients. The proper mixing procedure for SIVANTO 400 SL alone or in tank mix combinations with other pesticides is the following:

- 1. Fill the spray tank 1/4 to 1/3 full with clean water.
- 2. While recirculating and with the agitator running, add any products in PVA bags (See Important). Allow time for thorough mixing.
- 3. Continue to fill spray tank with water until 1/2 full.
- 4. Add any wettable powder (WP), water dispersible granule (WG/WDG) products, or "flowable" (FL/SC) type products.
- 5. Allow enough time for thorough mixing of each product added to tank.
- 6. Add required amount of SIVANTO 400 SL.
- 7. If applicable, add any remaining tank mix components: emulsifiable concentrates (EC), fertilizers and micronutrients.
- 8. Fill spray tank to desired level and maintain constant agitation to ensure uniformity of spray mixture.

IMPORTANT: Do not use PVA packets in a tank mix with products that contain boron or release free chlorine. The resultant reaction of PVA and boron or free chlorine is a plastic that is not soluble in water or solvents.

INSECTICIDE RESISTANCE MANAGEMENT (IRAC) RECOMMENDATIONS

For resistance management, SIVANTO 400 SL contains a Group 4D insecticide. Any insect population may contain individuals naturally resistant to SIVANTO 400 SL and other Group 4D insecticides. The resistant individuals may dominate the insect population if this group of insecticides are used repeatedly in the same fields. Appropriate resistance-management strategies should be followed. To delay insecticide resistance, take one or more of the following steps:

- Rotate the use of SIVANTO 400 SL or other Group 4D insecticides within a growing season, or among growing seasons, with different groups that control the same pests
- Use tank mixtures with insecticides from a different group that are equally effective on the target pest when such use is
 permitted. Do not rely on the same mixture repeatedly for the same pest population. Consider any known cross-resistance
 issues (for the targeted pests) between the individual components of a mixture. In addition, consider the following
 recommendations provided by the Insecticide Resistance Action Committee (IRAC):
 - Individual insecticides selected for use in mixtures should be highly effective and be applied at the rates at which they
 are individually registered for use against the
 target species.
 - Mixtures with components having the same IRAC mode of action classification are not recommended for insect resistance management.
 - When using mixtures, consider any known cross-resistance issues between the individual components for the targeted pest(s).
 - Mixtures become less effective if resistance is already developing to one or both active ingredients, but they may still provide pest management benefits.
 - The insect resistance management benefits of an insecticide mixture are greatest if the two components have similar periods of residual insecticidal activity. Mixtures of insecticides with unequal periods of residual insecticide activity may offer an insect resistance management benefit only for the period where both insecticides are active.
- Adopt an integrated pest management program for insecticide use that includes scouting, uses historical information related to
 pesticide use, crop rotation, record keeping, and which considers cultural, biological and other chemical control practices.
- Monitor after application for unexpected target pest survival. If the level of survival suggests the presence of resistance, consult
 with your local university specialist or certified pest control advisor.
- Contact your local extension specialist or certified crop advisors for any additional pesticide resistance-management and/or IPM recommendations for the specific site and pest problems in your area.
- For further information or to report suspected resistance contact Bayer CropScience at 1-866-99BAYER (1-866-992-2937).

ROTATIONAL CROPS¹

Treated areas may be replanted in accordance with the following schedule:

IMMEDIATE PLANT-BACK:

ALFALFA; BRASSICA (COLE) LEAFY VEGETABLES (Crop Group 5); BUSHBERRY (Crop Subgroup 13-07B); BLUEBERRY; CANEBERRY (Crop Subgroup 13-07A); CEREAL GRAINS (Crop Group 15) and FORAGE, FODDER AND STRAW OF CEREAL GRAINS (Crop Group 16); CHRISTMAS TREES; CITRUS FRUITS (Crop Group 10-10); CLOVER²; COTTONSEED (Crop Subgroup 20C); CUCURBIT VEGETABLES (Crop Group 9); FRUITING VEGETABLES (Crop Group 8-10); HOP; KAVA; LEAFY VEGETABLES - EXCEPT BRASSICA VEGETABLES (Crop Group 4); LEGUME VEGETABLES - SUCCULENT OR DRIED (Crop Group 6) and FOLIAGE OF LEGUME VEGETABLES - FOR ANIMAL FEED (Crop Group 7); LOW GROWING BERRY (Crop Subgroup 13-07G) -EXCEPT CRANBERRY; PEANUT; POME FRUITS (Crop Group 11-10); ROOT VEGETABLES - EXCEPT SUGARBEET (Subgroup 1B); SMALL FRUIT VINE CLIMBING - EXCEPT FUZZY KIWIFRUIT (Crop Subgroup 13-07F); SORGHUM; STONE FRUITS (Crop Group 12-12); TARO LEAVES; TREE NUTS (Crop Group 14-12) - EXCEPT ALMOND; TROPICAL AND SUBTROPICAL, MEDIUM TO LARGE FRUIT, SMOOTH, INEDIBLE PEEL (Crop Subgroup 24B); TUBEROUS AND CORM VEGETABLES (Crop Subgroup 1C); TURNIP GREENS

14-DAY PLANT-BACK:

Sugarcane (Florida Only³)

6-MONTH PLANT-BACK:

Sugar beet

12-MONTH PLANT-BACK:

For crops not listed on this label, or for crops for which no tolerances for the active ingredients have been established, the plant-back interval must be observed.

¹Cover crops for soil building or erosion control may be planted any time, but do not graze or harvest for food or feed.

²For Idaho, Oregon and Washington Only.

³Sugarcane: 12-month plant back in all registered states except for Florida (14-Day).

SPECIFIC CROP DIRECTIONS

· Choose lower rate for light infestations and the higher rate for heavy infestations.

| ALFALFA FOLIAR - Grown For Forage, Fodder, Seed, Straw, and Hay | |
|---|------------------------|
| Pest Controlled | Product Rate (fl oz/A) |
| Aphids | 3.5 - 7.0 |
| Leafhoppers | |
| Three-cornered alfalfa hopper | 5.5 - 7.0 |
| Whiteflies | |
| Pest Suppressed | Product Rate (fl oz/A) |
| Tarnished plant bug (<i>Lygus lineolaris</i>) | 7.0 |
| Western plant bug (<i>Lygus hesperus</i>) | |
| Application Restrictions: Pre-Harvest Interval (PHI): 7 Day(s) Minimum interval between applications: 10 Day(s) Minimum Application Volume: 10 Gallons/Acre Ground ; 3 Gallons/Acre Aerial Do not apply more than 14 fl oz of SIVANTO 400 SL (0.365 Pounds Flupyradifurone) per Acre Per Calendar Year on alfalfa, regardless of product or formulation. | |

BRASSICA (COLE) LEAFY VEGETABLES (Crop Group 5) FOLIAR

Broccoli; Broccoli raab (rapini); Broccoli, Chinese (gai lon); Brussels sprouts; Cabbage; Cabbage, Chinese (bok choy); Cabbage, Chinese (napa); Cabbage, Chinese mustard (gai choy); Cauliflower; Cavalo broccolo; Collards; Kale; Kohlrabi; Mizuna; Mustard greens; Mustard spinach; Rape greens

| Pest Controlled | Product Rate (fl oz/A) |
|-----------------------------------|------------------------|
| Aphids (except green peach aphid) | 3.5 - 7.0 |
| Leafhoppers | |
| Green peach aphid | 5.5 - 7.0 |
| Whiteflies | |

Application Restrictions:

Pre-Harvest Interval (PHI): 1 Day(s)Minimum interval between applications: 7 Day(s) Minimum Application Volume: 10 Gallons/Acre | Ground ; 3 Gallons/Acre | Aerial

Do not apply more than **14 fl oz** of **SIVANTO 400 SL** (**0.365 Pounds Flupyradifurone**) per **Acre Per Crop Season** on brassica (cole) leafy vegetables, regardless of method of application, product or formulation.

Maximum number of crop seasons per year: 3

BRASSICA (COLE) LEAFY VEGETABLES (Crop Group 5) SOIL

Broccoli; Broccoli raab (rapini); Broccoli, Chinese (gai lon); Brussels sprouts; Cabbage; Cabbage, Chinese (bok choy); Cabbage, Chinese (napa); Cabbage, Chinese mustard (gai choy); Cauliflower; Cavalo broccolo; Collards; Kale; Kohlrabi; Mizuna; Mustard greens; Mustard spinach; Rape greens

| Pest Controlled | Product Rate (fl oz/A) |
|--|------------------------|
| Aphids | 10.5 - 14.0 |
| Leafhoppers | |
| Whiteflies | |
| Application Information: SIVANTO 400 SL may be applied at the specified dosage by the following methods: Chemigation into root zone through low-pressure drip, trickle, micro-sprinkler or equivalent equipment Injection below the eventual seed line prior to planting. Place SIVANTO 400 SL 3 - 4 inches below seed line In-furrow spray at planting Potting hole drench at transplanting Post-transplant drench following setting and covering | |
| Application Restrictions: Pre-Harvest Interval (PHI): 21 Day(s) Do not apply more than 14 fl oz of SIVANTO 400 SL (0.365 Pounds Flupyradifurone) per Acre Per Crop Season on brassica (cole) leafy vegetables, regardless of method of application, product or formulation. Maximum number of crop seasons per year: 3 | |

BUSHBERRY (Crop Subgroup 13-07B) FOLIAR

Aronia berry; Blueberry, highbush; Blueberry, lowbush; Chilean guava; Currant (black, buffalo, native and red); Elderberry; European barberry; Gooseberry; Highbush cranberry; Honeysuckle, edible; Huckleberry; Jostaberry; Juneberry; Lingonberry; Salal; Sea buckthorn; cultivars, varieties and/or hybrids of these

| Pest Controlled | Product Rate (fl oz/A) |
|---|------------------------|
| Aphids | 3.5 - 7.0 |
| Blueberry thrips-feeding damage reduction (<i>Frankliniella vaccinii</i>) | 5.5 - 7.0 |
| Blueberry maggot | 6.0 - 7.0 |
| Pest Suppressed | Product Rate (fl oz/A) |
| Blueberry thrips (<i>Scirtothrips citri</i>) | 5.5 - 7.0 |
| Chilli thrips (Scirtothrips dorsalis) | 7.0 |
| Application Restrictions: Pre-Harvest Interval (PHI): 3 Day(s) Minimum interval between applications: 7 Day(s) Minimum Application Volume: 25 Gallons/Acre Ground ; 3 Gallons/Acre Aerial Do not apply more than 14 fl oz of SIVANTO 400 SL (0.365 Pounds Flupyradifurone) per Acre Per Calendar Year on bushberry, | |

regardless of method of application, product or formulation.

BUSHBERRY (Crop Subgroup 13-07B) SOIL

Aronia berry; Blueberry, highbush; Blueberry, lowbush; Chilean guava; Currant (black, buffalo, native and red); Elderberry; European barberry; Gooseberry; Highbush cranberry; Honeysuckle, edible; Huckleberry; Jostaberry; Juneberry; Lingonberry; Salal; Sea buckthorn; cultivars, varieties and/or hybrids of these

| Product Rate (fl oz/A) |
|------------------------|
| 3.5 - 7.0 |
| 5.5 - 7.0 |
| 6.0 - 7.0 |
| Product Rate (fl oz/A) |
| 5.5 - 7.0 |
| 7.0 |
| |

Application Information:

SIVANTO 400 SL may be applied at the specified dosage by the following methods:

Potting hole drench at transplanting

· Chemigation into root-zone through low-pressure drip, trickle, micro-sprinkler or equivalent equipment

Application Restrictions:

Pre-Harvest Interval (PHI): 30 Day(s)

Do not apply more than **14 fl oz** of **SIVANTO[®] 400 SL** (**0.365 Pounds Flupyradifurone**, **0.365 Pounds Flupyradifurone**)per **Acre Per Crop Season** on bushberry, regardless of method of application, product or formulation. Maximum number of crop seasons per year: 3

| BLUEBERRY FOLIAR | | |
|--|------------------------|--|
| Pest Suppressed | Product Rate (fl oz/A) | |
| Blueberry stem gall wasp | 4.7 - 7.0 | |
| Application Information: Start sprays at early bloom through 7 days after petal fall. | | |
| Application Restrictions: Pre-Harvest Interval (PHI): 30 Day(s) Minimum interval between applications: 3 Day(s) Minimum Application Volume: 25 Gallons/Acre Ground ; 3 Gallons/Acre Aerial Do not apply more than 14 fl oz of SIVANTO 400 SL (0.365 Pounds Flupyradifurone) per Acre Per Calendar Year on blueberry, regardless of method of application, product or formulation. | | |

CANEBERRY (Crop Subgroup 13-07A) FOLIAR

Blackberry; Loganberry; Raspberry (black and red); Wild raspberry; cultivars, varieties and/or hybrids of these

| Pest Controlled | Product Rate (fl oz/A) |
|-----------------|------------------------|
| Aphids | 3.5 - 7.0 |
| Whiteflies | 5.5 - 7.0 |

Application Restrictions:

Pre-Harvest Interval (PHI): 0 Day(s)

Minimum interval between applications: 7 Day(s)

Minimum Application Volume: 30 Gallons/Acre | Ground ; 3 Gallons/Acre | Aerial

Do not apply more than 14 fl oz of SIVANTO 400 SL (0.365 Pounds Flupyradifurone) per Acre Per Year on caneberry, regardless of product or formulation.

CEREAL GRAINS (Crop Group 15) and FORAGE, FODDER AND STRAW OF CEREAL GRAINS (Crop Group 16) FOLIAR - Including production for seed

Quinoa

Crop Group 15 (excluding Rice; Wild rice) - Barley; Buckwheat; Corn (field corn, grown for seed, sweet corn and popcorn); Millet, pearl; Millet, proso; Oats; Rye; Sorghum (except sweet sorghum grown for syrup)¹; Teosinte; Triticale; Wheat.

Crop Group 16 (excluding Rice; Wild rice) - Barley; Buckwheat; Corn (field corn, grown for seed, sweet corn and popcorn); Millet, pearl; Millet, proso; Oats; Rye; Sorghum (except sweet sorghum grown for syrup)¹; Teosinte; Triticale; Wheat

| Pest Controlled | Product Rate (fl oz/A) |
|--------------------------|------------------------|
| Aphids | 3.5 - 7.0 |
| Leafhoppers | |
| Whiteflies | 5.5 - 7.0 |
| Application Information: | |

¹See separate Use Table for Sorghum - Soil application instructions

Application Restrictions:

Pre-Harvest Interval (PHI): 7 Day(s) - hay, forage or sweet corn

Pre-Harvest Interval (PHI): 21 Day(s) - dried grain, stover or straw

Minimum interval between applications: 7 Day(s)

Minimum Application Volume: 10 Gallons/Acre | Ground ; 3 Gallons/Acre | Aerial

Do not apply more than **14 fl oz** of **SIVANTO 400 SL** (**0.365 Pounds Flupyradifurone**) per **Acre Per Calendar Year** on cereal grains, regardless of method of application, product or formulation.

CHRISTMAS TREES FOLIAR

| FOLIAR | |
|---|------------------------|
| Pest Controlled | Product Rate (fl oz/A) |
| Aphids | 3.5 - 7.0 |
| Application Information: Start treatments when pests are first detected. Use the higher rate for higher pest infestation levels. | |
| Application Restrictions: Minimum Application Volume: 25 Gallons/Acre Ground ; 10 Gallons/Acre Aerial Minimum interval between applications: 7 Day(s) | |

CITRUS FRUITS (Crop Group 10-10) FOLIAR

Calamondin; Citron; Citrus hybrids; Grapefruit; Japanese summer grapefruit; Kumquat; Lemon; Lime; Lime (Sweet, Australian desert, Australian finger, Australian round, Brown River finger, Mount White, New Guinea wild, Russell River, Tahiti); Mediterranean mandarin; Orange (sour, sweet, Tachibana, Trifoliate); Pummelo; Satsuma mandarin; Tangelo; Tangerine (Mandarin); Tangor; Uniq fruit; cultivars, varieties and/or hybrids of these

| Pest Controlled | Product Rate (fl oz/A) |
|--|------------------------|
| Aphids | 3.5 - 7.0 |
| Citrus mealybug | |
| Asian citrus psyllid | 5.5 - 7.0 |
| Citricola scale | |
| Whiteflies | |
| Pest Suppressed | Product Rate (fl oz/A) |
| Barnacle scaleCitrus thrips (<i>Scirtothrips citri</i>) | 5.5 - 7.0 |
| Katydid nymphs | |
| Citrus leafminer | 7.0 |

Application Information:

¹Time SIVANTO 400 SL applications for contol of barnacle scale according to crawler stage. Two applications may be required to achieve best efficacy.

Application Restrictions:

Pre-Harvest Interval (PHI): 1 Day(s)

Minimum interval between applications: 10 Day(s)

Minimum Application Volume: 50 Gallons/Acre | Ground ; 10 Gallons/Acre | Aerial

For Florida only- Minimum Application Volume: 2.5 Gallons/Acre | Ground; For Florida and Texas only: Minimum Application Volume: 3 Gallons/Acre | Aerial for control of Asian citrus psyllid. For control or suppression of other pests, application volumes should be increased to provide thorough and complete coverage to obtain adequate control.

Do not apply more than 14 fl oz of SIVANTO 400 SL (0.365 Pounds Flupyradifurone) per Acre Per Calendar Year on citrus fruit,

CITRUS FRUITS (Crop Group 10-10) SOIL

Calamondin; Citron; Citrus hybrids; Grapefruit; Japanese summer grapefruit; Kumquat; Lemon; Lime; Lime (Sweet, Australian desert, Australian finger, Australian round, Brown River finger, Mount White, New Guinea wild, Russell River, Tahiti); Mediterranean mandarin; Orange (sour, sweet, Tachibana, Trifoliate); Pummelo; Satsuma mandarin; Tangelo; Tangerine (Mandarin); Tangor; Uniq fruit; cultivars, varieties and/or hybrids of these

| Pest Controlled | Product Rate (fl oz/A) |
|--|------------------------|
| Aphids | 10.5 - 14.0 |
| Asian citrus psyllid | |
| Whiteflies | |
| Pest Suppressed | Product Rate (fl oz/A) |
| Citrus canker (<i>Xanthomonas citri subsp. Citri</i>) | 14.0 |

Application Information:

SIVANTO 400 SL may be applied at the specified dosage by the following methods:

- Chemigation into root zone through low-pressure drip, trickle, micro-sprinkler or equivalent equipment
- · Basal drench in sufficient water to move SIVANTO 400 SL into root zone

• Shank or subsurface side-dress, injected to a depth just above or just within the root zone and between the trunk and drip line of the tree canopy. Apply product in a minimum of 10 gallons per acre using multiple shanks on both sides of trees. Ensure product placement is below sod or orchard floor debris. Irrigation covering entire treated area should follow within 48 hours to promote uptake by root system.

Application Restrictions:

Pre-Harvest Interval (PHI): 30 Day(s)

Do not apply more than **14 fl oz** of **SIVANTO 400 SL** (**0.365 Pounds Flupyradifurone**) per **Acre Per Calendar Year** on citrus fruit, regardless of method of application, product or formulation.

| CLOVER ¹ FOLIAR - Grown For Forage, Fodder, Seed, Straw and Hay | |
|---|-----------|
| Pest Controlled Product Rate (fl oz/A) | |
| Aphids | 3.5 - 7.0 |
| Leafhoppers | |
| Application Restrictions: Pre-Harvest Interval (PHI): 14 Day(s) Minimum interval between applications: 10 Day(s) Minimum Application Volume: 10 Gallons/Acre Ground ; 3 Gallons/Acre Aerial Do not apply more than 14 fl oz of SIVANTO 400 SL (0.365 Pounds Flupyradifurone) per Acre Per Calendar Year on clover, regardless of product or formulation. ¹ Only For Use in: Idaho,Oregon and Washington. | |

| COTTONSEED (Crop Subgroup 20C) FOLIAR - Including Production for Seed | |
|---|------------------------|
| Pest Controlled | Product Rate (fl oz/A) |
| Aphids | 3.5 - 7.0 |
| Fleahoppers | |
| Whiteflies | 5.5 - 7.0 |
| Application Restrictions: Pre-Harvest Interval (PHI): 14 Day(s) Minimum interval between applications: 10 Day(s) Minimum Application Volume: 10 Gallons/Acre Ground ; 3 Gallons/Acre Aerial Do not apply more than 14 fl oz of SIVANTO 400 SL (0.365 Pounds Flupyradifurone) per Acre Per Calendar Year on cotton, regardless of product or formulation. | |

CUCURBIT VEGETABLES (Crop Group 9) FOLIAR

Chayote (fruit); Chinese waxgourd (Chinese preserving melon); Citron melon; Cucumber; Gherkin; Gourd, edible (includes hyotan, cucuzza, hechima, Chinese okra); Momordica spp. (includes balsam apple, balsam pear, bitter melon, Chinese cucumber); Muskmelon (hybrids and/or cultivars of Cucumis melo including true cantaloupe, cantaloupe, casaba, Crenshaw melon, golden pershaw melon, honeydew melon, honey balls, mango melon, Persian melon, pineapple melon, Santa Claus melon, and snake melon) ; Pumpkin; Squash , summer (includes crookneck squash, scallop squash, straightneck squash, vegetable marrow, zucchini); Squash, winter (includes butternut squash, calabaza, hubbard squash, acorn squash, spaghetti squash); Watermelon (includes hybrids and/or varieties of Citrullus lanatus)

| Product Rate (fl oz/A) |
|------------------------|
| 3.5 - 7.0 |
| |
| 5.5 - 7.0 |
| |
| |
| Product Rate (fl oz/A) |
| 7.0 |
| |

Application Information:

A mild yellowing on leaf margins is sometimes seen following application of SIVANTO 400 SL in cucurbits.

Application Restrictions:

Pre-Harvest Interval (PHI): 1 Day(s)

Minimum interval between applications: 7 Day(s)

Minimum Application Volume: 10 Gallons/Acre | Ground ; 3 Gallons/Acre | Aerial

Do not apply more than **14 fl oz** of **SIVANTO 400 SL** (**0.365 Pounds Flupyradifurone**) per **Acre Per Calendar Year** on cucurbit vegetables, regardless of method of application, product or formulation.

Do not apply **SIVANTO 400 SL** as a foliar application to muskmelon (hybrids and/or cultivars of Cucumis melo including true cantaloupe, cantaloupe, casaba, Crenshaw melon, golden pershaw melon, honeydew melon, honey balls, mango melon, Persian melon, pineapple melon, Santa Claus melon, and snake melon).

CUCURBIT VEGETABLES (Crop Group 9) SOIL

Chayote (fruit); Chinese waxgourd (Chinese preserving melon); Citron melon; Cucumber; Gherkin; Gourd, edible (includes hyotan, cucuzza, hechima, Chinese okra); Momordica spp. (includes balsam apple, balsam pear, bitter melon, Chinese cucumber); Muskmelon (hybrids and/or cultivars of Cucumis melo including true cantaloupe, cantaloupe, casaba, Crenshaw melon, golden pershaw melon, honeydew melon, honey balls, mango melon, Persian melon, pineapple melon, Santa Claus melon, and snake melon); Pumpkin; Squash, summer (includes crookneck squash, scallop squash, straightneck squash, vegetable marrow, zucchini); Squash, winter (includes butternut squash, calabaza, hubbard squash, acorn squash, spaghetti squash); Watermelon (includes hybrids and/or varieties of Citrullus lanatus)

| Pest Controlled | Product Rate (fl oz/A) |
|---|------------------------|
| Aphids | 10.5 - 14.0 |
| Leafhoppers | |
| Whiteflies | |
| Disease Suppressed | Product Rate (fl oz/A) |
| CYSDV - Cucurbit yellow stunting disorder virus | 14.0 |

Application Information:

SIVANTO 400 SL may be applied at the specified dosage by the following methods:

Chemigation into root zone through low-pressure drip, trickle, micro-sprinkler or equivalent equipment

- Injection below the eventual seed line prior to planting. Place SIVANTO 400 SL 3-4 inches below seed line. In-furrow sprav at planting.
- · Potting hole drench at transplanting
- · Post-transplant drench following setting and covering

A mild yellowing on leaf margins is sometimes seen following application of SIVANTO 400 SL in cucurbits.

Application Restrictions:

Pre-Harvest Interval (PHI): 21 Dav(s)

Do not apply more than 14 fl oz of SIVANTO 400 SL (0.365 Pounds Flupyradifurone) per Acre Per Crop Season on cucurbit vegetables, regardless of method of application, product or formulation.

Maximum number of crop seasons per year: 3

CUCURBIT VEGETABLES (Crop Group 9) PLANTHOUSE

Chayote (fruit); Chinese waxgourd (Chinese preserving melon); Citron melon; Cucumber; Gherkin; Gourd, edible (includes hyotan, cucuzza, hechima, Chinese okra); Momordica spp. (includes balsam apple, balsam pear, bitter melon, Chinese cucumber); Muskmelon (hybrids and/or cultivars of Cucumis melo including true cantaloupe, cantaloupe, casaba, Crenshaw melon, golden pershaw melon, honeydew melon, honey balls, mango melon, Persian melon, pineapple melon, Santa Claus melon, and snake melon) ; Pumpkin; Squash , summer (includes crookneck squash, scallop squash, straightneck squash, vegetable marrow, zucchini); Squash, winter (includes butternut squash, calabaza, hubbard squash, acorn squash, spaghetti squash); Watermelon (includes hybrids and/or varieties of Citrullus lanatus)

| Pest Controlled | Product Rate (fl oz/10,000 Plants) |
|---|------------------------------------|
| Aphids | 0.17 |
| Leafhoppers | |
| Whiteflies | |
| Disease Suppressed | Product Rate (fl oz/10,000 Plants) |
| CYSDV - Cucurbit yellow stunting disorder virus | 0.17 |

Application Information:

Apply specified dosage to seedlings in trays in the planthouse, targeting potting media (tray drench) between 24 hours and 7 days prior to transplanting, in one of the following methods:

• Uniform, broadcast high-volume foliar spray, followed immediately by sufficient overhead irrigation to wash SIVANTO 400 SL from foliage into potting media without loss of gravitational liquid from the bottom of the tray. Failure to wash SIVANTO 400 SL from foliage may result in reduced pest control

• Injection into overhead irrigation system, using adequate volume to thoroughly saturate potting media without loss of gravitational solution from the bottom of the tray

The application made in the planthouse will only provide short-term protection and is not intended as a substitution for a field application. An additional field application must be made within 2 weeks following transplanting to provide continuous protection. Transplants must be handled carefully during setting to avoid dislodging treated potting media from roots.

Not all varieties of cucurbit vegetables have been tested for adverse crop response to SIVANTO 400 SL applied to seedling flats. It is therefore recommended to treat a small number of plants and confirm crop tolerance for 7 days prior to treating entire planthouse.

Application Restrictions:

Only for use on seedlings intended as transplants.

Not for use in Greenhouses.

Pre-Harvest Interval (PHI): 21 Day(s)

Maximum SIVANTO 400 SL applied in the planthouse: 0.17 fl oz/10,000 plants (0.011 lb Flupyradifurone)

Maximum number of SIVANTO 400 SL applications in planthouse per crop: 1

Do not apply more than **14 fl oz** of SIVANTO 400 SL (**0.365 Pounds Flupyradifurone**) per **Acre Per Crop Season** on cucurbit vegetables, regardless of method of application, product or formulation.

FRUITING VEGETABLES (Crop Group 8-10) FOLIAR

African eggplant; Cocona; Eggplant; Garden huckleberry; Goji berry; Groundcherry; Martynia; Naranjilla; Okra; Pea eggplant; Pepino; Pepper, bell; Pepper, nonbell; Roselle; Scarlet eggplant; Sunberry; Tomatillo; Tomato (including bush, currant, tree); cultivars, varieties and/or hybrids of these

| Pest Controlled | Product Rate (fl oz/A) |
|--|------------------------|
| Aphids (except green peach aphid) | 3.5 - 7.0 |
| Leafhoppers | |
| Colorado potato beetle | 5.5 - 7.0 |
| Green peach aphid | |
| Psyllids | |
| Whiteflies | |
| Disease Suppressed | Product Rate (fl oz/A) |
| TYLCV - Tomato yellow leaf curl virus | 7.0 |
| Pest Suppressed | Product Rate (fl oz/A) |
| Chilli thrips (Scirtothrips dorsalis) | 6.0 - 7.0 |
| Application Restrictions: Pre-Harvest Interval (PHI): 1 Day(s) Minimum interval between applications: 7 Day(s) Minimum Application Volume: 10 Gallons/Acre Ground ; 3 Gallons/Acre Aerial Do not apply more than 14 fl oz of SIVANTO 400 SL (0.365 Pounds Flupyradifurone) per Acre Per Calendar Year on fruiting vegetables, regardless of product or formulation. | |

FRUITING VEGETABLES (Crop Group 8-10) SOIL

African eggplant; Cocona; Eggplant; Garden huckleberry; Goji berry; Groundcherry; Martynia; Naranjilla; Okra; Pea eggplant; Pepino; Pepper, bell; Pepper, nonbell; Roselle; Scarlet eggplant; Sunberry; Tomatillo; Tomato (including bush, currant, tree); cultivars, varieties and/or hybrids of these

| Disease Controlled | Product Rate (fl oz/A) |
|---|------------------------|
| TYLCV - Tomato yellow leaf curl virus | 14.0 |
| Pest Controlled | Product Rate (fl oz/A) |
| Aphids | 10.5 - 14.0 |
| Leafhoppers | |
| Psyllids | |
| Whiteflies | |
| Application Information: SIVANTO 400 SL may be applied at the specified dosage by the following methods: • Chemigation into root zone through low-pressure drip, trickle, micro-sprinkler or equivalent equipment • Injection below the eventual seed line prior to planting. Place SIVANTO 400 SL 3-4 inches below seed line • In-furrow spray at planting • Potting hole drench at transplanting | |

Post-transplant drench following setting and covering

Application Restrictions:

Pre-Harvest Interval (PHI): **45 Day(s)** Do not apply more than **14 fl oz** of **SIVANTO 400 SL** (**0.365 Pounds Flupyradifurone**) per **Acre Per Crop Season** on fruiting vegetables, regardless of method of application, product or formulation. Maximum number of crop seasons per year: **3**

FRUITING VEGETABLES (Crop Group 8-10) PLANTHOUSE

African eggplant; Cocona; Eggplant; Garden huckleberry; Goji berry; Groundcherry; Martynia; Naranjilla; Okra; Pea eggplant; Pepino; Pepper, bell; Pepper, nonbell; Roselle; Scarlet eggplant; Sunberry; Tomatillo; Tomato (including bush, currant, tree); cultivars, varieties and/or hybrids of these

| Pest Controlled | Product Rate (fl oz/10,000 Plants) |
|---------------------------------------|------------------------------------|
| Aphids | 0.17 |
| Leafhoppers | |
| Psyllids | |
| Whiteflies | |
| Disease Suppressed | Product Rate (fl oz/10,000 Plants) |
| TYLCV - Tomato yellow leaf curl virus | 0.17 |

Application Information:

Apply specified dosage to seedlings in trays in the planthouse, targeting potting media (tray drench) between 24 hours and 7 days prior to transplanting, in one of the following methods:

• Uniform, broadcast high-volume foliar spray, followed immediately by sufficient overhead irrigation to wash SIVANTO 400 SL from foliage into potting media without loss of gravitational liquid from the bottom of the tray. Failure to wash SIVANTO 400 SL from foliage may result in reduced pest control

• Injection into overhead irrigation system, using adequate volume to thoroughly saturate potting media without loss of gravitational solution from the bottom of the tray

The application made in the planthouse will only provide short-term protection and is not intended as a substitution for a field application. An additional field application must be made within 2 weeks following transplanting to provide continuous protection. Transplants must be handled carefully during setting to avoid dislodging treated potting media from roots.

Not all varieties of fruiting vegetables have been tested for adverse crop response to SIVANTO 400 SL applied to seedling flats. It is therefore recommended to treat a small number of plants and confirm crop tolerance for 7 days prior to treating entire planthouse.

Application Restrictions:

Only for use on seedlings intended as transplants.

Not for use in Greenhouses.

Pre-Harvest Interval (PHI): 45 Day(s)

Maximum SIVANTO 400 SL applied in the planthouse: 0.17 fl oz/10,000 plants (0.011 Pound Flupyradifurone)

Maximum number of SIVANTO 400 SL applications in planthouse per crop: 1

Do not apply more than **14 fl oz** of SIVANTO 400 SL (**0.365 Pounds Flupyradifurone**) per **Acre Per Crop Season** on fruiting vegetables, regardless of method of application, product or formulation.

HOP FOLIAR

| Pest Controlled | Product Rate (fl oz/A) |
|---------------------------|------------------------|
| Aphids | 3.5 – 5.3 |
| Application Postrictions: | |

Application Restrictions: Pre-Harvest Interval (PHI): 21 Day(s) Minimum Application Volume: 25 Gallons/Acre | Ground ; 10 Gallons/Acre | Aerial Do not apply more than 5.3 fl oz of SIVANTO 400 SL (0.14 Pounds Flupyradifurone) per Acre Per Calendar Year on hop, regardless of product or formulation.

| KAVA FOLIAR | |
|---|------------------------|
| Kava Leaves; Kava Root | |
| Pest Controlled | Product Rate (fl oz/A) |
| Aphids (except green peach aphid) | 3.5 - 7.0 |
| Leafhoppers | |
| Green peach aphid | 5.5 - 7.0 |
| Whiteflies | |
| Application Restrictions: Pre-Harvest Interval (PHI): 7 Day(s) Minimum interval between applications: 10 Day(s) Minimum Application Volume: 10 Gallons/Acre Ground ; 3 Gallons/Acre Aerial Do not apply more than 14 fl oz of SIVANTO 400 SL (0.365 Pounds Flupyradifurone) per Acre Per Crop Season on brassica (cole) leafy vegetables, regardless of method of application, product or formulation. Maximum number of crop seasons per year: 3 | |

LEAFY VEGETABLES - EXCEPT BRASSICA VEGETABLES (Crop Group 4)FOLIAR

Cilantro, fresh leaves

Amaranth (leafy amaranth, Chinese spinach, tampala); Arugula (Roquette); Cardoon; Celery; Celery, Chinese; Celtuce; Chervil; Chrysanthemum (edible-leaved and garland); Corn salad; Cress, garden; Cress, upland (yellow rocket, winter cress); Dandelion; Dock (sorrel); Endive (escarole); Fennel, Florence (finochio); Lettuce (head and leaf); Orach; Parsley; Purslane, garden; Purslane, winter; Radicchio (red chicory); Rhubarb; Spinach; Spinach, New Zealand; Spinach, vine; Malabar spinach, Indian spinach; Swiss chard

| Pest Controlled | Product Rate (fl oz/A) |
|--|------------------------|
| Aphids (except green peach aphid) | 3.5 - 7.0 |
| Leafhoppers | |
| Green peach aphid | 5.5 - 7.0 |
| Whiteflies | |
| Application Restrictions: Pre-Harvest Interval (PHI): 1 Day(s) Minimum interval between applications: 7 Day(s) Minimum Application Volume: 10 Gallons/Acre Ground ; 3 Gallons/Acre Aerial Do not apply more than 14 fl oz of SIVANTO 400 SL (0.365 Pounds Flupyradifurone)per Acre Per Crop Season on leafy vegetables, regardless of method of application, product or formulation. Maximum number of crop seasons per year: 3 | |

LEAFY VEGETABLES - EXCEPT BRASSICA VEGETABLES (Crop Group 4)SOIL

Cilantro, fresh leaves

Amaranth (leafy amaranth, Chinese spinach, tampala); Arugula (Roquette); Cardoon; Celery; Celery, Chinese; Celtuce; Chervil; Chrysanthemum (edible-leaved and garland); Corn salad; Cress, garden; Cress, upland (yellow rocket, winter cress); Dandelion; Dock (sorrel); Endive (escarole); Fennel, Florence (finochio); Lettuce (head and leaf); Orach; Parsley; Purslane, garden; Purslane, winter; Radicchio (red chicory); Rhubarb; Spinach; Spinach, New Zealand; Spinach, vine; Malabar spinach, Indian spinach; Swiss chard

| Pest Controlled | Product Rate (fl oz/A) |
|-----------------|------------------------|
| Aphids | 10.5 - 14.0 |
| Leafhoppers | |
| Whiteflies | |
| | |

Application Information:

SIVANTO 400 SL may be applied at the specified dosage by the following methods:

Chemigation into root zone through low-pressure drip, trickle, micro-sprinkler or equivalent equipment

• Injection below the eventual seed line prior to planting. Place SIVANTO 400 SL 3-4 inches below seed line

· In-furrow spray at planting

Potting hole drench at transplanting

· Post-transplant drench following setting and covering

Application Restrictions:

Pre-Harvest Interval (PHI): 21 Day(s) Do not apply more than 14 fl oz of SIVANTO 400 SL (0.36

Do not apply more than **14 fl oz** of **SIVANTO 400 SL** (**0.365 Pounds Flupyradifurone**) per **Acre Per Crop Season**on leafy vegetables, regardless of method of application, product or formulation.

Maximum number of crop seasons per year: 3

LEGUME VEGETABLES - SUCCULENT OR DRIED (Crop Group 6) and FOLIAGE OF LEGUME VEGETABLES - FOR ANIMAL FEED (Crop Group 7)

FOLIARCrop Group 6 - Bean (Lupinus spp.) (includes grain lupin, sweet lupin, white lupin, and white sweet lupin); Bean (Phaseolus spp.) (includes field bean, kidney bean, lima bean, navy bean, pinto bean, runner bean, snap bean, tepary bean, wax bean); Bean (Vigna spp.) (includes adzuki bean, asparagus bean, blackeyed pea, catjang, Chinese longbean, cowpea, Crowder pea, moth bean, mung bean, rice bean, southern pea, urd bean, yardlong bean); Broad bean (fava bean); Chickpea (garbanzo bean); Guar; Jackbean; Lablab bean (hyacinth bean); Lentil; Pea (Pisum spp.) (includes dwarf pea, edible-pod pea, English pea, field pea, garden pea, green pea, snow pea, sugar snap pea); Pigeon pea; Soybean; Soybean (immature seed); Sword bean.

Crop Group 7 (for animal feed) - Bean; Field pea; Soybean

| Pest Controlled | Product Rate (fl oz/A) |
|-----------------|------------------------|
| Aphids | 3.5 - 7.0 |
| Leafhoppers | |
| Whiteflies | 5.5 - 7.0 |

Application Restrictions:

Pre-Harvest Interval (PHI): **7 Day(s)** – Forage, Leaves, Vines, Pods, Cutting for Hay, or Seed (fresh or dry, except dry soybean seed); **21 Day(s)** – dry soybean seed

Minimum interval between applications: 10 Day(s)

Minimum Application Volume: 10 Gallons/Acre | Ground ; 3 Gallons/Acre | Aerial

Do not apply more than **14 fl oz** of **SIVANTO 400 SL** (**0.365 Pounds Flupyradifurone**) per **Acre Per Calendar Year** on legume vegetables (succulent or dried), regardless of product or formulation.

LOW GROWING BERRY (Crop Subgroup 13-07G) - EXCEPT CRANBERRY FOLIAR

Bearberry; Bilberry; Blueberry, lowbush; Cloudberry; Lingonberry; Muntries; Partridgeberry; Strawberry; cultivars, varieties and/or hybrids of these

| Pest Controlled | Product Rate (fl oz/A) |
|--|------------------------|
| Aphids | 3.5 - 7.0 |
| Blueberry thrips-feeding damage reduction (<i>Frankliniella vaccinii</i>) Whiteflies | 5.5 – 7.0 |
| Blueberry maggot | 6.0 - 7.0 |
| Pest Suppressed | Product Rate (fl oz/A) |
| Blueberry thrips (<i>Scirtothrips citri</i>) | 5.5 - 7.0 |
| Chilli thrips (<i>Scirtothrips dorsalis</i>) | 7.0 |
| Lygus spp. | |
| Application Restrictions: | |

Pre-Harvest Interval (PHI): **0 Day(s)** Minimum interval between applications: **10 Day(s)** Minimum Application Volume: **10 Gallons/Acre** | Ground ; **3 Gallons/Acre** | Aerial Do not apply more than **14 fl oz** of **SIVANTO 400 SL** (**0.365 Pounds Flupyradifurone**) per **Acre Per Calendar Year** on low growing berry, regardless of method of application, product or formulation.

LOW GROWING BERRY (Crop Subgroup 13-07G) - EXCEPT CRANBERRY SOIL

Bearberry; Bilberry; Blueberry, lowbush; Cloudberry; Lingonberry; Muntries; Partridgeberry; Strawberry; cultivars, varieties and/or hybrids of these

| Pest Controlled | Product Rate (fl oz/A) |
|--|------------------------|
| Aphids | 10.5 - 14.0 |
| Whiteflies | |
| Pest Suppressed | Product Rate (fl oz/A) |
| Lygus spp. | 10.5 - 14.0 |
| Application Information: SIVANTO 400 SL may be applied at the specified dosage by the following methods: • Potting hole drench at transplanting • Chemigation into root-zone through low-pressure drip, trickle, micro-sprinkler or equivalent equipment Application Restrictions: | |

Pre-Harvest Interval (PHI): **1 Day(s)** Do not apply more than **14 fl oz** of SIVANTO 400 SL (**0.365 Pounds Flupyradifurone**) per **Acre Per Crop Season** on low growing berry, regardless of method of application, product or formulation. Maximum number of crop seasons per year: **3**

| PEANUT FOLIAR | |
|---|------------------------|
| Pest Controlled | Product Rate (fl oz/A) |
| Aphids | 3.5 - 7.0 |
| Leafhoppers | |
| Three-cornered alfalfa hopper | 5.5 - 7.0 |
| Whiteflies | |
| Application Restrictions: Pre-Harvest Interval (PHI): 7 Day(s) Minimum interval between applications: 10 Day(s) Minimum Application Volume: 10 Gallons/Acre Ground ; 3 Gallons/Acre Aerial Do not apply more than 14 fl oz of SIVANTO 400 SL (0.365 Pounds Flupyradifurone) per Acre Per Calendar Year on peanut, regardless of method of application, product or formulation. | |

POME FRUITS (Crop Group 11-10) FOLIAR

Apple; Azarole; Crabapple; Loquat; Mayhaw; Medlar; Pear; Pear, Asian; Pseudocydonia sinensis (Thouin) C.K. Schneid.; Quince; Quince, Chinese; Quince, Japanese; Tejocote; cultivars, varieties and/or hybrids of these

| Pest Controlled | Product Rate (fl oz/A) | |
|--|------------------------|--|
| Aphids (except woolly apple aphid) | 3.5 - 7.0 | |
| Leafhoppers | | |
| Oystershell scale | 5.5 - 7.0 | |
| Pear psylla | | |
| San Jose scale ¹ | | |
| Pest Suppressed | Product Rate (fl oz/A) | |
| Woolly apple aphids | 6.0 - 7.0 | |
| Application Information: For best results, combine SIVANTO 400 SL with a horticultural oil for pre-bloom applications targeting San Jose scale. ¹ For suppression only in Idaho, Oregon, and Washington. | | |
| Application Restrictions: Pre-Harvest Interval (PHI): 14 Day(s) Minimum interval between applications: 10 Day(s) Minimum Application Volume: 25 Gallons/Acre Ground ; 10 Gallons/Acre Aerial Do not apply more than 14 fl oz of SIVANTO 400 SL (0.365 Pounds Flupyradifurone) per Acre Per Calendar Year on pome fruit, regardless of method of application, product or formulation. Do not apply SIVANTO 400 SL with horticultural oils to pear in late-season or during periods of above average temperatures. | | |

POME FRUITS (Crop Group 11-10) SOIL

Apple; Azarole; Crabapple; Loquat; Mayhaw; Medlar; Pear; Pear, Asian; Pseudocydonia sinensis (Thouin) C.K. Schneid.; Quince; Quince, Chinese; Quince, Japanese; Tejocote; cultivars, varieties and/or hybrids of these

| Pest Controlled | Product Rate (fl oz/A) |
|-----------------|------------------------|
| Aphids | 10.5 – 14.0 |
| Leafhoppers | |
| Pear psylla | |

Application Information:

SIVANTO 400 SL may be applied at the specified dosage by the following methods:

- Chemigation into root-zone through low-pressure drip, trickle, micro-sprinkler or equivalent equipment
- · At-transplant drench following setting and covering
- · Post-transplant drench following setting and covering

• Shank or subsurface side-dress, injected to a depth just above or just within the root zone and between the trunk and drip line of the tree canopy. Apply product in a minimum of 10 gallons per acre using multiple shanks on both sides of trees. Ensure product placement is below sod or orchard floor debris. Irrigation covering entire treated area should follow within 48 hours to promote uptake by root system

Application Restrictions:

Pre-Harvest Interval (PHI): 30 Day(s)

Do not apply more than **14 fl oz** of SIVANTO 400 SL (**0.365 Pounds Flupyradifurone**) per **Acre Per Calendar Year** on pome fruit, regardless of method of application, product or formulation.

ROOT VEGETABLES - EXCEPT SUGARBEET (Subgroup 1B) FOLIAR

Beet, garden; Burdock, edible; Carrot; Celeriac (celery root); Chervil, turnip-rooted; Chicory; Ginseng; Horseradish; Parsley, turniprooted; Parsnip; Radish; Radish, oriental (daikon); Rutabaga; Salsify (oyster plant); Salsify, black; Salsify, Spanish; Skirret; Turnip

| Pest Controlled | Product Rate (fl oz/A) |
|-----------------|------------------------|
| Aphids | 3.5 - 7.0 |
| Leafhoppers | |
| Whiteflies | 5.5 - 7.0 |

Application Restrictions:

Pre-Harvest Interval (PHI): 7 Day(s)

Minimum interval between applications: **10 Day(s)**

Minimum Application Volume: 10 Gallons/Acre | Ground ; 3 Gallons/Acre | Aerial

Do not apply more than 14 fl oz of SIVANTO 400 SL (0.365 Pounds Flupyradifurone) per Acre Per Calendar Year on root vegetables, regardless of method of application, product or formulation.

Do not harvest the tops (leaves) from any crop listed under Crop Subgroup 1B, except turnip greens and kava leaves, for human or livestock consumption.

SMALL FRUIT VINE CLIMBING - EXCEPT FUZZY KIWIFRUIT (Crop Subgroup 13-07F) FOLIAR

Amur river grape; Gooseberry; Grape; Kiwifruit, hardy; Maypop; Schisandra berry; cultivars, varieties and/or hybrids of these

| Pest Controlled | Product Rate (fl oz/A) |
|-----------------|------------------------|
| Leafhoppers | 3.5 - 7.0 |
| Sharpshooters | |
| Vine mealybug | 6.0 - 7.0 |
| | |

Application Restrictions:

Pre-Harvest Interval (PHI): 0 Day(s)

Minimum interval between applications: **10 Day(s)**

Minimum Application Volume: 25 Gallons/Acre | Ground ; 10 Gallons/Acre | Aerial Do not apply more than 14 fl oz of SIVANTO 400 SL (0.365 Pounds Flupyradifurone) per Acre Per Calendar Year on small fruit vine climbing, regardless of method of application, product or formulation.

SMALL FRUIT VINE CLIMBING - EXCEPT FUZZY KIWIFRUIT (Crop Subgroup 13-07F)SOIL

Amur river grape; Gooseberry; Grape; Kiwifruit, hardy; Maypop; Schisandra berry; cultivars, varieties and/or hybrids of these

| Pest Controlled | Product Rate (fl oz/A) |
|--------------------------|------------------------|
| Leafhoppers | 10.5 - 14.0 |
| Sharpshooters | |
| Vine mealybug | |
| Application Information: | |

SIVANTO 400 SL may be applied at the specified dosage by the following methods:

- · Chemigation into root zone through low-pressure drip, trickle, micro-sprinkler or equivalent equipment
- · Basal drench in sufficient water to move SIVANTO 400 SL into root zone

Application Restrictions:

Pre-Harvest Interval (PHI): 30 Day(s)

Do not apply more than 14 fl oz of SIVANTO 400 SL (0.365 Pounds Flupyradifurone) per Acre Per Calendar Year on small fruit vine climbing, regardless of method of application, product or formulation.

SORGHUM

SOIL - Including production for seed

| Pest Controlled | Product Rate (fl oz/A) |
|--------------------------|------------------------|
| Aphids | 5.0 - 14.0 |
| Application Information: | |

Application Information:

SIVANTO 400 SL may be applied at the specified dosage by the following methods:

• Injection below the eventual seed row prior to planting. Place SIVANTO 400 SL 3 - 4 inches below seed-line

- · In-furrow spray during planting
- Chemigation into root-zone through low-pressure drip, trickle, micro-sprinkler or equivalent equipment
- · Subsurface side-dress shanked into the root zone on both sides of the plants
- · Surface side-dress followed by irrigation, a rain event or mechanically incorporated

Application Restrictions:

Pre-Harvest Interval (PHI): **45 Day(s)** Do not apply more than **14 fl oz** of SIVANTO 400 SL (**0.365 Pounds Flupyradifurone**) per **Acre Per Calendar Year** on Sorghum, regardless of method of application, product or formulation. Maximum number of crop seasons per year: **1**

STONE FRUITS (Crop Group 12-12) FOLIAR

Apricot; Apricot, Japanese; Capulin; Cherry, black; Cherry, Nanking; Cherry, sweet; Cherry, tart; Jujube, Chinese; Nectarine; Peach; Plum; Plum, American; Plum, beach; Plum, Canada; Plum, cherry; Plum, Chickasaw; Plum, Damson; Plum, Japanese; Plum, Klamath; Plum, prune; Plumcot; Sloe; cultivars, varieties and/or hybrids of these

| Pest Controlled | Product Rate (fl oz/A) |
|-----------------------------|------------------------|
| Aphids | 3.5 - 7.0 |
| San Jose scale ¹ | 5.5 - 7.0 |

Application Information:

For best results, combine SIVANTO 400 SL with a horticultural oil for pre-bloom applications targeting San Jose scale.

¹For suppression only in Idaho, Oregon, and Washington.

Application Restrictions:

Pre-Harvest Interval (PHI): **14 Day(s)**

Minimum interval between applications: 10 Day(s)

Minimum Application Volume: 25 Gallons/Acre | Ground ; 10 Gallons/Acre | Aerial

Do not apply more than **14 fl oz** of **SIVANTO 400 SL** (**0.365 Pounds Flupyradifurone**) per **Acre Per Calendar Year** on stone fruit, regardless of method of application, product or formulation.

STONE FRUITS (Crop Group 12-12) SOIL

Apricot; Apricot, Japanese; Capulin; Cherry, black; Cherry, Nanking; Cherry, sweet; Cherry, tart; Jujube, Chinese; Nectarine; Peach; Plum; Plum, American; Plum, beach; Plum, Canada; Plum, cherry; Plum, Chickasaw; Plum, Damson; Plum, Japanese; Plum, Klamath; Plum, prune; Plumcot; Sloe; cultivars, varieties and/or hybrids of these

| Pest Controlled | Product Rate (fl oz/A) |
|-----------------|------------------------|
| Aphids | 10.5 - 14.0 |

Application Information:

SIVANTO 400 SL may be applied at the specified dosage by the following methods:

- Chemigation into root-zone through low-pressure drip, trickle, micro-sprinkler or equivalent equipment
- · Post-transplant drench following setting and covering

• Shank or subsurface side-dress, injected to a depth just above or just within the root zone and between the trunk and drip line of the tree canopy. Apply product in a minimum of 10 gallons per acre using multiple shanks on both sides of trees. Ensure product placement is below sod or orchard floor debris. Irrigation covering entire treated area should follow within 48 hours to promote uptake by root system

Application Restrictions:

Pre-Harvest Interval (PHI): **30 Day(s)** Do not apply more than **14 fl oz** of SIVANTO 400 SL (**0.365 Pounds Flupyradifurone**) per **Acre Per Calendar Year** on stone fruit, regardless of method of application, product or formulation.

| TARO LEAVES FOLIAR | |
|---|------------------------|
| Pest Controlled | Product Rate (fl oz/A) |
| Leafhoppers | 3.5 - 7.0 |
| Aphids | 5.5 - 7.0 |
| Whiteflies | |
| Application Restrictions: Pre-Harvest Interval (PHI): 1 Day(s) Minimum interval between applications: 7 Day(s) Minimum Application Volume: 10 Gallons/Acre Ground ; 3 Gallons/Acre Aerial Do not apply more than 14 fl oz of SIVANTO 400 SL (0.365 Pounds Flupyradifurone) per Acre Per Crop Season on taro leaves, regardless of method of application, product or formulation. Maximum number of crop seasons per year: 3 | |

TARO LEAVES SOIL Pest Controlled Product Rate (fl oz/A) Aphids 10.5 – 14.0 Leafhoppers Whiteflies Whiteflies SIVANTO 400 SL may be applied at the specified dosage by the following methods: • Chemigation information: SIVANTO 400 SL may be applied at the specified dosage by the following methods: • Chemigation into root zone through low-pressure drip, trickle, micro-sprinkler or equivalent equipment • Injection below the eventual seed line prior to planting. Place SIVANTO 400 SL 3-4 inches below seed line • Potting hole drench at transplanting • Post-transplant drench following setting and covering

Application Restrictions:

Pre-Harvest Interval (PHI): **21 Day(s)** Do not apply more than **14 fl oz** of **SIVANTO 400 SL** (**0.365 Pounds Flupyradifurone**) per **Acre Per Crop Season** on taro leaves, regardless of method of application, product or formulation. Maximum number of crop seasons per year: **3**

TREE NUTS (Crop Group 14-12) - EXCEPT ALMOND FOLIAR

African nut-tree; Beech nut; Brazil nut; Brazilian pine; Bunya; Bur oak; Butternut; Cajou nut; Candlenut; Cashew; Chestnut; Chinquapin; Coconut; Coquito nut; Dika nut; Ginkgo; Guiana chestnut; Hazelnut (Filbert); Heartnut; Hickory nut; Japanese horse-chestnut; Macadamia nut; Mongongo nut; Monkey puzzle nut; Monkey-pot; Okari nut; Pachira nut; Peach palm nut; Pecan; Pequi; Pili nut; Pine nut; Pistachio; Sapucaia nut; Tropical almond; Walnut, black; Walnut, English; Yellowhorn; cultivars, varieties and/or hybrids of these

| Pest Controlled | Product Rate (fl oz/A) |
|-----------------|------------------------|
| Aphids | 3.5 - 7.0 |
| Whiteflies | 5.5 - 7.0 |

Application Restrictions:

Pre-Harvest Interval (PHI): 7 Day(s)

Minimum interval between applications: 14 Day(s)

Minimum Application Volume: 25 Gallons/Acre | Ground ; 10 Gallons/Acre | Aerial

Do not apply more than **14 fl oz** of **SIVANTO 400 SL** (**0.365 Pounds Flupyradifurone**) per **Acre Per Calendar Year** on tree nut, regardless of method of application, product or formulation.

TREE NUTS (Crop Group 14-12) - EXCEPT ALMOND SOIL

African nut-tree; Beech nut; Brazil nut; Brazilian pine; Bunya; Bur oak; Butternut; Cajou nut; Candlenut; Cashew; Chestnut; Chinquapin; Coconut; Coquito nut; Dika nut; Ginkgo; Guiana chestnut; Hazelnut (Filbert); Heartnut; Hickory nut; Japanese horse-chestnut; Macadamia nut; Mongongo nut; Monkey puzzle nut; Monkey-pot; Okari nut; Pachira nut; Peach palm nut; Pecan; Pequi; Pili nut; Pine nut; Pistachio; Sapucaia nut; Tropical almond; Walnut, black; Walnut, English; Yellowhorn; cultivars, varieties and/or hybrids of these

| Pest Controlled | Product Rate (fl oz/A) |
|-----------------|------------------------|
| Aphids | 10.5 - 14.0 |

Application Information:

SIVANTO 400 SL may be applied at the specified dosage by the following methods:

- · Chemigation into root-zone through low-pressure drip, trickle, micro-sprinkler or equivalent equipment
- At-transplant drench following setting and covering
- · Post-transplant drench following setting and covering

• Shank or subsurface side-dress, injected to a depth just above or just within the root zone and between the trunk and drip line of the tree canopy. Apply product in a minimum of 10 gallons per acre using multiple shanks on both sides of trees. Ensure product placement is below sod or orchard floor debris. Irrigation covering entire treated area should follow within 48 hours to promote uptake by root system

Application Restrictions:

Pre-Harvest Interval (PHI): 30 Day(s)

Do not apply more than **14 fl oz** of SIVANTO 400 SL (**0.365 Pounds Flupyradifurone**) per **Acre Per Calendar Year** on tree nut, regardless of method of application, product or formulation.

TROPICAL AND SUBTROPICAL, MEDIUM TO LARGE FRUIT, SMOOTH, INEDIBLE PEEL (Crop Subgroup 24B) FOLIAR

Abiu ; Akee apple; Avocado; Avocado, Guatemalan; Avocado, Mexican ; Avocado, West Indian; Bacury ; Banana; Banana, dwarf; Binjai ; Canistel; Cupuacú ; Etambe; Jatobá; Kei apple; Langsat; Lanjut; Lucuma ; Mabolo; Mango; Mango, horse ; Mango, Saipan ; Mangosteen; Paho; Papaya; Pawpaw, common ; Pelipisan ; Pequi; Pequia; Persimmon, American; Plantain; Pomegranate; Poshte; Quandong; Sapote, black; Sapote, green; Sapote, white ; Sataw; Screw-pine; Star apple ; Tamarind-of-the-Indies ; Wild loquat; cultivars, varieties and/or hybrids of these

| Pest Controlled | Product Rate (fl oz/A) |
|---|------------------------|
| Aphids | 5.5 - 7.0 |
| Whiteflies | |
| Pest Suppressed | Product Rate (fl oz/A) |
| Avocado thrips (<i>Scirtothrips perseae</i>) | 5.5 – 7.0 |

Application Restrictions: Pre-Harvest Interval (PHI): 0 Day(s) (Pomegranate) Pre-Harvest Interval (PHI): 1 Day(s) (Other listed crops) Minimum interval between applications: 7 Day(s) (Pomegranate) Minimum interval between applications: 14 Day(s) (Other listed crops) Minimum Application Volume: 25 Gallons/Acre | Ground ; 10 Gallons/Acre | Aerial Do not apply more than 14 fl oz of SIVANTO 400 SL (0.365 Pounds Flupyradifurone) per Acre Per Calendar Year on tropical and subtropical, medium to large fruit, smooth, inedible peel, regardless of method of application, product or formulation.

TUBEROUS AND CORM VEGETABLES (Crop Subgroup 1C) FOLIAR

Arracacha; Arrowroot; Artichoke, Chinese; Artichoke, Jerusalem; Canna, edible (Queensland arrowroot); Cassava (bitter and sweet); Chayote (root)¹; Chufa; Dasheen (taro); Ginger; Leren; Potato²; Sweet potato; Tanier (cocoyam); Turmeric; Yam bean (jicama, manoic pea); Yam, true

| Pest Controlled | Product Rate (fl oz/A) |
|--|------------------------|
| Aphids (except green peach aphid) | 3.5 - 7.0 |
| Leafhoppers | |
| Colorado potato beetle | 5.5 - 7.0 |
| Green peach aphid | |
| Potato psyllid | |
| Whiteflies | |
| Application Information: ¹ See cucurbit vegetables Crop Group 9 for Chayote (fruit). ² For optimum control of potato psyllid, use of MSO adjuvant or similar is recommended. | |
| Application Restrictions: Pre-Harvest Interval (PHI): 7 Day(s) Minimum interval between applications: 7 Day(s) Minimum Application Volume: 10 Gallons/Acre Ground ; 3 Gallons/Acre Aerial Do not apply more than 14 fl oz of SIVANTO 400 SL (0.365 Pounds Flupyradifurone) per Acre Per Calendar Year on tuberous and corm vegetables, regardless of method of application, product or formulation. | |

TUBEROUS AND CORM VEGETABLES (Crop Subgroup 1C) SOIL

Arracacha; Arrowroot; Artichoke, Chinese; Artichoke, Jerusalem; Canna, edible (Queensland arrowroot); Cassava (bitter and sweet); Chayote (root)¹; Chufa; Dasheen (taro); Ginger; Leren; Potato; Sweet potato; Tanier (cocoyam); Turmeric; Yam bean (jicama, manoic pea); Yam, true

| Pest Controlled | Product Rate (fl oz/A) |
|-----------------------------------|------------------------|
| Aphids (except green peach aphid) | 10.5 - 14.0 |
| Colorado potato beetle | 14.0 |
| Green peach aphid | |
| Whiteflies | |

Application Information:

Application timing: Prior to stem emergence

Application for all listed pests should be made early crop season

SIVANTO 400 SL may be applied at the specified dosage by the following methods:

· Injection below the eventual seed row prior to planting. Place SIVANTO 400 SL 3 - 4 inches below seed-line

Drench at transplanting

In-furrow spray during planting

- Chemigation into root-zone through low-pressure drip, trickle, micro-sprinkler or equivalent equipment, or overhead via center pivot, solid set, linear move or side roll irrigation equipment
- Post-transplant drench following setting and covering

¹See cucurbit vegetables Crop Group 9 for Chayote (fruit).

Application Restrictions:

Do not apply more than **14 fl oz** of SIVANTO 400 SL (**0.365 Pounds Flupyradifurone**) per **Acre Per Calendar Year** on tuberous and corm vegetables, regardless of method of application, product or formulation. Maximum number of crop seasons per year: **1**

| TURNIP GREENS FOLIAR | |
|---|------------------------|
| Pest Controlled | Product Rate (fl oz/A) |
| Aphids (except green peach aphid) Leafhoppers | 3.5 - 7.0 |
| Green peach aphid Whiteflies | 5.5 – 7.0 |
| Application Restrictions: Pre-Harvest Interval (PHI): 1 Day(s) Minimum interval between applications: 7 Day(s) Minimum Application Volume: 10 Gallons/Acre Ground ; 3 Gallons/Acre Aerial Do not apply more than 14 fl oz of SIVANTO 400 SL (0.365 Pounds Flupyradifurone) per Acre Per Crop Season on turnip greens, regardless of method of application, product or formulation. Maximum number of crop seasons per year: 3 | |

| TURNIP GREENS SOIL | |
|--|------------------------|
| Pest Controlled | Product Rate (fl oz/A) |
| Aphids | 10.5 - 14.0 |
| Leafhoppers | |
| Whiteflies | |
| Application Information: SIVANTO 400 SL may be applied at the specified dosage by the following methods: • Chemigation into root zone through low-pressure drip, trickle, micro-sprinkler or equivalent equipment • Injection below the eventual seed line prior to planting. Place SIVANTO 400 SL 3 - 4 inches below seed line • In-furrow spray during planting • Potting hole drench at transplanting • Post-transplant drench following setting and covering | |
| Application Restrictions: Pre-Harvest Interval (PHI): 21 Day(s) Do not apply more than 14 fl oz of SIVANTO 400 SL (0.365 Pounds Flupyradifurone) per Acre Per Crop Season on turnip greens, | |

regardless of method of application, product or formulation. Maximum number of crop seasons per year: ${\bf 3}$

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Do not contaminate water, food, or feed by storage or disposal.

PESTICIDE STORAGE

Store in original container away from feed and food. Store in cool, dry area. Do not store in direct sunlight. Do not allow prolonged storage in temperatures that exceed 105 F (40 C) or in temperatures that fall below 14 F (-10 C).

PESTICIDE DISPOSAL

To avoid wastes, use all material in this container by application according to label directions. If wastes cannot be avoided, offer remaining product to a waste facility or pesticide disposal program (often such programs are run by state or local governments or by industry).

CONTAINER HANDLING

[Non-Refillable Containers]

Rigid, Non-refillable containers (equal to or less than 5 gallons)

Non-refillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container. Triple rinse or pressure rinse container (or equivalent) promptly after emptying. Triple rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank and drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Fill the container 1/4 full with water and recap. Shake for 10 seconds. Pour rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Repeat this procedure two more times.

Pressure rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank and continue to drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Hold container upside down over application equipment or mix tank or collect rinsate for later use or disposal. Insert pressure rinsing nozzle in the side of the container, and rinse at about 40 PSI for at least 30 seconds. Drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip.

Once container is rinsed, offer for recycling if available or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill or by incineration.

Rigid Non-refillable Containers that are too large to shake (i.e., with capacities greater than 5 gallons or 50 lbs) Non-refillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container. Refer to Bottom Discharge IBC or Top Discharge IBC, Drums, Kegs information as follows.

Bottom Discharge IBC (e.g. - Schuetz Caged IBC or Snyder Square Stackable)

Pressure rinsing the container before final disposal is the responsibility of the person disposing of the container. To pressure rinse the container before final disposal, empty the remaining contents from the IBC into application equipment or mix tank. Raise the bottom of the IBC by 1.5 inches on the side which is opposite of the bottom discharge valve to promote more complete product removal. Completely remove the top lid of the IBC. Use water pressurized to at least 40 PSI to rinse all interior portions. Continuously pump or drain rinsate into application equipment or rinsate collection system while pressure rinsing. Continue pressure rinsing for 2 minutes or until rinsate becomes clear. Replace the lid and close bottom valve.

Top Discharge IBC, Drums, Kegs (e.g.- Snyder 120 Next Gen, Bonar B120, Drums, Kegs)

Triple rinsing the container before final disposal is the responsibility of the person disposing of the container. To triple rinse the container before final disposal, empty the remaining contents from this container into application equipment or mix tank. Fill the container at least 10 percent full with water. Agitate vigorously or recirculate water with the pump for 2 minutes. Rinse all interior surfaces. Pour or pump rinsate into application equipment or rinsate collection system. Repeat this procedure two more times.

Top Discharge IBC, Drums, Kegs (e.g.- Snyder 120 Next Gen, Bonar B120, Drums, and Kegs)

Triple rinsing the container before final disposal is the responsibility of the person disposing of the container. To triple rinse the container before final disposal, empty the remaining contents from this container into application equipment or mix tank. Fill the container at least 10 percent full with water. Agitate vigorously or recirculate water with the pump for 2 minutes. Rinse all interior surfaces. Pour or pump rinsate into application equipment or rinsate collection system. Repeat this procedure two more times.

Once container is rinsed, offer for recycling if available or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill or by incineration.

Non-Refillable Fiber Drums with Liners

Non-refillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container. Completely empty liner by shaking and tapping sides and bottom to loosen clinging particles. Empty residue into application equipment, then offer for recycling if available or dispose of in a sanitary landfill or by incineration. If drum is contaminated and cannot be reused, dispose of it in the manner required for its liner.

Non-Rigid, Non-refillable Containers

Nonrefillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container. Completely empty container into application equipment. Then offer for recycling if available or dispose of in a sanitary landfill or by other procedures approved by state and local authorities."

[Refillable Containers]

Refillable container. Refer to Bottom Discharge IBC or Top Discharge IBC, Drums, Kegs information as follows. Refill this container with pesticide only. Do not reuse this container for any other purpose. Contact your Ag retailer or Bayer CropScience for container return, disposal and recycling information.

Bottom Discharge IBC (e.g. – Schuetz Caged IBC or Snyder Square Stackable)

Pressure rinsing the container before final disposal is the responsibility of the person disposing of the container. Cleaning before refilling is the responsibility of the refiller. To pressure rinse the container before final disposal, empty the remaining contents from the IBC into application equipment or mix tank. Raise the bottom of the IBC by 1.5 inches on the side which is opposite of the bottom discharge valve to promote more complete product removal. Completely remove the top lid of the IBC. Use water pressurized to at least 40 PSI to rinse all interior portions. Continuously pump or drain rinsate into application equipment or rinsate collection system while pressure rinsing. Continue pressure rinsing for 2 minutes or until rinsate becomes clear. Replace the lid and close bottom valve.

Top Discharge IBC, Drums, Kegs (e.g.– Snyder 120 Next Gen, Bonar B120, Drums, Kegs)

Triple rinsing the container before final disposal is the responsibility of the person disposing of the container. Cleaning before refilling is the responsibility of the refiller. To triple rinse the containers before final disposal, empty the remaining contents from this container into application equipment or mix tank. Fill the container at least 10 percent full with water. Agitate vigorously or recirculate water with the pump for 2 minutes. Rinse all interior surfaces. Pour or pump rinsate into application equipment or rinsate collection system. Repeat this procedure two more times.

Once container is rinsed, offer for recycling if available or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill or by incineration.

End users are authorized to remove tamper-evident cables as required to remove the product from the container <u>unless</u> the container is equipped with one-way valves and refilling or returning is planned. If this is the case, end-users are not authorized to remove tamper-evident cables, remove one-way valves, or clean container.

[Note to EPA: Lot Number will appear on container or label of every product.]

SIVANTO® 400 SL 09/04/2019