



U.S. ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY

**Office of Pesticide Programs
Biopesticides and Pollution
Prevention Division (7511P)
Ariel Rios Building
1200 Pennsylvania Ave., NW
Washington, D.C. 20460**

EPA Reg. Number:

264-1179

Date of Issuance:

June 19, 2015

Term of Issuance: **Unconditional**

Name of Pesticide Product:

**GHB614 x T304-40 x GHB119
x COT102**

NOTICE OF PESTICIDE:

 X Registration
 Reregistration
(under FIFRA, as amended)

Name and Address of Registrant (include ZIP Code):

**Bayer CropScience L.P.
2 T.W. Alexander Drive
Research Triangle Park, N.C. 27709**

Note: Changes in labeling differing in substance from that accepted in connection with this registration must be submitted to and accepted by the Biopesticides and Pollution Prevention Division prior to use of the label in commerce. In any correspondence on this product always refer to the above EPA registration number.

On the basis of information furnished by the registrant, the above named pesticide is hereby registered/reregistered under the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide and Rodenticide Act. Registration is in no way to be construed as an endorsement or recommendation of this product by the Agency. In order to protect health and the environment, the Administrator, on his motion, may at any time suspend or cancel the registration of a pesticide in accordance with the Act. The acceptance of any name in connection with the registration of a product under this Act is not to be construed as giving the registrant a right to exclusive use of the name or to its use if it has been covered by others.

This registration does not eliminate the need for continual reassessment of the pesticide. If EPA determines at any time, that additional data are required to maintain in effect an existing registration, the Agency will require submission of such data under section 3(c)(2)(B) of FIFRA.

This product is registered in accordance with FIFRA section 3(c)(5) and is subject to the following terms:

1. Submit/cite all data required for registration of your product under FIFRA § 3(c)(5) when the Agency requires all registrants of similar products to submit such data.
2. Change the EPA Registration Number entry to "264-1179" on the final printed label.

Signature of Approving Official:

**Kimberly Nesci, Branch Chief Microbial Pesticide Branch
Biopesticides and Pollution Prevention Division (7511P)**

Date:

June 19, 2015

The following terms apply.

I. Gene Flow

The following information regarding commercial production must be included in the grower guide for GHB614 x T304-40 x GHB119 x COT102 Cotton:

- a) No planting of GHB614 x T304-40 x GHB119 x COT102 Cotton is permitted south of Route 60 (near Tampa) in Florida.
- b) Commercial planting of GHB614 x T304-40 x GHB119 x COT102 Cotton is prohibited in Hawaii, Puerto Rico, and the U.S. Virgin Islands.

The following information regarding test plots and seed production must occur on bags of GHB614 x T304-40 x GHB119 x COT102 Cotton intended for these purposes:

- a) Test plots or breeding nurseries, regardless of plot size, established in Hawaii must not be planted within 3 miles of *Gossypium tomentosum*.
- b) Experimental plots and breeding nurseries of GHB614 x T304-40 x GHB119 x COT102 Cotton are prohibited on the U.S. Virgin Islands, and
- c) Test plots or breeding nurseries, regardless of plot size, established on the island of Puerto Rico must not be planted within 3 miles of feral cotton plants.

Upon approval by EPA, test plots and/or breeding nurseries in Hawaii, the U.S. Virgin Islands, and Puerto Rico may be established without restrictions if alternative measures, such as insecticide applications, are shown to effectively mitigate gene flow.

II. Insect Resistance Management

1. GHB614 x T304-40 x GHB119 x COT102 Cotton is not permitted to be planted in the following counties of the Texas panhandle: Dallam, Sherman, Hansford, Ochiltree, Lipscomb, Hartley, Moore, Hutchinson, Roberts, and Carson.
2. The required IRM program for GHB614 x T304-40 x GHB119 x COT102 Cotton must have the following elements:
 - Requirements relating to creation of a non-*Bt* cotton refuge in conjunction with the planting of any acreage of GHB614 x T304-40 x GHB119 x COT102 Cotton in the states of Arizona, California, and New Mexico and in the following Texas counties: Brewster, Crane, Crockett, Culberson, El Paso, Hudspeth, Jeff Davis, Loving, Pecos, Presidio, Reeves, Terrell, Val Verde, Ward, and Winkler;
 - Requirements for Bayer CropScience LP to prepare and require GHB614 x T304-40 x GHB119 x COT102 Cotton users to sign “grower agreements” that impose binding contractual obligations on the grower to comply with the refuge requirements;
 - Requirements for Bayer CropScience LP to develop, implement, and report to EPA on programs to educate growers about IRM requirements;

- Requirements for Bayer CropScience LP to develop, implement, and report to EPA on programs to evaluate and promote growers' compliance with IRM requirements in the states of Arizona, California, and New Mexico and in the following Texas counties: Brewster, Crane, Crockett, Culberson, El Paso, Hudspeth, Jeff Davis, Loving, Pecos, Presidio, Reeves, Terrell, Val Verde, Ward, and Winkler;
- Requirements for Bayer CropScience LP to develop, implement, and report to EPA on programs to evaluate whether there are statistically significant and biologically relevant changes in susceptibility to Cry1Ab, Cry2Ae, and Vip3Aa19 proteins in target insects;
- Requirements for Bayer CropScience LP to develop, and if triggered, to implement a "remedial action plan" that would contain measures Bayer CropScience LP would take in the event that any insect resistance was detected as well as to report on activity under the plan to EPA.
- Annual reports on or before January 31st of each year, except as indicated in the sections below.

A. Refuge Requirements for Pink Bollworm Resistance Management only in the states of Arizona, California, and New Mexico and in the following Texas counties: Brewster, Crane, Crockett, Culberson, El Paso, Hudspeth, Jeff Davis, Loving, Pecos, Presidio, Reeves, Terrell, Val Verde, Ward, and Winkler

All growers of GHB614 x T304-40 x GHB119 x COT102 Cotton must employ one of the following structured refuge options:

1) External, Unsprayed Refuge

Ensure that at least 5 acres of non-*Bt* cotton (refuge cotton) is planted for every 95 acres of GHB614 x T304-40 x GHB119 x COT102 Cotton. The size of the refuge must be at least 150 feet wide, but preferably 300 feet wide. This refuge may not be treated with sterile insects, pheromone, or any insecticide (except listed below) labeled for the control of tobacco budworm, cotton bollworm, or pink bollworm. At the pre-squaring cotton stage only, the refuge may be treated with any lepidopteran insecticide to control foliage feeding caterpillars. The refuge may be treated with acephate or methyl parathion at rates that will not control tobacco budworm or the cotton bollworm (equal to or less than 0.5 lbs active ingredient per acre). The variety of cotton planted in the refuge must be comparable to GHB614 x T304-40 x GHB119 x COT102 Cotton, especially in the maturity date, and the refuge must be managed (e.g., planting time, use of fertilizer, weed control, irrigation, termination, and management of other pests) similarly to GHB614 x T304-40 x GHB119 x COT102 Cotton. Ensure that a non-*Bt* cotton refuge is maintained within at least ½ linear mile (preferably adjacent to or within 1/4 mile or closer) from the *Bt* cotton fields.

2) External, Sprayed Refuge

Ensure that at least 20 acres of non-*Bt* cotton are planted as a refuge for every 80 acres of GHB614 x T304-40 x GHB119 x COT102 Cotton (total of 100A). The variety of cotton planted in the refuge must be comparable to *Bt* cotton, especially in the maturity date, and

the refuge must be managed (e.g., planting time, use of fertilizer, weed control, irrigation, termination, and management of other pests) similarly to GHB614 x T304-40 x GHB119 x COT102 Cotton. The non-*Bt* cotton may be treated with sterile insects, insecticides (excluding foliar *Bt kurstaki* products), or pheromones labeled for control of the tobacco budworm, cotton bollworm, or pink bollworm. Ensure that a non-*Bt* refuge is maintained within at least 1 linear mile (preferably within ½ mile or closer) from the *Bt* cotton fields.

3) Embedded Refuge (for pink bollworm only)

Refuge cotton must be planted as at least one single non-*Bt* cotton row for every six to ten rows of GHB614 x T304-40 x GHB119 x COT102 Cotton. The refuge may be treated with sterile insects, any insecticide (excluding foliar *Bt kurstaki* products), or pheromone labeled for the control of pink bollworm whenever the entire field is treated. The in-field refuge rows may not be treated independently of the surrounding *Bt* cotton field in which it is embedded. The refuge must be managed (fertilizer, weed control, etc.) identically to the GHB614 x T304-40 x GHB119 x COT102 Cotton. There is no field unit option.

B. Natural Refuge Requirements for Tobacco Budworm and Cotton Bollworm Resistance Management only in the states of Alabama, Arkansas, Florida, Georgia, Kansas, Kentucky, Louisiana, Maryland, Missouri, Mississippi, North Carolina, Oklahoma, South Carolina, Tennessee, Texas (excluding the following counties: Brewster, Crane, Crockett, Culberson, El Paso, Hudspeth, Jeff Davis, Loving, Pecos, Presidio, Reeves, Terrell, Val Verde, Ward, and Winkler), and Virginia

- 1) Provided there remains an active registration for GHB614 x T304-40 x GHB119 x COT102 Cotton, Bayer CropScience LP must submit to EPA by January 31, 2017, and every five years after registration, data to support an EPA reassessment of the natural refuge and to confirm its effectiveness with tobacco budworm and cotton bollworm. The data must include: resistance monitoring data, cropping pattern analysis, and simulation modeling to reexamine levels of effective refuge in the states of Alabama, Arkansas, Florida, Georgia, Kansas, Kentucky, Louisiana, Maryland, Missouri, Mississippi, North Carolina, Oklahoma, South Carolina, Tennessee, Texas, and Virginia. Both cropping and land use patterns can change over time, which could have an impact on the amount of natural refuge available to tobacco budworm and cotton bollworm relative to cotton. If, based on this reassessment, EPA determines that additional tobacco budworm and/or cotton bollworm sampling, gossypol analysis, statistical analysis, and simulation modeling are needed to justify continuation of the natural refuge, Bayer CropScience LP must submit these data within the EPA requested timeframe. If EPA's assessment concludes that the natural refuge is no longer scientifically supported, Bayer CropScience LP agrees to submit an application to amend the registration to restore the structure refuge requirements previously required for tobacco budworm and cotton bollworm uses.

C. Grower Agreements

The following provisions regarding grower agreements are required for GHB614 x T304-40 x GHB119 x COT102 Cotton:

- 1) Persons purchasing the GHB614 x T304-40 x GHB119 x COT102 Cotton product must sign a grower agreement. The term “grower agreement” refers to any grower purchase contract, license agreement, or similar legal document.
- 2) The grower agreement and/or specific stewardship documents referenced in the grower agreement must clearly set forth the terms of the current IRM program. By signing the grower agreement, a grower must be contractually bound to comply with the requirements of the IRM program.
- 3) Bayer CropScience LP must implement a system that is reasonably likely to assure that persons purchasing GHB614 x T304-40 x GHB119 x COT102 Cotton will affirm annually that they are contractually bound to comply with the requirements of the IRM program.
- 4) Bayer CropScience LP must use an approved grower agreement. If Bayer CropScience LP wishes to change any part of the grower agreement that would affect either the content of the IRM program or the legal enforceability of the provisions of the agreement relating to the IRM program, thirty days prior to implementing a proposed change, Bayer CropScience LP must submit to EPA the text of such changes to ensure the agreement is consistent with the terms and conditions of this registration.
- 5) Bayer CropScience LP Seeds must implement an approved system that is reasonably likely to assure that persons purchasing GHB614 x T304-40 x GHB119 x COT102 Cotton sign grower agreement(s).
- 6) Bayer CropScience LP shall maintain records of all GHB614 x T304-40 x GHB119 x COT102 Cotton grower agreements for a period of three years from December 31st of the year in which the agreement was signed.
- 7) Bayer CropScience LP must maintain records on the number of units of the GHB614 x T304-40 x GHB119 x COT102 Cotton seed shipped and not returned and the number of such units that were sold to persons who have signed grower agreements. Bayer CropScience LP must submit the records to EPA upon request.
- 8) Bayer CropScience LP must allow a review of the grower agreements and grower agreement records by EPA or by a State pesticide regulatory agency if the State agency can demonstrate that the names, personal information, and grower license number will be kept as confidential business information.

D. IRM Education and IRM Compliance Monitoring Programs

Bayer CropScience LP must implement the following IRM education and compliance monitoring programs:

- 1) Bayer CropScience LP must design and implement a comprehensive, ongoing IRM

education program designed to convey to GHB614 x T304-40 x GHB119 x COT102 Cotton users the importance of complying with the IRM program. The program shall include information encouraging *Bt* cotton users to pursue optional elements of the IRM program relating to refuge configuration and proximity to *Bt* cotton fields. The education program shall involve the use of multiple media, e.g. face-to-face meetings, mailing written materials, and electronic communications such as by internet or television commercials. Copies of the materials, including the Grower Guide or other technical bulletins, must be submitted to EPA for their records. The program shall involve at least one written communication annually to each GHB614 x T304-40 x GHB119 x COT102 Cotton grower separate from the grower agreement. Bayer CropScience LP shall coordinate its education program with the educational efforts of other organizations, such as the National Cotton Council and state extension programs.

- 2) Annually, Bayer CropScience LP shall revise, and expand as necessary, its education program to take into account the information collected through the compliance survey required under paragraph 6 below and from other sources. The changes shall address aspects of grower compliance that are not sufficiently high.
- 3) Within 90 days of request, Bayer CropScience LP shall provide a report to EPA summarizing the activities it carried out under its education program for the prior year and its plans for its education program during the current year.
- 4) Bayer CropScience LP shall continue to implement an ongoing IRM compliance assurance program in the states of Arizona, California, and New Mexico and in the following Texas counties: Brewster, Crane, Crockett, Culberson, El Paso, Hudspeth, Jeff Davis, Loving, Pecos, Presidio, Reeves, Terrell, Val Verde, Ward, and Winkler. The program is designed to evaluate the extent to which growers are complying with the IRM program and to which Bayer CropScience LP takes such actions as are reasonably needed to assure that growers who have not complied with the program either do so in the future or lose their access to GHB614 x T304-40 x GHB119 x COT102 Cotton. Other required features of the program are described in paragraphs 5 - 12 below.
- 5) Bayer CropScience LP shall establish and publicize a “phased compliance approach,” i.e., a guidance document that indicates how Bayer CropScience LP will address instances of non-compliance with the terms of the IRM program and general criteria for choosing among options for responding to any non-compliant growers. The options shall include withdrawal of the right to purchase GHB614 x T304-40 x GHB119 x COT102 Cotton for an individual grower or for all growers in a specific region. An individual grower found to be significantly out of compliance two years in a row would be denied purchase of the product the next year.
- 6) The IRM compliance assurance program shall include an annual survey of a statistically representative sample of GHB614 x T304-40 x GHB119 x COT102 Cotton growers conducted by an independent third party. The survey shall measure the degree of compliance with the IRM program by growers in different regions of the country and consider the potential impact of non-response. Beginning in 2016, Bayer CropScience LP shall provide a written summary of the results of the prior year’s survey to EPA by January 31st of each year. Bayer CropScience LP Seeds shall confer with EPA on the

design and content of the survey prior to its implementation.

- 7) Annually, Bayer CropScience LP shall revise, and expand as necessary, its compliance assurance program to take into account the information collected through the compliance survey (required under paragraph 6) and from other sources. The changes shall address aspects of grower compliance that are not sufficiently high. Bayer CropScience LP will confer with EPA prior to adopting any changes.
- 8) Bayer CropScience LP must conduct an annual on-farm assessment program. Bayer CropScience LP shall train its representatives who make on-farm visits with GHB614 x T304-40 x GHB119 x COT102 Cotton growers to perform assessments of compliance with IRM requirements. In the event that any of these visits results in the identification of a grower who is not in compliance with the IRM program, Bayer CropScience LP shall take appropriate action, consistent with its “phased compliance approach,” to promote compliance.
- 9) Bayer CropScience LP shall carry out a program for investigating “tips and complaints” that an individual grower or growers is/are not in compliance with the IRM program. Whenever an investigation results in the identification of a grower who is not in compliance with the IRM program, Bayer CropScience LP shall take appropriate action, consistent with its “phased compliance approach.”
- 10) If a grower who purchases GHB614 x T304-40 x GHB119 x COT102 Cotton for planting was specifically identified as not being in compliance during the previous year, Bayer CropScience LP shall visit the grower and evaluate whether that the grower is in compliance with the IRM program for the current year.
- 11) Beginning January 31, 2016 and annually thereafter, Bayer CropScience LP shall provide a report to EPA summarizing the activities it carried out under its compliance assurance program for the prior year and its plans for its compliance assurance program during the current year. Included in that report will be the percent of growers using each refuge option (or combination of options) by region, the approximate number or percent of growers visited on farm by Bayer CropScience LP and the results of these visits, the number of tips investigated, the percent of growers not in compliance with each refuge option (both size and distance), and the follow-up actions taken.
- 12) Bayer CropScience LP must allow a review of the compliance records by EPA or by a State pesticide regulatory agency if the State agency can demonstrate that the names, personal information, and grower license number of the growers will be kept as confidential business information.

E. Insect Resistance Monitoring

Bayer CropScience LP must carry out appropriate programs to detect the emergence of insect resistance, as early as possible, with the toxins expressed in GHB614 x T304-40 x GHB119 x COT102 Cotton. Resistance monitoring programs include surveying insects for potential resistance and collection of information from growers about events that may indicate resistance. Bayer CropScience LP should coordinate its monitoring efforts for GHB614 x T304-40 x GHB119 x COT102 Cotton with the current resistance monitoring programs for other registered *Bt* cotton products. The following resistance monitoring terms will be required for GHB614 x T304-40 x GHB119 x COT102 Cotton:

- 1) Bayer CropScience LP must continue to develop and ensure the implementation of a resistance monitoring plan for *Heliothis virescens* (tobacco budworm), *Helicoverpa zea* (cotton bollworm), and *Pectinophora gossypiella* (pink bollworm). The plan shall include provisions for conducting annual studies to evaluate any potential change in susceptibility of tobacco budworm, cotton bollworm and pink bollworm populations to Cry1Ab, Cry2Ae, and Vip3Aa19 proteins. Collection sites must be focused in areas of high adoption, with the goal of including all states where these insects are economic pests.
- 2) The following testing scheme for survivors of the diagnostic or discriminating concentrations (or identified survivors of any resistance detection method) must be implemented: 1) Determine if the observed effect is heritable; 2) Determine if the increased tolerance can be observed in the field (i.e., survive on GHB614 x T304-40 x GHB119 x COT102 Cotton plants); 3) Determine if the effect is due to resistance; 4) Determine the nature of resistance (dominant, recessive); 5) Determine the resistance allele frequency; 6) Determine, in subsequent years, whether the resistance allele frequency is increasing; and 7) Determine the geographic extent of the resistance allele (or alleles) distribution. Should the resistance allele frequency be increasing and spreading, a specific remedial action plan should be designed to mitigate the extent of *Bt* resistance. See section H (“Remedial Action Plans”) below.
- 3) Bayer CropScience LP must also follow up on grower, extension specialist or consultant reports of less than expected results or control failures (such as increases in damaged squares or bolls) for the target lepidopteran pests (*Heliothis virescens* (TBW), *Helicoverpa zea* (CBW), *Pectinophora gossypiella* (PBW)) as well as for cabbage looper, soybean looper, saltmarsh caterpillar, black cutworm, fall armyworm, southern armyworm, and European corn borer. Bayer CropScience LP will instruct its customers (growers and seed distributors) to contact them (e.g., via a toll-free customer service number) if incidents of unexpected levels of TBW, CBW or PBW damage occur. Bayer CropScience LP will investigate all damage reports. See Remedial Action Plans (section H) below.
- 4) Bayer CropScience LP must provide to EPA for review and approval any revisions to the TBW, CBW, and PBW resistance monitoring plans prior to their implementation.
- 5) Beginning in 2016, a report on results of resistance monitoring and investigations of

damage reports must be submitted to the Agency annually by September 1st each year for the duration of the registration.

F. Remedial Action Plans

Specific remedial action plans are required for GHB614 x T304-40 x GHB119 x COT102 Cotton for the purpose of containing resistance and perhaps eliminating resistance if it develops. One remedial action plan is for the areas where pink bollworm is the predominate pest and the other is for the areas where tobacco budworm and cotton bollworm are the predominate pests.

1) Remedial Action Plan for Pink Bollworm

If resistance involves the pink bollworm (*Pectinophora gossypiella*), Bayer CropScience LP must implement the Arizona *Bt* Cotton Working Group's Remedial Action Plan. Bayer CropScience LP must obtain approval from EPA before modifying the Arizona *Bt* Cotton Working Group's Remedial Action Strategy. The Arizona *Bt* Cotton Working Group's Remedial Action Plan is enclosed.

2) Remedial Action Plan for Tobacco Budworm and Cotton Bollworm

If resistance involves the tobacco budworm (*Heliothis virescens*) and/or the cotton bollworm (*Helicoverpa zea*), Bayer CropScience LP must implement a Remedial Action Plan approved by EPA. Bayer CropScience LP must obtain approval from EPA before modifying the Remedial Action Plan for tobacco budworm and cotton bollworm.

III. Annual Reporting

The annual reporting requirements for GHB614 x T304-40 x GHB119 x COT102 Cotton are as follows:

- 1) Annual Sales: reported and summed by state (county level data available by request), submitted to EPA within 90 days of request;
- 2) Grower Agreements: number of units of *Bt* cotton seeds shipped or sold and not returned, and the number of such units that were sold to persons who have signed grower agreements, submitted to EPA within 90 days of request;
- 3) Grower Education: substantive changes to education program completed previous year, submitted to EPA within 90 days of request;
- 4) Compliance Assurance Plan: Compliance Assurance Program activities and results, January 31st each year, beginning in 2016;
- 5) Compliance Survey Results: to include annual survey results and plans for the next year; full report January 31st each year, beginning in 2016;
- 6) Insect Resistance Monitoring Results: results of monitoring and investigations of damage reports, September 1st each year, beginning in 2016.

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OPP Decision No. 494952

Failure to comply with these terms will subject the registration to cancellation, in accordance with FIFRA 6(c). Your release for shipment of the product constitutes acceptance of these terms.

A stamped copy of the label is enclosed for your records.

Sincerely,



Kimberly Nesci
Chief, Microbial Pesticides Branch
Biopesticides and Pollution Prevention Division
(7511P)

Enclosures (2)

Plant-Incorporated Protectant Label

**GHB614 x T304-40 x GHB119 x COT102
Insect-Protected, Herbicide Tolerant Cotton
(OECD Unique Identifier: BCS-GHØØ2-5 x BCS-GHØØ4-7 x BCS-GHØØ5-8 x
SYN-IR1Ø2-7)**

Active Ingredients:

Bacillus thuringiensis Cry1Ab protein and the genetic material (from plasmid pTDL008) necessary for its production in Event GHB614 x T304-40 x GHB119 x COT102 cotton.....0.000071 - 0.001055%*

Bacillus thuringiensis Cry2Ae protein and the genetic material (from plasmid pTEM12) necessary for its production in Event GHB614 x T304-40 x GHB119 x COT102 cotton..... 0.005543 - 0.013779%

Bacillus thuringiensis Vip3Aa19 protein and the genetic material (from plasmid pCOT1) necessary for its production in Event GHB614 x T304-40 x GHB119 x COT102 cotton..... 0.002957 - 0.011624%

Inert Ingredients:

Substance produced by a herbicide tolerance gene and its controlling sequences (from plasmid pTEM2) necessary for its production in Event GHB614 x T304-40 x GHB119 x COT102 cotton.....0.012226 – 0.042544%

Substance produced by a herbicide tolerance gene and its controlling sequences (from plasmids pTDL008 and pTEM12) necessary for its production in Event GHB614 x T304-40 x GHB119 x COT102 cotton.....0.028049 - 0.065381%

Substance produced by a marker gene and its controlling sequences (from plasmid pCOT1) necessary for its production in Event GHB614 x T304-40 x GHB119 x COT102.....< 0.000045%

*Percentage protein on a dry weight basis as expressed in whole cotton plants.

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN

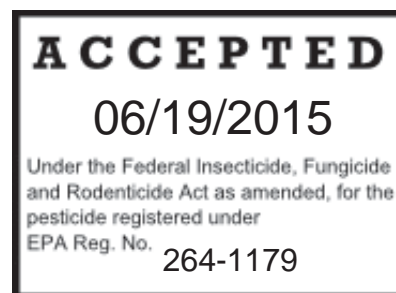
CAUTION

NET CONTENTS _____

EPA REGISTRATION NUMBER: 264-1179

EPA ESTABLISHMENT NUMBER: 000264-TX-004

Bayer CropScience LP
2 T.W. Alexander Dr.
Research Triangle Park, NC 27709



DIRECTIONS FOR USE

It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling. Information regarding commercial production must be included in the Trait Technology Use Manual.

GHB614 x T304-40 x GHB119 x COT102 protects cotton plants from damage caused by certain lepidopteran cotton pests.

CROP	PESTS
Cotton	Cotton Bollworm (<i>Helicoverpa zea</i>) Tobacco Budworm (<i>Heliothis virescens</i>) Pink Bollworm (<i>Pectinophora gossypiella</i>) Fall Armyworm (<i>Spodoptera frugiperda</i>) Beet Armyworm (<i>Spodoptera exigua</i>) Other lepidopteran insects in cotton

The following information regarding commercial production must be included in the Trait Technology Use Manual:

- a) No commercial planting of this product is permitted south of Route 60 (near Tampa) in Florida.
- b) Commercial planting of this product is prohibited in Hawaii, Puerto Rico and the U.S. Virgin Islands.

The following information regarding test plots and seed production must occur on bags of GHB614 x T304-40 x GHB119 x COT102 seed intended for these purposes:

- a) Test plots or breeding nurseries, regardless of plot size, established in Hawaii must not be planted within 3 miles of *Gossypium tomentosum*.
- b) Experimental plots and breeding nurseries of GHB614 x T304-40 x GHB119 x COT102 cotton are prohibited on the U.S. Virgin Islands, and
- c) Test plots or breeding nurseries, regardless of the plot size, established on the island of Puerto Rico must not be planted within 3 miles of feral cotton plants.

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Do not contaminate water, food or feed by storage or disposal.

Storage: Store in a cool, dry place inaccessible to children.

Pesticide disposal: Any seed not used must be returned to the seed provider.

Container disposal: Do not reuse the bag. Ensure that the bag is completely empty of seeds prior to destroying.