

264-860

1.14.2008

7/14



UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20460

OFFICE OF
REGISTRATION OF PESTICIDES AND
TOXIC SUBSTANCES

JAN 14 2008

Mr. Gregory C. Mattern
Regulatory Product Manager
Bayer CropScience LP
P.O. Box 12014, 2 T.W. Alexander Drive
Research Triangle Park, NC 27709

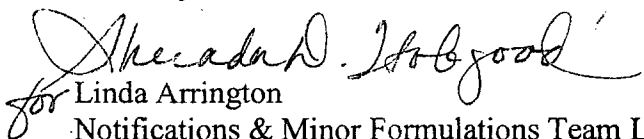
RE: Minor Label Modification for Laudis Herbicide
EPA Registration Number: 264-860
Date of Submission: December 5, 2007

Dear Mr. Mattern:

The Agency is in receipt of your Application for Pesticide Notification under Pesticide Registration Notice (PRN) 98-10 dated December 5, 2007, for the product, Laudis Herbicide. The Registration Division (RD) has conducted a review of this request for its applicability under PRN 98-10 and finds that the action(s) requested fall within the scope of PRN 98-10. The label submitted with the application has been stamped "Notification" and will be placed in our records.

If you have any questions, please call me directly at 703-305-6249 or Joyce Edwards of my staff at 703-308-5479.

Sincerely,


for Linda Arrington

Notifications & Minor Formulations Team Leader
Registration Division (7505P)
Office of Pesticide Programs



United States
Environmental Protection Agency
Washington, DC 20460

☐ Registration
☐ Amendment
☒ Other

OPP Identifier Number

Application for Pesticide - Section I

1. Company/Product Number 264-860	2. EPA Product Manager Kathryn Montague	3. Proposed Classification ☐ None ☐ Restricted
4. Company/Product (Name) LAUDIS Herbicide	PM# 23	
5. Name and Address of Applicant (Include ZIP Code) Bayer CropScience LP P.O. Box 12014, 2 T.W. Alexander Drive Research Triangle Park, NC 27709 ☐ Check if this is a new address	6. Expedited Review. In accordance with FIFRA Section 3(c)(3) (b)(i), my product is similar or identical in composition and labeling to: EPA Reg. No. _____ Product Name _____	

Section - II

- ☐ Amendment - Explain below.
- ☐ Resubmission in response to Agency letter dated _____
- ☒ Notification - Explain below.
- ☐ Final printed labels in response to Agency letter dated _____
- ☐ "Me Too" Application.
- ☐ Other - Explain below.

NOTIFICATION
JAN 14 2008

Explanation: Use additional page(s) if necessary. (For section I and Section II.)

Notification of minor label modification per PR Notice 98-10. See attached letter and copy of e-mail letter from Kathryn Montague (PM) approving this as a notification.

Company contact: gregory.mattern@bayercropscience.com

Section - III

1. Material This Product Will Be Packaged In:				2. Type of Container	
Child-Resistant Packaging ☐ Yes ☐ No	Unit Packaging ☐ Yes ☐ No	Water Soluble Packaging ☐ Yes ☐ No	☐ Metal ☐ Plastic ☐ Glass ☐ Paper ☐ Other (Specify) _____		
* Certification must be submitted		If "Yes" Unit Packaging wgt. No. per container	If "Yes" Package wgt No. per container		
3. Location of Net Contents Information ☐ Label ☐ Container		4. Size(s) Retail Container		5. Location of Label Directions ☐	
6. Manner in Which Label is Affixed to Product ☐ Lithograph ☐ Paper glued ☐ Stenciled		☐ Other _____			

Section - IV

1. Contact Point (Complete items directly below for identification of individual to be contacted, if necessary, to process this application.)			
Name Gregory C. Mattern	Title Regulatory Product Manager	Telephone No. (Include Area Code) (919) 549-2631	
Certification I certify that the statements I have made on this form and all attachments thereto are true, accurate and complete. I acknowledge that any knowingly false or misleading statement may be punishable by fine or imprisonment or both under applicable law.			6. Date Application Received (Stamped)
2. Signature <i>Gregory C. Mattern</i>		3. Title Regulatory Product Manager	
4. Typed Name Gregory C. Mattern		5. Date December 5, 2007	

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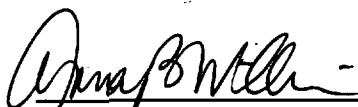
Certification with Respect to Label Integrity

version: 9/11/02

I certify that the information (including, but not limited to, text, tables, and graphics) contained in the electronic file identified below by file name and submitted with this certification is the same information as that on the paper copies of these documents included with this submission.

PROPOSED LABEL		
EPA Registration #	Date Submitted to EPA	Electronic file name
264-860	12/03/07	000264-00860.20071203.LAUDISHERBICI DE.pdf

I certify that the statements that I have made on this form are true, accurate, and complete. I acknowledge that any knowingly false or misleading statements may be punishable by fine or imprisonment or both under applicable law.


Signature

12/03/2007

Date

Anna B. Wilkins

Name (typed)

Label Development Specialist

Title

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GROUP	27	HERBICIDE
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LAUDIS™ Herbicide

A Herbicide for control of annual broadleaf and grass weeds in field and silage corn, seed corn, sweet corn, and popcorn.

ACTIVE INGREDIENTS:

Tembotrione: 2-[2-chloro-4-(methylsulfonyl)-3-[(2,2,2-trifluoroethoxy)methyl]benzoyl]-1,3-cyclohexanedione * 34.5%

INERT INGREDIENTS: 65.5%

TOTAL: 100.0%

Contains 3.5 lb of active ingredient per gallon

*(CAS Number 335104-84-2) Protected by U.S. Patent No 6,376,429

EPA Reg No. 264-860

E.P.A. Est. No.

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN CAUTION

Si usted no entiende la etiqueta, busque a alguien para que se la explique a usted en detalle.
(If you do not understand the label, find someone to explain it to you in detail.)

For MEDICAL And TRANSPORTATION Emergencies ONLY Call 24 Hours A Day 1-800-334-7577
For PRODUCT USE Information Call 1-866-99BAYER (1-866-992-2937)

FIRST AID

IF SWALLOWED:	• Call a poison control center or doctor immediately for treatment advice. • Have person sip a glass of water if able to swallow. • Do not induce vomiting unless told to do so by a poison control center or doctor. • Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.
IF IN EYES:	• Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15-20 minutes. • Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye. • Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.
For MEDICAL Emergencies Call 24 Hours A Day 1-800-334-7577. Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor or going for treatment.	

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS

CAUTION

HAZARD TO HUMANS AND DOMESTIC ANIMALS

Harmful if swallowed. Causes moderate eye irritation. Avoid contact with eyes, skin or clothing. Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling and before eating, drinking, chewing gum, or using tobacco.

Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)

Some materials that are chemical-resistant to this product are listed below. If you want more options, follow the instructions for category A on an EPA chemical resistance category selection chart.

Mixers/loaders must wear: Long-sleeved shirt and long pants, coveralls, socks, shoes and chemical resistant gloves made of any waterproof material such as natural rubber ≥ 14 mils.

Applicators and other handlers must wear: Long-sleeved shirt and long pants, socks, shoes and chemical-resistant gloves made of any waterproof material such as natural rubber ≥ 14 mils.

Follow manufacturer's instructions for cleaning/maintaining PPE. If no such instructions for washables exist, use detergent and hot water. Keep and wash PPE separately from other laundry.

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Engineering control statement:

When handlers use closed systems, such as enclosed cabs, in a manner that meets the requirements listed in the Worker Protection Standard (WPS) for agricultural pesticides [(40 CFR §170.240(d)(4-6)], the handler PPE requirements may be reduced or modified as specified in the WPS.

User Safety Recommendations

Users should wash hands before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco or using the toilet.

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS

This product is toxic to non-target plants. Do not apply directly to water, to areas where surface water is present or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark. Do not contaminate water when cleaning equipment or disposing of equipment washwaters or rinsate.

This product may contaminate water through drift of spray in wind. Follow precautions for use to avoid wind spray drift.

This product has a high potential for runoff after application. Poorly draining soils and soils with shallow water tables are more prone to produce runoff that contains this product. A level, well-maintained vegetative buffer strip between areas to which this product is applied and surface water features such as ponds, streams and springs will reduce the potential for contamination of water from runoff. Runoff of this product will be reduced by avoiding applications when rainfall is forecasted to occur within 48 hours. Sound erosion control practices will reduce this product's contribution to surface water contamination.

This chemical has properties and characteristics associated with chemicals detected in ground water. The use of this chemical in areas where soils are permeable, particularly where the water table is shallow, may result in ground-water contamination.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.

Read entire label before using this product.

Do not apply this product in a way that will contact workers or other persons, either directly or through drift. Only protected handlers may be in the same area during application. For any requirements specific to your State or Tribe, consult the agency responsible for pesticides.

AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS

Use this product only in accordance with its labeling and with the Worker Protection Standard, 40 CFR part 170. This standard contains requirements for the protection of agricultural workers on farms, forests, nurseries, and greenhouses, and handlers of agricultural pesticides. It contains requirements for training, decontamination, notification and emergency assistance. It also contains specific instructions and exceptions pertaining to the statements on this label about personal protective equipment (PPE) and restricted entry intervals. The requirements in this box only apply to uses of this product that are covered by the Worker Protection Standard.

Do not enter or allow worker entry into treated areas during the restricted entry interval (REI) of 5 days.

PPE that is required for early entry to treated areas that is permitted under the Worker Protection Standard and that involves contact with anything that has been treated such as plants, soil or water, is coveralls over long-sleeved shirt and long pants, socks and shoes and chemical-resistant gloves made of any waterproof material.

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Do not contaminate water, food or feed by storage or disposal.

PESTICIDE STORAGE

Keep container tightly closed when not in use. Avoid cross contamination with other pesticides.

PESTICIDE DISPOSAL

Wastes resulting from the use of this product may be disposed of on site or at an approved waste disposal facility. Improper disposal of excess pesticide, spray mixture, or rinsate is a violation of Federal law. For questions about proper disposal, contact your state pesticide and environmental control agency.

CONTAINER DISPOSAL

Nonrefillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container. Offer for recycling, if available. Triple rinse container (or equivalent) promptly after emptying. Triple rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank and drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Fill the container ¼ full with water and recap. Shake for 10 seconds. Pour rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Repeat this procedure two more times.

GENERAL INFORMATION

This product is intended for post emergence application in field corn, silage corn, seed corn, sweet corn, and popcorn for the control of annual broadleaf and grass weeds. Weed growth ceases within hours after LAUDIS Herbicide is applied. Symptoms on susceptible weed species progress from yellowing and bleaching to necrosis resulting in eventual plant death generally within 7 to 14 days after application.

Do not apply LAUDIS Herbicide to corn that exhibits injury from previous herbicides applications.

APPLICATION INFORMATION

Uniform, thorough spray coverage is important to achieve consistent weed control. Select nozzles and pressure that deliver MEDIUM spray droplets as indicated in nozzle manufacturer's catalogs and in accordance with ASAE Standard S-572. Nozzles that deliver COARSE spray droplets may be used to reduce spray drift provided spray volume per acre (GPA) is increased to maintain coverage of weeds. Flat fan nozzles of 80° or 110° are recommended for optimum post emergence coverage.

- Do not use nozzles that produce FINE (e.g. - Cone) or EXTRA COARSE (e.g. - Flood jet) spray droplets.

Ground Application

LAUDIS Herbicide can be applied broadcast in a minimum of 10 gallons of water per acre (unless a higher volume is specified for a tank-mix partner). For weed control in dense weed populations or under adverse growing conditions, 15 to 20 gallons of water per acre is recommended. Good coverage is essential to achieve optimum weed control.

Typically, flat-fan nozzles operated at 30-60 PSI will deliver MEDIUM spray droplets, providing optimum spray coverage and canopy penetration. Lower pressure operation and/or higher volume flat fan nozzles typically deliver COARSE sprays. Refer to nozzle manufacturer catalogs.

- Boom height should be based on the height of the crop – at least 15 inches above the crop canopy.
- Air induction nozzles should be used at or near 80 psi to produce a medium droplet size.
- Proper agitation should be maintained within the tank to keep the product dispersed.
- See the Spray Drift Management section of this label for additional information on proper application of LAUDIS Herbicide.

Mixing Instructions

LAUDIS Herbicide must be applied with clean and properly calibrated equipment. Prior to adding LAUDIS Herbicide, ensure that the spray tank, filters and nozzles have been thoroughly cleaned and that agitation system is properly working.

1. Fill spray tank with 50% of the required volume of water, and begin agitation.
2. Agitate the LAUDIS Herbicide product container thoroughly by shaking, circulating or stirring prior to adding the herbicide into the spray tank.
3. Add the appropriate amount of LAUDIS Herbicide slowly to the spray tank or mixing system and ensure complete dispersion. Maintain and ensure thorough dispersion and sufficient agitation during both mixing and spraying.
4. If tank mixing with another pesticide, add the tank mix product next (except in the case of glyphosate which should be added after the nitrogen fertilizer is dispersed).
5. Add nitrogen fertilizer.
6. Add the adjuvant.
7. Fill the spray tank with balance of water needed.

Compatibility

If LAUDIS Herbicide is to be tank mixed with other pesticides, compatibility must be tested prior to mixing. To test for compatibility, use a small container and mix a small amount (0.5 to 1 qt) of spray, combining all ingredients in the same ratio as the anticipated use. If any indications of physical incompatibility develop, do not use this mixture for spraying. Indications of incompatibility usually occur within 5-15 minutes after mixing. If the mixture balls-up, forms flakes, sludges, gels, oily film or layers, or other precipitates, it is not compatible and the tank mix combination should not be used.

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Specific Crop Use Directions

- Apply LAUDIS Herbicide at 3 fl oz/A per application. Always add the appropriate adjuvants to the spray tank (see Spray Additives Section of this label).
- Applications of LAUDIS Herbicide at rates less than 3 fl oz/A post emergence may result in incomplete weed control and reduction in residual activity.
- LAUDIS Herbicide is for postemergence use. Best results are obtained when it is applied to young actively growing weeds. LAUDIS Herbicide will affect weeds that are larger than the recommended height; however it may result in incomplete weed control.
- Broadcast applications of LAUDIS Herbicide must be made to corn from emergence up to the V8 stage of growth for field corn or popcorn, or from emergence up to the V7 stage of growth for sweet corn.
- A second post-emergence application may be made to field corn or popcorn. Applications of this product must be made a minimum of 14 days apart.
- Do not exceed a total of 6 fl oz/A of LAUDIS Herbicide per growing season on field corn or popcorn, or 3 fl oz/A per growing season on sweet corn.

Sweet Corn, Seed Corn and Popcorn Only

Herbicide sensitivity in all hybrids and inbreds of seed corn, sweet corn and popcorn has not been tested. Consult with your seed provider, your local Bayer CropScience representative and/or other knowledgeable agricultural professionals for advice on hybrid/inbred tolerance before applying LAUDIS Herbicide. If the tolerance of a hybrid/inbred is not known, apply LAUDIS Herbicide to a small area to first determine if the hybrid/inbred is tolerant prior to spraying large acreages of that hybrid/inbred.

Spray Additives

LAUDIS Herbicide is a suspension concentrate that requires the use of an external surfactant and a nitrogen fertilizer source to achieve optimum weed control. For specific adjuvant recommendations with tank mixes, see the Tank Mix section of this label.

Surfactant

The use of a Methylated Seed Oil (MSO) is recommended when LAUDIS Herbicide is used alone, or when alternative adjuvants are not otherwise specified on this label. MSO can improve control of weeds under stress, in high populations, in mixed grass and broadleaf weed populations, and under conditions of low humidity. Use MSO at 1 gallon per 100 gallons of water (1% v/v), but with a minimum of 1.25 pt/A. MSO should contain at least 80% MSO and 10% emulsifier or greater. The use of adjuvants such as non-ionic surfactants or refined vegetable oils will result in unacceptable or erratic weed control.

Crop oil concentrate (COC) may be used at a rate of 1% v/v for control or suppression of the broadleaf weeds listed on this label. The addition of atrazine in combination with Laudis Herbicide and COC provides broad spectrum grass and broadleaf weed control.

Ammonium Nitrogen Fertilizer

Use 1.5 qt/A of a high-quality urea ammonium nitrate (UAN) or 1.5 lb/A (8.5 lb per 100 gallons) of a spray-grade ammonium sulfate (AMS). Use UAN under conditions of low relative humidity for greater weed control.

Late or Rescue Applications

Applications of LAUDIS Herbicide at 3 fl oz/A may be applied to escaped weeds beyond labeled weed heights. In these situations, partial control and reduced weed competition can be expected. Apply up to the V8 stage of growth for field corn or popcorn, or up to the V7 stage of growth for sweet corn.

Tank Mix Recommendations

Certain tank mixes may aid in the performance of LAUDIS Herbicide. See spray Adjuvant section of this label for use recommendations for use with all tank mix partners used in conjunction with LAUDIS Herbicide. When using LAUDIS Herbicide in tank mix combinations, refer to individual product labels for precautionary statements, restrictions, rates, approved uses and a list of weeds controlled and follow the directions of the most restrictive label.

Atrazine

An application of LAUDIS Herbicide at 3 fl oz/A in combination with atrazine at 0.5 lb ai/A will increase the speed of control, weed spectrum and consistency of control. Do not use atrazine if corn is greater than 12 inches tall. The use of crop oil concentration (COC) at 1% v/v + UAN at 1.5 qt/A or AMS at 8.5 lb/100 gal is recommended with tank mixture of LAUDIS Herbicide and atrazine, except under conditions of low relative humidity where MSO at 1% v/v of total spray solution (but at a minimum of 1.25 pt/A) + UAN at 1.5 qt/A is recommended.

Liberty®

LAUDIS Herbicide at 2 fl oz/A can be tank mixed with Liberty® Herbicide at 32 fl oz/A. Liberty® Herbicide can only be used on corn seed designated as LibertyLink®. Apply in a minimum of 15 gallons of water per acre. Do not use MSO/ESO or COC adjuvants in this mixture, only add AMS at 8.5 lbs/100 gallons (1.5 lb/A).

Define™ SC

LAUDIS Herbicide at 3 fl oz/A can be tank mixed with Define™ SC at 7 to 15 fl oz/A for additional residual weed control on corn up to the 5 leaf stage.

Glyphosate

LAUDIS Herbicide can be tank mixed with glyphosate for use on glyphosate-tolerant corn. LAUDIS Herbicide will enhance control of broadleaf and glyphosate-resistant weeds, and reduce glyphosate induced weed shifts. Do not use MSO/ESO or COC adjuvants in this mixture. LAUDIS Herbicide should be added to the water in the tank and dispersed first prior to adding ammonium sulfate, glyphosate or any other pesticide or adjuvant. Follow all other directions on the glyphosate label for including required adjuvants and mixing instructions.

Accent®, Option®, Stout™, or Steadfast®

LAUDIS Herbicide at a rate of 3.0 fl. oz./A can be tank mixed with Accent, Option, Stout, or Steadfast.

Buctril® and equivalent bromoxynil products

To aid in the control of certain broadleaf weeds (e.g. ragweeds), LAUDIS Herbicide at a rate of 3.0 fl. oz./A can be tank mixed with Buctril at a rate up to 6 fl. oz./A. Buctril can be used in place of atrazine in corn that is greater than 12 inches tall, which is the corn height limit for the use of atrazine. The use of crop oil concentration (COC) at 1% v/v + UAN at 1.5 qt/A or AMS at 8.5 lb/100 gal is recommended with tank mixture of LAUDIS Herbicide and Buctril.

Tank Mixtures for Insect Control

To provide weed and insect control in corn, LAUDIS Herbicide may be mixed with foliar insecticides including the following:

Ambush®
Asana® XL
Baythroid®
Capture®

Decis®
Lorsban®
Mustang®
Pounce® 3.2EC

Sevin® XLR
Warrior™
Oberon®

PRECAUTIONS FOR USE

1. LAUDIS Herbicide is rainfast 1 hour after application to most weed species. Avoid application if rainfall is predicted during this period. Rainfall within 1 hour of application may necessitate retreatment with LAUDIS Herbicide or may result in reduced weed control.
2. Weed control may be reduced if the application is made when weeds are dust covered or in the presence of heavy dew, fog, and mist/rain or when weeds are under stress due to drought.
3. If a second application of Laudis is made (field corn and popcorn only), the application must be made a minimum of 14 days after the first application.
4. DO NOT apply when wind causes drift to off-site vegetation as injury may occur. LAUDIS Herbicide delivered via drift or tank contamination can cause severe damage to other crops. Careful management of spray drift and tank cleanout is required.
5. DO NOT apply more than two applications of LAUDIS Herbicide to field corn or popcorn, or more than one application to sweet corn, per growing season.
6. DO NOT graze livestock or harvest corn forage within 45 days of application.
7. Field corn, sweet corn, or popcorn can be planted immediately after an application of LAUDIS Herbicide. DO NOT plant other rotational crops immediately following LAUDIS Herbicide application. For all other crops refer to the Rotational Guidelines section of this label.
8. DO NOT apply LAUDIS Herbicide with liquid fertilizers as the primary spray carrier. Only apply with water as the primary spray carrier plus recommended adjuvants. See spray adjuvants section.
9. DO NOT apply this product by air or through any type of irrigation system.
10. Apply LAUDIS Herbicide spray mixtures within 24 hours of mixing to avoid product degradation.
11. Avoid drift onto adjacent crops.
12. When weeds are stressed due to drought, heat, lack of fertility, flooding, or prolonged cool temperatures control can be reduced or delayed because weeds are not actively growing. To obtain optimum weed control, apply LAUDIS Herbicide when weeds are actively growing.

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WEED CONTROL RECOMMENDATIONS

LAUDIS Herbicide effectively controls the following broadleaf weeds, including biotypes resistant to glyphosate, triazine, phenoxy, benzoic, and ALS-inhibiting herbicides, when applied at 3 fl oz/A along with the recommended adjuvant system. Best control of broadleaf weeds is achieved when weeds are less than 6" in height and actively growing. The addition of atrazine at a minimum of 0.5 lb ai/A will improve control of weeds larger than 6" in height.

Broadleaf Weeds Controlled

Broadleaf Weeds	LAUDIS 3 fl oz/A	LAUDIS 3 fl oz/A + atrazine min. 0.5 lb ai/A
	Control of weeds <6" tall	
Amaranth, palmer	C	C
Amaranth, Powell	C	C
Amaranth, spiny	C	C
Amaranth, tumbleweed	C	C
Buckwheat, wild	PC	C
Buffalobur	C	C
Burcucumber	PC	PC
Canada thistle	PC	C
Carpetweed	C	C
Chickweed, common	C	C
Cocklebur, common	C	C
Dandelion	PC	PC
Deadnettle, purple	C	C
Dock, curly	PC	PC
Galinsoga	C	C
Hemp	C	C
Henbit	C	C
Jimsonweed	C	C
Knotweed, prostrate	PC	PC
Kochia	C	C
Ladysthumb	C	C
Lambsquarters, common	C	C
Mallow, venice	C	C
Marestail/Horseweed	PC	C
Morningglory, cotton	PC	C
Morningglory, ivyleaf	PC	C
Morningglory, pitted	PC	C
Mustard, wild	C	C
Nightshade, black	C	C
Nightshade, Eastern black	C	C
Nightshade, hairy	C	C
Pigweed, redroot	C	C
Pigweed, smooth	C	C
Pokeweed, common	PC	PC
Potato, volunteer	C	C
Purslane, common	NC	C
Pusley, Florida	C ¹	C ¹
Ragweed, common	C	C

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Broadleaf Weeds	LAUDIS 3 fl oz/A	LAUDIS 3 fl oz/A + atrazine min. 0.5 lb ai/A
	Control of weeds <6" tall	
Ragweed, giant	C	C
Sesbania, hemp	C	C
Shepherd's-purse	C	C
Sicklepod	PC	C
Sida, prickly (teaweed)	NC	C
Smartweed, pale	C	C
Smartweed, Pennsylvania	C	C
Sunflower, common	C	C
Thistle, Russian	C	C
Velvetleaf	C	C
Waterhemp, common	C	C
Waterhemp, tall	C	C

¹ Apply before weed exceeds 2 inches in height.

C= Control

PC=Partial Control*

NC= Not controlled

*Partially controlled weeds will be stunted in growth and/or be reduced in number as compared to non-treated areas; performance may not be commercially acceptable. The degree of weed control will vary with weed size, density, spray coverage, and/or growing conditions.

Grass Weeds Controlled

LAUDIS Herbicide effectively controls the following grass weeds when applied at 3 fl oz/A. The best control of grass weeds is achieved prior to tillering and actively growing. The addition of atrazine at a minimum 0.5 lb ai/A or MSO will increase the speed, spectrum, and consistency of weed control.

Grass Weeds	LAUDIS 3 fl oz/A		LAUDIS 3 fl oz/A + atrazine min. 0.5 lb ai/A	
	Maximum Weed Height (Inches)	Performance	Maximum Weed Height (Inches)	Performance
Barnyardgrass	5	C	6	C
Crabgrass, large	3	C	4	C
Crabgrass, smooth	2	PC	2	PC
Cupgrass, woolly	3	C	4	C
Foxtail, giant	3	C	4	C
Foxtail, green	2	PC	2	PC
Foxtail, yellow	3	C	4	C
Goosegrass	3	C	4	C
Johnsongrass, seeding	5	C	6	C
Junglerice	4	C	5	C
Millet, wild proso	4	C	5	C
Panicum, Texas	3	C	4	C
Sandbur, field	2	PC	2	PC
Shattercane / vol. sorghum	6	C	8	C
Signalgrass, broadleaf	4	C	5	C

C= Control

PC= Partial control*

Cultivation

Cultivation can help remove suppressed weeds or multiple flushing weeds. However, cultivation should not be performed within 7 days of an application of LAUDIS Herbicide as this could decrease the effectiveness of weed control due to disruption of herbicide translocation in the plant.

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Tank Cleanup Procedure

Cleaning Equipment After LAUDIS Herbicide Application

Special attention must be given to cleaning equipment before spraying a crop other than corn. Mix only as much cleaning solution as needed.

1. Flush tank, hoses, boom and nozzles with clean water.
2. Prepare a cleaning solution of 1 gal of household ammonia per 25 gallons of water. Many commercial spray tank cleaners may be used.
3. Use a pressure washer to clean the inside of the spray tank with this solution. Take care to wash all parts of the tank, including the inside top surface. If a pressure washer is not available, completely fill the sprayer with the cleaning solution to ensure contact of the cleaning solution with all internal surfaces of the tank and plumbing. Start agitation in the sprayer and thoroughly recirculate the cleaning solution for at least 15 minutes. All visible deposits must be removed from the spraying system.
4. Flush hoses, spray lines, and nozzles for at least 1 minute with the cleaning solution.
5. Dispose of rinsate from steps 1-3 in an appropriate manner.
6. Repeat steps 2-5.
7. Remove nozzles, screens and strainers and clean separately in the ammonia solution after completing the above procedures.
8. Rinse the complete spraying system with clean water.

ROTATIONAL GUIDELINES

If a corn crop has been destroyed by hail or other means soon after a LAUDIS Herbicide application, field corn, sweet corn, or popcorn can be replanted immediately after a LAUDIS Herbicide application. See chart below for rotational interval to all other crops after a LAUDIS Herbicide application. Planting at shorter than recommended intervals may result in injury to the rotational crop.

Immediate	4 months	8 months	10 months	18 months
Field corn Sweet corn Popcorn	Cereal grains (except corn and sorghum) Sugarcane	Soybean	Sorghum Peas Cotton Potatoes Canola Alfalfa Tomato Snapbeans	Sugar beets Dry beans Cucurbits Sunflowers All other crops

RESISTANCE MANAGEMENT

Naturally occurring biotypes of certain weed species with resistance to various herbicide modes of action are known to exist. However, no known resistance to LAUDIS Herbicide exists, and there are no known instances of cross resistance between LAUDIS Herbicide (HPPD inhibitor) and other classes of herbicides, or modes of action. Performance of LAUDIS Herbicide is not affected by the presence of biotypes resistant to glyphosate, triazines, ALS-inhibiting, growth regulant, or other herbicide modes of action.

Prevention of the development and spread of resistant weed populations can include the use of herbicides with different modes of action in tank mixture, rotation, or in conjunction with alternate cultural practices.

Integrated Pest (Weed) Management

LAUDIS Herbicide may be integrated into an overall weed and pest management strategy whenever the use of a herbicide is required. Practices known to reduce weed development (tillage, crop competition) and herbicide use (weed scouting, proper application timing) should be followed wherever possible. Consult local agricultural and weed authorities for additional IPM strategies established for your area.

SPRAY DRIFT MANAGEMENT

Spray drift may result in injury to non target crops or vegetation. To avoid spray drift, do not apply when wind speed is greater than 10 MPH or during periods of temperature inversions. Do not apply when weather conditions, wind speed or wind direction may cause spray drift to non-target areas. AVOIDING SPRAY DRIFT AT THE APPLICATION SITE IS THE RESPONSIBILITY OF THE APPLICATOR.

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Sensitive Areas

Only apply this product when the potential for drift to adjacent sensitive areas (e.g. residential areas, bodies of water, known habitat for threatened or endangered species, non target crops) is minimal (e.g. when wind is 10 MPH or less and is blowing away from sensitive areas).

Avoiding spray drift at the application site is the responsibility of the applicator. The interaction of many equipment-and-weather-related factors determine the potential for spray drift. The applicator and the grower are responsible for considering all these factors when making decisions.

Do not apply under circumstances where possible drift to unprotected persons, or to food, forage, or other plantings that might be damaged, as crops thereof may be rendered unfit for sale, use or consumption.

Information on droplet size:

The most effective way to reduce drift potential is to apply large droplets. The best drift management strategy is to apply the largest droplets that still provide sufficient weed coverage and control. Applying larger droplets will reduce drift potential, but will not prevent drift if applications are made improperly, or under unfavorable environmental conditions (see Wind, Temperature and Humidity, and Temperature Inversion sections below).

Uniform, thorough spray coverage is important to achieve consistent weed control. Select nozzles and pressure that deliver **MEDIUM** spray droplets as indicated in nozzle manufacturer's catalogs and in accordance with ASAE Standard S-572. Nozzles that deliver **COARSE** spray droplets may be used to reduce spray drift provided spray volume per acre (GPA) is increased to maintain coverage of weeds.

Controlling Droplet Size:

- Volume - Use high flow rate nozzles to apply the highest practical spray volume. Nozzles with higher rated flows produce larger droplets.
- Pressure - Do not exceed the nozzle manufacturer's recommended pressures. For many nozzle types lower pressure produces larger droplets. When higher flow rates are needed, use higher flow rate nozzles instead of increasing pressure.
- Number of nozzles - Use the minimum number of nozzles that provide uniform coverage.
- Nozzle Type - Use a nozzle type that is designed for the intended application. With most nozzle types, narrower spray angles produce larger droplets. Consider using low-drift nozzles. Solid stream nozzles oriented straight back produce the largest droplets and the lowest drift.

Application Height:

For ground boom applications, apply with nozzle height no more than 15 inches above the ground or crop canopy.

Wind:

Drift potential is lowest between wind speeds of 2 - 10 mph. However, many factors, including droplet size and equipment type determine drift potential at any given speed. **NOTE:** Local terrain can influence wind patterns. Every applicator should be familiar with local wind patterns and how they affect spray drift.

Temperature and Humidity:

When making applications in low relative humidity, set up equipment to produce larger droplets to compensate for evaporation. Droplet evaporation is most severe when conditions are both hot and dry. Avoid spraying during conditions of low humidity and/or high temperatures.

Temperature Inversion:

- Do not make applications into areas of temperature inversion. Temperature inversion restricts vertical air mixing, which causes small suspended droplets to remain in a concentrated cloud. This cloud can move in unpredictable directions due to the light variable winds common during inversion. Temperature inversion is characterized by an increasing temperature with altitude and is common on nights with limited cloud cover and light to no wind. It begins to form as the sun sets and often continues into the morning. Its presence can be indicated by ground fog; however, if fog is not present, inversion can also be identified by the movement of smoke from a ground source. Smoke that layers and moves laterally in a concentrated cloud (under low wind conditions) indicates an inversion, while smoke that moves upward and rapidly dissipates indicates good vertical air mixing.

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IMPORTANT: READ BEFORE USE

Read the entire Directions for Use, Conditions, Disclaimer of Warranties and Limitations of Liability before using this product. If terms are not acceptable, return the unopened product container at once.

By using this product, user or buyer accepts the following Conditions, Disclaimer of Warranties and Limitations of Liability.

CONDITIONS: The directions for use of this product are believed to be adequate and must be followed carefully. However, it is impossible to eliminate all risks associated with the use of this product. Crop injury, ineffectiveness or other unintended consequences may result because of such factors as weather conditions, presence of other materials, or the manner of use or application, all of which are beyond the control of Bayer CropScience. To the extent consistent with applicable law, all such risks shall be assumed by the user or buyer.

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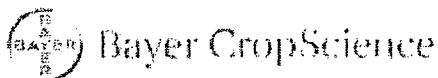
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