

UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY

WASHINGTON, D.C. 20460

OFFICE OF CHEMICAL SAFETY AND POLLUTION PREVENTION

16 July 2014

VIA EMAIL

Amy J. McCaskill Bayer CropScience 2 T. W. Alexander Drive RTP, NC 27709

Subject: Label Amendment – Updated Respirator Language

Product Name: Baythroid 2 Emulsifiable Pyrethroid Insecticide

EPA Registration Number: 264-745 Submission Date: March 11, 2014

Decision Number: 488643

Dear Ms. McCaskill:

The label amendment referred to above, submitted in connection with registration under the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide and Rodenticide Act (FIFRA), as amended is **acceptable.**

Should you wish to add/retain a reference to the company's website on your label, then please be aware that the website becomes labeling under the Federal Insecticide Fungicide and Rodenticide Act and is subject to review by the Agency. If the website is false or misleading, the product would be misbranded and unlawful to sell or distribute under FIFRA section 12(a)(1)(E). 40 CFR 156.10(a)(5) list examples of statements EPA may consider false or misleading. In addition, regardless of whether a website is referenced on your product's label, claims made on the website may not substantially differ from those claims approved through the registration process. Therefore, should the Agency find or if it is brought to our attention that a website contains false or misleading statements or claims substantially differing from the EPA approved registration, the website will be referred to the EPA's Office of Enforcement and Compliance.

Products released for shipment after 18 months from the date on this notice or the next printing of the master label whichever occurs first, must bear the new revised label. If these conditions are not complied with, the registration will be subject to cancellation in accordance with FIFRA. Amended labeling will supersede all previously accepted labels. Your release for shipment of this product constitutes acceptance of these conditions. As required by 40 CFR 156.10(a)(6), you must submit one copy of the final printed

<u>label before the product is released for shipment</u>. If you have any questions please contact Carlyn Petrella by phone at (703) 347-0439 or via email at "petrella.carlyn@epa.gov".

Sincerely,

Mark Suarez, Product Manager 13

Insecticide Branch

Office of Pesticide Programs

RESTRICTED USE PESTICIDE

Due to Toxicity to Fish and Aquatic Organisms

For retail sale to and use only by Certified Applicators or persons under their direct supervision and only for those uses covered by the Certified Applicator's certification.

BAYTHROID[®] 2

GROUP

INSECTICIDE

Emulsifiable Pyrethroid Insecticide

For control of certain insect pests on field, vegetable, tree and vine crops.

ACTIVE INGREDIENT:

Cyfluthrin

TOTAL: 100%

Contains 2 lb Cyfluthrin per gallon.

(This product contains aromatic petroleum distillates.)

EPA Reg. No. 264-745

EPA Est. No.

STOP - Read the label before use **KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN** DANGER **PELIGRO**

Si usted no entiende la etiqueta, busque a alguien para que se la explique a usted en detalle. (If you do not understand the label, find someone to explain it to you in detail.)

For MEDICAL And TRANSPORTATION Emergencies ONLY Call 24 Hours A Day 1-800-334-7577 For PRODUCT USE Information Call 1-866-99BAYER (1-866-992-2937)

FIRST AID

IF IN EYES:	 Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15 to 20 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.
IF SWALLOWED:	 Call a poison control center or doctor immediately for treatment advice. Do not induce vomiting unless told to do so by a poison control center or doctor.
	 Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.
IF ON SKIN OR CLOTHING:	 Take off contaminated clothing. Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15 to 20 minutes. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.
IF INHALED:	 Move person to fresh air. If person is not breathing, call 911 or an ambulance, then give artificial respiration, preferably mouth-to-mouth if possible. Call a poison control center or doctor for further treatment advice.

In case of emergency call toll free the Bayer CropScience Emergency Response Telephone No. 1-800-334-7577. Have a product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor, or going for treatment.

Note To Physician: ANTIDOTE - No specific antidote is available. Treat symptomatically. Published data indicate vitamin E acetate can prevent and/or mitigate symptoms of paresthesia caused by synthetic pyrethroids. Contains petroleum distillates. Vomiting may cause aspiration pneumonia.

ACCEPTED

07/16/2014

Under the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide and Rodenticide Act as amended, for the pesticide registered under EPA Reg. No. 264-745

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS

HAZARDS TO HUMANS AND DOMESTIC ANIMALS DANGER

Corrosive. Causes irreversible eye damage. Do not get in eyes or on clothing. Wear protective eyewear (goggles or face shield). Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling. Remove contaminated clothing and wash before reuse. May be fatal if inhaled. Do not breathe vapors or spray mist. Harmful if swallowed or absorbed through skin. Prolonged or frequently repeated skin contact may cause allergic skin reactions in some individuals.

Do not contaminate feed or food. Keep out of reach of children.

Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)

Applicators and other handlers must wear:

- Long-sleeved shirt and long pants
- Chemical-resistant gloves, such as barrier laminate or viton. If you want more options, follow the instructions for category G on an EPA chemical-resistance category selection chart.
- · Shoes plus socks
- Protective eyewear
- Except when using closed mixing loading systems, mixers and loaders supporting aerial applications or chemigation applications must wear a NIOSH approved particulate respirator with any N, R, or P filter with NIOSH approval number prefix TC-84A.

Discard clothing and other absorbent materials that have been drenched or heavily contaminated with this product. Do not reuse them. Follow manufacturer's instructions for cleaning/maintaining PPE. If no such instructions for washables, use detergent and hot water. Keep and wash PPE separately from other laundry.

Engineering controls statements: When handlers use closed systems, enclosed cabs, or aircraft in a manner that meets the requirements listed in the Worker Protection Standard (WPS) for agricultural pesticides [40 CFR 170.240(d)(4-6)], the handler PPE requirements may be reduced or modified as specified in the WPS.

USER SAFETY RECOMMENDATIONS

User should:

- Wash hands before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco or using the toilet.
- Remove clothing immediately if pesticide gets inside. Then wash thoroughly and put on clean clothing.
- Remove PPE immediately after handling this product. Wash the outside of gloves before removing. As soon as possible, wash thoroughly and change into clean clothing.

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS

This pesticide is extremely toxic to fish and aquatic invertebrates. **For terrestrial uses:** Do not apply directly to water, to areas where surface water is present or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark. Do not apply when weather conditions favor drift from treated areas. Drift and runoff from treated areas may be hazardous to aquatic organisms in neighboring areas. Do not contaminate water when disposing of equipment wash water or rinsate.

This product is highly toxic to bees exposed to direct treatment or residues on blooming crops or weeds. Do not apply this product or allow it to drift to blooming crops or weeds if bees are visiting the treatment area. Additional information may be obtained by consulting your Cooperative Extension Service.

OBSERVE THE FOLLOWING PRECAUTIONS WHEN SPRAYING IN THE VICINITY OF AQUATIC AREAS SUCH AS LAKES; RESERVOIRS; RIVERS; PERMANENT STREAMS, MARSHES OR NATURAL PONDS; ESTUARIES AND COMMERCIAL FISH FARM PONDS.

Buffer Zone Requirements:

Vegetative Buffer Strip:

Construct and maintain a minimum 10-foot-wide vegetative filter strip of grass or other permanent vegetation between the field edge and down gradient aquatic habitat (such as, but not limited to, lakes; reservoirs; rivers; permanent streams; marshes or natural ponds; estuaries; and commercial fish farm ponds).

Only apply products containing Cyfluthrin onto fields where a maintained vegetative buffer strip of at least 10 feet exists between the field and down gradient aquatic habitat.

For guidance, refer to the following publication for information on constructing and maintaining effective buffers: Conservation Buffers to Reduce Pesticide Losses. Natural Resources Conservation Services. USDA, NRCS. 2000. Fort Worth, Texas. 2 1 pp. http://www.in.nrcs.usda.gov/technical/agronomy/newconbuf.pdf.

Buffer Zone for Ground Application (groundboom, overhead chemigation, or airblast)

Do not apply within 25 feet of aquatic habitats (such as, but not limited to, lakes reservoirs, rivers, permanent streams; marshes or natural ponds, estuaries, and commercial fish ponds).

Buffer Zone for ULV Aerial Application

Do not apply within 450 feet of aquatic habitats (such as, but not limited to, lakes, reservoirs, rivers, permanent streams; marshes or natural ponds, estuaries, and commercial fish ponds).

Buffer Zone for Non-ULV Aerial Application

Do not apply within 150 feet of aquatic habitats (such as, but not limited to, lakes, reservoirs, rivers, permanent streams; marshes or natural ponds, estuaries, and commercial fish ponds).

Spray Drift Requirements

Wind Direction and Speed:

Only apply this product if the wind direction favors on-target deposition.

Do not apply when the wind velocity exceeds 15 mph.

Temperature Inversion:

Do not make aerial or ground applications into temperature inversions.

Inversions are characterized by stable air and increasing temperatures with height above the ground.. Mist or fog may indicate the presence of an inversion in humid areas. The applicator may detect the presence of an inversion by producing smoke and observing a smoke layer near the ground surface.

Droplet Size:

Use only Medium or coarser spray nozzles (for ground and non-ULV aerial application) according to ASAE (S572) definition for standard nozzles. In conditions of low humidity and high temperatures, applicators should use a coarser droplet size.

Additional Requirements for Ground Applications

Wind speed must be measured adjacent to the application site on the upwind side, immediately prior to application.

For ground boom applications, apply using a nozzle height of no more than 4 feet above the ground or crop canopy.

For airblast applications, turn off outward pointing nozzles at row ends and when spraying the outer two rows. To minimize spray loss over the top in orchard applications, spray must be directed into the canopy.

Additional Requirements for Aerial Applications

The spray boom should be mounted on the aircraft as to minimize drift caused by wingtip or rotor vortices. The minimum practical boom length should be used and must not exceed 75% of the wing span or 80% rotor diameter.

Flight speed and nozzle orientation must be considered in determining droplet size.

Spray must be released at the lowest height consistent with pest control and flight safety. Do not release spray at a height greater than 10 feet above the crop canopy unless a greater height is required for aircraft safety.

When applications are made with a cross-wind, the swath will be displaced downwind. The applicator must compensate for this displacement at the downwind edge of the application area by adjusting the path of the aircraft upwind.

RUNOFF MANAGEMENT

Do not cultivate within 10 feet of the aquatic areas to allow growth of a vegetative filter strip. When used on erodible soils, best management practices for minimizing runoff should be employed. Consult your local Soil Conservation Service for recommendations in your use area. Do not apply if soil is saturated with water. Do not apply under conditions that favor drift from runoff. Do not apply in the rain

INSECT RESISTANCE STATEMENT

Some insects are known to develop resistance to products used repeatedly for control. Because the development of resistance cannot be predicted, the use of this product should conform to resistance management strategies established for the use area. Consult your local or State agricultural authorities for details. If resistance to this product develops in your area, this product alone may not continue to provide adequate control of resistant pests. If poor performance cannot be attributed to improper application, extreme weather conditions, etc., a resistant strain of insect may be present. If you experience difficulty with control and resistance is a reasonable cause, immediately consult your local company representative or agricultural advisor/state Extension agent for the best alternative method of control in your area. Consult your state Cooperative Extension Service agent or agricultural advisor for insect resistance management strategies and recommended insect control methods in your area.

PHYSICAL OR CHEMICAL HAZARDS

Do not use or store near heat or open flame.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

Restricted Use Pesticide

It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.

Do not apply this product in a way that will contact workers or other persons, either directly or through drift. Only protected handlers may be in the area during application. For any requirements specific to your State or Tribe, consult the agency responsible for pesticide regulation.

AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS

Use this product only in accordance with its labeling and with the Worker Protection Standard, 40 CFR part 170. This Standard contains requirements for the protection of agricultural workers on farms, forests, nurseries, and greenhouses, and handlers of agricultural pesticides. It contains requirements for training, decontamination, notification, and emergency assistance. It also contains specific instructions and exceptions pertaining to the statements on this label about personal protective equipment (PPE), and restricted-entry interval (REI). The requirements in this box only apply to uses of this product that are covered by the Worker Protection Standard.

Do not enter or allow worker entry into treated areas during the REI of 12 hours.

PPE required for early entry to treated areas that is permitted under the Worker Protection Standard and that involves contact with anything that has been treated, such as plants, soil, or water, is:

- Coveralls
- · Chemical-resistant gloves, such as barrier laminate or viton
- Shoes plus socks
- Protective eyewear

BAYTHROID® 2 may be used for control of a broad spectrum of insect pests by contact action. Because of this contact activity, good spray coverage of the crop is needed for the highest level of control.

APPLICATION RECOMMENDATIONS

Unless specified otherwise in the crop-specific recommended application section, BAYTHROID may be applied by the following methods:

Foliar Spray Application

Foliar applications may be made using properly calibrated ground sprayers, fixed- or rotary-winged aircraft or through properly designed, sprinkler-type, chemigation equipment (See Chemigation Application directions below). Thorough and uniform coverage of plants, with direct contact of the spray mixture to the target pests, is required for satisfactory control.

Avoid application procedures where thorough coverage of plant is not possible. Applications made with less than thorough coverage may result in slower activity and/or less overall control from a single application than an application made with higher gallonages. Refer to Spray Drift Reduction Management section for application guidelines on minimizing drift from all application methods.

Ground applications should be made in a minimum of 10 gallons/A unless specified otherwise in crop-specific recommended application section.

Aerial applications should be made in a minimum of 2 gallons/A unless specified otherwise in crop-specific recommended application section, however 5 gallons/A are recommended. See crop specific gallonage requirements. Aerial applications made to dense canopies may not provide sufficient coverage of lower leaves or interior plant portions to provide pest control. Higher labeled rates of BAYTHROID may be necessary for aerial applications.

Chemigation applications (See Chemigation Application directions below) should be made as concentrated as possible. For best results apply at 100% input/travel speed, for center pivots or 0.1 inch (2,716 gallons) up to 0.15 inch (4,073 gallons) of water/A, for other systems. Higher labeled rates of BAYTHROID may be necessary for chemigation applications.

Chemigation Application

Types of Irrigation Systems: BAYTHROID may be applied through sprinkler type irrigation systems only. These types include: center pivot, lateral move, or solid set irrigation systems. Do not apply BAYTHROID through any other type of irrigation system.

Injection for Chemigation: Inject the specified dosage of BAYTHROID into the irrigation main, water stream: (1) through a constant flow, metering device; (2) into the center of the main line flow via a pitot tube or equivalent; (3) at a point ahead of at least one, right-angle turn in main stream flow such that thorough mixing with the irrigation water is ensured.

Uniform Water Distribution and System Calibration: The irrigation system must provide uniform distribution of BAYTHROID treated water. Crop injury, lack of effectiveness, or illegal pesticide residues in or on the crop can result from non-uniform distribution. The system must be calibrated to uniformly distribute the rates specified for chemigation application to specific crops. If you have questions about calibration, contact your Cooperative Extension Service agent, equipment manufacturers, or other experts.

Chemigation Monitoring: A person knowledgeable of the chemigation system and responsible for its operation, or under the supervision of the responsible person, shall shut the system down and make necessary adjustments should the need arise.

Required Injection and Sprinkler System Safety Devices: The system must contain a functional check valve, vacuum relief valve, and low pressure drain, appropriately located on the irrigation pipeline to prevent water source contamination from back-flow. The pesticide injection pipeline must contain a functional, automatic, quick-closing check valve to prevent the flow of fluid back toward the injection. The pesticide injection pipeline must also contain a functional, normally closed, solenoid-operated valve located on the intake side of the injection pump and connected to the system interlock to prevent fluid from being withdrawn from the supply tank when the irrigation system is either automatically or manually shut down. The system must contain functional interlocking controls to automatically shut off the pesticide injection pump when the water pump motor/engine stops, or in cases where there is no water pump, when water pressure decreases to the point where pesticide distribution is adversely affected. Injection systems must use a metering pump or equivalent, such as a positive displacement injection pump (e.g., diaphragm pump, venturi injection) effectively designed and constructed of materials that are compatible with pesticides and capable of being fitted with a system interlock.

Using Water from Public Water Systems: Public water system means a system for the provision to the public of piped water for human consumption if such system has at least 15 service connections or regularly serves an average of at least 25 individuals daily at least 60 days out of the year. Chemigation systems connected to public water systems must contain a functional, reduced-pressure zone, back flow preventer (RPZ) or the functional equivalent in the water supply line upstream from the point of pesticide introduction. As an option to the RPZ, the water from the public water system should be discharged into a reservoir tank prior to pesticide introduction. There shall be a complete physical break (air gap) between the outlet end of the fill pipe and to top or overflow rim of the reservoir tank of at least twice the inside diameter of the fill pipe. The pesticide injection pipeline must contain a functional normally closed solenoid-operated valve located on the intake side of the injection pump and connected to the system interlock to prevent fluid from being withdrawn from the supply tank when the irrigation system is either automatically or manually shut down. The system must contain functional interlocking controls to automatically shut off the pesticide injection pump when the water pump motor stops or in cases where there is no water pump, when the water pressure decreases to the point where pesticide distribution is adversely affected. Systems must use a metering pump such as a positive displacement injection pump (e.g. diaphragm pump) effectively designed and constructed of materials that are compatible with pesticides and capable of being fitted with a system interlock.

Chemical Supply Tank Dilution and Agitation: For injection of BAYTHROID use a chemical supply tank for pre-mixing BAYTHROID with either water or non-emulsifiable oil before injecting mixture into the irrigation line. Dilution ratio should be at least 4 parts of either water/ or non-emulsifiable oil to 1 part BAYTHROID. If necessary, constant mechanical or hydraulic agitation should be maintained in the chemical supply tank during the entire period of application. Determine the required amounts of BAYTHROID and either water or non-emulsifiable oil to mix in the tank. The amount of BAYTHROID needed equals the number of fluid oz of BAYTHROID to be applied per acre multiplied by the number of acres to be chemigated. The amount of emulsion needed equals the gallons of emulsion delivered per hour by the injection pump, multiplied by the number of hours chemigation will take place. The amount of either water or non-emulsifiable oil needed equals the amount of emulsion needed minus the amount of BAYTHROID needed.

Posting Requirements: Posting of areas to be chemigated is required when 1) any part of a treated area is within 300 feet of sensitive areas such as residential areas, labor camps, businesses, day care centers, hospitals, in-patient clinics, nursing homes or any public areas such as schools, parks, playgrounds, or other public facilities not including public roads, or 2) when the chemigated area is open to the public such as golf courses or retail greenhouses.

Posting must conform to the following requirements: Treated areas shall be posted with signs at all usual points of entry and along likely routes of approach from the listed sensitive areas. When there are no usual points of entry, signs must be posted in the corners of the treated areas and in any other location affording maximum visibility to sensitive areas. The printed side of the sign should face away from the treated area towards the sensitive area. The signs shall be printed in English. Signs must be posted prior to application and must remain posted until foliage has dried and soil surface water has disappeared. Signs may remain in place indefinitely as long as they are composed of materials to prevent deterioration and maintain legibility for the duration of the posting period.

All words shall consist of letters at least 2-1/2 inches tall, and all letters and the symbol shall be a color which sharply contrasts with their immediate background. At the top of the sign shall be the words KEEP OUT, followed by an octagonal stop sign symbol at least 8 inches in diameter containing the word STOP. Below the symbol shall be the words PESTICIDES IN IRRIGATION WATER.

This sign is in addition to any sign posted to comply with the Worker Protection Standard.

Cleaning the Chemical Injection System: In order to apply pesticides accurately, the chemical injection system must be kept clean; free from chemical or fertilizer residues and sediments. Refer to your owner's manual or ask your equipment supplier for the cleaning procedure for your injection system.

Flushing the Irrigation System: At the end of the application period, allow time for all lines to flush the pesticide through all nozzles before turning off irrigation water. To ensure the lines are flushed and free of pesticides, a dye indicator may be injected into the lines to mark the end of the application period.

Center-Pivot and Automatic-Move Linear Systems: Inject the specified dosage per acre continuously for one complete revolution (center pivot) or move of the system. The system should be run at maximum speed. It is recommended that nozzles in the immediate area of control panels, chemical supply tanks, pumps and system safety devices be plugged to prevent chemical contamination of these areas. The use of END GUNS is NOT recommended. End guns that provide uneven distribution of treated water can result in crop injury, lack of effectiveness, or illegal pesticide residues in or on the crop.

Solid Set and Manually Controlled Linear Systems: Injection should be during the last 30 to 60 minutes of a regular irrigation period or as a separate 30 to 60 minute application not associated with a regular irrigation.

CROP ROTATION STATEMENT

Treated areas may be replanted with any crop as soon as practical after last application.

MAXIMUM USAGE WHEN APPLYING BOTH CYFLUTHRIN AND BETA-CYFLUTHRIN PRODUCTS TO THE SAME CROP WITHIN THE SAME SEASON:

Do not apply more than the maximum seasonal total for each product when used alone, and do not apply more than the combined maximum seasonal total for both products as outlined in the table below.

Сгор	Maximum Seasonal Total for Either Product Used Alone (pounds active ingredient/acre)		Maximum Seasonal Total When Applying Both Products to the Same Crop (pounds active ingredient/acre)	
	beta-cyfluthrin*	cyfluthrin**	beta-cyfluthrin* Plus cyfluthrin**	
Alfalfa	0.175	0.35	0.35	
Corn (field, pop, seed)	0.088	0.175	0.175	
Cotton	0.15	0.3	0.3	
Grasses	0.089	0.176	0.176	
Peanut	0.066	0.131	0.131	
Sorghum	0.066	0.131	0.131	
Soybean	0.088	0.175	0.175	
Sugarcane	0.132	0.263	0.263	
Sunflower	0.066	0.131	0.131	
Tobacco	0.0022	0.0044	0.0044	
Wheat	0.038	0.076	0.076	
Brassica (Cole) Leafy Vegetables, CG 5	0.1	0.2	0.2	
Cucurbits, CG 9	0.088	0.175	0.175	
Fruiting vegetables, CG 8	0.132	0.263	0.263	
Leafy vegetables, CG 4	0.1	0.2	0.2	
Dried Shelled Legume Vegetables, CSG 6C	0.05	0.1	0.1	
Pea, Southern	0.083	0.165	0.165	
Potato, and other tuberous and corm vegetables, CSG 1C	0.132	0.263	0.263	
Carrot and Radish	0.11	0.22	0.22	
Sweet corn	0.22	0.44	0.44	
Citrus, CG 10	0.05	0.1	0.1	
Grape	0.1	0.2	0.2	
Нор	0.125	0.25	0.25	
Pome fruit, CG 11	0.022	0.044	0.044	
Stone fruit, CG 12	0.044	0.088	0.088	
Tree nut crops, CG 14	0.022	0.044	0.044	

^{*}BAYTHROID XL

^{**}Any cyfluthrin product approved for crop use.

FIELD CROPS

RECOMMENDED APPLICATIONS - BAYTHROID 2 Emulsifiable Pyrethroid Insecticide

For all crops, apply specific dosage of BAYTHROID at early threshold for target pest, as population begins to develop. Degree of control or suppression of additional labeled pests will be determined, in part by the stage of pest development at application and infestation level of those pests.

Application timing should be based on careful scouting and local economic thresholds. BAYTHROID may be applied before, during, or after planting. Use the higher rates for moderate to heavy insect pressure. Lower rates are generally adequate for low to moderate insect pressure but require careful scouting and may require more frequent application.

BAYTHROID is an Emulsifiable Concentrate formulation and is active by contact and ingestion. Thorough coverage is necessary for optimum performance.

Rate Rate		
PESTS CONTROLLED	fluid oz/Acre	Ib Al/Acre
Alfalfa looper		
Army cutworm		
Cutworms	0.0.4.0	0.040 0.005
Green cloverworm	0.8 - 1.6	0.013 – 0.025
Meadow spittlebug		
Potato leafhopper		
Alfalfa caterpillar		
Alfalfa plant bug		
Alfalfa webworm		
Alfalfa weevil		
Armyworm (1st and 2nd instar)		
Aster leafhopper		
Beet armyworm (1st and 2nd instar)		
Corn earworm		
Corn rootworms (adult)		
Cucumber beetles (adult)		
Egyptian alfalfa weevil		
Fall armyworm (1st and 2nd instar)	1.6 - 2.8	0.025 - 0.044
Grape colaspis (adult)		
Japanese beetle (adult)		
June beetle (adult)		
Loopers		
Lygus bug		
Mexican bean beetle		
Stink bugs		
Tarnished plant bug		
Threecornered alfalfa hopper		
Velvetbean caterpillar		
Yellowstriped armyworm (1st and 2nd instar)		
Blotch leafminer		
Grasshoppers	2.0 - 2.8	0.031 – 0.044
Western yellowstriped armyworm (1st and 2nd instar)		
PESTS SUPPRESSED		
Blue pea aphid		
Cowpea aphid	2.8	0.044
Pea aphid	2.0	0.044
Whitefly (adult)		

Pre-Harvest Interval (PHI) / Pre-Grazing Interval: 7 days.

Maximum BAYTHROID allowed per cutting: 5.6 fluid oz/A (0.088 lb Al/Acre).

Maximum BAYTHROID allowed per crop season: 22.4 fluid oz/A (0.35 lb Al/Acre).

Make applications as necessary but no closer than a 5-day interval.

For applications to mixed-stands of ALFALFA with GRASSES intentionally grown for forage or hay, please see the section of this label entitled: GRASS – Pasture / Rangeland / Grass for Seed / Grass for Hay / Grass in mixed-stands with Alfalfa. Carefully observe the restrictions and use directions associated with both crops.

Due to potential injury to bees, do not apply to alfalfa grown for seed.

CORN - Foliar Applications

Field Corn, Popcorn, Seed Corn (see Sweet Corn recommendations in Vegetable Crops Section)

PESTS CONTROLLED	Rate	Rate
1 2010 CONTROLLED	fluid oz/Acre	Ib Al/Acre
Black cutworm		
Flea beetles	0.8 – 1.6	0.013 – 0.025
Granulate cutworm	0.8 – 1.6	0.013 - 0.023
Sand hill cutworm		
Armyworm (1st and 2nd instar)		
Bean leaf beetle		
Cereal leaf beetle		
Chinch bug		
Click beetle (adult)		
Corn earworm		
Corn rootworms (adult)		
European corn borer*		
Grape colaspis (adult)		
Japanese beetle (adult)		
June beetle (adult)	1.6 – 2.8	0.025 - 0.044
Leafhoppers		
Masked chafer (adult)		
Southern armyworm (1st and 2nd instar)		
Southern corn leaf beetle		
Southwestern corn borer*		
Stalk borer*		
Stink bugs		
Webworm		
Western bean cutworm		
Yellowstriped armyworm (1st and 2nd instar)		
Grasshoppers	2.1 – 2.8	0.033 - 0.044
Fall armyworm (1st and 2nd instar)	2.8	0.044

Pre-Harvest Interval (PHI): Grain or fodder – 21 days; Green forage – 0 day.

Maximum BAYTHROID allowed per 7-day interval: 2.8 fluid oz/A (0.044 lb Al/Acre).

Maximum BAYTHROID allowed per crop season: 11.2 fluid oz/A (0.175 lb Al/Acre).

Maximum number of applications per season: 4. Three applications may be applied up to early dent stage. One application may be made between early dent and 21 days before harvest.

Minimum ULV application volume (once refined cotton seed/vegetable oil): 1.0 qt/A - aerial application.

* Application must be made prior to the larva boring into the plant.

CORN – Soil Applications			
PESTS CONTROLLED	Rate	Rate**	
FESTS CONTROLLED	fluid oz/1000 row-ft	fluid oz/Acre	
Seedcorn maggot	0.12 - 0.16	2.0 – 2.8	
Wireworm	0.12 - 0.16	2.0 – 2.8	
PEST SUPPRESSED			
White grub	0.14 – 0.16	2.5 – 2.8	

Notes and Restrictions

Pre-Harvest Interval (PHI): Grain or fodder – 21 days; Green forage – 0 day.

Maximum BAYTHROID allowed at planting: 2.8 fluid oz/A (0.044 lb Al/Acre).

Maximum BAYTHROID allowed per crop season: 11.2 fluid oz (0.175 lb Al/Acre).

APPLICATION INSTRUCTIONS: BAYTHROID may be applied in water or in liquid, pop-up fertilizer at planting. Apply in a **minimum of 2 GPA** of total mix volume when applied in water. Good agitation must be maintained at all times during application.

INSTRUCTIONS FOR LIQUID POP-UP FERTILIZER APPLICATION: Perform a compatibility test prior to mixing the entire tank to ensure that BAYTHROID will remain in solution while applying. Take a known amount of the fertilizer to be used as a carrier and place in a glass jar. Add the appropriate amount of BAYTHROID based on the labeled use rate. Add other components to be tank mixed. Gently agitate the solution. Examine the solution for signs of incompatibility such as flocculation, precipitation, separation, etc. If incompatibility occurs contact your local Bayer CropScience representative for additional information. Fertilizers containing zinc have been shown to be incompatible with BAYTHROID.

PLACEMENT: Total mix volume should be applied in the open furrow ahead of the closing wheels for optimum coverage.

**ROW WIDTH: The above rate calculations are based on standard 30 in. row spacing. For row spacing less than 30 inches, adjust rate not to exceed 2.8 fluid oz/A (0.044 lb Al/Acre). Diminished control may occur when rate is decreased below recommended rate per 1000 row-ft.

COTTON		
PESTS CONTROLLED	Rate	Rate
T LOTO CONTROLLED	fluid oz/Acre	Ib Al/Acre
Cotton leafperforator		
Cotton leafworm	0.8 – 1.6	0.013 - 0.025
Cutworms	0.6 – 1.6	0.013 - 0.025
Thrips		
Boll weevil		
Cabbage looper		
Cotton aphid		
Cotton bollworm*		
Cotton fleahopper		
Cucumber beetle		
European corn borer		
Flea beetles		
Garden webworm		
Lygus bug*	1.6 – 2.6	0.025 - 0.041
Pink bollworm		
Saltmarsh caterpillar		
Southern garden leafhopper		
Stink bugs		
Tarnished plant bug*		
Threecornered alfalfa hopper		
Tobacco budworm*		
Ovicidal Control:		
Cotton bollworm and tobacco budworm		
Grasshopper	2.0 – 2.8	0.031 - 0.044
Beet armyworm (1st and 2nd instar)		
Cotton leafminer		
Fall armyworm (1st and 2nd instar)	3.2	0.05
Soybean looper		
Yellowstriped armyworm (1st and 2nd instar)		
PEST SUPPRESSED		
Whitefly (adult)	3.2	0.05

Pre-Harvest Interval (PHI): 0 day.

Maximum BAYTHROID allowed per 3-day interval: 3.2 fluid oz/A (0.05 lb Al/Acre).

Maximum BAYTHROID allowed per crop season: 19.2 fluid oz/A (0.3 lb Al/Acre).

Minimum ULV application volume (once refined cotton seed/vegetable oil): 1.0 qt/A – aerial application.

Do not graze treated fields.

Do not make more than a total of 6 synthetic pyrethroid applications (of one product or combination of products) to a cotton crop in one growing season.

*See INSECT RESISTANCE statement elsewhere on this label.

GRASS

Pasture / Rangeland / Grass for Seed / Grass for Hay / Grass in mixed-stands with Alfalfa

PESTS CONTROLLED	Rate	Rate
PESIS CONTROLLED	fluid oz/Acre	lb Al/Acre
Armyworms (1st and 2nd instar)	1.6 – 1.9	0.025 – 0.03
Grass thrips	2.6 – 2.8	0.040 – 0.044
Grasshoppers	2.0 – 2.0	0.040 - 0.044

Notes and Restrictions: Grass for Pasture, Rangeland and Grass for Seed

Pre-Grazing Interval: 0 day (minimum time between last application and beginning of foraging or seed harvest).

Maximum BAYTHROID allowed per 5-day interval: 2.8 fluid oz/A (0.044 lb Al/Acre).

Maximum BAYTHROID allowed per crop season: 11.3 fluid oz/A (0.176 lb Al/Acre).

Notes and Restrictions: Grass for Hay

Pre-Harvest Interval (PHI): 0 day (minimum time between last application and baling for harvest).

Maximum BAYTHROID allowed per 5-day interval: 2.8 fluid oz/A (0.044 lb Al/Acre).

Maximum BAYTHROID allowed per cutting: 11.3 fluid oz/A (0.176 lb Al/Acre).

Notes and Restrictions: Grass in mixed-stands with Alfalfa

See additional PESTS CONTROLLED from ALFALFA section of Label.

Pre-Harvest Interval (PHI) / Pre-Grazing Interval: 7 days (minimum time between last application and beginning of foraging or baling).

Maximum BAYTHROID allowed per cutting: 2.8 fluid oz/A (0.044 lb Al/Acre).

Maximum BAYTHROID allowed per crop season: 11.3 fluid oz/A (0.176 lb Al/Acre).

PEANUT			
PESTS CONTROLLED	Rate fluid oz/Acre	Rate Ib Al/Acre	
Cutworms			
Green cloverworm			
Potato leafhopper	1.0 – 1.8	0.016 - 0.028	
Rednecked peanutworm			
Velvetbean caterpillar			
Armyworm (1st and 2nd instar)			
Bean leaf beetle			
Corn earworm			
Corn rootworms (adult)			
Grape colaspis (adult)	1.8 – 2.4	0.028 - 0.038	
Grasshoppers			
Japanese beetle (adult)			
June beetle (adult)			
Stink bugs			
Threecornered alfalfa hopper			
Vegetable weevil			
Beet armyworm (1st and 2nd instar)			
Fall armyworm (1st and 2nd instar)	0.4.00	0.000 0.044	
Southern armyworm (1st and 2nd instar)	2.4 – 2.8	0.038 – 0.044	
Whitefringed beetle (adult)			
PESTS SUPPRESSED			
Soybean looper			
Thrips	2.8	0.044	
Whitefly (adult)			
N. C. I.B. C. C.			

Pre-Harvest Interval (PHI): 14 days (minimum time between final application and threshing for seed).

Maximum BAYTHROID allowed per 10-day interval: 2.8 fluid oz/A (0.044 lb Al/Acre).

Maximum BAYTHROID allowed per crop season: 8.4 fluid oz/A (0.131 lb Al/Acre).

Minimum ULV application volume (once refined cotton seed/vegetable oil): 1.0 qt/A – aerial application.

SORGHUM		
PESTS CONTROLLED	Rate fluid oz/Acre	Rate Ib Al/Acre
Cutworms	40.40	0.040 0.000
Sorghum midge	1.0 – 1.3	0.016 – 0.020
Armyworm (1st and 2nd instar)		
Beet armyworm (1st and 2nd instar)		
Black wooly bear		
European corn borer*		
Fall armyworm (1st and 2nd instar)		
False chinch bug		
Flea beetle		
Sorghum headworm (corn earworm)	1.3 – 2.8	0.020 - 0.044
Sorghum webworm	1.3 – 2.0	0.020 - 0.044
Southern armyworm (1st and 2nd instar)		
Southwestern corn borer*		
Stalk borer*		
Stink bugs		
True Armyworm (1st and 2nd instar)		
Webworms		
Yellowstriped armyworm (1st and 2nd instar)		
Chinch bug		
Grasshoppers	2.0 – 2.8	0.038 - 0.044
Sugarcane rootstock weevil		

Pre-Harvest Interval (PHI): 14 days.

If more than 5.6 fluid oz/Acre is applied, allow at least 14 days between last application and grazing.

Maximum BAYTHROID allowed per 10-day interval: 2.8 fluid oz/A (0.044 lb Al/Acre).

Maximum BAYTHROID allowed per crop season: 8.4 fluid oz/A (0.131 lb Al/Acre).

Minimum ULV application volume (once refined cotton seed/vegetable oil): 1.0 qt/A – aerial application.

* Application must be made prior to the larva boring into the plant.

SOYBEAN		
PESTS CONTROLLED	Rate	Rate
1 E010 CONTROLLED	fluid oz/Acre	lb Al/Acre
Bean leaf beetle (growth stage VC - V2)		
Cutworms		
Potato leafhopper	0.8 – 1.6	0.013 - 0.025
Thrips		
Green cloverworm		
Armyworm (1st and 2nd instar)		
Bean leaf beetle		
Bean leaf webber		
Beet armyworm (1st and 2nd instar)		
Blister beetle		
Cabbage looper		
Click beetle (adult)		
Corn earworm		
Corn rootworms (adult)		
Cucumber beetle		
European corn borer		
Fall armyworm (1st and 2nd instar)		
Grape colaspis (adult)		
Japanese beetle (adult)		
June beetle (adult)	1.6 – 2.8	0.025 - 0.044
Lygus bug		
Masked chafer (adult)		
Mexican bean beetle		
Saltmarsh caterpillar		
Silverspotted skipper		
Southern armyworm (1st and 2nd instar)		
Stink bugs		
Tarnished plant bug*		
Threecornered alfalfa hopper		
Tobacco budworm*		
Velvetbean caterpillar		
Webworm		
Woolybear caterpillar		
Yellowstriped armyworm (1st and 2nd instar)		
Grasshoppers		
Soybean aphid	2.0 – 2.8	0.031 - 0.044
PESTS SUPPRESSED		
Lesser cornstalk borer	2.8	0.044
Soybean looper*		

Pre-Harvest Interval (PHI) or feeding of dry vines: 45 days. Green forage may be fed 15 days after last application.

Maximum BAYTHROID allowed per 7-day interval: 2.8 fluid oz/A (0.044 lb Al/Acre).

Maximum BAYTHROID allowed per crop season: 11.2 fluid oz/A (0.175 lb Al/Acre).

Minimum ULV application volume (once refined cotton seed/vegetable oil): 1.0 qt/A – aerial application.

*See INSECT RESISTANCE statement elsewhere on this label.

SUGARCANE			
PESTS CONTROLLED	Rate	Rate	
FESTS CONTROLLED	fluid oz/Acre	Ib Al/Acre	
Sugarcane borer*	2.1	0.033	
Rice stalk borer*	2.8	0.044	

Pre-Harvest Interval (PHI): 15 days.

Maximum BAYTHROID allowed per 7-day interval: 2.8 fluid oz/A (0.044 lb Al/Acre).

Maximum BAYTHROID allowed per crop season: 16.8 fluid oz/A (0.263 lb Al/Acre).

For ground application, apply in a minimum of 20 GPA.

Minimum ULV application volume (once refined cotton seed/vegetable oil): 1.0 qt/A – aerial application.

Do not apply if soil is saturated with water.

Do not apply under conditions that favor runoff.

Do not apply in the rain.

* Application must be made prior to the larva boring into the plant.

SUNFLOWER			
PESTS CONTROLLED	Rate fluid oz/Acre	Rate Ib Al/Acre	
Cutworms Sunflower beetle	0.8 – 1.6	0.013 – 0.025	
Sunflower stem weevil (adult)	1.6 – 2.4	0.025 - 0.038	
Banded sunflower moth Grasshoppers Stink bugs Sunflower bud moth Sunflower headclipping weevil Sunflower midge Sunflower moth Sunflower seed weevil	2.0 – 2.8	0.031 – 0.044	
Palestripped flea beetle	2.8	0.044	

Notes and Restrictions

Pre-Harvest Interval (PHI) and Pre-grazing or Foraging Interval: 30 days.

Maximum BAYTHROID allowed per 7-day interval: 2.8 fluid oz/A (0.044 lb Al/Acre).

Maximum BAYTHROID allowed per crop season: 8.4 fluid oz/A (0.131 lb Al/Acre).

DO NOT apply by ULV application.

TOBACCO		
PESTS CONTROLLED	Rate fluid oz/Acre	Rate Ibs Al/Acre
Cutworms	0.28	0.0044

Notes and Restrictions

Apply up to 7 days following transplanting as an individual plant treatment.

Maximum BAYTHROID allowed per crop season: 0.28 fluid oz/A (0.0044 lb Al/Acre).

Maximum number of applications: 1.

Minimum application volume (water): 15 GPA - ground

WHEAT		
PESTS CONTROLLED	Rate fluid oz/Acre	Rate lb Al/Acre
Army cutworm		
Cereal leaf beetle	1.0 – 1.8	0.016 - 0.028
Cutworms		
Armyworm (1st and 2nd instar)		
Bird cherry-oat aphid*		0.028 – 0.038
English grain aphid*		
Fall armyworm (1st and 2nd instar)	1.8 – 2.4	
Flea beetles		
Grasshoppers		
Grass sawfly		
Pale western cutworm		
Russian wheat aphid*		
Southern armyworm (1st and 2nd instar)		
Stink bugs		
Yellowstriped armyworm (1st and 2nd instar)		
Chinch bug	2.4	0.038

Pre-Grazing or Foraging Interval: 3 days. Pre-Harvest Interval (PHI): 30 days.

Maximum BAYTHROID allowed per 3-day interval: 2.4 fluid oz/A (0.038 lb Al/Acre).

Maximum BAYTHROID allowed per crop season: 4.8 fluid oz/A (0.076 lb Al/Acre).

Minimum ULV application volume (cotton seed/vegetable oil): 1.0 qt/A - aerial application.

VEGETABLE CROPS

RECOMMENDED APPLICATIONS - BAYTHROID 2 Emulsifiable Pyrethroid Insecticide

For all crops, apply specific dosage of BAYTHROID at early threshold for target pest, as population begins to develop. Degree of control or suppression of additional labeled pests will be determined, in part by the stage of pest development at application and infestation level of those pests.

Application timing should be based on careful scouting and local economic thresholds. BAYTHROID may be applied before, during, or after planting. Use the higher rates for moderate to heavy insect pressure. Lower rates are generally adequate for low to moderate insect pressure but require careful scouting and may require more frequent application.

BAYTHROID is an Emulsifiable Concentrate formulation and is active by contact and ingestion. Thorough coverage is necessary for optimum performance.

7

^{*} For best control, applications must be made prior to insects damaging the plants. Use the higher rate range and increased water volume for applications occurring after plant damage has taken place or following booting in order to receive better coverage. Once damage occurs or plant growth stage reaches booting, control may be limited to suppression only.

BRASSICA (COLE) LEAFY VEGETABLES

Includes all members of Crop Group 5:

Broccoli, Broccoli raab (rapini)**, Chinese (gai lon) broccoli, Brussels sprouts, Cabbage, Chinese (bok choy) cabbage**, Chinese (napa) cabbage, Chinese mustard (gai choy) cabbage, Cauliflower, Cavalo broccolo, Collards**, Kale**, Kohlrabi, Mizuna**, Mustard greens, Mustard spinach**, Rape greens**, and Turnip greens.

PESTS CONTROLLED	Rate fluid oz/Acre	Rate lb Al/Acre
Cutworms		
Potato leafhopper	0.8 – 1.6	0.013 - 0.025
Thrips		
Alfalfa looper		
Cabbage looper		
Cabbage webworm	1.6 – 2.4	0.025 - 0.038
Imported cabbageworm		
Southern cabbageworm		
Armyworm (1st and 2nd instar)		
Beet armyworm (1st and 2nd instar)		
Cabbage flea beetle		
Corn earworm		
Diamondback moth (larvae)*		
Fall armyworm (1st and 2nd instar)		
Grasshoppers		
Japanese beetle (adult)	2.4 – 3.2	0.038 - 0.05
Lygus bug		
Meadow spittlebug		
Southern armyworm (1st and 2nd instar)		
Stink bugs		
Tarnished plant bug*		
Vegetable weevil (adult)		
Yellowstriped armyworm (1st and 2nd instar)		
PEST SUPPRESSED		
Whitefly (adult)	3.2	0.05

Notes and Restrictions

Pre-Harvest Interval (PHI): 0 day.

Maximum BAYTHROID allowed per 7-day interval: 3.2 fluid oz/A (0.05 lb Al/Acre).

Maximum BAYTHROID allowed per crop season: 12.8 fluid oz/A (0.2 lb Al/Acre).

For aerial applications, apply in a minimum of 5 GPA.

Due to potential injury to bees, do not apply to cole crops grown for seed.

*See INSECT RESISTANCE statement elsewhere on this label.

** Use not permitted in CA.

CUCURBITS (except crops grown for seed)

Includes all members of Crop Group 9:

Balsam apple, Balsam pear, Bitter melon, Chayote, Chinese cucumber, Chinese waxgourd (Chinese preserving melon), Citron melon, Cucumber, Gherkin, Edible gourd (includes: hyotan, cucuzza, henchmia and Chinese okra), Muskmelon (includes: cantaloupe, true cantaloupe, casaba, crenshaw melon, golden pershaw melon, honeydew melon, honey balls, mango melon, Persian melon, pineapple melon, Santa Claus melon, and snake melon), Pumpkin, Summer squash (includes: crookneck squash, scallop squash, straightneck squash, vegetable marrow, and zucchini), Watermelon, Winter squash (includes: butternut squash, calabaza, hubbard squash, acorn squash and spaghetti squash)

PESTS CONTROLLED	Rate fluid oz/Acre	Rate lb Al/Acre
Cutworms	00.40	0.040
Potato leafhopper	0.8 – 1.6	0.013 – 0.025
Armyworm (1st and 2nd instar)		
Cabbage looper		
Corn earworm		
Grasshoppers	1.6 – 2.4	0.025 0.029
Melonworm	1.0 – 2.4	0.025 - 0.038
Pickleworm		
Rindworm		
Stink bugs		
Cucumber beetle		
Lygus bug		
Stripped cucumber beetle	2.4 – 2.8	0.038 - 0.044
Tarnished plant bug *		
Tobacco budworm		
PEST SUPPRESSED		
Whitefly (adult)	2.8	0.044

Notes and Restrictions

Pre-Harvest Interval (PHI): 0 day.

Maximum BAYTHROID allowed per 7-day interval: 2.8 fluid oz/A (0.044 lb Al/Acre).

Maximum BAYTHROID allowed per crop season: 11.2 fluid oz/A (0.175 lb Al/Acre).

* See INSECT RESISTANCE statement elsewhere on this label.

FRUITING VEGETABLES

Includes all members of Crop Group 8:

Eggplant, Groundcherry, Pepino, Pepper (includes: bell pepper, chili pepper, cooking pepper, pimento, sweet pepper), Tomatillo, and Tomato

PESTS CONTROLLED	Rate fluid oz/Acre	Rate Ib Al/Acre
Celery leaftier		
Colorado potato beetle *		
European corn borer		
Garden webworm		
Potato aphid	1.6 – 2.8	0.025 - 0.044
Potato leafhopper		
Stink bugs		
Tomato fruitworm (corn earworm)		
Tomato hornworm		
Beet armyworm (1st and 2nd instar)		
Cabbage looper		
Southern armyworm (1st and 2nd instar)		
Tarnished plant bug *	2.1 – 2.8	0.033 – 0.044
Thrips (except Thrips palmi)		
Tomato pinworm		
Variegated cutworm		
Western yellowstriped armyworm (1st and 2nd instar)		
Flea beetles	2.0	0.044
Garden symphylan**	2.8	0.044
PESTS SUPPRESSED		
Leafminers		
Pepper weevil	2.8	0.044
Whitefly (adult)		

Notes and Restrictions

Pre-Harvest Interval (PHI) for tomato: 0 day. PHI for all other fruiting vegetables included in this section: 7 days.

Maximum BAYTHROID allowed per 7-day interval: 2.8 fluid oz/A (0.044 lb Al/Acre).

Maximum BAYTHROID allowed per crop season: 16.8 fluid oz/A (0.263 lb Al/Acre).

For reduction of damage caused by garden symphylan, apply specified dosage to the top of the planting beds prior to transplanting. Spray should cover the entire top of the beds. Thoroughly incorporate to a depth of approximately 4 to 6 inches. A maximum of 1 pretransplant application is allowed per crop season.

^{*} See INSECT RESISTANCE statement elsewhere on this label.

^{**} Except California

LEAFY VEGETABLES

Includes all members of Crop Group 4:

Amaranth (Chinese spinach), Arugula (rouquette), Cardoon, Celery, Chinese celery, Celtuce, Chervil, Chrysanthemum (edible-leaved and garland), Corn salad, Cress (garden and upland), Dandelion, Dock (sorrel), Endive (escarole), Florence fennel, Lettuce (head and leaf), New Zealand spinach, Orach, Parsley, Purslane (garden and winter), Radicchio (red chicory),

PESTS CONTROLLED	Rate fluid oz/Acre	Rate Ib Al/Acre
Cutworms		
Potato leafhopper	0.8 – 1.6	0.013 - 0.025
Thrips		
Alfalfa looper		
Cabbage looper		
Green cloverworm	1.6 – 2.4	0.025 - 0.038
Imported cabbageworm		
Saltmarsh caterpillar		
Beet armyworm (1st and 2nd instar)		
Corn earworm		0.038 – 0.05
Diamondback moth (larvae)*		
European corn borer		
Fall armyworm (1st and 2nd instar)		
Flea beetles		
Grasshoppers		
Japanese beetle (adult)	0.4.00	
Leafhoppers	2.4 – 3.2	
Lygus bug		
Meadow spittlebug		
Southern armyworm (1st and 2nd instar)		
Stink bugs		
Tarnished plant bug*		
Vegetable weevil (adult)		
Yellowstriped armyworm (1st and 2nd instar)		
PEST SUPPRESSED		

3.2

Notes and Restrictions

Whitefly (adult)

Pre-Harvest Interval (PHI): 0 day.

Maximum BAYTHROID allowed per 7-day interval: 3.2 fluid oz/A (0.05 lb Al/Acre).

Maximum BAYTHROID allowed per crop season: 12.8 fluid oz/A (0.2 lb Al/Acre).

For aerial applications, apply in a minimum of 5 GPA.

Due to potential injury to bees, do not apply to crops grown for seed.

*See INSECT RESISTANCE statement elsewhere on this label.

0.05

DRIED SHELLED LEGUME VEGETABLES

Includes all members of Crop Subgroup 6C:

Adzuki bean, Blackeyed pea, Broad bean, Catjang, Chickpea (Garbanzo bean), Cowpea, Crowder pea, Field bean, Field pea, , Guar, Kidney bean, Lablab bean, Lentil, Dry Lima bean, Lupin (grain, sweet, white and white sweet), Moth bean, Mung bean, Navy bean, Pigeon pea, Pinto bean, Rice bean, Tepary bean, Urd bean

(Southern pea included in separate section.)

PESTS CONTROLLED	Rate fluid oz/Acre	Rate Ib Al/Acre
Cutworms	0.8 – 1.6	0.013 – 0.025
Potato leafhopper	0.8 – 1.0	0.013 - 0.023
Cowpea curculio*		
Stink bugs	1.6 – 2.4	0.025 - 0.038
Tarnished plant bug*		
Bean leaf beetle		
Bean leaf webber		
Beet armyworm (1st and 2nd instar)		
Blister beetle		
Cabbage looper		
Corn earworm		
Cucumber beetle		
European corn borer		
Fall armyworm (1st and 2nd instar)		
Grasshoppers		
Green cloverworm		
Japanese beetle (adult)		
Lygus bug	2.4 – 3.2	0.038 - 0.05
Mexican bean beetle		
Pea leaf weevil		
Pea weevil		
Saltmarsh caterpillar		
Silverspotted skipper		
Soybean looper*		
Threecornered alfalfa hopper		
Tobacco budworm*		
Velvetbean caterpillar		
Webworm		
Woolybear caterpillar		
Yellowstriped armyworm (1st and 2nd instar)		
PEST SUPPRESSED		
Pea aphid	3.2	0.05

Notes and Restrictions

Pre-Harvest Interval (PHI): 7 days (minimum time between final application and threshing for seed).

Maximum BAYTHROID allowed per 14-day interval: 3.2 fluid oz/A (0.05 lb Al/Acre).

Maximum BAYTHROID allowed per crop season: 6.4 fluid oz/A (0.1 lb Al/Acre).

For aerial applications, apply in a minimum of 5 GPA.

Do not feed treated vines or hay to livestock.

*See INSECT RESISTANCE statement elsewhere on this label.

PEA, SOUTHERN		
PESTS CONTROLLED	Rate fluid oz/Acre	Rate Ib Al/Acre
Cutworms Potato leafhopper	0.8 – 1.6	0.013 – 0.025
Beet armyworm (1st and 2nd instar)		
Corn earworm		
Cowpea curculio		
Fall armyworm (1st and 2nd instar)		
Grasshoppers		
Lygus bug	1.6 – 2.1	0.025 - 0.033
Southern armyworm (1st and 2nd instar)		
Stink bugs		
Tarnished plant bug*		
Thrips		
Yellowstriped armyworm (1st and 2nd instar)		

Pre-Harvest Interval (PHI): 3 day.

Maximum BAYTHROID allowed per 5-day interval: 2.1 fluid oz/A (0.033 lb Al/Acre).

Maximum BAYTHROID allowed per crop season: 10.5 fluid oz/A (0.165 lb Al/Acre).

Due to potential injury to bees, do not apply to southern peas grown for seed.

Do not feed treated vines or hay to livestock.

Do not apply to cowpea or southern pea varieties grown for livestock feed.

*See INSECT RESISTANCE statement elsewhere on this label.

POTATO AND OTHER TUBEROUS AND CORM VEGETABLES

Includes all members of Crop Subgroup 1C:

Arracacha, Arrowroot, Artichoke (Chinese and Jerusalem), Edible canna, Cassava (bitter and sweet), Chayote root, Chufa, Dasheen (taro), Ginger, Leren, Potato, Sweet potato, Tanier, True yam, Turmeric, Yam bean

PESTS CONTROLLED	Rate fluid oz/Acre	Rate Ib Al/Acre
Cutworms Potato leafhopper	0.8 - 1.6	0.013 - 0.025
Cabbage looper		
Colorado potato beetle*		
European corn borer	1.6 - 2.8	0.025 – 0.044
Flea beetles		
Potato psyllid	1.0 - 2.0	0.025 – 0.044
Potato tuberworm		
Sweetpotato weevil (adults)		
Tarnished plant bug*		
PEST SUPPRESSED		
Aphids	2.8	0.044

Notes and Restrictions

Pre-Harvest Interval (PHI): 0 day.

If more than 5.6 fluid oz/Acre is applied, allow at least 14 days between last application and grazing.

Maximum BAYTHROID allowed per 5-day interval: 2.8 fluid oz/A (0.044 lb Al/Acre).

Maximum BAYTHROID allowed per crop season: 16.8 fluid oz/A (0.263 lb Al/Acre).

*See INSECT RESISTANCE statement elsewhere on this label.

CARROT AND RADISH		
PESTS CONTROLLED	Rate fluid oz/Acre	Rate Ib Al/Acre
Aster leafhopper		
Cutworms	40.00	0.005 0.044
Flea beetles	1.6 – 2.8	0.025 – 0.044
Potato leafhopper		
Carrot weevil	2.8	0.044

Notes and Restrictions

Pre-Harvest Interval (PHI): 0 day.

Maximum BAYTHROID allowed per 7-day interval: 2.8 fluid oz/A (0.044 lb Al/Acre).

Maximum BAYTHROID allowed per crop season: 14.0 fluid oz/A (0.22 lb Al/Acre).

Do not harvest radish tops (leaves) for human consumption.

Due to potential injury to bees, do not apply to any of the crops listed in this section grown for seed.

PESTS CONTROLLED	Rate	Rate
PESTS CONTROLLED	fluid oz/Acre	lb Al/Acre
Black cutworm		
Flea beetles	0.8 – 1.6	0.013 - 0.025
Granulate cutworm	0.8 – 1.6	0.013 - 0.023
Sand hill cutworm		
Armyworm (1 st and 2 nd instar)		
Bean leaf beetle		
Cereal leaf beetle		
Chinch bug		
Click beetle (adult)		0.025 - 0.044
Corn earworm		
Corn rootworms (adult)		
Corn silk fly		
European corn borer*		
Grape colaspis (adult)		
Japanese beetle(adult)	1.6 – 2.8	
June beetle (adult)	1.0 – 2.8	0.025 - 0.044
Leafhoppers		
Masked chafer (adult)		
Southern armyworm (1 st and 2 nd instar)		
Southern corn leaf beetle		
Southwestern corn borer*		
Stalk borer*		
Stink bugs		
Webworm		
Western bean cutworm		
Yellowstriped armyworm (1 st and 2 nd instar)		
Grasshoppers	2.0 – 2.8	0.031 - 0.044
Fall armyworm (1st and 2nd instar)	2.8	0.044

Pre-Harvest Interval (PHI): 0 day.

Maximum BAYTHROID allowed per 2-day interval: 2.8 fluid oz/A (0.044 lb Al/Acre).

Maximum BAYTHROID allowed per crop season: 28.0 fluid oz/A (0.44 lb Al/Acre).

Minimum ULV application volume (once refined cotton seed/vegetable oil): 1.0 qt/A – aerial application.

*Application must be made prior to the larva boring into the plant.

SWEET CORN – Soil Applications**			
PESTS CONTROLLED	Rate	Rate	
FESTS CONTROLLED	fluid oz/1000 row-ft	fluid oz/Acre	
Seedcorn maggot	0.12 – 0.16	2.0 – 2.8	
Wireworm	0.12 - 0.16	2.0 – 2.0	
PEST SUPPRESSED			
White grub	0.14 – 0.16	2.5 – 2.8	

Pre-Harvest Interval (PHI): 0 day.

Maximum BAYTHROID allowed at planting: 2.8 fluid oz/A (0.044 lb Al/Acre).

Application Instructions: BAYTHROID may be applied in water or in liquid, pop-up fertilizer at planting. Apply in a minimum of 2 GPA of total mix volume when applied in water. Good agitation must be maintained at all times during application.

Instructions For Liquid Pop-Up Fertilizer Application: Perform a compatibility test prior to mixing the entire tank to ensure that BAYTHROID will remain in solution while applying. Take a known amount of the fertilizer to be used as a carrier and place in a glass jar. Add the appropriate amount of BAYTHROID based on the labeled use rate. Add other components to be tank mixed. Gently agitate the solution. Examine the solution for signs of incompatibility such as flocculation, precipitation, separation, etc. If incompatibility occurs contact your local Bayer CropScience representative for additional information. Fertilizers containing zinc have been shown to be incompatible with BAYTHROID.

Placement: Total mix volume should be applied in the open furrow ahead of the closing wheels for optimum coverage.

** Use not permitted in CA.

TREE and VINE CROPS

RECOMMENDED APPLICATIONS - BAYTHROID 2 Emulsifiable Pyrethroid Insecticide

For all crops, apply specific dosage of BAYTHROID at early threshold for target pest, as population begins to develop. Degree of control or suppression of additional labeled pests will be determined, in part by the stage of pest development at application and infestation level of those pests.

Recommended application rates within this label are based on full-size mature trees and vines. Application timing should be based on careful scouting and local economic thresholds. Use the higher rates for moderate to heavy insect pressure. Lower rates are generally adequate for smaller trees/vines or low to moderate insect pressure but require careful scouting and may require more frequent application.

BAYTHROID is an Emulsifiable Concentrate (EC) formulation and is active by contact and ingestion. Thorough coverage of foliage and fruit is necessary for optimum performance.

CITRUS (California and Arizona, Only)

Includes all members of Crop Group 10:

Calamondin, Citrus citron, Citrus hybrids (includes chironja, tangelo, and tangor), Grapefruit, Kumquat, Lemon, Lime, Mandarin (tangerine), Orange (sweet and sour), Pummelo, Satsuma mandarin, White sapote, and other cultivars and/or hybrids of these.

PESTS CONTROLLED	Rate fluid oz/Acre	Rate Ib Al/Acre
Glassywinged sharpshooter	1.6 – 3.2	0.025 - 0.05
Foliar feeding cutworms		
Fuller rose beetle (larvae and adults on foliage)		0.000
Grasshoppers	2.4 – 3.2	0.038 – 0.05
Root-weevil complex (larvae and adults on foliage)		
Citrus thrips		0.4
Katydid	6.4	0.1

Notes and Restrictions

Pre-Harvest Interval (PHI): 0 day.

Maximum BAYTHROID allowed per 7-day interval: **6.4 fluid oz/A (0.1 lb Al/Acre)**. Maximum BAYTHROID allowed per crop season: **6.4 fluid oz/A (0.1 lb Al/Acre)**. Minimum application volume (water): 25 GPA – ground, 25 GPA – aerial application.

GRAPE Includes: Table grape, Raisin, Wine and Muscadine grape		
PESTS CONTROLLED	Rate fluid oz/Acre	Rate Ib Al/Acre
Glassywinged sharpshooter		
Grape leaf skeletonizer	1.6 – 3.2	0.025 - 0.05
Western grape leaf skeletonizer		
Climbing cutworm		
Grape berry moth		
Grape bud beetle		
Grape cane gallmaker (adult)		
Grape flea beetle		
Grape leaffolder		
Grape leafhopper	2.4 – 3.2	0.038 - 0.05
Grape leafroller		
Grape mealybug (crawlers)		
Omnivorous leafroller		
Orange tortrix		
Thrips		
Variegated leafhopper		

Notes and Restrictions

Pre-Harvest Interval (PHI): 3 days.

Maximum BAYTHROID allowed per 14-day interval: 3.2 fluid oz/A (0.05 lb Al/Acre).

Maximum BAYTHROID allowed per crop season: 12.8 fluid oz/A (0.2 lb Al/Acre).

Minimum application volume (water): 50 GPA – ground, 25 GPA – aerial application.

НОР		
PESTS CONTROLLED	Rate fluid oz/Acre	Rate Ib Al/Acre
Hop aphid		
Hop aphid Hop flea beetle	2.2	0.05
Hop looper	3.2	0.05
Hop plant bug		

Pre-Harvest Interval (PHI): 7 days.

Maximum BAYTHROID allowed per 14-day interval: **3.2 fluid oz/A (0.05 lb Al/Acre)**. Maximum BAYTHROID allowed per crop season: **16.0 fluid oz/A (0.25 lb Al/Acre)**. Minimum application volume (water): 25 GPA – ground, 25 GPA – aerial application.

POME FRUIT

Includes all members of Crop Group 11:

Apple, Crabapple, Loquat, Mayhaw, Pear, Oriental pear, Quince

PESTS CONTROLLED	Rate fluid oz/Acre	Rate Ib Al/Acre
Green fruitworm		
Potato leafhopper	1.4 – 2.0	0.022 - 0.031
White apple leafhopper		
Codling moth		
Oriental fruit moth		
Spotted tentiform leafminer	2.0 – 2.4	0.031 - 0.038
Stink bugs	2.0 – 2.4	0.031 – 0.038
Tarnished plant bug		
Western tentiform leafminer		
Apple leafroller		
Apple maggot		
Ermine moth		
European apple sawfly		
Lesser appleworm		
Obliquebanded leafroller		
Pandemis leafroller	2.4 – 2.8	0.038 – 0.044
Pear sawfly (larvae = pear slug)	2.4 2.0	0.000 0.044
Periodical cicada		
Plum curculio		
Redbanded leafroller		
San Jose scale (crawlers)		
Tufted apple bud moth		
Variegated leafroller		

Notes and Restrictions

Pre-Harvest Interval (PHI): 7 days.

Maximum BAYTHROID allowed per 14-day interval: 2.8 fluid oz/A (0.044 lb Al/Acre).

Maximum BAYTHROID allowed per crop season: 2.8 fluid oz/A (0.044 lb Al/Acre).

Minimum application volume (water): 100 GPA – ground application, 25 GPA – aerial application.

STONE FRUIT

Includes all members of Crop Group 12:

Apricot, Cherry (sweet and tart), Nectarine, Peach, Plum (includes Chickasaw, Damson, and Japanese), Plumcot, Prune (fresh and dried)

PESTS CONTROLLED	Rate fluid oz/Acre	Rate Ib Al/Acre
Green fruitworm		
Lesser peach tree borer	1.4 – 2.0	0.022 - 0.031
White apple leafhopper		
Codling Moth		
Lygus bug		
Oriental fruit moth	2.0 - 2.4	0.031 - 0.038
Stink bugs		
Tarnished plant bug		
American plum borer		
Black cherry aphid		
Cherry fruit fly		
Obliquebanded leafroller	2.4 – 2.8	0.038 – 0.044
Omnivorous leafroller		
Peach twig borer		
Periodical cicada		
Plum curculio		
Redbanded leafroller		
Western cherry fruit fly		

Notes and Restrictions

Pre-Harvest Interval (PHI): 7 days.

Maximum BAYTHROID allowed per 14-day interval: 2.8 fluid oz/A (0.044 lb Al/Acre).

Maximum BAYTHROID allowed per crop season: 5.6 fluid oz/A (0.088 lb Al/Acre).

Minimum application volume (water): 50 GPA – ground application, 25 GPA – aerial application.

TREE NUT CROPS

Includes all members of Crop Group 14:

Almond, Beechnut, Brazil nut, Butternut, Cashew, Chestnut, Chinquapin, Filbert, Hickory nut, Macadamia nut, Pecan, Pistachio, Walnut (black and English)

PESTS CONTROLLED	Rate fluid oz/Acre	Rate Ib Al/Acre
Potato leafhopper	4.4.20	0.020 0.024
White apple leafhopper	1.4 – 2.0	0.022 – 0.031
Ants (on foliage)		
Codling moth		
Common earwig		
Filbertworm		
Leaffooted bug		
Navel orangeworm	2.0 – 2.4	0.031 - 0.038
Pecan nut casebearer		
Pecan weevil		
Stink bugs		
Tarnished plant bug		
Twolined spittlebug		
Hickory shuckworm		
Obliquebanded leafroller	24 20	0.020 0.044
Peach twig borer	2.4 – 2.8	0.038 - 0.044
Walnut husk fly		

Notes and Restrictions

Pre-Harvest Interval (PHI): 14 days.

Maximum BAYTHROID allowed per 14-day interval: 2.8 fluid oz/A (0.044 lb Al/Acre).

Maximum BAYTHROID allowed per crop season: 2.8 fluid oz/A (0.044 lb Al/Acre).

Minimum application volume (water): 100 GPA – ground application, 25 GPA – aerial application.

RATE CONVERSION CHART

FLUID OZ PER ACRE	LB AI PER ACRE	ACRES PER GALLON
0.8	0.013	160
1.0	0.016	128
1.2	0.019	107
1.4	0.022	91
1.6	0.025	80
1.8	0.028	71
2.0	0.031	64
2.2	0.034	56
2.4	0.038	53
2.6	0.041	49
2.8	0.044	46
3.0	0.047	43
3.2	0.05	40
6.4	0.1	20

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Do not contaminate water, food or feed by storage or disposal.

PESTICIDE STORAGE: Store in a cool, dry place and away from open flame and extreme heat. Store in such a manner as to prevent cross contamination with other pesticides, fertilizers, food, and feed. Store in original container and out of the reach of children, preferably in a locked storage area.

Handle and open container in a manner as to prevent spillage. If container is leaking, invert container to prevent leakage. If the container is leaking or material spilled for any reason or cause, carefully dam up spilled material to prevent runoff. Refer to Precautionary Statements on label for hazards associated with the handling of this material. Do not walk through spilled material. Absorb spilled material with absorbing type compounds and dispose of as directed for pesticides below. In spill or leak incidents, keep unauthorized people away. You may contact the Bayer CropScience Emergency Response Team for decontamination procedures or any other assistance that may be necessary. Bayer CropScience Emergency Response Telephone No. is 1-800-334-7577.

PESTICIDE DISPOSAL: Pesticide wastes are acutely hazardous. Improper disposal of excess pesticide, spray mixture, or rinsate is a violation of Federal law. If these wastes cannot be disposed of by use according to label instructions, contact your State Pesticide or Environmental Control Agency, or the Hazardous Waste representative at the nearest EPA Regional Office for guidance.

CONTAINER HANDLING: Non-refillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container. Triple rinse container (or equivalent) promptly after emptying. Triple rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank and drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Fill the container ¼ full with water and recap. Shake for 10 seconds. Pour rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Repeat this procedure two more times. Then offer for recycling, if available, or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or incineration or, if allowed by state and local authorities, by burning. If burned, stay out of smoke.

CONTAINER DISPOSAL - RETURNABLE/REFILLABLE SEALED CONTAINER: Do not rinse container. Do not break seals. Replace the dust cover/cap and return intact container to point of purchase.

IMPORTANT: READ BEFORE USE

Read the entire Directions for Use, Conditions, Disclaimer of Warranties and Limitations of Liability before using this product. If terms are not acceptable, return the unopened product container at once.

By using this product, user or buyer accepts the following Conditions, Disclaimer of Warranties and Limitations of Liability.

CONDITIONS: The directions for use of this product are believed to be adequate and must be followed carefully. However, it is impossible to eliminate all risks associated with the use of this product. Crop injury, ineffectiveness or other unintended consequences may result because of such factors as weather conditions, presence of other materials, or the manner of use or application, all of which are beyond the control of Bayer CropScience. All such risks shall be assumed by the user or buyer.

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PRODUCED FOR



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