

UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY WASHINGTON, D.C. 20460

OFFICE OF CHEMICAL SAFETY AND POLLUTION PREVENTION

Nang-Ly Chow, Ph.D. Bayer CropScience P.O. Box 12014, 2 Alexander Drive Research Triangle Park, NC 27709

FEB 7 2011

Subject:

Label Notification; Per PR-Notice 98-10

BETAMIX Herbicide EPA Reg. No. 264-621

Date Submitted: January 10, 2011

Dear Mr. Chow:

The Agency is in receipt of your Application for Pesticide Notification under Pesticide Registration Notice (PRN) 98-10 dated January 10, 2011 for the product referenced above. The Registration Division (RD) has conducted a review of this request for its applicability under PRN 98-10 and finds that the action requested falls within the scope of PRN 98-10. The label submitted with the application has been stamped "Notification" and will be placed in our records.

If you have any questions regarding this letter, please contact Jasmine Branch at (703) 347-0351 or branch.jasmine@epa.gov.

Sincerely,

Kable Bo Davis Product Manager 25

Herbicide Branch

Registration Division (7505P)

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& EPA	United 9	otectio			Registration Amendme Other	n	OPP Identifier Number
	Applicat	ion for	Pesticide -				
1. Company/Product Num 264-621			2. EPA Product Mr. Kable	Manage	r	3. Pro	posed Classification
4. Company/Product (Nar BETAMIX® He Herbicide)	^{ne)} rbicide (ABN: Sugarbee	t Mix	PM Tea	m 25			one Restricted
Bayer CropScien PO Box 12014, 2	Alexander Drive, e Park, NC 27709		(b)(i), my producto: EPA Reg. No	t is simila	accordance with ar or identical in o	composit	ion and labeling
		Se	ction – II	——————————————————————————————————————			
Amendment – Explain Resubmission in res Notification - Explain	ponse to Agency letter dated		•	ter dated			EB 0 7 2011
A Pesticide Notification omission we recently approving our Notific Containment labeling	dditional page(s) if necessa on submission for Betamix® discovered in the existing B ation submission of Jan-26,): We now added the ' <u>Char</u> (see label page 8 , as highlig	Herbic Betamix 2010 for t 5" and thted; a	ide - for the m label on file a or compliance If the Title deand cover letter	inor cha t the Ag with PF criptic	ange made to gency (Ref: th R Notice 2007 on for an <u>exis</u>	e EPA -4 (Col ting Ch	3/8/2010 letter ntainers and art located between
		Se	ction – III				<u></u>
1. Material This Product Child-Resistant Packaging Yes No	Unit Packaging Yes No		Soluble Packagin ′es	g	2. Ty		ntainer Metal Plastic Glass
* Certification must be submitted	If "Yes", Unit No. per Packaging wgt. container	If "Yes		No. per containe	er C		Paper Other (Specify)
	ontainer	4. Size	(s) Retail Contain	er		On Labe	l Directions I ling accompanying product
6. Manner in Which Label	is Affixed to Product		Pa	ograph ber glued	Othe	er Stenciled	The second secon
			ction – IV				
Name Nang-Ly Chow, Ph.D	te items directly below for identifica	tion of inc	Title Registrati			Teleph Pho Fax:	one No.: ne: 919-549-2147 919-549-2971
I acknowledge that an both under applicable i	Certifical ents I have made on this form and all al y knowingly false or misleading stateme aw.	ttachments		or imprisor	nment or	ι (((((((((((((((((((Date Application Received (Stamped)
2. Signature Nung. Jy (ho	J.		J. Hue. Re	gisti ati0i	i manayer		. (

4. Typed Name: Nang-Ly Chow, Ph.D.

5. Date: January 10, 2011

Bayer CropScience



January 10, 2011

Document Processing Desk (NOTIF) Office of Pesticide Program (H7504P) U.S. EPA, Room S4900 One Potomac Yard Arlington, VA 22202 -4525

ATTN: Mr. Kable Davis (PM 25)
Registration Division (7505P)

Subject: Betamix® Herbicide (Reg. No.: 264-621): Submission of a Pesticide

Notification under the Provisions of PR Notice 98-10

Dear Mr. Davis:

Bayer CropScience is submitting a pesticide Notification application to inform the Agency that we have made a minor change to the existing Betamix® Herbicide label (Reg. No.: 264-621) that was approved by the Agency's letter dated March 8, 2010 responding to our Notification submission of January 26, 2010 for compliance with PR Notice 2007-4 (Containers and Containment Labelling). The change made is only for correcting one inadvertent omission of the proper descriptive text that should have been in the 3/8/2010 approved label; we now added the wording of 'Chart 5 – Multiple Enhanced Low-Rate Broadcast of Betamix and Nortron" for an existing Chart, located between Chart 4 and Chart 6 (see enclosed label, page 8, as highlighted), that can be seen in the Betamix Herbicide label on file at the Agency. We only discovered this omission this month when we reviewed the EPA 12/6/2011 approved label for the Sugarbeet Mix Herbicide (Reg. No. 264-621), the Alternate Brand Name product for the Betamix Herbicide. For the Agency record, enclosed are the updated Betamix Herbicide label and the EPA Form.

This notification is consistent with the provisions of PR Notice 98-10 and EPA regulations at 40 CFR §152.46, and no other changes have been made to the labeling or the confidential statement of formula for this product. I understand that it is a violation of 18 U.S.C. Section 1001 to willfully make any false statement to EPA. I further understand that if this notification is not consistent with the terms of PR Notice 98-10 and 40 CFR §152.46, these products may be in violation of FIFRA and I may be subjected to enforcement action and penalties under Section 12 and 14 of FIFRA.

We thank the Agency for approving the Notification. Please contact me at 919-549-2147 or via nang-ly.chow@bayer.com if you should have any questions.

Sincerely,

Nung. Ly chow

Nang-Ly Chow, Ph.D. Registration Manager With Enclosures

NOTIFICATION

FEB 07 2011

Betamix® Herbicide

FOR AGRICULTURAL USE ONLY

Postemergence Herbicide for Control of Weeds in Red Beets and Sugar Beets

Desmedipham** 8.0% **OTHER** INGREDIENTS:.... Contains 1.3 lbs. active ingredient per gallon. Total 100.0% This product contains the toxic inert ingredient isophorone.

* CAS Number: 13684-63-4 ** CAS Number: 13684-56-5

EPA Reg No. 264-621

EPA Est. No. 070989-IA-001

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN WARNING — AVISO

Si usted no entiende la etiqueta, busque a alguien para que se la explique a usted en detalle. (If you do not understand the label, find someone to explain it to you in detail.)

For MEDICAL And TRANSPORTATION Emergencies ONLY Call 24 Hours A Day 1-800-334-7577 For PRODUCT USE Information Call 1-866-99BAYER (1-866-992-2937)

FIRST AID

~		
IF SWALLOWED:	Immediately call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.	
	Do not induce vomiting unless told to do so by a poison control center or doctor.	
	Have person sip a glass of water if able to swallow.	
	Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.	
IF IN EYES:	Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15-20 minutes.	
	Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing.	
	Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.	
IF ON SKIN OR	Take off contaminated clothing.	
CLOTHING:	Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15-20 minutes.	
	Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.	
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For MEDICAL Emergencies Call 24 Hours A Day 1-800-334-7577.

Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor or going for treatment.

NOTE TO PHYSICIAN: Probable mucosal damage may contraindicate the use of gastric lavage.

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS

HAZARDS TO HUMANS AND DOMESTIC ANIMALS WARNING

Causes substantial but temporary eye injury. Harmful if swallowed or absorbed through skin. Do not get in eyes or on clothing. Avoid contact with skin.

PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT

Some materials that are chemical-resistant to this product are listed below. If you want more options, follow the instructions for category F on an EPA chemical resistance category selection chart.

Applicators and Other handlers must wear:

- · Long-sleeved shirt and long pants
- Chemical-resistant gloves such as barrier laminate, or butyl rubber ≥ 14 mils, or nitrile rubber ≥ 14 mils
- Shoes plus socks
- Protective eyewear

Discard clothing and other absorbent materials that have been drenched or heavily contaminated with this product's concentrate. Do not reuse them.

Follow manufacturer's instructions for cleaning/maintaining PPE. If no such instructions for washables exist, use detergent and hot water. Keep and wash PPE separately from other laundry.

User Safety Recommendations

Users should wash hands before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco, or using the toilet.

Users should remove clothing immediately if pesticide gets inside. Then wash thoroughly and put on clean clothing.

Users should remove PPE immediately after handling this product. Wash the outside of gloves before removing. As soon as possible, wash thoroughly and change into clean clothing.

ENGINEERING CONTROLS STATEMENT

When handlers use closed systems, enclosed cabs, or aircraft in a manner that meets the requirements listed in the Worker Protection Standard (WPS) for agricultural pesticides [40 CFR 170.240 (d) (4-6)], the handler PPE requirements may be reduced or modified as specified in the WPS.

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS

This pesticide is toxic to fish and aquatic organisms. Do not apply directly to water, or to areas where surface water is present, or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark. Drift and runoff from treated areas may be hazardous to fish and aquatic organisms in adjacent aquatic sites. Do not contaminate water when cleaning equipment or disposing of equipment washwaters.

PHYSICAL OR CHEMICAL HAZARDS

COMBUSTIBLE; DO NOT USE OR STORE NEAR HEAT OR OPEN FLAME.

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Do not contaminate water, food, or feed by storage and disposal.

PESTICIDE STORAGE: Store in original container and keep closed. Store in a cool, dry place. Do not use or store near heat or open flame.

PESTICIDE DISPOSAL: Pesticide wastes are toxic. Improper disposal of excess pesticide, spray mixture, or rinsate is a violation of Federal law. If these wastes cannot be disposed of by use according to label instructions, contact your State Pesticide or Environmental Control Agency, or the Hazardous Waste representative at the nearest EPA Regional Office for guidance.

When packaged in Plastic containers:

CONTAINER DISPOSAL: Non-refillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container. Offer for recycling, if available. Triple rinse container (or equivalent) promptly after emptying. Triple rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank and drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Fill the container 1/4 full with water and recap. Shake for 10 seconds. Pour rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Repeat this procedure two more times. Then puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill; or by other procedures approved by State and local cuthorities.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.

Read the entire Directions for Use before using this product.

Do not apply this product in a way that will contact workers or other persons, either directly or through drift. Only protected handlers may be in the area during application. For any requirements specific to your State or Tribe, consult the agency responsible for pesticide regulation.

AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS

Use this product only in accordance with its labeling and with the Worker Protection Standard, 40 CFR part 170. This Standard contains requirements for the protection of agricultural workers on farms, forests, nurseries, and greenhouses, and handlers of agricultural pesticides. It contains requirements for training, decontamination, notification, and emergency assistance. It also contains specific instructions and exceptions pertaining to the statements on this label about personal protective equipment (PPE), and restricted-entry interval. The requirements in this box only apply to uses of this product that are covered by the Worker Protection Standard.

Do not enter or allow worker entry into treated areas during the restricted entry interval (REI) of 24 hours.

PPE required for early entry to treated areas that is permitted under the Worker Protection Standard and that involves contact with anything that has been treated, such as plants, soil, or water, is:

- Coveralis
- Chemical-resistant gloves (barrier laminate, butyl rubber, nitrile rubber or Viton)
- Shoes plus socks
- Protective eyewear

GENERAL INFORMATION

When used as directed, BETAMIX® Herbicide is selective against weeds in red (table) beets and sugar beets. Follow label directions carefully to avoid severe injury to labeled crops. For best results, spray weeds in the cotyledon stage which are actively growing and are not under water or heat stress. BETAMIX Herbicide will control the following weeds:

Annual sowthistle	Sonchus oleraceus
Black nightshade	Solanum nigrum
Hairy nightshade	Solanum sarrachoides
Coast fiddleneck	Amsinckia intermedia
Common chickweed	Stellaria media
Common lambsquarters	Chenopodium album
Common ragweed	Ambrosia artemisiifolia
Groundcherry	Physalis lanceifolia
London rocket	Sisymbrium irio
Mapleleaf goosefoot	Chenopodium simplex
Narrowleaf lambsquarters	Chenopodium dessicatum
Nettleleaf goosefoot	Chenopodium murale
Palmer amaranth	Amaranthus palmeri
Powell amaranth	Amaranthus powellii
Prostrate pigweed	Amaranthus gracizans
Purslane	Portulaca oleracea
Redroot pigweed	Amaranthus retroflexus
Shepherdspurse	Capsella bursa-pastoris
Smooth pigweed	Amaranthus hybridus
Tall waterhemp	Amaranthus tuberculatus
Wild buckwheat	Polygonum convolvulus
Wild mustard	Brassica kaber

^{*}Redroot pigweed and prostrate pigweed control will be improved with a tank mix of BETAMIX Herbicide and Betanex® Herbicide in Eastern North Dakota and Minnesota (see Chart 4).

GENERAL PRECAUTIONS AND RESTRICTIONS

DO NOT APPLY BETAMIX HERBICIDE TO SUGAR BEETS LATER THAN 75 DAYS PRIOR TO HARVEST.

DO NOT APPLY BETAMIX HERBICIDE TO RED (TABLE) BEETS LATER THAN 14 DAYS PRIOR TO HARVEST OF RED BEET TOPS AND NOT LATER THAN 50 DAYS PRIOR TO HARVEST OF RED BEET ROOTS

DO NOT EXCEED A TOTAL OF 12 PINTS BETAMIX HERBICIDE PER ACRE PER SEASON FOR SUGAR BEETS.

DO NOT EXCEED A TOTAL OF 0.96 lbs a.i. desmedipham and phenmedipham (7 PINTS BETAMIX HERBICIDE) PER ACRE PER SEASON FOR RED (TABLE) BEETS.

DO NOT APPLY THIS PRODUCT THROUGH ANY TYPE OF IRRIGATION SYSTEM.

DO NOT ROTATE WITH CEREAL GRAIN CROPS FOR 120 DAYS FOLLOWING POSTEMERGENCE APPLICATION OF BETAMIX HERBICIDE.

BETAMIX HERBICIDE MAY CAUSE BEET INJURY IF THE CROP IS UNDER STRESS FROM ONE OR MORE OF THE FOLLOWING CONDITIONS:

- Rapid climatic changes from cool, overcast days, to hot (80°F or over) bright days. When the air temperature is, or is likely to be, above 80°F on the day of spraying, application should be made in the late afternoon when the temperature is decreasing.
- Frost within 3 days prior to application or 7 days following treatment could cause beet injury.
- · Windy conditions or drought, saturated soils or other adverse conditions.
- Use of a preplant or preemergence herbicide or other chemicals
- Insect or disease injury
- Close cultivation

If stress conditions are present, delay application in order to give plants a chance to recover.

IMPORTANT: BETAMIX Herbicide may cause temporary growth retardation and/or chlorosis or tipburn on Red (Table) beets or sugar beets. Sugar beets usually resume normal growth within 10 days.

DO NOT OVERTREAT:

The use of higher than recommended rates may cause beet injury and/or carry over problems when tank mixed with NORTRON® SC Herbicide.

Applications made when excess dew is present may reduce weed control.

Rainfall or sprinkler irrigation within 6 hours of spraying may reduce weed kill.

Do not allow spray drift to contact adjacent crops which may be injured by spray drift.

PRACTICES TO LOWER THE POTENTIAL FOR SPRAY DRIFT

Avoiding spray drift at the application site is the responsibility of the applicator. The interactions of many equipment- and weather-related factors determine the potential for spray drift. The applicator and the grower are responsible for considering all these factors when making decisions.

The following drift management requirements must be followed to avoid off-target drift movement from aerial applications to agricultural field crops. These requirements do not apply to forestry applications, public health uses, or to applications using dry formulations.

- 1. The distance of the outer most nozzles on the boom must not exceed 3/4 the length of the wingspan or rotor.
- 2. Nozzles must always point backward, parallel with the air stream, and never be pointed downward more than 45 degrees.

Where States or Tribes have more stringent regulations, they should be observed.

The applicator should be familiar with, and take into account, the information covered in the Aerial Drift Reduction Advisory Information.

AERIAL DRIFT REDUCTION ADVISORY INFORMATION

Information On Droplet Size

The most effective way to reduce drift potential is to apply large droplets. The best drift management strategy is to apply the largest droplets that provide sufficient coverage and control. Applying larger droplets reduces drift potential, but will not prevent drift if applications are made improperly, or under unfavorable environmental conditions. (See *Wind*, *Temperature and Humidity*, and *Temperature Inversions*.)

Controlling Droplet Size:

- Volume Use high flow rate nozzles to apply the highest practical spray volume. Nozzles with higher rated flows produce larger droplets.
- Pressure Do not exceed the nozzle manufacturer's recommended pressures. For many nozzle types lower pressure produces larger droplets. When higher flow rates are needed, use higher flow rate nozzles instead of increasing pressure.
- Number of Nozzles Use the minimum number of nozzles that provide uniform coverage.

- Nozzle Orientation Orienting nozzles so that the spray is released parallel to the airstream produces larger droplets than other
 orientations and is the recommended practice. Significant deflection from horizontal will reduce droplet size and increase drift
 potential.
- Nozzle Type Use a nozzle type that is designed for the intended application. With most nozzle types, narrower spray angles
 produce larger droplets. Consider using low-drift nozzles. Solid stream nozzles oriented straight back produce the largest droplets
 and the lowest drift.

Boom Length:

For some use patterns, reducing the effective boom length to less; than 3/4 of the wingspan or rotor length may further reduce drift without reducing swath width.

Application Height:

Applications should not be made at a height greater than 10 feet above the top of the largest plants unless a greater height is required for aircraft safety. Making applications at the lowest height that is safe reduces exposure of droplets to evaporation and wind.

Swath Adjustment:

When applications are made with a crosswind, the swath will be displaced downwind. Therefore, on the up and downwind edges of the field, the applicator must compensate for this displacement by adjusting the path of the aircraft upwind. Swath adjustment distance should increase, with increasing drift potential (higher wind, smaller drops, etc.).

Wind

Drift potential is lowest between windspeeds of 2 to 10 mph. However, many factors, including droplet size and equipment type determine drift potential at any given speed. Application must be avoided below 2 mph due to variable wind direction and high inversion potential. NOTE: Local terrain can influence wind patterns. Every applicator should be familiar with local wind patterns and how they affect spray drift.

Temperature and Humidity:

When making applications in low relative humidity, set up equipment to produce larger droplets to compensate for evaporation. Droplet evaporation is most severe when conditions are both hot and dry.

Temperature Inversions:

Avoid applications during a temperature inversion because drift potential is high. Temperature inversions restrict vertical air mixing, which causes small suspended droplets to remain in a concentrated cloud. This cloud can move in unpredictable directions due to the light variable winds common during inversions. Temperature inversions are characterized by increasing temperatures with altitude and are common on nights with limited cloud cover and light-to-no wind. They begin to form as the sun sets and often continue into the morning. Their presence can be indicated by ground fog; however, if the fog is not present, inversions can also be identified by the movement of smoke from a ground source or an aircraft smoke generator. Smoke that layers and moves laterally in a concentrated cloud (under low wind conditions) indicates an inversion, while smoke that moves upward and rapidly dissipates indicates good vertical air mixing.

Sensitive Areas

The pesticide must be applied when the potential for drift to adjacent sensitive areas (e.g., residential areas, bodies of water, known habitat for threatened or endangered species, nontarget crops) is minimal (e.g., when wind is blowing away from sensitive areas).

MIXING THE SPRAY:

Make sure the sprayer is CLEAN.

BETAMIX Herbicide emulsifiable concentrate formulation contains sufficient wetting agents for optimum coverage. Add sufficient water to fill the lines. Then add the desired amount of BETAMIX Herbicide and the remaining quantity of water with the bypass agitator running. Bypass agitation is sufficient. Mechanical agitation is not necessary. Only use freshly prepared spray emulsions.

Always spray immediately after preparing the spray solution. Prepare only enough spray solution to last less than four hours.

RATES OF APPLICATION - SUGAR BEETS

MULTIPLE (LOW RATE) APPLICATIONS:

Multiple (low rate) applications of BETAMIX Herbicide may be applied by air or ground to sugar beets to control early germinating weeds. The first application must be applied when the earliest emerging weeds have reached cotyledon size. See Chart 1 for broadcast rates. For broadcast applications with ground equipment, apply in 10 to 20 gallons of water per acre. Use 5 to 15 gallons of water per acre with aerial application. See Chart 2 for equivalent band rates. Any weeds which are not completely controlled by the first treatment will usually be checked and controlled by repeat applications. The repeat application should be made 5 to 7 days after the preceding application or when another flush of weeds germinates. If the second application is delayed, conventional treatment as described below will be necessary.

To avoid excessive phytotoxicity to fall-planted sugar beets south of the Tehachapi Mountains in California when temperatures are above 85°F, apply BETAMIX Herbicide at the rate of 1 pint per acre (broadcast equivalent). Evening applications are recommended.

BETAMIX Herbicide applied postemergence in a tank mix with NORTRON SC Herbicide (see Chart 3) broadens and enhances the control of troublesome weeds, in addition, provides control of Ladysthumb (*Polygonum persicaria*), Pennsylvania smartweed (*Polygonum pennsylvanicum*), Annual bluegrass (*Poa annua*) and Canarygrass (*Phalaris canariensis*).

For further information, contact your County Agricultural Agent, Farm Advisor, or Bayer CropScience.

CHART 1 DOSAGE CHART FOR MULTIPLE (LOW RATE) BROADCAST APPLICATIONS

Pt/A Broadcast					
Weed Stage*	BETAMIX Herbicide ALONE	BETAMIX H	erbicide	+ NORTRON SC	
Cotyledon	1.5–3.0	1.5	+	0.25	
2 leaf	2.0-3.0	2.0	+	0.33	
4 leaf	3.0-4.5	3.0	+	0.5	

^{*}Applications should begin at the cotyledon stage of the weeds.

CHART 2 BETAMIX Herbicide DOSAGE CHART FOR BAND APPLICATION

			Band Rate – Row Spacing (fl oz)			
Broadcast Equivalent	Band Width	22"	24"	28"	30"	
1.50 pt/A	7"	7.6	7.0	6.0	5.6	
	11"	12.1	11.0	9.5	8.8	
2.0 pt/A	7"	10.2	9.3	8.0	7.5	
	11"	16.1	14.7	12.5	11.7	
3.0 pt/A	7"	15.3	14.0	12.0	11.2	
	11"	24.0	22.0	18.9	17.6	
4.5 pt/A	7"	22.9	21.0	18.0	16.8	
	11"	36.1	33.0	28.4	26.4	
6.0 pt/A	7"	30.5	28.0	24.0	22.4	
	11"	48.0	44.0	37.6	35.2	
7.5 pt/A	7"	38.2	35.0	30.0	28.0	
	11"	60.0	55.0	47.1	44.0	

CHART 3 NORTRON SC DOSAGE CHART FOR MULTIPLE (LOW RATE) BAND APPLICATIONS

		Band Rate – Row Spacing (fl oz)					
Broadcast Equivalent	Band Width	22"	24"	28"	30"		
0.25 pt/A	7"	1.3	1.2	1.0	0.9		
	11"	2.0	1.8	1.5	1.4		
0.33 pt/A	7"	1.7	1.5	1.3	1.2		
,	11"	2.6	2.4	2.0	1.9		
0.5 pt/A	7"	2.5	2.3	2.0	1.9		
	11"	3.9	3.7	3.1	3.0		

^{*}Higher dosage rates could be required, depending on the advancement of the weed stage.

^{*}Early two true-leaf sugar beets tend to be the most susceptible to phytotoxicity.

CONVENTIONAL APPLICATIONS

By Ground: Apply BETAMIX Herbicide at the rate of 4.5 to 7.5 pints per acre in 10 to 20 gallons of water broadcast basis. application, see Dosage Chart 2.

By Air: Apply BETAMIX Herbicide at the rate of 4.5 to 7.5 pints per acre using 5 to 15 gallons of spray per acre.

Apply the 4.5- to 7.5-pint rates only to sugar beets past the two true-leaf stage. Use the 7.5-pint rate only on well-established sugar beets which are not under stress. The stage of growth of the weeds is very important for satisfactory control. For best results, spray when the weeds are at the two true-leaf stage or smaller, are actively growing and are not under water or heat stress.

In order to avoid phytotoxic spray drift to nontarget crops during application of BETAMIX Herbicide, the following buffer zones must be observed:

REPEAT APPLICATION OF BETAMIX Herbicide: For control of later germinating weeds, make a second application of BETAMIX Herbicide. Use 4.5 to 6 pints of BETAMIX Herbicide. Allow at least 7 days between first and second applications. Apply when sugar beets have at least 4 leaves. For best results, use the higher rate and spray when weeds are at the two true-leaf stage. Apply lower rates when the sugar beets are under stress as explained in the General Precautions And Restrictions section.

TANK MIX COMBINATIONS

When tank mixing, read and follow the label for each tank mix product used for precautionary statements, directions for use, weeds controlled, geographic and other restrictions. Use in accordance with the most restrictive of label limitations and precautions. No label dosage should be exceeded. This product cannot be mixed with any product containing a label prohibition against such mixing.

MICRO-RATE APPLICATIONS (EXCEPT CALIFORNIA)

Multiple Micro-rate applications of BETAMIX Herbicide in tank mixtures with reduced rates of UpBeet™, Stinger®, and modified seed oils may be applied by air or ground equipment to sugar beets to control early germinating weeds.

Favorable climatic conditions (good conditions for plant growth and development) are essential for adequate weed control.

DOSAGE CHART 4 DOSAGE CHART FOR MULTIPLE MICRO-RATE BROADCAST APPLICATIONS

Sugar Beet Stage	BETAMIX Herbicide fl oz/A Broadcast
Cotyledon to 4-leaf ⁽¹⁾	8.0-12.0 (0.08-0.12 lb a.i./A)
4-Leaf	12.0-16.0 (0.12-0.16 lb a.i./A)
4-Leaf or greater ⁽²⁾	16.0 – 22.0 (0.16-0.22 lb a.i./A)

- (1) Caution should be considered when using higher rates and when sugar beets are in the early 2-leaf stage of growth because injury can occur.
- (2) When air temperature is, or is likely to be, above 80°F on the day of spraying, application should be made in the late afternoon when the temperature is decreasing.

Application of BETAMIX Herbicide in broadcast applications is strongly recommended. If band applications are used, do not use less than 11-inch bands.

For broadcast applications of BETAMIX Herbicide with selected tank mix partners, apply in 10 to 20 gallons of water per acre for ground application, or 5 to 15 gallons of water per acre for aerial application. Use the minimum rate recommended on the tank mix partner label, or a reduced rate of the tank mix partner(s), at the discretion of the grower or applicator, as permitted under FIFRA. [Minimum label rate for UpBeet is 0.5 oz/A; for Stinger, 4.0 fl oz/A.]

Use modified seed oils at a finished spray concentration of 1.5% v/v or a minimum of 1 pt/A. A minimum of three sequential applications should be used. Accurate timing is essential; make initial application immediately after weeds emerge, and make repeat applications on 5- to 7-day intervals. If weed control is not adequate due to climatic conditions, spray coverage or other factors, return to multiple (low rate) applications.

Betamix ® Herbicide can be mixed with UpBeet, Stinger, and modified seed oils for use on sugar beets in accordance with the most restrictive label limitations and precautions. No label dosage rates should be exceeded. BETAMIX Herbicide cannot be mixed with any product containing a label prohibition against such mixing.

Fungicides or insecticides can be tank mixed with BETAMIX Herbicide plus UpBeet plus Stinger plus methylated seed oils, however, do not combine both fungicides and insecticides with micro-rate mixtures.

MIXING INSTRUCTIONS FOR MICRO-RATE MULTIPLE APPLICATIONS OF BETAMIX HERBICIDE

- 1. Start with a clean spray tank.
- 2. Fill spray tank with one-third of the total amount of clean water needed for application and start gentle agitation.
- 3. Slurry UpBeet in water before adding to spray tank, then add slurried UpBeet to spray tank.
- 4. Fill spray tank to two-thirds of the total amount of clean water needed for the application.
- 5. Add BETAMIX Herbicide followed by Stinger, then modified seed oil.
- 6. Add remaining amount of water while continuing gentle agitation. Spray immediately. Spray mixture should not remain in spray tank overnight.

USE PRECAUTIONS FOR MICRO-RATE APPLICATIONS

Not all weeds will be adequately controlled, even with favorable climatic conditions. Micro-rate applications of BETAMIX Herbicide mixed with UpBeet and Stinger will not control ALS-resistant kochia. Multiple low rates of BETAMIX Herbicide and/or hand labor may be required if multiple micro-rate applications do not adequately control weeds.

Multiple micro-rate applications may injure sugar beets if climatic conditions rapidly change from cool, wet, overcast days to bright sunny days. Plugging of spray nozzles may be encountered due to the potential formation of a precipitate in the spray solution that is often associated with micro-rate applications. To minimize potential formation of precipitate, start with a clean spray system, use warm spray water for mixing, completely empty spray solution from each tank load, flush tank and lines between loads with fresh water, never leave diluted spray solution in tank overnight, and/or add ammonia (2% household) at 1% v/v or a basic blend additive at 1% v/v. DO NOT apply micro-rate treatments when conditions are favorable for drift to nontarget species.

CHART 5

MULTIPLE ENHANCED LOW-RATE BROADCAST OF BETAMIX AND NORTRON

	fl oz/A Broadcast			
Sugar Beet Stage	BETAMIX Herbicide	Nortron® SC Herbicide **		
Cotyledon to 4-leaf	8.0 – 12.0 (0.08-0.12 lb a.i./A)	2.0 to 4.0 (0.06 - 0.12 lb a.i./A)		
4-leaf *	12.0 - 22.0 (0.12-0.22 lb a.i./A)	2.0 to 4.0 (0.06-0.12 lb a.i./A)		

^{*}Rate can be increased when the smallest sugar beet plants in the field are in the 4-true leaf stage or larger.

RATES OF APPLICATION – RED (TABLE) BEET

When applying to red (table) beet BETAMIX Herbicide emulsifiable concentrate formulation contains sufficient wetting agents for optimum coverage. Do not add additional wetting agents or other spray adjuvants when applying to red (table) beets.

By Ground: Multiple applications of BETAMIX Herbicide may be applied by ground to red (table) beets to control early germinating weeds. The first application must be applied when the red (table) beets have reached the 2-leaf stage. See *Chart 6* for broadcast rates. For broadcast applications with ground equipment, apply in 10 to 20 gallons of water per acre. Use 5 to 10 gallons of water per acre with band applications. See *Chart 7* for equivalent band rates. Any weeds which are not completely controlled by the first treatment will usually be checked or controlled by repeat applications. The repeat application should be made 5 to 7 days after the preceding application, or when another flush of weeds germinates. A maximum of three (3) applications is allowed.

For further information, contact your County Agricultural Agent, Farm Advisor or Bayer CropScience.

USE PRECAUTIONS

The preharvest interval is 14 days for red beet tops and 50 days for red (table) beet roots.

For red (table) beets, leave a 16 feet buffer from the application area when the wind direction is toward sensitive dicot plants.

CHART 6

DOSAGE CHART FOR BROADCAST APPLICATION

Pt/A Broadcast			
Red (Table) Beet Stage	BETAMIX Herbicide		
2 leaf	1.5		
4 leaf	1.5-2.3		
6 leaf	1.5-3.0		

^{**}Do not exceed 0.375 lb a.i. ethofumesate (12 fl oz of Nortron® SC) per acre per growing season.

CHART 7
BETAMIX HERBICIDE DOSAGE CHART FOR BAND APPLICATION

	Band Rate — Row Spacing (fl oz)					
Broadcast Equivalent	Band Width	22"	24"	28"	30"	
1.50 pts/A	5" 7"	5.5 7.6	5.0 7.0	4.3 6.0	4.0 5.6	
	11"	12.1	11.0	9.5	8.8	
2.0 pts/A	5° 7"	7.3 10.2	6.7 9.3	5.7 8.0	5.3 7.5	
	11"	16.1	14.7	12.5	11.7	
3.0 pts/A	5" 7"	10.9 15.3	10.0 14.0	8.6 12.0	8.0 11.2	
	11"	24.0	22.0	18.9	17.6	

IMPORTANT: READ BEFORE USE

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NET CONTENTS: 2.5 GALLONS

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Produced for



Bayer CropScience LP
P.O. Box 12014, 2 T.W. Alexander Drive
Research Triangle Park, North Carolina 27709
1-866-99BAYER (1-866-992-2937)
http://www.bayercropscienceus.com

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