- PM	23 26	4-529	1041
US ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY OFFICE OF PESTICIDES PROGRAMS REGISTRATION DIVISION (75-767) WASHINGTON, DC 20460	EPA REGISTRATION 264-529 TERM OF ISSUANCE Conditional	27 JAN	1993
NOTICE OF PESTICIDE: X REGISTRATION (Under the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act, as amended)	NAME OF PESTICIDE		rbicide
ME AND ADDRESS OF REGISTRANT (Include ZIP code)			
□ Rhone-Poulenc AG Company P.O. Box 12014 2 T.W. Alexander Drive	г		
Research Triangle Park, NC 277 L	و0۷ لـ		
OTE: Changes in labeling formula differing in substance ubmitted to and accepted by the Registration Division pri roduct always refer to the above U.S. EPA registration nu	or to use of the label in		
In the basis of information furnished by the registrant, the he Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Kodenticide Act. A copy of the labeling accepted in connection with this Re Registration is in no way to be construed as an indorsement wealth and the environment, the Administrator, on his motion cide in accordance with the Act. The acceptance of any no	egistration/Reregistration nt or approval of this pro on, may at any time susp	on is returned herewith. oduct by this Agency. In o pend or cancel the registra	rder to protect ation of a pest-
This product is condition FIFRA sec. 3(c)(7)(A) provided 1. Submit and/or	that you: cite all d	lata required	for
registration/reregistration of 3(c)(5) when the Agency required to submit such data; required for reregistration of	your produc aires all reg and submit your product up	t under FIFRA istrants of si acceptable resp nder FIFRA section	sec. imilar ponses ion 4.
2. Make the labeling chan the product for shipment:	ges fisced bei	ow before you re	stease
a. Add the phrase "EPA Re	egistration No.	264-529."	
b. "Iso octyl' appearing be one word.	in the Ingredi	ient statement s	should
c. Change the first to Hazards section to read invertebrates. Drift or p invertebrates and non-tare	"This product runoff may adve	is toxic to ad	quatic
ATTACHMENT IS APPLICABLE			
IGNATURE OF APPROVING OFFICIAL		DATE	

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#### UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY

The Container Disposal statement is appropriate for d. However, since the Application for plastic containers. Pesticide Registration (EPA Form 8570-1) for this product indicates that metal containers will also be used, an additional statement should be added to read "Triple rinse (or equivalent). Then offer for recycling or reconditioning, or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by other approved State and local procedures." Appropriate subheadings should appear before each statement to indicate which statement applies to each type of container.

Under the instructions for Weedone No-Sol 4 and Buctril e. Tank Mixture for cereal grains, delete the recommendation of 2 pints of Buctril. 1 1/2 pints of Buctril is the highest application rate approved for cereal grains.

Within the section for Weeds and Brush in Pastures, f. Rangeland, and Fallowland, the word "Bentgrass" is omitted from the beginning of the last sentence of the directions for established grasses and rangeland.

Submit an acceptable acute inhalation study and dermal 3. sensitization study within nine (9) months of the date of this Notice.

4. Submit five (5) copies of your final printed labeling before you release the product for shipment. Refer to the A-79 Enclosure for a further description of final printed labeling.

If these conditions are not complied with, the registration will be subject to cancellation in accordance with FIFRA sec. 6(e). Your release for shipment of the product constitutes acceptance of these conditions.

A stamped copy is enclosed for your records.

Joanne I. Miller Product Manager (23) Fungicide-Herbicide Branch Registration Division (H7505C)

Enclosures

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	CONCURRENCES							
SYMBOL	H7505C							
SURNAME	D. KENNY	····			****			**************
DATE	1/21/93							
							ARCICI	AL CHE CORY

EPA Form 1320-1A (1/90)

Printed on Recycled Paper

OPFICIAL FILE

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# WEEDONE NO-SOL 4 Broadleaf Herbicide

Solventless 2,4-D ester formulation for agricultural weed control, conifer release, site preparation, turf and non-cropland weed control.

## ACTIVE INGREDIENT:

\*2,4-E'chlorophenoxyacetic acid equivalent 41.5% by weight or 3.8 pounds per gallon.

\*Isomer specific by AOAC method No. 6.D01-5

E.P.A. Reg. No. 264-XXX

## E.P.A. Est. No. 264-MO-01 CH OF CHILDREN

# KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN CAUTION

For <u>MEDICAL</u> and <u>TRANSPORTATION</u> Emergencies <u>ONLY</u> Call 24 Hou/s A Day 1-800-334-7577 For <u>PRODUCT USE</u> information Call 1-800-334-9745

# STATEMENT OF PRACTICAL TREATMENT

IF SWALLOWED: Call a physician or Poison Control Center. Drink 1 or 2 glasses of water and induce vomiting by touching back of throat with finger. Do not induce vomiting or give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Get medical attention.

IF ON SKIN. Wash skin with plenty of soap and water, if available, while removing contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash clothing separately before reuse. Get medical attention.

IF IN EYES: Hold eyelids open and flush with a steady, gentle stream of water for at least 15 minutes. Get medical attention if irritation persists.

IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air. If not breathing, administer artificial respiration. Administer oxygen if necessary. Get medical attention.

## NOTE TO PHYSICIAN

No specific antidote is available. All treatments should be based on observed signs and symptoms of distress in the patient. Overexposure to materials other than this product may have occurred.

# PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS

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## CAUTION

# HAZARD TO HUMANS AND DOMESTIC ANIMALS 1993

Harmful if swallowed, absorbed through skin or inhaled. Do not get in eyes, on skin or clothing. Avoid breathing happens or spray mist. When handling product, wear chemical resistant gloves. Remove and wash contaminated clothing before revise. Wash thriroughly with soap and water after handling.

## ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS

This product is toxic to fish. Drift or runoff may adversely affect tish and non-farget plants. Do not apply Jire by to water, to areas where surface water is present or to intertidal areas below the mean-high water mark. Do not contaminate actor when disposing of equipment washwaters.

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Do not apply when weather conditions favor drift from treated areas. Do not use the same spray equipment for other purposes, unless thoroughly cleaned. Do not contaminate water used for irrigation or domestic purposes.

MIXING AND LOADING: Most cases of ground water contamination involving phenoxy herbicides such as 2,4-D have been associated with mixing/loading and disposal sites. Caution should be exercised when handling 2,4-D pasticides at such sites to prevent contamination of ground water supplies. Use of closed systems for mixing or transferring this pesticide will reduce the probability of spills. Placement of the mixing/loading equipment on an impervious pad to contain spills will help prevent ground water contamination.

Do not apply WEEDONE® NO-SOL 4 Broadleaf Herbicide directly to, or permit spray mist to drift onto cotton, okra, grapes, tomatoes, fruit trees, vegetables, flowers or other desirable crop or ornamental plants which are susceptible to 2,4-D herbicide. Do not apply near susceptible plants since very small quantities of the 2,4-D will cause severe injury during the growing or dormant periods. Crops contacted by WEEDONE® NO-SOL 4 Broadleaf Herbicide sprays or spray drift may be killed or suffer significant stand loss with extensive quality and yield reduction.

Do not apply when a temperature air inversion exists. Such a condition is characterized by little or no air movement and an increase in air temperature with an increase in height. In humid regions a fog or mist may form. An inversion may be detected by producing a



\*smoke column and checking for a layering effect. If questions exist pertaining to the existence of an inversion, consult with local weather services before making an application.

Use coarse sprays to minimize drift. Do not apply with hollow cone type insecticide or other nozzles that produce fine spray droplets.

Drift from serial or ground application may be reduced by: (1) applying as near to the target as possible in order to obtain coverage; (2) by increasing the volume of spray mix per acre; (3) by decreasing the pounds of pressure at the nozzle tips; (4) by using nozzles which produce a coarse spray pattern; (5) by not applying when wind is blowing toward susceptible valuable plants.

At high air or ground surface temperatures, vapors from this product may injure susceptible plants.

## **DIRECTIONS FOR USE**

It is a violation of Federal Law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling. Read entire label before using this product.

## **STORAGE AND DISPOSAL**

#### STORAGE

Do not contaminate water, food or feed by storage or disposal. Store in original container in a dry secured storage area. Keep container tightly closed when not in use.

#### PESTICIDE DISPOSAL

Pesticide wastes are toxic. Improper disposal of excess pesticide, spray mixture, or rinsate is a violation of Federal law and may contaminate ground water. If these wastes cannot be disposed of by use according to label instructions, contact your State Pesticide or Environmental Control Agency or the Hazardous Waste representative at the nearest EPA Regional Office for guidance.

#### CONTAINER DISPOSAL

Triple rinse or equivalent. Then offer for recycling or reconditioning, or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill or by incineration, or if allowed by state and local authorities, by burning. If burned, stay out of smoke.

## **GENERAL INFORMATION**

WEEDONE® NO-SOL 4 Broadleaf Herbicide contains the isooctyl (2-ethylhexyl) oster of 2,4-D, the original and one of the best iow volatile esters. In cropland, WEEDONE® NO-SOL 4 is more effective than amines for controlling hard-to-kill weeds such as bindweed, thistles, smartweeds, wild garlic, curled dock, tansy ragwort and wild onions.

INJURY TO CROPS FROM THIS HERBICIDE MAY OCCUR. IF YOU ARE NOT PREPARED TO ACCEPT SOME DEGREE OF CROP. INJURY DO NOT USE THIS PRODUCT.

Crop varieties vary in response to 2,4-D and some are easily injured. Apply WEEDONE® NO-SOL 4 only to varieties known to be tolerant to 2,4-D. If you are uncertain concerning tolerant varieties or local use situations that may affect crop tolerance to 2,4-D consult your seed company, state Agricultural Extension Service or qualified crop consultant for advice.

## **GENERAL CAUTIONS AND RESTRICTIONS**

Do not apply WEEDONE® NO-SOL 4 Broadleaf Herbicide through any type of irrigation system.

Do not use in or near a greenhouse.

## MIXING INSTRUCTIONS

Add one-half the required amount of water to the spray tank, then add the WEEDONE® NO-SOL 4 with agitation, and finally, the balance of the water with continued agitation. This material forms an emulsion in water, not a solution. This tends to separate on standing. Provide agitation to prevent such separation and insure uniform spray mixtures.

## COMPATIBILITY

If WEEDONE® NO-SOL 4 is to be tank mixed with fertilizers or with other pesticides, compatibility should be tusted prior to mixing. To test for compatibility, use a small container and mix a small amount (0.5 to 1 qt) of spray, combining all ingredients in the same ratio as the anticipated use. If any indications of physical incompatibility develop, do not use this mixture for spraying. Indications of incompatibility usually will appear within 5-15 minutes after mixing. Read and follow the label of each tank-mix product used for precautionary statements, directions for use, geographic and other restrictions.

## COMBINATION WITH LIQUID NITROGEN FERTILIZER

Use 1/2 to 3/4 pint WEEDONE® NO-SOL 4 per acre for weeding and feeding corn, cereal grains, grasses for seed production or grass pastures as directed on this label. Use the fertilizer at rates recommended by supplier or Extension Service Specialist. Fill the spray tank about half full with the liquid fertilizer, then add the WEEDONE® NO-SOL 4 with vigorous agits. on, and complete filling the tank with fertilizer. Apply immediately and continue agitation in the spray tank during application. Application during very cold weather (near freezing) is not advisable. Do not allow mixture to stand overnight. Incompatibility may be encountered with some fertilizer brands or under some environmental conditions. If in doubt, test a small sample in the dilution ratio planned for application.

NOTE: Fertilizers can increase foliage contact burn of herbicides. Reducing the fertilizer rate and concentration will reduce the hazard of leaf burn.



### GENERAL WEED LIST

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#### ANNUAL AND BIENNIAL WEEDS

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annual yellow sweetclover	pepperweeds (except perennial)
beggarticks*	pigweeds** (Amaranthus spp.)
bull thistle	prickly* lettuce
coffeeweed	ragweed (common giant)
common evening primrose	rough fleabane
common broomweed*	Russian thistle*
common burdock	salsify (western or common)
common cocklebur	smartweeds* (annual species)
common lambsquarters	sowthistle (annual or spiny)
croton (Texas or woolly)	sunflower
hairy galinsoga	velvetleaf
jimson <del>wee</del> d	vervains*
knotweed*	vetches
mallow* (venice, dwarf, little)	wild carrot*
marshelder	wild lettuce
morningglory (common, ivy, woolly)	wild parsnips
mustards (except blue mustard)	wild radish

### PERENNIAL WEEDS

PERENMAL	<b><i><i>TEED3</i></i></b>			
alfalfa*	•	healall		
bindweed* (hedge, field & Europea	an)	hoary cress*		
blue lettuce		Jerusalem - artichoke		
Canada thistle*		many-flowered aster*		
catnip		nettles* (including stinging)		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
chicory		plantains		, , ,
dandelion		sowthistle (perennial)	• •	• • •
docks*		tansy ragwort*	• •	• • •
dogbanes*		vervains*		· , · , • • • •
goldenrod*		western ironweed*	• • • •	,
ground ivy*		wild garlic*		4 4 4 4 5 7 4
hawkweed* (orange)	۲	wild onion*		
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\*These species may require repeat applications and/or use of the higher rate recommended on this product I-uul even under ideal conditions for application. . . . : . . . . . . , • •

\*\*Control of pigweeds in the High Plains area of Texas and Oklahoma may not be satisfactory with this product.

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## SPECIFIC USE DIRECTIONS

## CEREAL GRAINS

WEEDS IN CROP	AMOUNT OF WEEDONE® NO-SOL 4 PER ACRE	DIRECTIONS
WHEAT, BARLEY and RYE (not underseeded with legumes Postemergence Annual and biennial weeds Perennial broadleaf weeds	1/2 to 2 pints* 1 to 2 pints*	Apply after grain is fully tillered (usually about 4 to 8 inches high) but not forming joints in the stem. Do not spray grain in boot to dough stage.
Wild onion or garlic	1 1/2 to 2 pints*	Apply 1 1/2 pints when grain is fully tillered and wild garlic or onion plants are small. Apply 2 pints after harvest in the crop stubble. For control of new fall growth of wild onion or garlic refer to FALLOWLAND use directions.
PREHARVEST	1 to 2 pints*	Apply when grains are in the hard dough stage to suppress large words that may interfere with harvest. Best results will be obtained when soil moisture is sufficient to induce succulent weed growth.

\* Use the lower rate if small annual and biennial weeds are the major problem. Use the higher rate if perennial weeds or annual and biennial weeds are present which are in the hard-to-kill categories as determined by local experience. The higher rates increase the risk of grain injury and should be used only where the weed control problem justifies the risk of grain damage. Do not apply to grain in the seedling stage.

#### RESTRICTIONS AND LIMITATIONS FOR USE ON CEREAL GRAINS

For aerial application on grain, apply WEEDONE® NO-SOL 4 in 2 or more gallons of water per acre.

For ground application, a minimum of 10 to 15 gallons of water per acre is recommended for proper spray coverage.

Do not mix with cil for crop uses.

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Do not permit dairy animals or meat animals being finished for slaughter to forage treated grain fields within 2 weeks after treatment. Do not feed treated straw to livestock if a preharvest treatment as described above is applied.

## TANK MIXTURES FOR CEREAL GRAINS

## WEEDONE NO-SOL 4 and BUCTRIL® Tank Mixture on Wheat, Barley and Rye

WEEDS IN CROP	AMOUNT OF WEEDONE® NO-SOL 4 PER ACRE	DIRECTIONS ';;
Cereal Areas except Washington, Cregon, Idaho, Colorado, Wyoming and Montana	1/2 to 1 pint plus 1 to 1 1/2 pints BUCTRIL● 1/2 to 1 pint	BUCTRIL® Broadleaf Herbicide will control some annual weeds that are resistant to WEEDONE® NO-SOL 4 and may be tank mixed with WEEDONE® NO-SOL 4 for broader spectrum weed control on ocraal grains. TO PREPARE THE SPRAY: First mix WEEDONE® NO- SOL 4 in water then add the BUCTRIL®. Use the higher rates for larger weeds or where weed growth is plow due
Washington, Oregon , Idaho, Colorado, Wyoming and Montana	plus 1 1/2 <del>to 2 pints -</del> BUCTRIL®	to dry or cold weather. Apply befrire, wesds are 6 inches high. Use 10 to 20 gallons total spray' volume per acre with ground equipment or use 5 to 10 gallons total spray volume with air application. Use higher volume on larger weeds.

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## FIELD CORN

WEEDS	AMOUNT OF WEEDONE® NO-SOL 4 PER ACRE	DIRECTIONS
Preplant	1 to 2 pints	To control emerged broadleaf weed seedlings or existing cover crops prior to planting corn. Apply 7 to 14 days before planting. Do not use on light, sandy soil, or where soil moisture is inadequate for normal weed growth. Use high rate for control of less susceptible weeds or cover crops such as alfa!fa.
Preemergence	2 to 4 pints	To control broadleaf weeds and suppress annual grasses, apply 3 to 5 days after planting, but before corn emerges. Use high rate on soil high in organic matter. Do not use on light, sandy soil, or where soil moisture is inadequate for normal weed growth.
Postemurgence		
Annual broadleaf weeds	1/2 pint	Avoid spraying just after corn leaves unfold, as injury mav occur. Apply when weeds are small and corn is less than 8 inches tall. If corn is more than 8 inches tall must be sprayed, use drop pipes.
Perennial broadleaf weeds	3/4 pint	Spray when weeds are in the bud to bloom stage. If corn is more than 8 inches tall, use drop pipes to keep spray off corn leaves. Do not spray when corn is in tassel to cough stage. 2,4-D may make corn brittle. Winds or cultivation may cause stalk breakage while brittle.
Preharvest	1 to 2 pints	After the hard dough (denting) stage, to suppress weeds that interfere with harvest such as birdveed, cocklebur, dogbane, jimsonweed, ragweed, sunflower and velvetleaf, and to decrease production of weed seeds, spray with air or ground equipment. The high rate will be needed for tough weeds under stress.

#### RESTRICTIONS AND LIMITATIONS FOR USE ON FIELD CORN

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Do not forage or feed corn fodder for 7 days following application.

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A minimum application volume of 3 to 5 gallons per acre by air or 10 gallons per acre is recommended.

Note: Hybrids vary in response to 2,4-D and some are easily injured. Contact seed company or your Agricultural Experiment Station or Extensional weed specialists for this information.

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## SOYBEANS (Preplant Only)

WEEDS	AMOUNT OF WEEDONE® NO-SOL 4 PER ACRE	DIRECTIONS
Postemergence	3/4 to 1 pint	Apply not less than 7 days prior to planting soybeans, when weeds are small and actively growing. Uso the higher rate on larger weeds and when perennials are present. Some weeds may require repeat treatment for ac must control (see GENERAL WEED LIST and below).
	1 to 2 pints	Apply not less than 30 days prior to planting soybeans, when weeds are actively growing. Some weeds may equire repeat treatment for adequate control (see GENERAL WEED LIST and below).
		In addition to those weeds found on the GENERAL WEED LIST, WEEDONE® NO-SOL 4 will suppress or control the following broadleaf weeds frequently encountered in reduced tillage soybean production systems: bullnettle, smallflowered bittercress, Carolina geraneum, smallflowered buttercup, common and rough cinquefoil, red clover*, horseweed or marestail, mousetail, wild mustard, field pennycress, cutleaf evening primrose, common purslane, speedwell, and Virginia copperleaf.
		* These weeds are only partially controlled.
		Apply no more than 2.0 pints of WEEDONE® NO-SOL 4 in one season prior to planting soybeans. After applying, plant soybean seed as deep as practical or at least 1 1/2 to 2 inches deep. Adjust the planter press wheel, if necessary, to ensure that planted seed is completely covered.
		If desired, WEEDONE® NO-SOL 4 may be applied pre- plant to soybean: in tank mixtures with other herbicides such as Poast, Poast Plus, Roundup, Roundup D-Pak, Honcho, Gramoxon: Extra, Prowl, Pursuit Plus, Scepter, Scepter 70 DG, Squadron and others that are registered for pre-plant soybean use.
	£	NOTE: Unacceptable injury to soybeans planted in fields previously treated with WEEDCNE® NO-SOL 4 may occur. Whether or not soybean injury occurs and the extent of the injury will depend on weather and agronomic factors such as the amount or weep vegetation and previous crop residue present that may be in effect between the time of WEEDONE? NO-SOL 4 application and the emergence of the soybean plant.

#### RESTRICTIONS AND LIMITATIONS FOR USE IN SOYBEANS (PRE-PLANT)

Do not apply WEEDONE® NO-SOL 4 when weather conditions such as temperature, air inversions, or wind favor drift from treated areas to susceptible plants.

Apply no more than 2.0 pints of WEEDONE® NO-SOL 4 per acre in one season prior to planting soybeans.

Do not apply WEEDONE® NO-SOL 4 prior to planting soybeans if you are not prepared to accept the results of soybean injury including possible loss of stand and yield.

Do not replant fields treated with WEEDONE® NO-SOL 4 in the same growing season with crops other than those lebeled for 2,4-D preplant use.

Do not mow or cultivate weeds prior to treating with WEEDONE® NO-SOL 4 as poor control may result.

Do not cut for feed treated hay, forage, or fodder or graze treated soybeans to livestock.

Only one application of WEEDONE® NO-SOL 4 may be made prior to planting soybeans per growing season.

Do not cut for feed or graze treated cover crops to livestock.

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## GRAIN SORGHUM (milo)

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WEEDS IN CROP	AMOUNT OF WEEDONE® NO-SOL 4 PER ACRE	DIRECTIONS
Annual broadleaf weeds	1/2 pint	Treat when sorghum is 5 to 15 inches tall (to top of canopy). If sorghum is taller than 8 inches to top of
Perennial broadleaf weeds	3/4 - 1 pint	canopy, use drop nozzies to keep spray off crop foliage. Do not treat during the boot, flowering or early dough stages.

## RESTRICTIONS AND LIMITATIONS FOR USE ON SORGHUM

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Do real forage or feed fodder for 7 days following application.

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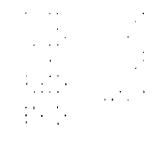
A minimum application volume of 5 gallons per acre by air or 10 gallons per acre by ground is recommended.

## GRASSES FOR SEED PRODUCTION

СПОР	AMOUNT OF WEEDONE® NO-SOL 4 PER ACRE	DIRECTIONS
Annual broadleaf weeds	1 to 1 1/2 pints	Apply to established stands in spring from tiller to early boot stage. Do not spray in boot stage. New spring seedlings may be treated with the lower rate after grass
Perennial broadleaf wawds	2 to 3 pints	seeJlings have at least 5 leaves. Perennial weed regrowth may be treated in the fall, DO NOT USE IN CALIFORNIA.

# SUGARCANE

CROP	AMOUNT OF WEEDONE <sup>®</sup> NO-SOL 4 PER ACRE	DIRECTIONS
Preemergence	2 pints	Apply before canes appear for control of emerged broadleaf weeds.
Postemergence	2 to 4 pants	Apply after care emerges and through layby.
		DO NGT USE IN CALIFORNIA.



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# WEEDS AND BRUSH IN PASTURES, RANGELAND, AND FALLOWLAND

CROP	AMOUNT OF WEEDONE® NO-SOL 4 PER ACRE	DIRECTIONS
Established grasses and rangeland Annual broadleaf weeds Perennial and biennial broadleaf weeds	2 pints 3 to 4 pints	Apply when weeds are small and actively growing and prior to bud stage. Do not apply to newly seaded areas until grass is well established. Do not apply when grass is in the boot to milk stage if grass seed production is desired. and legumes may be injured by this treatment.
Sand sage, sagebrush, shinnery oak and other 2,4-D susceptible woody species	2 to 3 quarts	Apply serially to brush in 2 c. more gallons of water per acre. One gallon of fuel oil rnay be included in the mixture. Consult state or local brush control specialists for more effective rate, volume and timing of spray applications.
FALLOWLAND AND CROP STUBBLE Annual broadleaf weeds	1 to 2 pints	Use the lower rate when weeds are small ( 2 to 3 inches tall) and growing actively. Use the higher rate on older and drought-stressed plants.
Bienniał broadleaf weeds	2 to 4 pints	Spray while musk thistles or other biennial species are in the seedling to rosette stage, and before flower stalks are initiated. The lower rate can be used in spring during rosette stage. In fall or after flower stalks have developed, use the highest rate.
Perennial broadleaf weeds	2 to 6 pints	Spray weeds in bud to bloom stage, or in good vegetative growth. Do not disturb treated area for at least 2 weeks after treatment, or until weed tops are dead.
Wild garlic and onion in crop stubble	4 to 6 pints	Apply to new regrowth of wild onion or garlic which occurs in the fall following harvest of cereal grains, soybeans, corn or grain sorghum.

### RESTRICTIONS AND LIMITATIONS FOR USE ON PASTURES, RANGELAND, AND FALLOW LAND:

For ground application, a minimum of 10 to 15 gallons of water per acre is recommended for proper spray coverago.

For aerial application, use a minimum of 2 gallons of water per acre.

Do not graze animals on treated areas within 7 days after - aatment.

Do not plant treated fallow land until 3 months after treatment or until chemical has disappeared trom soil.

Do not cut grass for hay within 30 days after application.

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Do not permit dairy animals or meat animals being finished for slaughter to forage treated fields within 3 days of slaughter.

## WEEDS IN ORNAMENTAL TURF AREAS Golf Courses, Cemeteries, Parks, and other Turf Areas

WEEDS IN CROP	AMOUNT OF WEEDONE® NO-SOL 4 PER ACRE	DIRECTIONS
Annual broadleaf weeds	2 pints	Apply any time weeds are growing vigorously. Cool- season weeds such as common chickweed, henbit and pepperweeds should be sprayed when they appr ar in fall or early spring. Warm-season weeds such knotweed respond best when they are small. If there is additional germination, repeat treatment. Also controls cocklebur, galinsoga, lambquarters, pigweed, ragweed and sunflower.
Perennial and biennial broadleaf weeds	3 to 4 pints	To control dandelion, plantain and most other common broadleaf weeds in turf, apply in spring or fall when these weeds are growing actively. Treat wild garlic or onion in three successive seasons (Example: spring, fall, spring). Do not apply to newly seeded areas until sod is formed and grass has been cut at least twice. Do not use WEEDONE® NO-SOL 4 for susceptible southern grasses such St. Augustine. and clover may injured by this treatment. Also controls bindweed, chicory, docks, ground ivy, hawkweed, thistles (Canada, musk, bull and Scotch), smartweed, tansy ragwort, wild onion and wild garlic.

## RESTRICTIONS AND LIMITATIONS FOR USE IN TURF AREAS

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For ground application in turf areas, use enough water for good coverage (minimum 10 gallons par acra).

Do not graze animals on treated areas within 7 days after treatment.

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If needed, irrigate ornamental turf thoroughly before application. Spray when air is calm to avoid Julia. Avoid treatment when temperatures exceed 85° F or are expected to do so within 24 hours after application.



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## WEEDS AND BRUSH IN NON-CROP AREAS

Fencerows, Roadsides, Drainage Ditchbanks, Vacant Lots, Airfields, Railroad, Highway And Utility Rights-Of-Way, And Other Non-Crop Areas.

WEEDS	AMOUNT OF WEEDONE® NO-SOL 4 PER ACRE	DIRECTIONS
Annual broadleaf weeds	2 to 4 pints	Apply when most weeds are still young and growing vigorously.
Perennial and biennial broadleaf weeds	3 to 6 pints	Apply when weeds are actively growing and near the bud stage, but before flowering. For best results on tansy ragwort and musk thistle, treat in rosette stage, before bolting. A second application is usually needed for best results on thistle, nettle and bindweed. Treat wild onion or garlic in early spring and in fall when they are young and growing actively.
Cattails and tules	4 pints	Mix 2 quarts WEEDONE® NO-SOL 4 in 2 quarts kerosene or diesel oil then add this mixture to 100 gallons of water. Apply 300 to 500 gallons of spray per acre, depending on the stand. The addition of a wetting agent is suggested.
Woody plants	6 to 8 pints	Apply in 30 to 100 gallons of spray per acre, preferably through low-volume equipment such as DIRECTA- SPRA <sup>™</sup> , WOBBLER <sup>™</sup> , MINI-WOBBLER <sup>™</sup> or SPIROMETER <sup>™</sup> . Treat when 2,4-D susceptible species are in full leaf and growing actively. Repeated applications, oil or wetting agent, and/or high volume spraying (300 to 500 gallons of spray per acre) may be needed for acceptable control of some species or if brush growth is dense.

#### RESTRICTIONS AND LIMITATIONS FOR USE IN NON-CROP AREAS

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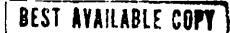
For aerial application to solid stands of susceptible brush, use 2 to 4 quarts in 3 to 12 gallons volume per acre line to 4 quarts of fuel oil may be included in this mixture.

Applications will be less effective when conditions such as deficient soil moisture reduce brush growth.

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# TANK MIXTURES FOR NON-CROP AREAS

## WEEDONE<sup>®</sup> NO-SOL 4 And GARLON<sup>1</sup> 4 Or GARLON 3A Tank Mixtures For Non-Crop Areas

WEEDS	AMOUNT OF WEEDONE® NO-SOL 4 PER ACRE	DIRECTIONS
Broadleaf weed control	2 to 4 pints WEEDONE® NO-SOL 4 plus 2 to 6 pints	For wider spectrum control of broadleaf weeds and woody plants: Apply as a broadcast spray in enough water to deliver 20 to 100 gallons total spray per acre. Apply when broadleaf weeds are actively growing.
	Garlorı-4 or 3 to 8 pints Garlon-3A	
Woody plant control Broadcast foliar spray	1 to 2 gailons WEEDONE® NO-SOL 4 plus 1 1/2 to 3 quarts Garlon-4 or 2 to 4 quarts Garlon-3A	Apply as a broadcast spray in enough water to deliver 20 to 100 gallons total spray per acre. Apply when woody plants are actively growing.
Woody plant control High volume leaf-stem treatment with ground equipment	1 to 8 quarts WEEDONE® NO-SOL 4 plus 1 1/2 to 12 pints Garlon-4 or 2 to 16 pints GARLON-3A	Mix 1 to 2 quarts WEEDONE® NO-SOL 4 plus 1 1/2 to 3 pints Garion-4 or 2 to 4 pints Garlon-3A in enough water to make 100 gallons of spray. Apply at a volume of 100 to 400 gallons of total spray per acre depending on size and density of woody plants. Thoroughly wet all leaves, stems and root collaro of plants to be controlled.
Woody plant control Aerial application (helicopter only)	1 to 2 gailons WEEDONE® NO-SOL 4 plus 3 to 4 quarts Garlon-4 or 4 to 6 quarts Garlon-3A	Apply in a total spray volume of 10 to 20 gallons per acre using drift control equipment such as the MICRO-FOIL® boom or on effective drift control agent. Use the higher rates and volumes when plants' are dense or under drought conditions.

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WEEDONE<sup>®</sup> NO-SOL 4 And BANVEL<sup>2</sup> Herbicide Tank Mixtures For Non-Crop Areas

WEEDS	AMOUNT OF WEEDONE® NO-SOL 4 PER ACRE	DIRECTIONS
Annual broadleaf weeds	2 to 4 pints WEEDONE® NO-SCL 4 plus 1/2 to 1 1/2 pints Banvel	For wider spectrum control of broadleaf weeds and woody plants: Apply as a broadcast spray in enough water to deliver 20 to 100 gallons total spray per acre. Apply when broadleaf weeds are actively growing. Use the higher rates when treating dense or tall vegetative growth.
Perannial and biennial broadleaf weads	3 to 6 pints WEEDONE® NO-SOL 4 plus 1/2 to 6 pints Banvel	Apply as a broadcast spray in enough water to deliver 20 to 100 gallons total spray per acre. Apply when broadleaf weeds are actively growing but prior to flowering. Use the lower rates for biennials less than 3 inches rosette diameter. Use the higher rates for perennial weeds or for biennial weeds past the 3-inch rosette stage.
Woody plant control Broadcast, high volume, stem foliage or aerial application	1 to 2 gallons WEEDONE <sup>●</sup> NO-SOL 4 plus Ը ro 8 quarts ડેસ્ટાvel	Apply as a broadcast spray in enough water to deliver 20 to 100 gallons total spray per acre or apply as a high volume stem foliage spray in enough volume to thoroughly wet leaves, stems and root collars (100 to 400 gallons per acre) or apply aerially in enough water to deliver total spray volume of 10 to 30 gallons per acre using drift control agent. Use the higher rates and volumes when plants are dense or under drought conditions.

## SMALL AREA APPLICATIONS FOR NON-CROP USE

For control of broadleaf weeds in small non-crop areas with hand held or back-pack sprayers mix 4 fluid nunces WEEDONE® NO-SOL 4 per gallon of water. Thoroughly wet all weed foliage. Maintain agitation of mixture to prevent separation.

## FOREST MANAGEMENT

#### CONIFER RELEASE

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To control alder, apply 1 1/2 to 2 quarts WEEDONE® NO-SOL 4 Broadleaf Herbicide in 9 1/2 to 15 gellons water per acre as a foliage spray. Treat when 3/4 of the brush foliage has attained full size leaves and before new conifer prowth reaches 2° in length. This is usually between early May and mid-June. Adjust treatment date depending on stage of growth of growth of species. This may cause leader deformation on exposed firs, but they should overcome this during the second year after spraying.

To control tanoak, madrone, ceanothus, canyon live oak, and manzanita, and to release Douglas fir, hemlock, Sithe spruce or grand fir, apply 3 quarts WEEDONE® NO-SOL4 plus 3 quarts fuel oil in 8 1/2 to 15 gallons water per acre before new growth un Douglas fir is 2° long. To control manzanita and ceanothus in ponderosh pine, apply 3 quarts WEEDONE® NO-SOL 4 before pine growth origins in spring.

To control hazel brush in the Lake states, apply 2 quarts WEEDONE® NO-SOL 4 in 6 to 25 gallons of water per acre when new choot growth of hazel is complete (usually mid-July).

In northern areas, if possible conifer injury can be tolerated, 1 1/2 to 3 quarts of WEEDONE® NO-SOL 4 applied aerially in 8 to 25 gallons of water per acre after conifers such as jack pine, red pine, black spruce, and white spruce have hatcened off (usually mid-July) will provide control of competing hardwoods including alder, aspen, birch, hazel, and willow.

#### SITE PREPARATION

Budbreak Spray: To control alder and other susceptible species before planting forest seedlings, apply 2 to 4 quarts WEEDONE® NO-SOL 4 in 9 to 15 gallons fuel oil per acre after alder buds break, but before foliage is 1/4 full size.

Foliage Spray: To control alder before planting forest tree seedlings, apply 2 quarts WEEDONE® NO-SOL 4 plus 2 quarts fuel oil in 9 to 15 of gallons water per acre after most alder leaves are full size.

Consult your regional or extension forester or state herbicide specialist for recommendations to fit local conditions.



# LIMITED WARRANTY AND DISCLAIMER

The manufacturer warrants that this product conforms to the chemical description on the label; that this product is reasonably fit for the purposes set forth in the directions for use when it is used in accordance with such directions; and that the directions, warnings and other statements on this label are based upon responsible experts' evaluation of reasonable tests of effectiveness, of toxicity to laboratory animals and to plants, and of residues on food crops and upon reports of field experience. Tests have not been made on all varieties or in all states or under all conditions. THE MANUFACTURER NEITHER MAKES NOR INTENDS, NOR DOES IT AUTHORIZE ANY AGENT OR REPRESENTATIVE TO MAKE, ANY OTHER WARRANTIES, EXPRESS OR IMPLIED, AND IT EXPRESSLY EXCLUDES AND DISCLAIMS ALL IMPLIED WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY OR FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE.

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#### NOTICE TO BUYER

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