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MAY 1 0 1994

Ms. Lizbeth R. Simila Rhone-Poulenc Ag Company P.O. Box 12014 2 T.W. Alexander Drive Research Triangle Park, N.C. 27709

Dear Ms. Simila:

Subject: Revised and Expanded Label Sevin Brand 80WSP Carbaryl Insecticide EPA Reg. No. 264-526 Your submission dated April 7, 1994

Label amendment referred to anove, submitted in connection with registration under FIFRA sec. 3(c)(7)(B), is acceptable provided that you:

 Submit and/or cite all data required for registration/reregistration of your product under FIFRA sec.
 3(c)(5) when the Agency requires all registrants of similar products to submit such data.

2. Submit five copies of your final printed label before you release the product for shipment.

If these conditions are not complied with, the registration will be subject to cancellation in accordance with FIFRA sec. 6(e). Your release for shipment of the product bearing the amended labeling constitutes acceptance of these conditions.

A stamped copy of the label is enclosed for your records.

Sincerely,

DAE

Dennis H. Edwards, Jr. Product Manager 19 Insecticide & Rodenticide Branch Registration Division (7505C)

# BEST AVAILAND ۲ brand 80WSP Carbary! Insecticide

FOR COMMERICAL USE ONLY ... NOT FOR USE BY HOMEOWNERS

#### ACTIVE INGREDIENT:

Carbaryi (1-naphthyl N-methylcarbamate) ..... .80% by wt. INERT INGREDIENTS: .20% bv wt. E.P.A. Reg. No. 264-526 E.P.A. Est. No.

# **KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN** WARNING AVISO

Si usted no entiende la etiqueta, busque a alguien para que se la explique a usted en detalle. (If you do not understand the label, find someone to explain it to you in detail.)

For MEDICAL And TRANSPORTATION Emergencies ONLY Call 24 Hours A Day 1-800-334-7577 For PRODUCT USE Information Call 1-800-334-9745

# STATEMENT OF PRACTICAL TREATMENT

Carbaryl is an N-Methyl Carbamate Insecticide.

IF SWALLOWED: Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious or convulsing person. If conscious and not convulsing, drink 1 to 2 glasses of water and induce vomiting by touching the back of the throat with finger.

IF IN EYES: Flush eyes with plenty of water. Get medical attention if irritation persists.

IF ON SKIN: Wash thoroughly with soap and water.

IF INHALED: Move from contaminated atmosphe: 3 and call a physician

#### GENERAL

Contact a physician immediately in all cases of suspected poisoning. Transport to a physician or hospital immediately and SHOW A COPY OF THIS LABEL TO THE PHYSICIAN.

#### ANTIDOTE STATEMENT

ATROPINE SULFATE IS HIGHLY EFFECTIVE AS AN ANTIDOTE. See NOTE TO PHYSICIAN.

#### NOTE TO PHYSICIAN

Carbaryl is a carbamate insecticide, which is a cholinesterase inhibitor. Overexposure to this substance may cause toxic signs and symptoms due to stimulation of the cholinergic nervous system. These effects of overexposure are spontaneously and rapidly reversible.

Specific treatment consists of parentral atropine sulfate. Caution should be maintained to prevent over atropinization. Mild cases may be given 1 to 2 mg intramuscularly every 10 minutes until full atropinization has been achieved and repeated thereafter whenever symptoms reappear. Severe cases should be given 2 to 4 mg intravenously every it minutes until fully atropinized, then intramuscularly every 30 to 60 minutes to maintain the effect for at least 12 hours. Dosages for children should be appropriately reduced. Complete recovery from overexposure is to be expected within 24 hours.

Narcotics and other sedatives should not be used. Further, drugs like 2-PAM (pyridine-2-aldoxime methiodide) are NOT recommended.

To aid in confirmation of a diagnosis, urine samples should be obtained within 24 hours of exposure and immediately frozen. Analyses will be arranged by Rhône-Poulenc Ag Company.

Consultation on therapy can be obtained at all hours by calling Rhône-Poulenc emergency number 1-800-334-7577.

# PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS

## HAZARDS TO HUMANS (& DOMESTIC ANIMALS) WARNING

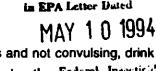
MAY BE FATAL IF SWALLOWED. Avoid breathing of dust or spray mist. Do not take internally, Avoid contact with eves, skin or clothing.

#### PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT:

Applicators and other handlers must wear long-sleeved shirt and long pants, waterproof gloves, shoes plus socks and chemicalresistant headgear for overhead exposure.

Discard clothing and other absorbent materials that have been drenched or heavily contaminated with this product's concentrate. Do not reuse them. Follow manufacturar's instructions for cleaning and maintaining Personal Protective Equipment (PPE). If no such instructions for washables, use detergent and hot water. Keep and wash PPE separately from other laundry.

When handlers use closed systems, enclosed cabs, or aircraft in a manner that meets the requirements listed in the Worker Protection Standard (WPS) for agricultural pesticides [40 CFR 170.240 (d) (4-6)], the handler PPE requirements may be reduced or modified as specified in the WPS.



ACCEPTED

with COMMENTS

Under the Federal Insecticide. Fungielde, and Rodynucide Act an amended, for the pesticide registered under EPA lleg. No. 64-4 26



#### **User Safety Recommendations**

Users should wash hands before eating, drinking chewing gum, using tobacco, or using the toilet.

Remove clothing immediately if pesticide gets inside. Then wash thoroughly and put on clean clothing.

## ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS

This product is extremely toxic to aquatic and estuarine invertebrates. For terrestrial uses, do not apply directly to water, or to areas where surface water is present or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark. Discharge from rice fields may kill aquatic and estaurine invertebrates. Do not apply when weather conditions favor drift from area treated. Do not contaminate water by cleaning equipment or disposal of wastes. Do not contaminate water when disposing of equipment washwaters.

#### BEE CAUTION: MAY KILL HONEYBEES IN SUBSTANTIAL NUMBERS.

This product is highly toxic to bees exposed to direct treatment or residues on blooming crops or weeds. Do not apply this product or allow it to drift to blooming crops or weeds if bees are visiting the treatment area. Contact your Cooperative Agricultural Extension Service or your local Rhône-Poulenc Ag Company representative for further information.

## DIRECTIONS FOR USE

#### It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling. Read the entire label before using this product.

Strictly observe label directions and cautions. Do not apply this product in a way that will contact workers or other persons, either directly or through drift. Only protected handlers may be in the area during application. For any requirements specific to your State or Tribe, consult the agency responsible for pesticide regulation.

# AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS

Use this product only in accordance with its labeling and with the Worker Protection Standard, 40 CFR part 170. This Standard contains requirements for the protection of agricultural workers on farms, forests, nurseries, and greenhouses, and handlers of agricultural pesticides. It contains requirements for training, decontamination, notification, and emergency assistance. It also contains specific instructions and exceptions pertaining to the statements on this label about personal protective equipment (PPE) and restricted-entry interval. The requirements in this box only apply to uses of this product that are covered by the Worker Protection Standard.

Do not enter or allow worker entry into treated areas during the restricted entry interval (REI) of 12 hours.

PPE required for early entry to treated areas that is permitted under the Worker Protection Standard and that involves contact with anything that has been treated, such as plants, soil, or water, is: coveralls, waterproof gloves, shoes plus socks and chemical-resistant headgear for overhead exposure.

# NON-AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS

The requirements in this box apply to uses of this product that are NOT within the scope of the Worker Protection Standard for agricultural pesticides (40 CFR Part 170). The WPS applies when this product is used to produce agricultural plants on farms, forests, nurseries, or greenhouses.

The area being treated must be vacated by unprotected persons.

Keep unprotected persons out of treated areas until sprays have dried.

# STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

#### STORAGE

Store unused SEVIN® brand 80WSP Carbaryl Insecticide in original container only, in cool, dry area out of reach of children and animals. Do not store in areas where temperatures frequently exceed 100° F.

#### PESTICIDE DISPOSAL

Do not contaminate water, food or feed by storage or disposal. Open dumping is prohibited. Wastes resulting from the use of this product may be disposed of on site or at an approved waste disposal facility.

#### CONTAINER DISPOSAL

Do not reuse outer bag. Dispose of outer bag in the trash.

## **GENERAL INFORMATION**

SEVIN® brand 80WSP Carbaryl Insecticide is formulated as a dry powder containing 80% active ingledient and is packaged in water soluble packages. This product readily disperses in water and is can be applied as an insecticidal abray via hydraülic sprayers, mist blowers, hand-held applicators, other low gallonage ground equipment, and aircraft. STRICTLY OBSERVE LABEL DIRECTIONS AND CAUTIONS.

AVAILABLE CC

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#### PREHARVEST AND GRAZING USE INFORMATION AND LIMITATIONS

Tolerances established under the Federal Food, Drug and Cosmetic Act permit the sale of crops bearing probable carbaryl residues when this product is used in accordance with label directions. If used as directed, treated forage may be grazed or used as feed for dairy and meat animals without causing illegal residues in meat or milk. This product may be applied up to and including the day of

harvest or grazing of forage crops. Application may be made without removing livestock from area being treated.

Do not apply at greater rates or at more frequent intervals than are stated on the label. To do so may result in illegal residues in crops, meat, and milk.

Do not plant rotational food and feed crops not listed on this or other carbaryl labels in carbaryl treated soll.

Do not use reclaimed irrigation water from crops treated with carbaryl on upland crops for which carbaryl tolerances are not established.

#### PLANT RESPONSE PRECAUTIONS

To avoid possible injury to tender foliage, do not apply to wet foliage or when rain or high humidity is expected during the next two days.

Do not use on Boston ivy, Virginia creeper and maidenhair fern as injury will result. During early season, it may also injure Virginia and sand pines.

Observe label instructions on apple thinning and on combinations with certain herbicides on rice and soybeans.

#### SPRAY PREPARATION

Be sure that spray system is clean and free from oil, rust, scale, pesticide residues and other foreign matter by flushing with clean water and soap if necessary.

To ensure rapid dissolving of the water soluble packaging and and thorough suspension of the formulation, follow mixing instructions. Fill spray or mix tank with 1/3 to 1/2 the desired amount of water. Start mechanical or hydraulic agitation. Add the appropriate number of water soluble packages containing SEVIN® brand 80WSP Carbaryl Insecticide. Finish filling the tank, directing the water flow at the floating water soluble packages until they dissolve. MAINTAIN CONTINUOUS AGITATION DURING MIXING AND APPLICATION TO ASSURE A UNIFORM SUSPENSION. Prepare only as much spray mixture as can be applied on the day of mixing. DO NOT STORE SPRAY MIXTURES FOR PROLONGED PERIODS.

#### COMPATIBILITY

SEVIN<sup>®</sup> brand 80WSP Carbaryl Insecticide is compatible with a wide range of commonly used pesticides. If compatibility with another product and the resulting crop response is unknown, the mixture should be tested on a small scale. Curdling, precipitation, greasing, layer formation or increased viscosity are symptoms of incompatibility. Incompatibility will reduce insect control and may cause application difficulties or plant injury. Observe all cautions and limitations on labeling of all products used in mixtures.

When preparing combination sprays, first add the SEVIN<sup>®</sup> brand 80WSP Carbaryl Insecticide to 1/3 or 1/2 of the desired amount of water, and ensure that the water soluble packaging has dissolved thoroughly. Mix thoroughly, add combination products, then add the remaining volume of water.

DO NOT APPLY TANK MIX COMBINATIONS UNLESS YOUR PREVIOUS EXPERIENCE INDICATES THE MIXTURE IS EFFECTIVE AND WILL NOT RESULT IN APPLICATION PROBLEMS, EXCESSIVE RESIDUES OR PLANT INJURY.

Carbaryl is unstable under highly alkaline conditions and mixtures with strong bases, such as Bordeaux, lime-sulfur and casein-lime spreaders, will result in chemical degradation of the insecticide. Do not use this product in water with pH values above 8.0 unless a buffer is added. If necessary, water should be buffered to neutral (pH = 7.0) before adding this product to the spray tank. Overhead irrigation with alkaline or muddy water after application will also accelerate chemical degradation and may result in reduced insect control.

#### APPLICATION

For all applications use sufficient gallonage to obtain thorough and uniform coverage. Observe label instructions for specific directions regarding spray volume where they occur. Calibrate spray equipment to deliver the required volume. Use 50 mesh slotted strainers in spray system and 25 mesh slotted strainers behind nozzles.

To clean spray system after use, drain and flush with a water and detergent mixture. Rinse thoroughly with clean water. Refer to the Storage and Disposal directions for disposal instructions.

#### INSECT CONTROL

Begin application when insect populations reach recognized economic threshold levels. Consult the Cooperative Extension Service, professional consultants or other qualified authorities to determine appropriate threshold levels for treatment in your area. To maintain control repeat at 7 to 14 day intervals or as necessary unless a shorter interval is specified below. Where a dosage range is indicated, use the lower rate on light to moderate infestations, young plants and early instars and the higher rate on heavy infestations, mature plants, advanced instars and adults. Thorough and uniform spray coverage is essential for effective control.

NOTE: All references to armyworm on the crops listed below refer to the species, Pseudaletia unipuncta, often called the "true armyworm". Except where indicated otherwise, this product is not registered for the control of other armyworm species. Regional differences have been noted in the susceptibility of certain strains of fall armyworm, Colorado potato beetle, spotted tentiform leafminer, and tobacco budworm (on cotton) to carbaryl. If local experience indicates inadequate control, use an alternative pesticide.



# LAWNS AND RECREATIONAL AREAS

For control of certain turfgrass pests, apply the recommended rates using pressure type equipment in sufficient spray volume for thorough coverage and turf thatch penetration. Where a dosage range is indicated, use the higher rate on large pest populations, advanced instars and dense vegetation. Repeat treatment as necessary.

SITE	INSECT	r	POUNDS OF SEVIN® 80WSP PER ACRE	SQ.FT. TREATED per Pak sevin® 80WSP	
Turf grasses	ArmywormLeaCentipedesLuxChiggersMilCutwormsMoEarwigsSorEssex skipperSpEuropean chaferSpFall armywormTicFiery skipperYe	ne beetles alhoppers cerne moth lipedes isquitoes (adults) wbugs wbugs ittlebugs ringtails cks ilowstriped myworm	2 1/2 to 5	11,000 to 22,000	For Armyworm, Cutworm and Fall Armyworm Control: Do not irrigate treated areas following insecticide application. For Green June Beetle Grub Control: Make applications when grubs are feeding near the soil surface. Water or irrigate turf grasses soon after treatment.
	Chinch bugs Sod Webworm (lawn moths) Fleas		7 1/2 to 10	5,000 ta 7,000	For Chinch Bug Control: Treat entire grass area rather than just damaged areas. Irrigation of turf grass area before treatment will aid in penetration of insecticide into turf grass. For Sod Webworm Control: Do not irrigate treated areas following insecticide application.
	Bluegrass billbug larvae European crane fly larvae Black Turfgrass Ataenius larvae Annual bluegrass weevil larvae ( <i>Hyperodes spp.</i> ) White grubs (such as Japanese beetle, Chafer beetle and <i>Phyllophaga spp.</i> larvae)		10	5,000	For European Crane Fly Control: Treatments should be applied in early spring, April 1 to April 15, or as recommended by local Agricultural Extension Service agents. Water or irrigate turf grasses thoroughly soon after treatment. For White Grub Control: Applications should be made when grubs are feeding near the soil surface, usually during late March through May, or July to early September, or as recommended by local Agricultural Extension Service agents. Water or irrigate turf grasses thoroughly soon after

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# PEST CONTROL IN AND AROUND BUILDINGS AND BUILDING PERIMETERS

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INSECT	POUNDS of Sevin® 80WSP/100 Gallons	GALLONS of MIXTURE per Pak sevin <sup>®</sup> 80wsp	SPECIFIC DIRECTIONS
Ants Bees Brown dog tick Centipedes Cockroaches Crickets Earwigs Firebrats Fleas Millipedes Scorpions Silverfish Spiders Ticks Wasps	10	12 1/2	For use in and around buildings such as warehouses, barns and municipal and recreational areas as a perimeter treatment, apply as a coarse wet spray in a band 6 to 10 feet wide around the outside perimeter of buildings. For direct application to the structure, apply as a coarse, wet spray or with a paint brush and thoroughly treat cracks, crevices, baseboards, corners, walls, door sills, window frames, ant trails, and other areas where insects tend to congregate. Do not use as a space spray. Repeat when necessary but not more often than twice per week. Do not use this product in commercial food areas of food handling establishments, restaurants, or other places where food is prepared or processed. Do not use in serving areas while food is exposed. Avoid application to surfaces where visible spray residues are objectionable May be applied to outdoor sleeping quarters of pets. Do not treat animals. Do not allow animals to use treated area until sprays have dried. NOTE: Staining may occur on certain surfaces such as stucco, brick, cinder block, wood, fabrics, adn carpet. Spray deposits on painted or stained surfaces or finishes (e.g. cars, house trailers, boats, etc.) should be removed immediately by washing to prevent discoloration. Avoid application to surfaces where visible spray residues are objectionable.

## CONTROL OF TICKS WHICH VECTOR LYME DISEASE

For control of juvenile and adult ticks which vector Lyme Disease, apply the recommended amount in sufficient volume for thorough coverage.

SITE	PEST	POUNDS Sevin® 80WSP Per Acre	SQ.FT. TREATED por Pak Sevin <sup>®</sup> 80WSP	SPECIFIC DIRECTIONS
Lawns and Recreational Turfgrass (Including: Lawns & Perimeter, Golf Courses, Sports fields, Cemetaries, Parks and Pastures), Shrubs, Ornamentals, Wooded Areas (Including: Military Posts, Logging Camps and Campsites), Wastelands	<i>Ixodes</i> spp. Deer tick, Beartick, and Black legged tick <i>Ambiyomma</i> spp. Lone Star tick	1 1/4 to 2 1/2	5,500 to 11,000	Use the high rate for heavy tick infestations. Use higher spray volumes for dense ground cover o heavy lest litter and on lush turf-with thatch build-up Target applications for nymphal.control in late sprin or early summer. Control of edult ticks can be achieved with steasure and fall applications. Do not use spot treatments. Treat entire area and perimeter areas where exposure to ticks may occur Ticks may be failefolduced from surrounding areas of host animals. Sidereit as necessary to maintain adequate control levels.

## TREES AND ORNAMENTALS

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For dilute-spray ground applications to trees (including shade trees, shelter belts, forests, plantations, parks, and recreational areas), ornamentals, woody plants and shrubs, apply the specified dosage per 100 gallons of water. For concentrate-spray ground applications, apply the specified dosage per acre in sufficient spray volume to provide thorough coverage.

For aerial applications to forest trees (including shade trees, shelter belts, plantations, parks, and recreational areas) and commercially grown ornamentals, woody plants and shrubs, apply the specified dosage per acre in sufficient spray volume to provide thorough coverage. Avoid direct application to lakes, streams and ponds.

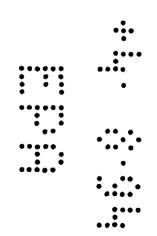
	CROP	INSECTS			POUNDS of SEVIN® 80WSP per 100 GAL	GALLONS of MIXTURE per PAK SEVIN <sup>®</sup> 80WSP	SPECIFIC DIRECTIONS
	GROUND APPLICATION: Trees (including shade trees, shelter belts, forests, plantations, parks and recreational areas). Ornamentals (including roses, flowers and other herbaceous plants). Woody Plants and Shrubs AERIAL APPLICATION: Forest Trees (including shade trees, shelter belts, forests, plantations, parks and recreational areas) Commercially Grown Ornamentals (including roses, flowers and other herbaceous plants). Woody Plants Shrubs	Ants Apple aphid Armyworm Azalea leafminer Bagworms, Birch leafminer Blister beetle Boxelder bug Boxwood leafminer Brown tail moth Cankerworms Catalpa sphinx Chiggers Cooley spruce gall aphid Cutworms Cypress tip moth Douglas-fir tussock moth Eastern spruce gall aphid Elm leaf beetle Elm spanworm Eriophyid mites European pine shoot moth Fall armyworm Flea beetles Fuller rose beetle Gall midges Gall wasps Green striped mapleworm Grasshoppers Gypsy moth Hackberry nipplegall maker	Hołły bud moth Holły leafminer Jackpine budgworm Japanese beetle Jeffrey pine needleminer June beetles Lace bugs Leafnoppers Leafrollers Locust borer Maple leafcutter Mealy bugs Mimosa webworm Nantucket pine tip moth Oak leaf skeletonizer Oakworm complex Oleander caterpillar Olive ash borer Orange tortrix Periodical cicada Pine sawfly Pine spittlebug Pitch pine tip moth Plant bugs Poinsettia hornworm Psyllids Puss caterpillar	Rose aphid Rose chager Roseslug Saddled prominent Sawflies (exposed) Scale insects Sowbugs Spiny elm caterpillar Springtails Spruce budworm Spruce needleminer Subtropical tip moth Tent caterpillars Thom bug Thrips (exposed) Ticks Walnut caterpillar Webworms Western hemlock looper Western spruce budworm Willow leaf beetles Yellow poplar weevil	1 1/4	100	Observe plant response precautions. Apply dilute sprays to obtain thorough coverage of upper and lower leaf surfaces. To control scale insects, treat trunks, stems and twigs in addition to plant foliage. For optimum worm control, treat when in early instars. Addition of a sticker may improve residual control. Applications for control of maple leaf- cutter on sugar maple should be made when larvae are in 2nd instar, after mining, and as cases are being formed.
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CROP	INSECTS	POUNDS of SEVIN® 80WSP per 100 GAL.	MIXTURE per	
Trees and Ornamentals (con.t)	Ips engraver beetles Mountain pine beetle Roundheaded pine beetle Western pine beetle	20	6 GAL	Effective as a preventive treatment only. Repeat annually as required to prevent beetle attacks. Apply 1 gallon of spray per 50 square feet of bark in late May to early July, or prior to beetle attack. Treat tree trunks from ground level up, until trunk diameter is less than 5 inches.
	Elm bark beetle			Apply approximately 20 to 30 gallons of spray mixture for each 50 feet of elm tree for thorough coverage of all bark surfaces on trunk, limbs and twigs.

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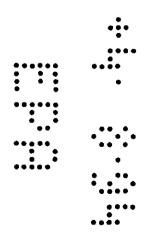
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## TREE FRUIT AND NUT CROPS

For dilute sprays apply the specified dosage per 100 gallons of water. For concentrate and aerial sprays increase the concentration of SEVIN<sup>®</sup> brand 80 WSP Carbaryl Insecticide in the spray mixture to apply an amount per acre equivalent to that in a dilute spray. The optimum spray gallonage will depend on tree size, density and stage of growth. Typical spray gallonages per acre range from 200-300 gallons for dilute sprays, 30-100 gallons for concentrate sprays and 10-25 gallons for aerial sprays. Do not exceed maximum label rate per acre per application.

#### APPLE THINNING

CROP	POUNDS of Sevin® 80WSP per 100 GAL.	GALLONS of Mixture per Pak Sevin® 80WSP	PREHARVEST Interval (Days)	SPECIFIC DIRECTIONS
Apple Thinning Apples Only	1/3 to 2/3	400 to 200	1	<ul> <li>Apply 1 full coverage dilute spray between 10 and 25 days after full bloom. If factors such as tree age, variety, nutrition, previous crop, pruning, bloom and degree of set favor excessive fruit thinning with this product, exercise caution to avoid possible yield reduction.</li> <li>Consult with your County Extension Service or other experts for advice on the proper use of this product.</li> <li>For easily thinned varieties including Cortland, Grimes, Jonathan, McIntosh, Orleans, Rome Beauty, Puritan, Red Delicious, Winesap, Yellow Newton.</li> </ul>
	2/3 to 1 1/4	200 to 100		For difficult to thin varieties including Baldwin, Ben Davis, Duchess, Early McIntosh, Golden Delicious, Lady Apple, Northern Spy, Rhode Island Greening, Steele Red, Tartey, Wealthy, Yellow Transparent and York Imperial.



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## TREE FRUIT AND NUT CROPS

To obtain the proper dosage for dilute sprays, add paks of SEVIN<sup>®</sup> brand 80WSP Carbaryl Insecticide to the indicated mixture volume. For concentrate and aerial sprays increase the concentration of SEVIN<sup>®</sup> brand 80WSP in the spray mixture to apply an amount per acre equivalent to that in a dilute spray. The optimum spray gallonage will depend on tree size, density and stage of growth. Typical spray gallonages per acre range from 200-300 gallons for dilute sprays, 30-100 gallons for concentrate sprays and 10-25 gallons for aerial sprays. Do not exceed maximum label rate per acre per application.

CROP	INSECT		POUNDS of SEVIN® 80WSP per 100 GAL.	GALLONS of MIXTURE per PAK SEVIN® 80WSP	PRE- Harvest Interval (Days)	SPECIFIC DIRECTIONS
Almond	Peach twig borer San Jose scale Fruittree leafroller Navel orangeworm		1 1/4	100	28	OBSERVE BEE CAUTION. For peach twig borer, apply in "popcorn" or petal fall stages when the May brood begins to hatch or thereafter as needed. For dormant or delayed dormant timing, apply in combination with a recommended dormant oil. Refer to the dormant oil label for additional use directions and restrictions. For Navel orangeworm, time
						early and mid season applications to correspond to moth flight peaks. Make a late season application at initiation of hull split up to 10% hull split. Do not apply more than 6 1/4 pounds per acre.
Apples Pears	Apple aphid Apple rust mite Apple sucker Bagworms California pearslug (pear sawfly) Codling moth Eyespotted bud moth Green fruitworm Lecanium scales Lesser appleworm	Lygus bugs Orange tortrix Oystershell scale Pear leaf blister mite Pear psylla Pear rust mite San Jose scale Tentiform leafminers Woolly apple aphid	1 to 1 1/4	150 to 100	1	West of the Rocky Mountains To avoid undesired apple thinning, delay use until at least 30 days after full bloom. For psylla control, apply when eggs hatch or young nymphs are present.
	Apple mealybug Apple aphid Codling moth	White apple leafhopper	2/3	200	1	East of the Rocky Mountains
	Apple maggot Apple rust mite Bagworms Eastern tent caterpillar European apple sawfly Eyespotted bud moth Forbes scale Fruittree leafroller Green fruitworm Japanese beetle Lecanium scales Lesser appleworm Oystershell scale	Pear psylla Pear leaf blister mite Pear rust mite Periodical cicada Plum curculio Redbanded leafroller Rosy apple aphid San Jose scale Tamished plant bug Tentiform leafminers Woolly apple aphid Yellowhead fireworm	1 1/4	100		To avoid undesired apple thinning, delay use until at least 30 days after full bloom. For optimum scale control, apply when crawlers are present.

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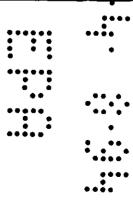
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CROP	INSECT		POUNDS of SEVIN® 80WSP per 100 GAL.	GALLONS of MIXTURE per PAK SEVIN® 80WSP	PRE- HARVEST INTERVAL (DAYS)	SPECIFIC DIRECTIONS
Chestnuts	Chestnut weevil		2 1/2 to 3 3/4	50 to 38	0	Do Not Use In California. Make 4 applications at weekly intervals beginning in late July for adult chestnut weevil control. Last application should be made prior to shuck split.
Citrus Fruits such as: grape- fruit lemons limes oranges	Avocado leafroller California orangedog Citrus cutworm Citrus root weevil Fruittree leafroller	Orange tortrix Western tussock moth West Indian sugarcane borer (adults)	1 1/4	100	5	Do not apply more than 25 pounds of this product per acre per application. May be mixed with petroleum oils commonly used on citrus.
tangelos tangerines citrus citron kumquats and hybrids	Black scale Brown soft scale California red scale	Citricola scale Citrus snow scale Yellow scale	1 to 1 1/4	150 to 100		
Filbert	Filbert aphid Filbert leafroller Filbertworm		1 1/4	100	G	Apply when leafrolier eggs are hatching. Repeat on first appearance of adult filbert moths and again 3 to 4 weeks later.
Olives	Olive scale		1 to 1 1/4	150 to 100	0	For optimum scale control, add 1 1/2 gallons of summer oil and apply mixture when crawlers are present. Do not exceed 2 applications per year. Do not apply more than 18 3/4 pounds of this product per acre per application.
Peaches Apricots Nectarines	Apple pandemis Codling moth Cucumber beetles European earwig Fruittree leafroller Japanese beetle June beetles Lecanium scales Lesser peachtree borer Olive scale Orange tortrix Oriental fruit moth	Peach twig borer Periodical cicada Plum curculio Redbanded leafroller San Jose scale Tarnished plant bug Tussock moths Varlegated leafroller	1 1/4	100	1 (peaches) 3 (apricots & necatrines)	Do not apply more than 7 1/2 pounds of this product per acre application to apricots. For optimum scale control, apply when crawlers are present. For lesser peachtree bore control, spray limbs and trunk thoroughly, weakly during moth flight.
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CROP	INSECT		POUNDS of SEVIN® 80WSP per 100 GAL.	GALLONS of MIXTURE per PAK SEVIN® 80WSP	PREHARVE St Interval (Days)	SPECIFIC DIRECTIONS
Pecans	Black margined aphid Fall webworm Hickory shuckworm Lesser webworm Pecan leaf phylloxera	Pecan nut casebearer Pecan Spittlebug Pecan stem phylloxera Pecan weevil Twig girdler Walnut caterpillar	1 1/4 to 3	100 to 44	0	Do not apply more than 9 pounds of this product per acre per application.
Pistachios	Navel orangeworm	3	2/3 to 2 1/2	200 to 50	14	Apply dilute volumes of 150 to 300 gallons of mixed spray per acre for full coverage.
Plums Prunes Cherries	aphid Brown soft scale Cherry fruitworm Cherry maggot European earwig Eyespotted bud moth Forbes scale Fruittree leafrotter Green fruitworm Japanese beetle Lecanium scales Lesser peach tree borer	scale Peach twig borer Plum curculio Prune leathooper Redban Jed leatrolle Rose chafer San Jose scale Variegated leatroller	1 1/4	100	1	Do not apply more than 7 1/2 pounds of this product per acre per application. For optimum scale control, apply when crawlers are present. For lesser peachtree borer control, spray limbs and tree trunks thoroughly, weekly during moth flight.
		Orange tortrix Tussock moth	1	150		
Walnut	European fruit lecanium	Filbertworm Fruittree leafroller Frosted scale	2/3	200	0	Apply 1000 gallons of dilute spray per acre for mature trees. For codling moth apply first spray when average cross sectional diameters of developing nuts are 1/2 to 3/4 inch. Repeat during middle or late June as needed.
	European earwig		2 1/2	50		Spray tree trunks to point of run-off.

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	IMPORT	ED FIRE ANT	CONTROL
SITE	POUNDS of SEVIN® 80WSP per 100 GAL	GALLONS of MIXTURE per PAK Sevin® 80WSP	
Lawns Cemeteries Recreational Areas (including turf, golf courses, and parks) Pastures Rangeland Forested Lands Wasteland	2	50	Apply a total of 2 gallons of the diluted solution over the surface of each mound or at least 1 quart per 6 inches of mound diameter using a bucket, can or other appropriate equipment. Thoroughly wet mound and surrounding area to a 4 ft. diameter (12 sq. ft.). Do not disturb mounds prior to treatment. Pour solution from a height of about three feet to give sufficient force to break mound apex and flow into ant tunnels. For best results apply in cool weather, 65 – 80• F, or in early morning or late evening hours. Repeat application if mound activity resumes after 10 days. Treat new mounds as they appear. Pressurized sprays may disturb the ants and cause migration, reducing product effectiveness.
Nursery Stock Vegetable transplants Foliage Plants Bedding Plants	2	50	DO NOT USE ON ANY FOOD CROP NOT LISTED ON LABEL. Do not make more than one application, either as a root- dip or a drench treatment (applied to the point of saturation). Avoid contact with foliage and treat only the growing media when using on bedding plants.

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## SMALL FRUIT CROPS

Recommended dosages refer to pounds of SEVIN<sup>®</sup> brand 80 WSP Carbaryl Insecticide per acre. The optimum spray gallonage will depend on plant size, density and stage of growth. Typical spray gallonages per acre range from 100-300 gallons for dilute sprays, 30-100 gallons for concentrate sprays and 10-25 gallons for aerial sprays. Do not exceed maximum label rate per acre per application.

CROP Blackberries Raspberries Dewberries (including boysen- berries and	INSECT European raspberry aphid Japanese beetle	Leafhoppers Leafrollers Rose chafer Snowy tree cricket	POUNDS of SEVIN® 80WSP per ACRE 1 1/4 to 2 1/2	ACRES TREATED per PAK SEVIN® 80WSP 1.0 to 0.5	PRE- HARVEST INTERVAL (DAYS) 7	SPECIFIC DIRECTIONS
loganberries)	Omnivorous leafr Raspberry sawfly		2 1/2	0.5		CALIFORNIA ONLY
Blueberries	Blueberry maggot Cherry fruitworm Cranberry fruitworm	European Fruit lecanium Japanese beetle	1 7/8	0.67	0	Apply 3 weeks before han ast and repeat as necessary.
Cranberries	Cutworms Cranberry fireworms Cranberry fruitworms	Japanese beetle Leafhoppers Rose chafer	1 7/8 to 3 3/5	0.67 to 0.33	1	CAUTION! May kill shrimp and crabs. Do not use in areas where these are important resources. Apply in late bloom and as needed as 7 to 10 day intervals.
Grapes	European fruit lecanium Grape leaffolder Grape leafhopper	Western grapeleaf skeletonizer Western yellow- striped army-worm	1 1/4 to 2 1/2	1.0 to 0.5	7	Apply before first brood leaffolder larvae emerge from rolls.
	Cutworms Eight-spotted forester Grapeberry moth Japanese beetle June beetles	Orange tortrix Omnivorous leafroller Redbanded leafroller Saltmarsh caterpillar	2 1/2	0.5		
Strawberries	Flea beetles Meadow spittlebug Omnivorous leaftier (strawberry (fruitworm)	Strawberry leafroller Strawberry weevil	1 1/2 to 2 1/2	1.0 to 0.5	1	Carbaryt may injure Early Dawn and Sunrise varieties on the Delmarva Peninsula.
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## GRASSHOPPERS

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CROP	POUNDS OF SEVIN® 80WSP per ACRE	ACRES TREATED per PAK SEVIN® 80WSP	PRE- Harvest Interval (Days)	SPECIFIC DIRECTIONS
All Forage, Field and Vegetable Crops	2/3 to 1 7/8 Unless Noted Otherwise	1.8 to 0.67	See specific Forage, Field or Vegetable Crop	Use the lower rate for nymphs on semall plants or sparse vegetation. Use the higher state for adults or applications to dense vegetation.



# FORAGE, FIELD AND VEGETABLE CROPS

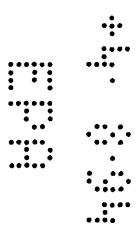
Use at least 1 gallon of finished spray per acre for aerial application and at least 3 gallons of finished spray per acre for concentrate ground application.

CROP	INSECT	POUNDS of SEVIN® 80WSP per ACRE	ACRES TREATED per PAK SEVIN® 80WSP	PRE- Harvest Interval (Days)	SPECIFIC DIRECTIONS
Aifalfa Clovers	Blister beetles Mexican bean beetle	2/3 to 1 1/4	1.8 to 1.0	7 (Aifalfa)	Observe plant response precautions.
	AlfalfaJapanesecaterpillarbeetleBean lefafLeafhoppebeetleThree comeCucumberalfalfa hopbeetlesThripsGreenVelvetbearcloverwormcaterpillar	ered oper	1.0	0 (Clovers)	On dense growth use 25 to 40 gallons per acre with ground equipment to ensure adequate coverage.
	ArmywormEuropeanCloverheadalfalfaweevilbeetleCorn earwormFall armywoCutwormLygus bugsEgyptianWebwormsalfalfa weevilYellowstriplarvaearmywormEssex skipper	s ed	1.0 to 0.67		For alfalfa weevil larvae, if pre- treatment damage is extensive, cut alfalfa and treat the stubble. Apply only once per cutting.
	Alfalfa weevil larvae	1/4 to 1 7/8	5.0 to 0.67		
	West of the Rocky Mountains				
<u>+</u>	East of the Rocky Mountains		0.67		
Asparagus	Asparagus beetle	<u>1 1/4 to 2 1/2</u>	1.0 to 0.5	1	
	Apache cicada Asparagus beetle	2 1/2 to 5	0.5 to 0.25	Post harvest application only_	Treat ferns or brush growth. Do not treat more than once every 3 days.
Beans (including blackeyed	Blister beetles Mexican been beetle	2/3 to 1 1/4	1.8 to 1.0		Observe plant response pre- cautions.
peas, cowpeas, crowder or southern peas, dry beans, green beans, lima brans, navy beans and snap beans)	Alfalfa Leafhoppe caterpillar Three Bean leaf cornered beetle alfalfa hop Cucumber Thrips beetles Velvetbear Green caterpillar cloverworm Western be Japanese beetle	oper	1.0	0 (except cowpeas) 3 (cowpeas)	•••
	Armyworm Stink bugs Corn earworm Tarnished r Cutworms bug European Webworms corn borer Fall armyworm	plant	1.0 to 0.67		
	Cowpea curculio	2 1/2	0.5		
	Corn earworm Lygus bugs Limabean Stink bugs pod borer		0.5		California • ດູກູໃນ• ເ

	CROP	INSECT		POUNDS of SEVIN® 80WSP per ACRE	ACRES TREATED per PAK Sevin® 80WSP	PRE- Harvest Interval (Days)	
Γ	Cabbage	Flea beetles	Harlequin bug	2/3 to 1 1/4	1.8 to 1.0	3	
	Broccoli Brussels Sprouts Cauliflower Kohlrabi	Armyworm Com earworm	Fall armyworm Imported cabbageworm	1 1/4 to 2 1/2	1.0 to 0.5		
L	Chinese cabbage	Fleabeetles Harlequin bug	Leafhoppers	2/3 to 1 1/4	1.8 to 1.0	3 (Horseradish,	
	Collards Hanover	Aster leafhopper		1 1/4 to 1 7/8	1.0 to 0.67	radishes, rutabagas	
•	salad Horseradish	Armyworm Corn earworm	Stink bugs Tarnished plant	1 1/4 to 2 1/2	1.0 to 0.5	and turnip roots)	
	Kale Mustard greens Radishes Rutabagas Turnips	Fall armyworm Imported cabbageworm	bug			14 (Chinese cabbage, collards, Hanover salad, kale, mustard greens, and turnip tops)	
ļ	Carrots Celery	Flea beetles	Leafhoppers	2/3 to 1 1/4	1.8 to 1.0	0 (carrots)	DO NOT USE ON CELERY IN CALIFORNIA.
	Parsnips Parsley	Aster leafhopper Lygus bugs	Spittlebugs	1 1/4 to 1 7/8	1.0 to 0.67	3 (parsnips)	
		Armyworm Corn earworm Fall armyworm	Stink bugs Tarnished plant bugs	1 1/4 to 2 1/2	1.0 to 0.5	14 (celery & parsley)	
	Com (field, sweet, pop)	Armyworm Chinch bugs Com earworm Comrootworm adults European corn borer Fall armyworm Flea beetles	Japanese beetle Sap beetles Southwestem corn borer Leathoppers	1 1/4 to 2 1/2	1.0 to 0.5	0	OBSERVE BEE CAUTION For insects attacking silks and ears apply at 1 to 6 day intervals starting when first silks appear and continuing until silks begin to dry. For larvae in whorl and apply foliage feeders, as necessary. For chinch bugs use high gallonage ground application directed at the base of plants. Optimum timing and good coverage are essential for effective control.
	Western bean cut	worm	2 1/2	0.5	Treat wh 15% and emerger 100% sil	Treat when infestation averages 15% and at 90% to 100% tassel emergence. Treatment after 100% silk emergence will reduce effectiveness.	
	Cutwoms		2 1/2 to 8	0.5 to 0.16		Apply in a 12 linch band, using 1/4 pound (4 ounces) per 1000 linear feet of row, in at least 15 gaffogs of water per acre. For broadcast application use up to 8 pounds in at least 20 gallons (ground) or 5 gallons (air) of water per acre.	

CROP	INSECT		POUNDS of SEVIN® 80WSP per ACRE	ACRES TREATED per PAK SEVIN® 80WSP	PRE- Harvest Interval (Days)	SPECIFIC DIRECTIONS
Cotton	fleahopper	Striped blister beetle Thrips	2/3 to 1 1/4	1.8 to 1.0	7	Early season insect control.
	Bollworms Cotton leaf- perforator Fall armyworm	Leafhoppers Tarnished plant bug Yellowstriped armyworm (cotton cut- worm)	1 1/4 to 2 1/2	1.0 to 0.5		Treat on a 5 to 7 day scheduk for as long as control is necessary. Mid and late season insect control. May be applied after bolls open.
	Lygus bugs		1 1/4 to 2 1/2	1.0 to 0.5		For light to moderate populations in Western irrigate cotton.
	Pink bollworm		1 7/8 to 3	0.67 to 0.42		Aphid populations will b suppressed by repeate applications of this insecticide
	Stink bugs Saltmarsh caterpi	illar	2 1/2	0.5		
Cucumber	Pickleworm	Melonworm	2/3 to 1 1/4	1.8 to 1.0		Observe plant respons precautions.
Melons Pumpkins Squash	Cucumber beetles Flea beetles	Leafhoppers Squash bugs	1 1/4	1.0	0	Avoid excessive applications.
Dandelion Endive (Escarole) Lettuce Salsify	Flea beetles Harlequin bug	Leafhoppers	2/3 to 1 1/4	1.8 to 1.0	3 (head lettuce & salsify roots) 14 (dandelion,	Observe plant respons precautions. Trea on a 5 to 7 day schedule afte heads begin to form.
	Aster leafhopper	Spittlebugs	1 1/4 to 1 7/8	1.0 to 0.67	endive (escarole),	
	Armyworm Corn earworm Fall armyworm Stink bugs Tarnished plant bug	Imported cabbage worm	1 1/4 to 2 1/2	1.0 to 0.5	leaf lettuce & saisify tops)	
Garden beet Spinach Swiss chard	Flea beetles Harlequin bug Leafhoppers		2/3 to 1 1/4	1.8 to 1.0	3 (garden beet roots)	
OMISS CURIC	Aster leafhopper		1 1/4 to 1 7/8	1.0 to 0.67		•••
	Armyworm Corn earworm Fal <sup>1</sup> armyworm	Stink bugs Tamished plant bug	1 1/4 to 2 1/2	1.0 to 0.5	14 (garden beet- tops, spinach, Swiss chard)*	
	Com earworm	Stink bugs	1 1/4 to 2 1/2	1.0 to 0.5	0	Treat on a 540 7-day schedule

CROP	INSECT		POUNDS of SEVIN® 80WSP per_ACRE	ACRES TREATED por PAK SEVIN® 80WSP	PRE- Harvest Interval (Days)	SPECIFIC DIRECTIONS
Peanuts	Blister beetles	Mexican bean beetles	2/3 to 1 1/4	1.8 to 1.0	0	Observe plant response precautions.
	Alfalfa caterpillar Bean leaf beetle Cucumber beetles Green cloverworm Japanese beetle Leafhoppers	Red-necked peanut worm Three comered alfalfa hopper Thrips Velvetbean caterpillar	1 1/4	1.0		
	Armyworm Com earworm Fall armyworm	Stinkbugs Webworms	1 1/4 to 1 7/8	1.0 to 0.67		
	Whitefringed beetle (adults) Cutworms		2 1/2	0.5		
Peas	Colorado potato beetie Leafhoppers		1 1/4	1.0	3	
	Armyworm		1 1/4 to 1 7/8	_1.0 to 0.67		
	Alfalfa caterpillar Cutworms Pea leaf weevil	Pea weevil Yellowstriped armyworm	1 7/8	0.67		
Potato Tomato	Colorado potato Flea beetles Leafhoppers	beetle	2/3 to 1 1/4	1.8 to 1.0	0	
Eggplant Peppers	European corn borer Fall armyworm Lace bugs Stink bugs Tarnished plant bug	Tomato fruit worm Tomato hornworm Tomato pinworm	1 1/2 to 2 1/2	1.0 to 0.5		
	Cutworms		2 1/2	0.5	]	



CROP	INSECT		POUNDS of SEVIN® 80WSP per_ACRE	ACRES TREATED per PAK Sevin® 80WSP	PRE- Harvest Interval (Days)	SPECIFIC DIRECTIONS
Rice	Armyworms Chinch bug	Fall armyworm Stink bugs	1 1/4 to 1 7/8	1.0 to 0.67	14	CAUTION! May kill shrimp and crabs. Do not use in areas where these are important resources. Do not use on rice fields in which crayfish and/or cat-fish farming are included in the cultural practice. DO NOT APPLY PROPANIL HERBICIDES WITHIN 15 DAYS BEFORE OR AFTER APPLICATION OF THIS PRODUCT OR PLANT INJURY WILL RESULT. MISSISSIPPI DELTA & TEXAS
	Armyworm Leafhoppers	Tadpole shrimp	2 1/2	0.5		California Only For optimum tadpole shrimp control, apply to water when pest first appears.
Sorghun (milo, g sorghu	rain Chinch bugs	Fall armyworm Stink bugs Webworms	1 1/4 to 2 1/2	1.0 to 0.5	21 (grain)	Direct spray into forming heads for optimum insect control. Treat for sorghum midge when
sweet sorghu and hyl			1 7/8	0.67	0 (forage)	25 to 30 percent of heads have emerged from boot and are in bloom. Repeat application 3 to 5 days later if adults are still active. A third application may be necessary in late planted sorghum or if midge are abundant.
	Cutworms		2 1/2	0.5		For chinch bugs use high gallonage ground application directed at base of plants.
Soybear	ns Bean leaf beetle Cucumber beetles Green cloverworm	Mexican bean beetle Velvetbean caterpillar	2/3	1.8	0	DO NOT APPLY A COMBINATION OF THIS PRODUCT AND 2,4-DB HERBICIDES TO SOYBEANS AS CROP INJURY MAY RESULT.
	Com earworm		2/3 to 1 7/8	1.8 to 0.67	1	Use lower rates for light to moderate populations and smaller instars.
	Blister beetles Grape colaspis Mexican bean b	eetie	2/3 to 1 1/4	1.8 to 1.0		Use the higher rates for heavy populations and larger instars.
	Alfalfa caterpillar Bean leaf beetle Cucumber beetles Green cloverworm Japanese beetle	Leafhoppers Three cornered alfalfa hopper Thrips Velvetbean caterpillar	1 1/4	1.0		
	Armyworm Cutworms Painted lady	Fall armyworm Stink bugs Webworms Saltmarsh	1 1/4 to 1 7/8	1.0 to 0.67		·····
	Thistle Caterpillar	caterpillar Yellowstriped armyworm	2 1/2 10 3	0.5 to 0.4		••••

CROP	INSECT	POUNDS of SEVIN® 80WSP per ACRE	ACRES TREATED per PAK Sevin® 80WSP	PRE- HARVEST INTERVAL (DAYS)	SPECIFIC DIRECTIONS
Sugarbeets	Armyworm Flea beetles Beet leaf beetle Leafhoppers Fall armyworm Webworms	1 1/4 to 1 7/8	1.0 to 0.67	14	
	Cutworms	1 7/8	0.67		
Sunflower	Cutworms	1 7/8	0. <b>67</b>	60	Do Not Use In California.
	Armyworm Fall armyworm	1 7/8 to 2 1/2	0.67 to 0.5		Do not allow animals to graze o treated crops.
	Stem Weevil Sunflower beette	1 1/4 to 2 1/2	1.0 to 0.5		
Sweet Potatoes	Sweet potato weevil	9 tablespoons/ gallon	1 PAK per 14 gallons	0	Preplant Dip: Just prior t planting, dip sweet potat cuttings in a suspension of thi product (9 tablespoons/gallon of water).
		1 1/4 to 2 1/2	1.0 to 0.5		Foliar Application: Full coverage of plants is essentia Use lower rate on young plant and higher rate on matur plants.
	Com earwormSweet potatoCucumberhornwormbeetlesTortoiseFlea beetlesbeetles	1 1/4 to 2 1/2	1.0 to 0.5		Apply as a foliar spray a needed.
Tobacco (In Plant Bed)	Tobacco flea beetle	2 1/2 Tbs/gal. or	1 PAK per 50 galions water	0	To prevent plant injury, avoi exces-sive applications.
,		1 1/4 lbs/ 50 gals and apply 6 gal/100 sq.	applied in 6 galions per 100		
)	Green June beetle grubs	yards 2/3 lb./200 gal.	sq.yards 1 PAK per 380 gallons water		Apply only to areas that larva have uprooted by sprinkling as drench with 50 to 100 gallons pe 100 square yards.
Tobacco (In Field)	Budworms Japanese beetle Fall armyworms June beetles Flea beetles Suckfly Hornworms	1 1/4 to 2 1/2	1.0 to 0.5		Use lower rate on young plant (up to knee height). Use at least 10 gallons of prepared spray per acre. Begin treatments whe worms are small. If late seaso applications are necessary allow three days before primin or cutting.
Wheat	Cereal leaf beetle	1 1/4	1.0	0 (Forage) 21 (grain)	Do Not Use în California. Do not make înore than tw ăpărcations after grain head emerge from boot.
	Armyworm Fall armyworm	1 1/4 to 1 7/8	1.0 to 0.67	]	Application is effective agains

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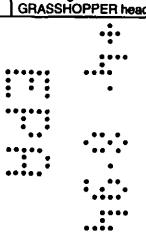
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CROP	INSECT	POUNDS of SEVIN® 80WSP per ACRE	ACRES TREATED per PAK Sevin® 80WSP	PRE- Harvest Interval (Days)	SPECIFIC DIRECTIONS
Pasture	Armyworm Range Black grass caterpillars bug Range crane Chinch bugs fly	1 1/4 to 1 7/8	1.0 to 0.67	0 (aerial application) 14	To control thrips in grasses grown for seed, use high spray pressure to improve penetration into boot.
	Essex skipper Striped grass Fall armyworm looper Thrips			(ground application)	Apply a maximum of 2 applications per year. Allow at least 14 days between applications.
					Do not allow foraging or cut for hay within 14 days of last application by ground. Aerially treated pastures may be grazed or cut for hay on day of treatment.
			 		Carefully mark swaths to avoid over application.
	Grasshoppers	2/3 to 1 7/8	1.8 to 0.67		Refer to general GRASSHOPPER heading.
Rangeland	Black grass bug Mormon cricket	2/3 to 1 1/4	1.8 to 1.0	0	FOR AERIAL APPLICATION ONLY.
	Range caterpillars Range crane fly				Apply a maximum of 2 applications per year. Allow at least 14 days between applications.
					Carefully mark swaths to avoid over application.
	Grasshoppers	2/3 to 1 7/8	1.8 to 0.67		Refer to general GRASSHOPPER heading.
Wasteland Rights-of- Way Hedgerows	Black grass bug Mormon cricket Range caterpillar Range crane fly	2/3 to 1 1/4	1.8 to 1.0	0 (aerial application) 14 (ground	Apply a maximum of 2 applications per year. Allow at least 14 days between applications.
Ditchbanks Roadsides				application)	Do not allow foraging or cut for hay within 14 days of last application by ground. Aerially treated areas may be grazed or cut for hay on day of treatment.
			<u> </u>		Carefully mark swaths to avoid over-applications.
	Grasshoppers	2/3 to 1 7/8	1.8 to 0.67		Refer to general GRASSHOPPER heading.

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POULTRY INSECT CONTROL					
POULTRY	INSECT	SPECIFIC DIRECTIONS			
Chickens, Ducks, Geese, Game birds, Pigeons, and Turkeys	Chicken mites Fleas Lice Northern fowl mite	<ul> <li>For use as a direct spray on birds by:</li> <li>1. Misting with Electric Fog Machine: Use 1 soluble package of SEVIN brand 80WSP in 3.3 gallons of water. Apply 1 1/2 gallons spray per 1000 hens in cages, on litter or on slatted floors. Repeat in 4 weeks if necessary.</li> <li>OR</li> <li>2. Spraying with conventional pressure sprayers: Use 1 soluble package of SEVIN brand 80WSP in 25 gallons of water. Apply 1 gallon of spray per 100 hens in cages, on litter or on slatted floors. Repeat in 4 weeks if necessary.</li> <li>Direct mist spraying for chicken mite and fleas in a supplement to spraying roosts and buildings for control of these pests.</li> <li>Do not apply to poultry and game birds within 7 days of slaughter.</li> </ul>			

POULTRY QUARTERS	INSECT	SPECIFIC DIRECTIONS
Roosts and Buildings	Bedbugs Chicken mites Fleas Fowl tick Darkling Beetle (Lesser mealworms) Lice Northern fowl mite	Spray roosts and buildings with conventional pressure sprayer. For chicken mite, fleas and bedbugs, use 4 soluble packages of SEVIN brand 80WSP per 100 gallons of water. For lesser mealworms, use 5 soluble packages per 10 gallons of water. Apply 1 to 2 gallons of spray solution per 1000 square feet of wall, bedding, litter or roost surface. Force spray into cracks. Repeat as needed. Avoid spraying of nests, eggs, feeding and watering troughs. Ventilate while spraying. Do not treat premises within 7 days of slaughter.

#### DIRECTIONS FOR USE THROUGH SPRINKLER IRRIGATION SYSTEMS

Apply this product only through sprinkler irrigation systems including center pivot and solid set. Do not apply this product through any other type of irrigation system.

SPRAY PREPARATION: Remove scale, pesticide residues, and other foreign matter from the chemical tank and entire injector system. Flush with clean water.

APPLICATION INSTRUCTIONS: First prepare a suspension of SEVIN<sup>®</sup> brand 80WSP Carbaryl Insecticide in a mix tank. Fill tank with 1/2 to 3/4 the desired amount of water. Start mechanical or hydraulic agitation. Add the required amount of SEVIN<sup>®</sup> brand 80WSP, and then the remaining volume of water. (Suspension concentrations using the appropriate dosage per acre recommended on this label of SEVIN<sup>®</sup> brand 80WSP per 1 to 4 gallons of water are recommended). Then set sprinkler to deliver 0.1 to 0.3 inch of water per acre. Start sprinkler and uniformly inject the suspension of SEVIN<sup>®</sup> brand 80WSP into the irrigation water line so as to deliver the desired rate per acre. The suspension of SEVIN<sup>®</sup> brand 80WSP should be injected with a positive displacement pump into the main line ahead of a

right angle turn to insure adequate mixing. If you should have any other questions about calibration, you should contact State Extension Service specialists, equipment manufacturers or other experts.

**NOTE:** When treatment with SEVIN<sup>®</sup> brand 80WSP has been completed, further field irrigation over the treated area should be avoided for 24 to 48 hours to prevent washing the chemical off the crop.

## GENERAL PRECAUTIONS FOR APPLICATIONS THROUGH SPRINKLER IRRIGATION SYSTEMS

Maintain continuous agitation in mix tank during mixing and application to assure a uniform suspension.

Greater accuracy in calibration and distribution will be achieved by injecting a larger volume of a more dilute solution per unit time.

The system must contain a functional check valve, vacuum relief valve, and low pressure drain appropriately located on the irrigation pipeline to prevent water source contamination from backflow. The pesticide injection pipeline must contain a functional, automatic, quick-closing check valve to prevent the flow of fluid back toward the injection pump. The pesticide injection pipeline must also contain a functional, normally closed solenoid-operated valve located on the intake side of the injection pump and connected to the system interlock to prevent fluid from being withdrawn from the supply tank when the irrigation system is either automatically or manually shutdown. The system must contain functional interlocking controls to automatically shut off the pesticide injection from the water pump motor stops. The irrigation line or water pump must include a functional pressure swipt which will stop the water pump motor when the water pressure decreases to the point where pesticide distribution is adversely affected. Systems must use a metering pump, such as a positive displacement injection pump (e.g., diaphram pump) effectively designed and constructed of materials that are compatible with pesticides and capable of being fitted with a system interlock. Do not apply when wind speed favors drift beyond the area intended for treatment.

Do not apply when wind speed favors drift, when system connection or fittings leak, when nozzles de net provide uniform distribution or when lines containing the product must be dismantled and drained.

Crop injury, lack of effectiveness, or illegal pesticide residues in the crop may result from non-uniform distribution of treated water.

Allow sufficient time for pesticide to be flushed through all lines and all nozzles before turning off irrigation water. A person knowledgeable of the chemigation system and responsible for its operation shall shut the system down and make necessary adjustments should the need arise.

Do not connect an irrigation system (including greenhouse systems) used for pesticide application to a public water system unless the label-prescribed safety devices for public water supplies are in place.



# LIMITED WARRANTY AND DISCLAIMER

The manufacturer warrants (a)that this product conforms to the chemical description on the label; (b)that this product is reasonably fit for the purposes set forth in the directions for use when it is used in accordance with such directions; and (c) that the directions, warnings and other statements on this label are based upon responsible experts' evaluation of reasonable tests of effectiveness, of toxicity to laboratory animals and to plants, and of residues on food crops, and upon reports of field experience. Tests have not been made on all varieties or in all states or under all conditions. THE MANUFACTURER NEITHER MAKES NOR INTENDS, NOR DOES IT AUTHORIZE ANY AGENT OR REPRESENTATIVE TO MAKE, ANY OTHER WARRANTIES, EXPRESS OR IMPLIED, AND IT EXPRESSLY EXCLUDES AND DISCLAIMS ALL IMPLIED WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY OR FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE.

THIS WARRANTY DOES NOT EXTEND TO, AND THE BUYER SHALL BE SOLELY RESPONSIBLE FOR, ANY AND ALL LOSS OR DAMAGE WHICH RESULTS FROM THE USE OF THIS PRODUCT IN ANY MANNER WHICH IS INCONSISTENT WITH THE LABEL DIRECTIONS, WARNINGS OR CAUTIONS.

BUYER'S EXCLUSIVE REMEDY AND MANUFACTURER'S OR SELLER'S EXCLUSIVE LIABILITY FOR ANY AND ALL CLAIMS, LOSSES, DAMAGES, OR INJURIES RESULTING FROM THE USE OR HANDLING OF THIS PRODUCT, WHETHER OR NOT BASED IN CONTRACT, NEGLIGENCE, STRICT LIABILITY IN TORT OR OTHERWISE, SHALL BE LIMITED, AT THE MANUFACTURER'S OPTION, TO REPLACEMENT OF, OR THE REPAYMENT OF THE PURCHASE PRICE FOR, THE QUANTITY OF PRODUCT WITH RESPECT TO WHICH DAMAGES ARE CLAIMED. IN NO EVENT SHALL MANUFACTURER OR SELLER BE LIABLE FOR SPECIAL, INDIRECT OR CONSEQUENTIAL DAMAGES RESULTING FROM THE USE OR HANDLING OF THIS PRODUCT.

#### NOTICE TO BUYER

Purchase of this material does not confer any rights under patents governing this product or the use thereof in countries outside of the United States.

Rhône-Poulenc Ag Company P.O. Box 12014, 2 T.W. Alexander Drive Research Triangle Park, North Carolina 27709

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SEVIN® brand 80WSP Carbaryl Insecticide (PENDING) Submitted 4/1/94