

PM 21 264-453

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# ROVRAL® Fungicide

**ACTIVE INGREDIENT:**  
 Iprodione: 3-(3,5-dichlorophenyl)-N-(1-methylethyl)-2,4-dioxo-1-imidazolidinecarboxamide.....50.0%

**INERT INGREDIENTS:**.....50.0%

EPA Reg. No. 264-453 EPA Est. No.:

## KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN CAUTION

For **PRODUCT USE** Information Call 1-800-334-9745

For **MEDICAL** And **TRANSPORTATION** Emergencies **ONLY** Call 24 Hours A Day 1-800-334-7577

### STATEMENT OF PRACTICAL TREATMENT

**IN CASE OF CONTACT:** Wash skin with soap and water.  
**IF IN EYES:** Flush with water for 15 minutes and get medical attention.

**ACCEPTED**  
 MAY 30 1996  
 Under the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act, as amended, for the pesticide registered under EPA Reg. No. 264-453

### PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS

#### CAUTION HAZARDS TO HUMANS AND DOMESTIC ANIMALS

Harmful if swallowed, inhaled or absorbed through skin. Avoid breathing vapor or spray mist, or contact with skin, eyes, or clothing. Get medical attention if irritation persists... Prolonged or frequently repeated skin contact may cause allergic reactions in some individuals.

#### Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)

Applicators and other handlers must wear long-sleeved shirt and long pants, waterproof gloves, shoes plus socks, and protective eyewear.

Follow manufacturer's instructions for cleaning/maintaining personal protective equipment (PPE). If no such instructions for washables, use detergent and hot water. Keep and wash PPE separately from other laundry.

When handlers use closed systems, enclosed cabs, or aircraft in a manner that meets the requirements listed in the Worker Protection Standard (WPS) for agricultural pesticides [40 CFR 170.240 (d) (4-6)], the handler PPE requirements may be reduced or modified as specified in the WPS.

#### User Safety Recommendations

- Users should:
- Wash hands before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco or using the toilet.
  - Remove clothing immediately if pesticide gets inside. Then wash thoroughly and put on clean clothing.

#### ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS

This pesticide is toxic to aquatic invertebrates. Do not apply directly to water, to areas where surface water is present or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark. Do not contaminate water when disposing of equipment wash water. Drift or run-off from treated areas are hazardous to aquatic invertebrates in neighboring areas.

#### DIRECTIONS FOR USE

It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.  
 Read entire label before using this product.

Do not apply this product in a way that will contact workers or other persons, either directly or through drift. Only protected handlers may be in the area during application. For any requirements specific to your State or Tribe, consult the agency responsible for pesticide regulation.

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## AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS

Use this product only in accordance with its labeling and with the Worker Protection Standard, 40 CFR part 170. This Standard contains requirements for the protection of agricultural workers on farms, forests, nurseries, and greenhouses, and handlers of agricultural pesticides. It contains requirements for training, decontamination, notification, and emergency assistance. It also contains specific instructions and exceptions pertaining to the statements on this label about personal protective equipment (PPE) and restricted-entry interval. The requirements in this box only apply to uses of this product that are covered by the Worker Protection Standard.

Do not enter or allow worker entry into treated areas during the restricted entry interval of 12 hours.

PPE required for early entry to treated areas that is permitted under the Worker Protection Standard and that involves contact with anything that has been treated, such as plants, soil, or water, is: coveralls, waterproof gloves, shoes plus socks, and protective eyewear.

## STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

### STORAGE

Do not contaminate water, food, or feed by storage or disposal.

### PESTICIDE DISPOSAL

Wastes resulting from the use of this product may be disposed of on site or at an approved waste disposal facility.

### CONTAINER DISPOSAL

Completely empty bag into application equipment. Then dispose of empty bag in a sanitary landfill or by incineration, or if allowed by State and local authorities, burning. If burned, stay out of the smoke.

## GENERAL CAUTIONS AND RESTRICTIONS

### CROP ROTATION RESTRICTIONS FOR BEANS, BROCCOLI, CARROTS, CHINESE MUSTARD, COTTON, DRY BULB ONIONS, GARLIC, LETTUCE, PEANUTS, POTATOES, AND RICE.

The following crops may be rotated after harvest: Beans, Broccoli, Carrots, Chinese Mustard, Cotton, Dry Bulb Onions, Garlic, Lettuce, Peanuts, Potatoes, and Rice.

### GRAZING RESTRICTIONS FOR STONE FRUIT, ALMONDS AND GRAPES.

Do not graze animals in treated orchards. Do not feed cover crops grown in treated orchards to livestock.

If you are unsure about disease conditions, contact your local extension agent.

## FUNGICIDE RESISTANCE STATEMENT

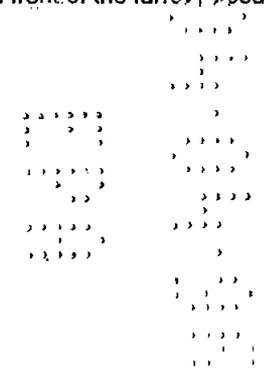
ROVRAL® Brand Fungicide is a dicarboximide fungicide. Resistance developed to other dicarboximide, such as Ronilan® may result in resistance to ROVRAL®. Therefore, DO NOT EXTEND THE TOTAL NUMBER OF APPLICATIONS PER CROP ON THIS LABEL WITH Ronilan®. DO NOT TANK MIX THIS PRODUCT WITH Ronilan®.

## HOW TO USE ROVRAL® BRAND FUNGICIDE

Partially fill the spray tank with clean water. Measure the required amount of ROVRAL® Brand Fungicide and pre-mix with a small volume of water, add this to the tank. Agitate to ensure thorough mixing while filling tank with remaining water. Maintain agitation during application and apply with properly calibrated application equipment. Do not allow spray mixture to stand overnight or for prolonged periods, as some chemical breakdown may occur, particularly in water with a high pH. The spray solution should be buffered to a pH of 5.0 - 7.0. A high quality, nonionic spreader can be used as a spray tank additive for every application with the exception of in-furrow sprays. ROVRAL® should be added to the tank before the addition of any adjuvant. Consult the adjuvant label or manufacturer for crop tolerance and safety information when used with ROVRAL®. Mixing with very acidic products may result in precipitation of ROVRAL®.

## HOW TO APPLY ROVRAL® FUNGICIDE IN-FURROW FOR COTTON

Use planter mounted spray equipment calibrated to deliver the registered dose rate of ROVRAL® Fungicide. A single spray nozzle per row should be attached to each planter unit being mounted directly behind the seed drop tube but in front of the furrow closure devices.



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**ROVRAL® BRAND FUNGICIDE IS REGISTERED  
FOR USE ON THE FOLLOWING:**

**Field and Row Crops**

- Cotton
- Peanuts
- Rice

**Small Fruit**

- Berries
- Grapes
- Strawberries

**Fruit Trees and Nuts**

- Almonds
- Stone Fruits
- Apricots
- Cherries
- Nectarines
- Peaches
- Plums
- Prunes

**Vegetables**

- Beans (Snap, Dry, and Lima)
- Broccoli
- Carrots
- Chinese Mustard (Florida Only)
- Dry Bulb Onions
- Garlic
- Lettuce (Head & Leaf types)
- Potatoes

Ginseng

**FIELD AND ROW CROPS**

**COTTON**

HOW TO USE	DISEASE	DOSAGE RATE		
		OUNCES PER 1000 FEET OF ROW	TOTAL OUNCES PER ROW SPACING PER ACRE	GALS. WATER PER ACRE
<p>Apply at-planting using spray nozzles mounted on the planter to deliver the spray solution to the open seed furrow. Direct the spray in-furrow immediately behind the seed drop tube and before the furrow closure devices.</p> <p>Apply the higher rate of ROVRAL Fungicide if the field has a history of high seedling disease pressure or if weather conditions favor seedling disease development (e.g. cool and wet).</p>	<p><b>Damping-off, "Sore Shin"</b> (<i>Rhizoctonia solani</i>)</p>	0.25 - 0.5	40"=3.2 - 6.5 38"=3.4 - 6.9 36"=3.6 - 7.3 30"=4.4 - 8.7	5.0 Minimum

Do not allow grazing or feeding of cotton forage to livestock.

**PEANUTS\***

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HOW TO USE	DISEASE	DOSAGE RATE		WHEN TO APPLY	USE RESTRICTIONS
		LBS. PER ACRE	GALS. WATER PER ACRE		
<p>Apply using a tractor mounted spray boom equipped with hollow cone or low pressure nozzles (e.g. 8008LP, 8010LP or TK7.5 that produce large droplets). Nozzles should be adjusted to provide complete coverage of the row.</p> <p>Vine spreaders may be used in combination with flat fan nozzles for banding. The two pounds per acre rate needs to be used in the band.</p> <p>Applications may also be made by chemigation.</p>	<p><b>Sclerotinia Blight</b> (<i>Sclerotinia minor</i>)</p>	2.0	40 Minimum	<p>Make the initial application when conditions first become favorable for disease development. Up to two subsequent applications should be made at 14 to 21 day intervals.</p> <p>For best results apply using a preventative program.</p>	<p>A maximum of 3 applications or 6 lbs of product can be applied per season with the last application being at least 2.0 lbs per Acre.</p> <p>Do not apply within 10 days of harvest (PHI = 10 days).</p> <p>Do not apply by air.</p> <p>Do not feed peanut hay to livestock.</p> <p>* Not currently registered for use in California.</p>

**RICE\***

HOW TO USE	DISEASE	DOSAGE RATE		WHEN TO APPLY	USE RESTRICTIONS
		LBS. PER ACRE	GALS. WATER PER ACRE		
<p>Apply as a broadcast spray using aerial equipment.</p> <p>** ROVRAL® will suppress or give partial control of this disease.</p>	<p><b>Sheath blight</b> (<i>Rhizoctonia solani</i>)</p> <p><b>Brown Spot</b> (<i>Bipolaris oryzae</i>)</p> <p><b>Sheath Spot</b> (<i>Rhizoctonia oryzae</i>)</p> <p>** Narrow Brown Leaf spot (<i>Cercospora oryzae</i>)</p>	1.0	10 Minimum	<p>The first foliar application should be made between joint movement and booting. If favorable disease conditions continue a second application can be applied 14 days after the first application, but no later than 75% heading.</p>	<p>Maximum of 2 applications can be made per season.</p> <p>* Not currently registered for use in California.</p>

Do not apply in areas where catfish and crayfish are commercially cultivated.

**ENDANGERED SPECIES RESTRICTIONS IN THE STATE OF ARKANSAS**

The use of Iprodione on rice is restricted to protect the endangered fat pocketbook pearly mussel (*Potamitis capax*) and its habitat. Use is prohibited in the following areas of Arkansas.

**Mississippi County:** Within the basin that drains directly into the Right Hand Chute of Little River, south of Big Lake National Wildlife Refuge.

**Poinsett County:** Between Crowley's Ridge and the levee east of the Right Hand Chute of Little River and the St. Francis Floodway. Use is also prohibited west of Rt. 140 and north of Rt. 63 at the SIPHON near Marked Tree. Except that the prohibited area does not include the area bounded by Arkansas Highway 373 on the west, Highway 63 on the east and Highway 14 on the south.

**Cross, St. Francis, and Lee Counties:** Between Crowley's Ridge and the levee east of the Right Hand Chute of Little River and the St. Francis Floodway as far south as the confluence of L'Anquille River (Lee County).



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## STONE FRUIT

Apricots, Cherries, Nectarines, Peaches, Plums, and Prunes

HOW TO USE	DISEASE	DOSAGE RATE		WHEN TO APPLY	USE RESTRICTIONS
		LBS. PER ACRE	GALLONS WATER PER ACRE		
ROVRAL® should be used as an integral part of a complete disease control program.  Apply as a foliar spray in sufficient water to obtain thorough coverage of blossoms, foliage, and/or fruit.	<b>Brown Rot Blossom Blight</b> ( <i>Monilinia spp.</i> )	1.0 - 2.0	20 - 400 (ground)  15 Minimum (air)	Apply ROVRAL® when bud tissue is susceptible to disease (i.e. Pink, Red or White bud). If conditions favorable for disease development persist or recur apply again at full bloom and at petal fall.	Do not make more than 4 applications of this product per season.  Preharvest applications may be made up to 7 days before harvest (PHI=7 days).
Under severe disease conditions, the higher rate and shorter spray interval is recommended.	<b>Fruit Brown Rot</b> ( <i>Monilinia spp.</i> )	1.0 - 2.0	20 - 400 (ground)  15 Minimum (air)	An application should be made whenever temperatures and moisture conditions favor disease infection in the 5-week period prior to harvest. If these conditions persist or recur, additional applications should be made. Applications can be made on a 7-14 day interval following the first preharvest application if needed.	
	<b>Shot Hole</b> ( <i>Stigmia carpophila</i> )  <b>Scab</b> ( <i>Ventura carpophila</i> )	1.0 - 2.0	20 - 400 (ground)  15 Minimum (air)	At least one of the blossom sprays should be applied at shuck-split. If only one blossom spray is applied, a second foliar spray may be made 14 days after the shuck-split application, followed by 2-3 preharvest sprays starting 5 weeks before harvest on a 7-14 day interval.  <b>Mid-season cover sprays with another registered fungicide should not be eliminated.</b>	
The use of aerial application after petal fall may result in reduced control due to lack of canopy penetration and coverage.	<b>Cherry Leaf Spot</b> ( <i>Blumeriella jaapii</i> )	1.0 - 2.0	20 - 400 (ground)  15 Minimum (air)	Follow the Brown Rot Blossom Blight and Fruit Rot spray program. At least one foliar spray should be made between petal fall and shuck split, with an additional foliar spray applied 14 days after harvest.	

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**GINSENG\***

HOW TO USE	DISEASE	DOSAGE RATE		WHEN TO APPLY	USE RESTRICTIONS
		LBS. PER ACRE	GALS. WATER PER ACRE		
<p>ROVRAL® should be used as part of a complete spray program.</p> <p>Apply as a foliar spray in sufficient water to obtain thorough coverage using ground equipment.</p> <p><b>Alternating Program:</b> Use as an alternating treatment on a 14 day interval with another fungicide registered for control of Alternaria Blight.</p> <p><b>Tank Mix Program:</b> Apply as a tank mix with another fungicide registered for control of Alternaria Blight.</p>	<p><b>Alternaria Blight</b> (<i>Alternaria panax</i>)</p>	1.5 - 2.0	10 Minimum	Make the first application when conditions become favorable for disease development. Continue applications on a 14 day interval if using the alternating spray program.	<p>Do not make more than 5 applications per season.</p> <p>Do not apply within 36 days of harvest (PHI = 36 days).</p>
<p><b>Tank Mix Program:</b> Apply as a tank mix with another fungicide registered for control of Alternaria Blight.</p>	<p><b>Alternaria Blight</b> (<i>Alternaria panax</i>)</p>	1.0 - 1.5	10 Minimum	Make the first application when conditions become favorable for disease development. Continue on a 7 to 10 day interval.	<p>Do not use more than 10 lbs product per season.</p> <p>Do not apply within 36 days of harvest (PHI = 36 days).</p>

\* Not currently registered for use in California.

**SMALL FRUIT**

**BERRIES**

Caneberry: Blackberry; loganberry; red and black raspberry; cultivars and/or hybrids of these  
 Bushberry: Blueberry, highbush and lowbush; currant; elderberry; gooseberry; huckleberry.

HOW TO USE	DISEASE	DOSAGE RATE		WHEN TO APPLY	USE RESTRICTIONS
		LBS. PER ACRE	GALS. WATER PER ACRE		
<p>Apply as a foliar spray with ground equipment in sufficient water to obtain thorough coverage of blossoms and fruit.</p> <p>Under severe disease conditions, the higher rate is recommended.</p>	<p><b>Botrytis Fruit Rot</b> (<i>Botrytis cinerea</i>)</p>	1.0 - 2.0	100 Minimum	Make the first application at early bloom (5 to 10% bloom) and again at full bloom. Two additional applications can be applied at 14 day intervals or as required.	<p>Do not make more than 4 applications per season.</p> <p>The final application can be made up to and including the day of harvest (PHI = 0 day).</p>

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## GRAPES

HOW TO USE	DISEASE	DOSAGE RATE		WHEN TO APPLY	USE RESTRICTIONS	
		LBS. PER ACRE	GALS. WATER PER ACRE			
<p>Apply as a foliar spray in sufficient water to obtain thorough coverage. The application equipment should be calibrated and adjusted to direct the spray at the bunches to insure thorough coverage.</p> <p>Application may be made by chemigation except in the state of New York.</p> <p>Under severe disease conditions, the higher rate is recommended.</p> <p>This product must be used in conjunction with good cultural practices designed to minimize conditions conducive for Bunch Rot development.</p> <p><b>Thorough coverage of the bunches is essential.</b></p>	<p><b>Bunch Rot</b> (<i>Botrytis cinerea</i>)</p>		<p>50 Minimum</p>	<p>The table below is only recommended as a general guideline. Applications should be based on local disease and growing conditions. Contact your local extension agent for regional recommendations.</p> <p style="text-align: center;"><b>Spray Schedule Table</b></p>	<p>Do not make more than 4 applications per season. <u>The final application may be made up to 7 days before harvest (PHI=7 days).</u></p>	
		1.0-2.0				1) Early to mid-bloom
		1.5-2.0				2) Prior to bunch closing
		1.5-2.0				3) Beginning of fruit ripening (veraison)
		1.5-2.0				4) Final application prior to harvest as needed.





# CARROTS

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HOW TO USE	DISEASE	DOSAGE RATE		WHEN TO APPLY	USE RESTRICTIONS
		LBS. PER ACRE	GALS. WATER PER ACRE		
<p>Apply as a foliar spray in sufficient water to obtain thorough coverage.</p> <p>May be applied by ground, chemigation, or aerial equipment.</p> <p>The higher rate and/or shorter spray interval should be used under severe disease conditions.</p>	<p><b>Alternaria Blight</b> (<i>Alternaria dauci</i>)</p> <p><b>Black Crown Rot</b> (<i>Alternaria radicina</i>)</p>	1.0 - 2.0	10 Minimum	<p>Make the first application as conditions become favorable for disease development. Continue applications on a 7 to 14 day interval as long as conditions favor disease development.</p>	<p>Do not make more than 4 applications of this product per season.</p> <p>This product can be applied up to the day of harvest (PHI = 0 days).</p>
<p><b>Tank Mix Program</b></p> <p>Apply as a tank mix with another fungicide registered for control of Alternaria on carrots.</p>	<p><b>Alternaria Blight</b> (<i>Alternaria dauci</i>)</p> <p><b>Black Crown Rot</b> (<i>Alternaria radicina</i>)</p>	1.0	10 Minimum	<p>Make the first application as conditions become favorable for disease development. Continue applications on a 7 to 10 day interval as long as conditions favor disease development.</p>	<p>Do not make more than 10 applications per season.</p> <p>This product can be applied up to the day of harvest (PHI = 0 days).</p>

## CHINESE MUSTARD (For Use In Florida Only)

HOW TO USE	DISEASE	DOSAGE RATE		WHEN TO APPLY	USE RESTRICTIONS
		LBS. PER ACRE	GALS. WATER PER ACRE		
<p>Apply as a foliar spray in sufficient water to obtain thorough coverage.</p>	<p><b>Alternaria Leaf Spot</b> (<i>Alternaria spp.</i>)</p>	1.0	50 Minimum	<p>Make the first application as conditions become favorable for disease development. Continue applications on a 10-14 day interval as long as conditions favor disease development.</p>	<p>Do not make more than 4 applications of this product per season.</p> <p>Do not apply within 10 days of harvest. (PHI = 10 days).</p>



# LETTUCE (head & leaf types)

B/L

HOW TO USE	DISEASE	DOSAGE RATE		WHEN TO APPLY	USE RESTRICTIONS
		LBS. PER ACRE	GALS. WATER PER ACRE		
<p>Apply as a foliar spray in sufficient water to obtain thorough coverage.</p> <p>Ground applications should be made with a tractor mounted boom sprayer equipped with three nozzles per seed line (one centered over the row and one on each side of the row) with two nozzles directed to ensure thorough coverage of the lower portion of the plants and the surrounding soil surface.</p> <p>Under severe disease conditions the higher rates should be used.</p> <p>* When applying in a band do not reduce the acre rate.</p> <p>Applications may also be made by air** or chemigation.</p>	<p><b>Lettuce Drop</b> (<i>Sclerotinia spp.</i>)</p> <p><b>Bottom Rot</b> (<i>Rhizoctonia solani</i>)</p>	<p>1.5 - 2.0*</p>	<p>40 Minimum</p>	<p>Apply from the 3 leaf stage to just after thinning and again 10 days later. If conditions still favor disease development, a third application should be made 10 days after the second spray.</p>	<p>Do Not make more than 3 applications to each crop.</p> <p>Do Not apply within 14 days of harvest (PHI=14 days).</p> <p>Do Not cultivate after application. If necessary, make an application during or immediately after cultivation.</p> <p>Do Not drench.</p> <p>** Aerial application can only be used for the first spray (3-leaf to thinning).</p>

# POTATOES

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HOW TO USE	DISEASE	DOSAGE RATE		WHEN TO APPLY	USE RESTRICTIONS
		LBS. PER ACRE	GALS. WATER PER ACRE		
<p>Apply with a boom sprayer with a single or multiple nozzles adjusted to provide thorough coverage of the foliage particularly the older leaves.</p> <p>Under severe disease conditions the higher rate should be used for Early Blight.</p> <p>Application can also be made by chemigation or by air.</p> <p>When applying by sprinkler irrigation, deliver between 0.1 to 0.4 inches of water per acre.</p>	<p><b>Early Blight</b> (<i>Alternaria solani</i>)</p>	<p>1.0 - 2.0</p>	<p>10 Minimum</p>	<p>Begin applications when conditions first become favorable for disease development. Up to 3 subsequent applications can be applied at 10-14 day intervals or as required.</p>	<p>A maximum of 4 total applications can be made per season.</p> <p>Do not apply within 14 days of harvest. (PHI = 14 days).</p> <p>Do not irrigate for 24 hours after application.</p> <p>Do not apply by air for White Mold control except in California.</p>
<p>Apply with a boom sprayer using a single or multiple nozzles adjusted to provide thorough coverage of the lower stems and branches and the soil surface surrounding the plants or by chemigation.</p> <p>Thorough coverage is essential for control</p>	<p><b>White Mold</b> (<i>Sclerotinia sclerotiorum</i>)</p>	<p>2.0</p>	<p>10 Minimum</p>	<p>Apply just prior to row closing, or at early first sign of disease, and repeat on a 14-21 day interval, if favorable conditions for disease development continues.</p>	

## DIRECTIONS FOR USE THROUGH SPRINKLER IRRIGATION SYSTEMS

Apply this product only through sprinkler irrigation systems including microjet, solid set, wheel lines and center pivot. Do not apply this product through any other type of irrigation system.

**SPRAY PREPARATION:** Remove scale, pesticide residues, and other foreign matter from the chemical tank and entire injector system. Flush with clean water.

**APPLICATION INSTRUCTIONS:** First prepare a suspension of ROVRAL® Brand Fungicide in a mix tank. Fill tank with 1/2 to 3/4 the desired amount of water. Start mechanical or hydraulic agitation. Add the required amount of ROVRAL® Brand Fungicide, and then the remaining volume of water. (Suspension concentrations using the appropriate dosage per acre recommended on this label of ROVRAL® Brand Fungicide per 1 to 4 gallons of water are recommended). The spray solution should be buffered to a pH of 5.0-7.0. Then set sprinkler to deliver 0.1 to 0.4 inch of water per acre. Start sprinkler and uniformly inject the suspension of ROVRAL® Brand Fungicide into the irrigation water line so as to deliver the desired rate per acre. The suspension of ROVRAL® Brand Fungicide should be injected with a positive displacement pump into the main line ahead of a right angle turn to insure adequate mixing. If you should have any other questions about calibration, you should contact State Extension Service specialists, equipment manufacturers or other experts.

**NOTE:** When treatment with ROVRAL® Brand Fungicide has been completed, further field irrigation over the treated area should be avoided for 24 hours to prevent washing the chemical off the crop.

## GENERAL PRECAUTIONS FOR APPLICATIONS THROUGH SPRINKLER IRRIGATION SYSTEMS

Maintain continuous agitation in mix tank during mixing and application to assure a uniform suspension. Greater accuracy in calibration and distribution will be achieved by injecting a larger volume of a more dilute solution per unit time. The system must contain a functional check valve, vacuum relief valve, and low pressure drain appropriately located on the irrigation pipeline to prevent water source contamination from backflow. The pesticide injection pipeline must contain a functional, automatic, quick-closing check valve to prevent the flow of fluid back toward the injection pump. The pesticide injection pipeline must also contain a functional, normally closed solenoid-operated valve located on the intake side of the injection pump and connected to the system interlock to prevent fluid from being withdrawn from the supply tank when the irrigation system is either automatically or manually shutdown. The system must contain functional interlocking controls to automatically shut off the pesticide injection pump when the water pump motor stops. The irrigation line or water pump must include a functional pressure switch which will stop the water pump motor when the water pressure

