



UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY  
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20460

APR - 7 2010

OFFICE OF  
PREVENTION, PESTICIDES AND  
TOXIC SUBSTANCES

Mr. Prasad Rao  
Bayer Cropscience  
2 T.W. Alexander Drive, PO Box 12014  
Research Triangle Park, NC 27709

Subject: Bronate Herbicide  
EPA Registration Number 264-438  
Submission dated January 26, 2010

Dear Mr. Rao:

The labeling referred to above, submitted in connection with registration under the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act as amended is acceptable, provided you make the following changes before you release the product for shipment.

1. Add an appropriate EPA Establishment Number to the label
2. Revise "cleaners" to "cleaners of equipment" in the PPE section
3. Add "It is recommended the respirator wearer be fit tested, and trained in the use, maintenance, and limitations of the respirator" after the statement "The respirator should have a NIOSH approval number prefix TC-84A" in the PPE section.
4. Add the statement "Use of this product in certain portions of California, Oregon, and Washington is subject to the January 22, 2004 Order for injunctive relief in Washington Toxics Coalition, et.al. v. EP, C01-0132C, (W.D. WA). For further information, please refer to <http://www.epa.gov/espp/litstatus/wtc/index.htm>" prior to the Agricultural Use Requirements box.
5. Revise the heading GENERAL INFORMATION to USE INFORMATION on page 4
6. Revise "It is strongly recommended that special care be taken..." to "Special care must be taken..." on page 4
7. Revise "recommended amount" to "specified amount" on page 5
8. Revise "should" to "must" in the subsections Sensitive Areas, Application Height, Wind, and Temperature Inversions on page 7. Also revise "Where states have more stringent regulations, they should be observed" to "Where states have more stringent regulations, they must be observed."
9. Remove "GENERAL" from the heading "GENERAL WEED LIST" on page 8 and 12
10. Remove "AND PRECAUTIONS" from the subheading "RESTRICTIONS AND PRECAUTIONS" for the Grasses Grown for Seed or Sod Production section

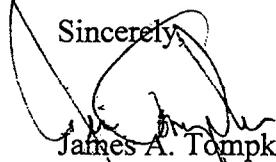
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EPA Registration Number 264-438

Submit one (1) copy of final printed labeling incorporating the above changes before you release the product for shipment. Amended labeling will supercede all previously accepted ones.

A stamped copy of labeling is enclosed for your records. If you have any questions, please contact Hope Johnson at 703-305-5410.

Sincerely,



James A. Tompkins  
Product Manager 25  
Herbicide Branch  
Registration Division (7505P)

3/16

# BRONATE® HERBICIDE

FOR CONTROL OF CERTAIN BROADLEAF WEEDS IN SMALL GRAINS (WHEAT, BARLEY, OATS AND RYE), CONSERVATIVE RESERVE PROGRAM (CRP) AREA, GRASSES GROWN FOR SEED OR SOD PRODUCTION AND FLAX

ACTIVE INGREDIENT: Octanoic acid ester of bromoxynil\* (3,5-dibromo-4-hydroxybenzotrile).....**31.7%**  
Isooctyl ester of 2-methyl-chlorophenoxyacetic acid\*\* .....**34.0%**

INERT INGREDIENTS: .....**34.3%**

Contains petroleum distillates.

\*Bromoxynil octanoate equivalent to 21.8% of bromoxynil or not less than 2.0 pounds of bromoxynil per gallon.

\*\*Equivalent to 21.8% 2-methyl-chlorophenoxyacetic acid or not less than 2.0 pounds MCPA acid per gallon.

E.P.A. Reg. No. 264-438

E.P.A. Est. No.

ACCEPTED  
with COMMENTS  
in EPA Letter Dated

## KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN AVISO WARNING

APR -7 2010

Si usted no entiende la etiqueta, busque a alguien para que se la explique a usted en detalle.  
(If you do not understand the label, find someone to explain it to you in detail.)

Under the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act as amended, for the pesticide registered under EPA Reg. No

For MEDICAL And TRANSPORTATION Emergencies ONLY Call 24 Hours A Day 1-800-334-7577

For PRODUCT USE Information Call 1-888-BAYER (1-888-283-6847)

264-438

### FIRST AID

IF SWALLOWED:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Immediately call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.</li> <li>• Do not induce vomiting unless told to by a poison control center or doctor.</li> <li>• Do not give any liquids to the person.</li> <li>• Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person</li> </ul>
IF ON SKIN OR CLOTHING:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Take off contaminated clothing.</li> <li>• Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15-20 minutes.</li> <li>• Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.</li> </ul>
IF IN EYES:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15-20 minutes.</li> <li>• Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing.</li> <li>• Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.</li> </ul>
IF INHALED:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Move person to fresh air.</li> <li>• If person is not breathing, call 911 or an ambulance, then give artificial respiration, preferably mouth-to-mouth if possible.</li> <li>• Call a poison control center or doctor for further treatment advice.</li> </ul>

For MEDICAL Emergencies Call 24 Hours A Day 1-800-334-7577.

Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor or going for treatment.

NOTE TO PHYSICIAN: Contains petroleum distillate – vomiting may cause aspiration pneumonia.

### PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS

#### WARNING

#### HAZARDS TO HUMANS AND DOMESTIC ANIMALS

May be fatal if swallowed. Harmful if absorbed through skin or inhaled. Causes moderate eye irritation. Avoid contact with skin, eyes, or clothing. Avoid breathing spray mist. Prolonged or frequently repeated skin contact may cause allergic reactions in some individuals.

#### PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT (PPE)

Some materials that are chemical-resistant to this product are barrier laminate, butyl rubber, nitrile rubber, or viton. If you want more options, follow the instructions for category F on an EPA chemical-resistance category selection chart.

**Applicators, flaggers and other handlers must wear:** Long-sleeved shirt and long pants, shoes plus socks, and chemical resistant gloves.

**In addition to the above mixers, loaders, and cleaners must wear:** A chemical resistant apron.

Mixers and loaders supporting aerial application must also wear a NIOSH approved particulate filtering respirator equipped with N, R, or P class filter media. The respirator should have a NIOSH approval number prefix TC-84A. See engineering controls for additional requirements.

Discard clothing and other absorbent materials that have been drenched or heavily contaminated with this product's concentrate. Do not reuse them. Follow manufacturer's instructions for cleaning/maintaining PPE. If no such instructions for washables exist, use detergent and hot water. Keep and wash PPE separately from other laundry.

If you will handle a total of 60 gallons or more of this product per day, you must use a mechanical transfer system for all mixing and loading operations. If this product is packaged in a 30 gallon drum, you must use a mechanical transfer system which terminates in a drip-free hard coupling which may be used only with a spray or mix tank which has been fitted with a compatible coupling. If you do not presently own or have access to a mechanical transfer system with this type of coupling, contact your dealer for information on how to obtain such a system or to modify your present system. When using a mechanical transfer system, do not remove or disconnect the pump or probe from the container until the container has been emptied and rinsed. The pump or probe system must be used to rinse the empty container and to transfer the rinsate directly to the mixing or spray tank.

Application from a tractor with a completely enclosed cab or aerial application is required whenever this product is applied to 360 or more acres in a day.

**Engineering Controls:** Pilots must use an enclosed cockpit that meets the requirements listed in the WPS for agricultural pesticides [40 CFR 170.240 (d)(6)]. The handler PPE requirements may be reduced or modified as specified in the WPS.

To reduce exposure to residues, wash the spray rig, tractor, and all other equipment used to handle or apply this product with water daily or before using the equipment for any other purpose.

**APPLICATION BY CHEMIGATION** must be done by fixed pipe, overhead sprinkler systems or hand moved pipe. If hand moved pipe is used for chemigation, the pipe must not be handled in any way until 24 hours after chemigation has been completed and residues have been flushed from the system. When applying by chemigation, no person may enter the application site unless in an enclosed vehicle.

**AERIAL APPLICATION:** Aerial application is prohibited within 300 feet of residential areas (e.g., homes, schools, playgrounds, shopping areas, hospitals, etc.)

Do not apply with backpack or hand-held application equipment.

Apply to non-residential turf only. Do not apply to residential, playground, or schoolyard turf.

### User Safety Recommendations

Users should wash hands before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco or using the toilet.

Users should remove clothing/PPE immediately if pesticide gets inside. Then wash thoroughly and put on clean clothing.

Users should remove PPE immediately after handling this product. Wash the outside of gloves before removing. As soon as possible, wash thoroughly and change into clean clothing.

### ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS

Do not apply directly to water, or to areas where surface water is present or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark. Do not contaminate water when disposing of equipment washwater or rinsate. Drift and runoff may be hazardous to aquatic organisms in water adjacent to treated areas. Runoff of this product will be reduced by avoiding applications when rainfall is forecasted to occur within 48 hours. This chemical has properties and characteristics associated with chemicals detected in groundwater. The use of this chemical in areas where soils are permeable, particularly where the water table is shallow, may result in groundwater contamination. This pesticide is toxic to wildlife and fish, may be toxic to aquatic invertebrates and aquatic plants.

Do not discharge effluent containing this product into lakes, streams, ponds, estuaries, oceans, or other waters unless in accordance with the requirements of a National Pollution Discharge Elimination System (NPDES) permit and the permitting authority has been notified in writing prior to discharge. Do not discharge effluent containing this product to sewer systems without previously notifying the local sewage treatment plant authority. For guidance contact your State Water Board or Regional Office of the EPA

### PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL HAZARDS

Combustible. Do not use or store near heat or open flame.

### CAUTION

BRONATE® Herbicide contains low volatile isooctyl ester of MCPA. At high air or ground surface temperatures, vapors from this product may cause injury to susceptible plants. This fact should be considered when applying BRONATE®.

## DIRECTIONS FOR USE

It is a violation of Federal Law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.  
Read entire label before using this product.

Do not apply this product in a way that will contact workers or other persons, or pets either directly or through drift. Keep people and pets out of the area during application. Only protected handlers may be in the area during application. For any requirements specific to your State or Tribe, consult the agency responsible for pesticide regulation.

### AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS

Use this product only in accordance with its labeling and with the Worker Protection Standard, 40 CFR part 170. This standard contains requirements for the protection of agricultural workers on farms, forests, nurseries, and greenhouses, and handlers of agricultural pesticides. It contains requirements for training, decontamination, notification, and emergency assistance. It also contains specific instructions and exceptions pertaining to the statements on this label about personal protective equipment (PPE) and restricted-entry intervals. The requirements in this box only apply to uses of this product that are covered by the Worker Protection Standard.

Do not enter or allow worker entry into treated crops during the restricted entry interval (REI). For all crops except turf, the REI is 24 hours. The REI for harvesting sod farm turf is 12 days. The REI for other turf activities is 24 hours. For uses on turf grown for transplanting (e.g. on sod farms), notify workers of the application by warning them orally and by posting warning signs at entrances to treated areas.

PPE required for early entry to treated areas that is permitted under the Worker Protection Standard and that involves contact with anything that has been treated, such as plants, soil, or water, is: coveralls, shoes plus socks, chemical resistant gloves made of any waterproof material and protective eyewear.

### NON-AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS

The requirements in this box apply to the use of this product on non-residential turfgrass areas that are NOT within the scope of the Worker Protection Standard (WPS) for agricultural pesticides (40 CFR Part 170). The WPS applies when this product is used to produce agricultural plants on farms, forests, nurseries or greenhouses.

Do not enter or allow others to enter the treated area until sprays have dried.

### STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Do not contaminate water, food or feed by storage or disposal.

#### PESTICIDE STORAGE

Store at temperatures above 3° F. If allowed to freeze, remix before using.

#### PESTICIDE DISPOSAL

Wastes resulting from the use of this product may be disposed of on site or at an approved waste disposal facility.

#### CONTAINER DISPOSAL

#### **Rigid, Non-refillable containers small enough to shake (i.e., with capacities equal to or less than 5 gallons)**

Non-refillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container. Offer for recycling, if available. Triple rinse or pressure rinse container (or equivalent) promptly after emptying. Triple rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank and drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Fill the container 1/4 full with water and recap. Shake for 10 seconds. Pour rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Repeat this procedure two more times.

Once container is rinsed, offer for recycling if available or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill or if allowed by State and local authorities by burning. If burned stay out of smoke.

#### **Rigid Non-refillable containers that are too large to shake (i.e., with capacities greater than 5 gallons or 50 lbs)**

#### **Non-refillable Containers**

Non-refillable containers - Do not reuse or refill this container. Refer to Bottom Discharge IBC or Top Discharge IBC, Drums, Kegs information as follows.

Bottom Discharge IBC (e.g. - Schuetz Caged IBC or Snyder Square Stackable)

Pressure rinsing the container before final disposal is the responsibility of the person disposing of the container. To pressure rinse the container before final disposal, empty the remaining contents from the IBC into application equipment or mix tank. Raise the bottom of the IBC by 1.5 inches on the side which is opposite of the bottom discharge valve to promote more complete product removal.

Completely remove the top lid of the IBC. Use water pressurized to at least 40 PSI to rinse all interior portions. Continuously pump or drain rinsate into application equipment or rinsate collection system while pressure rinsing. Continue pressure rinsing for 2 minutes or until rinsate becomes clear. Replace the lid and close bottom valve.

Top Discharge IBC, Drums, Kegs (e.g.— Snyder 120 Next Gen, Bonar B120, Drums, Kegs).

Triple rinsing the container before final disposal is the responsibility of the person disposing of the container. To triple rinse the container before final disposal, empty the remaining contents from this container into application equipment or mix tank. Fill the container at least 10 percent full with water. Agitate vigorously or recirculate water with the pump for 2 minutes. Rinse all interior surfaces. Pour or pump rinsate into application equipment or rinsate collection system. Repeat this procedure two more times.

Once container is rinsed, offer for recycling if available or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill.

**Refillable Containers**

Refillable container – Refer to Bottom Discharge IBC or Top Discharge IBC, Drums, Kegs information as follows. Refill this container with pesticide only. Do not reuse this container for any other purpose. Contact your Ag retailer or Bayer CropScience for container return, disposal and recycling information.

Bottom Discharge IBC (e.g. – Schuetz Caged IBC or Snyder Square Stackable)

Pressure rinsing the container before final disposal is the responsibility of the person disposing of the container. Cleaning before refilling is the responsibility of the refiller. To pressure rinse the container before final disposal, empty the remaining contents from the IBC into application equipment or mix tank. Raise the bottom of the IBC by 1.5 inches on the side which is opposite of the bottom discharge valve to promote more complete product removal. Completely remove the top lid of the IBC. Use water pressurized to at least 40 PSI to rinse all interior portions. Continuously pump or drain rinsate into application equipment or rinsate collection system while pressure rinsing. Continue pressure rinsing for 2 minutes or until rinsate becomes clear. Replace the lid and close bottom valve.

Top Discharge IBC, Drums, Kegs (e.g.— Snyder 120 Next Gen, Bonar B120, Drums, Kegs).

Triple rinsing the container before final disposal is the responsibility of the person disposing of the container. Cleaning before refilling is the responsibility of the refiller. To triple rinse the containers before final disposal, empty the remaining contents from this container into application equipment or mix tank. Fill the container at least 10 percent full with water. Agitate vigorously or recirculate water with the pump for 2 minutes. Rinse all interior surfaces. Pour or pump rinsate into application equipment or rinsate collection system. Repeat this procedure two more times.

Once container is rinsed, offer for recycling if available or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill.

**Refillable Containers**

End users are authorized to remove tamper evident cables as required to remove the product from the container unless the container is equipped with one way valves and refilling or returning is planned. If this is the case, end users are not authorized to remove tamper evident cables, one way valves or clean container. See Container Disposal instructions under Storage and Disposal.

**GENERAL INFORMATION**

BRONATE® is formulated as an emulsifiable concentrate containing the equivalent of 2 lbs. per gallon of octanoic acid ester of bromoxynil and 2 pounds per gallon of isooctyl ester of MCPA.

BRONATE® is a selective postemergence herbicide for control of important broadleaf weeds infesting wheat, barley, oats and rye, conservative reserve program areas, and grass grown for seed or sod production. Optimum weed control is obtained when BRONATE® is applied to actively growing weed seedlings. BRONATE® is primarily a contact herbicide, therefore thorough coverage of the weed seedlings is essential for optimum control.

BRONATE® has little residual activity. Therefore subsequent flushes of weeds will not be controlled by the initial treatment. Generally crops that form a good canopy will help shade subsequent weed flushes. However, certain crops or short-straw varieties, for example Yaccora Rojo wheat, may not develop the crop canopy fast enough to shade the subsequent flushes of weeds.

Occasional transitory leaf burn may occur. The temporary leaf burn is similar to that seen with liquid fertilizer. Because the activity of BRONATE® is mainly contact, recovery of the crop is generally rapid with no lasting effect. Frequency and amount of leaf burn may be greater when crops are stressed by abrasive winds, cool to cold evening temperatures or mechanical injury, such as that caused by hail, sleet or insect feeding. To reduce the potential for temporary leaf burn, applications should be made to dry foliage in the recommended spray volumes per acre when weather conditions are not extreme.

**MIXING, LOADING AND HANDLING INSTRUCTIONS**

**2.5 Gallon Containers**

It is strongly recommended that special care be taken in mixing and loading this product. Hands should be placed on the container in such a way as to avoid possible drip or splash. Correct procedures for mixing and loading are provided in Bayer CropScience's Educational Program.

**30 Gallon and Bulk Containers**

If you will handle a total of 60 gallons or more of this product per day, you must use a mechanical transfer system for all mixing and loading operations. If this product is packaged in a 30 gallon drum, you must use a mechanical transfer system which terminates in a drip-free hard coupling which may be used only with a spray or mix tank which has been fitted with a compatible coupling. If you do not presently own or have access to a mechanical transfer system with this type of coupling, contact your dealer for information on how to obtain such a system or to modify your present system. When using a mechanical transfer system, do not remove or disconnect the pump or probe from the container until the container has been emptied and rinsed. The pump or probe system must be used to rinse

the empty container and to transfer the rinsate directly to the mixing or spray tank.

**BRONATE® ALONE:** Fill the spray tank 1/2 to 3/4 full with clean water. Begin agitation and add the recommended amount of BRONATE®. Add water to the spray tank to the desired level. Maintain sufficient agitation to ensure a uniform spray mixture during application.

**TANK MIXTURES:** BRONATE® may be tank-mixed with other pesticide products provided that these other products are registered for use on the crop/use site to be treated. The tank mix must be used in accordance with the more restrictive pesticide label limitations and precautions. No label dosage rates may be exceeded. Bronate cannot be mixed with any product containing a label prohibition against such mixing.

BRONATE® can be applied in tank mixture with many other herbicides and insecticides registered for use on approved crops. Refer to the specific crop section for rate and other restrictions. To apply BRONATE® in mixture with another product, fill the spray tank 1/2 to 3/4 full with clean water and begin agitation. If tank mixing with wettable powder, soluble powder, flowable or dry flowable products, add the powder or flowable product first. After the other herbicide is thoroughly mixed with water add the recommended amount of BRONATE® and add water to the spray tank to the desired level. If tank mixing with other product types, add the BRONATE® first before adding the other product. Always mix one product in water thoroughly before adding another product or compatibility problems may occur. Never mix two products together without first mixing in water.

Maintain sufficient agitation while mixing and during application to ensure a uniform spray mixture. If spray mixture is allowed to remain without agitation for short periods of time, be sure to agitate until uniformly mixed before application.

If tank mixing with products other than those listed within each crop section, a compatibility test is recommended to ensure satisfactory spray preparation. To test for compatibility, use a small container and mix a small amount (0.5 to 1 quart) of spray, combining all ingredients in the same ratio as the anticipated use. If any indications of physical incompatibility develop, do not use this mixture for spraying. Indications of incompatibility usually will appear within 5 to 15 minutes after mixing. To ensure maximum crop safety and weed control, follow all cautions and limitations on this label and the labels of products used in the tank mixture with BRONATE®.

**SPRAYABLE LIQUID FERTILIZERS AND SPRAY ADDITIVES**

BRONATE® can be applied in combination with sprayable liquid fertilizer or spray additives such as surfactants or crop oil concentrate. When tank mixing with liquid fertilizer always add the fertilizer to the spray tank first and agitate thoroughly before adding BRONATE®. Always predetermine the compatibility with liquid fertilizer by mixing small proportional quantities in advance. Agitation must be maintained during filling and application operations to ensure that BRONATE® is evenly mixed with the fertilizer. Leaf burn may occur when BRONATE® is applied with liquid fertilizer, but new leaves are not adversely affected.

**CAUTION:** Fertilizers and spray additives can increase foliage leaf burn when applied with BRONATE®. Do not apply fertilizers or spray additives with BRONATE® if leaf burn is a major concern due to environmental conditions, crop or variety sensitivity to BRONATE®.

**APPLICATION PROCEDURES**

BRONATE® can be applied to registered use areas by ground, aerial and sprinkler irrigation equipment.

**GROUND APPLICATION**

Use a standard herbicide boom sprayer that provides uniform and accurate application. Sprayer should be equipped with screens no finer than 50 mesh in the nozzle tips and in-line strainers.

Select a spray volume and delivery system that will ensure thorough and uniform spray coverage. For optimum spray distribution and thorough coverage use of flat fan nozzles (maximum tip size 8008) with a spray pressure of 40-60 psi are recommended. Other nozzle types and lower spray pressures that produce coarse spray droplets may not provide adequate coverage of the weeds to ensure optimum control. Raindrop® nozzles and flood nozzles are not recommended as weed control with BRONATE® may be reduced.

In general, a spray volume of 10 to 20 gallons per acre (GPA) is recommended for optimum spray coverage. A minimum of 5 GPA with a minimum spray pressure of 50 psi and a maximum ground speed of 10 mph may be used with higher speed, low volume ground application if ground terrain, crop and weed density allow effective spray distribution. When using higher speed equipment, a maximum ground speed of 10 mph is suggested if field conditions cause excessive boom movement during application which results in poor spray coverage. Ground applications made when dry, dusty field conditions exist may provide reduced weed control in wheel track areas. Applications using less than 10 gallons per acre may result in reduced weed control.

When weed infestations are heavy, use of higher spray volumes and spray pressure will be helpful in obtaining uniform weed coverage. When corn or grain sorghum are large enough to interfere with the spray pattern, drop nozzles should be used to obtain uniform weed coverage. If you are unsure of the infestation level or size of crop, consult your local extension service.

Do not apply when winds are gusty or when other conditions favor poor spray coverage and/or off target spray movement.

Do not apply with nozzle height greater than 4 feet above crop canopy.

**AERIAL APPLICATION**

Use orifice discs, cores and nozzle types and arrangements that will provide for optimum spray distribution and maximum coverage. In general a minimum spray volume of 5 GPA and a maximum pressure of 40 psi are recommended. A minimum spray volume of 3 gallons per acre may be used if crop canopy and weed density allow adequate spray coverage. Aerial applications using less than 5 gallons of spray volume per acre may result in reduced weed control.

Do not apply during inversion conditions, when winds are gusty or when other conditions favor poor spray coverage and/or off target spray movement. Off target spray movement can be minimized by increasing the spray volume per acre and not applying when winds exceed 10 mph.

### SPRINKLER IRRIGATION APPLICATION

BRONATE® Herbicide can be applied through sprinkler irrigation systems to wheat, barley, oats, rye and grasses grown for seed or sod production.

Apply BRONATE® Herbicide through sprinkler systems including center pivot, lateral move, side (wheel) roll, solid set or hand move irrigation systems only. If hand moved pipe is used for chemigation, the pipe must not be handled in any way until 24 hours after chemigation has been completed and residues have been flushed from the system. When applying by chemigation, no person may enter the application site unless in an enclosed vehicle. Do not apply this product through any other type of irrigation system.

### SPECIFIC REQUIREMENTS FOR APPLICATION THROUGH AUTOMATED SPRINKLER IRRIGATION SYSTEM

1. The system must contain a functional check valve, vacuum relief valve, and low pressure drain appropriately located on the irrigation pipeline to prevent water source contamination from backflow.
2. The pesticide injection pipeline must contain a functional, automatic, quick-closing check valve to prevent the flow of fluid back toward the injection pump.
3. The pesticide injection pipeline must also contain a functional, normally closed, solenoid-operated valve located on the intake side of the injection pump and connected to the system interlock to prevent fluid from being withdrawn from the supply tank when the irrigation system is either automatically or manually shut down.
4. The system must contain functional interlocking controls to automatically shut off the pesticide injection pump when the water pump motor stops.
5. The irrigation line or water pump must include a functional pressure switch which will stop the water pump motor when the water pressure decreases to the point where pesticide distribution is adversely affected.
6. Systems must use a metering pump, such as a positive displacement injection pump (e.g., diaphragm pump) effectively designed and constructed of materials that are compatible with pesticides and capable of being fitted with a system interlock.
7. Do not apply when wind speed favors drift beyond the area intended for treatment.
8. Agitation is recommended in the pesticide supply tank when applying the BRONATE® Herbicide.
9. BRONATE® Herbicide should be applied continuously for the duration of the water application with center pivot and continuous lateral move systems. Application of BRONATE® Herbicide should be made during the last 30-45 minutes of the irrigation set with other overhead sprinkler systems.
10. For best performance, set the sprinkler system to deliver approximately 0.5 inch or less of water per acre.
11. Remove scale, pesticide residues and other foreign matter from the supply tank and entire injector system. Flush with clean water.
12. If BRONATE® Herbicide is diluted in the supply tank, fill the tank with half of the water amount desired, add the BRONATE® and then add remaining water amount with agitation. Always dilute with at least 4 parts water to 1 part BRONATE®.
13. Start the sprinklers and then inject BRONATE® Herbicide into the irrigation line. BRONATE® should be injected with a positive displacement pump into the main line at least 8 feet ahead of a right angle turn to insure adequate mixing. Refer to the BRONATE® Herbicide label for detailed information on application rates and timings.

### CHEMIGATION USER PRECAUTIONS

Application of more than 0.5 inch/acre of irrigation water may result in decreased product performance on certain soils.

Do not apply when conditions favor drift, when system connections or fittings leak, or when nozzles do not provide uniform distribution.

Allow sufficient time for pesticide to be flushed through all the lines and nozzles before turning off irrigation water.

Crop injury, lack of effectiveness, or illegal pesticide residues in the crop can result from non-uniform distribution of treated water.

Do not connect an irrigation system used for pesticide application to a public water system.

If you have questions about calibration, you should contact State Extension Service specialists, equipment manufacturers or other experts.

A person knowledgeable of the chemigation system and responsible for its operations, or under the supervision of the responsible person, shall shut the system down and make necessary adjustments should the need arise.

## SPRAY DRIFT

**SENSITIVE AREAS:** The pesticide should only be applied when the potential for drift to adjacent sensitive areas (e.g., residential areas, bodies of water, known habitats for threatened or endangered species, non-target crops) is minimal (e.g., when wind is blowing away from the sensitive areas).

Avoiding spray drift at the application site is the responsibility of the applicator. The interaction of many equipment-and-weather-related factors determine the potential for spray drift. The applicator and the grower are responsible for considering all these factors when making decisions.

The following drift management requirements must be followed to avoid off-target drift movement from aerial applications to agricultural field crops. These requirements do not apply to forestry applications, public health uses or to applications using dry formulation.

1. The distance of the outer most nozzles on the boom must not exceed  $\frac{3}{4}$  the length of the wingspan or rotor.
2. Nozzles must always point backward parallel with the air stream and never be pointed downwards more than 45 degrees.

Where states have more stringent regulations, they should be observed. The applicator should be familiar with and take into account the information covered in the Aerial Drift Reduction Advisory Information.

**INFORMATION ON DROPLET SIZE:** (This section is advisory in nature and does not supersede the mandatory label requirements)

The most effective way to reduce drift potential is to apply large droplets. The best drift management strategy is to apply the largest droplets that provide sufficient coverage and control. Applying larger droplets reduces drift potential, but will not prevent drift if applications are made improperly, or under unfavorable environmental conditions (see Wind, Temperature and Humidity, and Temperature Inversions below).

**CONTROLLING DROPLET SIZE:** (This section is advisory in nature and does not supersede the mandatory label requirements)

- Volume - Use high flow rate nozzles to apply the highest practical spray volume. Nozzles with higher rated flows produce larger droplets.
- Pressure - Do not exceed the nozzle manufacturer's recommended pressures. For many nozzle types lower pressure produces larger droplets. When higher flow rates are needed, use higher flow rate nozzles instead of increasing pressure.
- Number of nozzles - Use the minimum number of nozzles that provide uniform coverage.
- Nozzle Orientation - Orienting nozzles so that the spray is released parallel to the airstream produces larger droplets than other orientations and is the recommended practice. Significant deflection from horizontal will reduce droplet size and increase drift potential.
- Nozzle Type - Use a nozzle type that is designed for the intended application. With most nozzle types, narrower spray angles produce larger droplets. Consider using low-drift nozzles. Solid stream nozzles oriented straight back produce the largest droplets and the lowest drift.

**BOOM LENGTH:** (This section is advisory in nature and does not supersede the mandatory label requirements)

For some use patterns, reducing the effective boom length to less than  $\frac{3}{4}$  of the wingspan or rotor length may further reduce drift without reducing swath width.

**APPLICATION HEIGHT:** (This section is advisory in nature and does not supersede the mandatory label requirements)

Applications should not be made at a height greater than 10 feet above the top of the largest plants unless a greater height is required for aircraft safety. Making applications at the lowest height that is safe reduces exposure of droplets to evaporation and wind.

**SWATH ADJUSTMENT:** (This section is advisory in nature and does not supersede the mandatory label requirements)

When applications are made with a crosswind, the swath will be displaced downwind. Therefore, on the up and downwind edges of the field, the applicator must compensate for this displacement by adjusting the path of the aircraft upwind. Swath adjustment distance should increase, with increasing drift potential (higher wind, smaller drops, etc.)

**WIND:** (This section is advisory in nature and does not supersede the mandatory label requirements)

Drift potential is lowest between wind speeds of 2 - 10 mph. However, many factors, including droplet size and equipment type determine drift potential at any given speed. Application should be avoided below 2 mph due to variable wind direction and high inversion potential. **NOTE:** Local terrain can influence wind patterns. Every applicator should be familiar with local wind patterns and how they affect spray drift.

**TEMPERATURE AND HUMIDITY:** (This section is advisory in nature and does not supersede the mandatory label requirements)

When making applications in low relative humidity, set up equipment to produce larger droplets to compensate for evaporation. Droplet evaporation is most severe when conditions are both hot and dry.

**TEMPERATURE INVERSIONS:** (This section is advisory in nature and does not supersede the mandatory label requirements)

Applications should not occur during a temperature inversion because drift potential is high. Temperature inversions restrict vertical air mixing, which causes small suspended droplets to remain in a concentrated cloud. This cloud can move in unpredictable directions due to the light variable winds common during inversions. Temperature inversions are characterized by increasing temperatures with altitude and are common on nights with limited cloud cover and light to no wind. They begin to form as the sun sets and often continue into the morning. Their presence can be indicated by ground fog; however, if fog is not present, inversions can also be identified by the movement of smoke from a ground source or an aircraft smoke generator. Smoke that layers and moves laterally in a concentrated cloud (under low wind conditions) indicates an inversion, while smoke that moves upward and rapidly dissipates indicates good vertical air mixing.

## GENERAL WEED LIST

Postemergence application of BRONATE® Herbicide will control the following weeds when sprayed in the seedling stage. Maximum weed stage of growth is listed under each specific crop section.

### MOST SUSCEPTIBLE BROADLEAF WEED SPECIES

Annual sowthistle	( <i>Sonchus oleraceus</i> )
Black mustard	( <i>Brassica nigra</i> )
Black nightshade	( <i>Solanum nigrum</i> )
Common cocklebur	( <i>Xanthium strumarium</i> )
Common lambsquarters	( <i>Chenopodium album</i> )
Common tarweed	( <i>Hemizonia congesta</i> )
Cow cockle	( <i>Saponaria vaccaria</i> )
Cutleaf nightshade	( <i>Solanum triflorum</i> )
Eastern black nightshade	( <i>Solanum ptycanthum</i> )
Coast fiddleneck	( <i>Amsinckia intermedia</i> )
Field pennycress	( <i>Thlaspi arvense</i> )
Green smartweed	( <i>Polygonum scabrum</i> )
Hairy nightshade	( <i>Solanum sarachoides</i> )
Horned Poppy	( <i>Glaucium corniculatum</i> )
Jimsonweed	( <i>Datura stramonium</i> )
Ladysthumb	( <i>Polygonum persicaria</i> )
Lanceleaf sage	( <i>Salvia reflexa</i> )
London rocket	( <i>Sisymbrium irio</i> )
Marshelder	( <i>Iva xanthifolia</i> )
Pennsylvania smartweed	( <i>Polygonum strumarium</i> )
Pepperweed spp.	( <i>Lepidium app.</i> )
Redroot pigweed	( <i>Amaranthus retroflexus</i> )
Russian thistle	( <i>Salsola kali</i> )
Shepherdspurse	( <i>Capsella bursa-pastoris</i> )
Silverleaf nightshade	( <i>Solanum elaeagnifolium</i> )
Smooth pigweed	( <i>Amaranthus hybridus</i> )
Spiny pigweed	( <i>Amaranthus spinosus</i> )
<sup>1</sup> Sunflower	( <i>Helianthus annuus</i> )
Tall Waterhemp	( <i>Amaranthus tuberculatus</i> )
Tartary buckwheat	( <i>Fagopyrum tataricum</i> )
Tumble mustard	( <i>Sisymbrium altissimum</i> )
Wild buckwheat	( <i>Polygonum convolvulus</i> )
Wild mustard	( <i>Sinapis arvensis</i> )
Yellow rocket	( <i>Barbarea vulgaris</i> )

<sup>1</sup>For control of sunflower, delay application until first sunflower seedlings emerging are 4 inches in height.

### SUSCEPTIBLE BROADLEAF WEED SPECIES

Blue (purple) mustard	( <i>Chlorispora tenella</i> )
Common groundsel	( <i>Senecio vulgaris</i> )
Common ragweed	( <i>Ambrosia artemisiifolia</i> )
Corn chamomile	( <i>Anthemis arvensis</i> )
Corn groomwell	( <i>Lithospermum arvense</i> )
Fumitory	( <i>Fumaria officinalis</i> )
Giant ragweed	( <i>Ambrosia trifida</i> )
Hemp sesbania	( <i>Sesbania exaltata</i> )
Henbit	( <i>Lamium amplexicaule</i> )
Ivyleaf morningglory	( <i>Ipomoea hederacea</i> )
Knawel	( <i>Scleranthus annuus</i> )
Kochia	( <i>Kochia scoparia</i> )
Mayweed	( <i>Anthemis cotula</i> )
Prostrate knotweed	( <i>Polygonum aviculare</i> )
Puncture vine	( <i>Tribulus terrestris</i> )
Tall morningglory	( <i>Ipomoea purpurea</i> )
Tansy mustard	( <i>Descurainia pinnata</i> )
Tarweed	( <i>Hemizonia spp.</i> )
Velvetleaf	( <i>Abutilon theophrasti</i> )
Wild radish	( <i>Raphanus raphanistrum</i> )

Weeds germinating after spraying will not be controlled.

### WEED SUPPRESSION

Canada Thistle	( <i>Cirsium arvense</i> )
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BRONATE® Herbicide applied at 1 1/2 pints per acre provides burn down of top growth. Regrowth may occur. Make applications when Canada thistle is 8 inches tall to the bud stage.

**WHEAT, BARLEY, OATS AND RYE**

		APPLICATION TIMING AND SPECIFIC COMMENTS	
PRODUCT	RATE	CROP	WEEDS
BRONATE®	1 pint/A	Fall seeded wheat, barley, oats and rye throughout the United States and spring seeded wheat, barley, oats and rye in Idaho, Oregon, Washington, Colorado, Wyoming and Montana. Apply to wheat, barley, oats and rye from the 3 leaf stage but before the crop reaches the boot stage.	MOST SUSCEPTIBLE BROADLEAF WEEDS: Apply to weeds up to the 8 leaf stage or 4 inches in height, whichever comes first. If weed forms rosette, apply before weeds exceed 2 inches in diameter.
	1 1/2-2 pints/A		SUSCEPTIBLE BROADLEAF WEEDS: Apply to weeds up to the 4 leaf stage or 2 inches in height, whichever comes first. If weed forms rosette, apply before weeds exceed 1 inch in diameter.
	2 pints/A		Apply to henbit, knawel and mayweed up to the 4 leaf stage or 2 inches in height, whichever comes first. Apply to kochia and tansy mustard for improved control when these weeds exceed the recommended stage of growth or are growing under cool, dry conditions.
	1-1 1/2 pints/A	Spring seeded wheat and barley except Idaho, Oregon, Washington, Colorado, Montana, and Wyoming. Apply to wheat, barley, oats and rye from the 3 leaf stage but before the crop reaches the boot stage.	MOST SUSCEPTIBLE AND SUSCEPTIBLE BROADLEAF WEEDS: Apply to weeds that do not exceed the 8 leaf stage or 4 inches in height, whichever comes first. If weed forms rosette, apply before weeds exceed 2 inches in diameter. Apply to kochia up to 2 inches in height.
	1 1/2-2 pints/A	Spring seeded wheat and barley except Idaho, Oregon, Washington, Colorado, Montana, and Wyoming. Apply to wheat, barley, oats and rye from the 3 leaf stage but before the crop reaches the boot stage.	Apply to kochia that is 2-4 inches in height.
	Chemigation Only 2 pints/A	Apply to wheat, barley, oats and rye from the 3 leaf stage but before the boot stage. Apply through automated sprinkler irrigation systems with mechanical transfer loading system only. See MIXING LOADING AND HANDLING INSTRUCTIONS section for complete details	Apply to MOST SUSCEPTIBLE and SUSCEPTIBLE broadleaf weeds up to the 4 leaf stage, 2 inches in height or 1 inch in diameter, whichever comes first.
	Post-harvest 3/4-2 pints/A	Make applications following harvest of wheat, barley, oats and rye in the states of North Dakota, South Dakota, Minnesota, and Montana. Do not plant any rotational crop until the following use season.	Apply 3/4 to 1 pint/A to MOST SUSCEPTIBLE BROADLEAF WEEDS up to the 8 leaf stage or 4 inches in height, whichever comes first. Apply 1 1/2 to 2 pints/A to SUSCEPTIBLE BROADLEAF WEEDS up to the 4 leaf stage or 2 inches in height, whichever comes first. For control of both grasses and broadleaf weeds, tank mix BRONATE® with Roundup® or Roundup® + 2,4-D such as WEEDONE® or WEEDAR® brand herbicides.

**BRONATE® TANK MIXTURES**

		<b>APPLICATION TIMING AND SPECIFIC COMMENTS</b>	
<b>PRODUCT</b>	<b>RATE</b>	<b>CROP</b>	<b>WEEDS</b>
BRONATE® + Rhonox® (MCPA ester)	3/4 - 2 pints/A + 1/4-1/2 pint/A	Apply to spring seeded wheat, barley, oats and rye from tillering stage, but before boot stage.	For control of MOST SUSCEPTIBLE and SUSCEPTIBLE weeds and improved control of redroot pigweed and kochia. Apply to weeds up to the 8 leaf stage, 3 inches in height or 2 inches in diameter, whichever comes first. Apply to kochia and redroot pigweed up to 2 inches in height or diameter.
BRONATE® + Glean® + nonionic surfactant	3/4-1 1/2 pints/A + 1/6-1/3 oz/A + 1 qt/100 gal of water	Apply to wheat and barley from the 3 leaf stage but before the crop reaches the boot stage. Refer to Glean® label for crop rotation and other restrictions.	This tank mix improves control of broadleaf weeds such as henbit, tansy mustard and chickweed. Apply to weeds up to the 8 leaf stage, 4 inches in height or 2 inches in diameter, whichever comes first.
BRONATE® + Finesse® + nonionic surfactant	3/4-1 1/2 pints/A + 1/6-1/3 oz/A + 1 qt/100 gal of water	Apply to wheat and barley from the 3 leaf stage but before the crop reaches the boot stage. Refer to Finesse® label for crop rotation and other restrictions.	This tank mix improves control of broadleaf weeds such as henbit, tansy mustard and chickweed. Apply to weeds up to the 8 leaf stage, 4 inches in height or 2 inches in diameter, whichever comes first.
BRONATE® + Ally® + nonionic surfactant	3/4-1 1/2 pints/A + 1/10 oz/A + 1 qt/100 gal of water	Apply to wheat and barley from the 3 leaf stage but before the crop reaches the boot stage. Refer to Ally® label for crop rotation and other restrictions.	This tank mix improves control of broadleaf weeds such as henbit, tansy mustard and chickweed. Apply to weeds up to the 8 leaf stage, 4 inches in height or 2 inches in diameter, whichever comes first.
BRONATE® + Banvel®	3/4-1 1/2 pints/A + 1/8-1/4 pint/A	<b>FOR USE ON WHEAT ONLY. DO NOT TREAT BARLEY, OATS OR RYE.</b>  Fall seeded wheat from the 3 leaf stage but before jointing. Spring seeded wheat from the 3 to 5 leaf stage of growth.	This tank mix improves control of broadleaves such as prostrate knotweed and kochia. Apply to weeds up to the 8 leaf stage, 3 inches in height or 2 inches in diameter, whichever comes first. Apply to kochia up to 2 inches in height or diameter.
BRONATE® + Harmony® Extra + nonionic surfactant	3/4-1 1/2 pints/A + 3/10-1/2 oz/A + 1 qt/100 gal of water	Winter wheat. Apply from the 3 leaf stage but before the 3rd node is detectable. Refer to the Harmony® Extra label for crop rotation and other restrictions.  Spring wheat and barley. Apply after the 3 leaf stage but before the 1st node is detectable. Refer to the Harmony® Extra label for crop rotation and other restrictions.	This tank mix improves control of broadleaf weeds such as henbit, chickweed and redroot pigweed. Apply to weeds up to the 8 leaf stage, 4 inches in height or across, whichever comes first.
BRONATE® + Amber® + nonionic surfactant	3/4-1 1/2 pints/A + 0.28 - 0.56 oz/A + 0.25 - 0.5% v/v	Apply to wheat and barley from the 3 leaf stage, but before the flag leaf is visible. Refer to the Amber® label for crop rotation and other restrictions.	This tank mix improves control of broadleaves such as henbit, tansy mustard, and pigweed. Apply to weeds up to the 4 leaf stage, 4 inches in height or 2 inches in diameter, whichever comes first.

WHEAT, BARLEY, OATS AND RYE  
BRONATE® TANK MIXTURES (continued)

APPLICATION TIMING AND SPECIFIC COMMENTS			
PRODUCT	RATE	CROP	WEEDS
BRONATE® + Express® + nonionic surfactant	3/4-1 1/2 pints/A + 1/6-1/3 oz/A + 1 qt/100 gal of water	Wheat and barley. Apply from the 3 leaf stage but before the flag is visible. Refer to the Express® label for crop rotation and other restrictions.	This tank mix improves control of broadleaf weeds such as henbit, chickweed, redroot pigweed and suppression of Canada thistle. Apply to annual weeds up to the 8 leaf stage, 4 inches in height or across, whichever comes first and to Canada thistle 4 to 8 inches tall with 2 to 6 inches of new growth.
BRONATE® + Curtail® or Curtail® M	3/4-1 1/2 pints/A + 2 pints/A	Apply to wheat and barley after the crop begins to tiller up to the 1st node detectable.	This tank mix improves control of kochia, wild buckwheat and suppression of Canada thistle. Apply to annual broadleaf weeds up to the 8 leaf stage, 4 inches in height or 2 inches in diameter and to Canada thistle in the rosette to prebud stage.
BRONATE® + metribuzin (Sencor® or Lexone®)	1 pint/A + 1/8-3/16 lb ai/A	Winter wheat in Idaho, Oregon and Washington. Apply in spring after growth has started and secondary roots with a minimum of 3 to 4 tillers have been established, but before the forming of joints in the stem. Avoid application when crop has experienced winter kill, frost damage, disease or drought.	This tank mix improves control of broadleaf weeds such as chickweed, filaree, henbit. Apply to weeds up to the 4 leaf stage, 2 inches in height or diameter, whichever comes first. A recognized authority should be consulted concerning the use of this mixture in your area.
BRONATE® + Avenge®	1-2 pints/A + 2 1/2-4 pints/A	Winter wheat. Four leaf to tillering stage. Refer to Avenge® label for varietal and other restrictions.  Spring Wheat. Five to 6 leaf stage. Refer to Avenge® label for varietal and other restrictions.  Barley. Three to 7 leaf stage.	This tank mix will provide wild oat control in addition to broadleaves. Apply to wild oats in the 3-5 leaf stage and broadleaves that do not exceed the 4 leaf stage or rosettes of 1.5 inches in diameter. Avenge® use rates per acre are 2 1/2 pints (1-10 oats per sq. ft.), 3 pints (11-25 oats per sq. ft.) or 4 pints (more than 25 oats per sq. ft.).
BRONATE® + Assert®	1-1 1/2 pints/A + 1 -1 1/2 pints/A	Apply to wheat and barley from the 3 leaf stage but before boot stage. Refer to Assert® label for crop rotation and other restrictions.	This tank mix will provide wild oat control in addition to broadleaf weeds. Apply to wild oats at the 1-4 leaf stage and broadleaf weeds up to the 8 leaf stage, 4 inches in height or 2 inches in diameter, whichever comes first. Use Assert® at 1 1/2 pints/A West of the Rocky Mountains or if wild oats have initiated tillering. For spray volumes in excess of 10 GPA, add 0.3 fluid oz of nonionic surfactant for each gallon in excess of 10 GPA.

**Restrictions and Precautions: Wheat, Barley, Oats and Rye**

- Do not graze treated fields within 45 days after application.
- Do not apply when crops are under moisture stress.
- Do not apply when crop canopy covers the weeds as poor control will result.
- Reduced weed control may occur when weeds are stressed from lack of moisture or cold temperatures.
- Refer to labels of products used in tank mixture for additional restrictions and precautions.
- Do not apply more than 2 pints of BRONATE® Herbicide per acre in a single growing season.
- Do not plant rotational crops within 30 days following BRONATE® Herbicide application.

## GRASSES GROWN FOR SEED OR SOD PRODUCTION

### Seedling and Established Grasses

PRODUCT	RATE	RATE	APPLICATION TIMING AND SPECIFIC COMMENTS	
	Per ACRE	Per 1000 SQ.FT.	CROP	WEEDS
BRONATE®	1 to 2 Pints	0.375 to 0.75 Fl. Oz.	Apply to established and newly seeded grasses grown for seed or sod production before the boot stage. Established grasses tolerant to BRONATE® include bentgrasses, Kentucky bluegrass, Fescues, Ryegrass, Bermudagrass, St. Augustinegrass and Zoyiagrass. BRONATE® may also be used on seedling grasses such as Merion, Park, Delta, or common Kentucky Bluegrasses, Pennlawn, Chewings, Illahee or Alta Fescues, Orchard grass, Highland, Seaside or Astoria Bentgrasses, perennial Ryegrasses, Bahiagrass and Zoysiagrass.	Refer to the GENERAL WEED LIST for a listing of susceptible broadleaf weeds.  Optimal control will be attained when weeds are treated in the seedling stage (less than 4 leaf stage, 2 inches in height, or 1 inch in diameter).
BRONATE®	Chemigation 2 pints/A only	0.75 Fl. Oz.	Apply to established and newly seeded grasses grown for seed or sod production before the boot stage. Apply through automated sprinkler irrigation systems with mechanical transfer loading system only. See MIXING LOADING AND HANDLING INSTRUCTIONS section for complete details. Refer to the list of established grasses that are tolerant to BRONATE®.	

**RESTRICTIONS AND PRECAUTIONS: Grasses grown for seed or sod production**

- Do not apply BRONATE® to grasses grown for seed production with backpack or hand-held application equipment.
- Do not apply more than 2 pints of BRONATE® Herbicide per acre in a single growing season.
- Do not apply more than 1.5 lb active ingredients per acre per year of MCPA.
- Do not apply more than 2 applications per year with a minimum retreatment interval of 21 days.
- Do not plant rotational crops within 30 days following BRONATE® Herbicide application.

### CONSERVATION RESERVE PROGRAM AREAS (CRP)

PRODUCT	RATE	APPLICATION TIMING AND SPECIFIC COMMENTS	
		CROP	WEEDS
BRONATE®	1 - 2 pints/A	Apply to grasses from the 3 leaf stage.	Apply 1 pint/A to MOST SUSCEPTIBLE and 1 1/2 - 2 pints/A to SUSCEPTIBLE broadleaf weeds up to the 8 leaf stage, 4 inches in height or 2 inches in diameter, whichever comes first.

**RESTRICTIONS AND PRECAUTIONS: CRP AREAS**

- If legumes are included in CRP area planting, severe injury may occur to legumes treated with BRONATE®.
- Do not apply BRONATE® to CRP areas planted with alfalfa if temperatures are expected to exceed 80°F or severe crop injury may occur. If legumes other than alfalfa have been planted, severe crop injury may occur at any application temperature.
- Do not apply more than 2 pints/A of BRONATE® to CRP areas that are under seeded with alfalfa.

**FLAX (*Linum usitatissimum* only)**

PRODUCT	RATE	APPLICATION TIMING AND SPECIFIC COMMENTS	
		CROP	WEEDS
BRONATE®	0.9 pint/A	Apply to flax that is 2 to 8 inches in height. Do not apply BRONATE® to flax during or after the bud stage.	Apply to MOST SUSCEPTIBLE weeds that do not exceed the 4 leaf stage, 2 inches in height or 1 inch in diameter, whichever comes first.

**RESTRICTIONS AND PRECAUTIONS: Flax (*Linum usitatissimum* only)**

- Do not apply if temperatures are expected to exceed 85° F at or 3 days following application or crop injury may occur.
- Unacceptable crop injury may occur following BRONATE® application to flax grown on high organic, peat type soils.
- Application under high humidity conditions can injure flax.
- Unless otherwise instructed, do not apply BRONATE® to flax with crop oil concentrate, surfactants or nitrogen solutions.
- Do not use on ornamental flax.
- Do not apply more than 0.9 pint of BRONATE® Herbicide per acre in a single growing season.
- Do not plant rotational crops within 30 days following BRONATE® Herbicide application.

**IMPORTANT: READ BEFORE USE**

Read the entire Directions for Use, Conditions, Disclaimer of Warranties and Limitations of Liability before using this product. If terms are not acceptable, return the unopened product container at once.

By using this product, user or buyer accepts the following Conditions, Disclaimer of Warranties and Limitations of Liability.

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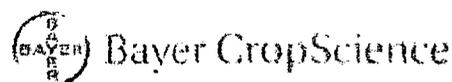
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**NET CONTENTS: 2.5 Gallons**

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Bayer CropScience LP  
P.O. Box 12014, 2 T.W. Alexander Drive  
Research Triangle Park, North Carolina 27709  
1-866-99BAYER (1-866-992-2937)

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