

AIRPLANE APPLICATION

DIRECTIONS

(Not for use in far western states)
Timing of application is the same as applications by ground equipment. For good coverage, total gallonage sprayed should be at least 5 gallons per acre.

McINTOSH

For Immediate Market: Apply 2 pints of FRUITONE-T per acre about 7 to 8 days before harvest drop normally begins. Pick fruit at proper maturity, but do not let fruit over-ripen on trees.

Fruit to be Stored: Apply 1 pint of FRUITONE-T per acre 4 to 5 days before harvest drop normally begins. This should control drop for 2 weeks. Fruit should be picked before chemical has lost its effectiveness.

SUMMER VARIETIES

For varieties such as Early McIntosh, Melton and Wealthy, apply spray 2 weeks before harvest. Use 2 pints of FRUITONE-T per acre.

For Williams Early Red, use 1 pint of FRUITONE-T per acre and apply 2 weeks before harvest.

FALL VARIETIES

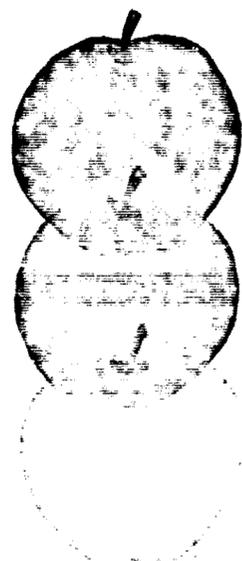
For Baldwin, Rome, Jonathan, Delicious, Spy, York and Staymen, apply spray about 2 weeks before harvest. Use 2 pints of FRUITONE-T per acre.

Make airplane applications over the trees rather than between the rows. Rates specified for airplane application are equivalent to spraying 40 trees per acre at a rate of 20 gallons per tree in regular ground equipment. In more closely planted orchards or with exceptionally large trees, the total amount of spray applied per acre should be increased.

Choose a highly competent airplane applicator and contact your local agricultural authorities for best rates to use for your specific situations.

CONTENTS 1 GALLON

FRUITONE-T



DOUBLE STRENGTH

FOR CONTROL OF PRE-HARVEST DROP OF APPLES

CAUTION: Keep out of the reach of children. See other cautions on right side panel.

ACTIVE INGREDIENTS:	
Triethanolamine salt of silvex (2-(2,4,5-trichlorophenoxy) propionic acid)	9.6%
INERT INGREDIENTS:	
	90.4%
*Equivalent of 6.2% silvex (2-(2,4,5-trichlorophenoxy) propionic acid) by weight or 8.5 oz. per gallon.)	

Aug 19, 1974
264-144
With Comments



AMCHEM PRODUCTS, INC.

First Name in Herbicide Research
AMBLER, PA ■ Clinton ■ St. Joseph, MO ■ Fremont, CA
EPA Reg. No. 264-144

CAUTION

Harmful if swallowed. Avoid contact with skin, eyes or clothing.

Do not contaminate water used for irrigation or domestic purposes.

Avoid spray drift to susceptible plants such as cotton, beans, tomatoes and ornamentals as this product may cause injury. Coarse sprays are less likely to drift. Do not use same spray equipment for other purposes.

Do not reuse empty container. Destroy in a safe place.

Do not store near fertilizers, seeds, insecticides or fungicides. Under very high temperature, vapors from this product may injure susceptible plants in the immediate vicinity.

Do not use in a greenhouse.

Do not use this product for purposes other than those recommended on this label.

WARRANTY

Amchem warrants that composition of this product conforms to the chemical description given in the ingredient statement and the product is suited for the purposes described when used according to directions. Because of the broad range of conditions which may be encountered with the use of this product, it is impossible to eliminate all risks, even though label directions are followed. Amchem therefore makes no other express or implied warranty, and no agent of Amchem is authorized to do so. Buyer agrees in purchasing this product to assume the risks and in the event of damages arising from a breach of the warranty to accept refund of the purchase price of the product as full discharge of Amchem's liability.

GROUND

DIRECTION

The effective spray coverage for control of deficiency, Apply spray proper maturity and over-ripening.

Apply spray proper maturity and over-ripening.

McINTOSH

For immediately begin proper maturity.

Fruit to be picked before harvest drop normally begins. Use drop for 2 weeks before harvest.

SUMMER

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FALL VARI

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USE IN SP

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IMPORTANT

1. Time you apply spray
2. Fruit should become
3. Do not use
4. Do not use
5. Do not use
6. Treatment weather

ACCEPTED WITH COMMENTS

TONE-T

MAXIMUM STRENGTH

CONTROL OF HARVEST DROP APPLES

the reach of children. See other

(2,4,5-trichlorophenoxy) propionic
..... 9.6%
..... 90.4%

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Avoid spray drift to susceptible plants such as cotton, beans, tomatoes and ornamentals as this product may cause injury. Coarse sprays are less likely to drift. Do not use same spray equipment for other purposes.

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GROUND APPLICATIONS

DIRECTIONS

The effectiveness of this spray to prevent apple drop depends upon good spray coverage and having foliage free from mite damage, magnesium deficiency, frost injury and severe scab infection.

Apply spray at the proper time for each variety involved. Pick fruit at proper maturity. Do not leave fruit on trees to become highly colored and over-ripe.

McINTOSH

For immediate Market: Apply about 7 to 8 days before harvest drop normally begins. Use ¼ pint in 100 gallons of water. (20 ppm). Pick fruit at proper maturity, but do not let fruit over-ripen on trees.

Fruit to be Stored: Apply spray 4 to 5 days before harvest drop normally begins. Use ¼ pint in 200 gallons of water (10 ppm). This should control drop for 2 weeks. Fruit should be picked before chemical has lost its effectiveness.

SUMMER VARIETIES

For varieties such as Early McIntosh, Melton and Wealthy, apply spray 2 weeks before harvest. Use ¼ pint in 100 gallons of water.

For Williams Early Red, use ¼ pint in 200 gallons of water and apply 2 weeks before harvest.

FALL VARIETIES

For Baldwin, Rome, Jonathan, Delicious, Spy, York and Staymen, apply spray about 2 weeks before harvest. Use ¼ pint in 100 gallons of water.

USE IN SPEED SPRAYERS

This material has been used successfully in speed sprayers but in no case should this material be used at higher rates than recommended on this label. For effective spraying of this chemical with a speed sprayer, contact your local agricultural authorities.

IMPORTANT

1. Time your sprays and use correct concentrations according to varieties involved and degree of ripeness desired.
2. Fruit should be harvested at proper maturity, but do not allow fruit to become over-ripe on trees before picking.
3. Do not use this material at a higher concentration than 10 to 20 ppm depending on variety. Do not exceed recommendations on this label.
4. Do not use more than one application on a given variety.
5. Do not apply more than 14 days before harvest.
6. Treatment of McIntosh apples at recommended rates in marginal warm weather areas such as New Jersey may result in fruit crack.