

DIRECTIONS

WEED CONTROL ON HIGHWAYS, DITCHBANKS, FENCEROWS, INDUSTRIAL AREAS

Puncture vine: In moderate rainfall areas (20 to 30 inches per year) treat during late winter to early spring before puncture vine emerges.

In low rainfall areas (4 inches or less per year) treat during fall or early winter just before rains cause puncture vine to sprout.

Russian thistle, other seedling weeds such as pigweed, kochia, turkey mulch, pigweed and lambsquarters. In areas with seasonal rainfall, treat in late fall or early winter just before rains cause weeds to germinate.

In other areas, treat in the spring before weeds germinate. Apply 3 to 4 gallons of FENATROL industrial herbicide per acre in enough water for good distribution (25 to 100 gallons per acre). Use the higher rate for longer residual control. If winter rains are distributed throughout the year.

Field bindweed, lady's-burke, Russian knotweed, Canada thistle.

In moderate rainfall areas, apply FENATROL industrial herbicide any time during the growing season. Rainfall after application is important for reaching the roots into the root zone of perennial weeds. Therefore, treat prior to the rainy season, usually early spring or fall. Treat an extra 10 feet around patches of perennial weeds to make sure roots are affected.

Amounts to Use

Area Sprayed FENATROL water

1 acre 3 to 4 gallons
1/2 acre 1 1/2 to 2 gallons
1/4 acre 3/4 to 1 gallon

Use enough water to thoroughly wet weeds to be sprayed. For annual weeds, if you spray 2 weeks in a row, be sure that FENATROL industrial herbicide will reach the soil during the winter with the rain. Use the amount suggested. Where practical, using the material in a spray will help control weeds better.

Annual grasses, annual and some perennial broadleaf weeds.

Apply 10 gallons of FENATROL per acre in a minimum of 100 gallons of water for seasonal control of annual weeds. Treat in early spring before weed growth begins. Do not apply to frozen ground. For perennial broadleaf weeds, apply in spring or fall when rainfall after application will help reach the herbicide to the root zone of these weeds.

Annuals: foxtail, crabgrass, pigweed, smartweed, lambsquarters, pigweed, ragweed.

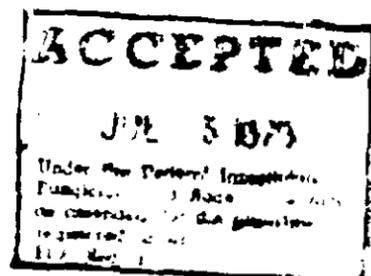
Perennials: turk's-foot, and anemone, pink top, blueweed, mouse ear, poverty weed, wild radish, blackweed, plantain, dandelion, hairy vetch.

IMPORTANT

Do not apply FENATROL to soil which is not frozen. Soil or soil subject to the rapid washing that follows a winter thaw or heavy rain. FENATROL will not work properly when applied to soil which is saturated with streams or to bottom mud saturated with seepage water.

WARRANTY

The manufacturer warrants that composition of the product conforms to the chemical description given in the label. It does not warrant that the product is suited for the particular conditions where used or for any particular conditions. Because of the broad range of conditions which may be encountered with this product, it is not possible to formulate precise guarantees. The manufacturer makes no warranty, either expressed or implied, with respect to the control of weeds. The manufacturer is authorized to issue a check or credit for the purchase price of the product in the event of damages arising from a total failure of the product to control weeds. The manufacturer's liability is limited to the purchase price of the product and does not include the cost of the material or the cost of the application.



FENATROL[®]

INDUSTRIAL HERBICIDE

Controls puncture vine, Russian thistle, bindweed, leafy spurge, other broadleaf weeds and grasses on roadsides, fencerows, drainage ditchbanks, industrial areas.

CAUTION: Keep out of reach of children. See other cautions on right side panel

ACTIVE INGREDIENT:

*2,3,6-Trichlorophenylacetic acid, sodium salt 17.3 %

INERT INGREDIENTS:

*2,3,6-Trichlorophenylacetic acid equivalent 15.9 % by weight or 1 1/2 pounds per gallon.



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EPA Reg. No. 264-139 ZB

EPA Est. 264-PA-1

DIRECTIONS

Aquatic Weed Control (non-irrigation uses)

FENATROL industrial herbicide can be used for the control of submerged aquatic weeds in lakes, drainage ditches, farm ponds and reservoirs not used for irrigation purposes. Specifically for boat docks, swimming areas and shore lines. Do not use treated water for domestic purposes or livestock drinking.

Apply FENATROL to the exposed lake, ditch or pond bottom following drawdown or draining. Complete drawdown is not necessary. Expose only the area to be treated.

In low rainfall areas, make applications shortly after fall drawdown to allow maximum fixation time. Lakes which refill gradually and are not subject to severe flooding may be treated in fall or spring. Keep water drawn down for a minimum of three weeks following treatment. Once fixed, FENATROL industrial herbicide will remain in the area of application and control many submerged weeds as they sprout.

Prior removal of debris and excess vegetation will make application easier. In a few weeks following drawdown, aquatic plant material normally dries and disintegrates, exposing the soil bottom.

Apply 10 to 13 gallons of FENATROL per acre in 50 to 100 gallons of water. Use the higher rate in areas of very dense weed infestations or in areas with a history of heavy weed growth.

Among the Weeds Controlled are:

American pondweed	<i>Potamogeton nodosus</i>
leafy pondweed	<i>Potamogeton foliosus</i>
sago pondweed	<i>Potamogeton pectinatus</i>
waterthread pondweed	<i>Potamogeton diversifolius</i>
American elodea pondweed	<i>Elodea canadensis</i>
southern naiad	<i>Najas guadalupensis</i>
waterstargrass	<i>Heteranthera dubia</i>
coontail	<i>Ceratophyllum demersum</i>
milfoil sp.	<i>Myriophyllum spp.</i>
wender spikerush	<i>Eleocharis acicularis</i>

IMPORTANT

In Western and Southern lakes or ditches not subject to freezing, apply FENATROL industrial herbicide before winter rains.

In ditches or lake bottoms where soils can freeze and remain frozen for long periods of time, apply FENATROL in the fall before freeze-up.

CAUTION

Harmful if swallowed. Avoid contact with skin, eyes or clothing. Do not take internally.

Do not use the same sprayer for other purposes. Do not store near fertilizers, seeds, insecticides or fungicides or use in or near a greenhouse.

Avoid spray drift. Tests have shown that very small amounts of this material can injure many broadleaf plants such as tobacco, soybeans, cotton, most vegetables, and ornamentals. Coarse sprays are less likely to drift.

Do not contaminate water used for irrigation or domestic purposes. Consult your State Fish and Game Agency before applying this product.

IMPORTANT: Application as directed will result in the loss of soil productivity for at least one year and possibly longer, depending on soil type and rainfall. Do not allow material to drift or wash onto fields growing susceptible crops, especially soybeans and tomatoes, during the same season.

Do not reuse container. Destroy when empty.

Do not use this product for purposes other than those recommended on this label.