DIRECTIONS

WEED CONTROL ON HIGHWAYS, DITCHBANKS, FENCEROWS, INDUSTRIAL AREAS

Puncture vine: In moderate rainfall areas (20 to 30 inches per year), treat during late winter to early spring before puncture vine emerges.

In low rainfall areas (4 inches or less per year), treat during fall or early winter, just before rains cause puncture vine to sprout.

Russian thistle, other seedling weeds such as plantain, kochia, turkey mullein, pigweed, and lambsquarters.

In areas with seasonal rainfall, treat in late fall or early winter, just before rains cause weeds to germinate.

In other areas, treat in the spring before weeds germinate. Apply 3 to 4 gallons of FENAC per acre in enough water for good distribution (25 to 100 gallons per acre). Use the higher rate for longer residual control, or where rain is distributed throughout the year.

Field bindweed, leafy spurge. Russian knapweed, Canada thistle:

In moderate rainfall areas, apply FENAC any time during the growing season. Rainfall after application is important for leaching the chemical into the root zone of perennial weeds. Therefore, freat prior to the rainy season, usually early spring or fall. Treat an extra 10 feet around patches of deeprooted perennial weeds to make sure all roots are affected.

	Amounts to	Use	
	Area Sprayed	FENAC	Water
cpot treatments	1 square rod	Ve post	f gailton
	3 square rods	1% pints	3 galluns
	°∓ arze	3 qa *1_05	46 galions
Large it eatments	1 acre	t, gattons	50 100 gailens

Use enough water to thoroughly wet weed foliage and soil around weeds. If top growth of weeds is so heavy that FENAC will not reach the soil, burning or mowing top growth before treatment is suggested. Where practical, discing the material into the soil after application improves weed control.

Annual grasses, annual and some perennial broadleaf weeds:

Apply 10 gallons of FENAC per acre in a minimum of 50 gallons of water. For seasonal control of annual weeds, treat in early spring before weed growth begins. Do not apply to frozen ground. For perennial broadleaf weeds, apply in spring or fall when rainfall after application will help leach the chemical into the root zone of these weeds.

Annuals: foxtail, crabgrass, barnyard grass, smartweed, lambsquarter, pigweed, ragweed.

Perennials: bur ragweed, indian rush pea, Texas blueweed. mouse-ear poverty weed, alkali sida. chickweed. plantain, dandelion, bouncing bet.

IMPORTANT

Do not apply FENAC to frozen soil or soil subject to the rapid washing that follows a winter thaw or heavy rain. FENAC will not work properly when applied to moving water in draining streams, or to bottom mud saturated with seepage water.

WARRANTY

Amchem warrants that composition of this product conforms to the chemical description given in the ingredient statement and the product is suited for the purposes described when used according to directions. Because of the broad range of conditions which may be encountered with the use of this product it is impossible to eliminate all risks, even though label directions are followed. Amchem therefore makes no other express or implied warranty, and no agent of Amchem is authorized to do so. Buyer agrees in purchasing this product to assume the risks and in the event of damages arising from a breach of the warranty to accept refund of the purchase price of the product as full discharge of Amchem's liability.

FENAG INDUSTRIAL HERBIGIDE

Controls puncture vine, Russian thistle, bindweed, leafy spurge, other broadleaf weeds and grasses on roadsides, fencerows, drainage ditchbanks, industrial areas.

CAUTION: Keep out of reach of children. See other cautions on right side panel.

ACTIVE INGREDIENTS:

INERT INGREDIENTS:82.9%

*2,3-6-Trichlorophenylacetic acid equivalent 15.7% by weight or $1\frac{1}{2}$ pounds per gallon.





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First Name in Herbicide Research

AMBLER, PA = Clinton, IA = St. Joseph, MO = Fremont, CA

EPA Reg. No. 264-139ZB

CONTRACTIONS

Aquatic Weed Control (non-irri

FENAC can be used for the cont aquatic weeds in lakes, drainage di and reservoirs not used for irrigatic cifically for boat docks, swimming lines. Do not use treated water i poses or livestock drinking.

Apply FENAC to the exposed laid bottom following drawdown or didrawdown is not necessary. Exposto be treated.

In low rainfall areas, make applica fall drawdown to allow maximum fi which refill gradually and are not flooding may be treated in fall or s drawn down for a minimum of thre treatment. Once fixed, FENAC will of application and control many as they sprout.

Prior removal of debris and exce make application easier. In a few drawdown, aquatic plant material r disintegrates. exposing the soil bo

Apply 10 to 13 gallons of FENAC 100 gallons of water. Use the hig of very dense weed infestations chistory of heavy weed growth.

Among the Weeds Contr

American pondweed

leafy pondweed	F
sago pondweed	F
waterthread pondweed	F
American elodea pondweed	E
southern naiad	
waterstargrass	H
coontail	(
milfoil sp.	1
slender spikerush	E

perennial broad-

re in a minimum ional control of ng before weed frozen ground. ply in spring or will help leach these weeds.

ird grass, smarteed.

rush pea, Texas ed, alkali sida. uncing bet.

I or soil subject a winter thaw k properly when ling streams, or)age water.

1 of this product tion given in the uct is suited for ed according to nge of conditions the use of this ite all risks, even llowed. Amchem or implied waris authorized to this product to of damages aristo accept refund duct as full dis-

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CAUTION: Keep out of reach of children. See other cautions on right side panel.

ACTIVE INGREDIENTS:

INERT INGREDIENTS:

*2,3-6-Trichlorophenylacetic acid equivalent 15.7% by weight or 11/2 pounds per gallon.



A RORER-AMCHEM COMPANY



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First Name in Herbicide Research AMBLER, PA ■ Clinton, IA ■ St. Joseph, MO ■ Fremont, CA EPA Reg. No. 264-139ZB

DIRECTIONS

Aquatic Weed Control (non-irrigation uses)

▼ FENAC can be used for the confirm that man ${f N}_{f i}$ aquatic weeds in lakes, drainage different for $z \in {\cal I}$ and reservoirs not used for irrigation (in the second cifically for boat docks, swimming areas, and share filmes. Do not use treated water for a minister pur poses or livestock drinking

Apply FENAC to the exposed lake ditch or pond bottom following drawdown or draining. Complete drawdown is not necessary. Expose only the area to be treated.

In low rainfall areas, make applications shortly after fall drawdown to allow maximum fixation time. Lakes which refill gradually and are not subject to severe flooding may be treated in fall or spring. Keep water drawn down for a minimum of three weeks following treatment. Once fixed, FENAC will remain in the area of application and control many submerged weeds as they sprout.

Prior removal of debris and excess vegetation will make application easier. In a few weeks following drawdown, aquatic plant material normally dries and disintegrates, exposing the soil bottom.

Apply 10 to 13 gallons of FENAC per acre in 50 to 100 gallons of water. Use the higher rate in areas of very dense weed infestations or in areas with a history of heavy weed growth.

Among the Weeds Controlled are:

American pondweed leafy pondweed sago pondweed waterthread pondweed American elodea pondweed Elodea canadensis southern naiad waterstargrass coontail milfoil sp. slender spikerush

Potamogeton nodosus Potamogeton foliosus Potamogeton pectinatus Potamogeton diversifolius Najas guadalupensis Heteranthera dubia Ceratophyllum demersum Myriophyllum spp. Eleocharis acicularis

IMPORTANT

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CAUTION

Harmful if swallowed. Avoid contact with skin, eyes or clothing. Do not take internally.

Do not use the same sprayer for other purposes. Do not store near fertilizers, seeds, insecticides or fungicides or use in a greenhouse.

Avoid spray drift. Tests have shown that very small amounts of this material can injure many broadleaf plants such as tobacco, soybeans, cotton, most vegetables, and ornamentals. Coarse sprays are less likely to drift.

Do not contaminate water used for irrigation or domestic purposes. Consult your State Fish and Game Agency before applying this product.

IMPORTANT: Application as directed will result in the loss of soil productivity for at least one year and possibly longer, depending on soil type and rainfall. Do not allow material to drift or wash onto fields growing susceptible crops, especially soybeans and tomatoes. during the same season.

Do not reuse container. Destroy when empty. Do not use this product for other purposes other than those recommended on this label.

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