



DIRECTIONS

BASAL BARK SPRAY

Wet the base of all stems until spray puddles on all sides and collects around the root collar at ground line. This method may be used in any season. It is recommended for a "clean up" of scattered brush, or on species resistant to a first foliage spray.

Mix 2 to 2 3/4 gallons of TRINOXOL SUPER-6 in 100 gallons of oil. Apply with a low volume knapsack sprayer or power equipment. Use the higher rate on resistant species, or when plants are not growing actively.

STUMP TREATMENT

This method can be used at any time of year, but is most effective when applied as soon as possible after trees are cut. Spray the entire stump, particularly bark and exposed roots. A thorough drenching is essential for effective kill.

Use this method after the original or capital clearing. It is the first step toward a chemical brush control program on newly cleared highways and rights of way. Spray is most effective and economical on stumps 3 to 4 inches and larger.

Mix 2 to 2 3/4 gallons of TRINOXOL SUPER-6 in 100 gallons of oil. Apply with a low volume knapsack sprayer using a solid cone nozzle of medium orifice.

FRILL TREATMENT

Make a frill by using an axe to cut overlapping notches in a continuous ring around the trunk near its base. Cut through the bark, but do not remove chips. This method is recommended for cull trees 5 to 6 inches in diameter and over. Treat freshly cut frills at any time of year.

Mix 2 to 2 3/4 gallons of TRINOXOL SUPER-6 in 100 gallons of oil. Pour in as much of this mixture as the frill will hold without wasting chemical.

TREE INJECTION

Make injections as near the root collar as possible, using one injection per inch of trunk diameter at breast height (4 1/2 feet). For resistant species such as hickory, injections should overlap. Injections may be made at any time of year, but are most effective during the growing season — May 15 to October 15.

Mix 3/4 gallon of TRINOXOL SUPER-6 in 19 gallons of fuel oil.

DORMANT CANE BROADCAST

Treat any time after brush is dormant and leaves have dropped. Sprays must be concentrated at the base of stems, then spray the upper parts of stems enough to wet them. For root suckering species such as locust, sumac and sassafras, also spray all the ground within the drip line of these trees to control small root suckers that may be covered by the leaf litter.

Mix 1 gallon of TRINOXOL SUPER-6 in 100 gallons of fuel oil. Use about 150 gallons of this mixture per acre of dense brush 4 to 6 feet high.

AERIAL SPRAY

Utility Rights-of-Way — Mixed Brush

Apply 3/4 to 1 gallon of TRINOXOL SUPER-6 in 5 to 6 1/2 gallons of oil per acre. Mix thoroughly before spraying. Apply spray when plants have just developed full-sized leaves, when soil moisture is sufficient for good growing conditions, when relative humidity is high and wind velocities are less than 5 miles per hour.

Fir Release — Pacific Northwest

Apply 1/3 to 2/3 gallon of TRINOXOL SUPER-6 in 2 1/2 to 2 3/4 gallons of oil per acre. Spray when vine maple, alder, cherry and bigleaf maple are in the bud break stage, generally late March to early April. Maximum fir release with a single application is obtained by using the higher rate.

TRINOXOL SUPER-6

NON-EMULSIFIABLE HERBICIDE - For the control of Woody Plants on utility rights-of-way, in forest management, and in rangeland clearance.

CAUTION: Keep out of reach of children. See other cautions on right panel.

ACTIVE INGREDIENTS:

2,4,5-Trichlorophenoxyacetic acid, butoxyethanol ester 82.2%

INERT INGREDIENTS: 17.8%

2,4,5-Trichlorophenoxyacetic acid equivalent 59.1% by weight
or 6 pounds per gallon.



AMCHEM PRODUCTS, INC.

First Name in Herbicide Research
AMBLER, PA 2 • Clinton, Iowa 3 • St. Joseph, Mo 4 • Fremont, Calif 5

EPA Reg. No. 736-123

GENERAL INFORMATION

TRINOXOL SUPER-6 should not be used in water or oil-water sprays.

TRINOXOL SUPER-6 is not recommended for selective weed control in crops.

TRINOXOL SUPER-6 is effective for controlling:

ALDER	POISON IVY
ASH	POISON OAK
ASPEN	POPLAR
BIGLEAF MAPLE	POST OAK
BIRCH	RASPBERRY
BLACKBERRY	RED MAPLE
BOX ELDER	REDWOOD
BUCKBRUSH	SALAL
BUTTONBALL	SALMONBERRY
CASCARA	SASSAFRAS
CHERRY	SCOTCH BROOM
CHESTNUT	SPICEBUSH
DOGWOOD	SUMAC
ELDERBERRY	SWEET GUM
ELM	THIMBLEBERRY
HONEYSUCKLE	VINE MAPLE
HUCKLEBERRY	VIRGINIA CREEPER
LOCUST	WALNUT
MANZANITA	WILD GRAPE
MESQUITE	WILD ROSE
OAK	WILLOW
OSAGE ORANGE	WITCH HAZEL
PERSIMMON	
PINE	

(and many other species)

WHEN MIXING OIL SPRAYS DURING COLD WINTER MONTHS, extra care must be taken to thoroughly mix this product. Add concentrate to oil very slowly and agitate vigorously. Where possible, mix the required amount of concentrate with an equal volume of oil before adding to the spray tank.

Aerial spraying is a specialized job. Secure qualified technical guidance for each job, and employ a competent, reliable applicator. Become familiar with state laws governing the application of herbicides. Do not use aerial sprays in areas where possible drift may injure valuable crops or plants.

TO PREPARE A SPRAY: Add one-half the required amount of oil to the spray tank, then add this product with agitation and finally the balance of the oil with continued agitation. Do not let water get into the finished mixture. When diluting, the material must be thoroughly mixed before using. If the material is allowed to stand for any length of time after dilution, it should be stirred again before using.

CAUTION

Harmful if swallowed. Avoid contact with skin, eyes or clothing. In case of eye contact, flush with water for at least 15 minutes. In case of skin contact wash with soap and plenty of water. Remove and wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARD

This product is toxic to fish. Keep out of lakes, streams or ponds. Do not apply where runoff is likely to occur. Do not contaminate water by cleaning of equipment or disposal of wastes. Do not contaminate irrigation ditches or water used for irrigation or domestic purposes. Do not apply when weather conditions favor drift from treated areas. Do not use in a greenhouse. Do not use same spray equipment for other purposes. Do not use around the home, in parks or recreation areas. Do not graze dairy animals on treated areas within 6 weeks after application. Do not graze meat animals on treated areas within 2 weeks of slaughter.

PROTECTION STATEMENTS

Do not apply TRINOXOL SUPER 6 directly to, or otherwise permit it to come in contact with cotton, okra, grapes, tomatoes, fruit trees, vegetables, flowers or other desirable crop or ornamental plants which are susceptible to 2,4,5-T herbicide. Do not permit spray mist to drift onto susceptible plants since very small quantities of the 2,4,5-T can cause severe injury during the growing or dormant periods.

Drift from aerial application may be reduced by: (1) applying as near to the target as possible in order to obtain coverage; (2) by applying 7 or more gallons of spray per acre; (3) by using 20 pounds pressure or less at the nozzle tips; (4) by using nozzles which produce a coarse spray pattern; (5) by spraying only when the wind velocity is less than 5 miles per hour; and (6) by spraying when there is no possibility for a temperature inversion at time of spraying.

Use coarse sprays to minimize drift. Do not apply with hollow cone-type insecticide or other nozzles that produce fine spray droplets. Drift from ground application may be reduced by: (1) keeping the spray as near to the target as possible in order to obtain complete coverage; (2) by applying 100 gallons or more of spray per acre; (3) by using no more than 20 pounds of pressure at the nozzle tips; and (4) by not spraying when wind exceeds 5 miles per hour.

Applications by aircraft, ground rig and hand sprayers should be carried out only when there is no hazard from spray drift. Do not apply near cotton, grapes, tomatoes or near desirable 2,4,5-T susceptible crop or ornamental vegetation.

STORAGE and DISPOSAL STATEMENTS

Do not store near fertilizers, seeds, insecticides or fungicides. Do not reuse containers. Dispose empty containers by puncturing and burying in non-cropland, away from water supplies, and follow official federal and local recommendations for container disposal. Do not burn.

Local conditions may affect the use of herbicides. Consult your State Agriculture Experiment Station, Farm Advisors, or Extension Weed Specialists for advice in selecting treatment from this label to best fit local conditions.

Be sure that use of this product conforms to all applicable laws, rules and regulations. Certain states have restrictions pertaining to application distances from susceptible crops. The applicator should become familiar with these laws, rules or regulations and follow them exactly. Apply this product only as specified on this label.

WARRANTY

Amchem warrants that composition of this product conforms to the chemical description given in the ingredient statement and the product is suited for the purposes described when used according to directions. Because of the broad range of conditions which may be encountered with the use of this product, it is impossible to eliminate all risks, even though label directions are followed. Amchem therefore makes no other express or implied warranty, and no agent of Amchem is authorized to do so. Buyer agrees in purchasing this product to assume the risks and in the event of damage, arising from a breach of the warranty, to accept refund of the purchase price of the product as full discharge of Amchem's liability.