

OFFICE OF CHEMICAL SAFETY AND POLLUTION PREVENTION

WASHINGTON, D.C. 20460

April 23, 2025

Christa Ellers-Kirk
Federal Registration Mgr.
BASF Corporation
26 Davis Drive
Research Triangle Park, NC 27709-3528

Subject: Label Amendment - Registration Review Mitigation for Pendimethalin

Product Name: Pendulum 1.15% Plus Fertilizer

EPA Registration Number: 241-422 Application Date: December 8, 2021

Decision Number: 580562 Case Number: 476127

Dear Christa Ellers-Kirk:

The Agency, in accordance with the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act (FIFRA), as amended, has completed reviewing all the information submitted with your application to support the Registration Review of the above referenced product in connection with the pendimethalin Interim Decision, and has concluded that your submission is acceptable. The label referred to above, submitted in connection with registration under FIFRA, as amended, is acceptable.

Should you wish to add/retain a reference to the company's website on your label, then please be aware that the website becomes labeling under the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act and is subject to review by the Agency. If the website is false or misleading, the product would be misbranded and unlawful to sell or distribute under FIFRA section 12(a)(1)(E). 40 CFR 156.10(a)(5) list examples of statements EPA may consider false or misleading. In addition, regardless of whether a website is referenced on your product's label, claims made on the website may not substantially differ from those claims approved through the registration process. Therefore, should the Agency find or if it is brought to our attention that a website contains false or misleading statements or claims substantially differing from the EPA approved registration, the website will be referred to the EPA's Office of Enforcement and Compliance Assurance.

Page 2 of 2 EPA Reg. No. 241-422 Decision No. 580562

A stamped copy of your labeling is enclosed for your records. This labeling supersedes all previously accepted labeling and must be used at your next label printing. You must submit one copy of the final printed labeling before you release the product for shipment with the new labeling. In accordance with 40 CFR 152.130(c), you may distribute or sell this product under the previously approved labeling for 12 months from the date of this letter. After 12 months, you may only distribute or sell this product if it bears this new revised labeling or subsequently approved labeling. "To distribute or sell" is defined under FIFRA section 2(gg) and its implementing regulation at 40 CFR 152.3.

If you have any questions about this letter, please contact Concepción Rodríguez by phone at 202-566-0820, or via email at rodriguez.concepcion@epa.gov.

Sincerely,

Linda Arrington, Branch Chief Risk Management and Implementation Branch 4 Pesticide Re-Evaluation Division Office of Pesticide Programs

ENCLOSURE: Stamped label

ACCEPTED

Apr 23, 2025

Under the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide and Rodenticide Act as amended, for the pesticide registered under EPA Reg. No. 241-422

Pendimethalin Group 3 Herbicide

Pendulum® 1.15% Plus Fertilizer

Preemergence Weed Control 1.15% pendimethalin + X-X-X Fertilizer

FOR USE ON TURFGRASSES AND ESTABLISHED LANDSCAPE ORNAMENTALS NOT FOR USE IN ORGANIC CROP AND FOOD PRODUCTION IN CALIFORNIA

Active Ingredient: pendimethalin: N-(1-ethylpropyl)-3,4-dimethyl-2,6-dinitrobenzenamine	1.15%
Other Ingredients:	<u>98.85%</u>
Total:	100.00%
EPA Reg. No. 241-422	EPA Est. No.
GUARANTEED ANALYSIS	
Total Nitrogen (N)	X.X%
X.X % Urea Nitrogen	
Available Phosphoric Acid (P ₂ O ₅)	
Soluble Potash (K ₂ O)	X.X%
Derived from: Urea, Diammonium Phosphate, and Muriate of Potash	

CAUTION/PRECAUCION

Si usted no entiende la etiqueta, busque a alguien para que se la explique a usted en detalle. (If you do not understand the label, find someone to explain it to you in detail.)

Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor or going for treatment.

In case of an emergency endangering life or property involving this product, call day or night 1-800-832-HELP (4357).

See inside for additional First Aid, Precautionary Statements, Directions For Use, Conditions of Sale and Warranty, and state-specific crop and/or use site restrictions.

Net Contents:



	FIRST AID
If swallowed	 Call a poison control center or doctor immediately for treatment advice. Have a person sip a glass of water if able to swallow. DO NOT induce vomiting unless told to do so by a poison control center or doctor. DO NOT give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.
If on skin or clothing	 Take off contaminated clothing. Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15 to 20 minutes. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.
If in eyes	 Hold eyes open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15 to 20 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes; then continue rinsing eyes. Call a poison control center or doctor for advice.
If inhaled	 Move person to fresh air. If person is not breathing, call 911 or ambulance; then give artificial respiration, preferably by mouth to mouth if possible. Call a poison control center or doctor for advice.
	HOTLINE NUMBER

HOTLINE NUMBER

Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor or going for treatment. You may also contact BASF Agricultural Solutions US LLC (hereafter "BASF") for emergency medical treatment information: 1-800-832-HELP (4357).

Precautionary Statements

Hazards to Humans and Domestic Animals

CAUTION. Harmful if swallowed or absorbed through skin. Causes eye irritation. Avoid contact with skin, eyes, or clothing. Avoid breathing dust.

Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)

Applicators and other handlers must wear:

- Long-sleeved shirt and long pants
- Waterproof gloves
- Shoes plus socks
- Protective eyewear

Follow manufacturer's instructions for cleaning/maintaining PPE. If no such instructions for washables exist, use detergent and hot water. Keep and wash PPE separately from other laundry. Discard clothing and other absorbent materials that have been drenched or heavily contaminated with this product's concentrate. **DO NOT** reuse them.

USER SAFETY RECOMMENDATIONS

Users should:

- Wash hands before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco, or using the toilet.
- Remove clothing/PPE immediately if pesticide gets inside. Then wash thoroughly and put on clean clothing.
- Remove PPE immediately after handling this product.
 Wash the outside of gloves before removing. As soon as possible, wash thoroughly and change into clean clothing.

Environmental Hazards

This product is toxic to fish. **DO NOT** apply directly to water, to areas where surface water is present, or to

intertidal areas below the mean high water mark. Drift and runoff from treated areas may be hazardous to aquatic organisms in adjacent aquatic sites. **DO NOT** contaminate water when disposing of equipment washwaters or rinsate.

NONTARGET ORGANISM ADVISORY STATEMENT:

This product is toxic to plants and may adversely impact the forage and habitat of nontarget organisms, including pollinators, in areas adjacent to the treated site. Protect the forage and habitat of nontarget organisms by following label directions intended to minimize drift.

For Florida Only:

- DO NOT apply near water, storm drains or drainage ditches.
- **DO NOT** apply if heavy rain is expected.
- Apply only to lawn, and sweep any product that lands on the driveway, sidewalk or street, back onto lawn.

Metal Content:

If this product is being sold in a state requiring the publication of information regarding its metal content, information regarding the contents and levels of metals in this product is available at the following website url:

http://www.aapfco.org/metals.htm, or by calling 1-877-220-1014.

Directions For Use

It is a violation of federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.

This label must be in the possession of the user at time of pesticide application.

BASF does not recommend or authorize the use of this product in manufacturing, processing or preparing custom blends with other products for application to turf or ornamentals.

DO NOT apply **Pendulum® 1.15% Plus Fertilizer** in greenhouses, shadehouses or other enclosed structures.

NOT FOR USE on grass grown for commercial seed production.

DO NOT apply this product through any irrigation system. Keep children and pets out of treated area until dust has settled.

DO NOT allow dust to drift from the application site and contact people, structures people occupy at any time and the associated property, parks and recreation areas, nontarget crops, aquatic and wetland areas, woodlands, pasture, rangeland, or animals.

DO NOT apply this product in a way that will contact workers or other persons, either directly or through drift. Only protected handlers may be in the area during application. For any requirements specific to your state or tribe, consult the agency responsible for pesticide regulation.

[Label may also include non-FIFRA-related state specific fertilizer language and Nitrogen/Phosphorus use restrictions.]

Herbicide Resistance Management

Pendulum 1.15% Plus Fertilizer is a Group 3 herbicide. Any weed population may contain or develop plants naturally resistant to Pendulum 1.15% Plus Fertilizer and other Group 3 herbicides. Weed species with resistance to Group 3 may eventually dominate the weed population if Group 3 herbicides are used repeatedly in the same field or in successive years as the primary method of control for targeted species. This may result in partial or total loss of control of those species by Pendulum 1.15% Plus Fertilizer or other Group 3 herbicides.

To delay herbicide resistance consider:

- Avoiding the consecutive use of Pendulum 1.15% Plus Fertilizer or other target site-of-action Group 3 herbicides that have a similar target site of action on the same weed species.
 - Basing herbicide use on a comprehensive IPM (Integrated Pest Management) program including cultural and mechanical methods.
 - Monitoring treated weed populations for loss of field efficacy, and control of escapes with effective alternative herbicides or mechanical methods.
 - Identify weeds present in the field through scouting and field history and understand their biology. The weed-control program needs to consider all of the weeds present.
 - Scout fields prior to application to identify the weed species present and their growth stage to determine if the intended application will be effective.
 - Scout fields after application to verify the treatment was effective.
 - Suspected herbicide-resistance weeds may be identified by these indicators:

- Failure to control a weed species normally controlled by the herbicide at the dose applied, especially if control is achieved on adjacent weeds;
- 2. A spreading patch of non-controlled plants of a particular weed species; and
- 3. Surviving plants mixed with controlled individuals of the same species.
- If resistance is suspected, treat weed escapes with an herbicide with a different MOA and/or use non-chemical methods to remove escapes, as practical, with the goal of preventing further seed production.
- Report any incidence of non-performance of this product against a particular weed species to your local BASF representative.
- Contacting your local extension specialist, and/or manufacturer for herbicide resistance management and/or integrated weed management directions for specific use sites and resistant weed biotypes.

AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS

Use this product only in accordance with its labeling and with the Worker Protection Standard, 40 CFR Part 170. This standard contains requirements for the protection of agricultural workers on farms, forests, nurseries, and greenhouses, and handlers of agricultural pesticides. It contains requirements for training, decontamination, notification, and emergency assistance. It also contains specific instructions and exceptions pertaining to the statements on this label about personal protective equipment (PPE) and restricted-entry interval. The requirements in this box only apply to uses of this product that are covered by the Worker Protection Standard.

DO NOT enter or allow worker entry into treated areas during the restricted-entry interval (REI) of **24 hours**.

PPE required for early entry to treated areas that is permitted under the Worker Protection Standard and that involves contact with anything that has been treated, such as plants, soil, or water, is:

- Coveralls
- Waterproof gloves
- Shoes plus socks

NONAGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS

The requirements in this box apply to uses of this product that are NOT within the scope of the Worker Protection Standard for agricultural pesticides (40 CFR Part 170). The WPS applies when this product is used to produce agricultural plants on farms, forests, nurseries, or greenhouses.

DO NOT enter or allow others to enter the treated area until dusts have settled.

FAILURE TO FOLLOW THE DIRECTIONS FOR USE AND PRECAUTIONS ON THIS LABEL MAY RESULT IN POOR WEED CONTROL, CROP INJURY, OR RESIDUES.

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

DO NOT contaminate water, food, or feed by storage or disposal.

Pesticide Storage

DO NOT store above 120° F. Store in original container and keep closed. Store in a cool, dry place.

Pesticide Disposal

Wastes resulting from the use of this product may be disposed of on-site or at an approved waste disposal facility.

Container Handling

(for paper or plastic bags)

Nonrefillable Container. DO NOT reuse or refill this container. After completely emptying container into application equipment, dispose of empty bag in a sanitary landfill, or by incineration, or by other procedures approved by state and local authorities.

Observe all cautions and limitations on this label and the labels of products used in combination with

Pendulum® 1.15% Plus Fertilizer. The use of Pendulum 1.15% Plus Fertilizer not consistent with this label can result in injury to crops, animals, or persons. Keep containers closed to avoid spills and contamination.

Product Information

Pendulum 1.15% Plus Fertilizer is a combination preemergence herbicide and fertilizer formulated to provide
control of most annual grasses and certain broadleaf
weeds found in any turfgrass site (lawns, sod, turf areas).
Examples of such sites include, but are not limited to: golf
courses, lawns in residential, commercial establishments,
or grounds around military or other institutions, parks, airports, roadsides, schools or cemeteries; athletic fields or
recreational areas; prairiegrass areas; and sod farms.
Pendulum 1.15% Plus Fertilizer can be used around
established ornamentals in the landscape and in established wildflower plantings. Pendulum 1.15% Plus
Fertilizer may be used for hardwood and conifer regener-

Pendulum 1.15% Plus Fertilizer is labeled for use on the following turfgrass species: Kentucky bluegrass, perennial ryegrass, fine fescue, tall fescue, bentgrass, *Poa annua* (except putting greens and tees), Bermudagrass, St. Augustinegrass, Bahiagrass, centipedegrass, zoysiagrass, and blends of these grasses.

ation on conservation reserve program land or similar

Pendulum 1.15% Plus Fertilizer controls weeds as they germinate but will not control established weeds. Therefore, areas to be treated should be free of established weeds. Unusually cold, excessively wet, or hot and dry conditions that delay germination or extend germination over a long period of time can reduce weed control.

Application Instructions

Apply product uniformly at the specified rate using a properly calibrated spreader. The efficacy of **Pendulum 1.15% Plus Fertilizer** will be improved if the application is followed by 1/2 inch of rainfall or its equivalent in sprinkler irrigation. This will remove the product from the turfgrass foliage and establish a preemergence herbicide barrier in the soil. If **Pendulum 1.15% Plus Fertilizer** is not activated by rainfall or irrigation within 30 days, erratic weed control may result.

Avoid contact of product with porous surfaces such as driveways, stone, or wood. Removing particles will help prevent staining.

Pendulum 1.15% Plus Fertilizer can be applied before or after postemergence herbicides used to control emerged weeds in turfgrasses. For annual grass control, applications can be made with **Segment® herbicide**, Acclaim Extra® herbicide, or MSMA-containing products to control emerged weeds. Broadleaf weeds can be controlled using **Trimec® herbicide**; 2,4-D; and other similar products.

Applied according to label directions and under normal growing conditions, **Pendulum 1.15% Plus Fertilizer** will not cause injury to desirable plants. Overapplication can result in stand loss, plant injury, or soil residues. Uneven application can decrease weed control or cause plant injury.

Seedling diseases, cold weather, excessive moisture, high soil pH, high soil salt concentration, or drought can weaken seedlings and plants and increase the possibility of plant damage from **Pendulum 1.15% Plus Fertilizer**.

Apply with properly calibrated spreader equipment to provide uniform distribution. Check application routinely to determine proper calibration. Avoid overlaps that will increase rates above those specified. Avoid application when winds may cause drift.

Spreader Settings

Spreader Type	<u>Settings</u>
Χ	XXX
Υ	XXX
Ζ	XXX

Maximum Application Rate by Use Site

Use Site	lbs Product/A	Ibs Product/ 1000 ft ²	lbs a.i./A
Residential* and Sod Farm Turf	174	3.9	2.0
Golf Course, Commercial and other Non- residential Turf Sites	261	5.9	3.0

^{*} Residential is defined as turf in any residential situation as well as home lawns, schools, parks and playgrounds.

Florida Specific Requirements for Fertilizer Use

For applications to sports turf at golf courses, parks and athletic fields:

DO NOT exceed fertilizer rates recommended in publication #SL191 released on January 23, 2017, "Recommendations for N, P, K and Mg for Golf Course and Athletic Field Fertilization Based on Mehlich III Extractant". Copies may be downloaded from https://edis.ifas.ufl.edu/publication/SS404.

Follow "Best Management Practices for the Enhancement of Environmental Quality on Florida Golf Courses," published by the Florida Department of Environmental Protection, dated January 2007. Copies may be downloaded from https://floridadep.gov/sites/default/files/glfbmp07.pdf.

For all fertilizer uses other than as a specialty fertilizer on urban turf:

DO NOT exceed rates recommended in the document titled Best Management Practices for Protection of Water Resources in Florida, June 2002, Florida Green Industries. This document may be downloaded from https://www.sfwmd.gov/sites/default/files/documents/fl_green_bmp.pdf.

Weeds Controlled

Pendulum® 1.15% Plus Fertilizer provides preemergence control of weed species listed. Applications can be made around and over the top of ornamentals and to sites listed on this label.

Grasses Controlled	
Common Name	Scientific Name
Barnyardgrass	Echinochloa crus-galli
Bluegrass, Annual	Poa annua
Crabgrass	Digitaria spp.
Crowfootgrass	Dactyloctenium aegyptium
Foxtail, Giant	Setaria faberi
Foxtail, Green	Setaria viridis
Foxtail, Yellow	Setaria glauca
Goosegrass	Eleusine indica
Itchgrass	Rottboellia exaltata
Johnsongrass (from seed)	Sorghum halepense
Junglerice	Echinochloa colona
Lovegrass (from seed)	Eragrostis spp.
Panicum, Browntop	Panicum fasciculatum
Panicum, Fall	Panicum dichotomiflorum
Panicum, Texas	Panicum texanum
Sandbur, Field	Cenchrus incertus
Signalgrass	Brachiaria platyphylla

Grasses Controlled	,
Common Name	Scientific Name
Sprangletop, Mexican	Leptochloa uninervia
Sprangletop, Red	Leptochloa filiformis
Witchgrass	Panicum capillare
Woolly Cupgrass	Eriochloa villosa
Broadleaf Weeds C	ontrolled
Common Name	Scientific Name
Burweed, Lawn	Soliva pterosperma
Carpetweed	Mollugo verticillata
Chickweed, Common	Stellaria media
Chickweed, Mouseear	Cerastium vulgatum
Clover, Hop	Trifolium procumbens
Cudweed	Gnaphalium spp.
Evening primrose	Oenothera biennis
Fiddleneck	Amsinckia intermedia
Filaree	Erodium spp.

Abutilon theophrasti

(continued)

Velvetleaf (Buttonweed)

Turfgrass

Residential, Golf Course, Commercial and other Non-residential Sites Application Rates For Preemergence Weed Control¹

Turfgrass Species	Weed	Pendulum [®] 1.15% Plus Fertilizer Rate	Comment
Cool-season Grass			
Bluegrass, Kentucky Fescue, fine Fescue, tall Ryegrass, perennial	crabgrass foxtail Poa annua barnyardgrass fall panicum oxalis prostrate spurge purslane knotweed evening primrose hop clover	All Turf Uses 130-174 lbs/acre as the initial application before weed germination in the spring	Apply a repeat application of 87-130 lbs/acre after 5-8 weeks for extended control or where heavy weed infestations are expected.
	goosegrass	Residential and Sod Farm Turf Uses Only ² 130-174 lbs/acre in the spring before weed germination Golf Course, Commercial and other Non-residential Turf Sites 130-261 lbs/acre in the spring before weed germination	Apply a repeat application of 87 lbs/acre after 5-8 weeks if the lower rate was used initially or for extended goosegrass control.
	cudweed Poa annua chickweed lawn burweed henbit corn speedwell	All Turf Uses 130-174 lbs/acre	Apply in late summer or early fall before weed germination. Apply a repeat application of 130-174 lbs/acre after 5-8 weeks for extended Poa annua control.
Bentgrass or established <i>Poa annua</i> ³ (1/2 inch or taller)	crabgrass foxtail Poa annua barnyardgrass fall panicum oxalis prostrate spurge purslane knotweed evening primrose hop clover	All Turf Uses (Non-greens and Tees) 130 lbs/acre in the spring before weed germination	Apply a repeat application of 87-130 lbs/acre after 5-8 weeks where heavy weed infestations are expected.
	goosegrass	All Turf Uses (Non-greens and Tees) 130 lbs/acre in the spring before weed germination	Apply a repeat application of 130 lbs/acre after 5-8 weeks for extended control.
	cudweed Poa annua chickweed lawn burweed henbit corn speedwell	All Turf Uses (Non-greens and Tees) 130-174 lbs/acre	Apply in late summer or early fall before weed germination.

Application Rates For Preemergence Weed Control¹ (continued)

Turfgrass Species	Weed	Pendulum [®] 1.15% Plus Fertilizer Rate	Comment
Warm-season Grass			
Bahiagrass Bermudagrass Buffalograss Centipedegrass Fescue, tall St. Augustinegrass Zoysiagrass	crabgrass foxtail Poa annua barnyardgrass fall panicum oxalis prostrate spurge purslane knotweed evening primrose hop clover	Residential and Sod Farm Turf Uses Only ² 130-174 lbs/acre in the spring before weed germination Golf Course, Commerical and other Non-residential Turf Sites 130-261 lbs/acre in the spring before weed germination	Apply a repeat application of 87-130 lbs/acre after 5-8 weeks if necessary.
	goosegrass	All Turf Uses (Non-greens and Tees) 130 lbs/acre before weed germination in the spring. Apply a repeat application of 130-174 lbs/ acre after 5-8 weeks.	An additional application of 130 lbs/acre may be applied for extended goosegrass control 8 weeks after the second application.
	cudweed Poa annua chickweed lawn burweed henbit corn speedwell	All Turf Uses 130-174 lbs/acre	Apply in late summer or early fall before weed germination. Apply a repeat application of 130-174 lbs/acre after 5-8 weeks for extended Poa annua control.

¹ **DO NOT** exceed a maximum rate of 174 pounds **per acre per application** for use on residential turfgrass and sod farm turfgrass. **DO NOT** exceed a maximum rate of 261 pounds **per acre per application** for use on golf course turfgrass, commercial or other non-residential turfgrass sites.

²Residential is defined as turf in any residential situation as well as home lawns, schools, parks and playgrounds.

³ Not for use on bentgrass or *Poa annua* greens or tees.

Turfgrass Precautions

Use on well-established turfgrass with a dense and uniform stand. On newly planted areas, application should not be made until turfgrass has filled in and been mowed at least 4 times. On turf thinned or damaged because of winter injury, excessive moisture, etc., allow for turf recovery before making an application.

Applications made to overseeded warm-season turfgrass may cause thinning or injury of the overseeded species.

DO NOT use on bentgrass or *Poa annua* greens and tees or injury may occur.

Delay reseeding or winter overseeding of treated turfgrass for at least three (3) months following the last **Pendulum® 1.15% Plus Fertilizer** application. Delay sprigging turfgrass for five (5) months after application.

Industrial (Unimproved) Turf

Industrial or unimproved turf areas often have a different spectrum of weeds to control than those found in fine turf. **Pendulum 1.15% Plus Fertilizer** will control annual grasses and broadleaf weeds listed for cool-season and warm-season grass, and the following weeds that might germinate in established grass in rights-of-way, roadsides, construction sites, parks, substations, lots, or similar areas: crowfootgrass, itchgrass, Johnsongrass (from seed), junglerice, lovegrass (from seed), browntop panicum, Texas panicum, field sandbur, signalgrass, Mexican sprangletop, red sprangletop, witchgrass, woolly cupgrass, carpetweed, fiddleneck, filaree, kochia, lambsquarters, pigweed, puncturevine, Florida pusley, London rocket, shepherdspurse, Pennsylvania smartweed, annual spurge, and velvetleaf.

Apply before weeds germinate. Use a postemergence herbicide such as 2,4-D; MCPA; MSMA; or similar product to control established weeds.

Landscape and Grounds Maintenance

Pendulum 1.15% Plus Fertilizer can be incorporated into landscape and grounds maintenance programs to provide extended preemergence control of most annual grasses and certain broadleaf weeds. Areas to be treated include but are not limited to established trees or ornamentals in the landscape or in mulch beds; or other commercially maintained landscape areas such as borders, around statuary or monuments in parks or in parking areas. If emerged weeds are present at time of application, either **shallow** cultivate to destroy existing weeds or, where practical, remove by hand or apply a postemergence product labeled for such use before an application of Pendulum 1.15% Plus Fertilizer. Pendulum 1.15% Plus Fertilizer may be used before or after application of herbicides registered for postemergence use (i.e. Segment® herbicide, Roundup PRO® herbicide or Finale® herbicide) for the control of established weeds.

DO NOT apply sprays containing **Roundup® herbicide** or **Finale** over the top of desirable plants, and follow label restrictions. A **Pendulum 1.15% Plus Fertilizer** treatment may be followed by any registered herbicide to control weeds not listed on the **Pendulum 1.15% Plus Fertilizer** label.

Ornamental Bulbs

Pendulum 1.15% Plus Fertilizer may be applied for control of susceptible annual weeds in ornamental bulbs listed on the label (crocus, daffodil (narcissus), gladiolus, tulip, etc.). Apply **Pendulum 1.15% Plus Fertilizer** before, during or after bulb emergence. If weeds have already germinated, use a labeled postemergence herbicide to control emerged weeds.

Wildflowers

Pendulum 1.15% Plus Fertilizer may be applied for control of susceptible annual weeds in plantings of wildflowers listed on the label (black-eyed Susan, California poppy, coreopsis, oxeye daisy, etc.). Pendulum 1.15% Plus Fertilizer may be applied to established perennial wildflowers before emergence of weeds or wildflowers. For wildflowers being established from seed, apply Pendulum 1.15% Plus Fertilizer after wildflowers have emerged but before weed germination. If weeds have already germinated, use a labeled postemergence product to control emerged weeds.

Because of the diversity of species and varieties which exist in areas where wildflowers are grown, the response to **Pendulum 1.15% Plus Fertilizer** may vary greatly. Carefully test desirable species to determine if area-wide applications can be made.

Ornamental Precautions

Apply **Pendulum 1.15% Plus Fertilizer** to established plantings. Care must be taken that soil or planting mixes have settled firmly following transplanting and that there are no cracks that would allow direct contact of **Pendulum 1.15% Plus Fertilizer** with roots. Applications where soil and media surfaces are uniformly covered will result in best weed control and ornamental tolerance. Plant only those desirable plant species listed on this label into soil treated the previous season with **Pendulum 1.15% Plus Fertilizer** or injury may occur.

Tolerant Ornamental Species

Pendulum® 1.15% Plus Fertilizer is safe around and over the top of the established plants listed below.

Trees		Trees (continued)	
Common Name	Scientific Name	Common Name	Scientific Name
Alder, European Black	Alnus glutinosa	Haw, Black	Viburnum prunifolium
Apple	Malus spp.	Hawthorn	Crataegus spp.
Arborvitae, American	Thuja occidentalis	Hemlock, Canada	Tsuga canadensis
Arbutus	Arbutus spp.	Hemlock, Eastern	Tsuga canadensis
Ash, Red	Fraxinus pennsylvanica	Holly, American	llex opaca
Ash, White	Fraxinus americana	Honeylocust	Gleditsia triacanthos
Aspen, Bigtooth	Populus grandidentata	Lilac, Common	Syringa vulgaris
Aspen, Quaking	Populus tremuloides	Lilac, Japanese Tree	Syringa reticulata
Basswood	Tilia spp.	Linden	Tilia spp.
Birch, European Weeping	Betula pendula	Magnolia, Saucer	Magnolia soulangiana
Birch, River	Betula nigra	Magnolia, Southern	Magnolia grandiflora
Buckeye, Red	Aesculus pavia	Magnolia, Star	Magnolia stellata
Cedar, White	Thuja occidentalis	Maidenhair Tree	Ginkgo biloba
Chamaecyparis, Boulevard	Chamaecyparis pisifera	Maple, Paper-bark	Acer griseum
Cherry, Black	Prunus serotina	Maple, Norway	Acer platanoides
Cherry, Choke	Prunus virginiana	Maple, Japanese	Acer palmatum
Cherry, Kwanzan	Prunus serrulata	Maple, Red	Acer rubrum
Cherry, Nanking	Prunus tomentosa	Maple, Sugar	Acer saccharum
Cottonwood	Populus deltoides	Nannyberry, Rusty	Viburnum rufidulum
Crabapple	Malus spp.	Oak, Chinquapin	Quercus muehlenbergii
Crape Myrtle	Lagerstroemia indica	Oak, Live	Quercus virginiana
Cryptomeria, Japanese	Cryptomeria japonica	Oak, Pin	Quercus palustris
Cedar		Oak, Red	Quercus rubra
Cypress, Bald	Taxodium distichum	Oak, Swamp Chestnut	Quercus michauxii
Cypress, Leyland	Cupressocyparis leylandii	Oak, Water	Quercus nigra
Dogwood, Flowering	Cornus florida	Oak, White	Quercus alba
Dogwood, Korean	Cornus kousa	Oak, Willow	Quercus phellos
Dogwood, Shrub	Cornus spp.	Olive	Olea europaea
Dogwood, Silky	Cornus amomum	Palm, Date	Phoenix spp.
Elm	Ulmus japonica	Palm, Fan	Washingtonia spp.
Fir, Balsam	Abies balsamae	Palm, Pindo	Butia spp.
Fir, Douglas	Pseudotsuga menziesii	Palm, Washington	Washingtonia spp.
Fir, Fraser	Abies fraseri	Peach	Prunus persica
Fir, White	Abies concolor	Pear, Bradford	Pyrus calleryana 'Bradfor
- - ranklinia	Franklinia spp.	Pecan	Carya illinoensis
Ginkgo	Ginkgo biloba	Pine, Austrian	Pinus nigra
Gum, Black	Nyssa sylvatica	Pine, Italian Stone	Pinus pinea
Gum, Sour	Nyssa sylvatica	Pine, Loblolly	Pinus taeda
	(continued)	Pine, Monterey	Pinus radiata

(continued)

Trees (continued)		Shrubs (continued)	
Common Name	Scientific Name	Common Name	Scientific Name
Pine, Red	Pinus resinosa	Buttonbush	Cephalanthus occidentalis
Pine, Scotch	Pinus sylvestris	Camellia	Camellia japonica
Pine, Virginia	Pinus virginiana	Cape Jasmine	Gardenia jasminoides
Pine, White	Pinus strobus	Cassia, Feathery	Cassia artemisioides
Plum, Purple Leaf	Prunus cerasifera	Cordyline	Cordyline spp.
Poplar, Black	Populus nigra	Correa	Correa spp.
Redcedar, Eastern	Juniperus virginiana	Cotoneaster	Cotoneaster apiculatus
Redcedar, Western	Thuja plicata	Cotoneaster, Bearberry	Cotoneaster dammeri
Red Ironbark	Eucalyptus sideroxylon	Cotoneaster, Rock	Cotoneaster horizontalis
	'Rosea'	Cypress, Italian	Cupressus sempervirens
Redwood, Dawn	Metasequoia	Cypress, Leyland	Cupressocyparis leylandii
0 0	glyptostroboides	Deutzia, Slender	Deutzia gracilis
Sequoia, Giant	Sequoiadendron giganteum	Dogwood, Red Twig	Cornus sericea
Serviceberry	Amelanchier laevis	Elaeagnus	Elaeagnus ebbingei
Sourwood	Oxydendrum arboreum	Escallonia	Escallonia fradesii
Spruce, Colorado Blue	Picea pungens	Euonymus	Euonymus fortunei
Spruce, Dwarf Alberta	Picea glauca 'Albertiana'	Euonymus, Golden	Euonymus japonica
Spruce, Norway	Picea abies	Euonymus, Winged	Euonymus alata
Spruce, White	Picea glauca	Firethorn	Pyracantha coccinea
Sweetgum	Liquidambar styraciflua	Forsythia, Border	Forsythia intermedia
Sycamore	Platanus occidentalis	Fragrant Olive	Osmanthus fragrans
Trachycarpus	Trachycarpus spp.	Fuchsia, California	Zauschineria californica
Tulip tree	Liriodendron tulipifera	Gardenia	Gardenia jasminoides
Walnut, Black	Juglans nigra	Hawthorne, Indian	Raphiolepis indica
Willow, Weeping	Salix babylonica	Hibiscus	Hibiscus syriacus
Yellowwood	Cladrastis lutea	Holly, Chinese	llex cornuta
Shrubs	<u> </u>	Holly, Fosters	llex attenuata 'Fosteri'
Common Name	Scientific Name	Holly, Japanese	llex crenata
		Holly, Savannah	llex attenuata
Abelia, Glossy	Abelia grandiflora	Holly, Yaupon	llex vomitoria
Aucuba, Gold	Aucuba japonica	Honeysuckle, Bush	Diervilla Ionicera
Azalea	Rhododendron spp.	Hopseed Bush	Dodonaea viscosa
Bamboo, Heavenly	Nandina domestica	Hopbush	Dodonaea viscosa
Barberry	Berberis gladwynensis	Hydrangea	Hydrangea macrophylla
Barberry, Japanese	Berberis thunbergii	Juniper	Juniperus spp.
Blue Indigo Bush	Dalea gregii	Juniper, Chinese	Juniperus chinensis v.
Bottlebrush, Lemon	Callistemon citrinus	53p5., 511000	pfitzer
Boxwood, Common	Buxus sempervirens	Juniper, Shore	Juniperus conferta
Boxwood, Japanese	Buxus microphylla	Juniper, Trailing	Juniperus horizontalis
Brittlebush	Encelia farinosa	Laurel, Cherry	Prunus laurocerasus
	(continued)	·	(continu

Shrubs (continued)	Octobrie No.	Shrubs (continued)	0.1
Common Name	Scientific Name	Common Name	Scientific Name
Laurel, Mountain	Kalmia latifolia	Sweet Bay	Laurus nobilis
Laurel, Otto Luyken	Prunus laurocerasus	Trumpet Bush	Tecoma stans
Laurel, Schipka	Prunus schipkanensis	Verbena, Lemon	Aloysia triphylla
Laurustinus	Viburnum tinus	Viburnum	Viburnum suspensum
Lavender, English	Lavandula angustifolia	Vitex	Vitex spp.
Leucothoe	Leucothoe fontanesiana	Weigela	Weigela florida
Leucothoe, Coast	Leucothoe axillaris	Wild Lilac	Ceanothus spp.
Lilac, Cut-leaf	Syringa laciniata	Wisteria	Wisteria spp.
Lily-of-the-Nile	Agapanthus africanus	Xylosma	Xylosma congestum
Mahonia	Mahonia aquifolium	Yellowbells	Tecoma stans
Mock Orange	Pittosporum tobira	Yew	Taxus media
Myrtle, Compact	Myrtus communis	Yew, Japanese	Taxus cuspidata
Myrtle, Wax	Myrica cerifera	Yew, Southern	Podocarpus macrophyllus
Nandina	Nandina domestica	Yucca, Adam's Needle	Yucca filamentosa
Oleander	Nerium oleander	Yucca, Weeping	Yucca pendula
Oregon Grape	Mahonia aquifolium	Ground Covers	
Osmanthus	Osmanthus fragrans	Common Name	Scientific Name
Palm, European Fan	Chamaerops humilis	Ajuga	Ajuga reptans
Palm, Mediterranean Fan	Chamaerops spp.	Baby Sun Rose	Aptenia cordifolia
Phlox, Prickly	Leptodactylon californicum	Beach Strawberry	Fragaria chiloensis
Photinia, Fraser	Photinia x fraseri	Capeweed	Arctotheca calendula
Pieris, Japanese	Pieris japonica	Cinquefoil, Spring	Potentilla verna
Pine, Mugo	Pinus mugo	Coyotebrush, Dwarf	Baccharis pitularis
Plum, Natal	Carissa grandiflora	Daisy, Trailing African	Osteospermum fruticosum
Privet, California	Ligustrum ovalifolium	Dymondia	Dymondia margaretae
Privet, Glossy	Ligustrum lucidum	Gazania	Gazania splendens
Privet, Variegated	Ligustrum sinensis	Iceplant, Large Leaf	Carpobrotus edulis
Privet, Waxleaf	Ligustrum japonicum	lvy, English	Hedera helix
Pyracantha	Pyracantha coccinea	Ivy, Geranium	Pelargonium peltatum
Quince, Flowering	Chaenomeles japonica	Jasmine, Asiatic	Trachelospermum
Ranger, Texas	Leucophyllum frutescens	dastrillio, Asiatio	asiaticum
Redroot	Ceanothus spp.	Jasmine, Primrose	Jasminum mesnyi
Rhododendron	Rhododendron spp.	Jessamine, Carolina	Gelsemium sempervirens
Robira	Pittosporum tobira	Manzanita, Bearberry	Arctostaphylos uva-ursi
Rose	Rosa spp.	Miscanthus	Miscanthus spp.
Spice Plant	• •	Mondograss	Ophiopogon japonica
•	Illicium parviflorum	Morningglory	Convolvulus spp.
Spirea Anthony Waterer	Spiraea vanhouttei	Myoporum	Myoporum parviflolium
Spirea, Anthony Waterer	Spiraea x bumalda	Pachysandra	Pachysandra terminalis
Spirea, Japanese	Spiraea japonica		

Ground Covers (continued)		Perennials (continued)	
Common Name	Scientific Name	Common Name	Scientific Name
Potentilla	Potentilla fruticosa	Daylily	Hemerocallis spp.
Red Apple	Aptenia cordifolia	False dragonhead	Physostegia virginiana
Rosemary	Rosemarinus officinalis	Fairy Duster	Calliandra eriophylla
Rose-of-Sharon	Hypericum calycinum	Fern, Asparagus	Asparagus officinalis
Sand Strawberry	Fragaria chiloensis	Fern, Boston	Nephrolepis exaltata
Sedum	Sedum spurium	Fern, Leatherleaf*	Rumohra adiantiformis
St. Johnswort, Creeping	Hypericum calycinum	Fern, Tree	Asparagus virgatus
Stonecrop	Sedum spurium	Fortnight Lily	Moraea spp.
Verbena, Peruvian	Verbena peruviana	Foxglove, Common	Digitalis purpurea
Vervain	Verbena peruviana	Freesia	Freesia x hybrida
Vetch, Crown	Vicia sativa	Fuchsia, Arizona	Zauschneria californica
Vinca or Greater Periwinkle	Vinca major	Gayfeather	Liatris spp.
Wintercreeper	Euonymous fortunei	Gaillardia	Gaillardia pulchella
Perennials		Geum	Geum spp.
Common Name	Scientific Name	Gladiolus	Gladiolus spp.
Acacia	Acacia redolens	Heather, Dwarf	Calluna vulgaris
Asparagus	Asparagus spp.	Hosta	Hosta spp.
Aster, New York	Aster novi-belgii	Hyssop, Sunset	Agastache rupestris
Aster, Stokes	Stokesia laevis	Indian Blanket	Gaillardia pulchella
Astilibe (False Spirea)	Astilibe spp.	Lantana, Weeping	Lantana montevidensis
Babys Breath	Gypsophila elegans	Leopards Bane	Doronicum cordatum
Beard-tongue	Penstemon spp.	Lily	Lillium spp.
Bellflower	Campanula spp.	Liriope, Big Blue	Liriope muscari
Bird of Paradise	Caesalpinia pulcherrima	Liriope, Creeping	Liriope spicata
Black-eyed Susan	Rudbeckia hirta	Liriope, Variegated	Liriope muscari
Blanket Flower	Gaillardia x grandiflora	Loosestrife, Garden	Lysimachia punctata
Bleeding Heart	Dicentra spectabilis	Montbretia	Crocosmia crocosmiiflora
Butterfly Weed	Asclepias tuberosa	Moonbeam	Coreopsis verticillata
California Poppy	Eschscholzia california	Nightshade	Solanum spp.
Calla Lily	Zantedeschia aethiopica	Orchid, Peacock	Acidanthera bicolor
Canna, Common Garden	Canna generalis 'Lucifer'	Oxeye Daisy	Chrysanthemum
Carex	Carex spp.		leucanthemum
Cast Iron plant	Aspidistra elatior	Peony, Chinese	Paeonia lactiflora
Chincherinchee	Ornithogalum thyrsoides	Purple Coneflower	Echinacea purpurea
Clover, Crimson	Trifolium incarnatum	Purple Loosestrife	Lythrum virgatum
Columbine	Aquilegia 'McKana Giant'	Rosemary	Rosmarinus officinalis
Coreopsis	Coreopsis lanceolata	Ruscus, Israeli	Ruscus hypophyllum
Crinum Lily	Crinum spp.	Sage, Russian	Perovskia atriplicifolia
Crocus	Crocus spp.	Sedge	Carex spp.
Daffodil	Narcissus spp.		(continue

Perennials (continued)	
Common Name	Scientific Name
Shasta Daisy	Chrysanthemum x superbum
Sweet Flag	Acorus calamus
Texas Bluebonnet	Lupinus texenis
Tickseed	Coreopsis lanceolata
Tulip	Tulipa spp.
Twinspur	Diasciascia barbaerae
Wonder Flower	Ornithogalum thyrsoides
Yarrow	Achillea millefolium
Zephyr Lily	Zephyranthes spp.
* Applications of Pendulum® 1.15% Plus Fertilizer to immature ferns (during periods of new growth of fronds) may result in some injury.	

Ornamental Grass

Common Name	Scientific Name
Beach Grass	Ammophila breviligulata
Fescue, Blue	Festuca ovina
Fescue, Sheep	Festuca ovina
Fountain Grass	Pennisetum setaceum
Pampas Grass	Cortaderia selloana
Reed Canary Grass	Phalaris arundinacea
Reed, Giant	Arundo spp.
Ribbon Grass	Phalaris arundinacea
Tufted Hair Grass	Deschampsia caespitosa

Bedding Plants*

beduing Flants	
Common Name	Scientific Name
Ageratum	Ageratum houstonianum
Alyssum	Alyssum saxatile
Anemone, Poppy-flowered	Anemone coronaria
Artemesia	Artemesia spp.
Balloonflower	Platycodon grandiflorum
Begonia	Begonia spp.
Cabbage, Ornamental	Brassica oleracea
Caladium	Caladium spp.
China Aster	Callistephus chinensis
Crocosmia, Montebretia	Crocosmia x crocosmiiflora
Dahlia	Dahlia spp.
Dianthus	Dianthus barbatus
Dusty Miller	Senecio cineraria
Gazania, Trailing	Gazania rigens leucolaena
Gazania, Treasure Flower	Gazania rigens

Bedding Plants* (continued)

	-	
Common Name	Scientific Name	
Geranium	Geranium spp.	
Gloxinia	Gloxinia simningia	
Impatiens	Impatiens spp.	
Kale, Ornamental	Brassica napus	
Marigold, African	Tagetes erecta	
Moss Rose	Portulaca grandiflora	
Mum, Garden	Chrysanthemum spp.	
Pansy, Garden	Viola x wittrockiana	
Periwinkle, Rose	Catharanthus roseus or Vinca rosea	
Petunia	Petunia spp.	
Plumosa Cockscomb	Celosia cristata	
Portulaca	Portulaca grandiflora	
Salvia	Salvia splendens	
Snapdragon	Antirrhinum majus	
Statice	Limonium spp.	
Sweet William	Dianthus barbatus	
Vinca or Periwinkle	Catharanthus roseus	
Zinnia	Zinnia spp.	
* After planting hedding plants and before Pendulum 1 15% Plus		

^{*} After planting bedding plants and before **Pendulum 1.15% Plus Fertilizer** is applied, the area to be treated should be watered sufficiently to pack soil around roots.

DO NOT treat plants grown for food or feed. **DO NOT** use treated plants for food or feed.

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