UNITED STATES

UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY WASHINGTON, D.C. 20460

OFFICE OF PREVENTION, PESTICIDES AND TOXIC SUBSTANCES <u>الم</u>

Mr. Jeffrey H. Birk, Ph.D. BASF Corporation Agricultural Products 26 Davis Drive Research Triangle Park, NC 27709

OCT 2 3 2008

Subject: Label Notification(s) for Pesticide Registration Notice 2007-4

Dear Dr Birk:

The Agency is in receipt of your Application(s) for Pesticide Notification under Pesticide Registration Notice (PRN) 2007-4 dated September 5, 08 for:

EPA Registration 241-417 Journey Herbicide

The Registration Division (RD) has conducted a review of this request for applicability under PRN 2007-4 and finds that the label change(s) requested falls within the scope of PRN-2007-4. The label has been date-stamped "Notification" and will be placed in our records.

Please be reminded that 40 CFR Part 156.140(a)(4) requires that a batch code, lot number, or other code identifying the batch of the pesticide distributed and sold be placed on <u>nonrefillable</u> containers. The code may appear either on the label (and can be added by non-notification/PR Notice 98-10) or durably marked on the container itself.

If you have any questions, please contact me directly at 703-305-6249 or Banza Djapao of my staff at 703-305-7269.

Sincerely,

Linda Arrington Notifications & Minor Formulations Team Leader Registration Division (7505P) Office of Pesticide Programs



The Chemical Company

September 5, 2008

U.S. Environmental Protection Agency Office of Pesticide Programs (7505P) Document Processing Desk 7504P (**NOTIF**) Room S-4900 One Potomac Yard 2777 S. Crystal Drive Arlington, VA 22202 Attention: Mr. James Tompkins, (PM 25)

RE: Notification complying with PRN 2007-4: Revised Journey[®] herbicide container disposal language EPA Reg. No. 241-417

Dear Mr. Tompkins:

BASF is hereby submitting a notification with revised labeling for Journey herbicide (EPA Reg. No. 241-417) to comply with the container disposal changes required by PRN 2007-4. No other substantive changes have been made to the labeling.

Enclosed please find:

Application form 8570-1

- CD containing electronic copy of the label
- Certification with Respect to Label Integrity
- Journey herbicide label
- Current Journey herbicide label

No PRIA fee is required for this notification.

Thank you for your assistance with this matter. If you should have any questions, please feel free to call me at (919) 547-2622.

Regards,

Jeffrey H. Birk, Ph.D. Regulatory Manager Phone 919-547-2622 Mobile : 919-225-9220 Fax: 919-547-2850 Email: jeffrey.birk@basf.com

[®] Registered Trademark of BASF

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"Notification of label change per PR Notice 2007-4. This notification is consistent with the guidance in PR Notice 2007-4 and the requirements of EPA's regulations at 40 CFR §§ 156.10, 156.140, 156.144, 156.146, and 156.156. No other changes have been made to the labeling or the Confidential Statement of Formula for this product. I understand that it is a violation of 18 U.S.C. Sec. 1001 to willfully make any false statement to EPA. I further understand that if the amended label is not consistent with the requirements of 40 CFR §§ 156.10, 156.140, 156.144, 156.146, and 156.156, this product may be in violation of FIFRA and I may be subject to enforcement action and penalties under sections 12 and 14 of FIFRA."

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Certification with Respect to Label Integrity

I certify that the information (including, but not limited to, text, tables, and graphics) contained in the electronic file identified below by file name and submitted with this certification is the same information as that on the paper copies of these documents included with this submission.

PROPOSED LABEL								
EPA Registration #	Date Submitted to EPA	Electronic file name						
241-417	9-5-08	000241-00417.200800905.NVA 2008-04-256-0222						

I certify that the statements that I have made on this form are true, accurate, and complete. I acknowledge that any knowingly false or misleading statements may be punishable by fine or imprisonment or both under applicable law.

Signature

Jeffrey H. Birk Name (typed)

Regulatory Manager Title 09/05/2008

Zy.

Date



For selective weeding, grass, forb and brush establishment and turf growth suppression on pastures, rangeland and specified noncrop areas

Active Ingredients:

Imazapic, (+)-2-[4,5-dihydro-4-methyl-4-(1-methylethyl)-5-oxo-1H-imidazol-2-yl]-5-	
methyl-3-pyridinecarboxylic acid*	8.13%
Glyphosate, N-(phosphonomethyl) glycine, in the form of its isopropylamine salt*	21.94%
Other Ingredients:	<u>_69.93%</u>
Total:	100.00%
*Equivalent to 8.13% (±)-2-[4,5-dihydro-4-methyl-4-(1-methylethyl)-5-oxo-1 <i>H</i> -imidazol-2-yl]-5-methyl-3-pyridinecarboxylic acid and	
16.26% N-(phosphonomethyl) glycine acid.	
(1 gallon contains 0.75 pounds of imazapic and 1.5 pounds of glyphosate active ingredient as the free acids)	

EPA Reg. No. 241-417

U.S. Patent No. 4798619

EPA Est. No.

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN CAUTION/PRECAUCIÓN

Si usted no entiende la etiqueta, busque a alguien para que se la explique a usted en detalle. (If you do not understand this label, find someone to explain it to you in detail.)

See inside for complete First Aid, Precautionary Statements, Directions For Use, and Conditions of Sale and Warranty.

In case of an emergency endangering life or property involving this product, call day or night, 1-800-832-HELP (4357).

NOTIFICATION

607 / 8 200

Net Contents:

BASF Corporation 26 Davis Drive Research Triangle Park, NC 27709



FIRST AID If in eyes • Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15 to 20 minutes. • Remove contact lenses, if present, after first 5 minutes; then continue rinsing. • Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice. HOT LINE NUMBER

Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor or going for treatment. You may also contact BASF Corporation for emergency medical treatment information: 1-800-832-HELP (4357).

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS

HAZARDS TO HUMANS AND DOMESTIC ANIMALS

CAUTION

Avoid contact with skin, eyes or clothing. Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling. Remove contaminated clothing and wash before reuse.

Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) Applicators and other handlers must wear:

- · Long-sleeved shirt and long pants.
- Chemical-resistant gloves made of any waterproof material.
- Shoes plus socks.

Follow manufacturer's instructions for cleaning and maintaining PPE. If no such instructions for washables, use detergent and hot water. Keep and wash PPE separately from other laundry.

User Safety Recommendations

Users should:

- Wash hands before eating, chewing gum, using tobacco or using the toilet.
- Remove clothing immediately if pesticide gets inside. Then wash thoroughly and put on clean clothing.

Environmental Hazards

DO NOT apply directly to water, or to areas where surface water is present, or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark.

DO NOT contaminate water when disposing of equipment washwaters or rinsate.

This chemical demonstrates the properties and characteristics associated with chemicals detected in ground water. The use of this chemical in areas where soils are permeable, particularly where the water table is shallow, may result in ground water contamination.

IMPORTANT

Journey® herbicide may be applied to non-irrigation ditches and low lying areas when water has drained, but may be isolated in pockets due to uneven or unlevel conditions. **DO NOT** treat the inside of irrigation ditches. **DO NOT** rinse equipment on or near desirable trees or ornamental plants, or on areas where their roots may extend, or in locations where the chemical may be washed or moved into contact with their roots. **DO NOT** use on residential lawns.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

It is a violation of federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.

DO NOT apply this product in a way that will contact workers or other persons, either directly or through drift. Only protected handlers may be in the area during application. For any requirements specific to your state or tribe, consult the agency responsible for pesticide regulation.

DO NOT use **Journey** on food or feed crops except as specified by this label or supplemental labeling.

DO NOT cut treated area for hay within 7 days after treatment.

When making new plantings of prairiegrass or wildflowers, carry-over from persistent herbicides, such as sulfonylurea, imidazolinone, triazine, substituted urea, dinitroanaline, and other herbicides applied the previous year, may result in compounded injury or death of desirable vegetation when treated with **Journey**.

When making applications around desirable trees or ornamental plants, small areas should be tested to determine the tolerance of a particular species to soil applications of **Journey**. See tolerance of trees and brush to **Journey** section of this label.

Observe all cautions and limitations on this label and on the labels of products used in combination with **Journey**. **DO NOT** use **Journey** other than in accordance with the instructions set forth on this label. The use of **Journey** not consistent with this label may result in injury to desirable vegetation. Keep containers closed to avoid spills and contamination.

DO NOT apply this product through any type of irrigation system.

DO NOT exceed 32 ounces of **Journey** per acre in a 12-month period.

AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS

Use this product only in accordance with its labeling and with the Worker Protection Standard, 40 CFR part 170. This Standard contains requirements for the protection of agricultural workers on farms, forests, nurseries, and greenhouses, and handlers of agricultural pesticides. It contains requirements for training, decontamination, notification, and emergency assistance. It also contains specific instructions and exceptions pertaining to the statements on this label about personal protective equipment (PPE) and restricted-entry interval. The requirements in this box only apply to uses of this product that are covered by the Worker Protection Standard.

DO NOT enter or allow worker entry into treated areas during the restricted-entry interval (REI) of **12 hours**.

PPE required for early entry to treated areas that is permitted under the Worker Protection Standard and that involves contact with anything that has been treated, such as plants, soil, or water, is:

- Coveralls
- Chemical-resistant gloves made of any waterproof material
- Shoes plus socks

NONAGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS

The requirements in this box apply to uses of this product that are NOT within the scope of the Worker Protection Standard (WPS) for agricultural pesticides (40 CFR Part 170). The WPS applies when this product is used to produce agricultural plants on farms, forests, nurseries, or greenhouses.

Noncrop weed control is not within the scope of the Worker Protection Standard. See the **General Information** section of this label for a description of non-crop sites.

DO NOT enter treated areas without protective clothing until sprays have dried.

Storage and Disposal

DO NOT contaminate water, food, or feed by storage or disposal.

Pesticide Storage. KEEP FROM FREEZING. DO NOT store below 20° F.

Pesticide Disposal. Wastes resulting from the use of this product may be disposed of on site or at an approved waste disposal facility.

CONTAINER DISPOSAL

Nonrefillable Container. DO NOT reuse or refill this container. Triple rinse or pressure rinse container (or equivalent) promptly after emptying; then offer for recycling, if available, or reconditioning, if appropriate, or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by incineration, or by other procedures approved by state and local authorities. Triple rinse containers small enough to shake (capacity \leq 5 gallons) as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank and drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Fill the container 1/4 full with water and recap. Shake for 10 seconds. Pour rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank, or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Repeat this procedure two more times.

Triple rinse containers too large to shake

(capacity > 5 gallons) as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank. Fill the container 1/4 full with water. Replace and tighten closures. Tip container on its side and roll it back and forth, ensuring at least one complete revolution, for 30 seconds. Stand the container on its end and tip it back and forth several times. Turn the container over onto its other end and tip it back and forth several times. Empty the rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank, or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Repeat this procedure two more times.

Pressure rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or mix tank and continue to drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Hold container upside down over application equipment or mix tank, or collect rinsate for later use or disposal. Insert pressure rinsing nozzle in the side of the container and rinse at about 40 PSI for at least 30 seconds. Drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip.

Refillable Container. Refill this container with pesticide only. **DO NOT** reuse this container for any other purpose. Triple rinsing the container before final disposal is the responsibility of the person disposing of the container. Cleaning before refilling is the responsibility of the refiller.

Triple rinse as follows: To clean the container before final disposal, empty the remaining contents from this container into application equipment or mix tank. Fill the container about 10% full with water. Agitate vigorously or recirculate water with the pump for 2 minutes. Pour or pump rinsate into application equipment or rinsate collection system. Repeat this rinsing procedure two more times.

When this container is empty, replace the cap and seal all openings that have been opened during use; return the container to the point of purchase or to a designated location. This container must only be refilled with a pesticide product. **DO NOT** reuse the container for any other purpose. Prior to refilling, inspect carefully for damage such as cracks, punctures, abrasions, worn-out threads and closure devices. Check for leaks after refilling and before transport. **DO NOT** transport if this container is damaged or leaking. If the container is damaged, or leaking, or obsolete and not returned to the point of purchase or to a designated location, triple rinse emptied container and offer for recycling, if available, or dispose of container in compliance with state and local regulations.

GENERAL INFORMATION

Journey® herbicide is an aqueous solution to be mixed with water and an adjuvant and applied as a spray solution to provide weed control and/or turf height suppression on pastures, rangeland (see Guidelines For Rangeland Use section), Conservation Reserve Program (CRP) land and specified noncropland areas that may be grazed or cut for hay. Noncropland areas that may be treated are railroad, utility, pipeline and highway rights-of-way, railroad crossings, nonagricultural fence rows, non-irrigation ditchbanks, prairie sites, airports, non-residential turf and industrial noncropland areas such as utility plant sites, petroleum tank farms, pumping installations, storage areas and industrial turf. Journey may be used for the release of unimproved common Bermudagrass, vegetation management prior to the establishment of certain native prairiegrasses, forbs, other grasses, desirable brush species and wildflowers (see appropriate sections) and for wildlife habitat management.

Journey is readily absorbed through leaves, stems, and roots and is translocated rapidly throughout the plant, with accumulation in the meristematic regions. Treated plants stop growing soon after spray application. Chlorosis appears first in the newest leaves, and necrosis spreads from this point. In perennials, the herbicide is translocated into, and kills, underground storage organs, which prevents regrowth. Chlorosis and tissue necrosis may not be apparent in some plant species for several weeks after application. Complete kill of plants may not occur for several weeks after application. Adequate soil moisture is important for optimum Journey activity. When adequate soil moisture is present, Journey will provide residual control of susceptible germinating weeds. Activity on established weeds will depend on the weed species and rooting depth. Journey is rainfast one hour after application.

Journey will control annual and perennial grasses and broadleaf weeds and vine species. Journey will provide residual control of labeled weeds which germinate in the treated area. Certain brush species and ornamentals may be injured by direct application of Journey to their foliage. This product may be applied either preemergence or postemergence to the weeds; however, postemergence application is the method of choice in most situations, particularly for perennial species. For maximum activity, weeds should be growing vigorously at the time of postemergence applications, and the spray solution should include an adjuvant (See Adjuvants section). These solutions may be applied as a broadcast or as a spot treatment using backpack or ground equipment.

Journey may be applied in the dormant or growing season for weed control.

Some yellowing of unimproved common Bermudagrass turf may occur with applications during the growing season. Depending on weather conditions, yellowing will usually disappear in 2 to 4 weeks. **Journey** should not be applied to newly seeded or sprigged grass stands, but may be applied prior to new seeding of certain species.

MANAGING OFF-TARGET MOVEMENT

Spray Drift: Avoiding spray drift at the application site is the responsibility of the applicator. The interaction of many equipment- and weather-related factors determine the potential for spray drift. The applicator and the grower are responsible for considering all these factors when making decisions.

Spray drift from applying this product may result in damage to sensitive plants adjacent to the treatment area. Only apply this product when the potential for drift to these and other adjacent sensitive areas (e.g. residential areas, bodies of water, known habitat for threatened or endangered species, or nontarget crops) is minimal. **DO NOT** apply when the following conditions exist that increase the likelihood of spray drift from intended targets: high or gusty winds, high temperatures, low humidity or temperature inversions.

To minimize spray drift, the applicator should be familiar with and take into account the following drift reduction advisory information. Additional information may be available from state enforcement agencies or the Cooperative Extension on the application of this product.

The best drift management strategy and most effective way to reduce drift potential is to apply large droplets that provide sufficient coverage and control. Applying larger droplets reduces drift potential but will not prevent drift if applications are made improperly or under unfavorable environmental conditions (see **Wind**, **Temperature and Humidity** and **Temperature Inversions**).

Controlling Droplet Size:

- Volume Use high flow rate nozzles to apply the highest practical spray volume. Nozzles with higher rated flows produce larger droplets.
- Pressure DO NOT exceed the nozzle manufacturer's recommended pressures. For many nozzle types, lower pressure produces larger droplets. When higher flow rates are needed, use higher flow rate nozzles instead of increasing pressure.
- Number of Nozzles Use the minimum number of nozzles that provide uniform coverage.
- Nozzle Orientation Orienting nozzles so that the spray is released parallel to the airstream produces larger droplets than other orientations and is recommended practice. Significant deflection from the horizontal will reduce droplet size and increase drift potential.
- Nozzle Type Use a nozzle type that is designed for the intended application. With most nozzle types, narrower spray angles produce larger droplets. Consider using low-drift nozzles. Solid-stream nozzles oriented straight back produce the largest droplets and the lowest drift. DO NOT use nozzles producing a mist droplet spray.

Application Height: Making applications at the lowest possible height (aircraft or ground driven spray boom) that is safe and practical reduces exposure of droplets to evaporation and wind.

Swath Adjustment: When applications are made with a crosswind, the swath will be displaced downwind. Therefore, on the up and downwind edges of the field, the applicator must compensate for this displacement by adjusting the path of the application equipment (e.g. air-craft or ground) upwind. Swath adjustment distance should increase with increasing drift potential (higher wind, smaller droplets, etc.).

Wind: Drift potential is lowest between wind speeds of 3-10 mph; however, many factors, including droplet size and equipment type, determine drift potential at any given speed. Application should be avoided below 3 mph due to variable wind direction and high inversion potential. **NOTE:** Local terrain can influence wind patterns. Every applicator should be familiar with local wind patterns and how they affect spray drift.

Temperature and Humidity: When making applications in low relative humidity, set up equipment to produce larger droplets to compensate for evaporation. Droplet evaporation is most severe when conditions are both hot and dry.

Temperature Inversions: Drift potential is high during a temperature inversion. Temperature inversions restrict vertical air mixing, which causes small suspended droplets to remain in a concentrated cloud, that can move in unpredictable directions due to the light variable winds common during inversions. Temperature inversions are characterized by increasing temperatures with altitude and are common on nights with limited cloud cover and light to no wind. They begin to form as the sun sets and often continue into the morning. Their presence can be indicated by ground fog; however, if fog is not present, inversions can also be identified by the movement of smoke from a ground source or an aircraft smoke generator. Smoke that layers and moves laterally in a concentrated cloud (under low wind conditions) indicates an inversion, while smoke that moves upward and rapidly dissipates indicates good vertical air mixing.

Wind Erosion: Avoid treating powdery, dry or light sandy soils when conditions are favorable for wind erosion. Under these conditions, the soil surface should first be settled by rainfall or irrigation.

Aerial Application Methods and Equipment: Use 2 or more gallons of water per acre. The actual minimum spray. volume per acre is determined by the spray equipment used. Use adequate spray volume to provide accurate and uniform distribution of spray particles over the treated area and to avoid spray drift.

Managing Spray Drift From Aerial Applications:

Applicators must follow these requirements to avoid offtarget drift movement: 1) boom length - the distance of the outermost nozzles on the boom must not exceed 3/4 the length of the wingspan or rotor, 2) nozzle orientation nozzles must always point backward parallel with the air stream and never be pointed downwards more than 45 degrees, and 3) application height - without compromising aircraft safety, applications should be made at a height of 10 feet or less above the crop canopy or tallest plants. Applicators must follow the most restrictive use cautions to avoid drift hazards; including those found in this labeling as well as applicable state and local regulations and ordinances.

Ground Application (Broadcast): Use 5 or more gallons of water per acre. The actual minimum spray volume per acre is determined by the spray equipment used. Use adequate spray volume to provide accurate and uniform distribution of spray particles over the treated area and to avoid spray drift.

MIXING INSTRUCTIONS

Fill the spray tank 1/2 to 3/4 full with clean water. Use a calibrated measuring device to measure the required amount of **Journey® herbicide**. Add **Journey** to the spray tank while agitating. Fill the remainder of the tank with water.

For postemergence applications, add a surfactant to the spray tank (See **Spray Adjuvants For Postemergence Applications**) section of this label for specific recommendations). Maintain agitation while spraying to ensure a uniform spray mixture. An antifoaming agent may be added to the tank if needed.

When tank mixing **Journey** with recommended herbicides, add wettable powders, dispersible granules or other dry formulations first, then ECs, then **Journey**, and then an adjuvant.

SPRAYING INSTRUCTIONS

In areas where spray drift is a concern **Journey** should not be applied during windy or gusty conditions unless applications are being made with an enclosed or shielded spray system and/or the addition of a drift control agent. **DO NOT** apply if rainfall is threatening. Rainfall within 1 hour after postemergence **Journey** application may reduce weed control.

GROUND APPLICATIONS

Uniformly apply with properly calibrated ground equipment in 2 or more gallons of water per acre. Application equipment specially designed to make low volume application should be used when making applications using less than 10 gallons of water per acre. A spray pressure of 20 to 40 psi is recommended.

Adjust the boom height to ensure proper coverage of weed foliage or soil surface (according to the manufacturer's recommendation). Avoid overlaps when spraying.

SPOT TREATMENTS

To prepare the spray solution, thoroughly mix in water 0.625 to 13% (0.8 to 17 oz/galion water) **Journey** plus an adjuvant (see **Spray Adjuvants For Postemergence Applications** section). A methylated seed oil at 1% by

spray volume is the recommended spray adjuvant. When making spot applications, spray coverage should be sufficient to moisten the leaves of the target vegetation, but not to the point of runoff. See section on desired species and **DO NOT** exceed the specified **Journey®** herbicide rate per acre. Also see **Weeds Controlled**, **Special Weeds Controlled** and **Residual Bareground Weed Control** sections of this label for specific rate and/or tank mix instructions. **DO NOT** apply more than 32 oz of **Journey** per acre.

AERIAL APPLICATION

All precautions should be taken to minimize or eliminate spray drift. Fixed wing aircraft and helicopters can be used to apply **Journey**; however, when making applications by fixed wing aircraft, maintain appropriate buffer zones to prevent spray drift out of the target area. Aerial equipment designed to minimize spray drift such as a helicopter equipped with a **Microfoil**[®] boom, or **Thru-Valve™** boom or raindrop nozzles, must be used and calibrated. Except when applying with a **Microfoil** boom, a drift control agent may be added at the recommended label rate. To avoid drift, applications should not be made during inversion conditions, when winds are gusty, or under any other conditions that promote spray drift.

Uniformly apply specified amount of **Journey** in sufficient spray volume to provide adequate coverage of target area or foliage. Include an adjuvant in the spray solution (See **Spray Adjuvants For Postemergence Applications** section). A foam-reducing agent may be added at the recommended rate, if needed.

IMPORTANT: Thoroughly clean application equipment, including landing gear, immediately after use of this product. Prolonged exposure of this product to uncoated steel (except stainless steel) surfaces may result in corrosion and failure of the exposed part. The maintenance of an organic coating (paint) may prevent corrosion.

Avoid overlaps when spraying.

SPRAY ADJUVANTS FOR POSTEMERGENCE APPLICATIONS

Postemergence applications of **Journey** require a spray adjuvant. See **Special Weed Control** section. Due to variations in surfactant contents, certain surfactants containing high amounts of alcohols, paraffin-based petroleum oils, and other compounds which can increase phytotoxicity to desirable vegetation, it is recommended to choose a low phytotoxic surfactant.

Methylated Seed Oils or Vegetable Oil Concentrates:

Instead of a surfactant, a methylated vegetable-based seed oil concentrate containing 5% to 20% surfactant and the remainder methylated vegetable oil is the preferred adjuvant for use with **Journey**, and may be used at the rate of 1.5 to 2 pints per acre. Methylated seed oils provide their greatest effects at 30 GPA or less. At spray volumes above 50 GPA, their advantage appears negated. When using spray volumes greater than 30 gallons per acre, methylated seed oil or vegetable-based seed oil

concentrates should be mixed at a rate of 1% of the total spray volume or alternatively use a nonionic surfactant as described below. Research indicates these oils may aid in deposition and uptake of **Journey** for hard-to-control perennials, waxy leaf species or when plants are under moisture or temperature stress.

Nonionic Surfactants: Use a nonionic surfactant at the rate of 0.25% v/v or higher (see manufacturer's label) of the spray solution (0.25% v/v is equivalent to 1 quart in 100 gallons). For best results, select a nonionic surfactant with an HLB (hydrophilic to lipophilic balance) ratio between 12 and 17 and having at least 60% surfactant in the formulated product (alcohols, fatty acids, oils, ethylene glycol or diethylene glycol should not be considered as surfactants to meet the above requirements).

Silicone-based Surfactants: See manufacturer's label for specific rate recommendations. Silicone-based surfactants may reduce the surface tension of the spray droplet allowing greater spreading on the leaf surface as compared to conventional nonionic surfactants. However, some silicone-based surfactants may dry too quickly, limiting herbicide uptake and higher spray volumes may exhibit "runoff".

Fertilizer/Surfactant Blends: Nitrogen-based liquid fertilizers such as 28% N, 32% N, 10-34-0, or ammonium sulfate, may be added at the rate of 2 to 3 pints per acre in combination with the recommended rate of nonionic surfactant or methylated seed oil. Research indicates that nitrogen-based fertilizers aid in the burndown of annual weeds and increase **Journey** uptake through waxy leaf species. The use of fertilizers in a tank mix without a nonionic surfactant or a methylated seed oil is not recommended and may result in herbicide failure.

TANK MIXES

Journey may be tank mixed with Pendulum[®] AquaCap[™] herbicide for additional control of late season annual grasses and certain broadleaves. For additional weed control, Journey may be tank mixed with Accord[®], Roundup Pro[®], Roundup Ultra[®], glyphosate, Arsenal[®], diuron, Campaign[®], Finale[®], Garlon[®] 3A, MSMA, Vanquish[®], Overdrive[®], Sahara[®] DG, Oust[®], Escort[®], or Tordon[®] herbicides, or other labeled products. A compatibility test is advised for products not listed. Tank mixtures with 2,4-D and other phenoxy type herbicides have resulted in reduced control of perennial grass weeds.

Consult manufacturer's labels for specific rates and weeds controlled. Always follow the more restrictive label when making an application involving tank mixes.

FOR WEED CONTROL IN PASTURE AND RANGELAND

For the control of undesirable weeds in pasture and rangeland (see **Guidelines For Rangeland Use** section), apply **Journey** at rates up to 32 oz per acre as a broadcast treatment or as a 0.625% to 13% solution with 1.0% MSO for spot treatments. See appropriate sections of this label for specific use directions. **Journey®** herbicide applied to desirable forage grasses will cause injury, delayed green-up, growth suppression and possible mortality. Use of spot treatments and/or localized broadcast applications should be considered when applications are to be made with desirable forage grasses present.

GRAZING AND HAYING RESTRICTIONS

There are no grazing restrictions with Journey.

DO NOT cut grass for hay until 7 days after **Journey** treatment.

GUIDELINES FOR RANGELAND USE

Journey may be applied to rangeland for the control of undesirable vegetation in order to achieve one or more of the following vegetation management objectives:

- 1. The control of undesirable (non-native, invasive and noxious) plant species.
- 2. The control of undesirable vegetation in order to aid in the establishment of desirable rangeland plant species.
- The control of undesirable vegetation in order to aid in the establishment of desirable rangeland vegetation following a fire.
- The control of undesirable vegetation for purposes of wildfire fuel reduction.
- 5. The release of existing desirable rangeland plant communities from the competitive pressure of undesirable plant species.
- 6. The control of undesirable vegetation for purposes of wildlife habitat improvement.

To ensure the protection of threatened and endangered plants when applying **Journey** to rangeland:

- Federal agencies must follow NEPA regulations to ensure protection of threatened and endangered plants.
- 2. State agencies must work with the Fish and Wildlife Service or the Service's designated state conservation agency to ensure protection of threatened and endangered plants.
- Other organizations or individuals must operate under a Habitat Conservation Plan if threatened or endangered plants are known to be present on the land to be treated.

Please see the appropriate section(s) of this label for specific use directions for the desired rangeland vegetation management objective.

Journey should only be applied to a given rangeland acre as specific weed problems arise. For the control of annual weed species such as cheatgrass, downy brome and Medusahead rye, a single application of **Journey** that coincides with the successful establishment and/or release of desirable rangeland vegetation and the use of available IPM can provide effective, sustainable control of the annual weed problem. For difficult to control perennial weed species such as leafy spurge, Dalmatian toadflax and Russian knapweed, a single broadcast application of **Journey** should be effective in most cases. If needed, spot treatments with **Journey** can be used to control any remnant plants or new seedlings that may emerge. Long-term control of undesirable weed species ultimately depends on the successful use of land management practices that promote the growth and sustainability of desirable rangeland plant species.

FOR THE CONTROL OF UNDESIRABLE WEEDS IN UNIMPROVED COMMON AND COASTAL BERMUDAGRASS WITHIN NONCROPLAND AREAS ONLY

Common Bermudagrass: Journey may be used on unimproved common Bermudagrass turf such as roadsides, utility rights-of-way, railroad crossings, airports, nonirrigation drainage ditches and other industrial noncropland sites. Depending on application timing and **Journey** rate, some foliar, stolon, and seedhead suppression may occur for up to eight weeks after application. Apply Journey at a rate of 11 to 32 oz per acre after Bermudagrass has reached full green-up. Spring applications made prior to full green-up may delay green-up. Always add a surfactant when applying Journey. DO NOT apply to grass under stress from drought, disease, insects or other causes. Simultaneous mow/spray operations may suppress internode development. After mowing, allow adequate foliage regrowth prior to Journey application as some internode suppression may prevent Bermudagrass from quickly recovering from mowing.

Applications made during transition from dormancy to full green-up will significantly delay green-up and subsequent Bermudagrass growth. It is recommended that **Journey** applications not be made during transition unless the delay in green-up and growth can be tolerated.

Journey will cause unacceptable injury and/or death if used on turf-type Bermudagrass.

Established Coastal Bermudagrass: Journey at 11 to 21.3 oz per acre will provide control of labeled weeds as well as foliar and seed head suppression of established coastal Bermudagrass. Depending on environmental conditions and weed pressure, the longevity of suppression and weed control increases as the **Journey** rate increases. However, coastal Bermudagrass is not as tolerant as common Bermudagrass, and care should be taken not to exceed the specified rates. **DO NOT** use on hybrid varieties such as Tifton 85, New World, etc. **DO NOT** apply to grass under stress from drought, disease, insects or other causes.

Winter Annual Weed Control: Apply Journey at the rate of 16 to 32 oz per acre while winter weeds are actively growing. Early spring applications may delay green-up of Bermudagrass turf.

Summer Annual Weeds: For best results, apply **Journey** at the rate of 16 to 21 oz early postemergence before weeds have reached 6 inches in height. Larger weeds may be controlled depending on susceptibility, growing conditions, tank mix partner and adjuvant selection.

Perennial Weeds: Apply **Journey** at the rate of 16 to 32 oz per acre postemergence after weeds have

produced adequate foliage for herbicide uptake. For a particular weed, see **Special Weed Control** section below. **Bahiagrass Control:** Apply **Journey® herbicide** at the rate of 16 to 32 oz per acre postemergence. See **Special Weed Control** section below for instructions.

TALL FESCUE CONTROL

Tall fescue can be controlled by using Journey at the rate of 32 oz per acre plus methylated seed oil at 2 pints per acre. The addition of nitrogen fertilizer (See Spray Adjuvants For Postemergence Applications section) will aid in control. Tall fescue must be actively growing for optimum control. If tall fescue has reached the boot stage or has reached summer dormancy, control may be poor. For improved control of tall fescue, Journey may be tank mixed with Accord® herbicide, Roundup Pro® herbicide, or glyphosate. Fall applications of Journey at 21.3 to 32 oz/A plus Accord or Roundup Pro at 8 to 48 oz/A will result in best control of existing tall fescue and new germinating seedlings. With spring applications, use Journey at 16 to 32 oz/A, plus Accord or Roundup Pro at 16 to 48 oz/A. Use higher rates for older, mature fescue stands. Burning the fescue stand, where permitted, during the winter dormant period will aid in control by removing plant residues that can interfere with spray coverage. Mowing the fescue several times the summer before fall or spring applications will weaken the fescue root system making it more susceptible to herbicides. Always allow for at least 10 inches of regrowth following the last mowing before spraying, as both Journey and glyphosate products need foliage present for herbicide uptake and satisfactory control.

Tall Fescue Conversion To Big Bluestem, Little Bluestem and Indiangrass: Journey can be used for the control of tall fescue in the fall prior to the spring establishment of big bluestem, little bluestem and Indiangrass. Other prairiegrass species and forbs that may be included in the seed mix will have varying tolerance to this treatment. Journey control of tall fescue is best when applied in the fall, but spring applications can be effective when the tall fescue stand has been weakened by mowing, burning or a combination of the two. Journey should be applied in the fall or spring at a rate of 32 oz per acre plus 32 oz of Roundup Pro, Accord or glyphosate and 32 oz per acre of methylated seed oil. This application will provide control of established tall fescue stands along with residual control of tall fescue seedlings that germinate in the spring. Burning the fescue stand, where permitted, during the winter dormant period will aid in control by removing plant residues that can interfere with spray coverage and provide a better seedbed for planting. Mowing the fescue several times the summer before fall or spring applications will weaken the fescue root system making it more susceptible to herbicides. Always allow for at least 10 inches of regrowth following the last mowing before spraying, as both Journey and Roundup products need foliage present for herbicide uptake and satisfactory control.

SITE PREPARATION PRIOR TO THE ESTABLISHMENT OF DESIRABLE PLANT SPECIES

Journey may be used to control noxious weeds and other undesirable vegetation in preparation for the establishment of desirable plant species including some native prairiegrasses, other grasses, desirable brush, wildflowers and legumes. Because of the residual weed control characteristics of **Journey**, only certain desirable species canbe planted following a Journey application. Desirable plant species other than those listed below may be established following a **Journey** application, but significant stand thinning or stand loss may occur. Desirable plant species tolerance will also be determined by the time duration between the **Journey** application and planting. the density of undesirable vegetation at the time of application and environmental factors. A longer time interval and higher undesirable vegetation cover will increase seeded desirable species tolerance.

For site preparation in noncropland areas prior to prairiegrass, wildflower and/or legume establishment. apply **Journey** preemergence or postemergence to the existing vegetation during active growth at a rate of 10.7 to 32 oz per acre. In prepared seedbeds, a maximum of 10.7 oz per acre should be used in the spring prior to planting tolerant wildflower and legume species. Always include a spray adjuvant, preferably a methylated seed oil. at 1 quart per acre. See Weeds Controlled and Special Weed Control sections of this label for specific use instructions. For rangeland applications to control cheatgrass, Medusahead, annual mustards, etc., apply Journey preemergence or early postemergence to these weeds prior to planting. For best results for cheatgrass control, apply Journey late summer or fall before cheatgrass emerges and prior to planting desirable species. Journey can also be used as a site preparation in this manner prior to planting sage brush seedlings. The native prairiegrass, other grasses and wildflower species listed below, may be planted at any time in the spring following the Journey application.

TOLERANT GRASS SPECIES WHEN PLANTED AFTER SITE PREPARATION WITH JOURNEY® HERBICIDE

Prairiegrass		Journey Rate (oz/A)'
Common Name	Genus species	Prior to Seeding
Big Bluestem	Andropogon gerardii	10.7 - 32.0
Little Bluestem	Schizachyrium scoparium	10.7 - 32.0
Indiangrass	Sorghastrum nutans	10.7 - 32.0
Sideoats Grama	Bouteloua curtipendula	10.7 - 21.3 ²
Blue Grama	Bouteloua gracilis	10.7 - 21.3 ²
Buffalograss	Buchloe dactyloides	10.7
Eastern Gamagrass	Tripsacum dactyloides	10.7 - 16.0 ²
Needlegrass	Stipa spp.	5.4 - 10.7
Sherman Big Bluegrass	Poa secunda	5.4 - 16.0
Sandberg's Bluegrass	Poa sandbergii	5.4 - 10.7
Wheatgrass	Various spp.	5.4 - 16.0 ³
Bottlebrush Squirreltail	Sitanian hystrix	5.4 - 10.7
Russian Wildrye	Elymus junceus	5.4 - 10.73
Basin Wildrye	Elymus cinereus	5.4 - 10.7

¹High rates may result in stunting and growth suppression.

²Journey applications prior to seeding sideoats and blue grama may result in thinning or loss of stand at higher rates.

³Different species of wheatgrass (*Agropyron, Elytrigia, Elymus, Pascopyrum, Pseudoroegneria*) may show stand thinning at higher rates depending on soil type and environmental conditions.

TOLERANT WILDFLOWER AND LEGUME SPECIES WHEN PLANTED IN THE SPRING FOLLOWING A FALL OR SPRING SITE PREPARATION TREATMENT WITH JOURNEY

Spring-Seeded Wildflowers a	nd Legumes	Maximum Journey Rate (oz/A) ¹		
Common Name	Genus Species	Fall Applied	Spring Applied	
Blackeyed Susan	Rudbeckia hirta	21.3	10.7	
Bundleflower, Illinois	Desmanthus illinoensis	10.7	10.7	
Chickory	Cichorium intybus	10.7	10.7	
Clover, Crimson	Trifolium incarnatum	21.3	10.7 .	
Coneflower, Upright Prairie	Ratibida columnifera	10.7	10.7	
Coneflower, Purple	Echinacea purpurea	21.3	10.7	
Coreopsis, Dwarf Red Plains	Coreopsis tinctoria var. Gay Feather	10.7	10.7	
Coreopsis, Plains	Coreopsis tinctoria	16.0	10.7	
Coreopsis, Lance-leaved	Coreopsis lanceolata	32.0	10.7	
Cosmos spp.	Cosmos spp.	21.3	10.7	
Cosmos, Yellow	Cosmos sulphureus	<u>2</u> 1.3	10.7	
Daisy, Ox-eye	Chrysanthemum leucanthemum	21.3	10.7	
Daisy, Shasta	Chrysanthemum maximum	10.7	10.7	
Gayfeather, Spiked (Liatris)	Liatris pycnostachya	10.7	10.7	
Johnny Jump-ups	Viola cornuta	21.3	10.7	
Lupine, Perennial	Lupinu perennis	32.0	10.7	
Lespedeza, Bicolor	Lespedeza	21.3	10.7	
Mexican Hat	Ratibida columnaris	10.7	10.7	
Partridgepea	Cassia fasciculata	32.0	10.7	
Phlox, Drummond	Phlox drummondii	32.0	10.7	
Poppy, California	Eschscholzia californica	10.7	10.7	
Poppy, Red Corn	Papaver sp.	21.3	10.7	
Poppy, Com	Papaver rhoeas	16.0 ,	10.7	
Prairieclover, Purple	Petalostermon purpureum	10.7	10.7	
Sunflower	Helianthus annuus	16.0	10.7	
Tickclover	Desmodium sp.	10.7	10.7	
Vetch, Crown	Coronilla varia	10.7	10.7	

¹Height suppression or stand reduction may occur at maximum use rate.

TOLERANCE OF TREES AND BRUSH TO JOURNEY® HERBICIDE

The following tolerance information is provided as a general guideline when it is desirable or necessary to make **Journey** applications around and under desirable tree and brush species. **DO NOT** use **Journey** on nursery, orchard, ornamental plantings, new plantings, seedling trees or fiber farms. It is suggested that **Journey** be tried on a limited basis to determine tolerance in your area. **Journey** may be used at rates up to 32 oz per acre for weed control in and around established trees, on pasture, rangeland (see **GUIDELINES FOR RANGELAND USE** section) and noncropland areas such as roadsides, prairies and similar areas used for wildlife cover, erosion control, wind breaks, etc. Tree and brush species known to have acceptable tolerance to **Journey** when applied under the canopy are listed below. Tolerance is based. upon trees with a minimum of 2-inch DBH. Application around and under tree and brush species that are under stress due to drought, disease, insect damage or other factors may be more susceptible to injury from **Journey** and may result in severe injury or death. Some species may exhibit tip chlorosis and minor necrosis. Foliar contact will increase injury to include defoliation and mortality. Application methods that minimize foliar contact with desirable tree and brush species must be used to achieve an acceptable level of tolerance.

BRUSH AND TREE SPECIES TOLERANCE TO JOURNEY AT 32 OZ PER ACRE³ WHEN APPLIED AROUND AND BENEATH WITH NO FOLIAR OR STEM CONTACT

Common Name	Genus species	Tolerance ²
Apple (Var. Winesap) ^a	Malus sylvestris	Yes
Ash, Blue	Fraxinus quadrangulata	Yes
Ash, Green	Fraxinus pennsylvanica	No
Azalea	Rhododendron spp.	No
Basswood	Tilia hetrophylla	No
Boxelder	Acer negundo	Yes
Buckeye, Ohio	Aesculus glabra	Yes
Cedar-juniper, Western	Thuja plicata	Yes
Cherry, Black ^a	Prunus serotina	No
Cherry, Choke	Prunus virginiana	No
Cherry, Sweet ^a	Prunus avium	No
Cottonwood	Populus deltoides	Yes
Cottonwood, Narrow Leaf	Populus spp.	Yes
Currant species	Ribes spp.	Injury⁵
Dogwood, Flowering	Cornus spp.	Yes
Dogwood, Grey	Cornus racemosa	Yes
Dogwood, Red Twig	Cornus spp.	Yes
Douglas Fir	Pseudotsuga menziesii	Yes
Elm, American	Ulmus americana	Yes
Elm, Siberian	Ulmus pumila	Yes
Elm, Slippery	Ulmus rubra	Yes
Gooseberry	Ribes spp.	 Injury⁵
Hackberry	Celtis occidentalis	Yes
Hawthorn	Crataegus spp.	Yes
Juniper, Chinese	Juniperus chinensis	Yes
Juniper, Western	Juniperus osteosperma	Yes
Lilac	Syringa spp.	No
Linden, American	Tilia americana	No
Locust, Black	Robinia pseudoacacia	Yes
Locust, Honey	Gleditsia triacanthos	Yes
Maple, Red	Acer rubrum	Yes
Maple, Sugar	Acer saccharum	Yes
Mulberry, Red	Morus rubra	Yes
Mulberry, White	Morus alba	Yes
Oak, Black	Quercus velutina	Yes
Oak, Live	Quercus virginiana	Yes
Oak, Southern Red	Quercus falcata	Yes
Oak, White	Quercus alba	, Yes
Olive, Russian	Elaeagnus angustifolia	Yes
Osage Orange	Maclura pomifera	Yes
Peach (Var. Elberta) ^a	Prunus persica	Yes

BRUSH AND TREE SPECIES TOLERANCE TO JOURNEY® HERBICIDE AT 32 OZ PER ACRE' WHEN APPLIED AROUND AND BENEATH WITH NO FOLIAR OR STEM CONTACT (continued)

Common Name	Genus species	Tolerance ²
Photinia, Red Tip	Photinia fraseri	Yes
Pine, Lodgepole	Pinus contorta	Yes
Pine, White⁴	Pinus strobus	Yes
Pittosporum, Japanese	Pittosporum tobira	Yes
Plum species	Prunus spp.	Yes
Poplar, Yellow (Tulip)	Liriodendron tulipifera	Yes
Privet, Common	Ligustrum vulgare	Yes
Rabbitbrush species	Chrysothämnus spp.	Yes
Redbud	Cercis canadenis	Yes
Redcedar, Eastern	Juniperus virginiana	Yes
Rose, Multiflora	Rosa multiflora	Yes⁵
Sage, Big	Artemisia tridentata	Yes
Sage, Fringe	Artemisis frigida	Yes
Sage, Silver	Artemisia cana	Yes
Sagebrush, Big	Artemisia tridentata	Yes
Sagebrush, Fringed	Artemisia frigida	Yes
Saltcedar	Tamarix spp.	Yes
Serviceberry	Amelanchier alnifolia	Yes
Snowberry, Western	Symphoricarpos occidentalis	Yes
Spruce species	Picea spp.	Yes ⁴
Sugarberry	Celtis laevigata	Yes
Sweetgum	Liquidambar styraciflua	Yes
Sycamore	Plantanus occidentalis	Yes
Tree-of-Heaven	Ailanthus altissima	Yes
Walnut, American Black	Juglans nigra	Yes
Willow	Salix spp.	Yes

¹Not intended for nursery, orchard, ornamental plantings, new plantings or seedling trees.

²Yes = Tolerant

No = Not tolerant, severe injury or death.

³Not for use on ornamental or fruit bearing trees.

⁴Applications made just before or during candling may cause candle injury or death.

⁵Possible defoliation and/or death. Some species may exhibit tip chlorosis and minor necrosis. If spray contacts foliage, then defoliation and terminal death will occur. Injury can be reduced or eliminated if applied in fall after color change or leaf drop.

WILDLIFE HABITAT MANAGEMENT

Journey[®] herbicide may be used to control exotic and other undesirable vegetation for purposes of wildlife habitat management and enhancement within terrestrial noncrop sites including riparian and tree areas. Applications can be made to control undesirable vegetation prior to the establishment of desirable species and to release desirable species that may be present in the soil but suppressed by competitive vegetation. See specific sections of this label for weed control information.

USE OF JOURNEY ON FEDERAL CONSERVATION RESERVE PROGRAM (CRP) LAND

Journey may be used prior to planting desirable species on Federal Conservation Reserve Program (CRP) land at rates up to 32 oz per acre per year (see minimum plant-back intervals below). See appropriate section of this label for specific instructions for the intended use and desirable species tolerance. **DO NOT** use rates higher than 32 oz per acre per year on CRP land. **DO NOT** apply after newly seeded desirable species have begun to emerge. Failure to do so can result in significant stand loss.

ROTATIONAL CROP RESTRICTIONS

The following rotational crops may be planted following the specified interval after applying **Journey**.

Journey Use Rate (oz/A)	Minimum Plant-back Interval (Months After Journey Herbicide Application)						
<4	12	12	18	26	40		
5-8	12	14	22	30	44		
9-12	12	18	24	. 36	48		
Rotational Crops	Bahiagrass CLEARFIELD [®] corn hybrids Peanuts Rye Wheat	Snap beans Southern peas Soybeans Tobacco	Barley Cotton' Grain sorghum Oats	Field corn ² All crops not other- wise listed or includ- ed for use on this label ²	Canola ² Potatoes ² Red table beets ² Sugar beets ²		

¹For Arizona, New Mexico, Oklahoma, and Texas only: Depending on the **Journey** use rate, cotton may be planted 18 to 24 months after **Journey** application in the states of Arizona, New Mexico, Oklahoma, and Texas unless drought conditions develop the year of **Journey** application. **DO NOT** rotate to cotton at 18 to 24 months after **Journey** application if less than 15 inches of rainfall or irrigation is received from the time of **Journey** application through November 1 of the same year. If drought conditions develop the year of **Journey** application, cotton may be planted 26, 30 and 40 months after **Journey** application.

²After the specified rotational interval listed for these selected crops and for all crops not otherwise listed or included for use on this label, a successful field bioassay must be completed. The field bioassay consists of a test strip of the intended rotational crop planted across the previously treated field and grown to maturity. The test strip should include low areas and knolls, and include variations in soil such as type and pH. If no crop injury is evident in the test strip, then the intended rotational crop may be planted the following year.

Use of **Journey** in accordance with label directions is expected to result in normal growth of plant-back crops in most situations; however, various environmental and agronomic factors make it impossible to eliminate all risks associated with the use of this product and, therefore, plant-back crop injury is always possible. If crop injury is a concern, then a bioassay with the desired crop is recommended prior to planting.

SPECIAL WEED CONTROL

ALWAYS ADD AN ADJUVANT to **Journey® herbicide** (see **SPRAY ADJUVANTS FOR POSTEMERGENCE APPLI-CATIONS** section). Research has shown Methylated Seed Oil (MSO) surfactants provide **Journey** with superior control of perennial weeds. This effect is not always observed and is most prevalent on waxy leaf species, perennials and weeds under stress conditions. For the weeds listed below, it is recommended to use an MSO for best results. The use of nonionic surfactants or silicone based surfactants may result in less than acceptable control.

Johnsongrass & Itchgrass: For best results, apply Journey at the rate of 21 to 32 oz per acre after Johnsongrass or itchgrass has reached 18 to 24 inches in height at the whorl. Use the higher herbicide rates as density increases. Larger grass than specified above can be controlled.

Dallisgrass, Bahiagrass, Vaseygrass, Paspalum spp., Smutgrass: For best results, apply Journey at the rate of 16 to 32 oz per acre postemergence after grass has reached 100% green-up. Use the higher herbicide rates as target grass weed densities and/or maturity increase. The addition of **Pendulum® herbicide** will provide increased preemergence control of these grasses from seed.

FOR FOLIAR AND SEEDHEAD SUPPRESSION OF WARM AND COOL SEASON GRASSES IN NONCROP AREAS

Journey may be used to suppress growth and seedhead development of some warm and cool season grasses in noncropland sites. Depending on the rate of Journey used, surfactant and environmental conditions, temporary turf discoloration may occur. The specific rate of Journey to be used will vary with grass type and environmental conditions. Within a specified rate range, it is recommended that the lower rate of **Journey** be tried on a small area of grass first to determine what Journey rate is required to achieve the desired outcome. Higher use rates will result in greater suppression but may also be accompanied by greater yellowing and turf injury. Use of a surfactant may increase turf yellowing and injury. If a surfactant is necessary for weed control or the performance of a tank mix partner, use a nonionic surfactant at 0.25% v/v. **DO NOT** use a methylated seed oil or crop oil adjuvants when using Journey for grass seedhead suppression. For optimum performance, application should be made after green-up. Applications may be made before or after mowing. If applied prior to mowing, raise mowing height to leave adequate existing foliage, as new growth will be suppressed. If applied after mowing, allow adequate foliage to remain by increasing mower height or allowing time for foliar regrowth prior to application. DO NOT apply to turf under stress (drought, cold, insect, disease, etc.) or severe injury may occur. Journey should not be applied to turftype Bermudagrass or to grass being grown for hay or forage as unacceptable turf injury and a reduction in grass forage and hay yield may result.

Journey instructions for grass seedhead suppression:

- Common Bermudagrass: Apply Journey at 8-12 oz/A to actively growing Bermudagrass that has reached full green-up.
- Bahiagrass: Apply Journey at 8 oz/A to actively growing Bahiagrass that has reached full green-up.
- Tall fescue: Apply Journey at 6-10 oz/A to tall fescue after green-up but prior to seedhead development.
- Smooth bromegrass: Apply Journey at 8-12 oz/A to smooth bromegrass after green-up but prior to seed-head development.
- **Reed canarygrass:** Apply **Journey** at 8-12 oz/A to reed canarygrass after green-up but prior to seedhead development.

RESIDUAL BAREGROUND WEED CONTROL

For sensitive areas and use around desirable vegetation, Journey at 32 oz/A may be tank mixed with Pendulum[®] AquaCap[™] herbicide, Roundup Pro[®], Escort[®], Karmex[®], 2,4-D, diuron, Endurance[®], or other labeled products to provide total vegetation control. For other bareground areas, Journey at 32 oz per acre may be tank mixed with Arsenal[®] herbicide, Sahara[®] DG herbicide, Krovar[®], Oust[®], Tordon[®], Vanquish[®] herbicides, or other labeled products to provide total bareground weed control. For maximum weed control, use 2 pints per acre of methylated seed oil as an adjuvant.

Spot Treatments: Journey may be applied as a spot treatment to control weed encroachment in bareground or total vegetation control situations including cracks and crevices in paved surfaces such as roadways, runways and parking areas. To prepare the spray solution, thoroughly mix in each gallon of water 0.625 to 13% volume/volume (0.8 to 17 oz per gallon) **Journey** plus a methylated seed oil adjuvant: Spray target vegetation to wet, but not to the point of runoff.

USE UNDER PAVED SURFACES

Applications should be made to the soil surface only when final grade is established. **DO NOT** move soil following **Journey** application. Apply **Journey** in sufficient water to ensure thorough and uniform wetting of the soil surface, including the shoulder area. Add **Journey** at a rate of 32 oz per acre to clean water in the spray tank during the filling operation. Agitate before spraying. If soil is not moist prior to treatment, incorporation of **Journey** will improve control. **Journey** can be incorporated into the soil to a depth of 2 inches using a rototiller or disc. Rainfall or irrigation totaling 1 inch is also sufficient to incorporate **Journey** into the soil surface. **DO NOT** allow treated soil to wash or move into untreated area.

	WEEDS	CONTRO	LLED	
	Journey [®] herbicio	de, 10.7 to	16 oz per acre	9
Common Name	Genus Species	PRE ¹	POST ²	Annual/Biennial/Perennial ^a
BROADLEAVES				
Bedstraw, Catchweed	Galium aparine	С	4	WA
Beggarweed, Florida	Desmodium tortuosum	С	2	SA
Buffalobur	Solanum rostratum		Ċ	SA
Buttercup, Bur	Ranunculus testiculatus	С	С	WA
Cocklebur, Common	Xanthium strumarium	S	6	SA
Lambsquarters, Common	Chenopodium album	С	2	SA
Halogeton	Halogeton glomeratus	С.	С	SA
Morningglory				
Entireleaf	lpomoea hederacea	S	3	SA
lvyleaf	Ipomoea hederacea	S	· <u>3</u>	SA
Tall	lpomoea purpurea	S	3	SA
Mustards, Annual	Various spp.	С	C	WA
Mustard, Wild	Brassica kaber	С	С	WA
Pigweed	Amaranthus sp.	С	6	SA
Queen Anne's Lace	Daucus carota		4	B
Radish, Wild	Raphanus raphanistrum	S	4	
Rocket, Yellow	Barbarea vulgaris	С	4	WA
Sicklepod	Senna obtusifolia	С	4	SA
Sida, Prickly	Sida spinosa	С	2	SA
Smartweed				
Ladysthumb	Polygonum persicaria	C ·	С	
Pennsylvania	Polygonum pensylvanicum	С	C	
Swamp	Polvaonum coccineum	С	С	
Starbur, Bristly	Acanthospermum hispidum	С	2	
Velvetleaf	Abutilon theophrasti	С	6	
GRASS WEEDS		· ·	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	······
Brome. Downy	Bromus tectorum	С	4	WA
Cheat	Bromus spp.	С	2	WA
Craborass				
Large (Hairy)	Diaitaria sanguinalis	C	4	SA
Smooth	Dioitaria ischaemum	C	4	SA
Foxtail				
Giant	Setaria faberi	С	6	SA
Green	Setaria viridis	C	4	SA
Yellow	Setaria olauca	C	<u>`4</u>	SA
Goatgrass, Jointed	Aegiloos cylindrica	<u>с</u>	С	WA
Goosegrass	Eleusine indica	S	2	SA
Johnsongrass (Seedling)	Sorahum halepense	C	12	SA
Medusahead Rve	Taeniatherum caput-medusae	C	2	WA
Panicum, Fall	Panicum dichotomiflorum	<u>s</u>	6	SA
Sandbur	Cenchrus sp		<u> </u>	A/P
Shattercane	Sorahum bicolor	<u> </u>	12	SA
Signalgrass, Broadleaf	Brachiaria platyphylla	 C	C	SA
Stiltorass Japanese	Microsteaium vimineum	<u>0</u>	4	Α
Vasevorass	Paspalum unvillei		8	P
SEDGES				
Nutsedge	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
Yellow	Cyperus esculentus	S	45	P
Purole	Cyperus rotundus	<u> </u>	45	,, P
Sedge	Juncus sp	<u> </u>	45	Δ/Ρ
		<u> </u>		/ / /

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 ^{1}C = control, S = suppression in northern United States only.

²Maximum plant height in inches at time of application.

³Growth habit: A=Annual, SA=Summer Annual, WA=Winter Annual, B=Biennial, P=Perennial.

WEEDS CONTROLLED (continued)						
Journey [®] herbicide, 21.3 to 32 oz per acre						
Common Name	Genus Species	PRE	POST ²	Annual/Biennial/Perennial ³		
BROADLEAVES						
Anoda, Spurred	Anoda cristata	C	6	SA ·		
Baby's Breath	Gypsophila paniculata		C	P .		
Bedstraw, Catchweed	Galium aparine	<u> </u>	C	WA		
Bedstraw, Marsh	Galium spp. '	C	C	WA		
Beggarweed, Florida	Desmodium tortuosum	C	6	SA		
Bindweed, Field	Convolvulus arvensis	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	C	. P		
Buffalobur	Solanum rostratum		C `	SA		
Burclover	<i>Medicago</i> sp.		4	SA ·		
Chickweed, Common	Stellaria media	<u> </u>	6	SA		
Cocklebur, Common	Xanthium strumarium	C	6	SA		
Cornsalad, Common	Valerianella locusta		<u> </u>	<u>SA</u>		
Crownbeard, Golden	Verbisina encelioides	<u> </u>	2	SA		
Dandelion	Taraxacum officinale		<u> </u>	<u> </u>		
Dock, Curly	Rumex crispus	C .	6	- B		
Dyer's Woad	Isatis tinctoria		С			
Fiddleneck	Amsinckia sp.		С	SA		
Flax, Spurge	Thymelaea passerina	C	С	A		
Fleabane, Annual	Erigeron annuus		С	A		
Geranium, Carolina	Geranium carolinianum		C	WA/B		
Geranium, Cranesbill	Geranium maculatum	С	С	WA/B		
Ground Cherry	Physalis heterophylla		С	P		
Hemlock, Poison	Conium maculatum	С	6	В		
Henbit	Lamium amplexicaule	С	3	WA/B		
Hoarv Cress	Cardaria spp.		С	P		
Houndstongue, Bristly	Cvnoalossum officinale	C	C	B		
Indigo, Hairv	Indigofera hirsuta	C	2	P		
Jimsonweed	Datura stramonium	C	6	SA		
Knapweed. Russian ^s	Centaurea repens	·	С	P		
Knotweed, Prostrate	Polygonum aviculare	С	C	SA		
Kochia*	Kochia scoparia	C C	3	SA		
Lambsouarters, Common	Chenopodium album	C	3			
Morningalory						
Cypressvine	loomoea quamoclit	C	6	SA		
Entireleaf	Ipomoea hederacea	C	6	SA		
lwleaf	Ipomoea bederacea	C	<u>6</u>	SA		
Pitted	Inomoea lacunosa	 C	6	SA		
Smallflower	lacovemontia tamnifolia	<u>_</u>	6	SA		
Tall		<u> </u>	<u>6</u>	SA		
Mustard Wild	Brassica kaher	<u>C</u>	0	SA		
Mustards Annual	Various spp	<u>_</u>	<u> </u>	WA		
Onion Wild	Allium canadense	<u>C</u>	<u>C</u>	P		
Pannenwaad Parennial	Lenidium latifolium		<u>C</u>	' P		
Piqueed ⁶	Amaranthus on	· C	<u>6</u>	۰ ۸۵		
Plantain Narroudaat	Diantara lanasolata		0	<u>D</u>		
Painattia Mild	Frantago ianceolata					
Pupeture Vice	Euphorpia neterophylia	U				
	Dortulass electros			<u> </u>		
Pursiane, Common		C	· 4	<u> </u>		
Musley, Florida	kichardia scapra	C	4	SA		

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С

Queen Anne's Lace

Daucus carota

С

В

WEEDS CONTROLLED (continued)						
	Journey [®] herbici	de, 21.3 to	32 oz per acre	e .		
Common Name	Genus Species	PRE ¹	POST ²	Annual/Biennial/Perennial ^a		
BROADLEAVES	· .		· ·			
Ragweed						
Common	Ambrosia artemisiifolia	С	3	SA ·		
Giant	Ambrosia trifida	S	6	SA		
Western	Ambrosia psilostachya		С	A/P		
Rocket, Yellow	Barbarea vulgaris	С	C	WA		
Senna, Coffee	Cassia occidentalis	С	4	SA		
Sicklepod	Senna obtusifolia	С	6	SA		
Sida, Prickly	Sida spinosa	С	6	SA		
Smartweed						
Ladysthumb	Polygonum persicaria	С	C	SA		
Pennsylvania	Polygonum pensylvanicum	С	С	SA		
Swamp	Polygonum coccineum	C	С	SA		
Spurge						
Leafy	Euphorbia esula		FALL*	P		
Spotted	Euphorbia maculata	С	4	SA		
Toothed	Euphorbià dentata	С	4	SA		
Starbur, Bristly	Acanthospermum hispidum		6	SA		
Sunflower	Helianthus annuus		18	SA		
Tansymustard	Descurainia pinnata	С	С	WA		
Teasel, Common	Dipsacus fullonum		С	B		
Thistle						
Bull	Cirsium vulgare	S	С	WA/B		
Musk	Carduus nutans	S	C	B		
Platt	Cirsium canescens	S	С	P		
Toadflax, Dalmatian	Linaria dalmatica	—	C*	P		
Velvetleaf	Abutilon theophrasti	С	С	Α		
Vervain, Blue	Verbena hastata	_	S	SA		
Vervain, Prostrate	Verbena bracteata		С	· P_		
Whitetop	Cardaria spp.		С	P		
Willowherb	Epilobium spp.		C	P_		
Woodsorrel, Yellow	Oxalis stricta	С	С	P		

	WEEDS CON	TROLLED	(continued)			
Journey [®] herbicide, 21.3 to 32 oz per acre						
Common Name	Genus Species	PRE'	POST	Annual/Biennial/Perennial ^a		
GRASS		~				
Bahiagrass	Paspalum nutatum	· <u>S</u>	<u> </u>	Р		
Barley, Little	Hordeum pusillum	C	4	WA		
Barley, Squirrel Tail	Hordeum jubatum		<u> </u>	P		
Barnyardgrass	Echinochloa crus-galli	C	6	SA		
Brome	Bromus spp.	C	<u> </u>	WA		
Japanese	Bromus spp:	<u> </u>	C	WA		
Red	Bromus spp.	<u> </u>	C	WA		
Annuals	Bromus spp.	<u> </u>	C	WA		
Canarygrass, Reed	Phalaris arundinacea		C	P		
Cheat	Bromus secalinus	· C	4	WA		
Cogongrass	Imperata cylindrica		<u> </u>	P		
Crabgrass	Digitaria sp.	C	6	SA		
Crowfootgrass	Dactyloctenium aegyptiium	C	C	SA		
Dallisgrass	Paspalum dilatatum	S	C*	P		
Downy Brome	Bromus tectorum	C	C	WA		
Dropseed, Tall	Sporobolus cryptandrus	S	C	A/P		
Fescue, Tall	Festuca arundinacea	C	C*	P		
Foxtail						
Giant	Setaria faberi	С	С	SA		
Green	Setaria viridis	C	C	SA		
Knotroot	Setaria geniculatus	S	6	SA		
Purple Robust	Setaria viridis	S	S	SA		
Yellow	Setaria glauca	С	4	SA		
Garlic, Wild	Allium vineale	С	С	P		
Goatgrass, Jointed	Aegilops cylindrica	С	C	WA		
Goosegrass	Eleusine indica	С	3S	SA		
Itchgrass	Rottboellia cochinchinensis		C*	SA		
Johnsongrass						
Seedling	Sorghum halepense	С	С	SA		
Rhizome	Sorghum halepense		C*	· P		
Medusahead Rye	Taeniatherum caput-medusae	С	C	WA		
Panicum						
Fall	Panicum dichotomiflorum	С	С	SA		
Texas	Panicum texanum	C	C			
Rvearass						
Annual (Italian)	Lolium multiflorum	С	С	SA		
Perennial	Lolium perenne		C	P		
Sandbur	Cenchrus sp.	S	C	A/P		
Shattercane	Sorahum bicolor	C C	C	SA		
Signalgrass. Broadleaf	Brachiaria platvohvlla	 C	<u>_</u>	SA		
Smutgrass	Sporobolus indicus		<u>с</u>	P		
Stiltarass Jananese	Microstegium vimineum	C	 C	Α		
Stinkarass Annual	Fragrostis cilianensis	 C	2	SA		
Torpedograss	Papicum repens		<u>_</u>	P		
Vasevorass	Pasoalum unvillei		<u>_</u>	P		
Wild Oats	Avena fatua		<u> </u>	Α		
			- · ·			

WEEDS CONTROLLED (continued) Journey® herbicide, 21.3 to 32 oz per acre				
SEDGES/RUSHES			•	
Nutsedge				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Yellow	Cyperus esculentus	С	C	P
Purple	Cyperus rotundus	С	С	P
Rush	Juncus sp.	S	4	A/P

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 $^{1}C = control, S = suppression$

²Maximum plant height in inches at time of application.

³Growth habit: A=Annual, SA=Summer Annual, WA=Winter Annual, B=Biennial P=Perennial.

⁴For annual control. The addition of 1-2 pints of 2,4-D will aid in burndown.

⁵For best control, apply in the fall.

⁶Some species are tolerant, and resistant biotypes are possible.

*See SPECIAL WEED CONTROL section.

Conditions of Sale and Warranty

The **Directions For Use** of this product reflect the opinion of experts based on field use and tests. The directions are believed to be reliable and must be followed carefully. However, it is impossible to eliminate all risks inherently associated with the use of this product. Crop injury, ineffectiveness or other unintended consequences may result because of such factors as weather conditions, presence of other materials, or use of the product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling, all of which are beyond the control of BASF CORPORATION ("BASF") or the Seller. To the extent consistent with applicable law, all such risks shall be assumed by the Buyer.

BASF warrants that this product conforms to the chemical description on the label and is reasonably fit for the purposes referred to in the **Directions For Use**, subject to the inherent risks, referred to above.

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