U.S. ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AG Office of Pesticide Programs Registration Division (H7505C COO Pennsylvania Avenue, N.W Wasticaton D.C. 20460	241-340 6 6292202 0
Washington, D.C. 20460 Washington, D.C. 20460 NOTICE OF PESTICIDE: Registration XReregistration (under FIFRA, as amended)	Term of Issuance: Unconditional
	Name of Pesticide Product: Pendulum WDG Herbicide
Or. Rodney Akers, PhD BASF Corporation Agricultural Research Division P.O. Box 13528 RTP, NC 13528 Note: Changes in labeling differing in substance from that a re submitted to and accepted by the Registration Division providence on this product always refer to the above EPP	rior to use of the label in commerce. In any
On the basis of information furnished by the registrant, the the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide and Rodenticide Act. Reregistration is in no way to be construct as an endorsemen in order to protect health and the environment, the Administ cancel the registration of a pesticide in accordance with the with the registration of a product under this Act is not to exclusive use of the name or to its use if it has been cover	int or recommendation of this product by the Agency. trator, on his motion, may at any time suspend or he Act. The acceptance of any name in connection be construed as giving the registrant a right to
This product reregistered in accorda provided that you: 1. Submit and/or cite all data requi product under FIFRA sec. 3(c)(5) whe registrants of similar products to s acceptable responses required for re under FIFRA section 4.	ired for registration of your en the Agency requires all submit such data: and submit
	Date:
Signature of Approving Official:	

2. The Agency has revised its recommended First Aid statements for pesticide products and has issued a PR Notice announcing the changes. We are encouraging registrants to begin using the new statements. The new statements were developed as part of the Consumer Labeling Initiative in close cooperation with poison control center personnel and other medical experts. While it is not mandatory that you revise your label at this time, you are strongly encouraged to substitute the revised statements (below) for those statements currently on the label at your next label printing:

FIRST A

	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
If on skin or clothing	Take off contaminated clothing.
	Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15-20 minutes.
	Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.
If in eyes:	Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15-20 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.
If inhaled:	Move person to fresh air.
	If person is not breathing, call 911 or an ambulance, then give artificial respiration, preferably mouth-to-mouth if possible.
	Call a poison control center or doctor for further treatment advice.
If on skin:	Take off contaminated clothing
	Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15-20 minutes.
	Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.

Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor or going for treatment.

2.Modify "Hazards to Human and Domestic Animals" to read:"CAUTION Harmful if absorbed through skin or inhaled. Causes moderate eye irritation. Avoid contact with eyes, skin or clothing. Avoid breathing mist." 3. Modify applicator and other handler PPE and PPE for early entry to read::

Applicators and other handlers must wear:

Long-sleeved shirt and long pants Socks and shoes Protective Eyeware Chemical Resistant Gloves Category A such as _______or_____;

4. Storage and Disposal: The Storage and Disposal statements should be enclosed in a box and be revised to read as follows;

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

PESTICIDE STORAGE: Do not store above 120°F. Store in original containers and keep closed. Store in a cool dry place.

Do not contaminate water, food, or feed by storage or disposal

PESTICIDE DISPOSAL: (Keep Current Text)

CONTAINER DISPOSAL (Keep Current Text)

- 5. Policy and Criteria notice 2163.1 states that the Agency will not conduct a detailed review of liability disclaimers or purported buyer agreement to assume responsibility. The approval labels with such statements should not be construed as a decision by the Agency that the language is not misleading and the label language might eventually have to be changed.
- 6. As per the RED, the maximum application rate for residential lawn and sod farm use is 2.0 lbs ai per acre. the label contains directions for use on "other non-residential turf" page 8 of the label that exceed the allowable 2 lbs. per acre rate. If this product is intended for sod farms use then the rates must be revised.

If you have any Questions, please call me at 703-305-5697,or call Wes Allen of my staff at 703-305-5014.

A stamped copy of the label is enclosed for your records

Jim Tompking, Product Manager 25 Herbicide Branch Registration Division

PENDULUM WDG herbicide water dispersible granule

FOR USE IN TURFGRASSES, ORNAMENTALS, LANDSCAPE OR GROUNDS MAINTENANCE, AND NONCROPLAND AREAS

ACTIVE INGREDIENT: pendimethalin, N-(1-ethylpropyl)-3,4-dimethyl-2, 6-dinitrobenzenamine		
INERT INGREDIENTS	<u>40.0%</u>	
TOTAL		

EPA Reg. No. 241-340

EPA Est. No.

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN CAUTION/PRECAUCION!

Si usted no entiende la etiqueta, busque a alguien para que se la explique a usted en detalle. (If you do not understand this label, find someone to explain it to you in detail.)

STATEMENT OF PRACTICAL TREATMENT

If in eyes:Flush eyes with plenty of water. Call a physician if irritation persists.If on skin:Wash with plenty of soap and water. Get medical attention if irritation persists.

In case of emergency endangering life or property involving this product, call collect, day or night, Area Code 973-683-3100.

See Inside Leaflet For Additional Precautionary Statements and Directions For Use.

AMERICAN CYANAMID COMPANY NORTH AMERICA AGRICULTURAL PRODUCTS DIVISION SPECIALTY PRODUCTS DEPARTMENT PARSIPPANY, NJ 07054 ©1998

Net Contents:

ACCEPTED with COMMENTS In EPA Letter Dated

®Registered Trademark of American Cyanamid Company

EB - 2002 Under the Federal Insecticide, Fundicide, and Rodentieide Act as amended, for the pesticide registered under EPA Reg. No.



PENDULUM WDG herbicide

-

ि

£

5/27

.

TABLE OF CONTENTS

PENDULUM WDG herbicide
TABLE OF CONTENTS
PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS
ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS
DIRECTIONS FOR USE
STORAGE AND DISPOSAL
GENERAL INFORMATION
MIXING INSTRUCTIONS FOR PENDULUM WDG HERBICIDE
SPRAYING INSTRUCTIONS FOR PENDULUM WDG HERBICIDE
TURFGRASSES 9 APPLICATION RATES FOR WEED CONTROL 9 COOL SEASON GRASSES 9 WARM SEASON GRASSES 10 TURFGRASS TANK MIXES 12 TURFGRASS PRECAUTIONS 12
INDUSTRIAL (unimproved)TURF
ORNAMENTALS13TREES13SHRUBS15GROUND COVERS17PERENNIALS18ORNAMENTAL GRASSES20BEDDING PLANTS20ORNAMENTAL BULBS21WILDFLOWERS21ORNAMENTAL TANK MIXES21ORNAMENTAL PRECAUTIONS22
LANDSCAPE AND GROUNDS MAINTENANCE
NON-BEARING FRUIT AND NUT CROPS AND VINEYARDS
NONCROPLAND AREAS INCLUDING TREE PLANTATIONS
TOTAL VEGETATIVE CONTROL
APPLICATION RATE TABLE
WEED SPECIES CONTROLLED

3/98

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS HAZARDS TO HUMANS CAUTION

Causes moderate eye irritation. Harmful if absorbed through skin. Avoid contact with eyes, skin, or clothing.

Personal Protective Equipment (PPE): Applicators and other handlers must wear:

- · Long-sleeved shirt and long pants
- · Waterproof gloves
- · Shoes plus socks

Follow manufacturer's instructions for cleaning and maintaining PPE. If no such instructions for washables, use detergent and hot water. Keep and wash PPE separately from other laundry.

User Safety Recommendations

Users should:

- * Wash hands before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco, or using the toilet.
- * Remove clothing immediately if pesticide gets inside. Then wash thoroughly and put on clean clothing.
- * Remove PPE immediately after handling this product. Wash the outside of gloves before removing. As soon as possible, wash thoroughly and change into clean clothing.

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS

This product is toxic to fish. DO NOT apply directly to water, to areas where surface water is present, or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark. Drift and runoff from treated areas may be hazardous to aquatic organisms in adjacent aquatic sites. DO NOT contaminate water when disposing of equipment washwaters.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.

This labeling must be in the possession of the user at time of pesticide application.

DO NOT apply this product through any type of irrigation system.

DO NOT use in manufacturing products for weed control.





DO NOT apply this product in a way that will contact workers or other persons, either directly or through drift. Only protected handlers may be in the area during application. For any requirements specific to your State or Tribe, consult the agency responsible for pesticide regulation.

AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS

Use this product only in accordance with its labeling and with the Worker Protection Standard, 40 CFR part 170. This Standard contains requirements for the protection of agricultural workers on farms, forests, nurseries, and greenhouses, and handlers of agricultural pesticides. It contains requirements for training, decontamination, notification, and emergency assistance. It also contains specific instructions and exceptions pertaining to the statements on this label about personal protective equipment (PPE), and restricted-entry interval. The requirements in this box only apply to uses of this product that are covered by the Worker Protection Standard.

Do not enter or allow worker entry into treated areas during the restricted entry interval (REI) of 24 hours.

PPE required for early entry to treated areas that is permitted under the Worker Protection Standard and that involves contact with anything that has been treated, such as plants, soil, or water, is:

· Coveralls

Waterproof gloves
 Shoes plus socks

NON-AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS

The requirements in this box apply to uses of this product that are NOT within the scope of the Worker Protection Standard for agricultural pesticides (40 CFR Part 170). The WPS applies when this product is used to produce agricultural plants on farms, forests, nurseries, or greenhouses.

Do not enter or allow others to enter the treated area until sprays have dried.

FAILURE TO FOLLOW THE DIRECTIONS FOR USE AND PRECAUTIONS ON THIS LABEL MAY RESULT IN POOR WEED CONTROL, OR CROP INJURY.

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

STORAGE: DO NOT store above 120°F. Store in original containers and keep closed. Store in a cool, dry place.

DO NOT contaminate water, food, or feed by storage or disposal.



4

PESTICIDE

DISPOSAL:

Wastes resulting from the use of this product may be disposed of on site or at an approved waste disposal facility.

CONTAINER

DISPOSAL: Paper container:

Completely empty bag into application equipment. DO NOT reuse. Dispose of empty bag in a sanitary landfill or by incineration, or if allowed by state and local authorities, by burning. If burned, stay out of smoke. **Plastic container:**

Triple rinse (or equivalent). Then offer for recycling or reconditioning, or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill or by incineration, or, if allowed by state and local authorities, by burning. If burned, stay out of smoke.

Observe all cautions and limitations on this label and the labels of products used in combination with PENDULUM WDG herbicide. The use of PENDULUM WDG herbicide not consistent with this label can result in injury to crops, animals, or persons. Keep containers closed to avoid spills and contamination.

DISCLAIMER

The label instructions for use of this product reflect the opinion of experts based on field use and tests. The directions are believed to be reliable and should be followed carefully. However, it is impossible to eliminate all risks inherently associated with use of this product. Crop injury, ineffectiveness or other unintended consequences may result because of such factors as weather conditions, presence of other materials, or the use or application of the product contrary to label instructions, all of which are beyond the control of American Cyanamid Company. All such risks shall be assumed by the user.

American Cyanamid Company warrants only that the material contained herein conforms to the chemical description on the label and is reasonably fit for the use therein described when used in accordance with the directions for use, subject to the risk referred to above.

Any damages arising from a breach of this warranty shall be limited to direct damages and shall not include consequential commercial damages such as loss of profits or values or any other special or indirect damages.

American Cyanamid Company makes no other express or implied warranty, including other express or implied warranty of FITNESS or of MERCHANTABILITY.

GENERAL INFORMATION

PENDULUM WDG herbicide provides preemergence control of most annual grasses and certain broadleaf weeds as they germinate in any turfgrass site (lawns, sod, turf areas). Examples of such sites include, but are not limited to: grounds or lawns around residential and commercial establishments, multifamily dwellings, military and other institutions, parks, airports, roadsides, schools, picnic grounds, athletic fields, houses of worship, cemeteries; golf courses; prairiegrass areas; and sod farms.

PENDULUM WDG herbicide can also be used in and around field, liner, and container grown ornamental nurseries; established landscape ornamentals and ornamental gardens; listed groundcovers and bulbs; nonbearing fruit and nut trees; conifer and hardwood seedling nurseries; and for tree plantation site preparation and maintenance.

In addition, PENDULUM WDG herbicide can be applied for general grounds maintenance around areas such as parking lots, driveways and roadsides, alleyways, bike and jogging paths, vacant lots, buildings, stone gardens and gravel yards, markers and fence lines, mulch beds and other similar areas. It may be used under asphalt or concrete treatments as part of a site preparation program.

PENDULUM WDG herbicide is recommended for preemergence control of most annual grasses and certain broadleaf weeds as they germinate in any noncropland area such as railroad, utility, highway, and pipeline rights-of-way; highway guardrails, delineators, and sign posts; bridge abutments and approaches; utility substations; petroleum tank farms; pumping installations; storage areas; fence rows; windbreaks and shelterbelts; paved or gravel surfaces; established wildflower plantings, and other similar areas where weed control is desired.

PENDULUM WDG herbicide controls weeds as they germinate, but will not control established weeds. Therefore, areas to be treated should be free of established weeds. For the control of established weeds, PENDULUM WDG herbicide may be used in conjunction with herbicides registered for postemergence use. Consult the labels of those herbicides for use rates, timings, and precautions or restrictions.

Unusually cold, excessively wet, or hot and dry conditions that delay germination or extend germination over a long period of time can reduce weed control.

The efficacy of PENDULUM WDG herbicide will improve if the application is followed by onehalf inch of rainfall or its equivalent in sprinkler irrigation. If PENDULUM WDG is not activated by rainfall or irrigation within 30 days, erratic weed control may result.

Applied according to label directions and under normal growing conditions, PENDULUM WDG herbicide or PENDULUM WDG herbicide tank-mix combinations will not cause crop injury. Over-application can result in crop stand loss, crop injury, or soil residues. Uneven application can decrease weed control or cause crop injury.



Seedling diseases, cold weather, excessive moisture, high soil pH, high soil salt concentration, or drought can weaken seedlings and plants, and increase the possibility of plant damage from PENDULUM WDG herbicide.

PENDULUM WDG may cause temporary discoloration of sprayed surfaces. Rinse immediately to avoid staining. Spray colorants or dyes can be added to alter the color of the spray solution to match the treated surfaces.

MIXING INSTRUCTIONS FOR PENDULUM WDG HERBICIDE

Respective sections of this leaflet define recommended PENDULUM WDG herbicide or PENDULUM WDG herbicide registered tank-mix treatments. Always allow water soluble packets to dissolve before agitating.

Ground Driven Sprayer:

- 1. Begin with a clean spray tank. Fill tank one-half to three-quarters full with clean water.
- 2. PENDULUM WDG herbicide Alone

When using PENDULUM WDG herbicide alone, either premix (1 part product + 2 parts water) or slowly add PENDULUM WDG herbicide to the partially filled tank while agitating until completely dispersed. Fill the remainder of the tank with water.

- 3. PENDULUM WDG herbicide tank mixes
 - a. Wettable Powder Formulations
 - 1) When using PENDULUM WDG herbicide with a wettable powder formulation, add PENDULUM WDG herbicide to the partially-filled tank while agitating.
 - 2) When PENDULUM WDG herbicide is properly mixed, add a slurry of the wettable powder (1 part WP + 2 parts water) slowly into the tank. Fill the remainder of the tank while agitating.
 - b. Flowable Formulations
 - 1) When using PENDULUM WDG herbicide with a flowable formulation, add PENDULUM WDG herbicide to the partially-filled tank while agitating.
 - 2) When PENDULUM WDG herbicide is properly mixed, premix one part of the flowable with two parts water and add this diluted mixture slowly into the tank. Fill the remainder of the tank while agitating.

7

c. Emulsifiable Concentrate Formulations

- 1) When using PENDULUM WDG herbicide with an emulsifiable concentrate formulation, add PENDULUM WDG herbicide to the partially-filled tank while agitating.
- 2) When PENDULUM WDG herbicide is properly mixed, premix one part of the emulsifiable concentrate with two parts water and add this diluted mixture slowly into the tank. Fill the remainder of the tank while agitating.
- d. Dry Flowable (Water Dispersible Granule) Formulations

- 1) When using PENDULUM WDG herbicide with a dry flowable formulation, add PENDULUM WDG herbicide to the partially-filled tank while agitating.
- 2) When PENDULUM WDG herbicide is properly mixed, premix one part of the dry flowable with two parts water and add this diluted mixture slowly into the tank. Fill the remainder of the tank while agitating.
- 4. MAINTAIN CONTINUOUS AGITATION WHILE ADDING HERBICIDES AND UNTIL SPRAYING IS COMPLETED. If the spray mixture is allowed to settle for any period of time, thorough agitation is essential to resuspend the mixture before spraying is resumed. Continue agitation while spraying.

Backpack Sprayer: Begin with a clean spray tank. Fill the spray tank ½ full with clean water and add the required amount of PENDULUM WDG herbicide to the sprayer. When using water soluble packets, allow packet to dissolve before agitating. Cap sprayer and agitate to ensure mixing. Uncap sprayer and finish filling tank to desired level. Cap sprayer and agitate once again. During application it is desirable to agitate the mixture on occasion to ensure mixing. If the spray mixture is allowed to settle for any period of time, thorough agitation is essential to resuspend the mixture before spraying is resumed.

Liquid Fertilizers: Prior to mixing, small quantities should always be tested using a simple jar test. Add the required amount of PENDULUM WDG to half filled spray tank while agitating then add the fertilizer product. Complete filling spray tank to desired level.

Dry Bulk Fertilizers: PENDULUM WDG may be impregnated on dry bulk fertilizers. When applied as directed, PENDULUM WDG/Dry Bulk Fertilizer mixtures provide weed control equal to that provided by the same rates of PENDULUM WDG applied in water.

SPRAYING INSTRUCTIONS FOR PENDULUM WDG HERBICIDE

Apply with properly calibrated ground equipment in sufficient water per acre to provide uniform spray distribution (at least 40 gallons of water per acre). Low pressure (e.g. 20-40 psi) sprayers are recommended.

12/27

Maintain continuous agitation during spraying with good mechanical or bypass agitation. Nozzle screens must be no finer than 50 mesh (100 mesh is finer than 50 mesh). Check sprayer routinely to determine proper calibration. Avoid overlaps that will increase rates above those recommended.

Avoid application when winds may cause drift.

Avoid unintentional contact of spray solution with driveways, stone, wood or other porous surfaces. Rinse immediately to avoid staining.

TURFGRASSES

Turfgrass Species	Weeds	Rates of PENDULUM WDG herbicide	Comments
COOL SEASON GRASSES			
Bluegrass, Kentucky crabgrass Fescue, fine foxtail Fescue, tall Poa annua Ryegrass, perennial barnyardgrass fall panicum oxalis prostrate spurge purslane knotweed evening primrose hop clover goosegrass goosegrass cudweed Poa annua chickweed lawn burweed henbit corn speedwell corn speedwell	2.5-3.4 lbs./acre as the initial application prior to weed germination in the spring.	Apply a repeat application of 1.7-2.5 lbs./acre after 6-8 weeks for extended control or where heavy weed infestations are expected.	
	goosegrass	2.5-5.0 lbs./acre in the spring prior to weed germination.	Apply a repeat application of 2.5 lbs./acre if the lower rate was used initially or for extended goosegrass control.
	Poa annua chickweed lawn burweed henbit	2.5-3.4 lbs./acre	Apply in late summer or early fall prior to weed germination.

APPLICATION RATES FOR WEED CONTROL

6.

ţ,

established <u>Poa annua</u> * f (1/2 inch height or taller) <u>I</u> f f f f f f f f f f f f f f f f f f f	crabgrass foxtail <u>Poa annua</u> barnyardgrass fall panicum oxalis prostrate spurge purslane knotweed evening primrose hop clover	2.5 lbs./acre in the spring prior to weed germination.	Apply a repeat application of 1.7-2.5 lbs./acre after 6-8 weeks where heavy weed infestations are expected.
	goosegrass	 2.5 lbs./acre in the spring prior to weed germination. Apply a repeat application of 2.5 lbs./acre after 6-8 weeks. 	
	cudweed <u>Poa annua</u> chickweed lawn burweed henbit corn speedwell	2.5-3.4 lbs./acre	Apply in late summer or early fall prior to weed germination.
*Not for use on greens or tees			
WARM SEASON GRASSES Bahiagrass Bermudagrass Buffalograss Centipedegrass Fescue, tall St. Augustinegrass Zoysiagrass	crabgrass foxtail <u>Poa annua</u> barnyardgrass fall panicum oxalis prostrate spurge purslane knotweed evening primrose hop clover	2.5-5.0 lbs./acre prior to weed germination in the spring.	Apply a repeat application of 1.7-2.5 lbs./acre after 6-8 weeks if necessary.

goosegrass

Í.

10

An additional

13/27

É.

		germination in the spring. Apply a repeat application of 2.5-3.4 lbs./acre after 6-8 weeks.	2.5 lbs./acre may be applied for extended goosegrass control 8 weeks after the second application.
	cudweed <u>Poa annua</u> chickweed lawn burweed henbit corn speedwell	2.5-3.4 lbs./acre	Apply in late summer or early fall prior to weed germination.
Bermudagrass greens	crabgrass foxtail <u>Poa annua</u> barnyardgrass fall panicum oxalis prostrate spurge purslane knotweed evening primrose hop clover	2.5 lbs./acre prior to weed germination.	Apply a repeat application of 2.5 lbs./acre after 6-8 weeks if necessary.
	goosegrass	2.5-3.4 lbs./acre prior to weed germination. Apply a repeat application of 2.5 lbs./acre after 6-8 weeks.	
	cudweed <u>Poa annua</u> chickweed lawn burweed henbit corn speedwell	2.5-3.4 lbs./acre	Apply in late summer or early fall prior to weed germination.

.

Ì

The efficacy of PENDULUM WDG herbicide will be improved if the application is followed by one-half inch of rainfall or its equivalent in sprinkler irrigation. If PENDULUM WDG herbicide is not activated by rainfall or irrigation within 30 days, erratic weed control may result.

TURFGRASS TANK MIXES

PENDULUM WDG herbicide can be mixed with postemergence herbicides to control emerged weeds in turfgrasses. For annual grass control, applications can be made with Acclaim Extra¹ or MSMA to control emerged weeds. Broadleaf weeds can be controlled using Trimec², Three-Way³, 2-4, D, and other similar products.

Before tank mixing a simple jar test is recommended to insure compatability of herbicides.

Refer to manufacturers' labels for specific use directions, precautions, and limitations before tank mixing with PENDULUM WDG herbicide and follow those that are most restrictive.

TURFGRASS PRECAUTIONS

Use on well established turfgrass with a dense and uniform stand. On newly planted areas, application should not be made until the turfgrass has filled in and has been mowed at least four times. On turf that has been thinned or damaged due to winter injury, excessive moisture, etc., allow for turf recovery prior to making an application.

Applications made to overseeded warm-season turfgrasses may cause thinning or injury of the overseeded species.

Do not use on bentgrass or Poa annua greens and tees or injury may occur.

Delay reseeding or winter overseeding of treated turfgrass for at least three months following the last PENDULUM application. Delay sprigging turfgrass for five months after application.

INDUSTRIAL (UNIMPROVED)TURF

Industrial, or unimproved turf areas often have a different spectrum of weeds to be controlled than those found in fine turf as described elsewhere in this leaflet. PENDULUM WDG herbicide will control annual grasses and broadleaf weeds mentioned in that section of this label as well as the following weeds when they germinate in established grasses in rights-of-way, roadsides, constuction sites, parks, substations, lots, or similar areas:

Crowfootgrass, Itchgrass, Johnsongrass (from seed), Junglerice, Lovegrass (from seed), Browntop Panicum, Texas Panicum, Field Sandbur, Signalgrass, Mexican Sprangletop, Red Sprangletop, Witchgrass, Woolly Cupgrass, Carpetweed, Fiddleneck, Filaree, Kochia, Lambsquarters, Pigweed, Puncturevine, Florida Pusley, London Rocket, Shepherdspurse, Pennsylvania Smartweed, Annual Spurge, and Velvetleaf.

Apply before weeds germinate. A postemergence herbicide such as 2,4-D, MSMA, or similar products may be tank mixed to control established weeds. Apply according to label instructions for the respective products and follow the most restrictive wording.



ORNAMENTALS

RECOMMENDED SPECIES

PENDULUM WDG herbicide sprays are safe around and over the top of the established plants listed below.

Refer to APPLICATION RATE TABLE for rates.

TREES

Common Name

Alder, European Black Apple Arborvitae, American Arbutus Ash, Red Ash, White Aspen, Bigtooth Aspen, Quaking Basswood Birch, European Weeping Birch, River Buckeye, Red Cedar, White Chamaecyparis, Boulevard Cherry, Black Cherry, Choke Cherry, Kwanzan Cherry, Nanking Cottonwood Crabapple Crepe Myrtle Cryptomeria, Japanese Cedar Cypress, Bald Cypress, Leyland Dogwood, Flowering Dogwood, Korean Dogwood, Silky Dogwood, Shrub Elm Fir, Balsam

Scientific Name

Alnus glutinosa Malus spp. Thuja occidentalis Arbutus spp. Fraxinus pennsylvanica Fraxinus americana Populus grandidentata Populus tremuloides Tilia spp. Betula pendula Betula nigra Aesculus pavia Thuja occidentalis Chamaecyparis pisifera Prunus serotina Prunus virginiana Prunus serrulata Prunus tomentosa Populus deltoides Malus spp. Lagerstroemia indica Cryptomeria japonica Taxodium distichum Cupressocyparis leylandii Cornus florida Cornus kousa Cornus amomum Cornus spp. Ulmus japonica Abies balsamae



•

17/27

Fir, Douglas Fir. Fraser Fir, White Franklinia Ginkgo Gum, Black Gum, Sour Haw, Black Hawthorn Hemlock, Canada Hemlock, Eastern Holly, American Honeylocust Lilac, Common Lilac, Japanese Tree Linden Magnolia, Saucer Magnolia, Southern Magnolia, Star Maidenhair Tree Maple, Norway Maple, Japanese Maple, Red Maple, Sugar Nannyberry, Rusty Oak, Chinquapin Oak, Live Oak, Pin Oak, Red Oak, Swamp Chestnut Oak, Water Oak, White Oak, Willow Olive Palm, Date Palm, Fan Palm, Pindo Palm, Washington Peach Pear, Bradford Pecan Pine. Austrian Pine, Italian Stone Pine, Loblolly Pine, Monterey Pine, Red

Pseudotsuga menziesii Abies fraseri Abies concolor Franklinia spp. Ginkgo biloba Nyssa sylvatica Nyssa sylvatica Viburnum prunifolium Crataegus spp. Tsuga canadensis Tsuga canadensis Ilex opaca Gleditsia triacanthos Syringa vulgaris Syringa reticulata Tilia spp. Magnolia soulangiana Magnolia grandiflora Magnolia stellata Ginkgo biloba Acer platanoides Acer palmatum Acer rubrum Acer saccharum Viburnum rufidulum Ouercus muehlenbergii Quercus virginiana Quercus palustris **Ouercus** rubra **Ouercus** michauxii **Ouercus** nigra Ouercus alba Ouercus phellos Olea europaea Phoenix spp. Washingtonia spp. Butia spp. Washingtonia spp. Prunus persica Pyrus calleryana 'Bradford' Carya illinoensis Pinus nigra Pinus pinea Pinus taeda Pinus radiata Pinus resinosa



18/27

Pine, Scotch Pine, Virginia Pine, White Plum, Purple Leaf Poplar, Black Redcedar, Eastern Redcedar, Western **Red Ironbark** Redwood, Dawn Sequoia, Giant Serviceberry Sourwood Spruce, Colorado Blue Spruce, Dwarf Alberta Spruce, Norway Spruce, White Sweetgum Sycamore Trachycarpus Tulip tree Walnut, Black Willow, Weeping Yellowwood

SHRUBS

Ô

.

Common Name

Abelia, Glossy Aucuba, Gold Azalea Bamboo, Heavenly Barberry Barberry, Japanese Blue Indigo Bush Bottlebrush, Lemon Boxwood, Common Boxwood, Japanese Brittlebush Buttonbush Camellia **Cape Jasmine** Cassia, Feathery Cordyline Correa Cotoneaster

Pinus sylvestris Pinus virginiana Pinus strobus Prunus cerasifera Populus nigra Juniperus virginiana Thuja plicata Eucalyptus sideroxylon 'Rosea' Metasequoia glyptostroboides Sequoiadendron giganteum Amelanchier laevis Oxydendrum arboreum Picea pungens Picea glauca 'albertiana' Picea abies Picea glauca Liquidambar styraciflua Platanus occidentalis Trachycarpus spp. Liriodendron tulipifera <u>Juglans</u> nigra Salix babylonica Cladrastis lutea

Scientific Name

Abelia grandiflora Aucuba japonica Rhododendron sp. Nandina domestica Berberis gladwynensis Berberis thunbergii Dalea gregii Callistemon citrinus Buxus sempervirens Buxus microphylla Encelia farinosa Cephalanthus occidentalis Camellia japonica Gardenia jasminoides Cassia artemisioides Cordyline spp. Correa spp. Cotoneaster apiculatus

Cotoneaster, Bearberry Cotoneaster, Rock Cypress, Italian Cypress, Leyland Deutzia, Slender Dogwood, Red Twig Elaeagnus Escallonia Euonymus Euonymus, Golden Euonymus, Winged Firethorn Forsythia, Border Fragrant Olive Fuschia, California Gardenia Hawthorne, Indian Hibiscus Holly, Chinese Holly, Japanese Holly, Fosters Holly, Savannah Holly, Yaupon Honeysuckle, Bush Hopseed Bush Hopbush Hydrangea Juniper Juniper, Chinese Juniper, Shore Juniper, Trailing Laurel, Cherry Laurel, Mountain Laurel, Otto Luyken Laurel, Schipka Laurustinus Lavender, English Leucothoe Leucothoe, Coast Lilac, Cut-leaf Lily-of-the-Nile Mahonia Mock Orange Myrtle, Compact Myrtle, Wax Nandina

Cotoneaster dammeri Cotoneaster horizontalis Cupressus sempervirens Cupressocyparis leylandii Deutzia gracilis Cornus sericea Elaeagnus ebbingei Escallonia fradesii Euonymus fortunei Euonymus japonica Euonymus alata Pyracantha coccinea Forsythia intermedia Osmanthus fragrans Zauschineria californica Gardenia jasminoides Raphiolepis indica Hibiscus syriacus Ilex cornuta Ilex crenata Ilex attenuata 'Fosteri' Ilex attenuata Ilex vomitoria Diervilla lonicera Dodonaea viscosa Dodonaea viscosa Hydrangea macrophylla Juniperus sp. Juniperus chinensis v. pfitzer Juniperus conferta Juniperus horizontalis Prunus laurocerasus Kalmia latifolia Prunus laurocerasus Prunus schipkanensis Viburnum tinus Lavandula angustifolia Leucothoe fontanesiana Leucothoe axillaris Syringa laciniata Agapanthus africanus Mahonia aquifolium Pittosporum tobira Myrtus communis Myrica cerifera Nandina domestica

Ĩ

16

20/27

Oleander Oregon Grape Osmanthus Palm, European Fan Palm, Mediterranean Fan Phlox, Prickly Photinia, Fraser Pieris, Japanese Pine, Mugo Plum, Natal Privet, California Privet, Glossy Privet, Variegated Privet, Waxleaf Pyracantha Quince, Flowering Ranger, Texas Redroot Rhododendron Robira Rose Spice Plant Spiraea Spiraea, Anthony Waterer Spiraea, Japanese Sweet Bay Trumpet Bush Verbena, Lemon Viburnum Vitex Weigela Wild Lilac **Xylosma** Yellowbells Yew Yew, Japanese Yew, Southern Yucca, Adam's Needle Yucca, Weeping

Nerium oleander Mahonia aquifolium Osmanthus fragrans Chamaerops humilis Chamaerops spp. Leptodactylon californicum Photinia X Fraseri Pieris japonica Pinus mugo Carissa grandiflora Ligustrum ovalifolium Ligustrum lucidum Ligustrum sinensis Ligustrum japonicum Pyracantha coccinea Chaenomeles japonica Leucophyllum frutescens Ceanothus spp. Rhododendron spp. Pittosporum tobira Rosa spp. Illicium parviflorum Spiraea vanhouttei Spiraea X bumalda Spiraea japonica Laurus nobilis Tecoma stans Aloysia triphylla Viburnum suspensum Vitex spp. Weigela florida Ceanothus spp. Xylosma congestum Tecoma stans Taxus media Taxus cuspidata Podocarpus macrophyllus Yucca filamentosa Yucca pendula

GROUND COVERS

Common Name

Ajuga

Scientific Name

Ajuga reptans



<u>.</u>

21/27

Baby Sun Rose **Beach Strawberry** Capeweed Cinquefoil, Spring Coyotebrush, Dwarf Daisy, Trailing African Dymondia Gazania Iceplant, Large Leaf Ivy, English Ivy, Geranium Jasmine, Asiatic Jasmine, Primrose Jessamine, Carolina Manzanita, Bearberry Miscanthus Mondograss Morninglory Myoporum Pachysandra Potentilla Red Apple Rosemary Rose-Of-Sharon Sand Strawberry Sedum St. Johnswort, Creeping Stonecrop Verbena, Peruvian Vervain Vetch, Crown Vinca Wintercreeper

PERENNIALS

6

Common Name

Acacia Asparagus Aster, New York Aster, Stokes Babys Breath Beard-Tongue Bellflower Aptenia cordifolia Fragaria chiloensis Arctotheca calendula Potentilla verna **Baccharis** pitularis Osteospermum fruticosum Dymondia margaretae Gazania splendens Carpobrotus edulis Hedera helix Pelargonium peltatum Trachelospermum asiaticum Jasminum mesnyi Gelsemium sempervirens Arctostaphylos uva-ursi Miscanthus spp. Ophiopogon japonica Convolvulus spp. Myoporum parviflolium Pachysandra terminalis Potentilla fruticosa Aptenia cordifolia Rosemarinus officinalis Hypericum calycinum Fragaria chiloensis Sedum spurium Hypericum calycinum Sedum spurium Verbena peruviana Verbena peruviana Vicia sativa Vinca minor Euonymous fortunei

Scientific Name

Acacia redolens Asparagus spp. Aster novi-belgii Stokesia laevis Gypsophila elegans Penstemon spp. Campanula spp.

22/27

Bird of Paradise Black-eyed Susan **Blanket** Flower **Bleeding Heart** Butterfly Weed California Poppy Calla Lily Canna, Common Garden Carex Chincherinchee Clover, Crimson Columbine Coreopsis **Crinum** Lily Crocus Daffodil Daylily Fiary Duster Fern, Asparagus Fern, Boston Fern, Leatherleaf Fortnight Lily Foxglove Freesia Gaillardia Geum Gladiolus Heather, Dwarf Hosta Indian Blanket Lantana, Weeping Leopards Bane Lily Liriope, Big Blue Liriope, Creeping Liriope, Variegated Moonbeam Montbretia Nightshade Orchid, Peacock **Oxeye** Daisy Peony, Chinese Purple Coneflower Purple Loosestrife Rosemary Sedge

Caesalpinia pulcherrima Rudbeckia hirta Gaillardia x grandiflora Dicentra spectabilis Asclepias tuberosa Eschscholzia california Zantedeschia aethiopica Canna generalis 'Lucifer' Carex spp. Ornithogalum thyrsoides Trifolium incarnatum Aquilegia 'McKana Giant' Coreopsis lanceolata Crinum spp. Crocus spp. Narcissus spp. Hemerocallis spp. Calliandra eriophylla Asparagus officinalis Nephrolepis exaltata Rumohra adiantiformis Moraea spp. Digitalis purpurea Freesia x hybrida Gaillardia pulchella Geum spp. Gladiolus spp. Calluna vulgaris Hosta spp. Gaillardia pulchella Lantana montevidensis Doronicum cordatum Lillium spp. Liriope muscari Liriope spicata Liriope muscari Coreopsis verticillata Crocosmia crocosmiiflora Solanum spp. Acidanthera bicolor Chrysanthemum leucanthemum Paeonia lactiflora Echinacea purpurea Lythrum virgatum **Rosmarinus** officinalis Carex spp.

23/27

Shasta Daisy Sweet Flag Tickseed Texas Bluebonnet Tulip Wisteria Wonder Flower Yarrow Zephyr Lily

1

E 17

٩.,

ORNAMENTAL GRASSES

<u>Common Name</u>

Beach Grass Fescue, Blue Fescue, Sheep Fountain Grass Pampas Grass Reed Canary Grass Reed, Giant Ribbon Grass Tufted Hair Grass

BEDDING PLANTS

<u>Common Name</u>

Ageratum *Alyssum Anemone, Poppy-flowered Artemesia Balloonflower *Begonia Cabbage, Ornamental Caladium Cast-Iron Plant *China Aster Crocosmia, Montebretia *Dahlia Dianthus Dusty Miller Chrysanthemum x superbum Acorus calamus Coreopsis lanceolata Lupinus texenis Tulipa spp. Wisteria spp. Ornithogalum thyrsoides Achillea millefolium Zephyranthes spp.

Scientific Name

Ammophila breviligulata Festuca ovina Festuca ovina Pennisetum setaceum Cortaderia selloana Phalaris arundinacea Arundo spp. Phalaris arundinacea Deschampsia caespitosa

Scientific Name

Ageratum houstonianum Alyssum saxatile Anemone coronaria Artemesia spp. Platycodon grandiflorum Begonia spp. Brassica olereacea Caladium spp. Aspidistra elatior Callistephus chinensis Crocosmia x crocosmiiflora Dahlia spp. Dianthus barbatus Senecio cineraria

24/27

Gayfeather Gazania, Treasure Flower Gazania, Trailing Gloxinia Kale, Ornamental Marigold, African *Moss Rose Mum, Garden Pansy *Periwinkle Periwinkle, Rose *Petunia Plumosa Cockscomb *Portulaca *Salvia *Snapdragon *Statice Sweet William *Vinca

Liatris spp. Gazania rigens Gazania rigens leucolaena Gloxinia simningia Brassica napus Tagetes erecta Portulaca grandiflora Chrysanthemum spp. Viola tricolor Vinca major Catharanthus roseus Petunia spp. Celosia cristata Portulaca grandiflora Salvia splendens Antirrhinum majus Limonium spp. Dianthus barbatus Vinca major

Ċ

 $\mathbf{\hat{v}}_{i}$

*Application of PENDULUM WDG herbicide should not be made sooner than four weeks after transplanting these annuals. Use the lower labeled rate.

PENDULUM WDG HERBICIDE may be used on plant species not listed on this label. The suitability for such uses should be determined by treating a small number of such plants at the recommended rate. Treated plants should be evaluated 1-2 months following treatment for possible injury. THE USER ASSUMES RESPONSIBILITY FOR ANY CROP DAMAGE OR OTHER LIABILITY. Do not treat plants grown for food or feed. Do not use treated plants for food or feed.

ORNAMENTAL BULBS

Pendulum WDG may be applied for control of susceptible annual weeds in ornamental bulbs listed on the label (crocus, daffodil (narcissus), gladiolus, tulip, etc.). Apply Pendulum WDG prior to, during or after bulb emergence. If weeds have already germinated add a labeled postemergence herbicide to control emerged weeds.

WILDFLOWERS

Pendulum WDG may be applied for control of susceptible annual weeds in plantings of wildflowers listed on the label (Black-eyed Susan, California Poppy, Coreopsis, Oxeye Daisy, etc.). Pendulum WDG may be applied to established perennial wildflowers before emergence of weeds or wildflowers. For wildflowers being established from seed, apply

25/27

Pendulum WDG after wildflowers have emerged but prior to weed germination. If weeds have already germinated, add a labeled postemergence product to control emerged weeds.

Due to the diversity of species and varieties which exist in areas where wildflowers are grown, the response to PENDULUM WDG herbicide may vary greatly. Careful testing on desirable species is recommended to determine if area-wide applications can be made.

ORNAMENTAL TANK MIXES

Emerged weeds in ornamentals can be controlled using tank mixes containing Roundup⁴, Finale¹, Ornamec², Gallery⁵, Princep⁸, and other similar products. Do not apply sprays containing Roundup or Finale over the top of ornamental plants.

Before tank mixing a simple jar test is recommended to insure compatability of herbicides.

Refer to manufacturers' labels for specific use directions, precautions, and limitations before tank mixing with PENDULUM WDG herbicide and follow those that are most restrictive.

ORNAMENTAL PRECAUTIONS

5. Ý

Apply PENDULUM WDG herbicide to established plantings. DELAY applying PENDULUM WDG herbicide to seedbeds, transplant beds, or liners until plants have become well rooted. Care must be taken that soil or planting mixes have settled firmly following transplanting and that there are no cracks that would allow direct contact of PENDULUM WDG herbicide with roots. Directed sprays where soil and media surfaces are uniformly covered will result in best weed control and ornamental tolerance. Plant only those desirable plant species listed on this label into soil treated the previous season with PENDULUM WDG herbicide or injury may occur.

For container grown ornamentals, delay first application of this product to bareroot liners 2-4 weeks.

LANDSCAPE AND GROUNDS MAINTENANCE

PENDULUM WDG herbicide can be incorporated into landscape and grounds maintenance programs to provide extended preemergence control of most annual grasses and certain broadleaf weeds. Areas to be treated, such as mulch beds, parking areas and roadsides, fencelines and borders, around statuary or monuments, and similar areas, should be free of emerged weeds before application. To remove emerged weeds either cultivate or tankmix PENDULUM WDG with a postemergence product labeled for such use.

Refer to APPLICATION RATE TABLE for rates. Avoid unintentional contact of spray solution with stone, wood, or other porous surfaces as staining may occur. Rinse immediately to avoid staining.

NON-BEARING FRUIT AND NUT CROPS AND VINEYARDS

PENDULUM WDG herbicide may be applied for preemergence control of most annual grasses and certain broadleaf weeds on the following non-bearing crops:

Almond	Olive
Apple	Peach
Apricot	Pear
Cherry	Pecan
Citrus	Pistachio
Fig	Plum
Grape	Prune
Nectarine	Walnut, English



Apply the spray directly to the ground below the trees or vines. Care must be taken that soil or planting mixes have settled firmly following transplanting and that there are no cracks that would allow direct contact of PENDULUM WDG herbicide and roots. Directed sprays where soil and media surfaces are uniformly covered will result in best weed control and plant tolerance. For newly transplanted and one year old grapevines, apply only when they are dormant. Do not apply if buds have started to swell. PENDULUM WDG herbicide may be used where the roots of a fruit, vine, nut, or ornamental plant encroach into a treatable area.

NONCROPLAND AREAS INCLUDING TREE PLANTATIONS

PENDULUM WDG herbicide is recommended for grounds maintenance in noncropland areas; preemergence control of the weed species listed in and around established tree plantations (including Christmas trees); in and around established ornamentals planted in noncropland areas such as highway rights-of-way, and utility substations. PENDULUM WDG herbicide may be used for hardwood and conifer regeneration on conservation reserve program land or similar areas.

Refer to APPLICATION RATE TABLE for rates.

PENDULUM WDG herbicide may be applied at planting or to established trees. When making an application at planting, it is important that slit closure be achieved to prevent PENDULUM

23

3/98

WDG from directly contacting the tree roots or being washed into the root zone via the open slit or root stunting may occur.

For postemergence control of weeds, tank-mix combinations of PENDULUM WDG herbicide plus Roundup, Finale, or other labeled herbicides are recommended. Refer to approved labeling for species recommendations. Recommended rates for the tank-mix compounds should be determined from the product labels of both PENDULUM WDG herbicide and partner herbicides prior to use. Precaution must be exercised to prevent combination sprays from direct contact with desirable foliage or injury may result. PENDULUM plus **diuron** or **simazine** combinations will broaden weed control spectrum, however, use of combinations may restrict PENDULUM WDG herbicide usage in sensitive areas. Refer to manufacturers' labels for specific use directions, precautions, and limitations before use and follow those that are most restrictive.

TOTAL VEGETATIVE CONTROL

PENDULUM WDG may be tank mixed with ARSENAL⁶, Roundup, Karmex⁷, Finale, Oust⁷, diuron, or other products to provide bare ground, or total vegetation control. PENDULUM WDG can be used to provide greater plant selectivity in areas where such action may be desired. Such sites might have roots of landscape vegetation, ornamentals, or desirable trees encroaching into the treated zone. Refer to tankmix partner labels regarding effects on desirable plants. **DO NOT tank mix with ARSENAL in California.**

6

Applications may be made to existing weeds controlled by the partner herbicide. Recommended rates should be determined from the product labels prior to use. Follow the most restrictive label instructions.

For Kochia: Combinations of PENDULUM WDG with ARSENAL or diuron are recommended if control has been a problem for other herbicides.