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4. Company/Product (Name) Pursuit Herbicide			PM4 25	•				
5. Name and Address of App BASF Corporation 26 Davis Drive Research Triangle Pa	ark, NC 27709-35		(b)(i to:	~	is sim	ilar or iden	tical in co	FIFRA Section 3(c)(3) imposition and labeling
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# FOR USE IN ALFALFA, CLOVER, PEAS AND BEANS, FIELD CORN (Apply Only on CLEARFIELD® corn hybrids), PEANUTS, AND SOYBEANS

(Not for use on CLEARFIELD® rice or any other rice varieties or hybrids.)

### **ACTIVE INGREDIENT:**

\* Equivalent to 21.6% (±)-2-[4,5-dihydro-4-methyl-4-(1-methylethyl)-5-oxo-1H-imidazol-2-yl]-5-ethyl-3-pyridinecarboxylic acid

(1 gallon contains 2.0 pounds of active ingredient as the free acid)

U.S. Patent No. 4,798,619 EPA Reg. No. 241-310

**EPA Est. No** 

## KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN CAUTION/PRECAUCIÓN

Si usted no entiende la etiqueta, busque a alguien para que se la explique a usted en detalle. (If you do not understand this label, find someone to explain it to you in detail).

In case of an emergency endangering life or property involving this product, call day or night 800-832-HELP.

See inside for additional First Aid, Precautionary Statements, Directions for Use and See See Conditions of Sale and Warranty

**Net Contents:** 







	FIRST AID			
IF ON SKIN OR CLOTHING	<ul> <li>Take off contaminated clothing.</li> <li>Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15-20 minutes.</li> <li>Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.</li> </ul>			
IF IN EYES	<ul> <li>Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15-20 minutes.</li> <li>Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing.</li> <li>Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.</li> </ul>			
IF INHALED	<ul> <li>Move person to fresh air. If person is not breathing, call 911 or an ambulance, then give artificial respiration, preferably mouth-to-mouth if possible.</li> <li>Call a poison control center or doctor for further treatment advice.</li> </ul>			
HOT LINE NUMBER				

Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor or going for treatment. You may also contact BASF Corporation for emergency medical treatment information: 1-800-832-HELP (4357).

### PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS

### HAZARDS TO HUMANS **CAUTION!**

Harmful if inhaled or absorbed through skin. Avoid breathing spray mist. Avoid contact with skin, eyes or clothing.

### Personal Protective Equipment (PPE):

Some materials that are chemical-resistant to this product are listed below. If you want more options, follow instructions for category A on an EPA chemical resistant category selection chart.

Applicators and other handlers must wear:

- long-sleeved shirt and long pants
- chemical-resistant gloves, such as butyl rubber ≥14 mils, or natural rubber ≥14 mils, or neoprene rubber ≥14 mils, or nitrile rubber ≥14 mils.
- · shoes plus socks

Follow manufacturer's instructions for cleaning and maintaining PPE. If no such instructions for washables, use detergent and hot water. Keep and wash PPE separately from other laundry.

### **User Safety Recommendations:**

Users Should:

- · Wash hands before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco or using the toilet.
- Remove clothing immediately if pesticide gets inside. Then wash thoroughly and put on clean clothing.

### ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS

Do not apply directly to water, or to areas where surface water is present or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark.

DO NOT contaminate water when disposing of equipment washwaters.

### **Groundwater Advisory and Proper Handling** Instructions

This chemical has properties and characteristics associated with chemicals detected in groundwater. The use of this chemical in areas where soils are permeable, particularly where the water table is shallow, may result in groundwater contamination.

This product may not be mixed or loaded within 50 feet of any wells (including abandoned wells and drainage wells). sink holes, perennial or intermittent streams and rivers, and natural or impounded lakes or reservoirs. This setback does not apply to properly capped or plugged abandoned wells and does not apply to impervious pad or properly diked mixing/loading areas.

Operations that involve mixing, loading, rinsing, or washing of this product into or from pesticide handling or application equipment or containers within 50 feet of any well are prohibited unless conducted on an impervious pad constructed to withstand the weight of the heaviest load that may be positioned on or moved across the pad. Such a pad shall be designed and maintained to contain any product spills or equipment leaks, container or equipment rinse or washwater, and rainwater that may fall on the pad. Surface water shall not be allowed to either flow over or from the pad, which means the pad must be self-contained. The pad shall be sloped to facilitate material removal. An unroofed pad shall be of sufficient capacity to contain at a minimum 110% of the capacity of the largest pesticide container or application equipment on the pad. A pad that is covered by a roof of sufficient size to completely exclude precipitation from contact with the pad shall have a minimum containment capacity of 100% of the capacity of the largest pesticide container or application equipment on the pad. Containment capacities as described above shall be maintained at all times. The above specific minimum containment capacities do not apply to vehicles when delivering pesticide shipments to the mixing/loading site. States may have in effect additional requirements regarding wellhead setbacks and operational containment.

DO NOT apply this product through any type of irrigation

Product must be used in a manner which will prevent back siphoning in wells, spills or improper disposal of excess pesticide, spray mixture.



### **DIRECTIONS FOR USE**

It is a violation of federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.

Do not apply this product in a way that will contact workers or other persons, either directly or through drift. Only protected handlers may be in the area during application. For any requirements specific to your State or Tribe, consult the agency responsible for pesticide regulation.

This labeling must be in the possession of the user at the time of pesticide application.

Observe all cautions and limitations on this label and on the labels of products used in combination with **PURSUIT**. Do not use **PURSUIT** other than in accordance with the instructions set forth on this label. The use of **PURSUIT** not consistent with this label may result in injury to crops. Keep containers closed to avoid spills and contamination.

### **AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS**

Use this product only in accordance with its labeling and with the Worker Protection Standard, 40 CFR part 170. This Standard contains requirements for the protection of agricultural workers on farms, forests, nurseries, and greenhouses, and handlers of agricultural pesticides. It contains requirements for training, decontamination, notification, and emergency assistance. It also contains specific instructions and exceptions pertaining to the statements on this label about personal protective equipment (PPE), and restricted-entry interval. The requirements in this box only apply to uses of this product that are covered by the Worker Protection Standard.

Do not enter or allow worker entry into treated areas during the restricted entry interval (REI) of **4 hours**. Exception: if the product is soil-injected or soil-incorporated, the Worker Protection Standard, under certain circumstances, allows workers to enter the treated area if there will be no contact with anything that has been treated.

PPE required for early entry to treated areas that is permitted under the Worker Protection Standard and that involves contact with anything that has been treated, such as plants, soil, or water, is:

- coveralls
- chemical-resistant gloves, such as butyl rubber ≥14 mils, or natural rubber ≥14 mils, or neoprene rubber ≥ 14 mils, or nitrile rubber ≥14 mils.
- · shoes plus socks

### STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

### PROHIBITIONS:

KEEP FROM FREEZING

DO NOT store below 32° F.

DO NOT contaminate water, food or feed by storage or disposal.

### **PESTICIDE DISPOSAL:**

Wastes resulting from the use of this product may be disposed of on site or at an approved waste disposal facility.

### **CONTAINER DISPOSAL:**

Triple rinse (or equivalent). Then offer for recycling or reconditioning, or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, by incineration or, if allowed by state and local authorities, by burning. If burned, stay out of smoke.

### **CONTAINER DISPOSAL (BULK AND MINIBULK):**

When the container is empty, replace the cap and seal all openings that have been opened during use, and return the container to the point of purchase, or to an alternate location designated by the registrant at the time of purchase of this product. If not returned to the point of purchase or to a designated location, triple-rinse or pressure-rinse the empty container and offer for recycling if available.

### **INSTRUCTIONS FOR USERS AND REFILLERS**

The container must only be refilled with this pesticide product. Do not reuse the container for any other purpose. Do not transport if this container is damaged or leaking. If the container is damaged, leaking or obsolete, or to obtain information about recycling refillable containers, contact BASF at 1-800-832-HELP (1-800-832-4357). Cleaning is not necessary prior to refilling with the same product. Clean container before final disposal. Disposal of this container must be in compliance with state and local regulations.

### **INSTRUCTIONS FOR REFILLERS**

Prior to refilling, inspect carefully for damage such as cracks, punctures, abrasions, worn-out threads and closure devices. Check for leaks after refilling and before transporting. If the container cannot be refilled, triple-rinse or pressure-rinse the empty container and offer for recycling if available.

### **GENERAL INFORMATION**

Not for use on CLEARFIELD® rice or any other rice varieties or hybrids.

**PURSUIT** kills weeds by root and/or foliage uptake and rapid translocation to the growing points. Adequate soil moisture is important for optimum **PURSUIT** activity. When adequate soil moisture is present, **PURSUIT** will provide residual control of susceptible germinating weeds; activity on established weeds will depend on the weed species and the location of its root system in the soil.

Occasionally, internode shortening and/or temporary yellowing of crop plants may occur following **PURSUIT** applications. These effects occur infrequently and are temporary. Normal growth and appearance should resume within 1 to 2 weeks.

When organo-phosphate (such as Lorsban®) or carbamate insecticides are tank-mixed with **PURSUIT** herbicide, temporary injury may result to the treated crops.

Use of **PURSUIT** herbicide in accordance with label directions is expected to result in normal growth of rotational crops in most situations; however, various environmental and agronomic factors make it impossible to eliminate all risks associated with the use of this product and, therefore, rotational crop injury is always possible. Under some conditions (such as heavy texture soil, high organic matter, low pH or low rainfall) **PURSUIT** may cause injury to subsequent planted crops. Vegetable crops and particularly sugar beets are sensitive to **PURSUIT** residues in the soil.

Naturally occurring biotypes\* of some of the weeds listed on this label may not be effectively controlled by this and/or other products with either the ALS/AHAS enzyme inhibiting mode of action. Other herbicides with the ALS/AHAS



enzyme inhibiting mode of action include the sulfonylureas (e.g., Accent®, Basis®, Classic®, Harmony GT®, Spirit®, Permit®, etc.), the sulfonamides (e.g., FirstRate®, etc.) and the pyrimidyl benzoates (e.g. Staple®, etc.). If naturally occurring ALS/AHAS resistant biotypes are present in a field, **PURSUIT** and/or any other ALS/AHAS enzyme inhibiting mode of action herbicide should be tank-mixed or applied sequentially with an appropriate registered herbicide having a different mode of action to ensure control.

\* A weed biotype is a naturally occurring plant within a given species that has a slightly different, but distinct, genetic makeup from other plants.

Replanting: If replanting is necessary in a field previously treated with **PURSUIT**, the field may be replanted to soybeans, peanuts or CLEARFIELD® corn (imidazolinone resistant/tolerant corn), lima beans or Southern peas. Rework the soil no deeper than the treated zone. Do not apply a second treatment of **PURSUIT**.

### **CLEARFIELD® CORN**

Apply **PURSUIT** herbicide only on selected field corn hybrids (CLEARFIELD® corn) warranted by the seed company to possess resistance/tolerance to direct application of **PURSUIT**. DO NOT apply **PURSUIT** to corn hybrids which lack resistance/tolerance to **PURSUIT**. Contact your seed supplier, chemical dealer or BASF to obtain information regarding CLEARFIELD® corn hybrids.

Crops growing under stressful environmental conditions can exhibit various injury symptoms which may be more pronounced if herbicides are used. Corn plants treated with **PURSUIT** may exhibit yellowing on new growth. Such effects occur infrequently and are temporary. Normal growth and appearance should resume within 1 to 2 weeks.

### **EDIBLE LEGUME VEGETABLES**

Reduced crop growth, quality, yield and/or delayed maturity may result from a **PURSUIT** application to edible legume vegetables. Since crop maturity may be delayed, timing of harvest may need to be adjusted accordingly. DO NOT apply **PURSUIT** if planting is delayed and chance of frost prior to maturity is likely.

USE **PURSUIT** ONLY if proper agronomic practices have been utilized, including good soil fertility, proper crop rotation, disease and insect management and tillage practices that eliminate compaction and hardpans. Plant peas, lentils or lima beans at least 1/2 inch deep to reduce risk of crop injury.

DO NOT apply **PURSUIT** if cold and/or wet conditions are present or predicted to occur within one week of application. DO NOT apply **PURSUIT** postemergence after crop has begun to flower or crop injury may result. (Refer to specific legume vegetable crop for specific application timings recommended).

### **USE AREA RESTRICTIONS**

In New York State - Not for Sale or Use on Long Island.

### **MIXING INSTRUCTIONS**

POSTEMERGENCE APPLICATIONS OF **PURSUIT** REQUIRE THE ADDITION OF AN ADJUVANT <u>AND</u> A FERTILIZER SOLUTION.

NOTE: Fertilizer solutions may not be used in the state of California.

### I. ADJUVANTS

CROP OIL CONCENTRATE: A petroleum or vegetable seed based oil concentrate may be used. Methylated seed oils are recommended when weeds are under moisture or temperature stress. Use methylated seed oils at the rate of 1.0% v/v (1 gallon per 100 gallons of spray solution), or use a crop oil concentrate at 1.25% v/v (1.25 gallons per 100 gallons of spray solution). DO NOT include a CROP OIL CONCENTRATE when applying PURSUIT to edible legume vegetable crops

#### OF

**SURFACTANTS:** Use a non-ionic surfactant containing at least 80% active ingredient. Apply the surfactant at the rate of 0.25% v/v (1 quart per 100 gallons of spray solution). An organo-silicone surfactant or dry surfactant may be used in place of a non-ionic surfactant

#### AND

### (All States Except California)

### **II. FERTILIZER SOLUTION**

Recommended nitrogen based fertilizers include liquid fertilizers (such as 28%N, 32%N or 10-34-0) may be applied at the rate of 1.25 to 2.5 gallons per 100 gallons of spray solution. Use the higher rate when weeds are under moisture or temperature stress. Instead of a liquid fertilizer, spray grade ammonium sulfate may be used at the rate of 12-15 lbs. per 100 gallons of spray solution.

**Note:** Fertilizer solution is not required in **PURSUIT** applications in use areas south of Interstate Highway 40, except in the states of Texas, New Mexico and Oklahoma.

Fill the spray tank one-half full with clean water. Use a calibrated measuring device to measure the required amount of **PURSUIT**. Add **PURSUIT** to the spray tank while agitating. Add adjuvants and fill the remainder of the tank with water.

### TANK MIX COMBINATIONS WITH OTHER HERBICIDES

If other herbicides are tank-mixed with **PURSUIT**, while agitating, add components in the following order:

- 1) Fill spray tank 1/2 full with clean water.
- 2) Add soluble packet products and thoroughly mix.
- Add WP (wettable powder), DG (dispersible granule), DF (dry flowable) or liquid flowable formulations not in soluble packets.
- 4) Add PURSUIT and thoroughly mix.
- 5) Add other aqueous solution products.
- 6) Add EC (emulsifiable concentrate) products.
- 7) Add surfactant or crop oil to the spray tank.
- 8) Add liquid fertilizer.
- 9) While agitating, fill the remainder of the tank with water.

To avoid injury to sensitive crops, spray equipment used for **PURSUIT** applications must be drained and thoroughly cleaned with water before being used to apply other products.

When **PURSUIT** is used in combination with another herbicide, refer to the respective label for rates, methods of application, proper timing, weeds controlled, restrictions and precautions. Always use in accordance with the more restrictive label restrictions and precautions. No label dosages should be exceeded. **PURSUIT** cannot be mixed



with any product containing a label prohibiting such mixtures.

### **SPRAYING INSTRUCTIONS**

DO NOT apply when wind velocity is greater than 10 mph, or when spray may be carried to sensitive crops. Sensitive crops include, but are not limited to, leafy vegetables and sugar beets.

### **GROUND APPLICATIONS**

Uniformly apply with properly calibrated ground equipment in 10 or more gallons of water per acre. A spray pressure of 20 to 40 psi is recommended.

To ensure thorough coverage, use a minimum of 20 gallons of water per acre when applying **PURSUIT** to minimum or no-till crops. Use higher gallonage for fields with dense vegetation or heavy crop residues. Adjust the boom height to ensure proper coverage of weed foliage (according to the manufacturer's recommendation). Use only flat-fan nozzle tips for postemergence applications.

Avoid overlaps when spraying,

### PURSUIT APPLICATIONS WITH A LOW VOLUME SPRAYER

**PURSUIT** may be applied to soybeans with a low volume (Spra-Coupe®-type) sprayer. When applying **PURSUIT** with a low volume sprayer, spray the weeds before they reach the maximum size listed in this label. Adequate control of weeds is dependent upon good spray coverage of the weeds. The sprayer must be calibrated to deliver the recommended spray volume and pressure to ensure adequate spray coverage of the weeds.

When applying **PURSUIT** with a low volume sprayer, apply a minimum of 10 gallons per acre of spray solution with a nozzle pressure between 40-60 psi for optimum coverage. When spraying combinations including Banvel® or dicambacontaining products on CLEARFIELD® corn, do not exceed 40 psi sprayer pressure.

### **AERIAL APPLICATION**

**PURSUIT** may be applied by air to crops listed in this label unless otherwise noted.

Uniformly apply with properly calibrated aerial equipment in 5 or more gallons of water per acre. When applied POSTEMERGENCE, the addition of a non-ionic surfactant AND fertilizer solution are required for optimum weed control. Apply a non-ionic surfactant at the rate of 1 quart per 100 gallons of spray solution OR a crop oil concentrate at the rate of 1.25 gallons per 100 gallons of spray solution AND a liquid fertilizer at the rate of 1.25 gallons per 100 gallons of spray solution. (See instructions under APPLICATION INFORMATION - POSTEMERGENCE).

Avoiding spray drift at the application site is the responsibility of the applicator. The interaction of many equipment- and weather-related factors determine the potential for spray drift. The applicator and the grower are responsible for considering all these factors when making decisions.

The following drift management requirements must be followed to avoid off-target drift movement from aerial applications to agricultural field crops. These requirements do not apply to forestry applications, public health uses or to applications using dry formulations.

- The distance of the outermost nozzles on the boom must not exceed ¾ the length of the wingspan or rotor.
- Nozzles must always point backward parallel with the air stream and never be pointed downwards more than 45 degrees.

Where states have more stringent regulations, they shall be observed.

The applicator should be familiar with and take into account the information covered in the Aerial Drift Reduction Advisory Information presented below.

### **INFORMATION ON DROPLET SIZE:**

The most effective way to reduce drift potential is to apply large droplets. The best drift management strategy is to apply the largest droplets that provide sufficient coverage and control. Applying larger droplets reduces drift potential, but will not prevent drift if applications are made improperly, or under unfavorable environmental conditions (see WIND, TEMPERATURE AND HUMIDITY, and TEMPERATURE INVERSIONS).

### CONTROLLING DROPLET SIZE

- Volume Use high flow rate nozzles to apply the highest practical spray volume. Nozzles with higher rated flows produce larger droplets.
- Pressure Do not exceed the nozzle manufacturer's recommended pressures. For many nozzle types, lower pressure produces larger droplets. When higher flow rates are needed, use higher flow rate nozzles instead of increasing pressure.
- Number of Nozzles Use the minimum number of nozzles that provide uniform coverage.
- Nozzle Orientation Orienting nozzles so that the spray is released parallel to the airstream produces larger droplets than other orientations and is recommended practice. Significant deflection from the horizontal will reduce droplet size and increase drift potential.
- Nozzle Type Use a nozzle type that is designed for the intended application. With most nozzle types, narrower spray angles produce larger droplets. Consider using lowdrift nozzles. Solid stream nozzles oriented straight back produce the largest droplets and the lowest drift.

### **BOOM LENGTH**

For some use patterns, reducing the effective boom length to less than % of the wingspan or rotor length may further reduce drift without reducing swath width.

### **APPLICATION HEIGHT**

Applications should not be made at a height greater than 10 feet above the top of the largest plants unless a greater height is required for aircraft safety. Making applications at the lowest height that is safe reduces exposure of droplets to evaporation and wind.

### **SWATH ADJUSTMENT**

When applications are made with a crosswind, the swath will be displaced downwind. Therefore, on the up and downwind edges of the field, the applicator must compensate for this displacement by adjusting the path of the aircraft upwind. Swath adjustment distance should increase with increasing drift potential (higher wind, smaller droplets, etc.).

### WIND

Drift potential is lowest between wind speeds of 2-10 mph. However, many factors, including droplet size and equipment type, determine drift potential at any given speed. Application should be avoided below 2 mph due to variable wind direction and high inversion potential. NOTE: Local terrain can influence wind patterns. Every applicator should be familiar with local wind patterns and how they affect spray drift.





### **TEMPERATURE AND HUMIDITY**

When making applications in low relative humidity, set up equipment to produce larger droplets to compensate for evaporation. Droplet evaporation is most severe when conditions are both hot and dry.

### **TEMPERATURE INVERSIONS**

Applications should not occur during a temperature inversion because drift potential is high. Temperature inversions restrict vertical air mixing, which causes small suspended droplets to remain in a concentrated cloud. This cloud can move in unpredictable directions due to the light variable winds common during inversions. Temperature inversions are characterized by increasing temperatures with altitude and are common on nights with limited cloud cover and light to no wind. They begin to form as the sun sets and often continue into the morning. Their presence can be indicated by ground fog; however, if fog is not present, inversions can also be identified by the movement of smoke from a ground source or an aircraft smoke generator. Smoke that layers and moves laterally in a concentrated cloud (under low wind conditions) indicates an inversion, while smoke that moves upward and rapidly dissipates indicates good vertical air mixing.

#### **SENSITIVE AREAS**

The pesticide should only be applied when the potential for drift to adjacent sensitive areas (e.g. residential areas, bodies of water, known habitat for threatened or endangered species, or non-target crops) is minimal (e.g. when wind is blowing away from the sensitive areas).

Applicator is responsible for any loss or damage which results from spraying **PURSUIT** in a manner other than recommended in this label. In addition, applicator must follow all applicable state and local regulations and ordinances in regard to spraying.

### APPLICATION INFORMATION

### **POSTEMERGENCE**

**PURSUIT** is effective in controlling weeds in conservation tillage as well as in conventional production systems. Apply **PURSUIT** herbicide as an early postemergence treatment when weeds are actively growing and before they exceed a height of 3 inches, unless otherwise indicated. Delay application until the majority of the weeds are at the recommended growth stage. Application timing should be based on weed size and not crop growth stage. Apply **PURSUIT** to crops and weeds that are actively growing.

An adjuvant (either a crop oil concentrate or a surfactant) and a nitrogen-based fertilizer must be added to the spray solution for optimum weed control activity. See the ADJUVANTS section under MIXING INSTRUCTIONS for specific instructions.

When **PURSUIT** is applied postemergence, absorption will occur through both the roots and foliage. Susceptible weeds stop growing and either die or are not competitive with the crop. **PURSUIT** not only controls many existing broadleaf and grass weeds when applied postemergence, it also provides control of susceptible weeds that may emerge after application.

For maximum weed control, cultivate 7 - 10 days following a postemergence **PURSUIT** application. This timely cultivation will enhance residual weed control, especially under dry conditions.

**PURSUIT** should be applied a minimum of one hour before rainfall or overhead irrigation.

Unusually cool temperatures (50° F or less) reduce photosynthesis and transpiration and thus reduce uptake, translocation, and efficacy of **PURSUIT** herbicide in weeds. Delaying a **PURSUIT** application for 48 hours from the time the temperature increases above 50° F, if air temperature has been below 50° F for 10 hours or more hours, will improve weed control and reduce crop response.

### NO-TILL/MINIMUM TILLAGE AND DOUBLE CROP SOYBEANS

**PURSUIT** controls existing weeds and provides residual control of most weeds when applied early postemergence to CLEARFIELD® corn or soybeans in no-till or minimum tillage and double crop soybean production systems. The application may be applied either before or after emergence of the crop. (Refer to the WEEDS CONTROLLED POSTEMERGENCE chart for weeds controlled and recommended weed size).

If **PURSUIT** is applied prior to emergence of the crop, and weeds exceed the recommended size, a contact herbicide should be added to **PURSUIT** to enhance control. (See instructions for NO-TILL OR REDUCED TILLAGE under the PREEMERGENCE section of this label).

### SOIL APPLICATIONS

**PURSUIT** provides effective weed control in conservation tillage systems designed to meet conservation compliance requirements. **PURSUIT** can be applied as an early preplant, preplant Incorporated, or preemergence treatment in soybeans. It can also be applied in conventional, minimum tillage and no-till production systems. The application method of choice will depend on the anticipated weed spectrum and the preference of the applicator.

Adequate soil moisture is required for optimum activity. Rainfall or overhead irrigation is necessary to move **PURSUIT** into the weed germination zone. The amount of rainfall or irrigation required following application depends on existing soil moisture, soil texture and organic matter content. Sufficient water to moisten the soil to a depth of 2 inches is normally adequate. If adequate moisture is not received within 7 days after treatment, a cultivation is recommended to control escaped weeds. When adequate moisture is received after dry conditions, **PURSUIT** will provide residual control of susceptible germinating weeds; activity on established weeds will depend on the weed species and the location of its root system in the soil.

**PURSUIT** controls weeds by uptake by weed roots and translocation to the growing points where it stops weed growth. Susceptible weeds may emerge, growth will stop and the weeds will either die or are not competitive with the crop.

### **SOIL APPLICATIONS WITH LIQUID FERTILIZERS**

**PURSUIT** can be applied to the soil in liquid fertilizers, alone or in combination with PROWL® 3.3 EC or OUTLOOK® to soybeans or CLEARFIELD® corn. Mixtures including trifluralin may be applied to soybeans only. Follow all **PURSUIT** label recommendations regarding incorporation, timing of application, special instructions and precautions. Apply treatments in 20 or more gallons of liquid fertilizer per acre with ground equipment. Always test the compatibility of **PURSUIT** with the liquid fertilizer before mixing in the spray tank.

### PREEMERGENCE (SURFACE APPLICATIONS)

**PURSUIT** offers flexibility in that it can be utilized in all production tillage systems. It can be applied prior to planting (up to 45 days prior to planting); at planting in conventional, reduced tillage or no-till production systems; or after planting and before crop emergence.

### **NO-TILL OR REDUCED TILLAGE**

Apply **PURSUIT** treatments before, during or after planting. To ensure thorough coverage, use a minimum of 20 gallons of water per acre. Use higher gallonage for fields with dense vegetation or heavy crop residues.

For maximum grass control, tank-mix **PURSUIT** with PROWL 3.3 EC or OUTLOOK. To kill existing vegetation, Gramoxone® Extra, Starfire®, Roundup® Ultra or 2,4-D (early



preplant - see 2,4-D label for limitations) may be tank-mixed with **PURSUIT** alone or in combination with PROWL® 3.3 EC, or OUTLOOK®. Gramoxone® Extra, Starfiree®, Roundup® Ultra or 2,4-D should be deleted from the tank-mixture if vegetation is absent at the time of application.

NOTE: Adjust planters to ensure adequate soil coverage of seed.

### PREPLANT INCORPORATED APPLICATIONS

**PURSUIT** may be applied following land preparation and should be **thoroughly incorporated** to a depth of 1 to 2 inches. If crops are planted on beds, apply and incorporate after bed formation using PTO-driven equipment or a rolling cultivator. Maintain **PURSUIT** in the surface 1 to 2 inches of the finished beds. Application may be made up to 45 days prior to planting soybeans.

When **PURSUIT** is soil applied for control of nutsedge in peanuts incorporate with two passes of the incorporation implement. Make the second pass at an offset angle to the first pass to minimize the potential for streaking.

### FEDERAL CONSERVATION RESERVE PROGRAM AND AGRICULTURAL RESERVE PROGRAM LAND SEEDED TO FORAGE LEGUME SPECIES AND PERENNIAL FORAGE GRASSES

### **DIRECTIONS FOR USE**

PURSUIT is effective in controlling many annual broadleaf and grass weeds in CONSERVATION RESERVE PROGRAMS and AGRICULTURAL RESERVE PROGRAMS (SET-ASIDE) land seeded to forage legume or grass crops. A PURSUIT application may result in temporary reduction in growth of legumes and grasses. Plants overcome temporary effects and become well established due to reduced weed competition.

DO NOT feed or graze legumes or grasses following a **PURSUIT** application. DO NOT cut treated legumes or grasses for hay or forage. DO NOT harvest legume seed for livestock feed. DO NOT use seed from treated legumes for sprouting. Apply only one application of **PURSUIT** per year.

### **COVER CROPS:\***

**LEGUMES:** Apply to forage legumes including alfalfa, clovers, crownvetch, birdsfoot trefoil and lespedeza.

**GRASSES: PURSUIT** may be applied to the following grasses: big bluestem, little bluestem, switchgrass, Russian wildrye, intermediate wheatgrass, crested wheatgrass, western wheatgrass, tall wheatgrass, smooth brome, canarygrass or orchardgrass.

\*NOTE: Cover crops may also be planted into fields previously treated with PURSUIT for weed control in soybeans. In this case, do not make a PURSUIT application to the cover crop until the following spring.

### POSTEMERGENCE APPLICATIONS OF PURSUIT TO CRP COVER CROPS.

**APPLICATION RATE:** Apply **PURSUIT** at the rate of 4 fluid ounces per acre.

**APPLICATION TIMING: PURSUIT** may be applied postemergence to seedling legumes (with at least 3 fully expanded trifoliate leaves) or to established legumes. On established legumes, **PURSUIT** may be applied in the fall or in the spring before weeds exceed the maximum recommended size for control.

DO NOT apply to seeded grasses until they have 4 leaves. Refer to **WEEDS CONTROLLED** under the SOYBEAN section of this label.

### **CROPS**

### **ALFALFA AND CLOVER**

### **DIRECTIONS FOR USE**

### **USE RATE**

### (3 - 6 OUNCES PER ACRE)

Apply **PURSUIT** at a broadcast rate of 3 to 6 ounces per acre postemergence only.

A maximum of 0.094 lbs. a.e./A of imazethapyr (6 oz./A of PURSUIT) per year may be applied to alfalfa or clover

DO NOT apply **PURSUIT** at more than 4 ounces per acre in North Dakota or Minnesota north of highway #210.

Do not apply more than 4 ounces of product to alfalfa or clover during the last year of the stand.

### **SEEDLING ALFALFA / CLOVER**

**PURSUIT** must be applied postemergence to seedling alfalfa or clover. Apply **PURSUIT** when the seedling alfalfa or clover is in the second (2nd) trifoliate stage or larger and when the majority of the weeds are 1-3 inches. For low growing weeds (such as mustards) apply **PURSUIT** before the rosette exceeds 3 inches. When **PURSUIT** is applied to seedling alfalfa or clover, there may be a temporary reduction in growth.

### **ESTABLISHED ALFALFA / CLOVER**

**PURSUIT** can be applied to established alfalfa or clover in the fall, in the spring to dormant, or semi-dormant alfalfa or clover (less than 3 inches of re-growth), or between cuttings. Any application should be made before significant alfalfa or clover growth or re-growth (3 inches) to allow **PURSUIT** to reach the target weeds.

Replanting: If replanting is necessary in a field previously treated with **PURSUIT**, do not plant alfalfa or clover for 4 months following a **PURSUIT** application. Refer to the ROTATIONAL CROP RESTRICTIONS section on this label for plant-back interval of various crops.

### **PRE-HARVEST INTERVAL**

Do not feed, graze or harvest alfalfa or clover for 30 days following an application of **PURSUIT** to alfalfa or clover.

### **WEEDS CONTROLLED**

When applied as directed, **PURSUIT** will control or reduce competition from the weeds listed below. Refer to the **MIXING INSTRUCTIONS** section for recommendations when weeds are at the maximum recommended growth stage, or are under stress.

### NOTE: R = Reduced Competition

Weeds noted with an "R" will be suppressed by **PURSUIT**. For best results, apply before the weeds exceed the size indicated below.

### **BROADLEAF WEEDS CONTROLLED**

<u>-</u>	PURSU	T APPLICATIO	N RATE
	3 Oz/A	4 Oz/A	6 Oz/A
Weeds Controlled	Maxim	um Weed Size (	Inches)
Artichoke, Jerusalem	R	6	8
Beets, wild	4	5	6
Bedstraw, catchweed		3.	4
Buckwheat, wild		3	4
Chickweed			•
common	R	3	4
mouseear	R	3	3
Cocklebur, common	R	8	8
Cress, hoary		R	R
Dandelion		R	R(5)
Dock,			
broadleaf (seedling)			R(6)
curly (seedling)			R(6)
Dodder			R*
Fiddleneck			R(4)
Filaree			
redstem		Ŕ	3
whitestem		R	3
Fleabane, rough		3	3
Flixweed	R	3	4
Goosefoot, nettleleaf	R	3	4
Grounsel, common		<u>v</u>	R(3)
Henbit		R	3
Jimsonweed		3	4
Knotweed, prostrate		R	3
Kochia (non-ALS resistant)	R	3	3
Lambsquarter,			
common (1-2 leaves)		R	R(2)
Lettuce, miners		3	4
Mallow,		<u></u>	
common		3	3
little		3	3
Marshelder		4	6
Morningglory,		<del>-</del>	<u> </u>
entireleaf		R	3
ivyleaf		R	3
pitted		R	3
smallflower	R	3	4
tall	<u>n</u>	<u>3</u>	3
Mustards		<u>_</u>	
tumble	3	3	4
			4 4
wild	3	3	4
black	3	3	<u> </u>
Nettle, burning		3	4
Nightshade			
black	3	3	4
Eastern black	3	3	4
hairy	3	3	4

### **BROADLEAF WEEDS CONTROLLED (CONT.)**

			ION RATE	
Weeds Controlled	3 Oz/A 4 Oz/A 6 Oz/A Maximum Weed Size (Inches)			
Oxtongue, bristly			R(3)	
Pennycress, field		3	4	
Pepperweed,				
field	3	3	4	
Virginia	R	3	3	
Pigweed	П			
redroot	4	6	8	
smooth	4	6	8	
spiny		6	8	
Radish, wild		R	4	
Ragweed		- 11		
common		2	3	
giant		3	3	
Redmaids		3	4	
Rocket				
London	3	4	6	
yellow	R	3	4	
Rockpurslane, desert			3	
Shepherdspurse	3	3	4	
Smartweed				
ladysthumb	R	3	4	
Pennsylvania	R	3	4	
swamp (seedling)		3	4	
Spurge		·		
prostrate		R	3	
spotted		R	3	
petty		3	4	
Spurry, corn		3	3	
Sunflower, common	R	4	6	
Swinecress		3 .	3	
<u> [ansymustard</u>				
green	3	3	4	
pinnate		3	.4	
Thistle, Russian		3 .	3	
/elvetleaf	Ŕ	3	4	
Wartcress, creeping		2	3	
Watercress		3	3	
Willowweed, panicle		3	3	

For best results in suppressing dodder (cuscuta spp), apply PURSUIT with crop oil concentrate or methylated seed oil after dodder has emerged but prior to or soon after attachment.

### **GRASSES AND SEDGES CONTROLLED**

	PURSUIT APPLICATION RATE		
	4 Oz/A	6 Oz/A	
Weeds Controlled*	Maximum Weed Size (Inches)		
Barnyardgrass	R	3	
Bluegrass, annual		R(3)	
Canarygrass, littleseed	R	R(3)	
Cereals, volunteer			
barley	R	R(4)	
oats	B	R(4)	
wheat	R	R(4)	
Craborass,			
large	R	3	
smooth	Ř	3	
Cupgrass, woolly**	3	3	
Foxtail,			
giant	6	6	
green	3	44	
yellow	3	3	
Johnsongrass,			
seedling	. 8	8	
rhizome	R	R(6-12)	
Millet, wild proso	R	3	
Nutsedge,			
yellow	R	R(6)	
purple	B	R(6)	
Oats, wild	R	R(4)	
Rice, red	3	4	
Shattercane	8	10	
Signalgrass, broadleaf	R	8	
Quackgrass ***		R(7)	

- PURSUIT is active against many grass species. However, when heavy grass pressure is anticipated, PURSUIT should be used in a sequential application with a registered postemergence grass herbicide such as Poast® Plus for optimum control.
- PURSUIT controls emerged woolly cupgrass only.
- \*\*\* Quackgrass will be suppressed only when actively growing and before it exceeds 7 inches in height.

### TANK MIX COMBINATIONS WITH OTHER HERBICIDES

To control weeds not listed on the **PURSUIT** label, herbicides such as Buctril®, 2,4-DB, Poast®, Poast Plus®, Prism® or Select® may be tankmixed with **PURSUIT**. When **PURSUIT** is used in combination with another herbicide, refer to the respective label for rates, methods of application, proper timing, weeds controlled, restrictions and precautions. Always use in accordance with the more restrictive label restrictions and precautions. No label dosages should be exceeded.

### **APPLICATION INFORMATION**

**PURSUIT** is effective in controlling a broad spectrum of broadleaf and grass weeds. Alfalfa and clover are tolerant to postemergence applications of **PURSUIT** after the second trifoliate leaf has expanded. Minor height reduction or slight leaf yellowing may occur soon after application.

Apply **PURSUIT** as an early postemergence treatment when the weeds are actively growing. Weeds are generally easier to control before they exceed 3 inches in height. Weeds under stress are less susceptible to control in cold or drought stress conditions.

If applied to alfalfa or clover under cool conditions (40° F or less), temporary stunting and yellowing of the crop may occur.

### STAND ESTABLISHMENT

Apply **PURSUIT** after the alfalfa or clover has 2 fully expanded trifoliate leaves. Weeds must not exceed the size listed in the WEEDS CONTROLLED tables. **PURSUIT** may be applied to summer, fall or spring seeded alfalfa or clover.

### Inter-seeded Oats

Oats inter-seeded with alfalfa or clover will reduce soil erosion and allow the alfalfa or clover to establish. Oats, however can compete with the alfalfa or clover. An application of **PURSUIT** will kill or significantly reduce the growth of the oats and allow the alfalfa or clover to establish with minimal erosion or competition from the oats. Apply **PURSUIT** to the oats when the oats have 3-4 leaves.

### **ESTABLISHED ALFALFA / CLOVER - DORMANT**

**PURSUIT** may be applied to dormant alfalfa or clover in the fall following the last cutting. **PURSUIT** may also be applied in the spring to dormant alfalfa or clover, or as alfalfa or clover breaks dormancy. Apply spring treatments prior to excessive alfalfa or clover growth (less than 3 inches), to reduce spray interference.

### **ESTABLISHED ALFALFA / CLOVER - GROWING**

For weed control during the season, apply **PURSUIT** following alfalfa or clover cutting. Remove the hay from the field and apply **PURSUIT** prior to excessive alfalfa or clover regrowth.

### **Perennial Grass Suppression**

If perennial grasses (such as orchardgrass, fescues, bromes or timothy) are present in an alfalfa or clover stand, **PURSUIT** will reduce the growth and competitive effect of the grass.

### CLEARFIELD® CORN

### **DIRECTIONS FOR USE**

PURSUIT USE AREA (Not for use in California)

### USE RATE

### (4 OUNCES PER ACRE)

Apply **PURSUIT** at a broadcast rate of 4 ounces per acre (1/4 pint) for all methods of application: early preplant, preplant incorporated, preemergence, and postemergence (including minimum and no-till). At this broadcast rate, one gallon of **PURSUIT** will treat 32 acres of CLEARFIELD® corn. (See instructions on page 24 for applications in North Dakota and Minnesota north of Highway #210).

NOTE: Only one application of PURSUIT may be made during the season.

A maximum of 0.063 lbs a.e./A of imazethapyr (4 oz./A of PURSUIT) per year may be applied to CLEARFIELD® corn.

### **WEEDS CONTROLLED**

When applied as directed, **PURSUIT** will control or reduce competition from the weeds listed below. Refer to the MIXING INSTRUCTIONS section for recommendations when weeds are at the maximum recommended growth stage, or are under stress.

### NOTE: C = Control, R = Reduced Competition

(The number under Maximum Leaf Stage indicates the MAXIMUM number of leaves at which weeds should be sprayed postemergence).



=	ADLEAF WE		50F::
<u>soi</u>	L APPLIED	POSTEME Maximum	RGENCE Size
Weeds Controlled		Leaf Stage	(inches)
Alligator weed		44	1-3
Anoda, spurred	.C	2	1-2
Artichoke, Jerusalem		8	6-10
Buffalobur	C*	R	1-3
Bristly starbur		2	1-2
Carpetweed	С		
Cocklebur, common	R	8	1-8
Galinsoga	,C		
Jimsonweed	. C⁺	4	1-3
Kochia (non-ALS resistant)	С	4	1-3
Lambsquarters, common	C*	R	1-2
Mallow, Venice	Ŕ		
Marshelder	С	4	1-3
Morningglory			
entireleaf	R	2	1-2
ivyleaf	R	2	1-2
pitted	R	2	1-2
<u>smallflower</u>	С	4	1-3
<u>tail</u>	R	2	1-2
Mustard sp.	C	4	1-3
Nightshade			
biack	C	4	1-3
Eastern black		4	1-3
hairy	С	44	1-3
Pigweed			
redroot	C	<u>8</u>	1-8
smooth	<u>C</u>	<u> </u>	1-8
spiny	<u> </u>	8	1-8
Poinsettia, wild	<u>C</u>		
Puncturevine -	<u>C</u>		
Purslane, common	<u> </u>		
Pusley, Florida	<u>C</u>		
Sida, prickly	C*		
Ragweed,			
common	R	4	1-3
giant	R	4	1-3
Sage, barnyard		R	1-3
Smartweed			
ladysthumb		4	1-3
Pennsylvania Source	С	4	1-3
Spurge			
prostrate		4	
spotted Supflower	C.	4	1-3 1-3
Sunflower Volvations	C,	4	
Velvetleaf Thistle, Canada	<u> </u>	4 B	1-3 1-3

•	When PURSUIT is soil-applied, these weeds are more consistently
	controlled by preplant incorporated treatments.

DO NOT count cotyledon leaves when determining weed stage of growth.

GRASS WEEDS				
Weeds Controlled	SOIL APPLIED	POSTEME Maximum Leaf Stage	RGENCE Size (inches)	
Barnvardgrass	R	3	1-3	
Crabgrass,				
large	R	3	1-3	
smooth	R	3	1-3	
Cupgrass, woolly		3	1-3	
Foxtail,				
glant	С	6	1-6	
green	С	3	1-3	
yellow	С	3	1-3	
Goosegrass	R			
Johnsongrass,				
seedling	c	6	1-8	
rhizome		R.	6-12	
Millet, wild proso	R	R	1-3	
Panicum,				
fall	R			
Texas	R			
Red rice		3	1-3	
Sandbur, field	R	R	<1	
Shattercane	,A	6	1-8	
Signalgrass, broadleat	R	4	1-8	
Sorghum almum	R	6	1-3	

### SEDGES

Nutsedge			
purple	R	R	1-3
yellow	R	R	1-3

Preplant incorporated treatments of PURSUIT are more consistent for grass control.

<sup>&</sup>quot;PURSUIT controls many grass species. However, when heavy grass pressure is anticipated, a soil applied grass herbicide underlay (such as PROWL® or OUTLOOK®) is recommended for optimum control. DO NOT incorporate PROWL 3.3 EC herbicide; apply preemergence or early postemergence only. PURSUIT may also be used in sequential programs with registered burndown herbicides and/or soil applied atrazine-containing products



### TANK-MIXTURE HERBICIDE COMBINATIONS WITH PURSUIT (Postemergence)

Accent®1	Clarity®*,***
Atrazine*,**	Dual®
Banvel®*,***	Marksman®*
Basagran®,*	OUTLOOK®
Buctril®*,**	PROWL® 3.3 EC

**DO NOT** use crop oil concentrates as adjuvants in **PURSUIT** combinations with Buctril®.

PURSUIT is active against many broadleaf and grass species. However, for long term weed management, alternate mode of action herbicides are recommended with PURSUIT. The application of a soil-applied grass herbicide underlay will control grass weeds not on the PURSUIT herbicide label and enhance the control of certain broadleaf weeds such as common lambsquarters.

When **PURSUIT** is used in combination with another herbicide, refer to the respective label for rates, methods of application, proper timing, weeds controlled, restrictions and precautions. Always use in accordance with the more restrictive label restrictions and precautions. No label dosages should be exceeded. **PURSUIT** cannot be mixed with any product containing a label prohibiting such mixtures.

If Accent is used in combination with PURSUIT on Pioneer imidazolinone-resistant (IR) corn, any registered soil insecticide applications may be used.

If PURSUIT plus Accent tank-mixes are used on imidazolinone -tolerant (IT) hybrids, DO NOT use COUNTER® 15G. Other registered organophosphate insecticides such as COUNTER® CR (banded applications only) or THIMET® or other registered carbamate or pyrethroid insecticides may be used when PURSUIT plus Accent® tankmixes are applied to IT corn hybrids.

- In some cases the grass activity of PURSUIT will be reduced when used in combination with atrazine, Buctril®, Banvel®, Basagran®, Clarity®, or Marksman®.
- Some corn leaf burn may result with Buctril<sup>®</sup> or atrazine postemergence combinations with PURSUIT.
- \*\*\* Applications of Banvel® or Clarity® herbicide to corn during periods of rapid growth may result in temporary leaning.

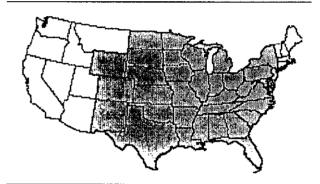
### APPLICATIONS TO CLEARFIELD® CORN IN NORTH DAKOTA AND MINNESOTA (north of Highway #210).

**APPLICATION RATE:** Apply **PURSUIT** at 3 ounces per acre postemergence only.

	ENCE
Maximum Leaf Stage	Size (inches)
4	1-3
4	1-3
4	1-3
44	1-3
4	1-3
4 .	1-4
3	1-4
	4 4 4 4 4

NAVY, GREAT NORTHERN, RED KIDNEY, BLACK TURTLE, CRANBERRY, PINTO, LIMA, AND SMALL WHITE TYPE DRY BEANS, ADZUKI, LENTILS, WHITE LUPINS, CHICKPEAS (GARBANZO BEANS), DRY EDIBLE PEAS, ENGLISH AND SOUTHERN PEAS

DIRECTIONS FOR USE in the states east of and including: North Dakota, South Dakota, Wyoming, Colorado, and New Mexico (except the states east of and including: Vermont, Massachusetts, and Connecticut). Refer to map for geographical use area.



Use only nonionic surfactants as a spray additive for postemergence applications. DO NOT use crop oils, methylated seed oils, or petroleum oils.

**DO NOT** make more than one application of **PURSUIT** per year.

A maximum of 0.063 lb. a.e./A of imazethapyr (4 oz./A of PURSUIT) per year may be applied to peas and beans in this region.

Allow at least 30 days between application and harvest of succulent lima beans, English peas, and Southern peas. Allow at least 60 days between application and harvest of dry edible peas, lentils, chickpeas, and other dry bean or pea types listed on this label.

DO NOT APPLY PURSUIT POSTEMERGENCE BEFORE CROP HAS AT LEAST ONE TRIFOLIATE LEAF OR PEAS ARE AT LEAST THREE INCHES IN HEIGHT OR CROP INJURY (REDUCED CROP GROWTH AND/OR DELAYED MATURITY) MAY RESULT. DO NOT APPLY PURSUIT POSTEMERGENCE TO LIMA BEANS, LENTILS, WHITE LUPINS, OR CHICKPEAS.

DO NOT apply to Domino variety black turtle beans.

**DO NOT** apply this product through any type of irrigation system.

Pinto varieties UI-111 and Olathe are more sensitive to **PURSUIT** than other varieties.

### **APPLICATION INSTRUCTIONS**

NAVY, GREAT NORTHERN, RED KIDNEY, BLACK TURTLE, CRANBERRY, PINTO, AND SMALL WHITE TYPE DRY BEANS ADZUKI DRY EDIBLE PEAS, ENGLISH AND SOUTHERN PEAS

In Michigan or the Delaware, Maryland, and Virginia (DelMarVa) peninsula: DO NOT apply more than 2 oz of PURSUIT to sands or loamy sand soils.

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In North Dakota or north of Highway 210 in Minnesota: DO NOT apply more than 2 oz of PURSUIT.

Preplant Incorporated Applications. Apply PURSUIT at the broadcast rate of up to 3 ounces per acre to dry beans (navy, great northern, red kidney, black turtle, cranberry, pinto and small white type dry beans and adzuki) dry edible peas, and English peas, or up to 4 ounces per acre for southern peas only, within 1 week before planting. Applied preplant incorporated, PURSUIT may be tankmixed with a registered grass herbicide.

Preemergence Applications. Apply PURSUIT at the broadcast rate of up to 3 ounces per acre to dry beans, dry edible peas and English peas, or up to 4 ounces per acre for southern peas only, immediately after, or up to 3 days after planting. PURSUIT may be applied in a tank-mix with a registered grass herbicide or applied preemergence following a preplant incorporated application of a registered grass herbicide.

Early Postemergence Applications. Apply PURSUIT at the broadcast rate of up to 3 ounces per acre to dry beans, dry edible peas, and English peas, or up to 4 ounces per acre for southern peas only. Apply to dry beans with at least one fully expanded trifoliate leaf. Apply to dry edible peas, English peas, and southern peas at least 3 inches in height but prior to 5 nodes and before flowering. The use of trifluralin prior to PURSUIT application may increase the likelihood and severity of crop injury. A nonionic surfactant must be added to the spray solution. The nonionic surfactant must contain at least 80% active ingredient and should be used at a rate of 2 pints per 100 gallons of spray mixture.

Basagran® may be tank-mixed with **PURSUIT** to control weeds not listed on the **PURSUIT** label. Addition of Basagran may also cause antagonism, thereby reducing control of grass weeds. Nitrogen-based fertilizer may be included as a spray additive ONLY when **PURSUIT** is tank-mixed with Basagran. Refer to the Basagran label for proper application rates and restrictions. Always use in accordance with the more restrictive label restrictions and precautions.

### LIMA BEANS, CHICKPEAS (GARBANZOS), LENTILS, AND WHITE LUPINS

**DO NOT** apply **PURSUIT** to white lupins grown on sand or loamy sand soils.

In Michigan or the Delaware, Maryland, and Virginia (DelMarVa) peninsula: DO NOT apply more than 2 oz of PURSUIT to sands or loamy sand soils.

In North Dakota or north of Highway 210 in Minnesota: DO NOT apply more than 2 oz of PURSUIT.

Preplant Incorporated Applications. Apply PURSUIT at the broadcast rate of up to 3 ounces per acre within 1 week before planting. Applied preplant incorporated, PURSUIT may be tank-mixed with a registered grass herbicide.

Preemergence Applications. Apply PURSUIT at the broadcast rate of up to 3 ounces per acre immediately after or up to 3 days after planting. PURSUIT may be applied in a tank-mix with a registered grass herbicide or applied preemergence following a preplant incorporated application of a registered grass herbicide.

### **WEEDS CONTROLLED**

**PURSUIT** applied at the broadcast rate of 2 ounces per acre preplant incorporated, preemergence, or early postemergence will control:

	Mustard, wild	
	Nightshade, black*	
	Nightshade, eastern black*	
• sup	pression only	

**PURSUIT** applied at the broadcast rate of 3 ounces per acre preplant incorporated, preemergence, or early postemergence will control:

Mustard, wild	Nightshade, hairy
Nightshade, black	Pigweed, redroot
Nightshade, Eastern black	·-

Postemergence applications of 3 ounces per acre must be made to weeds less than 2 inches tall for best results.

When applied as directed at the broadcast rate of 4 ounces per acre (for southern peas only), PURSUIT will control or reduce competition from the weeds listed below:

NOTE: C = Control, R = Reduced Competition

The number under Maximum Leaf Stage indicates the MAXIMUM number of leaves at which weeds should be sprayed postemergence.

#### **BROADLEAF WEEDS SOIL APPLIED POSTEMERGENCE** Maximum Siza **Weeds Controlled** Leaf Stage (inches) Anoda, spurred С 1 - 2 Artichoke, Jerusalem 8 6 - 10 C\* Buffalobur 2 1 - 2 Bristly starbur Carpetweed C Cocklebur, common C\* 1 - 8 Galinsoga C C\*\* Jimsonweed 1 - 3 Kochia (non-ALS resistant) C 4 1 - 3 Lambsquarters C\*\* R 1 - 2 Mallow, Venice R Morningglory R entireleaf 1-2 R 2 ivyleaf 1-2 pitted R 2 1-2 smallflower C 4 1-3 tall R 1 - 2 C Mustard sp 4 1 - 3 Nightshade, C 4 black 1 - 3 Eastern black C 4 1 - 3 С hairy 4 1 - 3 Pigweed C redroot 4 1 - 4 C smooth 1 - 4 C spiny 4 1 - 4 Poinsettia, wild C С Puncturevine C Purslane, common C Pusley, Florida C\*\* Sida, prickly Ragweed, R 1-3 common 4 giant R 4 1-3 Sage, barnyard R 1 - 3 Smartweed, C ladysthumb 1.3 Pennsylvania C 1 - 3



BR	OADLEAF WEEDS		
	SOIL APPLIED	POSTEME	RGENCE
Weeds Controlled		Maximum Leaf Stage	Size (inches)
Spurge,			···· · · ·
prostrate	С	4	1-3
spotted	С	4	1-3
Sunflower, common	C**	4	1 - 3
Thistle, Canada		R	1 - 3
Velvetleaf	C**	4	1 - 3

- Use soil applications for light to moderate infestations only. Must be preplant incorporated for best results.
- "When soil applied, common lambsquarters, jimsonweed, prickly sida, velvetleaf and common sunflower are more consistently controlled by preplant incorporated treatments.

### **GRASS WEEDS**

	SOIL APPLIED	POSTEME	RGENCE
Weeds Controlled		Maximum Leaf Stage	Size (inches)
Barnyardgrass	R	3	1 - 3
Crabgrass,			• • •
large	R	3	1 - 3
smooth	R	3	1 - 3
Cupgrass, woolly		3**	1 - 3
Foxtail,			
giant	С	6	1 - 6
green	С	3	1 - 3
robust purple	C	3	1 - 3
robust white	C	3	1 - 3
yellow	C	3	1 - 3
Goosegrass	R		
Johnsongrass,			
seedling	С	6	1 - 8
<u>rhizome</u>		R	1 - 8
Panicum,			
fall	R		
Texas	R		
Red rice		3	1 - 3
Shattercane	R	6	1 - 8
Signalgrass, broadleaf	R	4	1 - 8
	SEDGES		
Nutsedge,			
purple	R	R	1 - 3
yellow	R	R	

DO NOT count cotyledon leaves when determining weed stage of growth.

Refer to the PRECAUTIONS section for additional instructions.

### **RED KIDNEY BEANS**

DIRECTIONS FOR USE in the state of California. Do Not Apply By Aerial Application.

### **APPLICATION RATE AND TIMING**

### **Postemergence Applications:**

Apply **PURSUIT** at the rate of 3 ounces per acre. A nonionic surfactant must be added to the spray solution. The nonionic surfactant must contain at least 80% active ingredient and should be used at a rate of 2 pints per 100 gallons of spray mixture.

Apply **PURSUIT** when weeds are actively growing and red kidney beans have at least 1 fully expanded trifoliate leaf. DO NOT apply **PURSUIT** postemergence when the crop and weeds have been subjected to stress conditions such as temperature or moisture extremes.

For maximum weed control, cultivate 7-10 days following a postemergence **PURSUIT** application. This timely cultivation will enhance residual weed control, especially under dry conditions.

DO NOT MAKE MORE THAN ONE APPLICATION OF PURSUIT PER YEAR.

A maximum of 0.047 lb. a.e./A of Imazethapyr (3 oz./A of PURSUIT) per year may be applied to red Kidney beans.

DO NOT APPLY PURSUIT POSTEMERGENCE BEFORE CROP HAS AT LEAST ONE TRUE LEAF OR CROP INJURY (REDUCED CROP GROWTH AND/OR DELAYED MATURITY) MAY RESULT.

### **WEEDS CONTROLLED**

When applied as directed, **PURSUIT** will control or reduce competition from the weeds listed below. Refer to the **MIXING INSTRUCTIONS** section for recommendations when weeds are at the maximum recommended growth stage, or are under stress.

(The number under Maximum Leaf Stage indicates the MAXIMUM number of leaves at which weeds should be sprayed postemergence).

WEEDS				
	POSTEME	RGENCE		
Weeds Controlled	Maximum Leaf Stage	Size (Inches)		
Kochia (non-ALS resistant)	4	1-3		
Mustard, wild	4	1-3		
Nightshade,				
black	4	1-3		
Eastern black	4	1-3		
hairy	4	1-2		
Pigweed,				
redroot	4	1-3		

Allow at least 60 days between application and harvest.

Refer to the PRECAUTIONS section for additional instructions.

### **SNAP BEANS**

DIRECTIONS FOR USE in the states of Alabama, Florida, Georgia, Illinois, Minnesota, Michigan, New Jersey, North Carolina and Wisconsin.

Do Not Apply By Aerial Application.

Do Not Apply PURSUIT After July 31st (June 20th in New Jersey).

DO NOT MAKE MORE THAN ONE APPLICATION OF PURSUIT PER YEAR.

When soil applied to grasses, more consistent control can be obtained from preplant incorporated treatments.

<sup>\*\*</sup>PURSUIT controls emerged woolly cupgrass only.



### APPLICATION INSTRUCTIONS

Preplant Incorporated Applications. Apply PURSUIT® herbicide at 1.5 oz per acre within 1 week of planting. Applied preplant incorporated, PURSUIT may be tankmixed with a registered grass herbicide.

Preemergence Applications. Apply **PURSUIT** at the broadcast rate of 1.5 oz per acre immediately after, or up to 1 day after planting. **PURSUIT** may be applied in a tankmix with a registered grass herbicide or applied preemergence following a preplant incorporated application of a registered grass herbicide.

### **WEEDS SUPPRESSED**

**PURSUIT** applied at the broadcast rate of 1.5 oz/A preplant incorporated or preemergence will suppress or reduce competition of the following weeds:

Common Purslane	Eastern Black Nightshade
Redroot Pigweed	Wild Mustard

Allow at least 30 days between application and

A maximum of 0.023 lb. a.e./A of Imazethapyr (1.5 oz./A of PURSUIT) per year may be applied to snap beans.

Refer to the PRECAUTIONS section for additional instructions.

### **SNAP BEANS**

DIRECTIONS FOR USE in the states of Arkansas, Missouri, North Carolina, Oklahoma, Texas (counties of Bailey, Castro, Lamb and Parmer only) and New Mexico (counties of Curry and Roosevelt only).

Do Not Apply By Aerial Application.

Do Not Apply PURSUIT After July 31.

DO NOT MAKE MORE THAN ONE APPLICATION OF PURSUIT PER YEAR.

### **APPLICATION INSTRUCTIONS**

Postemergence Applications. Apply PURSUIT at 1.5 oz per acre in a tank-mix combination with Basagran®. A nonionic surfactant must be added to the spray solution. The nonionic surfactant must contain at least 80% active ingredient and should be used at a rate of 2 pints per 100 gallons of spray mixture.

Refer to the Basagran label for proper application rates and restrictions.

DO NOT APPLY PURSUIT POSTEMERGENCE BEFORE CROP HAS AT LEAST ONE TRUE LEAF OR CROP INJURY (REDUCED CROP GROWTH AND/OR DELAYED MATURITY) MAY RESULT.

### **WEEDS SUPPRESSED**

**PURSUIT** applied at the broadcast rate of 1.5 oz/A postemergence will suppress or reduce competition of the following weeds:

Eastern Black Nightshade Redroot Pigweed

Allow at least 30 days between application and harvest

A maximum of 0.023 lb. a.e./A of imazethapyr (1.5 oz./A of PURSUIT) per year may be applied to snap beans.

Refer to the PRECAUTIONS section for additional instructions.

## SUCCULENT PEAS, DRY EDIBLE PEAS, LENTILS, CHICKPEAS, AND LIMA BEANS

DIRECTIONS FOR USE in the states of Idaho, Montana, Nevada, Oregon, Utah, and Washington.

### APPLICATION RATE AND TIMING

Preplant Applications for No-Till and Minimum Tillage Systems Only:

Apply **PURSUIT** at a broadcast rate of 3 ounces per acre within 30 days before planting. If incorporated, DO NOT incorporate deeper than 3 inches.

In no-till and minimum tillages systems, PURSUIT may be applied in the fall prior to spring planting. Rainfall is required for incorporation and activation. Unpredictable weed control can be expected since factors such as length of time between application and planting as well as uncontrollable weather factors will determine herbicide activity and longevity. Apply PURSUIT in the fall when soil temperature at the 4-inch depth is less than 55° F and before the ground is frozen.

### **Preplant Incorporated Applications:**

Apply **PURSUIT** at the broadcast rate of 3 ounces per acre within 1 week before planting. DO NOT incorporate deeper than 3 inches.

### **Preemergence Applications:**

Apply **PURSUIT** at the broadcast rate of 3 ounces per acre after planting, but prior to crop emergence.

**PURSUIT** may be tank-mixed with Sencor® DF or Lexone® DF to assist in the control of lambsquarters or mayweed-chamomile (dogfennel). Refer to the Sencor or Lexone label for proper application rates and restrictions.

### Postemergence Applications (Dry Edible Peas Only):

Apply **PURSUIT** at 2 ounces per acre. A nonionic surfactant must be added to the spray solution. The nonionic surfactant must contain at least 80% active ingredient and should be used at a rate of 2 pints per 100 gallons of spray mixture.

Basagran may be tank-mixed with **PURSUIT** to control weeds not listed on the **PURSUIT** label. Addition of Basagran may also cause antagonism, thereby reducing control of grass weeds. Nitrogen-based fertilizer may be included as a spray additive only when **PURSUIT** is tank mixed with Basagran. Use liquid fertilizer at 1.25 to 2.5 gal. per 100 gal. of spray solution or ammonium sulfate at the rate of 12-15 lbs/100 gal. of spray solution.

DO NOT APPLY PURSUIT POSTEMERGENCE BEFORE CROP HAS AT LEAST ONE TRIFOLIATE LEAF OR PEAS ARE AT LEAST THREE INCHES IN HEIGHT OR CROP INJURY (REDUCED CROP GROWTH AND/OR



DELAYED MATURITY) MAY RESULT. DO NOT APPLY PURSUIT POSTEMERGENCE TO LIMA BEANS, LENTILS, OR CHICKPEAS.

DO NOT MAKE MORE THAN ONE APPLICATION OF PURSUIT PER YEAR.

#### **WEEDS CONTROLLED**

PURSUIT applied PPI and/or Preemergence at 3 oz/A will control:

WEEDS CONTROLLED	Preplant Incorporated	Preemergence
Buckwheat, wild	C	С
Kochia (non-ALS resistant)	С	c
Lambsquarters, common	C	
Mustard, wild	С	C
Nightshade,		
Black	C	С
Eastern black	C	C
Hairy	c	C
Pigweed, redroot	C	C
Shepherdspurse	С	C
Thistle, Russian	С	C

NOTE: C = Control

PURSUIT® herbicide applied postemergence at the broadcast rate of 2 ounces will control:

Wild mustard	Black nightshade*
Eastern black nightshade*	Hairy nightshade*
*Suppression only	

Allow at least 30 days between application and harvest for succulent peas and succulent lima beans.

Allow at least 60 days between application and harvest for dry edible peas, chickpeas, lentils and dry lima beans.

A maximum of 0.047 lb. a.e./A of imazethapyr (3 oz./A of PURSUIT) per year may be applied to peas and beans in this region.

Refer to the PRECAUTIONS section for additional instructions.

### **CHICKPEAS**

DIRECTIONS FOR USE in the states of Arizona and California.

### APPLICATION RATE AND TIMING

**Preplant Incorporated Applications.** Apply **PURSUIT** at the broadcast rate of up to 3 ounces per acre within 1 week before planting. Applied preplant incorporated, **PURSUIT** may be tank-mixed with a registered grass herbicide.

Preemergence Applications. Apply PURSUIT at the broadcast rate of up to 3 ounces per acre immediately after or up to 3 days after planting. PURSUIT may be applied in a tank-mix with a registered grass herbicide or applied preemergence following a preplant incorporated application of a registered grass herbicide.

DO NOT MAKE MORE THAN ONE APPLICATION OF PURSUIT PER YEAR.

WEEDS CONTROLLED		Preemergence	
Buckwheat, wild	С	С	
Kochia (non-ALS resistant)	<u> </u>	C	
Lambsquarters, common	С		
Mustard, wild CNightshade,	С		
Black	C	С	
Eastern black	С	C	
Hairy	С	С	

WEEDS CONTROLLED

NOTE: C = Control

Pigweed, redroot Shepherdspurse

Thistle, Russian

Allow at least 30 days between application and harvest of succulent chickpeas.

С

C

Allow at least 60 days between application and harvest of dry chickpeas.

A maximum of 0.047 lb. a.e./A of imazethapyr (3 oz./A of PURSUIT) per year may be applied to chickpeas in this region.

Refer to the PRECAUTIONS section for additional instructions.

### **PEANUTS**

### **DIRECTIONS FOR USE**

PURSUIT USE RATE (4 OUNCES PER ACRE)

(Not for use in California)

Apply **PURSUIT** at a broadcast rate of 4 ounces per acre for all methods of application (except sequential - see below): preplant incorporated, preemergence, ground-cracking and postemergence. At this broadcast rate, one gallon of **PURSUIT** will treat 32 acres of peanuts..

**PURSUIT** may also be applied in a sequential application. Apply 2 ounces in a soil application (preplant incorporated or preemergence) followed by 2 ounces applied at groundcrack or postemergence.

A maximum of 0.063 lb. a.e./A of imazethapyr (4 oz./A of PURSUIT) per year may be applied to peanuts.

NOTE: In Arizona for use only in Yuma and La Paz counties.

### **WEEDS CONTROLLED**

When applied as directed, **PURSUIT** will control or reduce competition from the weeds listed below. Refer to the **MIXING INSTRUCTIONS** section for recommendations when weeds are at the maximum recommended growth stage, or are under stress.

### NOTE: C = Control, R = Reduced Competition

(The number under Maximum Leaf Stage indicates the MAXIMUM number of leaves at which weeds should be sprayed postemergence).



BROADLEAF WEEDS SOIL AT-					
Weeds Controlled	APPLIED	CRACK	POSTEME Maximum Leaf Stage	Size	
Alligator weed		С	4	1-3	
Anoda, spurred	C	C	2	1-2	
Buffalobur	C*	С	R		
Bristly starbur				1-3 1-2	
Carpetweed	С	С	4	1-2	
Cocklebur, common	R R	C	8	1-8	
Devilsclaw	C	C	<u> </u>	1-0	
Galinsoga	C	c			
	C*	C	4		
Jimsonweed	C*		4	1-3	
Lambsquarters, common	<u> </u>	С	R	1-2	
Morningglory entireleaf				4.0	
	<u>R</u>	C	2	1-2	
ivyleaf	<u>. R</u>	<u> </u>	2	1-2	
pitted	<u>R</u>	C	. 2	1-2	
smallflower	C		4	1-3	
tail	R	<u> </u>	2	1-2	
Mustard sp.	C	C	4	1-3	
Nightshade					
black	C	<u> </u>	44	1-3	
Eastern black	С	С	4	1-3	
hairy	C	С	. 4	1-3	
Pigweed					
redroot	C	C	8	1-8	
smooth	C	С	8	1-8	
spiny	C_	C	8	1-8	
Poinsettia, wild	C	С			
Puncturevine	C	С			
Pursiane, common	<u> </u>	С			
Pusley, Florida	C	С			
Ragweed,					
common	R	<u>R</u>	4	1-3	
giant	R	R	4	1-3	
Sida, prickly (teaweed)	C*	С			
Smartweed					
ladysthumb	С	С	. 4	1-3	
Pennsylvania	С	С	4	1-3	
Spurge					
prostrate	С	С	4	1-3	
spotted	C	С	. 4	1-3	
<u>t</u> oothed	C	С			
Sunflower	C*	Ç	4	1-3	
Velvetleaf	C*	С	4	1-3	

•	When <b>PURSUIT</b> is soil-applied, these weeds are more consistently	
	controlled by preplant incorporated treatments.	

	GRASS WEED	s		
	SOIL	AT-		
	APPLIED	CRACK	POSTEMEI Maximum	RGENCE Size
Weeds Controlled			Leaf Stage	
Barnyardgrass	R	R	3	1-3
Crabgrass,	V-100-00-00-00-00-00-00-00-00-00-00-00-00			
large	R	С	3	1-3
smooth	R	C	3	1-3
Cupgrass, woolly			3	1-3
Foxtail,				
giant	C	С	6	1-6
green	C	С	3	1-3
yellow	C	С	3	1-3
Goosegrass	R	R		
Johnsongrass,				
seedling	C	С	6	1-8
rhizome			R	6-12
Panicum,				
fall	R			
Texas	R			
Red rice			3	1-3
Shattercane	R	R	6	1-8
Signalgrass, broadleaf	R	C	4	1-6
SEDGES				
Nutsedge				
purple	С	С	3	1-3
yellow	С	С	3	1-3

<sup>\*</sup> When **PURSUIT** is soil applied to grasses, more consistent control can be obtained from preplant incorporated treatments.

Do not count cotyledon leaves when determining weed stage of growth.

"AT CRACK" APPLICATION refers to the time when the soil cracks due to the emerging peanut seedling. This generally occurs from 10 to 14 days following planting. At this time weeds have generally not germinated, or are in the seedling stage. If weeds have more than 2 true leaves, refer to the POSTEMERGENCE weed control column for weeds controlled.

In West Texas and New Mexico, wait until late cracking (most of the peanuts have emerged) before applying **PURSUIT**.

**PURSUIT** is active against many broadleaf and grass species. However, when heavy grass or common lambsquarters pressure is anticipated, **PURSUIT** should be used in combination with a registered soil-applied grass herbicide (See HERBICIDE COMBINATIONS section).

### WEEDS CONTROLLED BY SEQUENTIAL APPLICATIONS OF PURSUIT

The sequential (split) application of **PURSUIT** consists of an application of 2 ounces of product soil applied (either preplant incorporated or preemergence) followed by 2 ounces applied either at ground-crack or postemergence.

When applied as a sequential treatment, **PURSUIT** will control the weeds listed under the "SOIL APPLIED" and "AT-CRACK" applications in the BROADLEAF WEEDS and GRASS WEEDS tables (in the peanut section of the label). It enhances the control of yellow and purple nutsedge. Apply the second application before the nutsedge exceeds 3 leaves.



## HERBICIDE COMBINATIONS GRASS WEEDS

When applied as directed, **PURSUIT** preplant incorporated or preemergence combination treatments with PROWL® 3.3 EC herbicide, trifluralin, Lasso®, Dual®, Balan®, Sonolan® or Vernam® will control the weeds listed in following table, in addition to those controlled by **PURSUIT** alone.

	PROWL® 3.3 ECª	trifluralin <sup>b</sup>	Lasso®	Dual®	Balan®b	Sonalan <sup>©b</sup>	Vernam <sup>⊕b</sup>
GRASSES							
Barnyardgrass	X	X	Х	X	X	Х	X
Crabgrass,							
smooth	X	Х	Х	X	X	Χ	X
large	X	Χ	Х	Х	X	Х	X
Crowfootgrass	Χ	X			X		
Goosegrass	X	X	X	Х	X	X	Χ
Panicum,							
fall	Χ	X	Х	Х	Х	X	X
Texas	х х	Х			Х	Х	
Sandbur,							
<u>field</u>	X	X			Х	Х	
Signalgrass,							
broadleaf	Χρ	X	X	Х	X	Х	
Witchgrass	X	X	X	Х		X	·

a Preplant incorporated tank-mixture applications of PURSUIT plus PROWL® 3.3 EC will suppress the growth of itchgrass, and rhizome johnsongrass.

A selective postemergence grass herbicide such as Poast Plus®, Bugle™ or Whip® may be mixed with **PURSUIT** to control grasses not controlled by **PURSUIT**. In some cases the activity of the grass herbicide may be reduced when mixed with **PURSUIT**. The reduction in activity may be overcome by delaying the application of the postemergence grass herbicide 7 days following the application of **PURSUIT**. If the postemergence grass herbicide is applied first, wait 3 days before applying **PURSUIT**. Refer to the respective grass herbicide label for recommended application rate, weed size and restrictions.

### **BROADLEAF WEEDS**

Broadleaf herbicides that can be tank-mixed with **PURSUIT** include Basagran® and Ultra Blazer®, Starfire® and 2,4-DB. Certain herbicides should not be applied with **PURSUIT** (see PRECAUTIONS section for restrictions).

For the control of sicklepod, morningglories, prickly sida and common ragweed, add 2,4-DB to the **PURSUIT** spray mixture. For the control of Florida beggarweed, add Starfire to the spray mixture. Refer to the 2,4-DB or Starfire label for specific directions for use, application rates and restrictions.

**PURSUIT** may also be applied postemergence in tank-mixture with Bravo<sup>®</sup>, Bravo S<sup>®</sup>, Orthene<sup>®</sup> or Solubor<sup>®</sup>.

### **SOYBEANS**

### **DIRECTIONS FOR USE**

### **USE RATE**

(4 OUNCES PER ACRE)
(Not for use in California)

Apply **PURSUIT** at a broadcast rate of 4 ounces per acre for all methods of application: early preplant, preplant incorporated, preemergence, and postemergence (including minimum and no-till. See instructions under section APPLICATIONS TO SOYBEANS IN NORTH DAKOTA AND MINNESOTA for applications in North Dakota and Minnesota north of Highway #210).

**NOTE:** Only one application of **PURSUIT** may be made during the season.

A maximum of 0.063 lb. a.e./A of imazethapyr (4 oz./A of PURSUIT) per year may be applied to soybeans.

### **WEEDS CONTROLLED**

When applied as directed, **PURSUIT** will control or reduce competition from the weeds listed below. Refer to the MIXING INSTRUCTIONS section for recommendations when weeds are at the maximum recommended growth stage, or are under stress.

### NOTE: C = Control, R = Reduced Competition

(The number under Maximum Leaf Stage indicates the MAXIMUM number of leaves at which weeds should be sprayed postemergence).

Do not count cotyledon leaves when determining weed stage of growth.

BROADLEAF WEEDS				
	SOIL APPLIED	<b>POSTEMERGENCE</b>		
Weeds Controlled		Maximum Leaf Stage	Size (inches)	
Alligator weed		4	1-3	
Anoda, spurred	С	2	1-2	
Artichoke, Jerusalem		8	6-10	
Buffalobur	C*	R	1-3	
Bristly starbur		2	1-2	
Carpetweed <sup>,</sup>	C			
Cocklebur, common	R	8	1-8	

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>b</sup> Preplant incorporated treatments only.



	AF WEEDS		
SOIL	APPLIED	POSTEMERGENCE	
Weeds Controlled		Maximum Leaf Stage	Size (inches
Galinsoga	C		
Jimsonweed	C•	4	1-3
Kochia (non-ALS resistant)	C	4	1-3
Lambsquarters, common	C*	R	1-2
Mallow, Venice	R		
Marshelder	С	4	1-3
Morningglory			
entireleaf	R	2	1-2
ivyleaf	R	2	1-2
pitted	R	2	1-2
smallflower	С	4	1-3
tall	R	2	1-2
Mustard sp.	С	4	1-3
Nightshade			
black	С	4	1-3
Eastern black	С	4	1-3
hairy	С	4	1-3
Pigweed			
redroot	C	8	1-8
smooth	С	. 8	1-8
spiny	С	8	1-8
Poinsettia, wild	C		
Puncturevine	C		
Purslane, common	C		
Pusley, Florida	С		
Sida, prickly	C*		
Ragweed,			
common	R	R	1-3
giant	R	R	1-3
Sage, barnyard	R	1-3	
Smartweed			
ladysthumb	С	4	1-3
Pennsylvania	Ċ	4	1-3
Spurge			
prostrate	С	4	1-3
spotted	Č	4	1-3
Sunflower	C.	4	1-3

Velvetleaf	Ct.	4	1-3
Thistle, Canada		R	1-3
t Mhan DUDCIUT is sail seelied	Abaaaaada		

When **PURSUIT** is soil-applied, these weeds are more consistently controlled by preplant incorporated treatments.

GRASS WEEDS					
	SOIL APPLIED	POSTEME	<u>POSTEMERGENCE</u>		
Weeds Controlled		Maximum Leaf Stage	Size (inches)		
Barnyardgrass	R	. 3	1-3		
Crabgrass,					
large	R	3	1-3		
smooth	R	3	1-3		
Cupgrass, woolly***		3	1-3		
Foxtail,					
giant	С	6	1-6		
green	C	33	1-3		
yellow	С	3	1-3		
Goosegrass	R				
Johnsongrass,					
seedling	C	6	1-8		
rhizome		Ř,	6-12		
Millet, wild proso	R	R	1-3		
Panicum,					
<u>fall</u>	R				
Texas	R				
Red rice		3	1-3		
Shattercane	R	6	1-8		
Signaigrass, broadleaf	R	4	1-8		
Sorghum, almum	R	6	1-3		
	SEDGES				
Nutsedge					
purple	R	R	1-3		
yellow	R	R	1-3		
* Preplant incorporated	treatments of PHRS	SHIT are more c	oneigtant for		

- Preplant incorporated treatments of PURSUIT are more consistent for grass control.
- \*\* PURSUIT is active against many broadleaf and grass species. However, when heavy grass or common lambsquarters pressure is anticipated, PURSUIT should be used in combination with a registered soil-applied grass herbicide (such as PROWL® herbicide) for optimum control (See HERBICIDE COMBINATIONS section).
- \*\*\* PURSUIT only controls emerged woolly cupgrass

### HERBICIDE COMBINATIONS GRASS WEEDS

Use a soil applied grass herbicide (such as PROWL® 3.3 EC) to control grass weeds not on the **PURSUIT** label and to enhance the control of certain broadleaf weeds such as common lambsquarters and pigweeds. Refer to the PROWL® 3.3 EC (or other grass herbicide) label for specific use recommendations, rates and precautions.

When applied as directed, **PURSUIT** preplant incorporated or preemergence combination treatments with PROWL® 3.3 EC, TRI-4®, trifluralin, Outlook®, Lasso® or Dual® will control the weeds listed in following table, in addition to those controlled by **PURSUIT** alone.

	PROWL® 3.3 EC*	trifluralin <sup>b</sup>	Lasso®	Dual®	Outlook®
GRASSES				•	
Barnyardgrass	X	X	X	X	X
Crabgrass, smooth	X	X	X	X	X
Crabgrass, large	X	X	Χ	X	×
Crowfootgrass	X	X			
Goosegrass	X	. X	X	X	X
Millet, wild proso	X	Х			
Panicum, falt	X	Χ	X	Х	Х
Panicum, Texas	X	X			
Sandbur, field	X	Χ			
Shattercane	ΧÞ	X	<u>-</u>		
Signalgrass, broadleaf	Хр	X	X	Х	X
Witchgrass	X	X	Х	X	X

a Preplant incorporated tank-mixture applications of **PURSUIT** plus PROWL 3.3 EC will suppress the growth of itchgrass, and rhizome Johnsongrass.

b Preplant incorporated treatments only.



A selective postemergence grass herbicide such as Poast® Plus may be mixed with **PURSUIT** to control volunteer corn or grasses not controlled by **PURSUIT**. For best results use crop oil concentrate AND liquid fertilizer with grass herbicide tank-mixtures.

### PURSUIT + POAST® PLUS For Enhanced Grass Control

Apply **PURSUIT** at the rate of 4 ounces per acre. Refer to the table below for the appropriate rate of POAST® PLUS herbicide for enhanced grass control. The addition of POAST® PLUS to **PURSUIT** at the recommended rates will control the grasses listed below. (Refer to the POAST® PLUS label for additional weeds controlled).

POAST® PLUS Rate (ounces per acre)	Annual Grasses Controlled	Size (inches)	
12 oz.	Wild Proso Millet Shattercane	4-10" 3-12*	
16 oz.	Foxtail, Giant	3-8*	
	Junglerice	3-8"	
	Panicum, Fall,	3-8"	
	Texas	3-8"	
	Signalgrass, Broadleaf	3-8"	
20 oz.	Volunteer Corn	4-10"	
24 oz.	Barnyardgrass	3-8"	
	Crabgrass, Large	3-6"	
	Smooth	3-6"	
	Cupgrass, woolly	3-8"	
	Foxtail, Green	3-8*	
	Yellow	3-8"	
	Goosegrass	3-6*	
	Johnsongrass, Seedling	3-8*	
	Sprangletop, Red	3-8*	
	Witchgrass	3-8*	

If a mixture of grasses are present, use the highest rate indicated for the grasses present.

The addition of POAST® PLUS herbicide to **PURSUIT** enhances the grass control, especially when heavy infestations of grass exist. It also provides control of grasses not controlled by **PURSUIT**. In some cases the activity of POAST PLUS may be reduced when mixed with **PURSUIT**. The reduction in activity may be overcome by delaying the application of POAST PLUS herbicide 7 days following the application of **PURSUIT**. If POAST® PLUS is applied first, wait 3 days before applying **PURSUIT**.

For optimum control, apply the tank mixture to actively growing weeds at the sizes indicated in the table above, (for sequential applications refer to application rates and weeds sizes indicated in the **PURSUIT** and POAST® PLUS labels). Refer to the POAST® PLUS label for additional information regarding application rates, restrictions, precautions, weeds controlled, adjuvants recommended and other information.

### **BROADLEAF WEEDS**

Broadleaf herbicides that can be tank-mixed with **PURSUIT** include ULTRA BLAZER®, Basagran, Cobra®, FirstRate®, Gramoxone® Extra, Storm®, Flexstar® or Reflex®. Roundup® Ultra may be tank-mixed with **PURSUIT** to aid in control of certain weeds only in Roundup Ready® Soybeans. See the Roundup Ultra® label for rates and weeds controlled and other restrictions. Certain herbicides should not be applied with **PURSUIT** (see PRECAUTIONS section).

## PURSUIT + ULTRA BLAZER® For Enhanced Control of Common Ragweed and Pigweeds (including tail and common waterhemp).

The addition of ULTRA BLAZER® to **PURSUIT** at the recommended rates will enhance the control of several broadleaf weeds, including common and giant ragweed, pigweed species and waterhemps. (Refer to the ULTRA BLAZER label for additional weeds controlled.)

When tank-mixing ULTRA BLAZER® with **PURSUIT**, apply **PURSUIT** at the rate of 4 ounces per acre. Apply ULTRA BLAZER® at the following rates, depending on weed size:

ULTRA BLAZER® Rate (ounces per acre):		
8 - 10 oz.	12 - 14 oz.	16 - 20 oz.
	Weed Size	
1 - 4"	4 - 6"	6 - 8"
,	1 - 6"	6 - 8***
	8 - 10 oz.	8 - 10 oz. 12 - 14 oz. Weed Size 1 - 4" 4 - 6"

Use the higher rate if common ragweed is present or the weed population is high.

### **ULTRA BLAZER® Sequential Application Rates**

When applying ULTRA BLAZER following a **PURSUIT** application (sequential), apply ULTRA BLAZER at the following rates:

	ULTRA BLAZER® Rate (ounces per acre):		
	10 - 12 oz.	14 - 16 oz.	18 - 24 oz.
Weeds		Weed Size	
Common ragweed Pigweed species Waterhemp, tall common	1 - 4"	4 - 6"	6 - 8"
Giant Ragweed		1 - 6"	6 - 8***

Use the higher rate if common ragweed is present or the weed population is high.

### PURSUIT + FirstRate® for Enhanced Control of Ragweed Species.

FirstRate® may be tank-mixed with **PURSUIT** to aid in the control of common and giant ragweed. See the FirstRate label for recommended rates and precautions.

### PURSUIT + Sulfentrazone Containing Compounds.

**PURSUIT** provides control of many grasses and broadleaf weeds when applied to the soil or applied postemergence to weeds. It also provides season-long control of many weeds. Sulfentrazone-containing products (such as Authority® or Canopy® XL) may be tank-mixed with **PURSUIT** in soil applications for enhanced weed control in soybeans.

**PURSUIT** may be applied postemergence to soybeans previously treated with sulfentrazone-containing products.

**NOTE:** Sulfentrazone-containing products are only labeled for soil applications to soybean.

<sup>\*\*</sup>Use the 20 ounce/acre rate if giant ragweed is 6 - 8 inches tall.

<sup>\*\*</sup>Use the 24 ounce/acre rate if giant ragweed is 6 - 8 inches talf.



### PURSUIT + Harmony® GT For Enhanced Control of Common Lambsquarters.

For optimal weed control management, apply a soil applied grass herbicide such as PROWL®, TRI-4®, or Trifluralin followed by **PURSUIT** postemergence. If common lambsquarters are not adequately controlled by the soil applied treatment, Harmony® GT herbicide may be tankmixed with **PURSUIT** for additional activity.

The addition of Harmony® GT herbicide to **PURSUIT** may cause severe injury and/or stunting to soybeans, especially when applied under hot, humid conditions. The USER ASSUMES ALL RISKS AND CONSEQUENCES associated with applications of this tank-mixture to soybeans.

When tank-mixing Harmony® GT with **PURSUIT**, use the following rates:

PURSUIT - 4 ounces per acre

AND

Harmony GT - 1/24 ounce per acre

Add to the spray mixture:

Non-ionic surfactant -

1 quart per 100 gallons (0.25% v/v)

### AND

Liquid nitrogen-based fertilizer (such as 28%N, 32%N, or 10-34-0) at the rate of 1.25 to 2.5 gallons per 100 gallons of spray solution. Instead of a liquid fertilizer, spray grade ammonium sulfate may be used at the rate of 12-15 lbs. per 100 gallons of spray solution.

Apply to 1-3 trifoliate stage soybeans only.

### Other Tankmixture Combinations

### PURSUIT + SCEPTER® DG for Volunteer Corn and Common Sunflower

The application of **PURSUIT** plus SCEPTER® DG may be applied to states or portions of states described as Region 2 or Region 3 on the SCEPTER® DG label, and the following counties in South Dakota: Yankton, Bon Homme, Hutchinson, McCook, Hanson, Davison, Miner, Lake and Kingsbury. Refer to the respective labels for the recommended use area. Do not use this tank mixture in North Dakota or in Minnesota north of state highway #210.

Apply the products at the following rate:

**PURSUIT** 

4 oz/A

### AND

SCEPTER® DG 0.53 oz/A\*

\* At the rate of 0.53 ounces per acre, one 14 ounce soluble bag of SCEPTER® DG will treat 26.4 acres.

The tank mixture of **PURSUIT** plus SCEPTER® DG will suppress volunteer corn. Apply to volunteer corn up to 10 inches in height. The tank-mixture of **PURSUIT** and SCEPTER® DG will enhance the control of common sunflowers. Apply to sunflowers up to 3 inches in size. Refer to the SCEPTER® DG label for additional weeds controlled.

A postemergence application of **PURSUIT** plus SCEPTER® DG will NOT suppress volunteer CLEARFIELD® corn (field corn hybrids which possess tolerance or resistance to imidazolinone herbicides i.e., **PURSUIT** and SCEPTER® DG).

### APPLICATIONS TO SOYBEANS IN NORTH DAKOTA AND MINNESOTA (north of highway #210).

### **Application Rate:**

Apply PURSUIT at 3 ounces per acre postemergence only.

POSTEMERGENCE		
Maximum Leaf Stage	Size (inches)	
4	1-4	
4	1-3	
4	1-3	
4	1-3	
4	1-3	
4	1-3	
4	1-4	
3	1-4	
	Maximum Leaf Stage  4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4	

For control of common cocklebur, add ULTRA BLAZER<sup>®</sup> herbicide at the rate of 12 ounces per acre to the spray solution.

### ROTATIONAL CROP RESTRICTIONS

The following rotational crops may be planted after applying **PURSUIT** at the recommended rate: (Planting earlier than the recommended interval may result in crop injury).

1. Anytime

Lima beans Soybeans Southern peas Peanuts

CLEARFIELD® corn hybrids (resistant/tolerant to PURSUIT)

2. Four months after PURSUIT application:

Alfalfa

Clover

Rye (Except in North Dakota and Minnesota north of highway #210)

Wheat

Edible beans and peas (other than lima beans and Southern peas)

3. Eight and one-half months after **PURSUIT** application:

Field corn

Field corn grown for seed

4. Nine and one-half months after PURSUIT application:

Barley

Tobacco

5. Eighteen months after **PURSUIT** application:

Cotton\* Safflower Lettuce Sorghum Oats Sunflower

Popcorn Sweet corn

Rye in North Dakota and Minnesota north of highway #210

6. Twenty six months after PURSUIT application.

**Potatoes** 

Flax

7. Forty months after **PURSUIT** application.

All crops not listed elsewhere in the ROTATIONAL CROP RESTRICTIONS\*\*

\* Refer to the following table for a Cotton Rotation Interval following **PURSUIT** application to alfalfa or clover grown for seed production. These guidelines do not apply to **PURSUIT** applications made to alfalfa or clover grown for hay or forage (Use the 18 month Rotational Interval above).

<sup>&</sup>quot;PURSUIT will reduce competition from wild oats.



### Cotton Rotation Following Application of PURSUIT to Alfalfa or Clover Grown For Seed

		Rotation Interval
Irrigation/Precipitation	Less than 3 acre feet or 36" of water	40 Months
Requirements	Greater than or equal to 3 acre feet or 36" of water	18 Months

\*\*Following forty months after a **PURSUIT** application, and before planting any crop not listed elsewhere in the ROTATIONAL CROP RESTRICTIONS, a successful field bioassay must be completed. The field bioassay consists of a test strip of the intended rotational crop planted across the previously treated field and grown to maturity. The test strip should include low areas and knolls, and include variations in soil such as type and pH. If no crop injury is evident in the test strip, the intended rotational crop may be planted the following year.

Sugarbeet production can be reduced when grown in soil conditions with a pH less than 6.5. If the field is limed to adjust pH prior to planting rotational crops not listed in the ROTATIONAL CROP RESTRICTIONS, apply the lime at least 12 months prior to planting the rotational crop.

Use of **PURSUIT** in accordance with label directions is expected to result in normal growth of rotational crops in most situations; however, various environmental and agronomic factors make it impossible to eliminate all risks associated with the use of this product and, therefore, rotational crop injury is always possible.

### EXCEPTIONS TO ROTATIONAL CROP RESTRICTIONS

Barley: (States of Delaware, Indiana, Kentucky, Maryland, New Jersey, Ohlo, Pennsylvania, and Virginia only). Barley may be planted 4 months following a PURSUIT application in these states.

**CLEARFIELD®** canola: CLEARFIELD® varieties of canola, such as Pioneer® 45A71 and Pioneer® 46A76, may be planted as a rotational crop the next season after an application of **PURSUIT** herbicide at label rates on registered crops.

Corn inbred lines: Corn inbred seed lines may be planted the year following an application of PURSUIT. Several seed companies have tested a wide range of inbreds for sensitivity to PURSUIT soil residues and have reported good crop safety. However, due to the proprietary nature of seed production, BASF has not been given access to the inbred data. Growers are directed to contact the seed company for information and recommendations regarding the planting of corn grown for seed in fields treated with PURSUIT the previous year. Since growing conditions, environmental conditions and grower practices are beyond the control of BASF, all risks and consequences associated with planting seed corn inbreds into fields treated previously with PURSUIT shall be assumed by the user.

Sweet corn and popcorn varieties: (States of Illinois, Indiana, Iowa, Minnesota, Ohio, Tennessee, and Wisconsin only). Sweet corn and popcorn varieties may be planted the year following an application of **PURSUIT**. Some sweet corn and popcorn varieties may be injured when planted at less than 18 months following an application of **PURSUIT** herbicide. Before planting sweet corn for processing, contact the processor company for information and recommendations regarding the tolerance of sweet corn varieties planned for fields treated with PURSUIT the previous year. DO NOT plant fresh market sweet corn varieties prior to 18 months after PURSUIT use. Before planting popcorn, contact the popcorn company for information and recommendations regarding the tolerance of popcorn varieties planned for fields treated with PURSUIT the previous year.

Since growing conditions, environmental conditions and grower practices are beyond the control of BASF, ALL RISKS AND CONSEQUENCES ASSOCIATED WITH PLANTING SWEET CORN OR POPCORN VARIETIES INTO FIELDS TREATED PREVIOUSLY WITH PURSUIT SHALL BE ASSUMED BY THE USER.

Stunting and maturity delay or other adverse effects may result when sweet corn or popcorn are planted following **PURSUIT** use.

Certain vegetable crops: (States of Alabama, Delaware, Florida, Georgia, Indiana, Kentucky, Maryland, New Jersey, North Carolina, Pennsylvania, South Carolina, and Virginia only): The following crops may be planted 18 months following the last application of PURSUIT: bahiagrass, cabbage, cantaloupe, cucumber, Irish potato, onion, sweet potato transplants, sweet pepper transplants, tomato transplants, and watermelon.

Cotton: (States of North Carolina, South Carolina and Virginia only): Cotton may be planted nine and one-half months after an application of PURSUIT if all of the following criteria are met:

- · PURSUIT applied to peanuts only
- · Soil texture is sandy loam or loamy sand only
- Greater than 16 inches of rainfall and/or irrigation is received following application of PURSUIT through October of the application year

Field Corn and Field Corn Grown for Seed: (Arizona, Hawaii, Idaho, Montana, Nevada, Oregon, Utah, Washington, and Wyoming):. Nine and one-half months after PURSUIT application.

**Snap Beans:** When applied at no more than 1.5 ounces per acre to snap beans in the use areas defined on this label, snap beans may be replanted at anytime after application of **PURSUIT**.

Wheat: Wheat may be planted 3 months following a PURSUIT application in areas east of Interstate highway L35

When PURSUIT is applied at no more than 3 ounces per acre to edible legumes in the use areas described the following rotational restrictions apply:

- Chickpeas, lentils and peas may be planted anytime following a PURSUIT application.
- Snap beans may be planted 3 months and barley 4 months following an application of PURSUIT.

### **PRECAUTIONS**

### **CLEARFIELD® CORN**

There should be an interval of at least 45 days between an application of **PURSUIT** and corn harvest (silage, fodder, or grain). DO NOT graze or feed treated corn forage, silage, fodder, or grain for at least 45 days after an application of **PURSUIT**.

All soil insecticides, including labeled banded or in-furrow applications, may be used in combination with Pioneer imidazolinone resistant (IR) corn hybrids.

Imidazolinone-tolerant hybrids from other seed companies may occasionally exhibit injury symptoms when soil insecticides are used in combination with **PURSUIT**. DO NOT USE COUNTER® 15G systemic insecticide-nematicide in-furrow with imidazolinone tolerant corn hybrids. Other registered organophosphate insecticides such as banded

### PURSUIT® herbicide



applications of COUNTER® 15G, COUNTER CR® or THIMET® soil and systemic insecticide, or in-furrow applications of COUNTER® CR or other registered carbamate or pyrethroid insecticides may be used in combination with **PURSUIT** applications. BASF has not tested all hybrids in which the imidazolinone tolerance trait is claimed and cannot be responsible for factors which are beyond its control, such as growing conditions, environmental conditions, grower practices and the specific genetics of each hybrid tolerance to **PURSUIT** and insecticide applications.

### NON-GRASS ANIMAL FEED (ALFALFA AND CLOVER)

Do not feed, graze or harvest alfalfa or clover for 30 days following an application of **PURSUIT** to alfalfa or clover.

### **SOYBEANS**

If soybeans are furrow irrigated, till the soil prior to planting winter wheat or barley. The beds should be broken up and the soil mixed with tillage equipment set to cut 4-6 inches deep.

There should be an interval of at least 85 days between an application of **PURSUIT** and soybean harvest.

**PURSUIT** applications should be made before soybean bloom.

Do not graze or feed treated soybean forage, hay or straw to livestock.

DO NOT tank-mix **PURSUIT** with clomazone-containing herbicides (Command®). **PURSUIT** may be applied postemergence following a soil application of Command.

### **PEANUTS**

Do not graze or feed treated peanut forage, vines, hay or straw to livestock.

There should be an interval of at least 85 days between an application of **PURSUIT** and peanut harvest.

Classic® may be applied postemergence to peanuts following a **PURSUIT** application. Refer to the Classic label for specific use recommendations.

DO NOT apply **PURSUIT PLUS EC** to peanuts the same year as **PURSUIT**.

### **EDIBLE VEGETABLE LEGUMES**

Allow at least 30 days between application and harvest of snap beans, lima beans, chickpeas (Arizona and California), English peas, and Southern peas.

Allow at least 60 days between application and harvest of dry edible peas, lentils, chickpeas, red kidney beans, and other dry bean or pea types listed on this label.

### **GENERAL (ALL CROPS)**

Full rate application of products containing chlorimuron ethyl (Classic, Canopy®XL, Synchrony®, etc.) chloransulammethyl (FirstRate®), flumetsulam (Hornet®, Python®), imazaquin (SQUADRON®, SCEPTER® 70DG) or products containing imazethapyr (PURSUIT® DG or PURSUIT® PLUS EC) the same year as PURSUIT may increase the risk of injury to sensitive follow crops. Consult labels for recommended uses of these products in combinations.

Only rotational crops harvested at maturity may be used for feed or food.

In the event of a crop loss due to weather, soybeans, peanuts or CLEARFIELD® corn can be replanted. DO NOT work the soil deeper than 2 inches.



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### **Conditions of Sale and Warranty**

The Directions For Use of this product reflect the opinion of experts based on field use and tests. The directions are believed to be reliable and should be followed carefully. However, it is impossible to eliminate all risks inherently associated with use of this product. Crop injury, ineffectiveness or other unintended consequences may result because of such factors as weather conditions, presence of other materials, or use of the product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling, all of which are beyond the control of BASF CORPORATION (\*BASF\*) or the Seller. All such risks shall be assumed by the Buyer.

BASF warrants that this product conforms to the chemical description on the label and is reasonably fit for the purposes referred to in the Directions For Use, subject to the inherent risks, referred to above. BASF MAKES NO OTHER EXPRESS OR IMPLIED WARRANTY OF FITNESS OR MERCHANTABILITY OF ANY OTHER EXPRESS OR IMPLIED WARRANTY. IN NO CASE SHALL BASF OR THE SELLER BE LIABLE FOR CONSEQUENTIAL, SPECIAL OR INDIRECT DAMAGES RESULTING FROM THE USE OR HANDLING OF THIS PRODUCT. BASF and the Seller offer this product, and the Buyer and User accept it, subject to the foregoing Conditions of Sale and Warranty which may be varied only by agreement in writing signed by a duly authorized representative of BASF.

### Edible Bean User/Grower

THIS PRODUCT WHEN USED ON EDIBLE LEGUME CROPS MAY LEAD TO CROP INJURY, LOSS, OR DAMAGE. BASE RECOMMENDS THAT THE USER AND/OR GROWER TEST THE PRODUCT IN ORDER TO DETERMINE ITS SUITABILITY FOR SUCH INTENDED USE. BASE MAKES THIS PRODUCT AVAILABLE TO THE USER AND/OR GROWER SOLELY TO THE EXTENT THE BENEFIT AND UTILITY, IN THE SOLE OPINION OF THE USER AND/OR GROWER, OUTWEIGH THE EXTENT OF POTENTIAL INJURY ASSOCIATED WITH THE USE OF THIS PRODUCT. THE DECISION TO USE OR NOT TO USE THIS HERBICIDE MUST BE MADE BY EACH INDIVIDUAL PURSUIT USER AND/OR GROWER ON THE BASIS OF POSSIBLE CROP INJURY FROM PURSUIT, THE SEVERITY OF WEED INFESTATION, THE COST OF ALTERNATIVE WEED CONTROLS, AND OTHER FACTORS. BASE INTENDS THAT BECAUSE OF THE RISK OF FAILURE TO PERFORM OR CROP DAMAGE THAT ALL SUCH USE IS AT THE USER'S AND/OR GROWER'S RISK.

BASF DISCLAIMS ANY LIABILITY FOR CLAIMS, CAUSES OF ACTION, FINES, PENALTIES, DAMAGES, INCLUDING CONSEQUENTIAL INCIDENTS AND DAMAGES, LOSSES, LIABILITIES, JUDGMENTS, AND EXPENSES ARISING OUT OF OR RELATING TO INJURY TO PERSONS, CROPS, OR PROPERTY RESULTING FROM THE USE OF PURSUIT HERBICIDE ON EDIBLE LEGUMES CONTRARY TO THE LABEL INSTRUCTIONS.

### Uses With Other Products (Tank-mixes)

If this product is used in combination with any other product except as specifically recommended in writing by BASF, then BASF shall have no liability for any loss, damage or injury arising out of its use in any such combination not so specifically recommended. If used in combination recommended by BASF, the liability of BASF shall in no manner extend to any damage, loss or injury not directly caused by the inclusion of the BASF product in such combination use, and in any event shall be limited to return of the amount of the purchase price of the BASF product.

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> BASF Corporation Agricultural Products 26 Davis Drive Research Triangle Park, NC 27709



The Chemical Company



## **D-BASF**

The Chemical Company

September 14, 2005

Mr. James A. Tompkins
Product Manager (25)
Registration Division (H-7505C)
Office of Pesticide Programs
U.S. Environmental Protection Agency
Crystal Mall 2, Room 266A
1801 South Bell Street
Arlington, VA 22202

RE: PURSUIT® Herbicide (EPA Reg. No. 241-310):

Notification of a Minor Change for PURSUIT Main Label for Use in Alfalfa, Clover, Peas and Beans, CLEARFIELD\* Corn, Peanuts and Soybeans

Last Notified: October 25, 2004

Dear Mr. Tompkins:

BASF Corporation requests a minor change to the main label for PURSUIT herbicide (EPA Reg. No. 241-310) as we discussed by email (9/1/05) attached as Exhibit 1. BASF requests that the "adzuki" bean be included in the dry beans directions for use section on page 11 and 12 of the Pursuit label. A tolerance of 0.1 ppm has been established for imazethapyr for crop group 6 – legume vegetables of which adzuki appears under crop group 6-C.

In support of this notification, an application form and a copy of the proposed Pursuit main label are enclosed. The current label submitted as a notification on October 25, 2004 is enclosed as the Current Label. For your convenience, an additional copy of the proposed label is provided.

Thank you for your continued assistance with the registration issues of this product. If there are any questions regarding this application, please contact me at 919-547-2609 or email: johnstrl@basf.com.

Registered Trademark of BASF.

Sincerely,

Ruma L. Johnston

Rebecca L. Johnston

Senior Global Regulatory Affairs Manager

Global Regulatory Affairs